As filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on June 12, 2017

Registration No. 333-217240

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

Amendment No. 3

FORM S-1
REGISTRATION STATEMENT
UNDER
THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933

Altice USA, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its Charter)

Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

4841 (Primary Standard Industrial Classification Code Number) 38-3980194 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

1111 Stewart Avenue Bethpage, NY 11714 (516) 803-2300

(Address, including zip code, and telephone number, including area code, of registrant's principal executive office)

David Connolly Executive Vice President and General Counsel 1111 Stewart Avenue Bethpage, NY 11714 (516) 803-2300

(Name, address, including zip code, and telephone number, including area code, of agent for service)

Richard B. Alsop Kyungwon Lee Shearman & Sterling LLP 599 Lexington Avenue New York, NY 10022 (212) 848-4000

If any of the securities being registered on this Form are to be offered on a delayed or continuous basis pursuant to Rule 415 under the Securities Act of 1933, check the following box.

Craig Marcus Michael Kazakevich Ropes & Gray LLP Prudential Tower 800 Boylston Street Boston, MA 02199 (617) 951-7000

Approximate date of commencement of proposed sale to the public: As soon as practicable after the effective date of this registration statement.

If this Form is filed to register additional securities for an offering pursuant to Rule 462(b) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering.
If this Form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule $462(c)$ under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement the same offering. \Box
If this Form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(d) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement the same offering.
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company" and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (check one)

Large accelerated filer □ Accelerated filer □ Non-accelerated filer 図 Smaller reporting company □ (Do not check if a Emerging growth company □ smaller reporting company)

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 7(a) (2)(B) of the Securities Act. \Box

		Proposed Maximum	Proposed Maximum	
Title of Each Class of Securities to be Registered	Amount to be Registered(1)	Offering Price Per Share	Aggregate Offering Price(2)	Amount of Registration Fee(3)
Class A common stock, par value \$0.01 per share	51,724,139	\$31.00	\$1,603,448,309	\$185,840

- (1) Includes 5,172,414 shares of Class A common stock that the underwriters have the option to purchase.
- (2) Estimated solely for the purposes of calculating the registration fee in accordance with Rule 457(a) under the Securities Act of 1933.
- (3) The registrant previously paid \$11,590 of this amount in connection with the initial filing of the registration statement on April 11, 2017.

The registrant hereby amends this registration statement on such date or dates as may be necessary to delay its effective date until the registrant shall file a further amendment which specifically states that this registration statement shall thereafter become effective in accordance with Section 8(a) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or until the registration statement shall become effective on such date as the Securities and Exchange Commission, acting pursuant to Section 8(a), may determine.

The information in this prospectus is not complete and may be changed. We and the selling stockholders may not sell these securities until the registration statement filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission is effective. This prospectus is not an offer to sell these securities and it is not soliciting an offer to buy these securities in any state where the offer or sale is not permitted.

Subject to Completion
Preliminary Prospectus dated June 12, 2017

PROSPECTUS

46,551,725 Shares

Altice USA, Inc.



Class A Common Stock

This is Altice USA, Inc.'s initial public offering. We are selling 12,068,966 shares of our Class A common stock and the selling stockholders identified in this prospectus are selling 34,482,759 shares of our Class A common stock. We will not receive any of the proceeds from the sale of the shares of Class A common stock by the selling stockholders.

Following this offering, we will have three classes of common stock: Class A common stock, Class B common stock and Class C common stock. The rights of holders of Class A common stock, Class B common stock and Class C common stock will be identical except with respect to voting and conversion rights. Each share of Class A common stock will be entitled to one vote. Each share of Class B common stock will be entitled to twenty-five votes and will be convertible at any time into one share of Class A common stock. If we issue any shares of Class C common stock, they will be non-voting. The holders of our outstanding Class B common stock will hold approximately 98.0% of the voting power of our outstanding capital stock immediately following this offering.

We expect the public offering price to be between \$27.00 and \$31.00. Prior to this offering, there has been no public market for our Class A common stock. Our Class A common stock has been approved for listing on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol "ATUS."

After the completion of this offering, we will be a "controlled company" within the meaning of the corporate governance standards of the New York Stock Exchange. See "Risk Factors" beginning on page 20 and "Management—Controlled Company" beginning on page 178 for additional information.

Investing in our Class A common stock involves risks that are described in the "Risk Factors" section beginning on page 20 of this prospectus.

	Per Share	Total
Public offering price	\$	\$
Underwriting discount and commissions(1)	\$	\$
Proceeds, before expenses, to us	\$	\$
Proceeds, before expenses, to the selling stockholders	\$	\$

1) See "Underwriting" beginning on page 234 for additional information regarding underwriting compensation.

The underwriters may also exercise their option to purchase up to an additional 5,172,414 shares of Class A common stock from the selling stockholders, at the public offering price, for 30 days after the date of this prospectus.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or determined if this prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

The underwriters expect to deliver the shares of Class A common stock to purchasers on or about , 2017.

Credit Agricole CIB

Joint Book-Running Managers

J.P. Morgan Morgan Stanley Citigroup Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC

BofA Merrill Lynch Barclays BNP PARIBAS

Deutsche Bank Securities

RBC Capital Markets

Co-Managers

Scotiabank SOCIETE GENERALE TD Securities

, 2017.

The future of connectivity in America begins here.



Altice USA is on the forefront of the convergence of telecommunications, content and advertising.

Our growth strategy is focused on investment in innovation, next-generation fiber optic networks, and best-in-class service to meet our consumers' current and evolving needs.

As a technology-driven organization, our approach allows us to build faster, work more efficiently and deliver the best services at the highest value to our customers. more than 8.5 million homes passed

9.2 billion dollars of pro forma revenue in 2016

4.9 million total customers

Altice USA is one of the largest broadband communications and video services providers in the United States, serving approximately 4.9 million residential and business customers across 21 states. We are the U.S. subsidiary of Altice N.V. (Euronext: ATC, ATCB), which delivers innovative, customer-centric products and solutions to over 50 million customers over fiber networks and mobile broadband.



optimum.





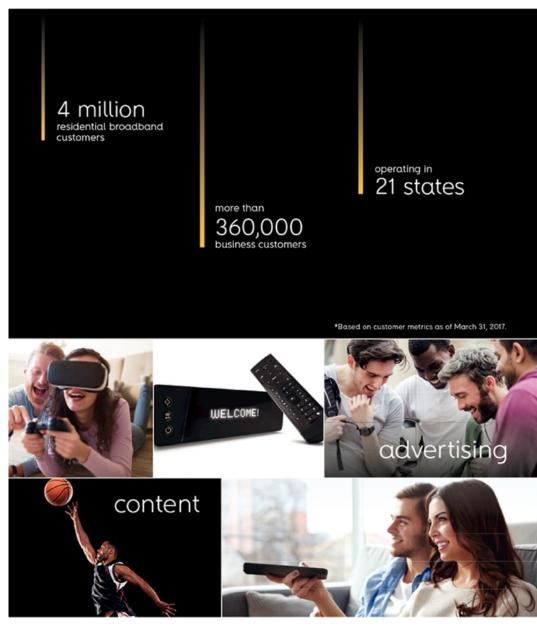








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You should rely only on the information contained in this prospectus and in any free writing prospectus prepared by or on behalf of us and delivered or made available to you. Neither we, the selling stockholders nor any of the underwriters have authorized anyone to provide you with additional or different information. We and the selling stockholders are offering to sell, and seeking offers to buy, shares of our Class A common stock only in jurisdictions where offers and sales are permitted. The information contained in this prospectus or a free writing prospectus is accurate only as of its date, regardless of its time of delivery or of any sale of shares of our Class A common stock. Our business, financial condition, operating results and prospects may have changed since that date.

Through and including , 2017 (the 25th day after the date of this prospectus), all dealers effecting transactions in these securities, whether or not participating in this offering, may be required to deliver a prospectus. This is in addition to a dealer's obligation to deliver a prospectus when acting as an underwriter and with respect to an unsold allotment or subscription.

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Certain numerical figures included in this prospectus have been subject to rounding adjustments. Accordingly, such numerical figures shown as totals in various tables may not be arithmetic aggregations of the figures that precede them.

FOR INVESTORS OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES

We, the selling stockholders and the underwriters are offering to sell, and seeking offers to buy, shares of our common stock only in jurisdictions where offers and sales are permitted. Neither we, the selling stockholders nor any of the underwriters have done anything that would permit this offering or possession or distribution of this prospectus in any jurisdiction where action for that purpose is required, other than in the United States. Persons outside of the United States who come into possession of this prospectus must inform themselves about, and observe any restrictions relating to, the offering of the shares of Class A common stock and the distribution of this prospectus outside of the United States.

TRADEMARKS, SERVICE MARKS AND TRADE NAMES

We own or have rights to use the trademarks, service marks and trade names that we use in connection with our businesses, such as Altice, Suddenlink, Optimum, Lightpath, Altice Media Solutions, Altice Labs, Altice Technical Services, News 12 Networks, News 12 Varsity and Audience Partners. Each trademark, service mark and trade name of any other company appearing in this prospectus is, to our knowledge, owned by such other company. Solely for convenience, the trademarks, service marks and trade names referred to in this prospectus are listed without the ® and TM symbols, but such references are not intended to indicate in any way that we will not assert, to the fullest extent under applicable law, our rights or the rights of any applicable licensors to these trademarks, service marks and trade names.

MARKET AND INDUSTRY DATA

Market and industry data and forecasts used in this prospectus have been obtained from independent industry sources. Some market data and statistical information contained in this prospectus are also based on management's estimates and calculations, which are derived from our review and interpretation of the independent sources, our internal market and brand research, our knowledge of the industry and public filings. Although we believe these sources to be reliable, we have not independently verified the data obtained from these sources and we cannot assure you of the accuracy or completeness of the data. Forecasts and other forward-looking information obtained from these sources are subject to the same qualifications and uncertainties as the other forward-looking statements contained in this prospectus.

INDUSTRY TERMS

The following is a glossary of certain industry terms used throughout this prospectus:

ARPU Average monthly revenue per residential customer.

Business-to-business, referring to business customers.

Churn Customer attrition rate.

CLEC Competitive Local Exchange Carrier.

DBS Direct Broadcast Satellite.

DOCSIS Data Over Cable Service Interface Specification.

DSL Digital subscriber line.

DVR Digital video recorder.

FTTH Fiber-to-the-home.

FTTT Fiber-to-the-tower.

Gbps Gigabits per second.

GPON Gigabit Passive Optical Network.

HD High-definition.

HFC Hybrid fiber-coaxial.

Homes Passed Represents the estimated number of single residence homes, apartments and condominium

units passed by the cable distribution network in areas serviceable without further extending

the transmission lines. In addition, it includes commercial establishments that have

connected to our cable distribution network.

ILEC Incumbent Local Exchange Carrier.

Mbps Megabits per second.

MDU Multiple dwelling unit.

MVPD Multichannel video programming distributor.

Net additions Number of new customers less the number of customers who disconnect service.

OTT Over-the-top; video programming and other content transmitted over the Internet.

SIP Session Initiated Protocol.

SMATV Satellite Master Antenna Television.

SMB Small and medium-sized business.

VOD Video-on-demand.

Voice over Internet Protocol.

U.S. industry peers Companies that operate incumbent HFC networks in the United States.

PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

This summary highlights information about us and this offering presented in greater detail elsewhere in this prospectus. This summary is not complete and does not contain all the information you should consider before investing in our Class A common stock. You should read the entire prospectus carefully, especially the sections titled "Risk Factors" and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and our consolidated financial statements and related notes included elsewhere in this prospectus, before investing in our Class A common stock. In this prospectus, the terms "Altice USA," "we," "us," "our" and the "Company" refer to Altice USA, Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries, "Altice N.V." refers to our parent company, Altice N.V., and "Altice Group" refers to Altice N.V. and its consolidated subsidiaries. See "Industry Terms" for a glossary of certain abbreviations and terms used throughout this prospectus. Unless otherwise indicated, all information in this prospectus assumes no exercise of the underwriters' option to purchase additional shares of our Class A common stock. For more information regarding how we calculate the proforma financial information presented in this section, please see "Unaudited Pro Forma Consolidated Financial Information."

Overview

Altice USA is one of the largest broadband communications and video services providers in the United States. We deliver broadband, pay television, telephony services, Wi-Fi hotspot access, proprietary content and advertising services to approximately 4.9 million residential and business customers. Our footprint extends across 21 states through a fiber-rich broadband network with more than 8.5 million homes passed as of March 31, 2017. As the U.S. business of Altice N.V., we are driven at all levels by the "Altice Way"—our founder-inspired owner-operator culture and strategy of operational efficiency, innovation and long-term value creation for stockholders. In developing and implementing our strategy, we are focused on the following principles, which are part of the Altice Way:

- Simplify and optimize our organization through streamlining business processes, centralizing functions and eliminating non-essential operating expenses and service arrangements.
- Reinvest in infrastructure and content, including upgrading our HFC network and building out a FTTH network to strengthen our infrastructure capabilities
 and competitiveness.
- · Invest in sales, marketing and innovation, including brand-building, enhancing our sales channels and automating provisioning and installation processes.
- Enhance the customer experience by offering a technologically advanced customer platform combined with superior connectivity and service across the customer lifecycle.
- Drive revenue and cash flow growth through cross-selling, market share gains, new product launches and improvements in our operating and capital efficiency.

We believe the Altice Way, which has been successfully implemented across Altice Group, distinguishes us from our U.S. industry peers and competitors.

We acquired Cequel Corporation ("Suddenlink" or "Cequel") on December 21, 2015 and Cablevision Systems Corporation ("Optimum" or "Cablevision") on June 21, 2016. These acquisitions are referred to throughout this prospectus as the "Suddenlink Acquisition" (or the "Cequel Acquisition") and the "Optimum Acquisition (or the "Cablevision Acquisition"), respectively, and collectively as the "Acquisitions." We are a holding company that does not conduct any business operations of our own. We serve our customers through two business segments: Optimum, which operates in the New York metropolitan area, and Suddenlink, which principally operates in markets in the south-central United States. We have made significant progress in integrating the operations of Optimum and Suddenlink and are already realizing the operational and commercial benefits of

common ownership and one management team as we implement the Altice Way throughout our organization.

We are a majority-owned and controlled U.S. subsidiary of Altice N.V., the multinational cable, fiber, telecommunications, content, media and advertising company founded and controlled by communications and media entrepreneur Patrick Drahi. Our management team benefits from Altice Group's experience in implementing the Altice Way around the world. Mr. Drahi, who has over 25 years of experience owning and managing communications and media operations, has built Altice Group from a regional French cable company founded in 2002 into one of the world's leading broadband communications and video services companies. Over the past 15 years, he has led a transformation of the broadband communications and video services industry through investment in networks and improvements in customer experience and operations to enhance both service delivery and operational efficiency. As of December 31, 2016, Altice Group delivered broadband, pay television and telephony services to more than 50 million customers in Western Europe, the United States, Israel and the Caribbean and reported pro forma consolidated revenue of €23.5 billion and pro forma Adjusted EBITDA of €8.9 billion for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016. Upon the completion of this offering, Altice N.V. (indirectly through CVC 3 B.V. ("CVC 3"), an indirect subsidiary of Altice N.V.), Neptune Holding US LP ("Holding LP"), a Delaware limited partnership controlled by CVC 3, Uppernext S.C.S.p. ("Uppernext"), an entity controlled by Mr. Drahi, and A4 S.A., an entity controlled by the family of Mr. Drahi, on a combined basis will own 75.2% of our issued and outstanding shares of common stock, which will represent 98.5% of the voting power of our outstanding capital stock. Altice N.V. and its subsidiaries, including CVC 3 and Holding LP, Uppernext and A4 S.A. are collectively referred to herein as the "Altice Parties."

In early 2015, Altice N.V. made the strategic decision to invest in operations in the United States, the country with the largest broadband communications and video services market in the world. Altice N.V. believed that by employing the Altice Way, it could significantly improve upon the historical growth rates, profitability and operational efficiency of broadband communications and video services companies operating in this market. The following attractive market characteristics underpinned Altice N.V.'s U.S. investment thesis:

- favorable demographics supporting underlying market growth;
- demand for higher-speed broadband services;
- demand for more advanced customer platforms and user interfaces;
- · opportunities to enhance operational efficiency and reduce overhead; and
- · opportunities for further industry consolidation.

Following the Acquisitions, we began employing the Altice Way to simplify our organizational structure, reduce management layers, streamline decision-making processes and redeploy resources with a focus on network investment, customer service enhancements and marketing support. As a result, we have made significant progress in integrating the operations of Optimum and Suddenlink, centralizing our business functions, reorganizing our procurement processes, eliminating duplicative management functions, terminating lower-return projects and non-essential consulting and third-party service arrangements, and investing in our employee relations and our culture. Improved operational efficiency has allowed us to redeploy physical, technical and financial resources towards upgrading our network and enhancing the customer experience to drive customer growth. This focus is demonstrated by reduced network outages since the Acquisitions, which we believe improves the consistency and quality of the customer experience. In addition, we have expanded, and intend to continue expanding, our e-commerce channels for sales and marketing.

Since the Acquisitions, we have also upgraded our networks to nearly triple the maximum available broadband speeds we are offering to our Optimum customers and expanded our 1 Gbps broadband service to approximately 60% of our Suddenlink footprint, compared to approximately 40% prior to the Suddenlink Acquisition. In addition, we have commenced a five-year plan to build a FTTH network, which will enable us to deliver more than 10 Gbps broadband speeds across our entire Optimum footprint and part of our Suddenlink footprint. We believe this FTTH network will be more resilient with reduced maintenance requirements, fewer service outages and lower power usage, which we expect will drive further cost efficiencies in our business. In order to further enhance the customer experience, we plan to introduce a new home communications hub during the second quarter of 2017. Our new home communications hub will be an innovative, integrated platform with a dynamic and sophisticated user interface, combining a set-top box, Internet router and cable modem in one device, and will be the most advanced home communications hub offered by any Altice Group business. We are also beginning to offer managed data and communications services to our business customers and more advanced advertising services, such as targeted multi-screen advertising and data analytics, to our advertising and other business clients.

Many of our initiatives have already resulted in a positive impact to our customer relationships and financial results since the Acquisitions, as reflected in the year-over-year growth across the metrics in the following table:

	Three months ended March 31,								
	Altice U	JSA							
		Pro Forma	Cablevis	ion	Ceque	el			
(in thousands except percentage data)	2017	2016(a)	2017	2016(a)	2017	2016			
Customer Relationships	4,913	4,859	3,148	3,125	1,765	1,734			
% growth	1.1%		0.7%		1.8%				
Revenue	2,305,676	2,273,479	1,644,801	1,645,890	660,875	627,589			
% growth	1.4%		(0.1)%		5.3%				
Adjusted EBITDA(b)	941,736	743,588	627,073	480,859	314,662	262,729			
% growth	26.6%		30.4%		19.8%				
% of Revenue	40.8%	32.7%	38.1%	29.2%	47.6%	41.9%			
Adjusted EBITDA less capital expenditures(b)	684,309	528,732	442,674	332,207	241,634	196,525			
% growth	29.4%		33.3%		23.0%				
% of Revenue	29.7%	23.3%	26.9%	20.2%	36.6%	31.3%			
Net loss attributable to stockholders	(76,425)	(190,075)	(60,808)	94,377	14,739	(32,329)			
% growth	59.8%		(164.4)%		145.6%				

⁽a) Includes results for Newsday Media Group ("Newsday"). Altice USA sold a 75% stake in Newsday in July 2016. Newsday's revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2016 was approximately \$52 million.

Our Competitive Strengths

We believe the following competitive strengths have been instrumental to our success and position us for future growth and strong financial performance.

⁽b) For additional information regarding Adjusted EBITDA, including a reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to Net Loss, please refer to "Prospectus Summary—Summary Historical and Pro Forma Combined Financial Data."

Our Owner-Operator Culture

We are part of a founder-controlled organization with an owner-operator culture and strategy that is focused on operational efficiency, innovation and long-term value creation for stockholders. This focus is reinforced by a system that delivers a substantial portion of management compensation in the form of long-term equity awards. Since the Acquisitions, our management team has moved quickly to, among other things, simplify and redesign our product offerings, drive adoption of higher broadband speeds and begin building a new FTTH network. We continuously challenge ourselves to improve our operational and financial performance. We encourage communication across the organization while empowering nimble, efficient decision-making that is focused at every level on enhancing the overall customer experience. We believe our owner-operator culture and the Altice Way differentiate us and position us to outperform our U.S. industry peers. We further believe the benefits of the Altice Way have been demonstrated by Altice N.V.'s performance, which is reflected in the 42% average annual total return of Altice N.V.'s Class A ordinary shares since its initial public offering in January 2014 through March 31, 2017, compared to the 5% average annual total return of the STOXX Europe 600 Telecommunications Index, of which Altice N.V.'s Class A ordinary shares are a component, during the same time period.

Leading Position in Attractive Markets

The markets served by our broadband networks have generally experienced higher levels of disposable income and household density compared to other broadband communications and video services markets in the United States. As of March 31, 2017, approximately 75% of the homes passed by our network were in either the New York metropolitan area or Texas. The following table provides a comparison of management's estimate of income and density metrics for our markets to both our largest U.S. publicly-traded industry peers as well as the national averages.

TI C

			Charter						tional
	Altie	ce USA	Communications	3	Comcast	Cal	ole One	Me	edian
2016 Household Median Income (in thousands)	\$	86	\$ 6	3	\$ 72	\$	59	\$	66
Housing Units per Square Mile as of April 1, 2010 based on most recent U.S. census data		668	9	9	119		24		37

The footprint of our Optimum network includes New York City, the world's largest media and entertainment market as measured by 2014 revenue. This network represents our largest cluster of cable and fiber network systems. As of March 31, 2017, this network passed approximately 5.1 million homes and provided broadband, pay television and telephony services to approximately 3.1 million unique residential and business customers, representing approximately 64% of our entire customer base. We believe our leading market demographics support revenue growth potential in terms of customer additions and increased ARPU. We believe the market density of the New York metropolitan area allows our Optimum segment to operate with greater capital efficiency and lower capital expenditures as a percentage of revenue than our U.S. industry peers. Our presence in this market and its high-profile customer base also gives us access to a large and valuable base of advertisers, advertising inventory and advertising data, each of which supports growth prospects for our advertising business.

The footprint of our Suddenlink network includes markets in Texas, West Virginia, Louisiana, Arkansas, North Carolina, Oklahoma, Arizona, California, Missouri and eight other states. As of March 31, 2017, this network passed approximately 3.4 million homes and provided broadband, pay television and telephony services to approximately 1.8 million unique residential and business customers, representing approximately 36% of our customer base. We believe less than 15% of our

Suddenlink footprint currently faces competition from broadband communications and video services providers offering download speeds comparable to our fastest offered speeds. In addition, household penetration of residential broadband connections with speeds of at least 25 Mbps in these markets was less than 37% as of June 30, 2016 compared to approximately 48% nationwide, as estimated by management, providing us with attractive future growth opportunities. As a result, we believe Suddenlink's markets are among the most attractive broadband communications and video services markets in the United States.

Advanced Network and Customer Platform Technologies

Technological innovation and network investments are key components of the Altice Way. Substantially all of our HFC network is digital video and DOCSIS 3.0 compatible, with approximately 300 homes per node and a bandwidth capacity of at least 750 MHz throughout. This network allows us to provide our customers with advanced broadband, pay television and telephony services. In addition, we believe our Optimum footprint offers the densest Wi-Fi network among our U.S. industry peers as measured by the number of Wi-Fi hotspots per broadband subscriber. Since the Acquisitions, we have nearly tripled the maximum available broadband speeds we are offering to our Optimum customers from 101 Mbps to 300 Mbps for residential customers and 350 Mbps for business customers and have expanded our 1 Gbps broadband service to approximately 60% of our Suddenlink footprint from approximately 40% prior to the Suddenlink Acquisition.

Our advanced network has contributed to our revenue growth by allowing us to meet market demand for increasingly faster speeds. The chart below illustrates the significant increase in the percentage of our new residential customers choosing service plans with speeds greater than or equal to 100 Mbps since the Acquisitions.

38 Suddenlink Acquisition Optimum Acquisition 61% 48% 48% 48% 30% 48% 48% 5% 5% 5% 6% 9% 10% 12% 16% 21% 26% Q1-15 Q2-16 Q3-16 Q4-16 Q1-17 Average speed delivered (Mtps) New customers taking plans ≥ 100Mtps Newer's statistics as of the end of the period BEC customers togolaring to plans ≥ 100Mtps Newer's statistics as of the end of the period BEC customers togolaring to plans ≥ 100Mtps

% of Customers ≥ 100 Mbps Broadband Speeds¹,2

To position us to satisfy anticipated market demand for increasing speeds and support evolving technologies, such as the expected transition of mobile networks to 5G, and to enable us to capture associated revenue growth opportunities, we have commenced a five-year plan to build a FTTH network that will enable us to deliver more than 10 Gbps broadband speeds across our entire Optimum footprint and part of our Suddenlink footprint.

We also plan to introduce a new home communications hub during the second quarter of 2017, which will be the most advanced home communications hub offered by any Altice Group business. This new hub will be an innovative, integrated platform with a dynamic and sophisticated user interface,

combining a set-top box, Internet router and cable modem in one device. It is based on LaBox, a home communications hub Altice Group has successfully deployed in France, the Dominican Republic and Israel, and will be initially offered to customers subscribing to our triple product packages. It will be capable of delivering broadband, Wi-Fi, pay television services, OTT services and fixed-line telephony and will support 4K video and a remote DVR. We intend to continue enhancing the features and functionality of our new home communications hub after its initial introduction.

We believe the development of our advanced network and new home communications hub epitomizes the engineering and innovation-centric ethos within Altice Group.

Customer-Centric Operating and Service Model Supported by Technology and Data Analytics

We seek to provide our customers with the best connectivity and service experience available. This customer-centric approach drives our decision-making processes and is another key component of the Altice Way. Through investments in our information technology ("IT") platforms and a focus on process improvement, we have simplified and harmonized our service offering bundles, and improved our technical service delivery and our customer service. We are investing in our sales channels, including enhancing our e-commerce channels in response to customer behavior. While inbound sales remain the largest sales channel for each of Optimum and Suddenlink, our e-commerce of the experience of the experience. Taken together, we believe these initiatives will further reduce calls and service visits, increase customer satisfaction and strengthen our top-line performance and cash flow generation.

Benefits of a Global Communications Group

Unlike most of our U.S. industry peers, we benefit from being part of an international media and communications group. As the U.S. business of Altice N.V., we have access to the innovation, management expertise and best practices developed and tested in other Altice Group markets such as France, Portugal, the Dominican Republic and Israel. For example, our new home communications hub will be based on LaBox, which was developed by Altice Labs, Altice N.V.'s technology, services and operations innovation center, and our FTTH network build-out will leverage Altice Labs' technology and expertise developed for the deployment of GPON technology in Altice Group's fiber networks. Our B2B service offerings draw from platforms, services and expertise developed by sophisticated B2B operators across the Altice Group footprint such as Portugal Telecom in Portugal and SFR in France. We also benefit from Altice Group's significant scale advantages, allowing us to draw on centralized functions, including procurement and technical services. In addition, Altice Group operates converged networks, including wireless operations in markets outside the United States. We believe these scale benefits and operational expertise assist us in increasing our operating efficiency and reducing our capital expenditures while also improving the customer experience.

Altice Group also cross-deploys talent and expertise across its businesses, allowing us to benefit from our senior management's experience in successfully implementing the Altice Way around the world. We believe this diversity of experience differentiates us from our more traditional U.S.-centric industry peers.

Strategic Focus on Operational Efficiency

An important principle of the Altice Way is leveraging operational efficiency in order to invest in network improvements and increase returns. We believe our focus on simplifying customer service offerings and streamlining and improving our operations through an intense focus on efficiency is unmatched by our U.S. industry peers. We continuously strive to remove unnecessary management layers, streamline decision-making processes, trim excess costs and question whether our current

methodologies are indeed the most efficient. For example, the home installation, repair, outside plant maintenance and network construction elements of our business have been reorganized under Altice Technical Services ("ATS"), Altice N.V.'s services organization in the United States. We believe this reorganization will allow us to focus on our core competencies and realize operational cost efficiencies. The financial resources created by these strategies allow us to invest in network improvements and customer experience enhancements. We believe the operating and financial benefits that result from our focus on operational efficiency will continue to give us a competitive advantage against our competitors and U.S. industry peers.

Powerful Financial Model Driving Strong Returns

We believe the benefits of the Altice Way have already significantly strengthened our financial performance and will continue to do so, allowing us to deliver strong returns.

Our revenue growth for the three months ended March 31, 2017 was 1.4% as compared to pro forma revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2016. Excluding Newsday, our year-over-year revenue growth for the three months ended March 31, 2017 was 3.8%. We believe we can continue growing our revenue by increasing market penetration of our services (particularly broadband), driving continued growth in B2B services, launching new services, gaining market share from competitors due to the high quality and value of our services and leveraging improved customer satisfaction to sell additional services.

We believe we are one of the most profitable and cash flow generative broadband communications and video services providers in the United States. Our Adjusted EBITDA margin has increased from 32.7% for the three months ended March 31, 2016 on a pro forma basis giving effect to the Optimum Acquisition to 40.8% for the three months ended March 31, 2017. Combined with our revenue growth, this translates into a 27% year-over-year Adjusted EBITDA growth. See "Summary Historical and Pro Forma Financial Data" for additional information regarding Adjusted EBITDA, including a reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to net income.

As of March 31, 2017, based on an analysis of our current operating expenses, we believe we have realized a substantial portion of the total \$1.1 billion in operating cost savings we announced that we would achieve over the three-year period following the Acquisitions. Our analysis compares the full year 2015 combined operating expenses of Cablevision and Cequel to the operating expenses of the Company for the quarter ended March 31, 2017, annualized. We believe we have been successful in achieving these cost savings on an expedited basis by delayering management, eliminating non-essential operating expenses and service arrangements and rationalizing our supplier relationships. Management's focus on these initiatives has resulted in cost savings that are primarily reflected in our Other Operating Expenses line item. See "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" for more information.

For the three months ended March 31, 2017, our capital expenditures as a percentage of revenue was 11.2%, which we believe is one of the lowest among our U.S. industry peers, even as we increased our investments in network and service capabilities. The ratio of our Adjusted EBITDA less capital expenditures to revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2017 was 30%, implying that for each dollar of revenue that we realized in that quarter we generated approximately \$0.30 of Adjusted EBITDA less capital expenditures, which we believe exceeds the performance of our U.S. industry peers. We believe our profitability, capital efficiency and cash generation profile, which is among the highest in the industry, results from a number of factors, including our focus on operational efficiency derived from the Altice Way, the advanced state of our HFC network infrastructure, our highly clustered network footprint and our customer base with relatively high ARPU and low churn.

Experienced Management Team Supported by Founder

Our CEO and Co-Presidents have substantial experience in communications and media operations, finance and mergers and acquisitions, and a proven track record in executing the Altice Way. Dexter Goei, our CEO and Chairman since 2016, joined Altice N.V. in 2009, and as its CEO he spearheaded the rapid expansion of the company from a French cable operator to a multinational communications enterprise with fixed and mobile assets across six different countries. A key aspect of Mr. Goei's role as CEO of Altice USA is to carry forward the same entrepreneurial and owner-operator culture that is at the core of the Altice Way and Altice N.V.'s success. Abdelhakim Boubazine, our Co-President and COO since 2015, was previously the CEO of Altice Group's Dominican Republic business, where he oversaw pay television, broadband and mobile operations for more than four million customers. Charles Stewart, our Co-President and CFO since 2015, previously served as CEO of Itau BBA International plc, where he oversaw Itau-Unibanco's wholesale banking activities in Europe, United States and Asia. Prior to that, he spent nineteen years at Morgan Stanley in a variety of investment banking roles including nine years focused on the U.S. cable industry. Our management team operates in a coordinated fashion with Altice N.V.'s management team and is supported by Altice Group's founder and controlling stockholder, Mr. Drahi. We believe this facilitates a flat corporate structure, speed in decision making and a focus on long-term value creation.

Our Business Strategy

Our business strategy is based on the successful Altice Way. By executing on the principles described below, we aim to provide advanced, innovative broadband, pay television and telephony services to our customers and deliver strong returns to our stockholders.



Simplify and Optimize Our Organization

Since the Acquisitions, we have implemented the Altice Way across our organization to streamline processes and service offerings and to improve productivity by centralizing our business functions, reorganizing our procurement processes, eliminating duplicative management functions and overhead, terminating lower-return projects and non-essential consulting and third-party service arrangements, and investing in our employee relations and our culture. This has resulted in a revitalized organization as well as improved financial performance, which we are leveraging to re-invest in our business. We are also reorganizing and simplifying our customer service, programming and data analytics; using ATS to increase quality, efficiency and productivity; and updating and simplifying our IT infrastructure through further investments and integration.

Reinvest in Infrastructure and Content

Our entire Optimum footprint is upgraded to deliver broadband speeds of up to 300 Mbps for residential customers and up to 350 Mbps for business customers, and we have expanded our 1 Gbps broadband service to approximately 60% of our Suddenlink footprint, compared to approximately 40% prior to the Suddenlink Acquisition. In addition, we have commenced a five-year plan to build a FTTH network, which will enable us to deliver more than 10 Gbps broadband speeds across our entire Optimum footprint and part of our Suddenlink footprint. We believe we can carry out this network build-out efficiently and within our current capital expenditure levels because of (i) the proximity of fiber to our end customers in our existing network; (ii) our access to Altice Labs' experience and expertise in deploying GPON for its FTTH projects in other markets; (iii) our favorable network topology that is over 75% aerial; and (iv) the lower unit construction costs available to us through ATS. We believe our FTTH investment will further prepare us for the future by enabling us to provide our residential and business customers with technologically advanced services and increased network reliability, while providing us with lower operating costs and opportunities for new revenue sources. For instance, we believe our FTTH investment will offer significant strategic value as the mobile and fixed network environments continue to converge, particularly as mobile operators deploy 5G and subsequent mobile networks.

Our reinvestment in content has focused on the news category with ongoing investments in our hyper-local news channel News12, our 25% investment in the U.S. operations of i24 News, the Altice Group global news network that was launched in the United States in February 2017, and our 25% interest in Newsday, a daily newspaper that primarily serves Long Island. In addition, we are evaluating opportunities to deploy other content assets owned by Altice Group.

Invest in Sales, Marketing and Innovation

We are reinvesting in our sales channels, including enhancing our e-commerce channels such as Optimum.com and Suddenlink.com, and developing e-commerce-only promotions. For the three months ended March 31, 2017, 26% and 14% of our gross adds were via our online sales channel for Suddenlink and Optimum, respectively, compared to 16% and 4% for the three months ended March 31, 2016. We are also focused on building our brand to emphasize the quality of our services by developing Optimum Experience retail stores in shopping malls and other high-traffic locations.

We seek to innovate across many areas of our business. For our residential customers, this includes our focus on new customer platforms and faster data speeds. For our business customers, we are introducing new value-added managed services while for our advertising clients we offer advanced, targeted and multi-screen advertising services and data analytics using our proprietary data and the advanced technology platforms that we have developed and acquired.

We are also focused on simplifying our bundled offerings and standardizing our pricing structures. Since the Optimum Acquisition we have reduced the number of Optimum bundles by approximately 50% and since the Suddenlink Acquisition we have reduced the number of Suddenlink pricing structures by approximately 80%.

Enhance the Customer Experience

We intend to deliver a superior customer experience through implementation of the Altice Way. First, we aim to offer the most technologically advanced customer platforms, including our new home communications hub, which is an innovative, integrated platform with a dynamic and sophisticated user interface combining a set-top box, Internet router and cable modem in one device. Second, by leveraging our advanced infrastructure (with more than 8.5 million homes passed and approximately 1.8 million Wi-Fi hotspots as of March 31, 2017), we seek to provide our customers with a bandwidth and connectivity experience superior to what our competition offers. We believe our FTTH network

build-out will further enhance our infrastructure position, improve service reliability for our customers and lower our maintenance costs. Third, we strive to provide the best service across the customer lifecycle from point of sale to installation and customer care. A key aspect of this initiative is to link internal sales incentives to metrics tied to the length of a new customer relationship and product mix, as opposed to more traditional criteria of new sales, in order to refocus our organization away from churn retention to churn prevention. For example, the number of technical service calls handled by our representatives in March 2017 was 27% lower compared to March 2016 while the number of customer service calls and the number of service visits handled by our representatives was 23% and 20% lower, respectively, over the same period.

Drive Revenue and Cash Flow Growth

Since the Acquisitions, we have made significant progress in improving our growth in revenue, Adjusted EBITDA and cash flow and believe we have additional opportunities to drive continued growth in these financial metrics based on the following factors:

- · continued market demand for our bundled services, particularly broadband driven by increased data consumption and bandwidth requirements;
- focus on selling and cross-selling higher value and more enriched service offerings to our residential and business customers, as well as the introduction of new services leveraging our advanced HFC and FTTH networks;
- market share gains driven by product innovation and the quality and value of our services;
- · focus on connectivity, business and advertising services;
- · improvements in our operating and capital efficiency through continued implementation of the Altice Way; and
- opportunities to further improve our capital structure.

Opportunistically Grow Through Value-Accretive Acquisitions

We intend to opportunistically grow through value-accretive acquisitions. Our controlling stockholder, Altice N.V., has made over 30 acquisitions since its inception in 2002, including the Acquisitions. We believe Altice N.V. has consistently demonstrated an ability to acquire and effectively integrate companies, realize efficiencies and cost synergies, improve revenue trends and grow Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA less capital expenditures. In the five largest acquisitions completed by Altice N.V. over the last five years, SFR, Portugal Telecom, Orange Dominicana, Optimum and Suddenlink, it has increased Adjusted EBITDA margin on average by approximately 7 percentage points between the quarter immediately preceding the closing of the applicable acquisition and the three months ended March 31, 2017. Altice N.V.'s track record of creating value through acquisitions is also reflected in the 32% average annual total return of SFR's ordinary shares since its initial public offering in November 2013 until March 31, 2017, compared to the 5% average annual total return of the STOXX Europe 600 Telecommunications Index, of which SFR's ordinary shares are a component, during the same time period. We believe the U.S. broadband communications and video services market offers a number of attractive opportunities to grow our business through strategic acquisitions. We believe the Altice Way and our related ability to achieve efficiencies and cost synergies following acquisitions provide us with a competitive advantage in such future consolidation opportunities. However, there is no assurance that we would be able to achieve similar results or that any such acquisitions would have a similar impact on our stock price performance.

Risks Affecting Our Business

Investing in our Class A common stock involves a high degree of risk. There are a number of risks you should carefully consider before investing in our Class A common stock. These risks are discussed more fully under "Risk Factors" beginning on page 20 of this prospectus, and include, but are not limited to:

- If we are unable to successfully compete in our highly competitive business environment, where we face rapid changes in technology, consumer expectations and behavior, including significant unanticipated increases in the use of bandwidth-intensive Internet-based services, our ability to attract new subscribers, and retain current subscribers, may be adversely impacted.
- Programming and retransmission costs are increasing and we may not have the ability to pass these increases on to our subscribers. Disputes with programmers
 and the inability to retain or obtain popular programming can adversely affect our relationship with subscribers and lead to subscriber losses.
- If we do not successfully implement our growth strategy, including completing our capital investment plans on time and on budget, such as the build-out of
 our FTTH network, and the deployment of our new home communications hub, our business, financial condition, results of operations and liquidity could be
 materially adversely affected.
- We are highly leveraged and have substantial indebtedness, and our ability to incur additional indebtedness and use our funds is limited by significant
 restrictive covenants in financing agreements. We will need to raise significant amounts of funding over the next several years to fund capital expenditures,
 repay existing obligations and meet other obligations. We may also engage in extraordinary transactions that involve the incurrence of large amounts of
 indebtedness.
- The financial markets are subject to volatility and disruptions, which have in the past, and may in the future, adversely affect our business, including by affecting the cost of new capital and our ability to fund acquisitions or other strategic transactions. We have in past periods incurred substantial losses from continuing operations, and we may do so in the future, which may reduce our ability to raise needed capital.
- We rely on network and information systems for our operations and a disruption or failure of, or defects in, those systems may disrupt our operations, damage our reputation with customers and adversely affect our results of operations. Our business depends on intellectual property rights and on not infringing on the intellectual property rights of others.
- Our business is subject to extensive governmental legislation and regulation, which could adversely affect our business, increase our operational and administrative expenses and limit our revenues.
- The tri-class structure of our common stock has the effect of concentrating voting control with Altice N.V. and its affiliates and shares of Class B common stock will not automatically convert to shares of Class A common stock upon transfer to a third party. Holders of a single series of our common stock may not have any remedies if an action by our directors has an adverse effect on only that series of our common stock.
- Altice N.V. and Mr. Drahi will continue to control us and their interests may conflict with ours or yours in the future. Certain of our overlapping directors and
 officers have relationships with Altice N.V., which may result in the diversion of corporate opportunities and other conflicts with respect to our business and
 executives
- We will be a "controlled company" within the meaning of the rules of the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE"), and will qualify for, and intend to rely on, exemptions from certain

corporate governance requirements that would otherwise provide protection to stockholders of other companies.

Ownership and Organization

Prior to this offering, Altice USA was owned 90% by CVC 3 and 10% by Holding LP. As described below under "Organizational Transactions," in connection with this offering, a number of transactions will be undertaken. As a result of these organizational transactions, immediately prior to the completion of this offering, Altice USA will be owned 67.6% by Altice N.V. (indirectly through CVC 3); 1.0% by Uppernext; less than 0.01% by A4 S.A.; 7.8% by Holding LP (4.05% is attributable to Neptune Management LP") in connection with the Carry Unit Plan (as defined herein) and 3.78% is attributable to Altice N.V. (indirectly through CVC 3)); 14.0% by funds advised by BC Partners LLP ("BCP"); 9.1% by entities affiliated with the Canada Pension Plan Investment Board ("CPPIB" and together with BCP, the "Sponsors"); and 0.4% by Altice USA executive officers and directors and 0.1% by other Altice USA management.

BCP is a leading international private equity firm with advised funds of over \in 12 billion. Established in 1986, the firm operates as an integrated team through offices in Europe and North America to acquire and develop businesses and create value in partnership with management. Since inception, BCP has completed 93 acquisitions with a total enterprise value of approximately \in 115 billion, demonstrating discipline in bull markets and an ability to invest in attractive opportunities amidst turbulence and recession. BCP has a long and distinguished history of partnering with numerous companies in the Technology, Media, and Telecom space including Com Hem, Springer, Cartrawler, Mergermarket and Intelsat.

CPPIB is a sophisticated, global institutional investor, managing a fund that ranks among the world's 10 largest retirement funds. It invests the funds not needed by the Canada Pension Plan to pay current benefits on behalf of 20 million contributors and beneficiaries. Headquartered in Toronto, with offices in Hong Kong, London, Luxembourg, Mumbai, New York, São Paulo and Sydney, CPPIB is governed and managed independently of the Canada Pension Plan and at arm's length from governments. At March 31, 2017, the Fund's assets totaled C\$317 billion, of which approximately C\$39 billion is invested through the Private Investments group. CPPIB's Private Investments team manages investment activities in Direct Private Equity, Principal Credit, and Natural Resources. Direct Private Equity manages an approximately C\$18 billion portfolio of investments and focuses on majority- or shared-control investments across multiple industry sectors worldwide. Current and previous technology and telecom investments include Suddenlink Communications, Informatica, Asurion, IMS Health and Skype, among others.

Organizational Transactions

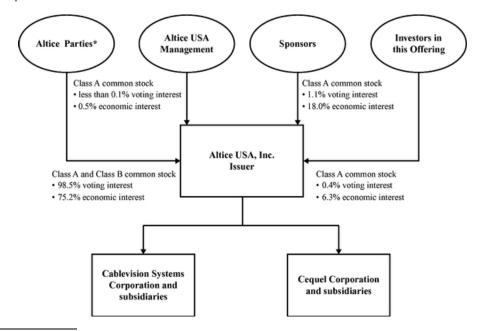
Prior to the closing of this offering, the following organizational transactions will be consummated:

- we will amend and restate our certificate of incorporation to, among other things, provide for Class A common stock, Class B common stock and Class C common stock:
- the Sponsors and Uppernext will exchange their indirect ownership interest in the Company for shares of the Company's common stock;
- Management LP will redeem its Class B units for shares of the Company's common stock that it receives from the redemption of its Class B units in Holding LP;
- Uppernext will sell shares of the Company's common stock to A4 S.A.;
- \$525 million aggregate principal amount of notes issued by the Company to the Sponsors (together with accrued and unpaid interest and applicable premium) will be converted into shares of the Company's common stock at the initial public offering price;

- \$1,225 million aggregate principal amount of notes issued by the Company to a subsidiary of Altice N.V. (together with accrued and unpaid interest and applicable premium) will be transferred to CVC 3 and then converted into shares of the Company's common stock at the initial public offering price;
- the Sponsors will transfer a portion of their shares of the Company's common stock to an affiliate of Altice N.V. as payment in connection with certain carried interests in the Sponsor's investments in the Company (such affiliate of Altice N.V. will subsequently transfer the shares of the Company's common stock to CVC 3);
- the Sponsors, Holding LP, A4 S.A. and former Class B unitholders of Management LP (including Uppernext) will exchange shares of the Company's common stock for shares of the Company's Class A common stock; and
- CVC 3 and Uppernext will exchange shares of the Company's common stock for shares of the Company's Class B common stock.

The above transactions will occur after the date of this prospectus and prior to the closing of this offering and are collectively referred to as the "Organizational Transactions."

The following diagram shows our organizational structure after giving effect to the Organizational Transactions and this offering, assuming no exercise by the underwriters of their option to purchase additional shares of Class A common stock.



* Altice N.V. (indirectly through CVC 3 and Holding LP), Uppernext and A4 S.A.

Company Information

We were incorporated in Delaware on September 14, 2015. Our principal executive office is located at 1111 Stewart Avenue, Bethpage, NY 11714. Our telephone number at that address is (516) 803-2300. Our website address is www.alticeusa.com. Information on our and our subsidiaries' websites or Twitter feeds, the Altice N.V. website or Twitter feed, or any Altice N.V. filing, is deemed

not to be a part of this prospectus and inclusions of websites and Twitter feeds are inactive textual references only.

Pre-IPO Distribution

Prior to the closing of this offering, we will make a cash distribution of approximately \$670 million to our stockholders, which will be funded by borrowings of \$500 million under the CVC Revolving Credit Facility (as defined herein) and approximately \$170 million of cash on hand (collectively, the "Pre-IPO Distribution").

THE OFFERING

Class A common stock offered by us

12,068,966 shares.

Class A common stock offered by the

selling stockholders

34,482,759 shares.

Underwriters' option

5,172,414 shares.

Class A common stock outstanding after

this offering*

246,750,944 shares.

Class B common stock outstanding after

this offering*

490,318,022 shares.

Class C common stock outstanding after

this offering

None.

Total Class A and Class B common stock outstanding after this offering

737,068,966 shares.

Use of proceeds

We estimate that the net proceeds to us from this offering, after deducting the underwriting discount and estimated offering expenses payable by us, will be approximately \$330.95 million, based on an assumed initial public offering price of \$29.00 per share, the mid-point of the price range set forth on the cover page of this

We will not receive any proceeds from the sale of shares by the selling stockholders.

We currently intend to use the net proceeds that we receive from this offering to redeem a portion of the \$2 billion aggregate principal amount outstanding of the 10.875%Senior Notes due 2025 ("CSC 2025 Senior Notes") issued by CSC Holdings, LLC ("CSC Holdings"), our wholly-owned subsidiary. At any time prior to October 15, 2018, CSC Holdings may redeem up to 40% of the original aggregate principal amount of the CSC 2025 Senior Notes with the proceeds of certain equity offerings at a redemption price of 110.875% of the principal amount, together with accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but excluding, the date of redemption. See "Description of Certain Indebtedness—Cablevision Bonds—CSC Holdings Notes."

See "Use of Proceeds."

Directed share program

At our request, the underwriters have reserved up to 5% of the common stock being offered by this prospectus for sale at the initial public offering price to our directors and officers, our employees, employees of ATS and certain employees of Altice N.V. and its subsidiaries. The sales will be made by Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC, an underwriter of this offering, and its affiliates through a directed share program. We do not know if these persons will choose to purchase all or any portion of these reserved shares, but any purchases they do make will reduce the number of shares available to the general public. Any reserved shares not so purchased will be offered by the underwriters to the general public on the same terms as the other shares of common stock offered by this prospectus. Any shares purchased by our directors and officers in the directed share program will be subject to a 180-day lock-up period, and any shares purchased by other persons in our directed share program will be subject to a 35-day lock-up period.

Risk factors	Investing in our Class A common stock involves a high degree of risk. There are a
	number of risks you should consider before investing in our Class A common stock.

These risks are discussed more fully under "Risk Factors" beginning on page 20 of this

prospectus.

Dividend policy We currently intend to retain any future earnings to fund the operation, development

and expansion of our business and do not intend to pay any dividends on our Class A or Class B common stock. Any future determination relating to our dividend policy will be made in the sole and absolute discretion of our board of directors and will depend upon then existing conditions, including our financial condition, results of operations, contractual restrictions, capital requirements, business prospects and other factors that our board of directors may deem relevant. See "Dividend Policy" and "Description of

Certain Indebtedness."

Voting rights Following this offering, we will have three classes of common stock: Class A common

stock, Class B common stock and Class C common stock. Each share of Class A common stock will be entitled to one vote. Each share of Class B common stock will be entitled to twenty-five votes and will be convertible at any time into one share of Class A common stock. If we issue any shares of Class C common stock, they will be non-voting. The holders of our outstanding Class B common stock will hold

approximately 98.0% of the voting power of our outstanding capital stock immediately

following this offering.

NYSE symbol Our Class A common stock has been approved for listing on the NYSE under the

symbol "ATUS."

Unless otherwise indicated, the information presented in this prospectus:

- assumes the shares of our Class A common stock to be sold in this offering are sold at \$29.00 per share, the mid-point of the price range set forth on the cover page of this prospectus;
- assumes no exercise of the underwriters' option to purchase additional shares; and
- · all share numbers reflect the Organizational Transactions, as defined in "Summary—Ownership and Organization—Organizational Transactions."

^{*} Based on an assumed initial public offering price of \$29.00, the mid-point of the price range set forth on the cover page of this prospectus. If the initial public offering is \$27.00, the low end of the price range set forth on the cover page of this prospectus, the Class A common stock and Class B common stock outstanding after this offering would be 247,163,184 and 489,905,782, respectively. If the initial public offering is \$31.00, the high end of the price range set forth on the cover page of this prospectus, the Class A common stock and Class B common stock outstanding after this offering would be 246,391,895 and 490,677,071, respectively.

SUMMARY HISTORICAL AND PRO FORMA FINANCIAL DATA

The summary consolidated historical balance sheet and operating data of Altice USA for the year ended December 31, 2016 presented below have been derived from the audited consolidated financial statements of Altice USA included elsewhere herein. The summary consolidated historical balance sheet and operating data of Altice USA as of and for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016 presented below have been derived from the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements of Altice USA included elsewhere herein. The historical operating data of Altice USA for the year ended December 31, 2016 include the operating results of Cequel for the year ended December 31, 2016 and the operating results of Cablevision for the period from the date of acquisition, June 21, 2016, through December 31, 2016. The consolidated pro forma operating data of Altice USA for the year ended December 31, 2016 and the three months ended March 31, 2016 have been derived from the unaudited pro forma consolidated statements of operations included in this prospectus and give effect to the Cablevison Acquisition as if it had occurred on January 1, 2016.

The summary historical and pro forma results presented below are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for any future period. This information should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements of Altice USA, the unaudited pro forma consolidated statements of operations of Altice USA, and Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations of Altice USA included elsewhere herein.

		Altice USA	Altice USA				
	Three m	onths ended M	Year ended December 31,				
	2017	2016	2016	2016	2016		
	Historical	Pro Forma	Historical	Pro Forma	Historical		
		(dol	llars in thousa	nds)			
Revenue:							
Residential:							
Pay TV	\$ 1,071,361	\$ 1,054,058	\$ 279,737	\$ 4,227,222	\$ 2,759,216		
Broadband	611,769	547,680	196,690	2,290,039	1,617,029		
Telephony	210,873	221,012	39,735	872,115	529,973		
Business services and wholesale	319,591	300,855	84,404	1,230,643	819,541		
Advertising	79,968	79,364	20,887	365,429	245,702		
Other(a)	12,114	70,510	6,136	169,368	45,751		
Total revenue	2,305,676	2,273,479	627,589	9,154,816	6,017,212		
Operating expenses:							
Programming and other direct costs	758,352	767,825	189,595	2,988,549	1,899,994		
Other operating expenses	613,437	776,764	175,265	2,853,821	1,716,851		
Restructuring and other expense (credits)	76,929	8,606	7,569	229,774	240,395		
Depreciation and amortization	608,724	636,061	200,900	2,484,284	1,700,306		
Operating income	248,234	84,223	54,260	598,388	459,666		
Other non-operating expenses, net	(370,330)	(382,203)	(269,403)	(1,769,940)	(1,550,811)		
Loss from continuing operations before income taxes	(122,096)	(297,980)	(215,143)	(1,171,552)	(1,091,145)		
Income tax benefit	45,908	107,839	74,395	450,295	259,666		
Loss from continuing operations, net of income taxes	(76,188)	(190,141)	(140,748)	(721,257)	(831,479)		
Loss from discontinued operations, net of income taxes							
Net loss	(76,188)	(190,141)	(140,748)	(721,257)	(831,479)		
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	(237)	66		(315)	(551)		
Net loss attributable to Altice USA stockholders	\$ (76,425)	\$ (190,075)	\$ (140,748)	\$ (721,572)	\$ (832,030)		
Adjusted EBITDA(b)	\$ 941,735	\$ 743,588	262,729	\$ 3,352,045	\$ 2,414,735		
Adjusted EBITDA margin	40.8%	32.7%	41.9%	36.6%	6 40.1%		
Capital Expenditures	\$ 257,427	\$ 214,856	\$ 66,204	\$ 955,672	\$ 625,541		
Capital expenditures as a percentage of revenue	11.2%	9.5%	10.5%	5 10.4%	6 10.4%		
Adjusted EBITDA less capital expenditures	\$ 684,308	\$ 528,732	196,525	\$ 2,396,373	\$ 1,789,194		
Adjusted EBITDA less capital expenditures as a percentage of revenue	29.7%	23.3%	31.3%	26.2%	29.7%		

⁽a) Other revenue, on a pro forma basis, for the three months ended March 31, 2016 and for the year ended December 31, 2016 includes revenue recognized by Newsday (through July 7, 2016, for the annual period). Other revenue, on an actual basis, for the year ended December 31, 2016 includes revenue recognized by Newsday for the period June 21, 2016, the Cablevision Acquisition Date, through July 7, 2016, the date the Company sold a 75% interest in Newsday and ceased consolidating its operating results.

⁽b) We define Adjusted EBITDA, which is a non-GAAP financial measure, as net income (loss) excluding income taxes, income (loss) from discontinued operations, other non-operating income or expenses, loss on extinguishment of debt and write-off of deferred financing costs,

loss on interest rate swap contracts, gain (loss) on equity derivative contracts, gain (loss) on investments, interest expense (including cash interest expense), interest income, depreciation and amortization (including impairments), share-based compensation expense or benefit, restructuring expense or reedits and transaction expenses. We believe Adjusted EBITDA is an appropriate measures for evaluating the operating performance of the Company. Adjusted EBITDA and ismilar measures with similar titles are common performance measures used by investors, analysts and peers to compare performance in our industry. Internally, we use revenue and Adjusted EBITDA measures as important indicators of our business performance, and evaluate management's effectiveness with specific reference to these indicators. We believe Adjusted EBITDA provides management and investors a useful measure for period-to-period comparisons of our core business and operating results by excluding items that are not comparable across reporting periods or that do not otherwise relate to the Company's ongoing operating results. Adjusted EBITDA should be viewed as a supplement to and not a substitute for operating income (loss), net income (loss), and other measures of performance presented in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"). Since Adjusted EBITDA is not a measure of performance calculated in accordance with GAAP, this measure may not be comparable to similar measures with similar titles used by other companies.

We also use Adjusted EBITDA less Capital Expenditures as an indicator of the Company's financial performance. We believe this measure is one of several benchmarks used by investors, analysts and peers for comparison of performance in the Company's industry, although it may not be directly comparable to similar measures reported by other companies.

The following is a reconciliation of net loss to Adjusted EBITDA:

		Altice USA	Altice USA			
	Three M	onths Ended M	Year ended D	ecember 31,		
	2017	2016	2016	2016	2016	
	Historical	Pro Forma	Historical	Pro Forma	Historical	
	(dol	lars in thousan	(dollars in t	housands)		
Net loss	\$ (76,188)	\$ (190,141)	\$ (140,748)	\$ (721,257)	\$ (831,479)	
Income tax benefit	(45,908)	(107,839)	(74,395)	(450,295)	(259,666)	
Other expense (income)(a)	224	(2,045)	(11)	(9,184)	(4,329)	
Loss on extinguishment of debt and write-off of deferred financing costs	_	_	_	127,649	127,649	
Gain on interest rate swap contracts	(2,342)	_	_	72,961	72,961	
Loss on equity derivative contracts, net(b)	71,044	48,012	_	89,979	53,696	
Gain on investments, net	(131,658)	(100,365)	_	(271,886)	(141,896)	
Interest expense, net	433,062	436,601	269,414	1,760,421	1,442,730	
Depreciation and amortization	608,724	636,061	200,900	2,484,284	1,700,306	
Restructuring and other expenses	76,929	8,606	7,569	229,774	240,395	
Share-based compensation	7,848	14,698	_	39,599	14,368	
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 941,735	\$ 743,588	\$ 262,729	\$ 3,352,045	\$ 2,414,735	

- (a) Includes primarily dividends received on Comcast common stock owned by the Company.
- (b) Consists of unrealized and realized losses (gains) due to the change in fair value of equity derivative contracts relating to the Comcast common stock owned by the Company.

		As of Mar	As of Dec. 31, 2016			
				Pro Forma		
Balance Sheet Data:	_	Actual		As Adjusted(1)		Actual
			(d	ollars in thousan	ds)	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	463,882	\$	248,599	\$	486,792
Total assets		36,179,281		35,963,998		36,474,249
Total debt		24,072,758		22,477,855		24,030,065
Net debt excluding collateralized indebtedness and notes payable to affiliates and related parties plus accrued distributions(2)		20,565,174		21,275,254		20,507,204

⁽¹⁾ On a pro forma as adjusted basis to give effect to the Pre-IPO Distribution, the Organizational Transactions, the accrual of \$169,950 of cash distributions made to the Company's stockholders in April 2017, and the sale by us of shares of our Class A common stock in this offering, based on an assumed initial public offering price of \$29.00 per share, the mid-point of the price range set forth on the cover page of this prospectus, and after deducting the underwriting discount and the estimated offering expenses

payable by us, and the application of the net proceeds therefrom as described in "Use of Proceeds."

(2) Net debt excluding collateralized indebtedness and notes payable to affiliates and related parties plus accrued distributions is net of cash and cash equivalents. The pro forma and pro forma as adjusted amounts reflect the accrual of cash distributions of \$169,950 and \$169,750 made in April 2017 and to be made before the pricing of this offering, respectively.

Customer Metrics

The following table sets forth certain customer metrics by segment (unaudited):

	As	of Mai	rch 31, 201	7	As of December 31, 2016			Pro Forma As of March 31, 2016				
	Cablevisio	n C	equel ^(g)	Total	Cablevision	Cequel ^(g)	Total	Cablevision	Cequel ^(g)	Total		
				(in	thousands, exc	ept per custo	mer amounts)				
Homes passed(a)	5,12	8	3,419	8,547	5,116	3,407	8,524	5,086	3,362	8,448		
Total customer relationships(b)	3,14	8	1,765	4,913	3,141	1,751	4,892	3,125	1,734	4,859		
Residential	2,88	7	1,661	4,548	2,879	1,649	4,528	2,866	1,638	4,504		
SMB	20	1	103	365	262	102	364	258	96	354		
Residential customers(c):												
Pay TV	2,41	3	1,087	3,500	2,428	1,107	3,535	2,473	1,150	3,623		
Broadband	2,63	6	1,366	4,003	2,619	1,344	3,963	2,580	1,308	3,888		
Telephony	1,95	5	596	2,551	1,962	597	2,559	1,999	597	2,596		
Residential triple product customer												
penetration(d):	64	4%	25.4%	50.2%	64.8%	25.5%	6 50.5%	66.9%	25.8%	52.0%		
Penetration of homes passed(e):	61	4%	51.6%	57.5%	61.4%	51.4%	6 57.4%	61.4%	51.6%	57.5%		
ARPU(f)	\$ 155.8	3 \$	110.00	\$ 139.11	\$ 154.49	\$ 109.30	\$ 138.07	\$ 152.18	\$ 105.68	\$ 135.32		

- (a) Represents the estimated number of single residence homes, apartments and condominium units passed by the cable distribution network in areas serviceable without further extending the transmission lines. In addition, it includes commercial establishments that have connected to our cable distribution network. For Cequel, broadband services were not available to approximately 100 homes passed and telephony services were not available to approximately 500 homes passed.
- (b) Represents number of households/businesses that receive at least one of the Company's services.
- (c) Customers represent each customer account (set up and segregated by customer name and address), weighted equally and counted as one customer, regardless of size, revenue generated, or number of boxes, units, or outlets. In calculating the number of customers, we count all customers other than inactive/disconnected customers. Free accounts are included in the customer counts along with all active accounts, but they are limited to a prescribed group. Most of these accounts are also not entirely free, as they typically generate revenue through pay-per-view or other pay services. Free status is not granted to regular customers as a promotion. In counting bulk residential customers, such as an apartment building, we count each subscribing family unit within the building as one customer, but do not count the master account for the entire building as a customer. We count a bulk commercial customer, such as a hotel, as one customer, and do not count individual room units at that hotel.
- (d) Represents the number of customers that subscribe to three of our services divided by total residential customer relationships.
- (e) Represents the number of total customer relationships divided by homes passed.
- (f) Calculated by dividing the average monthly revenue for the respective quarter (fourth quarter for annual periods) presented derived from the sale of broadband, pay television and telephony services to residential customers for the respective quarter by the average number of total residential customers for the same period.
- (g) The metrics for Cequel presented in the table above have been adjusted from previously reported amounts to conform to the methodology used to calculate the equivalent Cablevision metrics.

RISK FACTORS

Investing in our Class A common stock involves a high degree of risk. You should consider carefully the risks and uncertainties described below, together with all of the other information in this prospectus, including the financial statements and the related notes included elsewhere in this prospectus and the information set forth under the caption "Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Statements," before deciding whether to invest in shares of our Class A common stock. We describe below what we believe are currently the material risks and uncertainties we face, but they are not the only risks and uncertainties we face. Additional risks and uncertainties that we are unaware of, or that we currently believe are not material, may also become important factors that adversely affect our business. If any of the following risks actually occur, our business, financial condition, results of operations and future prospects could be materially and adversely affected. In that event, the market price of our Class A common stock could decline and you could lose part or all of your investment.

Risk Factors Relating to Our Business

We operate in a highly competitive business environment which could materially adversely affect our business, financial condition, results of operations and liquidity.

We operate in a highly competitive, consumer-driven industry and we compete against a variety of broadband, pay television and telephony providers and delivery systems, including broadband communications companies, wireless data and telephony providers, satellite-delivered video signals, Internet-delivered video content and broadcast television signals available to residential and business customers in our service areas. Some of our competitors include AT&T and its DirecTV subsidiary, CenturyLink, DISH Network, Frontier and Verizon. In addition, our pay television services compete with all other sources of leisure, news, information and entertainment, including movies, sporting or other live events, radio broadcasts, home-video services, console games, print media and the Internet.

In some instances, our competitors have fewer regulatory burdens, easier access to financing, greater resources, greater operating capabilities and efficiencies of scale, stronger brand-name recognition, longstanding relationships with regulatory authorities and customers, more subscribers, more flexibility to offer promotional packages at prices lower than ours and greater access to programming or other services. This competition creates pressure on our pricing and has adversely affected, and may continue to affect, our ability to add and retain customers, which in turn adversely affects our business, financial condition and results of operations. The effects of competition may also adversely affect our liquidity and ability to service our debt. For example, we face intense competition from Verizon, which has constructed FTTH network infrastructure that passes a significant number of households in our New York metropolitan service area. We estimate that Verizon is currently able to sell a fiber-based triple play, including broadband, pay television and telephony services, to at least half of the households in our New York metropolitan service area and may expand these and other service offerings to more customers in the future. Any estimate of Verizon's build-out and sales activity in our New York metropolitan service area is difficult to assess because it is based on visual inspections and other limited estimating techniques and therefore serves only as an approximation.

Our competitive risks are heightened by the rapid technological change inherent in our business, evolving consumer preferences and the need to acquire, develop and adopt new technology to differentiate our products and services from those of our competitors, and to meet consumer demand. We may need to anticipate far in advance which technology we should use for the development of new products and services or the enhancement of existing products and services. The failure to accurately anticipate such changes may adversely affect our ability to attract and retain customers, which in turn could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations. Consolidation and cooperation in our industry may allow our competitors to acquire service capabilities or offer products that are not available to us or offer similar products and services at prices lower than ours. For

example, Comcast and Charter Communications have agreed to jointly explore operational efficiencies to speed their respective entries into the wireless market, including in the areas of creating common operating platforms and emerging wireless technology platforms. In addition, changes in the regulatory and legislative environments may result in changes to the competitive landscape.

In addition, certain of our competitors own directly or are affiliated with companies that own programming content or have exclusive arrangements with content providers that may enable them to obtain lower programming costs or offer exclusive programming that may be attractive to prospective subscribers. For example, DirecTV has exclusive arrangements with the National Football League that give it access to programming we cannot offer. AT&T also has an agreement to acquire Time Warner, which owns a number of cable networks, including TBS, CNN and HBO, as well as Warner Bros. Entertainment, which produces television, film and home-video content. AT&T's and DirecTV's potential access to Time Warner programming could allow AT&T and DirecTV to offer competitive and promotional packages that could negatively affect our ability to maintain or increase our existing customers and revenues. DBS operators such as DISH Network and DirecTV also have marketing arrangements with certain phone companies in which the DBS provider's pay television services are sold together with the phone company's broadband and mobile and traditional phone services.

Another source of competition for our pay television services is the delivery of video content over the Internet directly to subscribers, some of which is offered without charging a fee for access to the content. This competition comes from a number of different sources, including companies that deliver movies, television shows and other video programming over broadband Internet connections, such as Netflix, Hulu, iTunes, YouTube, Amazon Prime, Sling TV, Playstation Vue, DirecTV Now and Go90. It is possible that additional competitors will enter the market and begin providing video content over the Internet directly to subscribers. Increasingly, content owners, such as HBO and CBS, are selling their programming directly to consumers over the Internet without requiring a pay-television subscription. The availability of these services has and will continue to adversely affect customer demand for our pay television services, including premium and on-demand services. Further, due to consumer electronics innovations, consumers are able to watch such Internet-delivered content on television sets and mobile devices, such as smartphones and tablets. Internet access services are also offered by providers of wireless services, including traditional cellular phone carriers and others focused solely on wireless data services. All wireless carriers have started to offer unlimited data plans, which could, in some cases, become a substitute for the fixed broadband services we provide. The Federal Communications Commission ("FCC") is likely to continue to make additional radio spectrum available for these wireless Internet access services.

Our pay television services also face competition from broadcast television stations, entities that make digital video recorded movies and programs available for home rental or sale, SMATV systems, which generally serve large MDUs under an agreement with the landlord and service providers and open video system operators. Private cable systems can offer improved reception of local television stations and many of the same satellite-delivered program services that are offered by cable systems. SMATV systems currently benefit from operating advantages not available to franchised cable systems, including fewer regulatory burdens. Cable television has also long competed with broadcast television, which consists of television signals that the viewer is able to receive without charge using an "off-air" antenna. The extent of such competition is dependent upon the quality and quantity of broadcast signals available through "off-air" reception, compared to the services provided by the local cable system. The use of radio spectrum now provides traditional broadcasters with the ability to deliver HD television pictures and multiple digital-quality program streams. There can be no assurance that existing, proposed or as yet undeveloped technologies will not become dominant in the future and render our video service offering less profitable or even obsolete.

Most broadband communications companies, which already have wired networks, an existing customer base and other operational functions in place (such as billing and service personnel), offer

DSL services. We believe DSL service competes with our broadband service and is often offered at prices lower than our Internet services. However, DSL is often offered at speeds lower than the speeds we offer. In addition, DSL providers may currently be in a better position to offer Internet services to businesses since their networks tend to be more complete in commercial areas. They may also increasingly have the ability to combine video services with telephone and Internet services offered to their customers, particularly as broadband communications companies enter into co-marketing agreements with other service providers. In addition, current and future fixed and wireless Internet services, such as 3G, 4G and 5G fixed and wireless broadband services and Wi-Fi networks, and devices such as wireless data cards, tablets and smartphones, and mobile wireless routers that connect to such devices, may compete with our broadband services.

Our telephony services compete directly with established broadband communications companies and other carriers, including wireless providers, as increasing numbers of homes are replacing their traditional telephone service with wireless telephone service. We also compete against VoIP providers like Vonage, Skype, GoogleTalk, Facetime, WhatsApp and magicJack that do not own networks but can provide service to any person with a broadband connection, in some cases free of charge. In addition, we compete against ILECs, other CLECs and long-distance voice-service companies for large commercial and enterprise customers. While we compete with the ILECs, we also enter into interconnection agreements with ILECs so that our customers can make and receive calls to and from customers served by the ILECs and other telecommunications providers. Federal and state law and regulations require ILECs to enter into such agreements and provide facilities and services necessary for connection, at prices subject to regulation. The specific price, terms and conditions of each agreement, however, depend on the outcome of negotiations between us and each ILEC. Interconnection agreements are also subject to approval by the state regulatory commissions, which may arbitrate negotiation impasses. We have entered into interconnection agreements with Verizon for New York, New Jersey and portions of Connecticut, and with Frontier for portions of Connecticut, which have been approved by the respective state commissions. We have also entered into interconnection agreements with other ILECs in New York and New Jersey. These agreements, like all interconnection agreements, are for limited terms and upon expiration are subject to renegotiation, potential arbitration and approval under the laws in effect at that time.

We also face competition for our advertising sales from traditional and non-traditional media outlets, including television and radio stations, traditional print media and the Internet.

We face significant risks as a result of rapid changes in technology, consumer expectations and behavior.

The broadband communications industry has undergone significant technological development over time and these changes continue to affect our business, financial condition and results of operations. Such changes have had, and will continue to have, a profound impact on consumer expectations and behavior. Our video business faces technological change risks as a result of the continuing development of new and changing methods for delivery of programming content such as Internet-based delivery of movies, shows and other content which can be viewed on televisions, wireless devices and other developing mobile devices. Consumers' video consumption patterns are also evolving, for example, with more content being downloaded for time-shifted consumption. A proliferation of delivery systems for video content can adversely affect our ability to attract and retain subscribers and the demand for our services and it can also decrease advertising demand on our delivery systems. Our broadband business faces technological challenges from rapidly evolving wireless Internet solutions. Our telephony service offerings face technological developments in the proliferation of telephony delivery systems including those based on Internet and wireless delivery. If we do not develop or acquire and successfully implement new technologies, we will limit our ability to compete effectively for subscribers, content and advertising. We cannot provide any assurance that we will realize, in full or in part, the anticipated benefits we expect from the introduction of our new home communications hub or that it will be

introduced to the market in the timeframe we anticipate and with all anticipated features and functionality. In addition, we may be required to make material capital and other investments to anticipate and to keep up with technological change. These challenges could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Additionally, our U.S. industry peers might introduce a "quad-play" offering that bundles broadband, pay television, telephony and mobile communications services. This might lead our customers to expect similar bundled offerings from us, which in turn could result in increased customer churn if we do not, or are unable to, offer similar quad-play bundles, or could require additional investments by us to meet market demand. There can be no assurance that we can offer quad-play bundles successfully or on terms favorable to us.

Programming and retransmission costs are increasing and we may not have the ability to pass these increases on to our subscribers. Disputes with programmers and the inability to retain or obtain popular programming can adversely affect our relationship with subscribers and lead to subscriber losses.

Programming costs are one of our largest categories of expenses. In recent years, the cost of programming in the cable and satellite video industries has increased significantly and is expected to continue to increase, particularly with respect to costs for sports programming and broadcast networks. We may not be able to pass programming cost increases on to our subscribers due to the increasingly competitive environment. If we are unable to pass these increased programming costs on to our subscribers, our results of operations would be adversely affected. Moreover, programming costs are related directly to the number of subscribers to whom the programming is provided. Our smaller subscriber base relative to our competitors may limit our ability to negotiate lower per-subscriber programming costs, which could result in reduced operating margins relative to our competitors with a larger subscriber base.

The expiration dates of our various programming contracts are staggered, which results in the expiration of a portion of our programming contracts throughout each year. A contract with one of our ten largest programmers has expired and we are currently in the process of renegotiating a renewal of this contract. We attempt to control our programming costs and, therefore, the cost of our video services to our customers, by negotiating favorable terms for the renewal of our affiliation agreements with programmers. On certain occasions in the past, such negotiations have led to disputes with programmers that have resulted in temporary periods during which we did not carry or decided to stop carrying a particular broadcast network or programming service or services. Additionally, in our Suddenlink segment, we were unable to reach agreement with Viacom on acceptable economic terms for a long-term contract renewal and, effective October 1, 2014, all Viacom networks were removed from our channel lineups in our Suddenlink footprint. We and Viacom did not reach a new agreement to include certain Viacom networks in the Suddenlink channel lineup until May 2017. To the extent we are unable to reach agreement with certain programmers on terms we believe are reasonable, we may be forced to, or determine for strategic or business reasons to, remove certain programming channels from our line-up and may decide to replace such programming channels with other programming channels, which may not be available on acceptable terms or be as attractive to customers. Such disputes, or the removal or replacement of programming, may inconvenience some of our subscribers and can lead to customer dissatisfaction and, in certain cases, the loss of customers, which even may be renewed on favorable or comparable terms, or at all, or that the rights we negotiate will be adequate for us to execute our business strategy.

We may also be subject to increasing financial and other demands by broadcast stations. Federal law allows commercial television broadcast stations to make an election between "must-carry" rights and an alternative "retransmission consent" regime. Local stations that elect "must-carry" are entitled

to mandatory carriage on our systems, but at no fee. When a station opts for retransmission consent, cable operators negotiate for the right to carry the station's signal, which typically requires payment of a per-subscriber fee. Our retransmission agreements with stations expire from time to time. Upon expiration of these agreements, we may carry some stations under short-term arrangements while we attempt to negotiate new long-term retransmission agreements. In connection with any negotiation of new retransmission agreements, we may become subject to increased or additional costs, which we may not be able to pass on to our customers. To the extent that we cannot pass on such increased or additional costs through the sale of additional services, our business, financial condition, results of operations and liquidity could be materially adversely affected. In addition, in the event contract negotiations with stations are unsuccessful, we could be required, or determine for strategic or business reasons, to cease carrying such stations' signals, possibly for an indefinite period. Any loss of stations could make our video service less attractive to our customers, which could result in a loss of customers, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and liquidity. There can be no assurance that any expiring retransmission agreements will be renewed on favorable or comparable terms, or at all.

We may not be able to successfully implement our growth strategy.

Our future growth, profitability and results of operations depend upon our ability to successfully implement our business strategy, which, in turn, is dependent upon a number of factors, including our ability to continue to:

- · simplify and optimize our organization;
- reinvest in infrastructure and content;
- invest in sales, marketing and innovation;
- enhance the customer experience;
- drive revenue and cash flow growth; and
- opportunistically grow through value-accretive acquisitions.

There can be no assurance that we can successfully achieve any or all of the above initiatives in the manner or time period that we expect. Furthermore, achieving these objectives will require investments which may result in short-term costs without generating any current revenues and therefore may be dilutive to our earnings. We cannot provide any assurance that we will realize, in full or in part, the anticipated benefits we expect our strategy will achieve. The failure to realize those benefits could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations. In addition, if we are unable to continue improving our operational performance and customer experience we may face a decrease in new subscribers and an increase in subscriber churn, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations. In particular, there can be no assurance that we will be able to successfully implement our plan to build a FTTH network within the anticipated five-year timeline or at all or within the cost parameters we currently expect. Similarly, we may not be successful in deploying our new home communications hub on our current timeline or at all and we may face technological or other challenges in pursuing these or other initiatives.

The financial markets are subject to volatility and disruptions, which have in the past, and may in the future, adversely affect our business, including by affecting the cost of new capital and our ability to fund acquisitions or other strategic transactions.

The capital markets experience volatility and disruption. At times, the markets have exerted extreme downward pressure on stock prices and upward pressure on the cost of new debt, which has severely restricted credit availability for many companies.

Historical market disruptions have typically been accompanied by a broader economic downturn, which has historically led to lower demand for our products, such as video services, as well as lower levels of television advertising, and increased incidence of customers' inability to pay for the services we provide. A recurrence of these conditions may further adversely impact our business, financial condition and results of operations.

We rely on the capital markets, particularly for offerings of debt securities and borrowings under syndicated facilities, to meet our financial commitments and liquidity needs and to fund acquisitions or other strategic transactions. Disruptions or volatility in the capital markets could also adversely affect our ability to refinance on satisfactory terms, or at all, our scheduled debt maturities and could adversely affect our ability to draw on our revolving credit facilities.

Disruptions in the capital markets as well as the broader global financial market can also result in higher interest rates on publicly issued debt securities and increased costs under credit facilities. Such disruptions could increase our interest expense, adversely affecting our business, financial position and results of operations.

Our access to funds under our revolving credit facilities is dependent on the ability of the financial institutions that are parties to those facilities to meet their funding commitments. Those financial institutions may not be able to meet their funding commitments if they experience shortages of capital and liquidity or if they experience excessive volumes of borrowing requests within a short period of time. Moreover, the obligations of the financial institutions under our revolving credit facilities are several and not joint and, as a result, a funding default by one or more institutions does not need to be made up by the others.

Longer term, volatility and disruptions in the capital markets and the broader global financial market as a result of uncertainty, changing or increased regulation of financial institutions, reduced alternatives or failures of significant financial institutions could adversely affect our access to the liquidity needed for our businesses. Such disruptions could require us to take measures to conserve cash or impede or delay potential acquisitions, strategic transactions and refinancing transactions until the markets stabilize or until alternative credit arrangements or other funding for our business needs can be arranged.

We are highly leveraged and have substantial indebtedness, which reduces our capability to withstand adverse developments or business conditions.

We have incurred substantial amounts of indebtedness to finance the Acquisitions, our operations, upgrades to our cable plant and acquisitions of other cable systems, sources of programming and other businesses. We have also incurred substantial indebtedness in order to offer new or upgraded services to our current and potential customers. At March 31, 2017, our total aggregate indebtedness was approximately \$22.3 billion (excluding notes payable to affiliates and related parties). Because we are highly leveraged, our payments on our indebtedness are significant in relation to our revenues and cash flow, which exposes us to significant risk in the event of downturns in our businesses (whether through competitive pressures or otherwise), our industry or the economy generally, since our cash flows would decrease, but our required payments under our indebtedness would not.

Economic downturns may impact our ability to comply with the covenants and restrictions in our indentures, credit facilities and agreements governing our other indebtedness and may impact our ability to pay or refinance our indebtedness as it comes due. If we do not repay or refinance our debt obligations when they become due and do not otherwise comply with the covenants and restrictions in our indentures, credit facilities and agreements governing our other indebtedness, we would be in default under those agreements and the underlying debt could be declared immediately due and payable. In addition, any default under any of our indentures, credit facilities or agreements governing our other indebtedness could lead to an acceleration of debt under any other debt instruments or agreements that contain cross-acceleration or cross-default provisions. If the indebtedness incurred under our indentures, credit facilities and agreements governing our other indebtedness were accelerated, we would not have sufficient cash to repay amounts due thereunder. To avoid a default, we could be required to defer capital expenditures, sell assets, seek strategic investments from third parties or otherwise reduce or eliminate discretionary uses of cash. However, if such measures were to become necessary, there can be no assurance that we would be able to sell sufficient assets or raise strategic investment capital sufficient to meet our scheduled debt maturities as they come due. In addition, any significant reduction in necessary capital expenditures could adversely affect our ability to retain our existing customer base and obtain new customers, which would adversely affect our business, financial position and results of operations.

Our overall leverage and the terms of our financing arrangements could also:

- make it more difficult for us to satisfy obligations under our outstanding indebtedness;
- limit our ability to obtain additional financing in the future for working capital, capital expenditures or acquisitions;
- limit our ability to refinance our indebtedness on terms acceptable to us or at all;
- limit our ability to adapt to changing market conditions;
- restrict us from making strategic acquisitions or cause us to make non-strategic divestitures;
- require us to dedicate a significant portion of our cash flow from operations to paying the principal of and interest on our indebtedness, thereby limiting the availability
 of our cash flow to fund future capital expenditures, working capital and other corporate purposes;
- · limit our flexibility in planning for, or reacting to, changes in our business and the broadband communications industry generally; and
- place us at a competitive disadvantage compared with competitors that have a less significant debt burden.

In addition, a substantial portion of our indebtedness bears interest at variable rates. If market interest rates increase, our variable-rate debt will have higher debt service requirements, which could adversely affect our cash flows and financial condition. For more information, see "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk—Interest Rate Risk." Although we have historically entered into, and may in the future enter into, hedging arrangements to limit our exposure to an increase in interest rates, such arrangements may not offer complete protection from this risk.

If we incur additional indebtedness, such indebtedness could further exacerbate the risks associated with our substantial indebtedness.

If we incur additional indebtedness, such indebtedness will be added to our current debt levels and the related risks we currently face could be magnified. Any decrease in our revenues or an increase in operating costs (and corresponding reduction in our cash flows) would also adversely affect our ability to pay our indebtedness as it comes due.

We have in past periods incurred substantial losses from continuing operations, and we may do so in the future, which may reduce our ability to raise needed capital.

We have in the past reported substantial losses from continuing operations and we may do so in the future. Significant losses from continuing operations could limit our ability to raise any needed financing, or to do so on favorable terms, as such losses could be taken into account by potential investors, lenders and the organizations that issue investment ratings on our indebtedness

A lowering or withdrawal of the ratings assigned to our subsidiaries' debt securities and credit facilities by ratings agencies may further increase our future borrowing costs and reduce our access to capital.

Credit rating agencies continually revise their ratings for companies they follow. The condition of the financial and credit markets and prevailing interest rates have fluctuated in the past and are likely to fluctuate in the future. In addition, developments in our business and operations or the amount of indebtedness could lead to a ratings downgrade on our or our subsidiaries' indebtedness. The debt ratings for our subsidiaries' debt securities and credit facilities are currently below the "investment grade" category, which results in higher borrowing costs as well as a reduced pool of potential investors of that debt as some investors will not purchase debt securities or become lenders under credit facilities that are not rated in an investment grade rating category. In addition, there can be no assurance that any rating assigned will remain for any given period of time or that a rating will not be lowered or withdrawn entirely by a rating agency, if in that rating agency's judgment, future circumstances relating to the basis of the rating, such as adverse changes, so warrant. Any such fluctuation in the rating of us or our subsidiaries may impact our ability to access debt markets in the future or increase our cost of future debt which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations, which in return may adversely affect the trading price of shares of our Class A common stock.

Our subsidiaries' ability to meet obligations under their indebtedness may be restricted by limitations on our other subsidiaries' ability to send funds.

Our subsidiaries that have incurred indebtedness under indentures and credit facilities are primarily holding companies whose ability to pay interest and principal on such indebtedness is wholly or partially dependent upon the operations of their respective subsidiaries and the distributions or other payments of cash, in the form of distributions, loans or advances, those other subsidiaries deliver to our indebted subsidiaries. Our subsidiaries are separate and distinct legal entities and, unless any such subsidiaries has guaranteed the underlying indebtedness, have no obligation, contingent or otherwise, to pay any amounts due on our indebted subsidiaries' indebtedness or to make any funds available to our indebted subsidiaries do so. These subsidiaries may not generate enough cash to make such funds available to our indebted subsidiaries and in certain circumstances legal and contractual restrictions may also limit their ability to do so. Also, our subsidiaries' creditors, including trade creditors, in the event of a liquidation or reorganization of any subsidiary, would be entitled to a claim on the assets of such subsidiaries, including any assets transferred to those subsidiaries, prior to any of our claims as a stockholder and those creditors are likely to be paid in full before any distribution is made to us. To the extent that we are a creditor of a subsidiary, our claims could be subordinated to any security interest in the assets of that subsidiary and/or any indebtedness of that subsidiary senior to that held by us.

In addition, our Optimum and Suddenlink businesses are each currently financed on a standalone basis and constitute separate financing groups, which are subject to covenants that restrict the use of their respective cash flows outside their respective restricted groups. Consequently, cash flows from operations of Optimum and its subsidiaries may not be able to be applied to meet the obligations or other expenses of Suddenlink and its subsidiaries and cash flows from operations of Suddenlink may not be able to be applied to meet the obligations or other expenses of Optimum and its subsidiaries, except to the extent that the relevant restricted group is able to pay a dividend under the agreements governing their respective indebtedness.

Our ability to incur additional indebtedness and use our funds is limited by significant restrictive covenants in financing agreements.

The indentures, credit facilities and agreements governing the indebtedness of our subsidiaries contain various negative covenants that restrict our subsidiaries' (and their respective subsidiaries') ability to, among other things:

- incur additional indebtedness and guarantee indebtedness;
- pay dividends or make other distributions, or repurchase or redeem capital stock;
- prepay, redeem or repurchase subordinated debt or equity;
- issue certain preferred stock;
- make loans and investments;
- sell assets;
- incur liens:
- enter into transactions with affiliates;
- create or permit any encumbrances or restrictions on the ability of their respective subsidiaries to pay dividends or make other distributions, make loans or advances or transfer assets, in each case to such subsidiary, or its other restricted subsidiaries; and
- · consolidate, merge or sell all or substantially all of their assets.

We are also subject to certain affirmative covenants under our subsidiaries' revolving credit facilities, which, among other things, require the relevant Optimum and Suddenlink subsidiaries to each maintain a specified financial ratio if there are any outstanding utilizations. Our ability to meet these financial ratios may be affected by events beyond our control and, as a result, we cannot assure you that we will be able to meet these ratios.

Violation of these covenants could result in a default that would permit the relevant creditors to require the immediate repayment of the borrowings thereunder, which could result in a default under other debt instruments and agreements that contain cross-default provisions and, in the case of revolving credit facilities, permit the relevant lenders to restrict the relevant borrower's ability to borrow undrawn funds under such revolving credit facilities. A default under any of the agreements governing our indebtedness could materially adversely affect our growth, financial condition and results of operations.

As a result, we may be:

- limited in how we conduct our business;
- unable to raise additional debt or equity financing to operate during general economic or business downturns; or
- unable to compete effectively or to take advantage of new business opportunities.

These restrictions could have a material adverse effect on our ability to grow in accordance with our strategy and on the value of our debt and equity securities. In addition, our financial results, substantial indebtedness and credit ratings could materially adversely affect the availability and terms of our financing.

We will need to raise significant amounts of funding over the next several years to fund capital expenditures, repay existing obligations and meet other obligations and the failure to do so successfully could adversely affect our business. We may also engage in extraordinary transactions that involve the incurrence of large amounts of indebtedness.

Our business is capital intensive. Operating and maintaining our cable systems requires significant amounts of cash payments to third parties. Capital expenditures were \$625.5 million in 2016 and primarily included payments for customer premise equipment, such as new digital video cable boxes and modems, as well as infrastructure and capital expenditures related to our networks, in addition to the capital requirements of our other businesses.

We have commenced a five-year plan to build a FTTH network, which will enable us to deliver more than 10 Gbps broadband speeds across our entire Optimum footprint and part of our Suddenlink footprint. We also plan to introduce a new home communications hub during the second quarter of 2017, which will be the most advanced home communications hub offered by any Altice Group business. We may not be able to execute these initiatives within the anticipated timelines and we may incur greater than anticipated costs and capital expenditures in connection therewith, fail to realize anticipated benefits, experience business disruptions or encounter other challenges to executing either as planned. The failure to realize the anticipated benefits of these initiatives could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

We expect these capital expenditures to continue to be significant as we further enhance our service offerings. We may have substantial future capital commitments in the form of long-term contracts that require substantial payments over a period of time. We may not be able to generate sufficient cash internally to fund anticipated capital expenditures, meet these obligations and repay our indebtedness at maturity. Accordingly, we may have to do one or more of the following:

- · refinance existing obligations to extend maturities;
- raise additional capital, through debt or equity issuances or both;
- cancel or scale back current and future spending programs; or
- sell assets or interests in one or more of our businesses.

However, we may not be able to refinance existing obligations or raise any required additional capital or to do so on favorable terms. Borrowing costs related to future capital raising activities may be significantly higher than our current borrowing costs and we may not be able to raise additional capital on favorable terms, or at all, if financial markets experience volatility. If we are unable to pursue our current and future spending programs, we may be forced to cancel or scale back those programs. Our choice of which spending programs to cancel or reduce may be limited. Failure to successfully pursue our capital expenditure and other spending plans could materially and adversely affect our ability to compete effectively. It is possible that in the future we may also engage in extraordinary transactions and such transactions could result in the incurrence of substantial additional indebtedness.

We rely on network and information systems for our operations and a disruption or failure of, or defects in, those systems may disrupt our operations, damage our reputation with customers and adversely affect our results of operations.

Network and information systems are essential to our ability to deliver our services to our customers. While we have in place multiple security systems designed to protect against intentional or unintentional disruption, failure, misappropriation or corruption of our network and information systems, there can be no assurance that our efforts to protect our network and information systems will prevent any of the problems identified above. A problem of this type might be caused by events such as computer hacking, computer viruses, worms and other destructive or disruptive software, "cyber-

attacks" and other malicious activity, defects in the hardware and software comprising our network and information systems, as well as natural disasters, power outages, terrorist attacks and similar events. Such events could have an adverse impact on us and our customers, including degradation of service, service disruption, excessive call volume to call centers and damage to our plant, equipment and data. Operational or business delays may result from the disruption of network or information systems and the subsequent remediation activities. Moreover, these events may create negative publicity resulting in reputation or brand damage with customers and our results of operations could suffer.

We also use certain vendors to supply some of the hardware, software and support of our network, some of which have been customized or altered to fit our business needs. Certain of these vendors and suppliers may have leverage over us considering that there are limited suppliers of certain products and services, or that there is a long lead time and/or significant expense required to transition to another provider. In addition, some of these vendors and suppliers do not have a long operating history or may not be able to continue to supply the equipment and services we desire. Some of our hardware, software and operational support vendors and some of our service providers represent our sole source of supply or have, either through contract or as a result of intellectual property rights, a position of some exclusivity. In addition, because of the pace at which technological innovations occur in our industry, we may not be able to obtain access to the latest technology on reasonable terms. Any delays or the termination or disruption in these relationships as a result of contractual disagreements, operational or financial failures on the part of our vendors and suppliers, or other adverse events that prevent such vendors and suppliers from providing the equipment or services we need, with the level of quality we require, in a timely manner and at reasonable prices, could result in significant costs to us and have a negative effect on our ability to provide services and rollout advanced services. Our ability to replace such vendors and suppliers may be limited and, as a result, our business, financial condition, results of operations and liquidity could be materially adversely affected.

If we experience a significant data security breach or fail to detect and appropriately respond to a significant data security breach, our results of operations and reputation could suffer.

The nature of our business involves the receipt and storage of information about our customers and employees. We have procedures in place to detect and respond to data security incidents. However, because the techniques used to obtain unauthorized access, disable or degrade service, or sabotage systems change frequently and may be difficult to detect for long periods of time, we may be unable to anticipate these techniques or implement adequate preventive measures. In addition, hardware, software or applications we develop or procure from third parties may contain defects in design or manufacture or other problems that could unexpectedly compromise information security. Unauthorized parties may also attempt to gain access to our systems or facilities and to our proprietary business information. If our efforts to protect the security of information about our customers and employees are unsuccessful, a significant data security breach may result in costly government enforcement actions, private litigation and negative publicity resulting in reputation or brand damage with customers, and our financial condition and results of operations could suffer.

A portion of our workforce is represented by labor unions. Collective bargaining agreements can increase our expenses. Labor disruptions could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

As of March 31, 2017, 217 of our full-time employees were covered by collective bargaining agreements (primarily technicians in Brooklyn, New York) with the Communication Workers of America ("CWA"). Optimum and the CWA entered into a collective bargaining agreement in 2015. This agreement was renewed in June 2016 for an additional three-year term. On March 10, 2017, the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers ("IBEW") was certified to represent 100 employees in Oakland, New Jersey. We have not yet negotiated a collective bargaining agreement with the IBEW relating to these employees and there can be no assurance that we will be able to do so on terms acceptable to us. The collective bargaining agreements with the CWA and IBEW covering these groups

of employees or any other agreements with other unions may increase our expenses. In addition, any disruptions to our operations due to labor related problems could have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

A significant amount of our book value consists of intangible assets that may not generate cash in the event of a voluntary or involuntary sale.

At March 31, 2017, we reported approximately \$36.2 billion of consolidated total assets, of which approximately \$27.2 billion were intangible. Intangible assets primarily included franchises from city and county governments to operate cable systems, goodwill, customer relationships and trade names. While we believe the carrying values of our intangible assets are recoverable, we may not receive any cash in the event of a voluntary or involuntary sale of these intangible assets, particularly if we were not continuing as an operating business. We urge you to read carefully our consolidated financial statements contained herein, which provide more detailed information about these intangible assets.

We may engage in acquisitions and other strategic transactions and the integration of such acquisitions and other strategic transactions could materially adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Our business has grown significantly as a result of acquisitions, including the Acquisitions, which entail numerous risks including:

- · distraction of our management team in identifying potential acquisition targets, conducting due diligence and negotiating acquisition agreements;
- difficulties in integrating the operations, personnel, products, technologies and systems of acquired businesses;
- · difficulties in enhancing our customer support resources to adequately service our existing customers and the customers of acquired businesses;
- the potential loss of key employees or customers of the acquired businesses;
- unanticipated liabilities or contingencies of acquired businesses;
- unbudgeted costs which we may incur in connection with pursuing potential acquisitions which are not consummated;
- · failure to achieve projected cost savings or cash flow from acquired businesses, which are based on projections that are inherently uncertain;
- fluctuations in our operating results caused by incurring considerable expenses to acquire and integrate businesses before receiving the anticipated revenues expected to result from the acquisitions; and
- difficulties in obtaining regulatory approvals required to consummate acquisitions.

We also participate in competitive bidding processes, some of which may involve significant cable systems. If we are the winning bidder in any such process involving significant cable systems or we otherwise engage in acquisitions or other strategic transactions in the future, we may incur additional debt, contingent liabilities and amortization expenses, which could materially adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations. We could also issue substantial additional equity which could dilute existing stockholders.

If our acquisitions, including the Acquisitions and the integration of the Optimum and Suddenlink businesses, do not result in the anticipated operating efficiencies, are not effectively integrated, or result in costs which exceed our expectations, our business, financial condition and results of operations could be materially adversely affected.

Certain of our overlapping directors and officers have relationships with Altice N.V., which may result in the diversion of corporate opportunities and other conflicts with respect to our business and executives

Following this offering, four of our directors, including our Chief Executive Officer, will be employed by or affiliated with Altice N.V. and A4 S.A. These directors have fiduciary duties to us and, in addition, have duties to Altice N.V. and A4 S.A. As a result, these directors and officers may face real or apparent conflicts of interest with respect to matters affecting both us and Altice N.V. or A4 S.A., whose interests may be adverse to ours in some circumstances.

Our amended and restated certificate of incorporation that will be in effect on the closing of this offering recognizes that Mr. Drahi and certain directors, principals, officers, employees and/or other representatives of Altice N.V., A4 S.A. and their affiliates (each such director, principal, officer, employee and/or other representative, an "Altice Group Representatives") may serve as our directors, officers or agents and that Mr. Drahi, Altice N.V., A4 S.A., the Altice Group Representatives and their respective affiliates, and members of our board of directors designated by Altice N.V. and A4 S.A. pursuant to the stockholders' agreement (the "Designated Directors"), may now engage, may continue to engage and may in the future engage in the same or similar activities or related lines of business as those in which we, directly or indirectly, may engage and/or other business activities that overlap with or compete with those in which we, directly or indirectly, may engage. In the amended and restated certificate of incorporation we have renounced our rights to certain business opportunities and the amended and restated certificate of incorporation provides that none of Mr. Drahi, Altice N.V., A4 S.A., any Altice Group Representative, any Designated Director, or their respective affiliates, have any duty to refrain from, directly or indirectly, engaging in the same or similar business activities or lines of businesses in which we or any of our affiliates engage or are reasonably likely to engage, or otherwise competing with us or any of our affiliates, or have any duty to communicate such opportunities to us, unless such opportunities arise in or are predominantly related to North America. The amended and restated certificate of incorporation further provides that, to the fullest extent permitted by law, none of Mr. Drahi, Altice N.V., A4 S.A., any Altice Group Representative, any Designated Director (including any Designated Director who serves as one of our officers) or any of the foregoing persons' affiliate

Significant unanticipated increases in the use of bandwidth-intensive Internet-based services could increase our costs.

The rising popularity of bandwidth-intensive Internet-based services poses risks for our broadband services. Examples of such services include peer-to-peer file sharing services, gaming services and the delivery of video via streaming technology and by download. If heavy usage of bandwidth-intensive broadband services grows beyond our current expectations, we may need to incur more expenses than currently anticipated to expand the bandwidth capacity of our systems or our customers could have a suboptimal experience when using our broadband service. In order to continue to provide quality service at attractive prices, we need the continued flexibility to develop and refine business models that respond to changing consumer uses and demands and to manage bandwidth usage efficiently. Our ability to undertake such actions could be restricted by regulatory and legislative efforts to impose so-called "net neutrality" requirements on broadband communication providers like us that provide broadband services. For more information, see "Regulation—Broadband."

Our business depends on intellectual property rights and on not infringing on the intellectual property rights of others.

We rely on our patents, copyrights, trademarks and trade secrets, as well as licenses and other agreements with our vendors and other parties, to use our technologies, conduct our operations and

sell our products and services. Our intellectual property rights may be challenged and invalidated by third parties and may not be strong enough to provide meaningful commercial competitive advantage. Third parties have in the past, and may in the future, assert claims or initiate litigation related to exclusive patent, copyright, trademark and other intellectual property rights to technologies and related standards that are relevant to us. These assertions have increased over time as a result of our growth and the general increase in the pace of patent claims assertions, particularly in the United States. Because of the existence of a large number of patents in the networking field, the secrecy of some pending patents and the rapid rate of issuance of new patents, we believe it is not possible to determine in advance whether a product or any of its components infringes or will infringe on the patent rights of others. Asserted claims and/or initiated litigation can include claims against us or our manufacturers, suppliers or customers, alleging infringement of their proprietary rights with respect to our existing or future products and/or services or components of those products and/or services.

Regardless of the merit of these claims, they can be time-consuming, result in costly litigation and diversion of technical and management personnel, or require us to modify our business, develop a non-infringing technology, be enjoined from use of certain intellectual property, use alternate technology or enter into license agreements. There can be no assurance that licenses will be available on acceptable terms and conditions, if at all, or that our indemnification by our suppliers will be adequate to cover our costs if a claim were brought directly against us or our customers. Furthermore, because of the potential for high court awards that are not necessarily predictable, it is not unusual to find even arguably unmeritorious claims settled for significant amounts. If any infringement or other intellectual property claim made against us by any third party is successful, if we are required to indemnify a customer with respect to a claim against the customer, or if we fail to modify our business, develop non-infringing technology, use alternate technology or license the proprietary rights on commercially reasonable terms and conditions, our business, financial condition and results of operations could be materially adversely affected.

We may be liable for the material that content providers distribute over our networks.

The law relating to the liability of private network operators for information carried on, stored or disseminated through their networks is still unsettled. As such, we could be exposed to legal claims relating to content disseminated on our networks. Claims could challenge the accuracy of materials on our network or could involve matters such as defamation, invasion of privacy or copyright infringement. If we need to take costly measures to reduce our exposure to these risks or are required to defend ourselves against such claims, our business, reputation, financial condition and results of operations could be materially adversely affected.

If we are unable to retain key employees, our ability to manage our business could be adversely affected.

Our operational results have depended, and our future results will depend, upon the retention and continued performance of our management team. The competitive environment for management talent in the broadband communications industry could adversely impact our ability to retain and hire new key employees for management positions. The loss of the services of key members of management and the inability or delay in hiring new key employees could adversely affect our ability to manage our business and our future operational and financial results.

Impairment of Altice Group's reputation could adversely affect current and future customers' perception of Altice USA.

Our ability to attract and retain customers depends, in part, upon the external perceptions of Altice Group's reputation, the quality of its products and its corporate and management integrity. The broadband communications and video services industry is by its nature more prone to reputational risks than other industries. This has been compounded in recent years by the free flow of unverified

information on the Internet and, in particular, on social media. Impairment, including any loss of goodwill or reputational advantages, of Altice Group's reputation in markets in which we do not operate could adversely affect current and future customers' perception of Altice USA.

Macroeconomic developments may adversely affect our business.

Our performance is subject to global economic conditions and the related impact on consumer spending levels. Continued uncertainty about global economic conditions poses a risk as consumers and businesses may postpone spending in response to tighter credit, unemployment, negative financial news, and/or declines in income or asset values, which could have a material negative effect on demand for our products and services. As our business depends on consumer discretionary spending, our results of operations are sensitive to changes in macroeconomic conditions. Our customers may have less money for discretionary purchases as a result of job losses, foreclosures, bankruptcies, increased fuel and energy costs, higher interest rates, higher taxes, reduced access to credit, and lower home values. These and other economic factors could adversely affect demand for our products, which in turn could adversely affect our financial condition and results of operations.

Online piracy of entertainment and media content could result in reduced revenues and increased expenditures which could materially harm our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Online entertainment and media content piracy is extensive in many parts of the world and is made easier by technological advances. This trend facilitates the creation, transmission and sharing of high quality unauthorized copies of entertainment and media content. The proliferation of unauthorized copies of this content will likely continue, and if it does, could have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations because these products could reduce the revenue we receive for our products.

Additionally, in order to contain this problem, we may have to implement elaborate and costly security and antipiracy measures, which could result in significant expenses and losses of revenue. There can be no assurance that even the highest levels of security and anti-piracy measures will prevent piracy.

The MSG Distribution and the AMC Networks Distribution could result in significant tax liability.

We have received private letter rulings from the Internal Revenue Service (the "IRS") to the effect that, among other things, the MSG Distribution (whereby Optimum distributed to its stockholders all of the outstanding common stock of The Madison Square Garden Company ("Madison Square Garden"), a company which owns the sports, entertainment and media businesses previously owned and operated by Optimum) and the AMC Networks Distribution (whereby Optimum distributed to its stockholders all of the outstanding common stock of AMC Networks, a company which consisted principally of national programming networks, including AMC, WE tv, IFC and Sundance Channel, previously owned and operated by Optimum) and certain related transactions, will qualify for tax-free treatment under the Code.

Although a private letter ruling from the IRS generally is binding on the IRS, if the factual representations or assumptions made in the letter ruling request are untrue or incomplete in any material respect, we will not be able to rely on the ruling. Furthermore, the IRS will not rule on whether a distribution satisfies certain requirements necessary to obtain tax-free treatment under the Code. Rather, the ruling is based upon our representations that these conditions have been satisfied, and any inaccuracy in such representations could invalidate the ruling.

If the MSG Distribution or the AMC Networks Distribution does not qualify for tax-free treatment for U.S. federal income tax purposes, then, in general, we would be subject to tax as if we had sold the Madison Square Garden common stock or AMC Networks common stock, as the case may be, in a taxable sale for its fair value. Optimum stockholders at the time of the distributions would be subject to tax as if they had received a distribution equal to the fair value of Madison Square Garden common

stock or AMC Networks common stock, as the case may be, that was distributed to them, which generally would be treated as a taxable dividend. It is expected that the amount of any such taxes to Optimum's stockholders and us would be substantial.

Risk Factors Relating to Regulatory and Legislative Matters

Our business is subject to extensive governmental legislation and regulation, which could adversely affect our business, increase our operational and administrative expenses and limit our revenues.

Regulation of our industry has increased broadband communications companies' operational and administrative expenses and limited their revenues. Broadband communications companies are subject to, among other things:

- · rules governing the provisioning and marketing of cable equipment and compatibility with new digital technologies;
- rules and regulations relating to data protection and customer and employee privacy;
- rules establishing limited rate regulation of video service;
- rules governing the copyright royalties that must be paid for retransmitting broadcast signals;
- rules governing when a cable system must carry a particular broadcast station and when it must first obtain retransmission consent to carry a broadcast station;
- rules governing the provision of channel capacity to unaffiliated commercial leased access programmers;
- rules limiting the ability to enter into exclusive agreements with MDUs and control inside wiring;
- · rules, regulations and regulatory policies relating to the provision of broadband service, including new "net neutrality" requirements;
- rules, regulations and regulatory policies relating to the provision of telephony services;
- rules for franchise renewals and transfers; and
- other requirements covering a variety of operational areas such as equal employment opportunity, emergency alert systems, disability access, technical standards and customer service and consumer protection requirements.

Many aspects of these regulations are currently the subject of judicial proceedings and administrative or legislative proposals. There are also ongoing efforts to amend or expand the federal, state and local regulation of some of our cable systems, which may compound the regulatory risks we already face, and proposals that might make it easier for our employees to unionize. The federal Internet Tax Freedom Act, which prohibited many taxes on Internet access service, but was subject to periodic renewals, was recently modified so that the collection of taxes on Internet service is now permanently prohibited. Certain states and localities are considering new cable and telecommunications taxes that could increase operating expenses. Certain states are also considering adopting energy efficiency regulations governing the operation of equipment that we use, which could constrain innovation. Congress has recently considered whether to rewrite the entire Communications Act of 1934, as amended (the "Communications Act") to account for changes in the communications marketplace or to adopt more focused changes. In response to recent data breaches and increasing concerns regarding the protection of consumers' personal information, Congress and regulatory agencies are considering the adoption of new privacy and data security laws and regulations that could result in additional privacy, as well as network and information security, requirements for our business. These new laws, as well as existing legal and regulatory obligations, could require significant expenditures.

Additionally, there have been statements by federal government officials indicating that some laws and regulations applicable to our industry may be repealed or modified in a way that could be favorable to us and our competitors. There can be no assurance that any such repeal or modification will be beneficial to us or will not be more beneficial to our current and future competitors.

Our cable system franchises are subject to non-renewal or termination. The failure to renew a franchise in one or more key markets could adversely affect our business.

Our cable systems generally operate pursuant to franchises, permits and similar authorizations issued by a state or local governmental authority controlling the public rights-of-way. Some franchises establish comprehensive facilities and service requirements, as well as specific customer service standards and monetary penalties for non-compliance. In many cases, franchises are terminable if the franchisee fails to comply with significant provisions set forth in the franchise agreement governing system operations. Franchises are generally granted for fixed terms and must be periodically renewed. Franchising authorities may resist granting a renewal if either past performance or the prospective operating proposal is considered inadequate. Franchise authorities often demand concessions or other commitments as a condition to renewal. In some instances, local franchises have not been renewed at expiration, and we have operated and are operating under either temporary operating agreements or without a franchise while negotiating renewal terms with the local franchising authorities.

As of March 31, 2017, one of our largest franchises, the Town of Hempstead, New York, comprising an aggregate of approximately 85,000 pay television customers, was expired. We are currently lawfully operating in the Town of Hempstead, New York franchise area under temporary authority recognized by the State of New York. Lightpath holds a franchise from New York City that expired on December 20, 2008 and the renewal process is ongoing. We believe New York City is treating the expiration date of this franchise as extended until a formal determination on renewal is made, but there can be no assurance that we will be successful in renewing this franchise on anticipated terms or at all. We expect to renew or continue to operate under all or substantially all of our franchises.

The traditional cable franchising regime is currently undergoing significant change as a result of various federal and state actions. Some state franchising laws do not allow incumbent operators like us to immediately opt into favorable statewide franchising as quickly as new entrants, and often require us to retain certain franchise obligations that are more burdensome than those applied to new entrants.

We cannot assure you that we will be able to comply with all significant provisions of our franchise agreements and certain of our franchisors have from time to time alleged that we have not complied with these agreements. Additionally, although historically we have renewed our franchises without incurring significant costs, we cannot assure you that we will be able to renew, or to renew on terms as favorable, our franchises in the future. A termination of or a sustained failure to renew a franchise in one or more key markets could adversely affect our business in the affected geographic area.

Our cable system franchises are non-exclusive. Accordingly, local and state franchising authorities can grant additional franchises and create competition in market areas where none existed previously, resulting in overbuilds, which could adversely affect our results of operations.

Cable systems are operated under non-exclusive franchises historically granted by local authorities. More than one cable system may legally be built in the same area, which is referred to as an overbuild. It is possible that a franchising authority might grant a second franchise to another cable operator and that such franchise might contain terms and conditions more favorable than those afforded to us. Although entry into the cable industry involves significant cost barriers and risks, well-financed businesses from outside the cable industry, such as public utilities that already possess fiber optic and other transmission lines in the areas they serve, may over time become competitors. In addition, there

are a few cities that have constructed their own cable systems, in a manner similar to city-provided utility services, and private cable companies not affiliated with established local exchange carriers have also demonstrated an interest in constructing overbuilds. We believe that for any potential competitor to be successful, such competitor's overbuild would need to be able to serve the homes and businesses in the overbuilt area with equal or better service quality, on a more cost-effective basis than we can.

In some cases, local government entities and municipal utilities may legally compete with us without securing a local franchise or on more favorable franchise terms. There are federal legislative and regulatory proposals now pending regarding the ability of municipalities to construct and deploy broadband facilities that could compete with our cable systems. In addition, certain telephone companies are seeking authority to operate in communities without first obtaining a local franchise. As a result, competing operators may build systems in areas in which we hold franchises. The FCC has adopted rules that streamline entry for new competitors (including those affiliated with telephone companies) and reduce franchising burdens for these new entrants. At the same time, a substantial number of states have adopted new franchising laws. Again, these laws were principally designed to streamline entry for new competitors, and they often provide advantages for these new entrants that are not immediately available to existing operators. As a result of these new franchising laws and regulations, we have seen an increase in the number of competitive cable franchises or operating certificates being issued, and we anticipate that trend to

We believe the markets we serve are not significantly overbuilt. However, the FCC and some state regulatory commissions direct certain subsidies to entities deploying broadband to areas deemed to be "unserved" or "underserved." Many other organizations have applied for and received these funds, including broadband services competitors and new entrants into such services. We have generally opposed such subsidies when directed to areas that we serve and have deployed broadband capable networks. Despite those efforts, we could be placed at a competitive disadvantage if recipients use these funds to subsidize services that compete with our broadband services.

Local franchising authorities have the ability to impose additional regulatory constraints on our business, which could reduce our revenues or increase our expenses.

In addition to the franchise agreement, local franchising authorities in some jurisdictions have adopted cable regulatory ordinances that further regulate the operation of cable systems. This additional regulation increases the cost of operating our business. For example, some local franchising authorities impose minimum customer service standards on our operations. There are no assurances that the local franchising authorities will not impose new and more restrictive requirements. Local franchising authorities who are certified to regulate rates generally have the power to reduce rates and order refunds on the rates charged for basic service and equipment, which could reduce our revenues.

Further regulation of the cable industry could restrict our marketing options or impair our ability to raise rates to cover our increasing costs.

The cable industry has operated under a federal rate regulation regime for approximately two decades. Currently, rate regulation is strictly limited to the basic service tier and associated equipment and installation activities. Our franchise authorities have not certified to exercise this limited rate regulation authority, and they would now need to demonstrate the absence of "effective competition" (as defined under federal law) as part of any rate regulation certification. However, the FCC and Congress continue to be concerned that cable rate increases are exceeding inflation. It is possible that either the FCC or Congress will adopt more extensive rate regulation for our pay television services or regulate our other services, such as broadband and telephony services, which could impede our ability to raise rates, or require rate reductions. To the extent we are unable to raise our rates in response to increasing costs, or are required to reduce our rates, our business, financial condition, results of operations and liquidity will be materially adversely affected. There has been legislative and regulatory

interest in requiring cable operators to offer historically bundled programming services on an à la carte basis. It is possible that new marketing restrictions could be adopted in the future. These restrictions could affect how we provide, and limit, customer equipment used in connection with our services and how we provide access to video programming beyond conventional cable delivery. A recent FCC proposal that would require MVPDs to accommodate third-party devices through the provision of multiple "information flows" to third-party devices could, if adopted, adversely affect our relationship with our customers and programmers and our operations. It is also possible that regulations will be adopted affecting the negotiations between MVPDs (like us) and programmers. While these regulations might provide us with additional rights and protections in our programming negotiations, they might also limit our flexibility in ways that adversely affect our operations.

We may be materially adversely affected by regulatory changes related to pole attachment costs.

Pole attachments are cable wires that are attached to utility poles. Cable system pole attachments to utility poles historically have been regulated at the federal or state level, generally resulting in favorable pole attachment rates for attachments used to provide cable service. Any changes in the current pole attachment approach could result in a substantial increase in our pole attachment costs.

Changes in channel carriage regulations could impose significant additional costs on us.

Cable operators also face significant regulation affecting the carriage of broadcast and other programming channels. We can be required to devote substantial capacity to the carriage of programming that we might not otherwise carry voluntarily, including certain local broadcast signals; local public, educational and governmental access programming; and unaffiliated, commercial leased access programming (channel capacity designated for use by programmers unaffiliated with the cable operator). Regulatory changes in this area could disrupt existing programming commitments, interfere with our preferred use of limited channel capacity and limit our ability to offer services that would maximize our revenue potential. It is possible that other legal restraints will be adopted limiting our discretion over programming decisions.

Increasing regulation of our Internet-based products and services could adversely affect our ability to provide new products and services.

On February 26, 2015, the FCC adopted a new "network neutrality" or Open Internet order (the "2015 Order") that: (1) reclassified broadband Internet access service as a Title II common carrier service, (2) applied certain existing Title II provisions and associated regulations; (3) forbore from applying a range of other existing Title II provisions and associated regulations, but to varying degrees indicated that this forbearance may be only temporary and (4) issued new rules expanding disclosure requirements and prohibiting blocking, throttling, paid prioritization and unreasonable interference with the ability of end users and edge providers to reach each other. The 2015 Order also subjected broadband providers' Internet traffic exchange rates and practices to potential FCC oversight and created a mechanism for third parties to file complaints regarding these matters. The 2015 Order has been appealed by multiple parties, but the rules are currently in effect. The 2015 Order could limit our ability to efficiently manage our cable systems and respond to operational and competitive challenges.

Offering telephone services may subject us to additional regulatory burdens, causing us to incur additional costs.

We offer telephone services over our broadband network and continue to develop and deploy interconnected VoIP services. The FCC has ruled that competitive telephone companies that support VoIP services, such as those that we offer to our customers, are entitled to interconnect with incumbent providers of traditional telecommunications services, which ensures that our VoIP services can operate in the market. However, the scope of these interconnection rights are being reviewed in a current

FCC proceeding, which may affect our ability to compete in the provision of telephony services or result in additional costs. It remains unclear precisely to what extent federal and state regulators will subject VoIP services to traditional telephone service regulation. Expanding our offering of these services may require us to obtain certain authorizations, including federal and state licenses. We may not be able to obtain such authorizations in a timely manner, or conditions could be imposed upon such licenses or authorizations that may not be favorable to us. The FCC has already extended certain traditional telecommunications requirements, such as E911 capabilities, Universal Service Fund contribution, Communications Assistance for Law Enforcement Act ("CALEA"), measures to protect Customer Proprietary Network Information, customer privacy, disability access, number porting, battery back-up, network outage reporting, rural call completion reporting and other regulatory requirements to many VoIP providers such as us. If additional telecommunications regulations are applied to our VoIP service, it could cause us to incur additional costs and may otherwise materially adversely impact our operations. In 2011, the FCC released an order significantly changing the rules governing intercarrier compensation for the origination and termination of telephone traffic between interconnected carriers. These rules have resulted in a substantial decrease in interstate compensation payments over a multi-year period. Further, the FCC's initiative to collect data concerning certain point to point transport ("special access") services we provide could result in additional regulatory burdens and additional costs.

We may be materially adversely affected by regulatory, legal and economic changes relating to our physical plant.

Our systems depend on physical facilities, including transmission equipment and miles of fiber and coaxial cable. Significant portions of those physical facilities occupy public rights-of-way and are subject to local ordinances and governmental regulations. Other portions occupy private property under express or implied easements, and many miles of the cable are attached to utility poles governed by pole attachment agreements. No assurances can be given that we will be able to maintain and use our facilities in their current locations and at their current costs. Changes in governmental regulations or changes in these relationships could have a material adverse effect on our business and our results of operations.

Changes in tax legislation could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

The current administration and the Republican members of the U.S. House of Representatives have publicly stated that one of their top legislative priorities is significant reform of the U.S. federal income tax legislation, including significant changes to the taxation of business entities. Changes in U.S. federal income tax legislation may adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations. The timing and details of any tax reform, as well as the impact it may have on us, remain unclear.

Risk Factors Relating to This Offering and Ownership of Our Class A Common Stock

Prior to this offering, no market existed for our Class A common stock and we cannot assure you that an active, liquid trading market will develop for our Class A common stock.

Prior to this offering, there has been no public market for shares of our Class A common stock. We cannot predict the extent to which investor interest in our Company will lead to the development and sustainment of an active trading market on the NYSE or otherwise, or how liquid that market might become. A public trading market having the desirable characteristics of depth, liquidity and orderliness depends upon the existence of willing buyers and sellers at any given time, such existence being dependent upon the individual decisions of buyers and sellers over which neither we nor any market maker has control. If an active and liquid trading market does not develop, you may have difficulty selling any shares of our Class A common stock that you purchase in this initial public

offering and the value of our Class A common stock may be materially adversely affected. The initial public offering price for the shares of our Class A common stock was determined by negotiations between us, the selling stockholders and the representatives of the underwriters, and may not be indicative of prices that will prevail in the open market following this offering. The market price of our Class A common stock may decline below the initial public offering price, and you may not be able to sell your shares of our Class A common stock at or above the price you paid in this offering, or at all. An inactive and illiquid trading market may also impair our ability to raise capital to continue to fund operations by selling shares of our Class A common stock at or above the price you paid in this offering, or at all. An inactive and illiquid trading market may also impair our ability to raise capital to continue to fund operations by selling shares of our Class A common stock as consideration.

You will experience immediate and substantial dilution in the net tangible book value of the shares of Class A common stock you purchase in this offering.

If you purchase shares of our Class A common stock in this offering you will experience immediate and substantial dilution, as the initial public offering price of our Class A common stock will be substantially greater than the pro forma net tangible book value per share of our Class A common stock. If you purchase our Class A common stock in this offering, you will suffer immediate and substantial dilution of approximately \$61.11 per share, representing the difference between our pro forma net tangible book deficit per share after giving effect to this offering and the initial public offering price.

Your percentage ownership in us may be diluted by future issuances of capital stock, which could reduce your influence over matters on which stockholders vote.

Pursuant to our amended and restated certificate of incorporation, our board of directors will have the authority, without action or vote of our stockholders, to issue all or any part of our authorized but unissued shares of Class A common stock, including shares issuable upon the exercise of options, Class B common stock, Class C common stock or shares of our authorized but unissued preferred stock. We may issue such capital stock to meet a number of our business needs, including funding any potential acquisitions or other strategic transactions. Issuances of Class A common stock, Class B common stock or voting preferred stock could reduce your influence over matters on which our stockholders vote and, in the case of issuances of preferred stock, would likely result in your interest in us being subject to the prior rights of holders of that preferred stock.

If the market price of our Class A common stock is volatile after this offering, you could lose a significant part of your investment.

Securities markets often experience significant price and volume fluctuations, so even if a trading market develops, the market price of our Class A common stock may be highly volatile and could be subject to wide fluctuations. The market price of our Class A common stock will be influenced by many factors, some of which are beyond our control, including those described above in "—Risk Factors Relating to Our Business" and including, but not limited to, the following:

- the failure of securities analysts to cover our Class A common stock after this offering or changes in financial estimates by analysts;
- the inability to meet the financial estimates of analysts who follow our Class A common stock;
- strategic actions by us or our competitors;
- announcements by us or our competitors of significant contracts, acquisitions, joint marketing relationships, joint ventures or capital commitments;
- introduction of new products or services by us or our competitors;

- variations in our quarterly operating results and those of our competitors;
- variations in Altice N.V.'s operating results and the market price of its shares;
- additions or departures of key personnel;
- general economic and stock market conditions;
- risks related to our business and our industry, including those discussed above;
- changes in conditions or trends in our industry, markets or customers;
- regulatory, legal or political developments;
- changes in accounting principles;
- changes in tax legislation and regulations;
- litigation and governmental investigations;
- terrorist acts;
- future sales of our Class A common stock or other securities;
- · default under agreements governing our indebtedness; and
- · investor perceptions of the investment opportunity associated with our Class A common stock relative to other investment alternatives.

As a result of these and other factors, investors in our Class A common stock may not be able to resell their shares at or above the initial offering price or may not be able to resell them at all. These broad market and industry factors may materially reduce the market price of our Class A common stock, regardless of our operating performance. In addition, price volatility may be greater if the public float and trading volume of our Class A common stock is low.

Because we have no current plans to pay cash dividends on our Class A common stock for the foreseeable future, you may not receive any return on investment unless you sell your Class A common stock for a price greater than that which you paid for it.

We intend to retain future earnings, if any, for future operations, expansion and debt repayment and have no current plans to pay any cash dividends for the foreseeable future. The declaration, amount and payment of any future dividends on shares of Class A common stock will be at the sole discretion of our board of directors. Our board of directors may take into account general and economic conditions, our financial condition and results of operations, our available cash and current and anticipated cash needs, capital requirements, contractual, legal, tax and regulatory restrictions and implications on the payment of dividends by us to our stockholders or by our subsidiaries to us and such other factors as our board of directors may deem relevant. In addition, our ability to pay dividends is limited by covenants contained in the agreements governing our existing indebtedness and may be limited by covenants contained in any future indebtedness we or our subsidiaries incur. As a result, you may not receive any return on an investment in our Class A common stock unless you sell our Class A common stock for a price greater than that which you paid for it. For more information, see "Dividend Policy."

Future sales, or the perception of future sales, by us or our existing stockholders in the public market following this offering could cause the market price for our Class A common stock to decline.

After this offering, the sale of substantial amounts of shares of our Class A common stock in the public market, or the perception that such sales could occur, could cause the prevailing market price of shares of our Class A common stock to decline. These sales, or the possibility that these sales may

occur, also might make it more difficult for us to sell equity securities in the future at a time and at a price that we deem appropriate.

Upon consummation of this offering we will have a total of 737,068,966 shares of Class A common stock outstanding. All of the shares of Class A common stock sold in this offering will be freely tradable without restriction or further registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act").

Any shares held by our affiliates, as that term is defined under Rule 144 of the Securities Act ("Rule 144"), including Altice N.V. and its affiliates, may be sold only in compliance with the limitations described in "Shares Eligible for Future Sale."

The remaining shares will be "restricted securities" within the meaning of Rule 144 and subject to certain restrictions on resale following the consummation of this offering. Restricted securities may be sold in the public market only if they are registered under the Securities Act or are sold pursuant to an exemption from registration such as Rule 144, as described in "Shares Eligible for Future Sale."

We and our executive officers, directors, and holders of substantially all of our common stock have agreed with the underwriters, subject to certain exceptions, not to dispose of or hedge any of our or their common stock or securities convertible into or exchangeable for shares of common stock during the period from the date of this prospectus continuing through the date 180 days after the date of this prospectus, except with the prior written consent of J.P. Morgan Securities LLC and Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC.

Upon the expiration of the lock-up agreements, the remaining shares will be eligible for resale, which would be subject to volume, manner of sale and other limitations under Rule 144. In addition, pursuant to a stockholders and registration rights agreement, our existing owners have the right, subject to certain conditions, to require us to register the sale of their shares of our Class A common stock, or shares of Class A common stock issuable on conversion of shares of Class B common stock under the Securities Act. By exercising their registration rights and selling a large number of shares, our existing owners could cause the prevailing market price of our Class A common stock to decline. Following completion of this offering, the shares covered by registration rights would represent approximately 79.6% of our outstanding Class A common stock (or 77.5%, if the underwriters exercise in full their option to purchase additional shares). Registration of any of these outstanding shares of Class A common stock would result in such shares becoming freely tradable without compliance with Rule 144 upon effectiveness of the registration statement. See "Shares Eligible for Future Sale."

In addition, we intend to file one or more registration statements on Form S-8 under the Securities Act to register shares of our Class A common stock or securities convertible into or exchangeable for shares of our Class A common stock issued pursuant to the Altice USA 2017 Long Term Incentive Plan. Any such Form S-8 registration statements will automatically become effective upon filing. Shares registered under any such registration statement would be available for sale in the public market following the effective date, unless such shares are subject to vesting restrictions with us, Rule 144 restrictions applicable to our affiliates or the lock-up agreements described elsewhere in this prospectus.

As restrictions on resale end or if these stockholders exercise their registration rights, the market price of our Class A common stock could drop significantly if the holders of Class A common stock sell them or are perceived by the market as intending to sell them. These factors could also make it more difficult for us to raise additional funds through future offerings of our Class A common stock or other securities. In the future, we may also issue our securities in connection with investments or acquisitions. The amount of shares of our Class A common stock or Class C common stock issued in connection with an investment or acquisition could constitute a material portion of then-outstanding shares of our

Class A common stock. Any issuance of additional securities in connection with investments or acquisitions may result in additional dilution to you.

The tri-class structure of our common stock has the effect of concentrating voting control with Altice N.V. and its affiliates. This will limit or preclude your ability to influence corporate matters, including the election of directors, amendments of our organizational documents and any merger, consolidation, sale of all or substantially all of our assets or other major corporate transaction requiring stockholder approval. Shares of Class B common stock will not automatically convert to shares of Class A common stock upon transfer to a third party.

Following this offering, our Class B common stock will have twenty-five votes per share and our Class A common stock, which is the stock we are offering in this offering, will have one vote per share. If we issue any shares of Class C common stock, they will be non-voting. Immediately following the completion of this offering, Altice Parties will indirectly hold in the aggregate 98.5% of the voting power of our capital stock.

Because of the twenty-five to one voting ratio between our Class B common stock and Class A common stock, Altice N.V. and its affiliates will continue to control a majority of the combined voting power of our capital stock and therefore be able to control all matters submitted to our stockholders for approval until such date as the holders of a majority of our Class B common stock choose to voluntarily convert their shares into shares of Class A common stock and cease to own shares of our capital stock entitling them to cast a majority of the outstanding votes. This concentrated control will limit or preclude your ability to influence corporate matters for the foreseeable future, including the election of directors, amendments of our organizational documents and any merger, consolidation, sale of all or substantially all of our assets or other major corporate transaction requiring stockholder approval. The disparate voting rights of our common stock may also prevent or discourage unsolicited acquisition proposals or offers for our capital stock that you may feel are in your best interest as one of our stockholders. For additional information, see "Description of Capital Stock."

Shares of our Class B common stock will be convertible into shares of our Class A common stock at the option of the holder at any time. Our amended and restated certificate of incorporation will not provide for the automatic conversion of shares of Class B common stock upon transfer under any circumstances. The holders of Class B common stock thus will be free to transfer them without converting them into shares of Class A common stock.

Altice N.V. and Mr. Drahi will continue to control us and their interests may conflict with ours or yours in the future.

The beneficial ownership interests of Altice Parties following the offering will depend on the price of the shares offered and the number of shares sold. Immediately following this offering, Altice Parties will own 75.2% of our issued and outstanding Class A and Class B common stock which will represent approximately 98.5% of the voting power of our outstanding capital stock. So long as Altice N.V. continues to own common stock representing a substantial portion of the voting power of our capital stock, Altice N.V. and, through his control of Altice N.V., Mr. Drahi, will be able to significantly influence the composition of our board of directors and thereby influence our policies and operations, including the appointment of management, future issuances of our common stock or other securities, the payment of dividends, if any, on our common stock, the incurrence or modification of debt by us, amendments to our amended and restated certificate of incorporation and amended and restated bylaws and the entering into of extraordinary transactions, and their interests may not in all cases be aligned with your interests. In addition, Altice N.V. may have an interest in pursuing acquisitions, divestitures and other transactions that, in its judgment, could enhance its investment or improve its financial condition, even though such transactions might involve risks to you. For example, Altice N.V.

could cause us to make acquisitions that increase our indebtedness or cause us to sell revenue-generating assets.

So long as Altice N.V. continues to hold a substantial portion of the voting power of our capital stock, Altice N.V. and, through his control of Altice N.V., Mr. Drahi, will continue to be able to significantly influence or effectively control our decisions. In addition, Altice N.V. will be able to determine the outcome of all matters requiring stockholder approval and will be able to cause or prevent a change of control of the Company or a change in the composition of our board of directors and could preclude any unsolicited acquisition of the Company. The concentration of ownership could deprive you of an opportunity to receive a premium for your shares of our Class A common stock as part of a sale of the Company and ultimately might affect the market price of our Class A common stock.

In addition, we have entered into agreements with affiliates of Altice N.V. pursuant to which they provide us software and network equipment, design and development services, technical services and support for our customers and proprietary content, for which we compensate them on a regular basis. A subsidiary of Altice N.V. also provides consulting, advisory and other services to us in connection with our acquisitions, divestitures, investments, capital raising, financial and business affairs for a quarterly fee. The subsidiary will assign the agreement under which it provides these services to us to Altice N.V. prior to the closing of this offering. If conflicts arise between us and Altice N.V., these conflicts could be resolved in a manner that is unfavorable to us and as a result, our business, financial condition and results of operations could be materially adversely affected. See "Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions." In addition, if Altice N.V. ceases to control us or we otherwise lose access to the services and expertise available to us through Altice N.V., including, for example, ATS and Altice Labs, our business, financial condition and results of operations could be adversely affected.

Anti-takeover provisions in our organizational documents could delay or prevent a change of control transaction.

Certain provisions of our amended and restated certificate of incorporation and amended and restated bylaws that will be in effect on the closing of this offering may have an anti-takeover effect and may delay, defer or prevent a merger, acquisition, tender offer, takeover attempt or other change of control transaction that a stockholder might consider in its best interest, including those attempts that might result in a premium over the market price for the shares held by our stockholders.

These provisions will provide for, among other things:

- a tri-class common stock structure, as a result of which Altice N.V. generally will be able to control the outcome of all matters requiring stockholder approval, including the election of directors and significant corporate transactions, such as a merger or other sale of our company or its assets;
- the ability of our board of directors to, without further action by our stockholders, fix the rights, preferences, privileges and restrictions of up to an aggregate of 100,000,000 shares of preferred stock in one or more series and authorize their issuance; and
- the ability of stockholders holding a majority of the voting power of our capital stock to call a special meeting of stockholders.

These anti-takeover provisions could make it more difficult for a third party to acquire us, even if the third-party's offer may be considered beneficial by many of our stockholders. As a result, our stockholders may be limited in their ability to obtain a premium for their shares of our Class A common stock. See "Description of Capital Stock." In addition, so long as Altice N.V. continues to hold a significant amount of our combined voting power it will be able to prevent a change of control of the Company.

Holders of a single series of our common stock may not have any remedies if an action by our directors has an adverse effect on only that series of our common stock.

Under Delaware law, the board of directors has a duty to act with due care and in the best interests of all of our stockholders, including the holders of all series of our common stock. Principles of Delaware law established in cases involving differing treatment of multiple classes or series of stock provide that a board of directors owes an equal duty to all common stockholders regardless of class or series and does not have separate or additional duties to any group of stockholders. As a result, in some circumstances, our directors may be required to make a decision that could be viewed as adverse to the holders of one series of our common stock. Under the principles of Delaware law and the business judgment rule, holders may not be able to successfully challenge decisions that they believe have a disparate impact upon the holders of one series of our stock if our board of directors is disinterested and independent with respect to the action taken, is adequately informed with respect to the action taken and acts in good faith and in the honest belief that the board is acting in the best interest of all of our stockholders.

We will continue to be a "controlled company" within the meaning of the rules of the NYSE. As a result, we will qualify for, and intend to rely on, exemptions from certain corporate governance requirements that would otherwise provide protection to stockholders of other companies.

After completion of this offering, Altice N.V. will continue to control a majority of the voting power of our capital stock. As a result, we will be a "controlled company" within the meaning of the corporate governance standards of the NYSE. Under these rules, a company of which more than 50% of the voting power is held by an individual, group or another company is a "controlled company" and may elect not to comply with certain corporate governance requirements, including:

- the requirement that a majority of our board of directors consists of "independent directors" as defined under the rules of the NYSE;
- the requirement that we have a governance and nominating committee; and
- the requirement that the compensation of our executive officers be determined, or recommended to our board of directors for determination, by a compensation committee comprised solely of independent directors with a written charter addressing the committees' purpose and responsibilities.

Consistent with these exemptions, upon listing with the NYSE we do not intend to have (i) a majority of independent directors on our board of directors; (ii) a fully independent compensation committee; or (iii) a nominating and governance committee. Accordingly, you will not have the same protections afforded to stockholders of companies that are subject to all of the corporate governance requirements of the NYSE.

We will incur increased costs as a result of becoming a public company and in the administration of our organizational structure.

As a public company, we will incur significant legal, accounting, insurance and other expenses that we have not incurred as a private company, including costs associated with public company reporting requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (the "Sarbanes-Oxley Act"), the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act of 2010, the listing requirements of the NYSE and other applicable securities laws and regulations. We also have incurred and will incur costs associated with the Sarbanes-Oxley Act and related rules implemented by the SEC. Following the completion of this offering, we will incur ongoing periodic expenses in connection with the administration of our organizational structure. The expenses incurred by public companies generally for reporting and corporate governance purposes have been

increasing. We expect these rules and regulations to increase our legal and financial compliance costs and to make some activities more time-consuming and costly, although we are currently unable to estimate these costs with any degree of certainty. These laws and regulations could also make it more difficult or costly for us to obtain certain types of insurance, including director and officer liability insurance, and we may be forced to accept reduced policy limits and coverage or incur substantially higher costs to obtain the same or similar coverage. If these requirements divert the attention of our management and personnel from other business concerns, they could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations. These laws and regulations could also make it more difficult for us to attract and retain qualified persons to serve on our board of directors, our board committees or as our executive officers. Furthermore, if we are unable to satisfy our obligations as a public company, we could be subject to delisting of our Class A common stock, fines, sanctions and other regulatory action and potentially civil litigation.

Failure to achieve and maintain effective internal controls in accordance with Section 404 of Sarbanes-Oxley could have a material adverse effect on our business and stock price.

We are not currently required to comply with the rules of the SEC implementing Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act and therefore are not required to make a formal assessment of the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting for that purpose. As a public company, we will be required to document and test our internal control procedures in order to satisfy the requirements of Section 404 of Sarbanes-Oxley, which will require annual management assessments of the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting and a report by our independent registered public accounting firm that addresses the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting. During the course of our testing, we may identify deficiencies which we may not be able to remediate in time to meet our deadline for compliance with Section 404. If our management cannot favorably assess the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting or our auditors identify material weaknesses in our internal controls, investor confidence in our financial results may weaken, and our stock price may suffer, and we could become subject to investigations by the NYSE, the SEC or other regulatory authorities, which could require additional financial and management resources.

If securities or industry analysts do not publish research or reports about our business, if they adversely change their recommendations regarding our Class A common stock or if our operating results do not meet their expectations, the market price of our Class A common stock could decline.

The trading market for our Class A common stock will be influenced by the research and reports that industry or securities analysts publish about us or our business. We do not have any control over these analysts. If one or more of these analysts cease coverage of our company or fail to publish reports on us regularly, we could lose visibility in the financial markets, which in turn could cause our stock price or trading volume to decline. Moreover, if one or more of the analysts who cover our company downgrades our Class A common stock or if our operating results do not meet their expectations, the market price of our Class A common stock could decline.

In addition, Altice N.V. is a publicly listed company traded on the Euronext and is subject to equity market volatility, general economic conditions and regulatory changes which may adversely affect the market price of the Altice N.V. ordinary shares. Altice N.V. is currently controlled by Next Alt S.á r.l., a company that is controlled by Mr. Drahi. Next Alt S.á r.l. could sell a substantial number of ordinary shares of Altice N.V. in the public market and such sales, or the perception that such sales could occur, may materially and adversely affect the market price of Altice N.V.'s ordinary shares. A decrease in Altice N.V. share price could negatively affect the market price of our Class A common stock.

We could be subject to securities class action litigation.

In the past, securities class action litigation has often been instituted against companies whose securities have experienced periods of volatility in market price. Securities litigation brought against us following volatility in the price of our Class A common stock, regardless of the merit or ultimate results of such litigation, could result in substantial costs, which would hurt our financial condition and results of operations and divert management's attention and resources from our business.

We will have broad discretion in the use of the net proceeds to us from this offering and may not use them effectively.

We will have broad discretion in the application of the net proceeds to us from this offering, including for any of the purposes described in the section titled "Use of Proceeds," and you will not have the opportunity as part of your investment decision to assess whether the net proceeds are being used appropriately. Because of the number and variability of factors that will determine our use of the net proceeds from this offering, their ultimate use may vary substantially from their currently intended use. The failure by our management to apply these funds effectively could harm our business. Pending their use, we may invest the net proceeds from this offering in short-term, investment-grade interest-bearing securities such as money market accounts, certificates of deposit, commercial paper, and guaranteed obligations of the U.S. government that may not generate a high yield to our stockholders. These investments may not yield a favorable return to our investors.

Our amended and restated bylaws will provide that the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware will be the exclusive forum for substantially all disputes between us and our stockholders, which could limit our stockholders' ability to obtain a favorable judicial forum for disputes with us or our directors, officers or other stockholders.

Our amended and restated bylaws that will be in effect on the closing of this offering will provide that the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware (or, if the Court of Chancery does not have jurisdiction, another state or federal court located in the State of Delaware) shall be the exclusive forum for: (i) any derivative action or proceeding brought in our name or on our behalf; (ii) any action asserting a breach of fiduciary duty; (iii) any action asserting a claim against us arising under the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware ("DGCL"); (iv) any action regarding our amended and restated certificate of incorporation or our amended and restated bylaws; or (v) any action asserting a claim against us that is governed by the internal affairs doctrine. Our amended and restated bylaws will permit our board of directors to approve the selection of an alternative forum. Unless waived, this exclusive forum provision may limit a stockholder's ability to bring a claim in a judicial forum that it finds favorable for disputes with us or our directors, officers or other stockholders, which may discourage such lawsuits against us and our directors, officers and other stockholders. Alternatively, if a court were to find this provision in our amended and restated bylaws to be inapplicable or unenforceable in an action, we may incur additional costs associated with resolving such action in other jurisdictions, which could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

CAUTIONARY STATEMENT REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This prospectus includes statements that express our opinions, expectations, beliefs, plans, objectives, assumptions or projections regarding future events or future results and therefore are, or may be deemed to be, "forward-looking statements." These "forward-looking statements" appear throughout this prospectus, including in sections entitled "Prospectus Summary," Risk Factors," "Management's Discussion of Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and "Business" and relate to matters such as anticipated future growth in revenues, operating income, cash provided by operating activities and other financial measures. Words such as "expects," "anticipates," "believes," "estimates," "may," "will," "should," "could," "seeks," "potential," "continue," "intends," "plans" and similar words and terms used in the discussion of future operating results, future financial performance and future events identify forward-looking statements in this prospectus. All of these forward-looking statements are based on management's current expectations and beliefs about future events. As with any projection or forecast, they are susceptible to uncertainty and changes in circumstances.

We operate in a highly competitive, consumer and technology driven and rapidly changing business that is affected by government regulation and economic, strategic, technological, political and social conditions. Various factors could adversely affect our operations, business or financial results in the future and cause our actual results to differ materially from those contained in the forward-looking statements, including those factors discussed under "Risk Factors" in this prospectus. In addition, important factors that could cause our actual results to differ materially from those in our forward-looking statements include:

- competition for broadband, pay television and telephony customers from existing competitors (such as broadband communications companies, DBS providers and Internet-based providers) and new competitors entering our footprint;
- changes in consumer preferences, laws and regulations or technology that may cause us to change our operational strategies;
- · increased difficulty negotiating programming agreements on favorable terms, if at all, resulting in increased costs to us and/or the loss of popular programming;
- increasing programming costs and delivery expenses related to our products and services;
- our ability to achieve anticipated customer and revenue growth, to successfully introduce new products and services and to implement our growth strategy;
- our ability to complete our capital investment plans on time and on budget, including our five-year plan to build a FTTH network and deploy our new home communications hub;
- the effects of economic conditions or other factors which may negatively affect our customers' demand for our products and services;
- the effects of industry conditions;
- demand for advertising on our cable systems;
- · our substantial indebtedness and debt service obligations;
- adverse changes in the credit market;
- financial community and rating agency perceptions of our business, operations, financial condition and the industries in which we operate;
- the restrictions contained in our financing agreements;
- our ability to generate sufficient cash flow to meet our debt service obligations;

- fluctuations in interest rates which may cause our interest expense to vary from quarter to quarter;
- · technical failures, equipment defects, physical or electronic break-ins to our services, computer viruses and similar problems;
- the disruption or failure of our network, information systems or technologies as a result of computer hacking, computer viruses, "cyber-attacks," misappropriation of data, outages, natural disasters and other material events;
- · our ability to obtain necessary hardware, software, communications equipment and services and other items from our vendors at reasonable costs;
- our ability to effectively integrate acquisitions and to maximize expected operating efficiencies from our acquisitions or as a result of the transactions contemplated hereby;
- significant unanticipated increases in the use of bandwidth-intensive Internet-based services;
- the outcome of litigation and other proceedings; and
- other risks and uncertainties inherent in our cable and other broadband communications businesses and our other businesses, including those listed under the caption "Risk Factors" in this prospectus.

Additional risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause our actual results, performance or achievements to be different from those expressed or implied in our forward-looking statements may be found under "Risk Factors" contained in this prospectus. These factors and other risk factors disclosed in this prospectus are not necessarily all of the important factors that could cause our actual results to differ materially from those expressed in any of our forward-looking statements. Other unknown or unpredictable factors could cause our actual results to differ materially from those expressed in any of our forward-looking statements.

Given these uncertainties, you are cautioned not to place undue reliance on such forward-looking statements. The forward-looking statements contained in this prospectus are made only as of the date of this prospectus. Except to the extent required by law, we do not undertake, and specifically decline any obligation, to update any forward-looking statements or to publicly announce the results of any revisions to any of such statements to reflect future events or developments. Comparisons of results for current and any prior periods are not intended to express any future trends or indications of future performance, unless expressed as such, and should only be viewed as historical data.

You should read this prospectus and the documents that we reference in this prospectus and have filed with the SEC as exhibits to the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part with the understanding that our actual future results, levels of activity, performance and events and circumstances may be materially different from what we expect. We qualify all forward-looking statements by these cautionary statements.

USE OF PROCEEDS

We estimate that the net proceeds to us from this offering, after deducting the underwriting discount and estimated offering expenses payable by us, will be approximately \$330,950,000, based on an assumed initial public offering price of \$29.00 per share, the mid-point of the price range set forth on the cover page of this prospectus. An increase or decrease in the initial public offering price by \$1.00 per share above or below the mid-point of the proposed range would result in an increase or decrease of approximately \$11,670,690, as applicable, in net proceeds to us assuming the number of shares offered by us stays constant. We will not receive any proceeds from the sale of shares by the selling stockholders.

We currently intend to use the net proceeds that we receive from this offering to redeem a portion of the \$2 billion aggregate principal amount outstanding of the CSC 2025 Senior Notes issued by CSC Holdings, our wholly-owned subsidiary. At any time prior to October 15, 2018, CSC Holdings may redeem up to 40% of the original aggregate principal amount of the CSC 2025 Senior Notes with the proceeds of certain equity offerings at a redemption price of 110.875% of the principal amount, together with accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but excluding, the date of redemption. See "Description of Certain Indebtedness—Cablevision Bonds—CSC Holdings Notes."

DIVIDEND POLICY

During fiscal year 2015, Cablevision, our predecessor company, paid a regular quarterly cash dividend of \$0.15 per share to holders of both Cablevision's Class A common stock and Class B common stock on April 3, 2015, June 12, 2015 and September 10, 2015. In the fourth quarter of 2016, we declared combined cash dividends of approximately \$445 million to our stockholders of which approximately \$365 million was paid in the fourth quarter of 2016 and approximately \$80 million was paid in the first quarter of 2017. In addition, in April 2017, we made a cash distribution of approximately \$170 million to our stockholders. Prior to the closing of this offering, we will make a cash distribution of approximately \$670 million to our stockholders, which will be funded by borrowings of approximately \$500 million under the CVC Revolving Credit Facility and approximately \$170 million of cash on hand.

We currently intend to retain any future earnings to fund the operation, development and expansion of our business and do not intend to pay any dividends on our Class A common stock. Any future determination relating to our dividend policy will be made in the sole and absolute discretion of our board of directors and will depend upon then existing conditions, including our financial condition, results of operations, contractual restrictions, capital requirements, business prospects and other factors that our board of directors may deem relevant. See "Risk Factors—Risk Factors Relating to This Offering and Ownership of Our Class A Common Stock—Because we have no current plans to pay cash dividends on our Class A common stock for the foreseeable future, you may not receive any return on investment unless you sell your Class A common stock for a price greater than that which you paid for it."

In addition, we are a holding company that does not conduct any business operations of our own. As a result, our ability to pay cash dividends on our Class A common stock is dependent upon cash dividends and distributions and other transfers from our subsidiaries. The terms of certain debt instruments to which our subsidiaries are a party currently limit, subject to certain exceptions and qualifications, their ability and the ability of their restricted subsidiaries to: (i) pay dividends or make other distributions or repurchase or redeem our capital stock or subordinated debt, (ii) engage in certain transactions with affiliates and (iii) enter into agreements that restrict the payment of dividends by subsidiaries or the repayment of intercompany loans and advances. See "Description of Certain Indebtedness."

CAPITALIZATION

The following table sets forth our cash and cash equivalents and capitalization as of March 31, 2017 (dollars in thousands):

- on an actual basis;
- on a pro forma basis to give effect to the Pre-IPO Distribution and the Organizational Transactions, as defined in "Summary—Ownership and Organization—
 Organizational Transactions," the accrual of \$169,950 of cash distributions made to the Company's stockholders in April 2017, and
- on a pro forma as adjusted basis to give effect to the sale by us of 12,068,966 shares of our Class A common stock in this offering, based on an assumed public offering price of \$29.00 per share, the mid-point of the price range set forth on the cover page of this prospectus, and after deducting the underwriting discount and the estimated offering expenses payable by us, and the intended use of the net proceeds therefrom as described in "Use of Proceeds."

As of

The as adjusted information below is illustrative only and our capitalization following the completion of this offering will be adjusted based on the actual offering price and other terms of this offering determined at pricing. The information set forth below should be read in conjunction with "Selected Historical and Pro Forma Financial Data," "Unaudited Pro Forma Consolidated Financial Information," "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," the financial statements and related notes and the financial information included elsewhere in this prospectus.

		March 31, 2017	
(Dollars in thousands, except share data)	Actual	Pro forma (Unaudited)	Pro forma As Adjusted (Unaudited)
Cash and cash equivalents(1)	\$ 463,882	\$ 313,747	\$ 248,599
Debt:			
Short-term debt:			
Credit facility debt, senior notes and debentures, capital lease obligations and notes payable	774,659	774,659	774,659
Collateralized indebtedness	461,946	461,946	461,946
Long-term debt:			
Credit facility debt, senior notes and debentures, capital lease obligations and notes	20.254.207	20.754.207	20 400 404
payable(2)	20,254,397	20,754,397	20,409,494
Collateralized indebtedness	831,756	831,756	831,756
Notes payable to affiliates and related parties(3)	1,750,000		
Total debt	24,072,758	22,822,758	22,477,855
Redeemable equity	211,687	211,687	211,687

	As of March 31, 2017									
(Dollars in thousands, except share data)	Actual	Pro forma (Unaudited)	Pro forma As Adjusted (Unaudited)							
Equity:										
Preferred Stock: \$0.01 par value, 100,000,000 authorized, no shares issued and outstanding on a pro forma and pro forma as adjusted basis	_	_	_							
Class A common stock: \$0.01 par value, 4,000,000,000 shares authorized, 234,681,978 issued and outstanding on a pro forma basis and 246,750,944 issued and outstanding on										
a pro forma as adjusted basis(4)	_	2,347	2,468							
Class B common stock: \$0.01 par value, 1,000,000,000 shares authorized, 490,318,022 issued and outstanding on a pro forma basis and pro forma as adjusted basis(4)	_	4,903	4,903							
Class C common stock: \$0.01 par value, 4,000,000,000 shares authorized, no shares issued and outstanding on a pro forma and pro forma as adjusted basis	_	_	_							
Common stock: \$0.01 par value, 1,000 shares authorized, 100 shares issued and outstanding on actual basis	_	_	_							
Paid-in capital(5)	2,867,863	4,287,833	4,618,662							
Accumulated deficit(6)	(744,172)	(1,261,092)	(1,304,251)							
Accumulated other comprehensive income	1,979	1,979	1,979							
Noncontrolling interest	524	524	524							
Total equity	2,126,194	3,036,494	3,324,285							
Total capitalization	\$ 26,410,639	\$ 26,070,939	\$ 26,013,827							
Total debt excluding collateralized indebtedness	\$ 22,779,056	\$ 21,529,056	\$ 21,184,153							
Net debt excluding collateralized indebtedness and notes payable to affiliates and related parties plus accrued distributions(7)	\$ 20,565,174	\$ 21,555,009	\$ 21,275,254							

- (1) The pro forma and pro forma as adjusted amounts reflect the payment of interest on the notes payable to affiliates and related parties of \$150,135 accrued through March 31, 2017. The pro forma as adjusted amount further reflects the estimated net proceeds of \$330,950 from this offering and the anticipated redemption of \$350,000 principal amount of the CSC 2025 Senior Notes and payment of the related redemption premium of \$38,063 and accrued interest of \$8,035 through March 31, 2017. The pro forma and pro forma as adjusted amounts do not reflect the payment of distributions of \$169,950 and \$169,750 made in April 2017 and to be made prior to the closing of this offering, respectively. The accrual for these distributions is reflected in net debt excluding collateralized indebtedness and notes payable to affiliates and related parties plus accrued distributions.
- (2) The pro forma amount reflects borrowings of \$500,000 under the CVC Revolving Credit Facility to fund a portion of the Pre-IPO Distribution. The pro forma as adjusted amount further reflects the anticipated redemption of \$350,000 principal amount of the CSC 2025 Senior Notes, net of deferred financing costs of \$5,097.
- (3) The pro forma and pro forma as adjusted amounts reflect the conversion of notes payable to affiliates and related parties of \$1,750,000 to shares of common stock of the Company.

- (4) The pro forma amount reflects the issuance of shares of Class A and Class B common stock in connection with the Organizational Transactions and the Class A common stock pro forma as adjusted amount gives effect to the sale of our Class A common stock in this offering.
- (5) The pro forma and pro forma as adjusted amounts reflect the conversion of notes payable to affiliates and related parties of \$1,750,000, as well as the applicable premium of \$516,920, to shares of Class A and Class B common stock of the Company, net of the par value of common stock issued. The applicable premium of \$516,920 is estimated as of an expected conversion date of June 21, 2017 using current risk free interest rates. Such amount is subject to change as a result of a change in the conversion date and/or changes in risk free interest rates. In addition, the pro forma and pro forma as adjusted amounts reflect the cash distribution of \$169,950 to the Company's stockholders made in April 2017, the Pre-IPO Distribution of \$669,750 and \$6,469 related to the issuance of Class A and Class B common stock in connection with the Organizational Transactions. The pro forma as adjusted amount further reflects the estimated net proceeds of \$330,950 from this offering, net of the par value of common stock issued.
- (6) The proforma and proforma as adjusted amounts reflect the applicable premium of \$516,920 related to the conversion of notes payable to affiliates and related parties of \$1,750,000. The applicable premium of \$516,920 is estimated as of an expected conversion date of June 21, 2017 using current risk free interest rates. Such amount is subject to change as a result of a change in the conversion date and/or changes in risk free interest rates. The proforma as adjusted amount further reflects the premium of \$38,063 and the write-off of deferred financing costs of \$5,097 related to the anticipated redemption of \$350,000 principal amount of the CSC 2025 Senior Notes.
- (7) Net debt excluding collateralized indebtedness and notes payable to affiliates and related parties plus accrued distributions is net of cash and cash equivalents. The pro forma and pro forma as adjusted amounts reflect the accrual of cash distributions of \$169,950 and \$169,750 made in April 2017 and to be made before the pricing of this offering, respectively.

DILUTION

If you invest in shares of our Class A common stock in this offering, your investment will be immediately diluted to the extent of the difference between the initial public offering price per share of our Class A common stock and the net tangible book deficit per share of our common stock immediately after this offering. Dilution results from the fact that the per share offering price of the shares of Class A common stock is substantially in excess of the net tangible book value per share attributable to the shares of our common stock held by existing owners.

Our net tangible book deficit as of March 31, 2017 was approximately \$(24,864.5) million, or \$(34.30) per share of common stock (based on an adjusted pre-offering share count of 725 million shares of Class A and Class B common stock). We calculate net tangible book deficit per share by taking the amount of our total tangible assets, reduced by the amount of our total liabilities and then dividing that amount by the total number of shares of Class A and Class B common stock outstanding after giving effect to this offering and the Organizational Transactions.

After giving effect to the Organizational Transactions and the sale of shares of our Class A common stock in this offering at an assumed initial public offering price of \$29.00 per share, the mid-point of the price range set forth on the cover page of this prospectus, and after deducting underwriting discounts and estimated offering expenses payable by us, our net tangible book deficit as of March 31, 2017 would have been \$(23,666.4) million, or \$(32.11) per share of common stock. This represents an immediate decrease in net tangible book deficit of \$2.19 per share of common stock to our existing owners and an immediate and substantial dilution of \$(61.11) per share of Class A common stock to investors in this offering at the assumed initial public offering price.

The following table illustrates this dilution on a per share of common stock basis to new investors assuming the underwriters do not exercise their option to purchase additional shares of Class A common stock:

Initial public offering price per share	\$	29.00
Net tangible book deficit per share as of March 31, 2017	\$ (34.30)	
Decrease in net tangible book deficit per share attributable to new investors in this offering	\$ 2.19	
As adjusted net tangible book deficit per share after giving effect to this offering	\$	(32.11)
Dilution per share to new investors purchasing shares in this offering	\$	(61.11)

A \$1.00 decrease in the assumed initial public offering price of \$29.00 per share, the mid-point of the price range set forth on the cover page of this prospectus, would decrease our net tangible book deficit per share of our common stock by \$0.02, assuming that the number of shares offered, as set forth on the cover of this prospectus, remains the same, after deducting the underwriting discount and estimated offering expenses payable by us.

We will not receive any proceeds from any sale of shares of our Class A common stock by the selling stockholders. If the underwriters exercise their option to purchase additional shares of our Class A common stock in full, the pro forma as adjusted net tangible book deficit per share would be \$(32.11) per share, the decrease in pro forma net tangible book deficit per share attributable to new investors in this offering would be \$2.19 per share and the dilution per share to new investors purchasing shares in this offering would be \$(61.11) per share. See "Use of Proceeds."

The table below summarizes as of March 31, 2017, on a pro forma as adjusted basis described above, the number of shares of our common stock, the total consideration and the average price per share (i) paid to us by our existing stockholders (determined based on our paid-in capital) and (ii) to be paid by new investors purchasing our Class A common stock in this offering, before deducting the

underwriting discount and estimated offering expenses payable by us and assuming an initial public offering price of \$29.00 per share, the mid-point of the price range set forth on the cover page of this prospectus.

			1 otai		
			Considera	tion	
	Shares Purch	ased	(in thousar	ıds)	Average
					Price Per
	Number	Percent	Amount	Percent	Share
Existing stockholders	725,000,000	98.4%\$	4,271,462	92.4%\$	5.89
New investors	12,068,966	1.6%	350,000	7.6%	29.00
Total	737,068,966	100.0%\$	4,621,462	100.0%	

If the underwriters' option to purchase additional shares of Class A common stock is exercised in full, the percentage of shares of our common stock held by existing stockholders will be reduced to 93.0% of the total number of shares of our common stock outstanding after this offering, and the number of shares held by new investors will increase to 51,724,139 shares (including 39,655,173 shares offered by the selling stockholders), or 21.0% of the total number of shares of our Class A common stock outstanding after this offering.

The share information as of March 31, 2017 shown in the table above excludes any shares to be reserved for issuance under our stock option plans that may be adopted prior to the completion of this offering.

SELECTED HISTORICAL AND PRO FORMA FINANCIAL DATA

The selected consolidated historical balance sheet and operating data of Altice USA as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016 presented below have been derived from the audited consolidated financial statements of Altice USA included elsewhere herein. The selected consolidated historical balance sheet data of Altice USA as of March 31, 2017 and the operating data of Altice USA for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016 presented below have been derived from the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements of Altice USA included elsewhere herein. The operating data of Altice USA for the year ended December 31, 2016 include the operating results of Cequel for the year ended December 31, 2016 and the operating results of Cablevision for the period from the date of acquisition, June 21, 2016, through December 31, 2016. The operating data of Altice USA for the three months ended March 31, 2016 include the operating results of Cequel for the three months ended March 31, 2016.

The consolidated pro forma operating data of Altice USA for the year ended December 31, 2016 and the three months ended March 31, 2016 have been derived from the unaudited pro forma consolidated statements of operations included elsewhere herein and give effect to the Cablevision Acquisition as if it had occurred on January 1, 2016.

The selected consolidated historical balance sheet and operating data of Cablevision have been presented for the periods prior to the Cablevision Acquisition as Cablevision is deemed to be the predecessor entity. The selected consolidated historical operating data of Cablevision for the period January 1, 2016 to June 20, 2016 and years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 presented below have been derived from the audited consolidated financial statements of Cablevision included elsewhere herein. The selected consolidated historical operating data of Cablevision for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012 are derived from Cablevision's audited consolidated financial statements which are not included in this prospectus.

The historical quarterly balance sheet and operating data of Cablevision are unaudited and have been presented for each of the quarterly periods in 2015 (Predecessor period) and three months ended March 31, 2016 (Predecessor period), period April 1, 2016 to June 20, 2016 (Predecessor period), period June 21, 2016 to June 30, 2016 (Successor period) and three months ended September 30, 2016 (Successor period) and December 31, 2016 (Successor period).

The historical quarterly balance sheet and operating data of Cequel are unaudited and have been presented for the three months ended March 31, 2015 (Predecessor period), June 30, 2015 (Predecessor period) and September 30, 2015 (Predecessor period) and for the period October 1, 2015 through December 20, 2015 (Predecessor period) and the period December 21, 2015 through December 31, 2015 (Successor period) and each of the quarterly periods in 2016 (Successor periods).

The selected historical and pro forma results presented below are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for any future period. This information should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements of Altice USA and Cablevision and the notes thereto, the unaudited pro forma consolidated statements of operations of Altice USA, Management's Discussion

and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations of Altice USA and Cablevision included elsewhere herein.

		Altice USA	
		Ionths Ended Marc	- /
	2017	2016	2016
	Historical	Pro Forma	Historical
		llars in thousands)	
Revenue	\$ 2,305,676	\$ 2,273,479	\$ 627,589
Operating expenses	2,057,442	2,189,256	573,329
Operating income	248,234	84,223	54,260
Other income (expense):			
Interest expense, net	(433,062)	(436,601)	(269,414)
Gain on investments, net	131,658	100,365	_
Loss on equity derivative contracts, net	(71,044)	(48,012)	_
Gain on interest rate swap contracts, net	2,342	_	_
Other income (expense), net	(224)	2,045	11
Loss from continuing operations before income taxes	(122,096)	(297,980)	(215,143)
Income tax benefit	45,908	107,839	74,395
Net loss	(76,188)	(190,141)	(140,748)
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	(237)	66	<u> </u>
Net loss attributable to Altice USA stockholders	\$ (76,425)	\$ (190,075)	\$ (140,748)
INCOME (LOSS) PER SHARE:			
Basic and diluted loss per share attributable to Altice USA stockholders:			
Net loss	\$ (764)	\$ (1,901)	\$ (1,407)
Basic and diluted weighted average common shares (in thousands)	0.1	0.1	0.1
Cash dividends declared and paid per common share	\$ <u> </u>	\$	\$ —
	<u> </u>		

		Altice	US	SA	Cablevision(a)										
	_	Years Decem													
		2016 Pro Forma		2016 Historical		January 1, 2016 to June 20, 2016		Years Ended December 31,							
	I							2015		2014		2013		2012(b)	
					thousands)										
Revenue	\$	9,154,816	\$	6,017,212	\$	3,137,604	\$	6,545,545	\$	6,508,557	\$	6,287,383	\$	6,180,677	
Operating expenses	_	8,556,428		5,557,546		2,662,298		5,697,074		5,587,299		5,588,159	_	5,411,629	
Operating income		598,388		459,666		475,306		848,471		921,258		699,224		769,048	
Other income (expense):															
Interest expense, net		(1,760,421)		(1,442,730)		(285,508)		(584,839)		(575,580)		(600,637)		(660,074)	
Gain (loss) on investments, net		271,886		141,896		129,990		(30,208)		129,659		313,167		294,235	
Gain (loss) on equity derivative contracts, net		(89,979)		(53,696)		(36,283)		104,927		(45,055)		(198,688)		(211,335)	
Loss on interest rate swap contracts, net		(72,961)		(72,961)		_		_		_		_		(1,828)	
Loss on extinguishment of debt and write-off of deferred															
financing costs		(127,649)		(127,649)		_		(1,735)		(10,120)		(22,542)		(66,213)	
Other income, net		9,184		4,329		4,855		6,045		4,988		2,436		2,486	
Income (loss) from continuing operations before income															
taxes		(1,171,552)		(1,091,145)		288,360		342,661		425,150		192,960		126,319	
Income tax benefit (expense)		450,295		259,666		(124,848)		(154,872)		(115,768)		(65,635)		(51,994)	
Income (loss) from continuing operations, net of income															
taxes		(721,257)		(831,479)		163,512		187,789		309,382		127,325		74,325	
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of income taxes(c)		_		_		_		(12,541)		2,822		338,316		159,288	
Net income (loss)		(721,257)	_	(831,479)	_	163,512	_	175,248	_	312,204	_	465,641		233,613	
Net loss (income) attributable to noncontrolling interests		(315)		(551)		236		201		(765)		20		(90)	
Net income (loss) attributable to Altice USA / Cablevision	_				_		_				_			<u> </u>	
stockholders	\$	(721,572)	\$	(832,030)	\$	163,748	\$	175,449	\$	311,439	\$	465,661	\$	233,523	

⁽a) Represents the operating results of Cablevision for the period prior to the Cablevision Acquisition (Predecessor period).

⁽b) Includes service outage credits of \$33,156 (reduction to revenue) and operating expenses of \$73,832 related to Superstorm Sandy.

⁽c) See Note 6 to the consolidated financial statements of Cablevision for the year ended December 31, 2016 for additional information regarding discontinued operations.

	_		ice USA rs ended			Cablevision(a)									
	_	Decemb													
	_	2016 2016		2016	January 1,			Years Ended December 31,							
	Pı	o Forma	н	listorical	2016 to June 20, 2016			2015		2014		2013	2012(b)		
		<u> </u>			in	thousands, except	per		for		on)	2010	_	2012(6)	
INCOME (LOSS) PER SHARE:							•								
Basic income (loss) per share attributable to Altice USA / Cablevision stockholders:															
Income (loss) from continuing operations, net of income taxes	\$	(7,216)	\$	(8,320)	\$	0.60	\$	0.70	\$	1.17	\$	0.49	\$	0.28	
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of income taxes	\$	_	\$	_	\$		\$	(0.05)	\$	0.01	\$	1.30	\$	0.61	
Net income (loss)	\$	(7,216)	\$	(8,320)	\$	0.60	\$	0.65	\$	1.18	\$	1.79	\$	0.89	
Basic weighted average common shares (in thousands)		0.1		0.1		272,035		269,388		264,623		260,763	-	262,258	
Diluted income (loss) per share attributable to Altice USA / Cablevision stockholders:					_				_		_				
Income (loss) from continuing operations, net of income taxes	\$	(7,216)	\$	(8,320)	\$	0.58	\$	0.68	\$	1.14	\$	0.48	\$	0.28	
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of income taxes	\$		\$		\$		\$	(0.05)	\$	0.01	\$	1.27	\$	0.60	
Net income (loss)	\$	(7,216)	\$	(8,320)	\$	0.58	\$	0.63	\$	1.15	\$	1.75	\$	0.87	
Diluted weighted average common shares (in thousands)		0.1		0.1		280,199		276,339		270,703		265,935		267,330	
Cash dividends declared and paid per common share	\$		\$		\$		\$	0.45	\$	0.60	\$	0.60	\$	0.60	
Amounts attributable to Altice USA / Cablevision stockholders:											Τ				
Income (loss) from continuing operations, net of income taxes	\$	(721,572)	\$	(832,030)	\$	163,748	\$	187,990	\$	308,617	\$	127,345	\$	74,235	
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of income taxes(c)								(12,541)		2,822		338,316		159,288	
Net income (loss)	\$	(721,572)	\$	(832,030)	\$	163,748	\$	175,449	\$	311,439	\$	465,661	\$	233,523	

⁽a) Represents the operating results of Cablevision for the period prior to the Cablevision Acquisition (Predecessor period).

⁽b) Includes service outage credits of \$33,156 (reduction to revenue) and operating expenses of \$73,832 related to Superstorm Sandy.

⁽c) See Note 6 to the consolidated financial statements of Cablevision for the year ended December 31, 2016 for additional information regarding discontinued operations.

Balance Sheet Data:

	Altice USA	Altice USA		Cablev	ision	
	March 31,			December 31,		
	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
		(d	ollars in thousands)			
Total assets(a)	\$ 36,179,281	\$ 36,474,249	\$ 6,800,174	\$ 6,682,021	\$ 6,500,967	\$ 7,155,058
Notes payable to affiliates and related parties	1,750,000	1,750,000	_	_	_	_
Credit facility debt(a)	3,488,341	3,444,790	2,514,454	2,769,153	3,745,625	3,900,218
Collateralized indebtedness	1,293,702	1,286,069	1,191,324	986,183	817,950	556,152
Senior notes and debentures(a)	17,505,718	17,507,325	5,801,011	5,784,213	5,068,926	5,406,771
Notes payable	11,453	13,726	14,544	23,911	5,334	12,585
Capital leases and other obligations	23,544	28,155	45,966	46,412	31,290	56,569
Total debt(a)	24,072,758	24,030,065	9,567,299	9,609,872	9,669,125	9,932,295
Redeemable equity	211,687	68,147	_	8,676	9,294	11,999
Stockholders' equity (deficiency)	2,125,670	2,029,555	(4,911,316)	(5,041,469)	(5,284,330)	(5,639,164)
Noncontrolling interest	524	287	(268)	779	786	1,158
Total equity (deficiency)	2,126,194	2,029,842	(4,911,584)	(5,040,690)	(5,283,544)	(5,638,006)

⁽a) Years ended December 31, 2015, 2014, 2013 and 2012 have been restated to reflect the adoption of Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2015-03, Simplifying the Presentation of Debt Issuance Costs.

The following table sets forth certain customer metrics by segment (unaudited):

	M	As of arch 31, 2017		Dece	As of ember 31, 2016		Pro Forma As of March 31, 2016				
	Cablevision	Cequel(g)	Total	Cablevision	rision Cequel(g) T		Cablevision	Cequel(g)	Total		
				in thousands, exc	ept per custome	amounts)	·				
Homes passed(a)	5,128	3,419	8,547	5,116	3,407	8,524	5,086	3,362	8,448		
Total customer relationships(b)	3,148	1,765	4,913	3,141	1,751	4,892	3,125	1,734	4,859		
Residential	2,887	1,661	4,548	2,879	1,649	4,528	2,866	1,638	4,504		
SMB	261	103	365	262	102	364	258	96	354		
Residential customers(c):											
Pay TV	2,413	1,087	3,500	2,428	1,107	3,535	2,473	1,150	3,623		
Broadband	2,636	1,366	4,003	2,619	1,344	3,963	2,580	1,308	3,888		
Telephony	1,955	596	2,551	1,962	597	2,559	1,999	597	2,596		
Residential triple product customer											
penetration(d):	64.4%	25.4%	50.2%	64.8%	25.5%	50.5%	66.9%	25.8%	52.0%		
Penetration of homes passed(e):	61.4%	51.6%	57.5%	61.4%	51.4%	57.4%	61.4%	51.6%	57.5%		
ARPU(f)	\$ 155.83	\$ 110.00	\$ 139.11	\$ 154.49	\$ 109.30 \$	3 138.07	\$ 152.18	\$ 105.68	\$ 135.32		

⁽a) Represents the estimated number of single residence homes, apartments and condominium units passed by the cable distribution network in areas serviceable without further extending the transmission lines. In addition, it includes commercial establishments that have connected to our cable distribution network. For Cequel, broadband services were not available to approximately 100 homes passed and telephony services were not available to approximately 500 homes passed.

⁽b) Represents number of households/businesses that receive at least one of the Company's services.

⁽c) Customers represent each customer account (set up and segregated by customer name and address), weighted equally and counted as one customer, regardless of size, revenue generated, or number of boxes, units, or outlets. In calculating the number of customers, we count all customers other than inactive/disconnected customers. Free accounts are included in the customer counts along with all active accounts, but they are limited to a prescribed group. Most of these accounts are also not entirely free, as they typically generate revenue through pay-per-view or other pay services. Free status is not granted to regular customers as a promotion. In counting bulk residential customers, such as an apartment building, we count each

- subscribing family unit within the building as one customer, but do not count the master account for the entire building as a customer. We count a bulk commercial customer, such as a hotel, as one customer, and do not count individual room units at that hotel.
- (d) Represents the number of customers that subscribe to three of our services divided by total residential customer relationships.
- (e) Represents the number of total customer relationships divided by homes passed.
- (f) Calculated by dividing the average monthly revenue for the respective quarter (fourth quarter for annual periods) presented derived from the sale of broadband, pay television and telephony services to residential customers for the respective quarter by the average number of total residential customers for the same period.
- (g) The metrics for Cequel presented in the table above have been adjusted from previously reported amounts to align with the Cablevision metrics definitions.

SELECTED QUARTERLY DATA

	Cablevision												
				Succe					Predecessor				
		Chree Months Ended March 31, 2017	Three Months Ended December 31, 2016		Three Months Ended September 30, 2016 (dollars in			June 21 to June 30, 2016	April 1 to June 20, 2016		_	Three Months Ended March 31, 2016	
Revenue(i)	\$	1,644,801		1,645,493	\$		\$	183,860	\$	1,491,714	\$	1,645,890	
Net income (loss)	\$	(60,571)	\$	(160,842)	\$	(132,392)	\$	(35,548)	\$	69,201	\$	94,311	
Share-based compensation		5,082		8,073		1,091		_		10,534		14,698	
Restructuring and other expenses (credits)		58,647		80,650		42,264		89,236		19,770		2,453	
Depreciation and amortization (including													
impairments)		443,176		437,608		481,497		44,560		202,097		212,453	
Interest expense, net		280,091		285,460		292,544		28,343		137,026		148,482	
Loss (gain) on investments, net		(131,658)		(58,429)		(24,833)		(58,634)		(29,625)		(100,365)	
Loss (gain) on equity derivative contracts, net		71,044	27,124		(773)		27,345		(11,729)			48,012	
Loss on extinguishment of debt and write-off													
of deferred financing costs		_		102,894		_		_		_		_	
Other income, net		224		(1,793)		(2,530)		(6)		(2,884)		(1,971)	
Income tax (benefit) expense	_	(38,962)	_	(99,807)	_	(89,157)		(24,101)	_	62,062	_	62,786	
Adjusted EBITDA(a)	\$	627,073	\$	620,938	\$	567,711	\$	71,195	\$	456,452	\$	480,859	
Capital expenditures	\$	184,399	\$	147,392	\$	150,815	\$	150	\$	181,479	\$	148,652	
		March 31, 2017		December 31, 2016		September 30, 2016		June 30, 2016	June 20, 2016			March 31, 2016	
Cash & cash equivalents	\$	146,269	\$	216,625	\$	114,436		265,955		N/A	\$	933,457	
Total assets		25,965,105		26,176,709		27,636,010	2	6,965,633		N/A		6,732,386	
Collateralized indebtedness		1,293,702		1,286,069		1,284,234		1,246,017		N/A		1,191,324	
Total debt (including collateralized													
indebtedness)		15,757,281		15,721,417		17,125,118	1	5,757,623		N/A		9,548,076	

	Cablevision									
	Predecessor									
	Three Months Ended									
	D	ecember 31,	S	eptember 30,	June 30,		I	March 31,		
	_	2015	_	2015				2015		
Revenue(j)	¢	1,636,425	\$	(dollars in th		1,661,940	·	1,622,352		
w/	Ф		Ф	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	-	, ,	_			
Net income	\$	32,148	\$	23,025	\$	75,676	\$	44,399		
Share-based compensation		20,014		17,422		15,939		11,911		
Restructuring and other expenses (credits)		7,521		9,228		(4)		(532)		
Depreciation and amortization (including impairments)		215,135		217,288		213,929		218,900		
Interest expense, net		147,252		146,699		145,876		145,012		
Loss (gain) on investments, net		9,567		66,388		(78,818)		33,071		
Loss (gain) on equity derivative contracts, net		(15,311)		(66,143))	22,693		(46,166)		
Loss on extinguishment of debt and write-off of deferred financing costs		_		_		1,735				
Other income		(1,931)		(1,800))	(1,307)		(1,007)		
Income tax (benefit) expense		23,782		14,541		78,609		37,940		
Loss from discontinued operations, net of income taxes	_	1,633		406				10,502		
Adjusted EBITDA(a)	\$	439,810	\$	427,054	\$	474,328	\$	454,030		
Capital expenditures	\$	212,427	\$	222,664	\$	214,674	\$	166,631		

	Cequel Corporation									
				Т	hree	Months Ended				
	1	March 31,	D	ecember 31,	Se	eptember 30,		June 30,	I	March 31,
	_	2017	_	2016		2016	_	2016		2016
						rs in thousands))			
Revenue	\$	660,875	\$	660,408	\$	645,522	\$	639,641	\$	627,589
Net income (loss)		14,739		(59,741)	\$	(5,646)	\$	(136,079)	\$	(32,329)
Share-based compensation		2,766		4,625		579		_		_
Restructuring and other expenses (credits)		18,282		16,997		2,741		939		7,569
Depreciation and amortization		165,548		176,779		189,433		169,540		200,900
Interest expense, net		103,492		105,578		104,674		104,059		102,615
Loss (gain) on interest rate swap contracts		(2,342)		97,340		15,862		(40,241)		_
Loss on extinguishment of debt and write-off of deferred										
financing costs		_		4,807		_		19,948		_
Other income		_		_		_		_		(11)
Income tax benefit (expense)		12,177		(37,767)		(12,057)		169,791		(16,015)
Adjusted EBITDA(a)	\$	314,662	\$	308,618	\$	295,586	\$	287,957	\$	262,729
Capital expenditures	\$	73,028	\$	100,423	\$	97,341	\$	63,216	\$	66,204
	1	March 31,	D	ecember 31,	Se	eptember 30,		June 30,	N	March 31,
	Ф	2017	Φ.	2016	Φ.	2016	Φ.	2016	Ф	2016
Cash & cash equivalents	\$	317,555	\$	190,535	\$	431,630	\$	331,599	\$	159,549
Total assets		0,330,234		10,338,309		10,555,770]	10,566,952		0,503,226
Total debt (including collateralized indebtedness)		6,565,477		6,558,648		6,545,273		6,521,857		6,425,512

	Cequel Corporation												
	December 21, to December 31, 2015		October 1, to December 20, 2015			Ended September 30, 2015		September 30, 2015		hree Months Ended June 30, 2015		Three Months Ended March 31, 2015	
							in thousands)						
Revenue	\$	72,943	\$	545,991	\$	605,112	\$	608,016	\$	588,250			
Net income (loss)	\$	(17,611)	\$	18,201	\$	35,326	\$	(277,397)	\$	8,994			
Share-based compensation		_		109,545		41,905		125,662		10,579			
Restructuring and other expenses (credits)		26,498		65,620		318		649		1,230			
Depreciation and amortization		23,574		122,428		141,418		137,834		131,677			
Interest expense, net		11,491		54,000		61,158		61,256		60,905			
Income tax benefit (expense)		(10,263)		(141,890)		(34,288)		196,349		9,130			
Adjusted EBITDA(a)	\$	33,689	\$	227,904	\$	245,837	\$	244,353	\$	222,515			
Capital expenditures	\$	30,582	\$	84,481	\$	112,369	\$	118,881	\$	132,133			

The following table sets forth certain quarterly customer metrics by segment (unaudited):

		(Cablevision		
	March 31, 2017	December 31, 2016	September 30, 2016	June 30, 2016	March 31, 2016
		(in thousands, ex	cept per customer a	mounts)	
Homes passed(b)	5,128	5,116	5,105	5,094	5,086
Total customer relationships(c)	3,148	3,141	3,135	3,143	3,125
Residential	2,887	2,879	2,873	2,882	2,866
SMB	261	262	261	261	258
Residential customers(d):					
Pay TV	2,413	2,428	2,443	2,470	2,473
Broadband	2,636	2,619	2,603	2,604	2,580
Telephony	1,955	1,962	1,969	1,994	1,999
Residential triple product customer penetration(e):	64.4%	64.8%	65.3%	66.1%	66.9%
Penetration of homes passed(f):	61.4%	61.4%	61.4%	61.7%	61.4%
ARPU(g)	\$ 155.83	\$ 154.49 \$	152.55	\$ 153.52 \$	152.18

		Cablevision							
	Dec	ember 31, 2015	September 2015	r 30,	June 30, 2015	March 31, 2015			
Homes passed(b)		5,076		,070	5,062	5,050			
Total customer relationships(c)		3,115	3	,102	3,113	3,107			
Residential		2,858	2	,846	2,858	2,855			
SMB		258		257	254	252			
Residential customers(d):									
Pay TV		2,487	2	,496	2,529	2,546			
Broadband		2,562	2	,538	2,537	2,525			
Telephony		2,007	2	2,003	2,024	2,032			
Residential triple product customer penetration(e):		67.6%		67.8%	68.3%	68.7%			
Penetration of homes passed(f):		61.4%		61.2%	61.5%	61.5%			
ARPU(g)	\$	150.61	\$ 15	1.09	\$ 153.88	\$ 151.05			

				Cequel(h)		
	March 201	- /	December 31, 2016	September 30, 2016	June 30, 2016	March 31, 2016
	201			cept per customer		2010
Homes passed(b)	3	,419	3,407	3,389	3,374	3,362
Total customer relationships(c)	1	,765	1,751	1,736	1,726	1,734
Residential	1	,661	1,649	1,636	1,628	1,638
SMB		103	102	100	98	96
Residential customers(d):						
Pay TV	1	,087	1,107	1,113	1,126	1,150
Broadband	1	,366	1,344	1,324	1,306	1,308
Telephony		596	597	594	596	597
Residential triple product customer penetration(e):		25.4%	25.5%	25.6%	25.8%	25.8%
Penetration of homes passed(f):		51.6%	51.4%	51.2%	51.2%	51.6%
ARPU(g)	\$ 11	0.00 \$	109.30	\$ 108.19	\$ 107.03 \$	105.68

	Cequel Corporation							
	iber 31, 015	September 30, 2015	June 30, 2015	March 31, 2015				
Homes passed(b)	3,352	3,339	3,320	3,304				
Total customer relationships(c)	1,712	1,696	1,680	1,691				
Residential	1,618	1,605	1,591	1,604				
SMB	94	92	89	87				
Residential customers(d):								
Pay TV	1,154	1,155	1,163	1,194				
Broadband	1,276	1,255	1,232	1,233				
Telephony	581	566	563	562				
Residential triple product customer penetration(e):	25.4%	24.8%	25.0%	25.1%				
Penetration of homes passed(f):	51.1%	50.8%	50.6%	51.2%				
ARPU(g)	\$ 104.04	103.50	\$ 104.35	101.28				

⁽a) We define Adjusted EBITDA, which is a non-GAAP financial measure, as net income (loss) excluding income taxes, income (loss) from discontinued operations, other non-operating income or expenses, loss on extinguishment of debt and write-off of deferred financing costs, loss on interest rate swap contracts, gain (loss) on equity derivative contracts, gain (loss) on investments, interest expense (including cash interest expense), interest income, depreciation and amortization (including impairments), share-based compensation expense or benefit, restructuring expense or credits and transaction expenses. We believe Adjusted EBITDA is an appropriate measure for evaluating the operating performance of the Company. Adjusted EBITDA and similar measures with similar titles are common performance measures used by investors, analysts and peers to compare performance in our industry. Internally, we use revenue and Adjusted EBITDA measures as important indicators of our business performance, and evaluate management's effectiveness with specific reference to these indicators. We believe Adjusted EBITDA provides management and investors a useful measure for period-to-period comparisons of our core business and operating results by excluding items that are not comparable across reporting periods or that do not otherwise relate to the Company's ongoing operating results. Adjusted EBITDA should be viewed as a supplement to and not a substitute for operating income (loss), net income (loss), and other measures of performance presented in accordance with GAAP. Since Adjusted EBITDA is not a measure of performance calculated in accordance with GAAP, this measure may not be comparable to similar measures with similar titles used by other companies. Refer to the

reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to net income (loss) in "Summary Historical and Pro Forma Financial Data."

- (b) Represents the estimated number of single residence homes, apartments and condominium units passed by the cable distribution network in areas serviceable without further extending the transmission lines. In addition, it includes commercial establishments that have connected to our cable distribution network. For Cequel, broadband services were not available to approximately 100 homes passed and telephony services were not available to approximately 500 homes passed.
- (c) Represents number of households/businesses that receive at least one of the Company's services.
- (d) Customers represent each customer account (set up and segregated by customer name and address), weighted equally and counted as one customer, regardless of size, revenue generated, or number of boxes, units, or outlets. In calculating the number of customers, we count all customers other than inactive/disconnected customers. Free accounts are included in the customer counts along with all active accounts, but they are limited to a prescribed group. Most of these accounts are also not entirely free, as they typically generate revenue through pay-per-view or other pay services. Free status is not granted to regular customers as a promotion. In counting bulk residential customers, such as an apartment building, we count each subscribing family unit within the building as one customer, but do not count the master account for the entire building as a customer. We count a bulk commercial customer, such as a hotel, as one customer, and do not count individual room units at that hotel.
- (e) Represents the number of customers that subscribe to three of our services divided by total residential customer relationships.
- (f) Represents the number of total customer relationships divided by homes passed.
- (g) Calculated by dividing the average monthly revenue for the respective quarter (fourth quarter for annual period) presented derived from the sale of broadband, pay television and telephony services to residential customers for the respective quarter by the average number of total residential customers for the same period.
- (h) The metrics for Cequel presented in the table above have been adjusted from previously reported amounts to conform to the methodology used to calculate the equivalent Cablevision metrics.
- (i) Includes Newsday revenue of \$5,008, \$3,811, \$54,604, and \$51,966 for the three months ended September 30, 2016, the period June 21 to June 30, 2016, the period April 1 to June 20, 2016 and the three months ended March 31, 2016, respectively.
- (j) Includes Newsday revenue of \$61,018, \$57,570, \$61,735, and \$56,913 for the three months ended December 31, 2015, September 30, 2015, June 30, 2015 and March 31, 2015.

UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The following unaudited pro forma consolidated statement of operations of Altice USA, Inc. ("Altice USA" or the "Company") for the year ended December 31, 2016 is based on the audited historical consolidated financial statements of the Company and gives effect to the Cablevision Acquisition (defined below) as if it had occurred on January 1, 2016. The unaudited pro forma consolidated statement of operations of the Company for the three months ended March 31, 2016 is based on the unaudited historical condensed consolidated financial statements of the Company and gives effect to the Cablevision Acquisition (defined below) as if it had occurred on January 1, 2016. The Company's historical consolidated results of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2016 include the operating results of Cequel for the three months ended March 31, 2016. The Company's historical consolidated results of operations for the year ended December 31, 2016 include the operating results of Cequel for the year ended December 31, 2016 and Cablevision for the period subsequent to the Cablevision, June 21, 2016 to December 31, 2016 (the "Cablevision Successor" period).

The accompanying unaudited pro forma consolidated statements of operations of Altice USA include the accounts of Altice USA and its wholly-owned subsidiaries. All significant intercompany transactions and balances are eliminated in the consolidated financial statements.

The accompanying unaudited pro forma consolidated statements of operations have been prepared based on assumptions deemed appropriate by the Company. The pro forma adjustments are described in the accompanying notes. The unaudited pro forma consolidated statements of operations are for informational purposes only. The pro forma statements of operations are unaudited and do not purport to reflect the results of operations that would have occurred if the Cablevision Acquisition had been consummated on the date indicated above, nor does it purport to represent the results of operations of the Company for any future dates or periods.

Future results may vary significantly from the information reflected in the unaudited pro forma consolidated statements of operations set forth below due to factors beyond the control of the Company.

The unaudited pro forma consolidated statements of operations do not include any adjustment for costs that may result from integration activities or for synergies resulting from the acquisitions. In 2016, the Company recorded restructuring expenses resulting from initiatives that are intended to simplify the Company's organizational structure. No adjustments have been made to the pro forma statements of operations for these restructuring expenses. The unaudited pro forma statement of operations for the year ended December 31, 2016 does not include an estimated \$33,501 of transaction costs incurred in connection with the Cablevision Acquisition.

Optimum Acquisition

On June 21, 2016 (the "Cablevision Acquisition Date"), pursuant to the Agreement and Plan of Merger (the "Merger Agreement"), dated as of September 16, 2015, by and among Cablevision, Altice N.V., Neptune Merger Sub Corp., a wholly-owned subsidiary of Altice ("Merger Sub"), Merger Sub merged with and into Cablevision, with Cablevision surviving the merger (the "Cablevision Acquisition").

In connection with the Cablevision Acquisition, each outstanding share of the Cablevision NY Group Class A common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, and Cablevision NY Group Class B common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, and together with the Cablevision NY Group Class A common stock, the "Shares") other than (i) Shares owned by Cablevision, Altice N.V. or any of their respective wholly-owned subsidiaries, in each case not held on behalf of third parties in a fiduciary capacity, received

\$34.90 in cash without interest, less applicable tax withholdings (the "Optimum Acquisition Consideration").

Also in connection with the Cablevision Acquisition, outstanding equity-based awards granted under Cablevision's equity plans were cancelled and converted into cash based upon the \$34.90 per Share Cablevision Acquisition price in accordance with the original terms of the awards. The total consideration for the outstanding CNYG Class A Shares, the outstanding CNYG Class B Shares, and the equity-based awards amounted to \$9,958,323.

In connection with the Cablevision Acquisition, in October 2015, Neptune Finco Corp. ("Finco"), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of Altice formed to complete the financing described herein and the merger with CSC Holdings, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Cablevision, borrowed an aggregate principal amount of \$3,800,000 under a term loan facility (the "Term Credit Facility") and entered into revolving loan commitments in an aggregate principal amount of \$2,000,000 (the "Revolving Credit Facility" and, together with the Term Credit Facility, the "Credit Facility").

Finco also issued \$1,800,000 aggregate principal amount of 10.125% senior notes due 2023 (the "2023 Notes"), \$2,000,000 aggregate principal amount of 10.875% senior notes due 2025 (the "2025 Notes"), and \$1,000,000 aggregate principal amount of 6.625% senior guaranteed notes due 2025 (the "2025 Guaranteed Notes") (collectively the "Cablevision Acquisition Notes"). On June 21, 2016, immediately following the Cablevision Acquisition, Finco merged with and into CSC Holdings, with CSC Holdings surviving the merger (the "CSC Holdings Merger"), and the Cablevision Acquisition Notes and the Credit Facilities became obligations of CSC Holdings.

On June 21, 2016, in connection with the Cablevision Acquisition, the Company issued notes payable to affiliates and related parties aggregating \$1,750,000, of which \$875,000 bear interest at 10.75% and \$875,000 bear interest at 11%.

The following table provides the preliminary allocation of the total purchase price of \$9,958,323 to the identifiable tangible and intangible assets and liabilities of Cablevision based on preliminary fair value information currently available, which is subject to change within the measurement period (up to one year from the acquisition date).

	Capievision
	Preliminary
	Fair Values
	(dollars in
C months and the	thousands)
Current assets	\$ 1,923,071
Accounts receivable	271,305
Property, plant and equipment	4,864,621
Goodwill	5,839,016
Cable television franchise rights	8,113,575
Customer relationships	4,850,000
Trade names	1,010,000
Amortizable intangible assets	23,296
Other non-current assets	748,998
Current liabilities	(2,306,049)
Long-term debt	(8,355,386)
Deferred income taxes	(6,834,769)
Other non-current liabilities	(189,355)
Total	\$ 9,958,323

ALTICE USA, INC. UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 (dollars in thousands)

	Historical(1)	Cablevision(2)	Pro Forma Adjustments	Pro forma
Revenue	\$ 6,017,212	\$ 3,137,604	<u>\$</u> - \$	9,154,816
Operating expenses:				
Programming and other direct costs	1,899,994	1,088,555	_	2,988,549
Other operating expenses	1,716,851	1,136,970	_	2,853,821
Restructuring and other expense	240,395	22,223	(32,844)(3)	229,774
Depreciation and amortization (including impairments)	1,700,306	414,550	369,428(4)	2,484,284
	5,557,546	2,662,298	336,584	8,556,428
Operating income	459,666	475,306	(336,584)	598,388
Other income (expense):			` ′ ′	
Interest expense	(1,456,541)	(287,098)	(20,032)(5)	(1,763,671)
Interest income	13,811	1,590	(12,151)(6)	3,250
Gain on investments, net	141,896	129,990	_	271,886
Loss on equity derivative contracts, net	(53,696)	(36,283)	_	(89,979)
Loss on interest rate swap contracts	(72,961)	_	_	(72,961)
Loss on extinguishment of debt and write-off of deferred financing costs	(127,649)	_	_	(127,649)
Other income, net	4,329	4,855		9,184
	(1,550,811)	(186,946)	(32,183)	(1,769,940)
Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes	(1,091,145)	288,360	(368,767)	(1,171,552)
Income tax benefit (expense)	259,666	(124,848)	315,477(7)	450,295
Net income (loss)	(831,479)	163,512	(53,290)	(721,257)
Net loss (income) attributable to noncontrolling interests	(551)	236		(315)
Net income (loss) attributable to Altice USA stockholders	\$ (832,030)	\$ 163,748	\$ (53,290) \$	(721,572)
Pro forma basic and diluted net loss per share attributable to Altice USA				
stockholders (in thousands)			<u>\$</u>	(7,216)
Pro forma basic and diluted weighted average common shares			=	100

Notes to Unaudited Pro Forma Consolidated Statement of Operations for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

⁽¹⁾ The Company's historical consolidated results of operations for the year ended December 31, 2016 include the operating results of Cablevision for the period subsequent to the Cablevision Acquisition, June 21, 2016 to December 31, 2016 (Successor period), and the operating results of Cequel for the year ended December 31, 2016.

- (2) Represents the results of operations of Cablevision for the period prior to the Cablevision Acquisition, January 1, 2016 to June 20, 2016 (Predecessor period), based on the audited historical statement of operations.
- (3) **Restructuring and other expense.** Represents the elimination of incremental transaction costs of \$32,844 which were directly related to the Cablevision Acquisition.
- (4) Depreciation and amortization. Represents incremental depreciation and amortization that would have been recognized if the Cablevision Acquisition was completed on January 1, 2016 resulting from the step up in fair value of Cablevision's property, plant and equipment and identifiable intangible assets resulting from the application of business combinations accounting.

Full year 2016 pro forma depreciation and amortization based on fair value related to the Cablevision	
Acquisition	\$ 1,747,643
Historical expense for period January 1 to June 20, 2016	(414,550)
Historical expense for June 21 to December 31, 2016 included in "Historical" column (based on fair value)	(963,665)
Total adjustment	\$ 369,428

The adjustment for depreciation was estimated using an average useful life of approximately seven years calculated on a straight line basis for property, plant and equipment.

Customer relationships are amortized using an accelerated method (sum of the years' digits) to reflect the period over which the relationships are expected to generate cash flows. The following table summarizes the amortization expense related to customer relationships of \$4,850,000 for Cablevision.

	Cablevision
Pro forma Amortization of Customer Relationships:	
Year 1	\$ 636,043
Year 2	590,163
Year 3	544,284
Year 4	498,404
Year 5	452,524
Thereafter	2,128,582

The amortization of trade names related to Cablevision reflect an average useful life of 12 years, calculated on a straight line basis.

- (5) Interest expense. Primarily represents the following adjustments:
 - (i) the incremental increase in interest expense of \$87,755 for the period January 1, 2016 through June 20, 2016 related to notes payable to affiliates aggregating \$1,750,000 (\$875,000 at 10.75% and \$875,000 at 11.0%) to finance the Cablevision Acquisition.
 - (ii) the reversal of \$37,407 of interest expense and \$3,194 of amortization of deferred financing costs associated with the CSC Holdings and Newsday credit facilities that were repaid on the Cablevision Acquisition date.
 - (iii) the decrease of \$32,502 reflecting the accretion/amortization of fair value adjustments associated with the long-term debt assumed in connection with the Cablevision Acquisition resulting from the application of business combinations accounting and the reversal of amortization of deferred financing cost associated with the long-term debt assumed. The long-term debt assumed was adjusted to fair value based on quoted market prices. The difference between the fair value and the face amount of each borrowing is accreted/amortized over the remaining term of each

borrowing. This adjustment results in interest expense that effectively reflects current market interest rates rather than the stated interest rates.

- (6) **Interest income.** Represents the elimination of interest income on the proceeds of the Cablevision Acquisition Notes that were held in escrow from the date of issuance to the Cablevision Acquisition Date.
- (7) **Income tax expense.** The pro forma income tax adjustments represent (i) the income tax impact related to the pro forma adjustment discussed above of \$147,507 at the combined federal and state statutory rate in effect during the period of 40%, (ii) the elimination of the one-time deferred tax expense of \$153,660, included in the historical results resulting from the remeasurement of Cequel's deferred tax liabilities as a result of Cablevision joining the Altice USA consolidated tax group, (iii) the elimination of the one-time tax impact of \$13,849 associated with the non-deductible transaction costs, included in the historical results and (iv) tax benefit of \$461 associated with the Company not being subject to Section 162(m) of the Internal Revenue Code.

ALTICE USA, INC UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2016 (dollars in thousands)

	Hi	Historical(1)		storical(1) Cablevision(Pro Forma Cablevision(2) Adjustments				Pro forma
Revenue	\$	627,589	\$	1,645,890	\$	_	\$	2,273,479		
Operating expenses:										
Programming and other direct costs		189,595		578,230		_		767,825		
Other operating expenses		175,265		601,499		_		776,764		
Restructuring and other expense		7,569		2,453		(1,416)(3)		8,606		
Depreciation and amortization (including impairments)		200,900		212,453		222,708(4)	_	636,061		
		573,329		1,394,635		221,292		2,189,256		
Operating income (loss)		54,260		251,255		(221,292)		84,223		
Other income (expense):										
Interest expense		(275,829)		(149,367)		(12,255)(5)		(437,451)		
Interest income		6,415		822		(6,387)(6)		850		
Gain on investments, net		_		100,365		_		100,365		
Loss on equity derivative contracts, net		_		(48,012)		_		(48,012)		
Other income, net		11		2,034				2,045		
		(269,403)		(94,158)		(18,642)		(382,203)		
Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes		(215,143)		157,097		(239,934)		(297,980)		
Income tax benefit (expense)		74,395		(62,786)		96,230(7)		107,839		
Net income (loss)		(140,748)		94,311		(143,704)		(190,141)		
Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interests				66				66		
Net income (loss) attributable to Altice USA stockholders	\$	(140,748)	\$	94,377	\$	(143,704)	\$	(190,075)		
Pro forma basic and diluted net loss per share attributable to Altice USA stockholders (in thousands)							\$	(1,901)		
Pro forma basic and diluted weighted average common shares								100		

Notes to Unaudited Pro Forma Consolidated Statement of Operations for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2016

- (1) The Company's historical consolidated results of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2016 include the operating results of Cequel.
- (2) Represents the results of operations of Cablevision for the period prior to the Cablevision Acquisition, January 1, 2016 to March 31, 2016 (Predecessor period), based on the historical statement of operations.
- (3) **Restructuring and other expense.** Represents the elimination of incremental transaction costs of \$1,416 which were directly related to the Cablevision Acquisition.

(4) Depreciation and amortization. Represents incremental depreciation and amortization that would have been recognized if the Cablevision Acquisition was completed on January 1, 2016 resulting from the step up in fair value of Cablevision's property, plant and equipment and identifiable intangible assets resulting from the application of business combinations accounting.

Pro forma depreciation and amortization based on fair value	\$ 435,161
Historical expense	(212,453)
Total adjustment	\$ 222,708

The adjustment for depreciation was estimated using an average useful life of approximately seven years calculated on a straight line basis for property, plant and equipment.

Customer relationships are amortized using an accelerated method (sum of the years' digits) to reflect the period over which the relationships are expected to generate cash flows. The following table summarizes the amortization expense related to customer relationships of \$4,850,000 relating to Cablevision:

Pro forma Amortization of Customer Relationships:	
Year 1	\$ 636,043
Year 2	590,163
Year 3	544,284
Year 4	498,404
Year 5	452,524
Thereafter	2,128,582

The amortization of trade names reflect an average useful life of 12 years calculated on a straight line basis.

- (5) **Interest expense.** Primarily represents the following adjustments:
 - (i) the incremental increase in interest expense of \$47,578 for the three months ended March 31, 2016 related to notes payable to affiliates aggregating \$1,750,000 (\$875,000 at 10.75% and \$875,000 at 11.0%) to finance the Cablevision Acquisition.
 - (ii) the reversal of \$19,716 of interest expense and \$1,732 of amortization of deferred financing costs associated with the CSC Holdings and Newsday credit facilities that were repaid on the Cablevision Acquisition date.
 - (iii) the decrease of \$16,713 reflecting the accretion/amortization of fair value adjustments associated with the long-term debt assumed in connection with the Cablevision Acquisition resulting from the application of business combinations accounting and the reversal of amortization of deferred financing cost associated with the long-term debt assumed. The long-term debt assumed was adjusted to fair value based on quoted market prices. The difference between the fair value and the face amount of each borrowing is accreted/amortized over the remaining term of each borrowing. This adjustment results in interest expense that effectively reflects current market interest rates rather than the stated interest rates.
- (6) **Interest income.** Represents the elimination of interest income on the proceeds of the Cablevision Acquisition Notes that were held in escrow from the date of issuance to the Cablevision Acquisition Date.
- (7) **Income tax expense.** The pro forma income tax adjustments represent (i) the income tax impact related to the pro forma adjustment discussed above of \$95,973 at the combined federal and state statutory rate in effect during the period of 40%, and (ii) tax benefit of \$257 associated with the Company not being subject to Section 162(m) of the Internal Revenue Code.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

All dollar amounts, except per customer and per share data, included in the following discussion are presented in thousands.

Overview

Our Business

We deliver broadband, pay television, telephony services, Wi-Fi hotspot access, proprietary content and advertising services to approximately 4.9 million residential and business customers. Our footprint extends across 21 states through a fiber-rich broadband network with more than 8.5 million homes passed as of March 31, 2017. We have two reportable segments: Cablevision and Cequel. Cablevision provides broadband, pay television and telephony services to residential and business customers in and around the New York metropolitan area. Cequel provides broadband, pay television and telephony services to residential and business customers in the south-central United States, with approximately 97% of its customers located in the ten states of Texas, West Virginia, Louisiana, Arkansas, North Carolina, Oklahoma, Arizona, California, Missouri and Ohio.

Recent Transactions

On December 21, 2015, Altice N.V. acquired approximately 70% of the total outstanding equity interests in Cequel. The consideration for the acquired equity interests was \$3,973,528. Following the closing of the Cequel Acquisition, BCP and CPPIB retained 30% of Cequel's outstanding capital stock. In June 2016, Cequel was contributed to Altice USA

On June 21, 2016, a subsidiary of Altice N.V. merged with and into Cablevision, with Cablevision as the surviving entity and wholly-owned subsidiary of Altice USA. In connection with the merger, each outstanding share of Cablevision NY Group Class A common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, and Cablevision NY Group Class B common stock, par value \$0.01 per share (together, the "CNYG Shares"), received \$34.90 in cash without interest, less applicable tax withholdings. The total consideration for the CNYG Shares and equity-based awards amounted to approximately \$9,958,323.

In July 2016, we completed the sale of a 75% interest in Newsday and retained the remaining 25% ownership interest. Effective July 7, 2016, the operating results of Newsday are no longer consolidated with our results and our 25% interest in the operating results of Newsday is recorded on the equity basis.

Key Factors Impacting Operating Results and Financial Condition

Our future performance is dependent, to a large extent, on the impact of direct competition, general economic conditions (including capital and credit market conditions), our ability to manage our businesses effectively, and our relative strength and leverage in the marketplace, both with suppliers and customers. See "Risk Factors," "Industry Overview," and "Business" for more information.

We derive revenue principally through monthly charges to residential subscribers of our broadband, pay television and telephony services. We also derive revenue from equipment rental, DVR, VOD, pay-per-view, installation and home shopping commissions. Our residential pay television, broadband and telephony services accounted for approximately 45%, 27% and 9%, respectively, of our consolidated revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and for the year ended December 31, 2016. We also derive revenue from the sale of a wide and growing variety of products and services to both large enterprise and SMB customers, including broadband, telephony, networking and pay television services. For the three months ended March 31, 2017 and for the year ended December 31, 2016, 14% of our consolidated revenue was derived from these business services. In addition, we derive

revenues from the sale of advertising time available on the programming carried on our cable television systems, which accounted for approximately 4% of our consolidated revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and for the year ended December 31, 2016. Our other revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and for the year ended December 31, 2016 accounted for approximately 1% of our consolidated revenue.

Revenue increases are derived from rate increases, increases in the number of subscribers to our services, including additional services sold to our existing subscribers, programming package upgrades by our pay television customers, speed tier upgrades by our broadband customers, and acquisitions of cable systems that result in the addition of new subscribers.

Our ability to increase the number of subscribers to our services is significantly related to our penetration rates.

We operate in a highly competitive consumer-driven industry and we compete against a variety of broadband, pay television and telephony providers and delivery systems, including broadband communications companies, wireless data and telephony providers, satellite-delivered video signals, Internet-delivered video content, and broadcast television signals available to residential and business customers in our service areas. Our competitors include AT&T and its DirecTV subsidiary, CenturyLink, DISH Network and Frontier and Verizon. Consumers' selection of an alternate source of service, whether due to economic constraints, technological advances or preference, negatively impacts the demand for our services. For more information on our competitive landscape, see "Risk Factors," "Industry Overview" and "Business—Competition."

Our programming costs, which are the most significant component of our operating expenses, have increased and are expected to continue to increase primarily as a result of contractual rate increases and new channel launches. See "—Results of Operations" below for more information regarding our key factors impacting our revenues and operating expenses.

Historically, we have made substantial investments in our network and the development of new and innovative products and other service offerings for our customers as a way of differentiating ourselves from our competitors and may continue to do so in the future. We have commenced a five-year plan to build a FTTH network, which will enable us to deliver more than 10 Gbps broadband speeds across our entire Cablevision footprint and part of our Cequel footprint. We may incur greater than anticipated capital expenditures in connection with this initiative, fail to realize anticipated benefits, experience delays and business disruptions or encounter other challenges to executing it as planned. See "—Liquidity and Capital Resources—Capital Expenditures" for additional information regarding our capital expenditures.

Basis of Presentation

The following discussions are presented below:

Altice USA—Comparison of Actual Results for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2017 to the Actual Results for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2016 and Pro Forma Results for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2016.

The actual results of Altice USA for the three months ended March 31, 2016 include the operating results of Cequel for the three months ended March 31, 2016. The consolidated pro forma results of Altice USA for the three months ended March 31, 2016 have been derived from the unaudited pro forma consolidated statement of operations included elsewhere herein and give effect to the Cablevision Acquisition as if it had occurred on January 1, 2016.

Altice USA—Comparison of Actual Results for the Year Ended December 31, 2016 and Pro Forma Results for the Year Ended December 31, 2016 to Pro
Forma Results for the Year Ended December 31, 2015.

The actual results of Altice USA for the year ended December 31, 2016 include the operating results of Cequel for the year ended December 31, 2016 and the operating results of Cablevision for the period from the date of the Cablevision Acquisition, June 21, 2016 through December 31, 2016. The consolidated pro forma results of Altice USA for the year ended December 31, 2016 have been derived from the unaudited pro forma consolidated statements of operations included elsewhere herein and give effect to the Cablevision Acquisition as if it had occurred on January 1, 2016. The consolidated pro forma results of Altice USA for the year ended December 31, 2015 give effect to the Cablevision Acquisition as if it had occurred on January 1, 2015.

Cablevision (predecessor to Altice USA)—Comparison of Actual Results for the Periods June 21, 2016 through December 31, 2016 and January 1, 2016 through June 20, 2016 to Actual Results for the Year Ended December 31, 2015 and Actual Results for the Year Ended December 31, 2015 to December 31, 2014

The period June 21, 2016 through December 31, 2016 reflects operating results subsequent to the Cablevision Acquisition and is labeled "Successor." The results for the period January 1, 2016 through June 20, 2016 and the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 reflect operating results for periods prior to the Cablevision Acquisition and are labeled "Predecessor." The accompanying financial data of Cablevision include a black line division to indicate the application of the different bases of accounting utilized by the Predecessor and Successor reporting entities as a result of push down accounting. As a result, the financial statements for the Predecessor periods and for the Successor period are not comparable. The operating results for the 2016 Successor period are included in the Altice USA consolidated results for the year ended December 31, 2016.

• Cequel—Comparison of Actual Results for the Period December 21, 2015 through December 31, 2015 and January 1, 2015 through December 20, 2015 to Actual Results for the Year Ended December 31, 2014.

The period December 21, 2015 through December 31, 2015 reflects operating results subsequent to the Cequel Acquisition and is labeled "Successor." The results for the period January 1, 2015 through December 20, 2015 and the year ended December 31, 2014 reflect operating results for periods prior to the Cequel Acquisition and are labeled "Predecessor." The accompanying financial data of Cequel include a black line division to indicate the application of the different bases of accounting utilized by the Predecessor and Successor reporting entities as a result of push down accounting. As a result, the financial statements for the Predecessor periods and for the Successor period are not comparable.

The unaudited pro forma consolidated statements of operations for the year ended December 31, 2016 and the three months ended March 31, 2016 presented herein reflect the Cablevision Acquisition as if it had occurred on January 1, 2016. The unaudited pro forma consolidated statement of operations for the year ended December 31, 2015 presented herein reflects the Cablevision Acquisition and Cequel Acquisition as if they had occurred on January 1, 2015. The pro forma results have been prepared based on assumptions deemed appropriate by the Company. The pro forma adjustments include (i) the elimination of incremental costs that were directly related to the Cablevision Acquisition for the 2016 periods and the Cequel Acquisition for 2015, (ii) the incremental depreciation and amortization that would have been recognized if the Cablevision Acquisition was completed on January 1, 2016 for the 2016 periods and if the Cablevision Acquisition and Cequel Acquisition had occurred on January 1, 2015 for 2015 resulting from the step up in fair value of their property, plant and equipment and identifiable intangible assets resulting from the application of business combinations

accounting, (iii) the elimination of share-based compensation which was recorded in the 2015 Predecessor period resulting from the acceleration of vesting of Cequel's equity-based awards pursuant to a change in control provision of the awards, (iv) the incremental interest resulting from the issuance of debt to fund the acquisitions, net of the reversal of interest and amortization of deferred financing costs related to credit facilities that were repaid on the date of acquisition and the accretion/amortization of fair value adjustments associated with the long-term debt acquired, (v) the elimination of interest income earned on cash proceeds from the issuance of debt prior to the Cablevision Acquisition and (vi) the income tax impact of these pro forma adjustments and the Cablevision Acquisition.

The unaudited pro forma consolidated statements of operations are for informational purposes only. We believe that the pro forma information is useful as it provides additional information given the significant impact of the acquisitions and a reflection of how the combined business performed year over year that is not readily discernible from the actual year over year comparison. We believe that a comparison of the actual results for the three months ended March 31, 2017 to the pro forma results for the three months ended March 31, 2016 provides useful information because it reflects the business operations on a more comparable basis. The pro forma statements of operations are unaudited and do not purport to reflect the results of operations that would have occurred if the Cequel Acquisition and Cablevision Acquisition had been consummated on the dates indicated above, nor does it purport to represent the results of operations of the Company for any future dates or periods.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

We define Adjusted EBITDA, which is a non-GAAP financial measure, as net income (loss) excluding income taxes, income (loss) from discontinued operations, other non-operating income or expenses, loss on extinguishment of debt and write-off of deferred financing costs, loss on interest rate swap contracts, gain (loss) on equity derivative contracts, gain (loss) on investments, interest expense (including cash interest expense), interest income, depreciation and amortization (including impairments), share-based compensation expense or benefit, restructuring expense or credits and transaction expenses. We believe Adjusted EBITDA is an appropriate measure for evaluating the operating performance of the Company. Adjusted EBITDA and similar measures with similar titles are common performance measures used by investors, analysts and peers to compare performance in our industry. Internally, we use revenue and Adjusted EBITDA measures as important indicators of our business performance, and evaluate management's effectiveness with specific reference to these indicators. We believe Adjusted EBITDA provides management and investors a useful measure for period-to-period comparisons of our core business and operating results by excluding items that are not comparable across reporting periods or that do not otherwise relate to the Company's ongoing operating results. Adjusted EBITDA should be viewed as a supplement to and not a substitute for operating income (loss), net income (loss), and other measures of performance presented in accordance with GAAP. Since Adjusted EBITDA is not a measure of performance calculated in accordance with GAAP, this measure may not be comparable to similar measures with similar titles used by other companies. Refer to the reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to net income (loss) in "Summary Historical and Pro Forma Financial Data."

Results of Operations for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2017 and 2016—Altice USA

		Altice USA	
	Historical	Pro Forma	Historical
		Months Ended Marc	- /
	2017	2016	2016
Revenue:			
Residential:			
Pay TV	\$ 1,071,361	, , ,	\$ 279,737
Broadband	611,769	547,680	196,690
Telephony	210,873	221,012	39,735
Business services and wholesale	319,591	300,855	84,404
Advertising	79,968	79,364	20,887
Other	12,114	70,510	6,136
Total revenue	2,305,676	2,273,479	627,589
Operating expenses:			
Programming and other direct costs	758,352	767,825	189,595
Other operating expenses	613,437	776,764	175,265
Restructuring and other expense	76,929	8,606	7,569
Depreciation and amortization	608,724	636,061	200,900
Operating income	248,234	84,223	54,260
Other income (expense):	· ·	ĺ	,
Interest expense, net	(433,062)	(436,601)	(269,414)
Gain on investments, net	131,658	100,365	
Loss on equity derivative contracts, net	(71,044)	(48,012)	_
Gain on interest rate swap contracts	2,342	_	_
Other income (expense), net	(224)	2,045	11
Loss before income taxes	(122,096)	(297,980)	(215,143)
Income tax benefit	45,908	107,839	74,395
Net loss	(76,188)	(190,141)	(140,748)
Net loss (income) attributable to noncontrolling interests	(237)	66	
Net loss attributable to Altice USA stockholders	\$ (76,425)		\$ (140,748)
	= (70,120)	. (-, -, -, -, -)	. (,. 10)

The following is a reconciliation of net loss to Adjusted EBITDA:

	Altice USA						
	Pro Forma						
	H	istorical	(Unaudited)	Historical			
	Three Months Ended March 31, 2017 2016 20						
		2016					
Net loss	\$	(76,188)	(190,141)	(140,748)			
Income tax benefit		(45,908)	(107,839)	(74,395)			
Other expense (income)		224	(2,045)	(11)			
Gain on interest rate swap contracts		(2,342)	_	_			
Loss on equity derivative contracts, net(a)		71,044	48,012	_			
Gain on investments, net	((131,658)	(100,365)	_			
Interest expense, net		433,062	436,601	269,414			
Depreciation and amortization		608,724	636,061	200,900			
Restructuring and other expenses		76,929	8,606	7,569			
Share-based compensation		7,848	14,698				
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	941,735	\$ 743,588	\$ 262,729			

(a) Consists of unrealized and realized losses (gains) due to the change in fair value of equity derivative contracts relating to the Comcast common stock owned by the Company.

The following table sets forth certain customer metrics by segment (unaudited):

			Deceml	ber 31, 2016	March 31, 2016					
				Cequel			Cequel			
Cablevision	Cequel			(g)	Total	Cablevision	(g)	Total		
			thousands, excep	t per custome	r amounts)					
5,128	3,419	8,547	5,116	3,407	8,524	5,086	3,362	8,448		
3,148	1,765	4,913	3,141	1,751	4,892	3,125	1,734	4,859		
2,887	1,661	4,548	2,879	1,649	4,528	2,866	1,638	4,504		
261	103	365	262	102	364	258	96	354		
2,413	1,087	3,500	2,428	1,107	3,535	2,473	1,150	3,623		
2,636	1,366	4,003	2,619	1,344	3,963	2,580	1,308	3,888		
1,955	596	2,551	1,962	597	2,559	1,999	597	2,596		
64.4%	25.4%	50.2%	64.8%	25.5%	50.5%	66.9%	25.8%	52.0%		
61.4%	51.6%	57.5%	61.4%	51.4%	57.4%	61.4%	51.6%	57.5%		
\$ 155.83	\$ 110.00 \$	3 139.11 \$	154.49 \$	109.30	3 138.07	\$ 152.18 \$	105.68	\$ 135.32		
	5,128 3,148 2,887 261 2,413 2,636 1,955 64.4% 61.4%	5,128 3,419 3,148 1,765 2,887 1,661 261 103 2,413 1,087 2,636 1,366 1,955 596 64.4% 25.4%	Cablevision Cequel Total (in 5,128 3,419 8,547 3,148 1,765 4,913 2,887 1,661 4,548 261 103 365 2,413 1,087 3,500 2,636 1,366 4,003 1,955 596 2,551 64.4% 25.4% 50.2% 61.4% 51.6% 57.5%	March 31, 2017 Cablevision Cequel Total Cablevision (in thousands, excep 5,128 3,419 8,547 5,116	Cablevision Cequel Total (in thousands, except per custome in thousands, ex	Name	March 31, 2017 Cablevision Cequel Total Cablevision (g) Total Cablevision (in thousands, except per customer amounts)	Name		

- (a) Represents the estimated number of single residence homes, apartments and condominium units passed by the cable distribution network in areas serviceable without further extending the transmission lines. In addition, it includes commercial establishments that have connected to our cable distribution network. For Cequel, broadband services were not available to approximately 100 homes passed and telephony services were not available to approximately 500 homes passed.
- (b) Represents number of households/businesses that receive at least one of the Company's services.
- (c) Customers represent each customer account (set up and segregated by customer name and address), weighted equally and counted as one customer, regardless of size, revenue generated, or number of boxes, units, or outlets. In calculating the number of customers, we count all customers other than inactive/disconnected customers. Free accounts are included in the customer counts along with all active accounts, but they are

limited to a prescribed group. Most of these accounts are also not entirely free, as they typically generate revenue through pay-per-view or other pay services. Free status is not granted to regular customers as a promotion. In counting bulk residential customers, such as an apartment building, we count each subscribing family unit within the building as one customer, but do not count the master account for the entire building as a customer. We count a bulk commercial customer, such as a hotel, as one customer, and do not count individual room units at that hotel.

- (d) Represents the number of customers that subscribe to three of our services divided by total residential customer relationships.
- (e) Represents the number of total customer relationships divided by homes passed.
- (f) Calculated by dividing the average monthly revenue for the respective quarter (fourth quarter for annual periods) derived from the sale of broadband, pay television and telephony services to residential customers for the respective quarter by the average number of total residential customers for the same period.
- (g) The metrics for Cequel presented in the table above have been adjusted from previously reported amounts to align with the Cablevision metrics definitions.

		Historical						
	Three Mo	Three Months Ended March 31, 2017						
	Cablevision	Cequel	Total	Cequel(a)				
Revenue:								
Residential:								
Pay TV	\$ 789,387	\$ 281,974	\$ 1,071,361	\$ 279,737				
Broadband	381,969	229,800	611,769	196,690				
Telephony	176,401	34,472	210,873	39,735				
Business services and wholesale	228,685	90,906	319,591	84,404				
Advertising	61,739	18,229	79,968	20,887				
Other	6,620	5,494	12,114	6,136				
Total revenue	1,644,801	660,875	2,305,676	627,589				
Operating expenses:		·						
Programming and other direct costs	568,311	190,041	758,352	189,595				
Other operating expenses	454,499	158,938	613,437	175,265				
Restructuring and other expense	58,647	18,282	76,929	7,569				
Depreciation and amortization	443,176	165,548	608,724	200,900				
Operating income	\$ 120,168	\$ 128,066	\$ 248,234	\$ 54,260				
	·							

⁽a) Certain reclassifications have been made to previously reported amounts by product to reflect the current presentation.

The following table sets forth certain operating information by segment on a pro forma basis:

		Pro Forma					
	Three !	Three Months Ended March 31, 2010					
	Cablevision	Cequel	Total				
Revenue:							
Residential:							
Pay TV	\$ 774,32	1 \$ 279,737	\$ 1,054,058				
Broadband	350,99	0 196,690	547,680				
Telephony	181,27	7 39,735	221,012				
Business services and wholesale	216,45	1 84,404	300,855				
Advertising	58,47	7 20,887	79,364				
Other	64,37	4 6,136	70,510				
Total revenue	1,645,89	0 627,589	2,273,479				
Operating expenses:							
Programming and other direct costs	578,23	0 189,595	767,825				
Other operating expenses	601,49	9 175,265	776,764				
Restructuring and other expense	1,03	7,569	8,606				
Depreciation and amortization	435,16	1 200,900	636,061				
Operating income	\$ 29,96	\$ 54,260	\$ 84,223				

Altice USA—Comparison of Actual Results for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2017 compared to Three Months Ended March 31, 2016 and Comparison of Actual Results for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2017 compared to Pro Forma Results for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2016

Please see "—Basis of Presentation" for an explanation of why we believe that a comparison of the actual results for the three months ended March 31, 2017 to the pro forma results for the three months ended March 31, 2016 provides useful information.

Pay Television Revenue

Actual Three Months Ended March 31, 2017 Compared to Actual Three Months Ended March 31, 2016

Pay television revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2017 was \$1,071,361, of which \$789,387 relates to our Cablevision segment and \$281,974 relates to our Cequel segment. Pay television revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2016 was \$279,737 and was derived from our Cequel segment. Pay television is derived principally through monthly charges to residential subscribers of our pay television services. Revenue increases are derived primarily from rate increases, increases in the number of subscribers, including additional services sold to our existing subscribers, and programming package upgrades.

Actual Three Months Ended March 31, 2017 Compared to Pro Forma Three Months Ended March 31, 2016

Pay television revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2017 was \$1,071,361 compared to \$1,054,058 for the three months ended March 31, 2016, on a pro forma basis. The increase of \$17,303 (2%) is comprised of a pro forma increase of \$15,066 (2%) for our Cablevision segment and a pro forma increase of \$2,237 (1%) for our Cequel segment.

On a pro forma basis, pay television revenue for our Cablevision segment amounted to \$789,387 and \$774,321 for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively. The pro forma increase of \$15,066 (2%) was due primarily to rate increases for certain video services implemented

near the end of the fourth quarter of 2016 and an increase in late fees. Partially offsetting these increases was a decrease in revenue as compared to the prior year due to a decline in pay television customers.

On a pro forma basis, pay television revenue for our Cequel segment amounted to \$281,974 and \$279,737 for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively. The pro forma increase of \$2,237 was due primarily to certain rate increases (including an increase for retransmission programming and sports programming charges) and an increase in installation services revenue, partially offset by a decline in the number of pay television customers and a decrease in premium, pay-per-view and VOD purchases as compared to the prior year period.

We believe our pay television customer declines noted in the table above are largely attributable to competition, particularly from Verizon in our Cablevision footprint and DBS providers in our Cequel footprint, as well as competition from companies that deliver video content over the Internet directly to customers. These factors are expected to continue to impact our ability to maintain or increase our existing customers and revenue in the future.

Broadband Revenue

Actual Three Months Ended March 31, 2017 Compared to Actual Three Months Ended March 31, 2016

Broadband revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2017 was \$611,769 of which \$381,969 was derived from our Cablevision segment and \$229,800 was derived from our Cequel segment. Broadband revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2016 was \$196,690 and was derived from our Cequel segment. Broadband revenue is derived principally through monthly charges to residential subscribers of our broadband services. Revenue increases are derived primarily from rate increases, increases in the number of subscribers, including additional services sold to our existing subscribers, and speed tier upgrades.

Actual Three Months Ended March 31, 2017 Compared to Pro Forma Three Months Ended March 31, 2016

Broadband revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2017 was \$611,769 compared to \$547,680 for the three months ended March 31, 2016, on a pro forma basis. On a pro forma basis, broadband revenue increased \$64,089 (12%) and is comprised of a pro forma increase of \$30,979 (9%) for our Cablevision segment and a pro forma increase of \$33,110 (17%) for our Cequel segment.

On a pro forma basis, broadband revenue for our Cablevision segment amounted to \$381,969 and \$350,990 for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively. The pro forma increase of \$30,979 (9%) was due to higher average recurring broadband revenue per broadband customer, an increase in high-speed data customers, and an increase in late fees.

On a pro forma basis, broadband revenue for our Cequel segment amounted to \$229,800 and \$196,690 for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively. The pro forma increase of \$33,110 (17%) was due primarily to an increase in broadband customers, an increase in rates, an increase resulting from the impact of service level changes and an increase in residential home networking revenue.

Telephony Revenue

Actual Three Months Ended March 31, 2017 Compared to Actual Three Months Ended March 31, 2016

Telephony revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2017 was \$210,873 of which \$176,401 was derived from the Cablevision segment and \$34,472 was derived from our Cequel segment. Telephony revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2016 was \$39,735 and was derived from our

Cequel segment. Telephony revenue is derived principally through monthly charges to residential subscribers of our telephony services. Revenue increases are derived primarily from rate increases, increases in the number of subscribers, and additional services sold to our existing subscribers.

Actual Three Months Ended March 31, 2017 Compared to Pro Forma Three Months Ended March 31, 2016

Telephony revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2017 was \$210,873 compared to \$221,012 for the three months ended March 31, 2016, on a pro forma basis. The pro forma decrease of \$10,139 (5%) is comprised of a pro forma decrease of \$4,876 (3%) and \$5,263 (13%) for our Cablevision and Cequel segment, respectively.

On a pro forma basis, telephony revenue for our Cablevision segment amounted to \$176,401 and \$181,277 for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively. The pro forma decrease of \$4,876 (3%) was due primarily to a decline in international calling and a decline in telephony customers.

On a pro forma basis, telephony revenue for our Cequel segment amounted to \$34,472 and \$39,735 for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively, a pro forma decrease of \$5,263 (13%) which was due primarily to lower rates offered to customers.

Business Services and Wholesale Revenue

Actual Three Months Ended March 31, 2017 Compared to Actual Three Months Ended March 31, 2016

Business services and wholesale revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2017 was \$319,591 of which \$228,685 was derived from the Cablevision segment and \$90,906 was derived from our Cequel segment. Business services and wholesale revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2016 was \$84,404 and was derived from our Cequel segment. Business services and wholesale revenue is derived primarily from the sale of fiber based telecommunications services to the business market, and the sale of broadband, pay television and telephony services to SMBs.

Actual Three Months Ended March 31, 2017 Compared to Pro Forma Three Months Ended March 31, 2016

Business services and wholesale revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2017 was \$319,591 compared to \$300,855 for the three months ended March 31, 2016, on a pro forma basis. The pro forma increase of \$18,736 (6%) is comprised of a pro forma increase of \$12,234 (6%) for our Cablevision segment and a pro forma increase of \$6,502 (8%) for our Cequel segment.

On a pro forma basis, business services and wholesale revenue for our Cablevision segment amounted to \$228,685 and \$216,451 for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively. The pro forma increase of \$12,234 (6%) was primarily due to higher average recurring telephony and broadband revenue per SMB customer and an increase in Ethernet revenue resulting from a larger number of services installed, partially offset by reduced traditional voice and data services for commercial customers.

On a pro forma basis, business services and wholesale revenue for our Cequel segment amounted to \$90,906 and \$84,404 for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively. The pro forma increase of \$6,502 (8%) was primarily due to higher commercial rates and customers for high-speed Internet services, an increase in certain pay television rates (including an increase for retransmission programming charges) and increases in commercial carrier services.

Advertising Revenue

Actual Three Months Ended March 31, 2017 Compared to Actual Three Months Ended March 31, 2016

Advertising services revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2017 was \$79,968 of which \$61,739 was derived from our Cablevision segment and \$18,229 was derived from our Cequel segment. Advertising revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2016 was \$20,887 and was derived from our Cequel segment. Advertising services revenue is primarily derived from the sale of advertising time available on the programming carried on our cable television systems.

Actual Three Months Ended March 31, 2017 Compared to Pro Forma Three Months Ended March 31, 2016

Advertising services revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2017 was \$79,968 compared to \$79,364 for the three months ended March 31, 2016, on a pro forma basis. The pro forma increase of \$604 is comprised of a pro forma increase of \$3,262 (6%) for our Cablevision segment, partially offset bay a pro forma decrease of \$2,658 (13%) for our Cequel segment.

On a pro forma basis, advertising services revenue for our Cablevision segment amounted to \$61,739 and \$58,477 for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively, a pro forma increase of \$3,262 (6%).

On a pro forma basis, advertising services revenue for our Cequel segment amounted to \$18,229 and \$20,887 for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively, a pro forma decrease of \$2,658 (13%).

Other Revenue

Actual Three Months Ended March 31, 2017 Compared to Actual Three Months Ended March 31, 2016

Other revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2017 was \$12,114 of which \$6,620 was derived from our Cablevision segment and \$5,494 was derived from our Cequel segment. Other revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2016 was \$6,136 and was derived from our Cequel segment. Other revenue includes other miscellaneous revenue streams

Actual Three Months Ended March 31, 2017 Compared to Pro Forma Three Months Ended March 31, 2016

Other revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2017 was \$12,114 compared to \$70,510 for the three months ended March 31, 2016, on a pro forma basis. The pro forma decrease of \$58,396 (83%) is comprised of a pro forma decrease of \$57,754 (90%) for our Cablevision segment and a pro forma decrease of \$642 (10%) for our Cequel segment.

On a pro forma basis, other revenue for our Cablevision segment amounted to \$6,620 and \$64,374 for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively. The pro forma decrease of \$57,754 (90%) was primarily due to Cablevision no longer consolidating the operating results of Newsday as a result of the sale of a 75% interest in Newsday, effective July 7, 2016. The Company's 25% interest in the operating results of Newsday is recorded on the equity basis.

On a pro forma basis other revenue for our Cequel segment amounted to \$5,494 and \$6,136 for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively, a pro forma decrease of \$642 (10%).

Programming and Other Direct Costs

Actual Three Months Ended March 31, 2017 Compared to Actual Three Months Ended March 31, 2016

Programming and other direct costs for the three months ended March 31, 2017 amounted to \$758,352, of which \$568,311 relate to our Cablevision segment and \$190,041 relate to our Cequel segment. Programming and other direct costs for the three months ended March 31, 2016 was \$189,595 and relate to our Cequel segment. Programming and other direct costs include cable programming costs, which are costs paid to programmers (net of amortization of any incentives received from programmers for carriage) for cable content (including costs of VOD and pay-per-view) and are generally paid on a per-subscriber basis. These costs typically rise due to increases in contractual rates and new channel launches and are also impacted by changes in the number of customers receiving certain programming services. These costs also include interconnection, call completion, circuit and transport fees paid to other telecommunication companies for the transport and termination of voice and data services, which typically vary based on rate changes and the level of usage by our customers. These costs also include franchise fees which are payable to the state governments and local municipalities where we operate and are primarily based on a percentage of certain categories of revenue derived from the provision of pay television service over our cable systems, which vary by state and municipality. These costs change in relation to changes in such categories of revenues or rate changes.

Actual Three Months Ended March 31, 2017 Compared to Pro Forma Three Months Ended March 31, 2016

Programming and other direct costs for the three months ended March 31, 2017 amounted to \$758,352 compared to \$767,825 for the three months ended March 31, 2016, on a pro forma basis. Programming and other direct costs on a pro forma basis amounted to \$568,311 and \$578,230 for our Cablevision segment and amounted to \$190,041 and \$189,595 for our Cequel segment for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively. The pro forma decrease of \$9,473 is attributable to the following:

Cablevision segment:	
Decrease in costs primarily related to the sale of Newsday in July 2016	\$ (15,622)
Decrease in call completion and transport costs primarily due to lower level of activity	(5,263)
Decrease in cost of sales (which includes the bulk sale of handset inventory of \$5,445 during the first quarter of 2016)	(4,831)
Increase in programming costs due primarily to contractual rate increases, partially offset by lower costs resulting from lower pay	
television customers	16,638
Other net decreases	(841)
	(9,919)
Cequel segment:	
Increase in programming costs due primarily to contractual rate increases, partially offset by lower pay television customers and	
lower pay-per-view and video-on-demand costs	2,214
Decrease in franchise costs due to lower pay television customers	(810)
Net decrease in call completion and interconnection costs due to lower level of activity	(426)
Other net decreases	(532)
	446
	\$ (9,473)

Programming costs

Programming costs aggregated \$636,232 for the three months ended March 31, 2017 on an actual basis and on a pro forma basis aggregated \$617,055 for the three months ended March 31, 2016. Our programming costs increased 3% on a pro forma basis for the three months ended March 31, 2017 as compared to the pro forma basis for the three months ended March 31, 2016 due primarily to an increase in contractual programming rates, partially offset by a decrease in pay television customers. Our programming costs in 2017 will continue to be impacted by changes in programming rates, which we expect to increase by high single digits, and by changes in the number of pay television customers.

Other Operating Expenses

Actual Three Months Ended March 31, 2017 Compared to Actual Three Months Ended March 31, 2016

Other operating expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2017 amounted to \$613,437, of which \$454,499 related to our Cablevision segment and \$158,938 related to our Cequel segment. Other operating expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2016 amounted to \$175,265 and relate to our Cequel segment. Other operating expenses include staff costs and employee benefits including salaries of company employees and related taxes, benefits and other employee related expenses. Other operating expenses also include network management and field service costs, which represent costs associated with the maintenance of our broadband network, including costs of certain customer connections and other costs associated with providing and maintaining services to our customers which are impacted by general cost increases for contractors, insurance and other various expenses.

Customer installation and repair and maintenance costs may fluctuate as a result of changes in the level of activities and the utilization of contractors as compared to employees. Also, customer installation costs fluctuate as the portion of our expenses that we are able to capitalize changes. Network repair and maintenance and utility costs also fluctuate as capitalizable network upgrade and enhancement activity changes.

Other operating expenses also include costs related to the operation and maintenance of our call center facilities that handle customer inquiries and billing and collection activities and sales and marketing costs, which include advertising production and placement costs associated with acquiring and retaining customers. These costs vary period to period and certain of these costs, such as sales and marketing, may increase with intense competition. Additionally, other operating expenses include various other administrative costs, including legal fees, and product development costs.

Actual Three Months Ended March 31, 2017 Compared to Pro Forma Three Months Ended March 31, 2016

Other operating expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2017 amounted to \$613,437 compared to \$776,764 for the three months ended March 31, 2016, on a pro forma basis. Other operating expenses on a pro forma basis amounted to \$454,499 and \$601,499 for our Cablevision segment and amounted to \$158,938 and \$175,265 for our Cequel segment for the three months ended

March, 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively. The pro forma decrease of \$163,327 (21%) is attributable to the following:

Cablevision segment:		
Decrease primarily in employee related costs related to the elimination of certain positions, lower net benefits, including lower		
bonus expense, and an increase in capitalizable activity, partially offset by merit increases	\$	(83,109)
Decrease in costs primarily related to the sale of Newsday in July 2016	((45,678)
Decrease in share-based compensation and long-term incentive plan awards expense		(10,432)
Decrease in product development costs and product consulting fees		(8,153)
Decrease in repairs and maintenance costs relating to our operations		(7,757)
Increase in sales and marketing costs		7,628
Increase due to Altice management fee for certain executive services		5,000
Other net decreases		(4,499)
	(1	147,000)
Cequel segment:		
Decrease primarily in salaries and benefits related to the elimination of certain positions, in connection with the initiatives to		
simplify the Company's organizational structure, partially offset by a decrease in capitalizable activity		(16,753)
Decrease in contract labor costs		(2,053)
Decrease in insurance costs		(1,706)
Increase in consulting and professional fees		2,139
Increase in property, general and sales and use taxes		1,303
Other net increases		743
		(16,327)
	\$ (1	163,327)
	, (-	

Restructuring and Other Expense

Actual Three Months Ended March 31, 2017 Compared to Actual Three Months Ended March 31, 2016

Restructuring and other expense for the three months ended March 31, 2017 of \$76,929 (\$58,647 for our Cablevision segment and \$18,282 for our Cequel segment) and \$7,569 for the three months ended March 31, 2016 related to our Cequel segment primarily relate to severance and other employee related costs resulting from headcount reductions related to initiatives which commenced in 2016 that are intended to simplify the Company's organizational structure. We currently anticipate that additional restructuring expenses will be recognized as we continue to analyze our organizational structure.

Actual Three Months Ended March 31, 2017 Compared to Pro Forma Three Months Ended March 31, 2016

Restructuring and other expense for the three months ended March 31, 2017 was \$76,929 compared to \$8,606 (\$1,037 for our Cablevision segment and \$7,569 for our Cequel segment) for the three months ended March 31, 2016, on a pro forma basis.

Restructuring and other expense for the three months ended March 31, 2017 period primarily relate to severance and other employee related costs resulting from headcount reductions related to initiatives which commenced in 2016 that are intended to simplify the Company's organizational structure.

The pro forma restructuring expense for the three months ended March 31, 2016 related to Cequel is primarily related to severance and other employee related costs resulting from headcount reductions

related to initiatives which commenced in 2016 that are intended to simplify the Company's organizational structure at Cequel. Restructuring and other expense for the three months ended March 31, 2016 related to Cablevision includes adjustments related to prior restructuring plans of \$1,037.

Depreciation and Amortization

Actual Three Months Ended March 31, 2017 Compared to Actual Three Months Ended March 31, 2016

Depreciation and amortization for the three months ended March 31, 2017 amounted to \$608,724, of which \$443,176 relates to our Cablevision segment and \$165,548 relates to our Cequel segment. Depreciation and amortization for the three months ended March 31, 2016 of \$200,900 relates to our Cequel segment.

The decrease of \$35,352 (18%) related to our Cequel segment is primarily due to a decrease of approximately \$13,000 resulting from accelerated amortization methods used for the step-up related to certain intangible assets, a decrease of approximately \$12,800 resulting from revisions made to the fair value of assets acquired and their remaining useful lives resulting from the finalization in the fourth quarter of 2016 of the purchase price allocation in connection with the Cequel Acquisition, and lower depreciation due to certain assets being retired or becoming fully depreciated.

On May 23, 2017, Altice N.V. announced the adoption of a global brand which will replace the Optimum and Suddenlink brands in the future, reducing the remaining useful lives of our trade name intangibles, which will increase amortization expense.

Actual Three Months Ended March 31, 2017 Compared to Pro Forma Three Months Ended March 31, 2016

Depreciation and amortization for the three months ended March 31, 2017 was \$608,724 compared to \$636,061 for the three months ended March 31, 2016, on a pro forma basis. The pro forma decrease of \$27,337 (4%) is comprised of a \$8,015 (2%) pro forma increase for our Cablevision segment and a pro forma decrease of \$35,352 (18%) for our Cequel segment. The pro forma increase for our Cablevision segment is primarily due to depreciation on new assets additions. For Cequel, the decrease is due primarily to lower amortization expense for certain intangible assets that are being amortized using an accelerated method, offset by depreciation on new assets additions.

Adjusted EBITDA

 $Actual\ Three\ Months\ Ended\ March\ 31,\ 2017\ Compared\ to\ Actual\ Three\ Months\ Ended\ March\ 31,\ 2016$

Adjusted EBITDA amounted to \$941,735 for the three months ended March 31, 2017, of which \$627,073 relates to our Cablevision segment and \$314,662 relates to our Cequel segment, Adjusted EBITDA of \$262,729 for the three months ended March 31, 2016, relates to our Cequel segment. Adjusted EBITDA is a non-GAAP measure that is defined as net loss excluding income taxes, loss from discontinued operations, other non-operating income or expenses, loss on extinguishment of debt and write-off of deferred financing costs, loss on interest rate swap contracts, gain (loss) on equity derivative contracts, gain (loss) on investments, interest expense (including cash interest expense), interest income, depreciation and amortization (including impairments), share-based compensation expense, restructuring expense or credits and transaction expenses. See reconciliation of net loss to adjusted EBITDA above.

For our Cequel segment, adjusted EBITDA increased \$51,933 (20%) for the three months ended March 31, 2017 as compared to the same period in the prior year. The increase is due primarily to an increase in revenue and a decrease in operating expenses (excluding depreciation and amortization, restructuring expense and other expenses and share-based compensation).

Actual Three Months Ended March 31, 2017 Compared to Pro Forma Three Months Ended March 31, 2016

Adjusted EBITDA for the three months ended March 31, 2017 was \$941,735 compared to \$743,588 for the three months ended March 31, 2016, on a pro forma basis. The pro forma increase of \$198,147 (27%) consists of a pro forma increase of \$146,215 (30%) for our Cablevision segment and a pro forma increase of \$51,932 (20%) for our Cequel segment. The pro forma increase was due primarily to an increase in revenue, and a decrease in operating expenses (excluding depreciation and amortization, restructuring and other expense and share-based compensation), as discussed above.

Interest Expense, net

Actual Three Months Ended March 31, 2017 Compared to Actual Three Months Ended March 31, 2016

Interest expense, net was \$433,062 and \$269,414 for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively, and includes interest on debt issued to finance the Cablevision Acquisition and Cequel Acquisition, as well as interest on debt assumed in connection with these acquisitions.

Actual Three Months Ended March 31, 2017 Compared to Pro Forma Three Months Ended March 31, 2016

Interest expense, net amounted to \$433,062 for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and \$436,601 for the three months ended March 31, 2016, on a pro forma basis. The pro forma decrease of \$3,539 is primarily attributable to a \$6,320 decrease in the amortization of deferred financing costs and discounts/premiums resulting from recording debt at fair value in connection with the Cablevision and Cequel Acquisitions, partially offset by an increase of \$1,256 due to the change in average debt balances.

See "Liquidity and Capital Resources" discussion below for a detail of our borrower groups.

Gain on Investments, net

Actual Three Months Ended March 31, 2017 Compared to Actual Three Months Ended March 31, 2016

Gain on investments, net for the three months ended March 31, 2017 of \$131,658 consists primarily of the increase in the fair value of Comcast common stock owned by the Company for the period. The effects of these gains are partially offset by the losses on the related equity derivative contracts, net described below.

Actual Three Months Ended March 31, 2017 Compared to Pro Forma Three Months Ended March 31, 2016

Gain on investments, net for the three months ended March 31, 2017 amounted to \$131,658 and for the three months ended March 31, 2016 amounted to \$100,365, on a pro forma basis, assuming the Cablevision Acquisition occurred on January 1, 2016 and consists primarily of the increase in the fair value of Comcast common stock owned by the Company. The effects of these gains are partially offset by the losses on the related equity derivative contracts, net described below.

Loss on Equity Derivative Contracts, net

Actual Three Months Ended March 31, 2017 Compared to Actual Three Months Ended March 31, 2016

Loss on equity derivative contracts, net for the three months ended March 31, 2017 of \$71,044 consists of unrealized and realized losses, net due to the change in fair value of equity derivative contracts relating to the Comcast common stock owned by the Company. The effects of these losses are

offset by the gain on investment securities pledged as collateral, which are included in gain (loss) on investments, net discussed above.

Actual Three Months Ended March 31, 2017 Compared to Pro Forma Three Months Ended March 31, 2016

Loss on equity derivative contracts, net for the three months ended March 31, 2017 was \$71,044 compared to \$48,012 for the three months ended March 31, 2016, on a pro forma basis, assuming the Cablevision Acquisition occurred on January 1, 2016 and consists of unrealized and realized losses due to the change in fair value of equity derivative contracts relating to the Comcast common stock owned by the Company.

Gain on interest rate swap contracts

Gain on interest rate swap contracts was \$2,342 for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and represents the increase in fair value of the fixed to floating interest rate swaps entered into by our Cequel segment in June 2016. The objective of these swaps is to cover the exposure to changes in the market interest rate of the \$1,500,000 principal amount of the Cequel 2026 Senior Secured Notes. These swap contracts are not designated as hedges for accounting purposes.

Income Tax Expense

Actual Three Months Ended March 31, 2017 Compared to Actual Three Months Ended March 31, 2016

Income tax benefit for the three months ended March 31, 2017 amounted to \$45,908 compared to \$74,395 for the three months ended March 31, 2016. Nondeductible carry unit plan expense resulted in tax expense of \$3,140 for the three months ended March 31, 2017. There was no state income tax benefit associated with pre-merger accrued interest at Finco. This resulted in reducing income tax benefit by \$8,340 for the three months ended March 31, 2016. Absent these items, the effective tax rate for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016 would have been 40% and 38%, respectively.

Actual Three Months Ended March 31, 2017 Compared to Pro Forma Three Months Ended March 31, 2016

Income tax benefit for the three months ended March 31, 2017 was \$45,908 compared to \$107,839 for the three months ended March 31, 2016, on a pro forma basis. Nondeductible carry unit plan expense resulted in tax expense of \$3,140 for the three months ended March 31, 2017. There was no state income tax benefit associated with pre-merger accrued interest at Finco. This resulted in reducing income tax benefit by \$8,340 for the three months ended March 31, 2016, on a pro forma basis. Absent these items, the effective tax rate for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, on a pro forma basis, would have been 40% and 39%, respectively.

Results of Operations for the Year Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015—Altice USA

			Altice USA	
	-	Historical	Pro Forma	(Unaudited)
		Year Ended ember 31, 2016	Year Ended December 31, 2016	Year Ended December 31, 2015
Revenue:				
Residential:				
Pay TV	\$	2,759,216	\$ 4,227,222	\$ 4,260,631
Broadband		1,617,029	2,290,039	2,005,012
Telephony		529,973	872,115	912,002
Business services and wholesale		819,541	1,230,643	1,158,840
Advertising		245,702	365,429	345,498
Other		45,751	169,368	283,874
Total revenue		6,017,212	9,154,816	8,965,857
Operating expenses:				
Programming and other direct costs		1,899,994	2,988,549	2,982,005
Other operating expenses		1,716,851	2,853,821	3,499,669
Restructuring and other expense (credits)		240,395	229,774	(1,649)
Depreciation and amortization (including impairments)		1,700,306	2,484,284	2,442,235
Operating income		459,666	598,388	43,597
Other income (expense):				
Interest expense, net		(1,442,730)	(1,760,421)	(1,715,950)
Gain (loss) on investments, net		141,896	271,886	(30,208)
Gain (loss) on equity derivative contracts, net		(53,696)	(89,979)	104,927
Loss on interest rate swap contracts		(72,961)	(72,961)	_
Loss on extinguishment of debt and write-off of deferred financing costs		(127,649)	(127,649)	(1,735)
Other income, net		4,329	9,184	6,045
Loss from continuing operations before income taxes		(1,091,145)	(1,171,552)	(1,593,324)
Income tax benefit		259,666	450,295	498,567
Loss from continuing operations, net of income taxes		(831,479)	(721,257)	(1,094,757)
Loss from discontinued operations, net of income taxes				(12,541)
Net loss		(831,479)	(721,257)	(1,107,298)
Net loss (income) attributable to noncontrolling interests		(551)	(315)	201
Net loss attributable to Altice USA stockholders	\$	(832,030)	\$ (721,572)	\$ (1,107,097)

The following is a reconciliation of net loss to Adjusted EBITDA:

	Altice USA							
		Historical	Pro Forma (Unaudited)				
		Year Ended	Year Ended	Year Ended				
	Dec	cember 31, 2016	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015				
Net loss	\$	(831,479)	\$ (721,257)	\$ (1,107,298)				
Loss from discontinued operations, net of income taxes		_	_	12,541				
Income tax benefit		(259,666)	(450,295)	(498,567)				
Other income, net(a)		(4,329)	(9,184)	(6,045)				
Loss on extinguishment of debt and write-off of deferred financing costs		127,649	127,649	1,735				
Loss on interest rate swap contracts		72,961	72,961	_				
Loss (gain) on equity derivative contracts, net(b)		53,696	89,979	(104,927)				
Loss (gain) on investments, net		(141,896)	(271,886)	30,208				
Interest expense, net		1,442,730	1,760,421	1,715,950				
Depreciation and amortization (including impairments)		1,700,306	2,484,284	2,442,235				
Restructuring and other expenses (credits)		240,395	229,774	(1,649)				
Share-based compensation		14,368	39,599	285,337				
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	2,414,735	\$ 3,352,045	\$ 2,769,520				

⁽a) Includes primarily dividends received on Comcast common stock owned by the Company.

The following table sets forth certain customer metrics by segment (unaudited):

		As of December 31, 2016					Pro Forma as of December 31, 2015						Net
	Cal	blevision	(Cequel ^(g)		Total	Ca	ablevision	Cequel ^(g)		Total		ncrease Decrease)
Homes passed(a)		5,116		3,407		8,524		5,076	3,352		8,428		96
Total customer relationships(b)		3,141		1,751		4,892		3,115	1,712		4,827		65
Residential		2,879		1,649		4,528		2,858	1,618		4,475		53
SMB		262		102		364		258	94		352		12
Residential customers(c):													
Pay TV		2,428		1,107		3,535		2,487	1,154		3,640		(105)
Broadband		2,619		1,344		3,963		2,562	1,276		3,838		125
Telephony		1,962		597		2,559		2,007	581		2,588		(29)
Residential triple product customer													
penetration(d):		64.8%)	25.5%)	50.5%)	67.6%	25.4%		52.39	%	(1.8)%
Penetration of homes passed(e):		61.4%	,	51.4%)	57.4%)	61.4%	51.1%		57.39	%	0.1%
ARPU(f)	\$	154.49	\$	109.30	\$	138.07	\$	150.61 \$	104.04	\$	133.79	\$	4.28

⁽a) Represents the estimated number of single residence homes, apartments and condominium units passed by the cable distribution network in areas serviceable without further extending the transmission lines. In addition, it includes commercial establishments that have connected to our cable distribution network. For Cequel, broadband services were not available to approximately 100 homes passed and telephony services were not available to approximately 500 homes passed.

⁽b) Consists of unrealized and realized losses (gains) due to the change in fair value of equity derivative contracts relating to the Comcast common stock owned by the Company.

- (b) Represents number of households/businesses that receive at least one of the Company's services.
- (c) Customers represent each customer account (set up and segregated by customer name and address), weighted equally and counted as one customer, regardless of size, revenue generated, or number of boxes, units, or outlets. In calculating the number of customers, we count all customers other than inactive/disconnected customers. Free accounts are included in the customer counts along with all active accounts, but they are limited to a prescribed group. Most of these accounts are also not entirely free, as they typically generate revenue through pay-per-view or other pay services. Free status is not granted to regular customers as a promotion. In counting bulk residential customers, such as an apartment building, we count each subscribing family unit within the building as one customer, but do not count the master account for the entire building as a customer. We count a bulk commercial customer, such as a hotel, as one customer, and do not count individual room units at that hotel.
- (d) Represents the number of customers that subscribe to three of our services divided by total residential customer relationships.
- (e) Represents the number of total customer relationships divided by homes passed.
- (f) Calculated by dividing the average monthly revenue for the respective quarter (fourth quarter for annual periods) presented derived from the sale of broadband, pay television and telephony services to residential customers for the respective quarter by the average number of total residential customers for the same period.
- (g) The metrics for Cequel presented in the table above have been adjusted from previously reported amounts to conform to the methodology used to calculate the equivalent Cablevision metrics.

The following table sets forth certain operating information by segment for the year ended December 31, 2016:

		December 31, 2016				
	Cablevision	Cequel	Total			
Revenue(a):						
Residential:						
Pay TV	\$ 1,638,691	\$ 1,120,525	\$ 2,759,216			
Broadband	782,615	834,414	1,617,029			
Telephony	376,034	153,939	529,973			
Business services and wholesale	468,632	350,909	819,541			
Advertising	157,331	88,371	245,702			
Other	20,749	25,002	45,751			
Total revenue	3,444,052	2,573,160	6,017,212			
Operating expenses:						
Programming and other direct costs	1,164,925	735,069	1,899,994			
Other operating expenses	1,028,447	688,404	1,716,851			
Restructuring and other expense	212,150	28,245	240,395			
Depreciation and amortization (including impairments)	963,665	736,641	1,700,306			
Operating income	\$ 74,865	\$ 384,801	\$ 459,666			

⁽a) Certain reclassifications have been made to previously reported amounts by product to reflect the current presentation.

The following table sets forth certain operating information by segment on a pro forma basis (unaudited):

	Pro forma December 31, 2016			Pro forma December 31, 2015			
	Cablevision	Cequel	Total	Cablevision	Cequel	Total	
Revenue:							
Residential:							
Pay TV	\$ 3,106,697	\$ 1,120,525	\$ 4,227,222	\$ 3,142,991	\$ 1,117,640	\$ 4,260,631	
Broadband	1,455,625	834,414	2,290,039	1,303,918	701,094	2,005,012	
Telephony	718,176	153,939	872,115	748,181	163,821	912,002	
Business services and wholesale	879,734	350,909	1,230,643	834,154	324,686	1,158,840	
Advertising	277,058	88,371	365,429	257,832	87,666	345,498	
Other	144,366	25,002	169,368	258,469	25,405	283,874	
Total revenue	6,581,656	2,573,160	9,154,816	6,545,545	2,420,312	8,965,857	
Operating expenses:							
Programming and other direct costs	2,253,480	735,069	2,988,549	2,269,290	712,715	2,982,005	
Other operating expenses	2,165,417	688,404	2,853,821	2,546,319	953,350	3,499,669	
Restructuring and other expense (credits)	201,529	28,245	229,774	(1,649)	_	(1,649)	
Depreciation and amortization (including							
impairments)	1,747,643	736,641	2,484,284	1,740,996	701,239	2,442,235	
Operating income (loss)	\$ 213,587	\$ 384,801	\$ 598,388	\$ (9,411)	\$ 53,008	\$ 43,597	

Altice USA—Comparison of Actual Results for the Year Ended December 31, 2016 and Pro Forma Results for the Year Ended December 31, 2016 to Pro Forma Results for the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Pay Television Revenue

Actual 2016

Pay television revenue for the year ended December 31, 2016 was \$2,759,216, of which \$1,638,691 was derived from the Cablevision segment from the date of its acquisition and \$1,120,525 relates to our Cequel segment. Pay television is derived principally through monthly charges to residential subscribers of our pay television services. Revenue increases are derived primarily from rate increases, increases in the number of subscribers, including additional services sold to our existing subscribers, and programming package upgrades.

Pro Forma 2016 Compared to Pro Forma 2015

On a pro forma basis, pay television revenue amounted to \$4,227,222 and \$4,260,631 for the year ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively. The decrease of \$33,409 (1%) is comprised of a pro forma decrease of \$36,294 (1%) for our Cablevision segment, partially offset by a pro forma increase of \$2,885 for our Cequel segment.

On a pro forma basis, pay television revenue for our Cablevision segment amounted to \$3,106,697 and \$3,142,991 for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively. The pro forma decrease of \$36,294 (1%) was due primarily to a decline in pay television customers and a decrease due to a pay-per-view boxing event that took place in 2015. Partially offsetting these decreases were increases in revenue as compared to the prior year due primarily to rate increases for certain pay television services

implemented during the first quarter of 2016 and an increase in fees charged to restore suspended services.

On a pro forma basis, pay television revenue for our Cequel segment amounted to \$1,120,525 and \$1,117,640 for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively. The pro forma increase of \$2,885 was due primarily to increases in revenue resulting from certain rate increases (including an increase for retransmission programming and sports programming charges), the impact of incremental pay television service level changes and an increase in HD/DVR service revenue, partially offset by a decline in pay television customers, a decrease in premium, pay-per-view and VOD purchases, and a decrease in converter rental revenue as compared to the 2015 period.

We believe our pay television customer declines noted in the table above are largely attributable to competition, particularly from Verizon in our Cablevision footprint and DBS providers in our Cequel footprint, as well as competition from companies that deliver video content over the Internet directly to customers. These factors are expected to continue to impact our ability to maintain or increase our existing customers and revenue in the future.

Broadband Revenue

Actual 2016

Broadband revenue for the year ended December 31, 2016 was \$1,617,029 of which \$782,615 was derived from the Cablevision segment from the date of its acquisition and \$834,414 relates to Cequel. Broadband revenue is derived principally through monthly charges to residential subscribers of our broadband services. Revenue increases are derived primarily from rate increases, increases in the number of subscribers, including additional services sold to our existing subscribers, and speed tier upgrades.

Pro Forma 2016 Compared to Pro Forma 2015

On a pro forma basis, broadband revenue amounted to \$2,290,039 and \$2,005,012 for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively. On a pro forma basis, broadband revenue increased \$285,027 (14%) for the year ended December 31, 2016 as compared the prior year and is comprised of a pro forma increase of \$151,707 (12%) for our Cablevision segment and a pro forma increase of \$133,320 (19%) for our Cequel segment.

On a pro forma basis, broadband revenue for our Cablevision segment amounted to \$1,455,625 and \$1,303,918 for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively. The pro forma increase of \$151,707 (12%) was due to rate increases for certain broadband services implemented during the first quarter of 2016, an increase in broadband customers, and an increase in fees charged to restore suspended services.

On a pro forma basis, broadband revenue for our Cequel segment amounted to \$834,414 and \$701,094 for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively. The pro forma increase of \$133,320 (19%) was due primarily to an increase in broadband customers, an increase in rates, an increase resulting from the impact of service level changes and an increase in residential home networking revenue.

Telephony Revenue

Actual 2016

Telephony revenue for the year ended December 31, 2016 was \$529,973 of which \$376,034 was derived from the Cablevision segment from the date of its acquisition and \$153,939 relates to Cequel. Telephony revenue is derived principally through monthly charges to residential subscribers of our

telephony services. Revenue increases are derived primarily from rate increases, increases in the number of subscribers, and additional services sold to our existing subscribers.

Pro Forma 2016 Compared to Pro Forma 2015

On a pro forma basis, telephony revenue amounted to \$872,115 and \$912,002 for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively. On a pro forma basis, telephony revenue decreased \$39,887 (4%) for the year ended December 31, 2016 as compared to 2015 and is comprised of a pro forma decrease of \$30,005 (4%) and \$9,882 (6%) for our Cablevision and Cequel segment, respectively.

On a pro forma basis, telephony revenue for our Cablevision segment amounted to \$718,176 and \$748,181 for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively. The pro forma decrease of \$30,005 (4%) was due primarily to a decline in telephony customers and a decline in international calling.

On a pro forma basis, telephony revenue for our Cequel segment amounted to \$153,939 and \$163,821 for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively. The pro forma decrease of \$9,882 (6%) was due primarily to lower rates offered to customers.

Business Services and Wholesale Revenue

Actual 2016

Business services and wholesale revenue for the year ended December 31, 2016 was \$819,541 of which \$468,632 was derived from the Cablevision segment from the date of its acquisition and \$350,909 relates to Cequel. Business services and wholesale revenue is derived primarily from the sale of fiber based telecommunications services to the business market, and the sale of broadband, pay television and telephony services to SMBs.

Pro Forma 2016 Compared to Pro Forma 2015

On a pro forma basis, business services and wholesale revenue amounted to \$1,230,643 and \$1,158,840 for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively. On a pro forma basis, business services and wholesale revenue increased \$71,803 (6%) for year ended December 31, 2016 as compared to 2015 and is comprised of a pro forma increase of \$45,580 (5%) for our Cablevision segment and a pro forma increase of \$26,223 (8%) for our Cequel segment.

On a pro forma basis, business services and wholesale revenue for our Cablevision segment amounted to \$879,734 and \$834,154 for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively. The pro forma increase of \$45,580 (5%) was due primarily to rate increases for certain broadband services implemented during the first quarter of 2016, and increase in broadband customers and an increase in Ethernet revenue resulting from a larger number of services installed, partially offset by reduced traditional voice and data services.

On a pro forma basis, business services and wholesale revenue for our Cequel segment amounted to \$350,909 and \$324,686 for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively. The pro forma increase of \$26,223 (8%) was primarily due to higher rates and a larger number of customers for broadband services, higher rates and a larger number of customers for telephony services, an increase in certain video rates (including an increase for retransmission programming charges), and an increase in revenue from premium, payper-view and VOD purchases. Offsetting these increases was a decrease in high-speed commercial carrier services.

Advertising Revenue

Actual 2016

Advertising services revenue for the year ended December 31, 2016 was \$245,702 of which \$157,331 was derived from the Cablevision segment from the date of its acquisition and \$88,371 was derived from our Cequel segment. Advertising services revenue is primarily derived from the sale of advertising time available on the programming carried on our cable television systems.

Pro Forma 2016 Compared to Pro Forma 2015

On a pro forma basis, advertising revenue amounted to \$365,429 and \$345,498 for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively. On a pro forma basis, advertising revenue increased \$19,931 (6%) for the year ended December 31, 2016 as compared to 2015 and is comprised of a pro forma increase of \$19,226 (7%) for our Cablevision segment and a pro forma increase of \$705 (1%) for our Cequel segment.

On a pro forma basis, advertising revenue for our Cablevision segment amounted to \$277,058 and \$257,832 for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively. The pro forma increase in advertising revenue of \$19,226 (7%) for our Cablevision segment was due primarily to an increase in advertising sales to the political sector.

On a pro forma basis, advertising revenue for our Cequel segment amounted to \$88,371 and \$87,666 for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively, a pro forma increase of \$705 (1%).

Other Revenue

Actual 2016

Other revenue for the year ended December 31, 2016 was \$45,751 of which \$20,749 was derived from the Cablevision segment from the date of its acquisition and \$25,002 was derived from our Cequel segment. Other revenue primarily includes revenue recognized by Newsday, which was consolidated through July 7, 2016, affiliation fees paid by cable operators for carriage of our News 12 Networks, and other miscellaneous revenue streams.

Pro Forma 2016 Compared to Pro Forma 2015

On a pro forma basis, other revenue amounted to \$169,368 and \$283,874 for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively. On a pro forma basis, other revenue decreased \$114,506 (40%) for the year ended December 31, 2016 as compared to 2015 and is comprised of a pro forma decrease of \$114,103 (44%) for our Cablevision segment and a pro forma decrease of \$403 (2%) for our Cequel segment.

On a pro forma basis other revenue for our Cablevision segment amounted to \$144,366 and \$258,469 for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively. The pro forma decrease of \$114,103 (44%) was primarily due to Cablevision no longer consolidating the operating results of Newsday as a result of the sale of a 75% interest in Newsday, effective July 7, 2016. The Company's 25% interest in the operating results of Newsday is recorded on the equity basis.

On a pro forma basis, other revenue for our Cequel segment amounted to \$25,002 and \$25,405 for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively, a pro forma decrease of \$403 (2%).

Programming and Other Direct Costs

Actual 2016

Programming and other direct costs for the year ended December 31, 2016 amounted to \$1,899,994 of which \$1,164,925 relate to our Cablevision segment from the date of acquisition and \$735,069 relate to our Cequel segment. Programming and other direct costs include cable programming costs, which are costs paid to programmers (net of amortization of any incentives received from programmers for carriage) for cable content (including costs of VOD and pay-per-view) and are generally paid on a per-subscriber basis. These costs typically rise due to increases in contractual rates and new channel launches and are also impacted by changes in the number of customers receiving certain programming services. These costs also include interconnection, call completion, circuit and transport fees paid to other telecommunication companies for the transport and termination of voice and data services, which typically vary based on rate changes and the level of usage by our customers. These costs also include franchise fees which are payable to the state governments and local municipalities where we operate and are primarily based on a percentage of certain categories of revenue derived from the provision of pay television service over our cable systems, which vary by state and municipality. These costs change in relation to changes in such categories of revenues or rate changes.

Pro Forma 2016 Compared to Pro Forma 2015

On a pro forma basis, programming and other direct costs amounted to \$2,988,549 and \$2,982,005 for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively. Programming and other direct costs on a pro forma basis amounted to \$2,253,480 and \$2,269,290 for our Cablevision segment and amounted to \$735,069 and \$712,715 for our Cequel segment for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively. The pro forma increase of \$6,544 is attributable to the following:

Cablevision segment:	
Decrease in costs primarily related to the sale of Newsday in July 2016	\$ (54,133)
Decrease in call completion and transport costs primarily due to lower level of activity	(20,443)
Decrease in cost of sales (which includes a lower cost or market valuation adjustment of \$17,382 related to wireless handset	
inventory from 2015, partially offset by the bulk sale of handset inventory of \$5,445 during the first quarter of 2016)	(10,238)
Increase in franchise and other fees due primarily to increases in rates in certain areas, partially offset by lower video customers	3,140
Increase in programming costs due primarily to contractual rate increases, partially offset by lower video customers	65,760
Other net increases	104
	 (15,810)
Cequel segment:	
Increase in programming costs due primarily to contractual rate increases, partially offset by lower video customers.	42,325
Decrease in digital programming, premium channels and pay-per-view	(8,932)
Decrease in costs associated with carrier circuits and local exchange carrier costs	(7,015)
Decrease in subscriber line costs associated with Operation Reliant (as later defined)	(330)
Other net decreases	 (3,694)
	22,354
	\$ 6,544

Programming costs

Programming costs aggregated \$1,567,688 for the year ended December 31, 2016 on an actual basis and on a pro forma basis aggregated \$2,451,480 and \$2,353,936 for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively. Our programming costs increased 4% on a pro forma basis for the year ended December 31, 2016 due primarily to an increase in contractual programming rates, partially offset by a decrease in pay television customers. Our programming costs in 2017 will continue to be impacted by changes in programming rates, which we expect to increase by high single digits, and by changes in the number of pay television customers.

Other Operating Expenses

Actual 2016

Other operating expenses for the year ended December 31, 2016 were \$1,716,851, of which \$1,028,447 relate to our Cablevision segment from the date of acquisition and \$688,404 relate to our Cequel segment. Other operating expenses include staff costs and employee benefits including salaries of company employees and related taxes, benefits and other employee related expenses. Other operating expenses also include network management and field service costs, which represent costs associated with the maintenance of our broadband network, including costs of certain customer connections and other costs associated with providing and maintaining services to our customers which are impacted by general cost increases for contractors, insurance and other various expenses.

Customer installation and repair and maintenance costs may fluctuate as a result of changes in the level of activities and the utilization of contractors as compared to employees. Also, customer installation costs fluctuate as the portion of our expenses that we are able to capitalize changes. Network repair and maintenance and utility costs also fluctuate as capitalizable network upgrade and enhancement activity changes.

Other operating expenses also include costs related to the operation and maintenance of our call center facilities that handle customer inquiries and billing and collection activities and sales and marketing costs, which include advertising production and placement costs associated with acquiring and retaining customers. These costs vary period to period and certain of these costs, such as sales and marketing, may increase with intense competition. Additionally, other operating expenses include various other administrative costs, including legal fees, and product development costs.

Pro Forma 2016 Compared to Pro Forma 2015

On a pro forma basis, other operating expenses amounted to \$2,853,821 and \$3,499,669 for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively. Other operating expenses on a pro forma basis amounted to \$2,165,417 and \$2,546,319 for our Cablevision segment and amounted to \$688,404 and \$953,350 for our Cequel segment for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively. The

pro forma decrease of \$645,848 (18%) for the year ended December 31, 2016 is attributable to the following:

Cablevision segment:	
Decrease primarily in employee related costs related to the elimination of certain positions, lower net benefits and an increase	
in capitalizable activity, partially offset by merit increases	\$ (190,274)
Decrease in costs primarily related to the sale of Newsday in July 2016	(73,650)
Decrease in share-based compensation	(26,788)
Decrease in expenses related to long-term incentive plan awards	(14,827)
Decrease in legal costs	(23,878)
Decrease in sales and marketing costs	(20,875)
Decrease in repairs and maintenance costs relating to our operations and facilities	(17,153)
Decrease in contractor costs due primarily to lower truck rolls	(10,611)
Settlement of a class action legal matter in 2015	(9,500)
Decrease in product development costs and product consulting fees	(4,215)
Increase in Altice management fee for certain executive services	10,556
Other net increases	313
	(380,902)
equel segment:	
Decrease in share-based compensation	(214,848)
Decrease in employee salaries and benefits including bonus, overtime and other employee related costs primarily relating to	(,, ,,
the decrease in headcount occurring subsequent to the Cequel Acquisition	(17,984)
Decrease in the cost of residential customer installations	(10,120)
Decrease in consulting and professional fees	(9,847)
Decrease in management fee relating to certain executive, administrative and managerial services provided to the Company	(,,,,,
prior to the Cequel Acquisition	(9,987)
Decrease in marketing costs	(9,424)
Decrease in general and administrative costs	(8,194)
Decrease in fleet operating costs	(2,261)
Increase in group health insurance costs	9,829
Increase in Altice management fee for certain executive services	9,704
Other net decreases	(1,814)
	(264,946)
	\$ (645,848)
	<u></u> φ (043,848)

Restructuring and Other Expense (Credits)

Actual 2016

Restructuring and other expense for the year ended December 31, 2016 of \$240,395 (\$212,150 for our Cablevision segment and \$28,245 for our Cequel segment) primarily relate to severance and other employee related costs resulting from headcount reductions related to initiatives which commenced in 2016 that are intended to simplify the Company's organizational structure. We currently anticipate that additional restructuring expenses will be recognized as we continue to analyze our organizational structure.

Pro Forma 2016 Compared to Pro Forma 2015

On a pro forma basis, restructuring and other expense (credits) for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015 amounted to \$229,774 (\$201,529 for our Cablevision segment and \$28,245 for our Cequel segment) and \$(1,649) for our Cablevision segment, respectively.

The pro forma restructuring expense for 2016 is primarily related to severance and other employee related costs resulting from headcount reductions related to initiatives which commenced in 2016 that are intended to simplify the Company's organizational structure at both Cablevision and Cequel. The restructuring credit for 2015 related to prior restructuring plans at Cablevision.

Depreciation and Amortization

Actual 2016

Depreciation and amortization (including impairments) for the year ended December 31, 2016 amounted to \$1,700,306, of which \$963,665 related to our Cablevision segment from the date of acquisition and \$736,641 related to our Cequel segment. Depreciation and amortization for 2016 includes depreciation and amortization related to the step-up in the carrying value of property, plant and equipment and amortizable intangible assets recorded in connection with the Cablevision Acquisition on June 21, 2016 and the Cequel Acquisition on December 21, 2015, partially offset by certain assets being retired or becoming fully depreciated.

On May 23, 2017, Altice N.V. announced the adoption of a global brand which will replace the Optimum and Suddenlink brands in the future, reducing the remaining useful lives of our trade name intangibles, which will increase amortization expense.

Pro Forma 2016 Compared to Pro Forma 2015

On a pro forma basis, depreciation and amortization (including impairments) amounted to \$2,484,284 and \$2,442,235 for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively. The pro forma increase of \$42,049(2%) for the year ended December 31, 2016 is comprised of a \$6,647 pro forma increase for our Cablevision segment and a pro forma increase of \$35,402 (5%) for our Cequel segment. The pro forma increase for both segments is primarily due to depreciation on new asset additions, partially offset by lower depreciation for certain assets being retired or becoming fully depreciated.

Adjusted EBITDA

Actual 2016

Adjusted EBITDA for the year ended December 31, 2016 amounted to \$2,414,735. Adjusted EBITDA is a non-GAAP measure that is defined as net loss excluding income taxes, loss from discontinued operations, other non-operating income or expenses, loss on extinguishment of debt and write-off of deferred financing costs, loss on interest rate swap contracts, gain (loss) on equity derivative contracts, gain (loss) on investments, interest expense (including cash interest expense), interest income, depreciation and amortization (including impairments), share-based compensation expense, restructuring expense or credits and transaction expenses. See reconciliation of net loss to adjusted EBITDA above.

Pro Forma 2016 Compared to Pro Forma 2015

On a pro forma basis, adjusted EBITDA amounted to \$3,352,045 and \$2,769,520 for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively. The pro forma increase of \$582,525 (21%) consists of a pro forma increase of \$376,701 (21%) for our Cablevision segment and a pro forma increase of \$205,824 (21%) for our Cequel segment. The pro forma increase was due primarily to an increase in revenue, and a decrease in operating expenses (excluding depreciation and amortization, restructuring and other expense and share-based compensation), as discussed above.

Interest Expense, net

Actual 2016

Interest expense, net was \$1,442,730 for the year ended December 31, 2016 and includes interest on debt issued to finance the Cablevision Acquisition and Cequel Acquisition, as well as interest on debt assumed in connection with these acquisitions.

Pro Forma 2016 Compared to Pro Forma 2015

On a pro forma basis, interest expense, net amounted to \$1,760,421 and \$1,715,950 for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively. The pro forma increase of \$44,471 (3%) is primarily attributable to an increase of \$33,549 due to the change in average debt balances, \$792 due primarily to an increase in the amortization of deferred financing costs and discounts/premiums resulting recording debt at fair value in connection with the Cablevision and Cequel Acquisitions, partially offset by an increase in interest income of \$2,068.

See "Liquidity and Capital Resources" discussion below for a detail of our borrower groups.

Gain on Investments, net

Actual 2016

Gain on investments, net for the year ended December 31, 2016 of \$141,896 consists primarily of the increase in the fair value of Comcast common stock owned by the Company for the period from the date of the Cablevision Acquisition. The effects of these gains are partially offset by the losses on the related equity derivative contracts, net described below.

Pro Forma 2016 Compared to Pro Forma 2015

On a pro forma basis, gain (loss) on investments, net for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015 amounted to \$271,886 and \$(30,208), respectively, assuming the Cablevision Acquisition occurred on January 1, 2015 and consists primarily of the increase or decrease in the fair value of Comcast common stock owned by the Company. The effects of these gains (losses) are partially offset by the (losses) gains on the related equity derivative contracts, net described below.

Gain (Loss) on Equity Derivative Contracts, net

Actual 2016

Loss on equity derivative contracts, net for the year ended December 31, 2016 of \$(53,696) consists of unrealized and realized gains (losses) due to the change in fair value of equity derivative contracts relating to the Comcast common stock owned by the Company for the period from the date of the Cablevision Acquisition. The effects of these loss are offset by the gain on investment securities pledged as collateral, which are included in gain (loss) on investments, net discussed above.

Pro Forma 2016 Compared to Pro Forma 2015

On a pro forma basis, gain (loss) on equity derivative contracts, net for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015 amounted to \$(89,979) and \$104,927, respectively, assuming the Cablevision Acquisition occurred on January 1, 2015 and consists of unrealized and realized gains (losses) due to the change in fair value of equity derivative contracts relating to the Comcast common stock owned by the Company.

Loss on interest rate swap contracts

Loss on interest rate swap contracts was \$72,961 for the year ended December 31, 2016 on an actual and pro forma basis and represents the decrease in fair value of the fixed to floating interest rate swaps entered into by our Cequel segment in June 2016. The objective of these swaps is to cover the exposure to changes in the market interest rate of the \$1,500,000 principal amount of the Cequel 2026 Senior Secured Notes. These swap contracts are not designated as hedges for accounting purposes.

Loss on Extinguishment of Debt and Write-off of Deferred Financing Costs

Loss on extinguishment of debt and write-off of deferred financing costs for the year ended December 31, 2016 of \$127,649 includes primarily the write-off of unamortized deferred financing costs and the unamortized discount related to the prepayment of \$1,290,500 outstanding under the term credit facility at Cablevision. On a pro forma basis, loss on extinguishment of debt and write-off of deferred financing costs for the year ended December 31, 2015 was \$1,735.

Income Tax Expense

Actual 2016

Income tax benefit for the year ended December 31, 2016 amounted to \$259,666. In connection with the acquisition of Cablevision in June 2016, the Company was required to re-measure deferred taxes of Cequel at a higher overall rate, resulting in additional deferred tax expense of \$153,660. The impact of the nondeductible share-based compensation related to the Company's carried unit plan resulted in additional tax expense of \$5,029. Absent these items, the effective tax rate would have been 38%.

Pro Forma 2016 Compared to Pro Forma 2015

On a pro forma basis, income tax benefit for the year ended December 31, 2016 amounted to \$450,295. The impact of the nondeductible share-based compensation related to the Company's carried unit plan resulted in additional tax expense of \$5,029. Absent this item, the effective tax rate would have been 39%.

On a pro forma basis, income tax benefit for the year ended December 31, 2015 amounted to \$498,567. In April 2015, corporate income tax changes were enacted for both New York State and the City of New York. Those changes included a provision whereby investment income will be subject to higher taxes. Accordingly, in the second quarter of 2015, Cablevision recorded deferred tax expense of \$16,334 to remeasure the deferred tax liability for the investment in Comcast common stock and associated derivative securities. During 2015, Cequel recorded tax expense related to equity compensation of \$107,143. Absent these items, the effective tax rate would have been 39%.

Loss From Discontinued Operations

Pro Forma 2016 Compared to Pro Forma 2015

On a pro forma basis, loss from discontinued operations for the year ended December 31, 2015 amounted to \$12,541, net of income taxes, and primarily reflects an expense related to the settlement of a legal matter relating to Rainbow Media Holdings LLC, a business whose operations were previously discontinued.

Results of Operations—Cablevision

The following discussion regarding Cablevision results of operations has been presented for the periods prior to the Cablevision Acquisition as Cablevision is the predecessor entity.

	Cablevision						
	Successor	-	Predecessor				
	June 21, 2016 to December 31, 2016	January 1, 2016 to June 20, 2016	Year Ended December 31, 2015	Year Ended December 31, 2014			
Revenue(a):							
Residential:							
Pay TV	\$ 1,638,691	\$ 1,468,006	\$ 3,142,991	\$ 3,151,872			
Broadband	782,615	673,010	1,303,918	1,248,708			
Telephony	376,034	342,142	748,181	743,967			
Business Services	468,632	411,102	834,154	811,926			
Advertising	157,331	119,727	257,832	285,284			
Other	20,749	123,617	258,469	266,800			
Total revenue	3,444,052	3,137,604	6,545,545	6,508,557			
Operating expenses:							
Programming and other direct costs	1,164,925	1,088,555	2,269,290	2,197,735			
Other operating expenses	1,028,447	1,136,970	2,546,319	2,520,582			
Restructuring and other expense	212,150	22,223	16,213	2,480			
Depreciation and amortization (including impairments)	963,665	414,550	865,252	866,502			
Operating income	74,865	475,306	848,471	921,258			
Other income (expense):							
Interest expense, net	(606,347)	(285,508)	(584,839)	(575,580)			
Gain (loss) on investments, net	141,896	129,990	(30,208)	129,659			
Gain (loss) on equity derivative contracts, net	(53,696)	(36,283)	104,927	(45,055)			
Loss on extinguishment of debt and write-off of deferred financing costs	(102,894)	_	(1,735)	(10,120)			
Other income (expense), net	4,329	4,855	6,045	4,988			
Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes	(541,847)	288,360	342,661	425,150			
Income tax benefit (expense)	213,065	(124,848)	(154,872)	(115,768)			
Income (loss) from continuing operations, net of income taxes	(328,782)	163,512	187,789	309,382			
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of income taxes			(12,541)	2,822			
Net income (loss)	(328,782)	163,512	175,248	312,204			
Net loss (income) attributable to noncontrolling interests	(551)	236	201	(765)			
Net income (loss) attributable to Cablevision stockholder(s)	\$ (329,333)	\$ 163,748	\$ 175,449	\$ 311,439			

⁽a) Certain reclassifications have been made to previously reported amounts by product to reflect the current presentation.

The following is a reconciliation of net income (loss) to Adjusted EBITDA:

	Cablevision							
	!	Successor			Pre	decessor		
	June 21, 2016 to December 31, 2016		January 1, 2016 to June 20, 2016		to Year Ended 20, December 31,			ear Ended ecember 31, 2014
Net income (loss)	\$	(328,782)	\$	163,512	\$	175,248	\$	312,204
(Income) loss from discontinued operations, net of income taxes		_		_		12,541		(2,822)
Income tax (benefit) expense		(213,065)		124,848		154,872		115,768
Other income(a)		(4,329)		(4,855)		(6,045)		(4,988)
Loss on extinguishment of debt and write-off of deferred financing costs		102,894				1,735		10,120
Loss (gain) on equity derivative contracts, net(b)		53,696		36,283	(104,927)		45,055
Loss (gain) on investments, net		(141,896)		(129,990)		30,208		(129,659)
Interest expense, net		606,347		285,508	:	584,839		575,580
Depreciation and amortization (including impairments)		963,665		414,550	:	865,252		866,502
Restructuring and other expenses		212,150		22,223		16,213		2,480
Share-based compensation		9,164		25,231		65,286		43,984
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	1,259,844	\$	937,310	\$ 1,	795,222	\$	1,834,224

⁽a) Includes primarily dividends received on Comcast common stock owned by the Company.

The following table sets forth certain customer metrics for Cablevision:

	Cablevision							
						ase		
	Year	Years Ended December 31,				(Decreas	e)	
	2016		2015	2014		2016	2015	
	(in thousands, except per custome					nounts)		
Homes passed(a)	5,116 5,076 5,041					40	35	
Total customer relationships(b)	3,141		3,115	3,113		25	3	
Residential	2,879		2,858	2,861		21	(3)	
SMB	262		258	252		4	6	
Residential customers(c):								
Pay TV	2,428		2,487	2,574		(59)	(87)	
Broadband	2,619		2,562	2,518		57	44	
Telephony	1,962		2,007	2,047		(45)	(40)	
Residential triple product customer penetration(d):	64.8	%	67.6%	69.29	%	(2.8)%	(1.6)%	
Penetration of homes passed(e):	61.4	%	61.4%	61.79	%	%	(0.3)%	
ARPU(f)	\$ 154.49	\$	150.61	\$ 149.10	\$	3.88 \$	1.51	

⁽a) Represents the estimated number of single residence homes, apartments and condominium units passed by the cable distribution network in areas serviceable without further extending the transmission lines. In addition, it includes commercial establishments that have connected to our cable distribution network.

⁽b) Consists of unrealized and realized losses (gains) due to the change in fair value of equity derivative contracts relating to the Comcast common stock owned by the Company.

- (b) Represents number of households/businesses that receive at least one of the Company's services.
- (c) Customers represent each customer account (set up and segregated by customer name and address), weighted equally and counted as one customer, regardless of size, revenue generated, or number of boxes, units, or outlets. In calculating the number of customers, we count all customers other than inactive/disconnected customers. Free accounts are included in the customer counts along with all active accounts, but they are limited to a prescribed group. Most of these accounts are also not entirely free, as they typically generate revenue through pay-per-view or other pay services. Free status is not granted to regular customers as a promotion. In counting bulk residential customers, such as an apartment building, we count each subscribing family unit within the building as one customer, but do not count the master account for the entire building as a customer. We count a bulk commercial customer, such as a hotel, as one customer, and do not count individual room units at that hotel.
- (d) Represents the number of customers that subscribe to three of our services divided by total residential customer relationships.
- (e) Represents the number of total customer relationships divided by homes passed.
- (f) Calculated by dividing the average monthly revenue for the respective quarter (fourth quarter for annual periods) presented derived from the sale of broadband, pay television and telephony services to residential customers for the respective quarter by the average number of total residential customers for the same period.

Cablevision—Comparison of Actual Results for the Periods June 21, 2016 through December 31, 2016 and January 1, 2016 through June 20, 2016 to Actual Results for the Year Ended December 31, 2015 and Actual Results for the Year Ended December 31, 2015 to December 31, 2014

Pay Television Revenue

Successor and Predecessor 2016 compared to Predecessor 2015

Pay television revenue amounted to \$1,638,691 and \$1,468,006 for the period June 21, 2016 through December 31, 2016 and January 1, 2016 through June 20, 2016, respectively, compared to \$3,142,991 for the year ended December 31, 2015. Pay television revenue for the Successor and Predecessor periods in 2016 was impacted by a decline in pay television customers, a decrease due to a pay-per-view boxing event that took place in 2015, partially offset by increases in revenue due primarily to rate increases for certain pay television services implemented during the first quarter of 2016 and an increase in fees charged to restore suspended services.

Predecessor 2015 compared to Predecessor 2014

Pay television revenue amounted to \$3,142,991 and \$3,151,872 for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively. The decrease of \$8,881 was due primarily to rate increases for certain pay television services implemented during the second quarter of 2014 and the first quarter of 2015, and lower net promotional activity as a result of continued disciplined pricing policies. In addition, pay-per-view revenue increased primarily due to a boxing event in 2015. Offsetting these increases was a decrease in revenue due primarily to a decline in pay television customers.

We believe our pay television customer declines noted in the table above are largely attributable to intense competition, particularly from Verizon, as well as competition from companies that deliver video content over the Internet directly to customers. Also, the declines are attributable to our disciplined pricing and credit policies. These factors are expected to continue to impact our ability to maintain or increase our existing customers and revenue in the future.

Broadband Revenue

Successor and Predecessor 2016 compared to Predecessor 2015

Broadband revenue amounted to \$782,615 and \$673,010 for the period June 21, 2016 through December 31, 2016 and January 1, 2016 through June 20, 2016, respectively, compared to \$1,303,918 for the year ended December 31, 2015. Broadband revenue for the Successor and Predecessor periods in 2016 was impacted by rate increases for certain broadband services implemented during the first quarter of 2016, an increase in broadband customers, and an increase in fees charged to restore suspended services.

Predecessor 2015 compared to Predecessor 2014

Broadband revenue amounted to \$1,303,918 and \$1,248,708 for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively. The increase of \$55,210 (4%) was due to rate increases for certain broadband services implemented during the fourth quarter of 2014 and lower net promotional activity as a result of continued disciplined pricing policies. Broadband revenue also increased due to an increase in broadband customers.

Telephony Revenue

Successor and Predecessor 2016 compared to Predecessor 2015

Telephony revenue amounted to \$376,034 and \$342,142 for the period June 21, 2016 through December 31, 2016 and January 1, 2016 through June 20, 2016, respectively, compared to \$748,181 for the year ended December 31, 2015. Telephony revenue for the Successor and Predecessor periods in 2016 was impacted by a decline in telephony customers and a decline in international calling.

Predecessor 2015 compared to Predecessor 2014

Telephony revenue amounted to \$748,181 and \$743,967 for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively. The increase of \$4,214 (1%) was due primarily to rate increases for certain telephony services implemented during the second quarter of 2014 and lower net promotional activity as a result of continued disciplined pricing policies. Offsetting these increases was a decrease in revenue due primarily to a decline in telephony customers.

Business Services Revenue

Successor and Predecessor 2016 compared to Predecessor 2015

Business services and wholesale revenue amounted to \$468,632 and \$411,102 for the period June 21, 2016 through December 31, 2016 and January 1, 2016 through June 20, 2016, respectively, compared to \$834,154 for the year ended December 31, 2015. Business services and wholesale revenue for the Successor and Predecessor periods in 2016 was impacted by rate increases for certain broadband services implemented during the first quarter of 2016, an increase in broadband customers and an increase in Ethernet revenue from an increase in services installed, partially offset by reduced traditional voice and data services.

Predecessor 2015 compared to Predecessor 2014

Business services and wholesale revenue amounted to \$834,154 and \$811,926 for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively. The increase of \$22,228 (3%) was primarily due to rate increases for certain broadband services implemented during the fourth quarter of 2014 and an increase in Ethernet revenue from an increase in services installed, partially offset by reduced traditional voice and data services.

Advertising Revenue

Successor and Predecessor 2016 compared to Predecessor 2015

Advertising revenue amounted to \$157,331 and \$119,727 for the period June 21, 2016 through December 31, 2016 and January 1, 2016 through June 20, 2016, respectively, compared to \$257,832 for the year ended December 31, 2015. Advertising revenue for the Successor and Predecessor periods in 2016 was impacted by an increase in advertising sales to the political sector.

Predecessor 2015 compared to Predecessor 2014

Advertising revenue amounted to \$257,832 and \$285,284 for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively. The decrease of \$27,452 (10%) was primarily due to a decline in advertising sales to the political and gaming sectors.

Other Revenue

Successor and Predecessor 2016 compared to Predecessor 2015

Other revenue amounted to \$20,749 and \$123,617 for the period June 21, 2016 through December 31, 2016 and January 1, 2016 through June 20, 2016, respectively, compared to \$258,469 for the year ended December 31, 2015. Other revenue for the Successor and Predecessor periods in 2016 includes revenue recognized by Newsday through July 7, 2016, affiliation fees paid by cable operators for carriage of our News 12 Networks and other revenue sources. On July 7, 2016, the Company sold a 75% interest in Newsday and as a result no longer consolidates its operating results. As of July 7, 2016, the Company's 25% interest in the operating results of Newsday is recorded on the equity basis.

Predecessor 2015 compared to Predecessor 2014

Other revenue amounted to \$258,469 and \$266,800 for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively. The decrease of \$8,331 (3%) was primarily due to a decrease in revenues at Newsday from \$252,405 to \$237,236 due primarily to decreases in advertising revenues driven primarily by competition from other media, partially offset by an increase in circulation revenues.

Programming and Other Direct Costs

Programming and other direct costs include cable programming costs, which are costs paid to programmers (net of amortization of any incentives received from programmers for carriage) for cable content (including costs of VOD and pay-per-view) and are generally paid on a per-subscriber basis. These costs typically rise due to increases in contractual rates and new channel launches and are also impacted by changes in the number of customers receiving certain programming services. These costs also include interconnection, call completion, circuit and transport fees paid to other telecommunication companies for the transport and termination of voice and data services, which typically vary based on rate changes and the level of usage by our customers. These costs also include franchise fees which are payable to the state governments and local municipalities where we operate and are primarily based on a percentage of certain categories of revenue derived from the provision of pay television service over our cable systems, which vary by state and municipality. These costs change in relation to changes in such categories of revenues or rate changes. Through July 7, 2016, these costs also included content, production and distribution costs of the Newsday business.

Successor and Predecessor 2016 compared to Predecessor 2015

Programming and other direct costs amounted to \$1,164,925 and \$1,088,555 for the period June 21, 2016 through December 31, 2016 and January 1, 2016 through June 20, 2016, respectively, compared to \$2,269,290 for the year ended December 31, 2015. Programming and other direct costs for

the Successor and Predecessor periods in 2016 were impacted by an increase in programming costs due primarily to contractual rate increases, partially offset by lower video customers. These costs were also impacted by the lower costs related to Newsday (due to the sale of our 75% interest in Newsday in July 2016), lower call completion and transport costs primarily due to lower level of activity, lower cost of sales related to wireless handset inventory and higher franchise and other fees due primarily to increases in rates in certain areas, partially offset by lower pay television customers.

Predecessor 2015 compared to Predecessor 2014

Programming and other direct costs amounted to \$2,269,290 and \$2,197,735 for the year ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively. The increase of \$71,555 (3%) is attributable to the following:

		2015
Decrease in costs primarily related Newsday	\$	(10,143)
Decrease in call completion and transport costs primarily due to lower level of activity		(14,184)
Increase in cost of sales (which includes a lower cost or market valuation adjustment of \$17,382 related to wireless handset		
inventory from 2015)		20,373
Increase in franchise and other fees due primarily to increases in rates in certain areas, partially offset by lower video customers		4,307
Increase in programming costs due primarily to contractual rate increases and a pay-per-view boxing event in 2015, partially offset		
by lower video customers		66,942
Other net increases	_	4,260
	\$	71,555

Programming Costs

Programming costs aggregated \$978,120 and \$883,792 for the period June 21, 2016 through December 31, 2016 and January 1, 2016 through June 20, 2016, respectively, compared to \$1,796,021 and \$1,728,847 for the year ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively. Our programming costs increased 4% for the 2016 periods and 4% in 2015 due primarily to an increase in contractual programming rates and a pay-per-view boxing event in 2015, partially offset by a decrease in telephony customers. Our programming costs in 2017 will continue to be impacted by changes in programming rates, which we expect to increase by high single digits, and by changes in the number of pay television customers.

Other Operating Expenses

Other operating expenses include staff costs and employee benefits including salaries of company employees and related taxes, benefits and other employee-related expenses. Other operating expenses also include network management and field service costs, which represent costs associated with the maintenance of our broadband network, including costs of certain customer connections and other costs associated with providing and maintaining services to our customers which are impacted by general cost increases for contractors, insurance and other various expenses.

Customer installation and repair and maintenance costs may fluctuate as a result of changes in the level of activities and the utilization of contractors as compared to employees. Also, customer installation costs fluctuate as the portion of our expenses that we are able to capitalize changes. Network repair and maintenance and utility costs also fluctuate as capitalizable network upgrade and enhancement activity changes.

Other operating expenses also include costs related to the operation and maintenance of our call center facilities that handle customer inquiries and billing and collection activities and sales and marketing costs, which include advertising production and placement costs associated with acquiring and retaining customers. These costs vary period to period and certain costs, such as sales and marketing, may increase with intense competition. Additionally, other operating expenses include various other administrative costs, including legal fees, and product development costs.

Successor and Predecessor 2016 compared to Predecessor 2015

Other operating expenses amounted to \$1,028,447 and \$1,136,970 for the period June 21, 2016 through December 31, 2016 and January 1, 2016 through June 20, 2016, respectively, compared to \$2,546,319 for the year ended December 31, 2015. Other operating expenses for the Successor and Predecessor periods in 2016 were impacted by a decrease in employee-related costs related to the elimination of certain positions, lower benefits and an increase in capitalizable activity, partially offset by merit increases. These costs were also impacted by the lower costs related to Newsday (due to the sale of our 75% interest in Newsday in July 2016), a decrease in share based compensation, a decrease in long-term incentive plan awards, lower legal costs, lower sales and marketing costs, lower repair and maintenance expenses, lower contractor costs, a settlement of a class action legal matter in 2015, partially offset by an increase in the management fee to Altice N.V.

Predecessor 2015 compared to Predecessor 2014

Other operating expenses amounted to \$2,546,319 and \$2,520,582 for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively. The increase of \$25,737 (1%) is attributable to the following:

	2015
Decrease primarily in employee related costs related to the elimination of certain positions, lower net benefits and an increase in	
capitalizable activity, partially offset by merit increases	\$ (21,169)
Decrease in costs primarily related to Newsday	(5,294)
Decrease in expenses related to long-term incentive plan awards	(15,120)
Increase in share-based compensation	18,963
Increase in legal costs	17,548
Increase in sales and marketing costs	9,962
Decrease in repairs and maintenance costs relating to our operations and facilities	(1,714)
Decrease in contractor costs due primarily to lower truck rolls	(18,514)
Settlement of a class action legal matter in 2015	9,500
Increase in product development costs and product consulting fees	29,785
Other net increases	1,790
	\$ 25,737

Restructuring and Other Expense

Restructuring and other expense amounted to \$212,150 and \$22,223 for the period June 21, 2016 through December 31, 2016 and January 1, 2016 through June 20, 2016, respectively, compared to \$16,213 for the year ended December 31, 2015 and \$2,480 for the year ended December 31, 2014. Restructuring and other expense for the Successor 2016 period is primarily related to severance and other employee related costs resulting from headcount reductions related to initiatives which commenced in the Successor period that are intended to simplify the Company's organizational

structure. It is currently anticipated that additional restructuring expenses will be recognized as the Company continues to analyze the organizational structure.

The restructuring and other expense for the Predecessor 2016 period is primarily related to transaction costs of \$19,924 incurred in connection with the Cablevision Acquisition and adjustments related to prior restructuring plans of \$2,299. Restructuring and other expense for 2015 includes transaction costs incurred in connection with the Cablevision Acquisition of \$17,862, net of adjustments related to prior restructuring plans of \$1,649. The restructuring and other expense of \$2,480 for 2014 reflects adjustments related to prior restructuring plans.

Depreciation and Amortization

Depreciation and amortization (including impairments) amounted to \$963,665 and \$414,550 for the period June 21, 2016 through December 31, 2016 and January 1, 2016 through June 20, 2016, respectively, compared to \$865,252 for the year ended December 31, 2015 and \$866,502 for the year ended December 31, 2014. Depreciation and amortization for the Successor period in 2016 was impacted by an increase in related to the step-up in the carrying value of property, plant and equipment and amortizable intangible assets recorded in connection with the Cablevision Acquisition on June 21, 2016, partially offset by certain assets being retired or becoming fully depreciated.

On May 23, 2017, Altice N.V. announced the adoption of a global brand which will replace the Optimum brand in the future, reducing the remaining useful life of our trade name intangible, which will increase amortization expense.

Depreciation and amortization decreased \$1,250 in 2015 as compared to the prior year due primarily to certain assets becoming fully depreciated, partially offset by depreciation of new asset purchases.

Adjusted EBITDA

Successor and Predecessor 2016 compared to Predecessor 2015

Adjusted EBITDA amounted to \$1,259,844 and \$937,310 for the period June 21, 2016 through December 31, 2016 and January 1, 2016 through June 20, 2016, respectively, compared to \$1,795,222 for the year ended December 31, 2015. Adjusted EBITDA for the 2016 periods was impacted by an increase in revenue, and a decrease in operating expenses (excluding depreciation and amortization, restructuring and other expense and share-based compensation), as discussed above.

Predecessor 2015 compared to Predecessor 2014

Adjusted EBITDA amounted to \$1,795,222 and \$1,834,224 for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively. The decrease of \$39,002 (2%) for 2015 as compared 2014 was due primarily to an increase in operating expenses (excluding depreciation and amortization expense, restructuring and other expense and share-based compensation), partially offset by an increase in revenue as discussed above.

Interest Expense, net

Successor and Predecessor 2016 compared to Predecessor 2015

Interest expense amounted to \$606,347 and \$285,508 for the period June 21, 2016 through December 31, 2016 and January 1, 2016 through June 20, 2016, respectively, compared to \$584,839 for the year ended December 31, 2015. Interest expense for the Successor 2016 period includes additional interest related to the debt incurred to finance the Cablevision Acquisition.

Predecessor 2015 compared to Predecessor 2014

Interest expense, net amounted to \$584,839 and \$575,580 for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively. The increase of \$9,259 (2%) for 2015 and as compared to 2014 is attributable to the following:

	2015
Decrease due to change in average debt balances	\$ (7,941)
Increase due to change in average interest rates on our indebtedness	16,918
Higher interest income	(505)
Other net increases, primarily amortization of deferred financing costs	787
	\$ 9,259

See "Liquidity and Capital Resources" discussion below for a detail of our borrower groups.

Gain (Loss) on Investments, net

Gain (loss) on investments, net amounted to \$141,896 and \$129,990 for the period June 21, 2016 through December 31, 2016 and January 1, 2016 through June 20, 2016, respectively, and \$(30,208) and \$129,659 for the year ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively, and reflect the increase or decrease in the fair value of Comcast common stock owned by the Company. The effects of these gains (losses) are partially offset by the (losses) gains on the related equity derivative contracts, net described below.

Gain (Loss) on Equity Derivative Contracts, net

Gain (loss) on equity derivative contracts, net amounted to \$(53,696) and \$(36,283) for the period June 21, 2016 through December 31, 2016 and January 1, 2016 through June 20, 2016, respectively, and \$104,927 and \$(45,055) for the year ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

Gain (loss) on equity derivative contracts, net consists of unrealized and realized gains (losses) due to the change in fair value of the Company's equity derivative contracts relating to the Comcast common stock owned by the Company. The effects of these gains (losses) are offset by the (losses) gains on investment securities pledged as collateral, which are included in gain (loss) on investments, net discussed above.

Loss on Extinguishment of Debt and Write-off of Deferred Financing Costs

Loss on extinguishment of debt and write-off of deferred financing costs amounted to \$102,894 for the period June 21, 2016 through December 31, 2016 and \$1,735 and \$10,120 for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively. The Successor 2016 amount includes the write-off of unamortized deferred financing costs and the unamortized discount related to the prepayment of \$1,290,500 outstanding under the CSC Holdings, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Cablevision, term credit facility. The 2015 amount includes the write-off of unamortized deferred financing costs and the unamortized discount related to the \$200,000 repayment of CSC Holdings term B loan facility.

The 2014 amount includes \$9,618, related to the \$750,000 repayment of CSC Holdings' outstanding term B loan facility in May 2014 and the \$200,000 repayment in September 2014. In addition, the 2014 amount includes the write-off of unamortized deferred financing costs of \$1,436 and a net gain of \$934, net of fees, recognized in connection with the repurchase of Cablevision's outstanding 5.875% senior notes due September 2022.

Income Tax Expense

Income tax benefit (expense) amounted to \$213,065 for the period from June 21, 2016 through December 31, 2016 and \$(124,848) for the period from January 1, 2016 through June 20, 2016. In the Successor period, excluding the impact of the nondeductible share-based compensation of \$3,208, the effective tax rate would have been 40%. In the Predecessor period, certain acquisition-related costs were determined to be nondeductible, resulting in additional deferred tax expense of \$9,392. Absent this item, the effective tax rate would have been 40%.

Income tax expense of \$154,872 for the year ended December 31, 2015, reflected an effective tax rate of 45%. In April 2015, corporate income tax changes were enacted for both New York State and the City of New York. Those changes included a provision whereby investment income will be subject to higher taxes. Accordingly, in the second quarter of 2015, Cablevision recorded deferred tax expense of \$16,334 to remeasure the deferred tax liability for the investment in Comcast common stock and associated derivative securities. Also in 2015, Cablevision recorded tax benefit of \$2,630 related to research credits. Absent these items, the effective tax rate for the year ended December 31, 2015 would have been 41%

Income tax expense of \$115,768 for the year ended December 31, 2014, reflected an effective tax rate of 27%. In January 2014, the Internal Revenue Service informed the Company that the consolidated federal income tax returns for 2009 and 2010 were no longer under examination. Accordingly, in the first quarter of 2014, Cablevision recorded a tax benefit of \$53,132 associated with the reversal of a noncurrent liability relating to an uncertain tax position. New York State corporate tax reform legislation enacted on March 31, 2014 resulted in tax benefit of \$2,050. Also in 2014, Cablevision recorded tax benefit of \$2,634 related to research credits. Absent these items, the effective tax rate for the year ended December 31, 2014 would have been 41%.

Loss From Discontinued Operations

Loss from discontinued operations for the year ended December 31, 2015 amounted to \$12,541, net of income taxes, and primarily reflects an expense related to the settlement of a legal matter relating to Rainbow Media Holdings LLC, a business whose operations were previously discontinued.

Income from discontinued operations for the year ended December 31, 2014 amounted to \$2,822, net of income taxes and resulted primarily from the settlement of a contingency related to Montana property taxes related to Bresnan Cable.

Results of Operations—Cequel

The column labeled "Successor" reflects results of operations for the period subsequent to the Cequel Acquisition and the columns labeled "Predecessor" reflect results of operations prior to the Cequel Acquisition.

	 Cequel				
	 Successor	Prede	essor		
	cember 21, 2015 to cember 31, 2015	January 1, 2015 to December 20, 2015	Year Ended December 31, 2014		
Revenue:	 				
Residential:					
Pay TV	\$ 33,715	\$ 1,083,925	\$ 1,147,455		
Broadband	21,133	679,961	601,801		
Telephony	4,905	158,916	167,838		
Business Services	9,783	314,903	288,386		
Advertising	2,642	85,024	101,197		
Other	 765	24,640	24,020		
Total revenue	72,943	2,347,369	2,330,697		
Operating expenses:	 				
Operating (excluding depreciation and amortization)	26,586	872,308	930,085		
Selling, general and administrative	39,166	889,960	546,386		
Depreciation and amortization	23,533	531,561	594,459		
Loss on disposal of cable assets	41	1,796	4,277		
Operating income	(16,383)	51,744	255,490		
Other income (expense):					
Interest expense, net	 (11,491)	(237,319)	(230,146)		
Income (loss) before income taxes	(27,874)	(185,575)	25,344		
Income tax benefit (expense)	10,263	(29,301)	(8,095)		
Net income (loss)	\$ (17,611)	\$ (214,876)	\$ 17,249		

The following is a reconciliation of net income (loss) to Adjusted EBITDA:

			Cequel				
	S	uccessor		Predec	essor		
		cember 21, 2015 to cember 31, 2015		January 1, 2015 to ecember 20, 2015	Decem	Ended aber 31,	
Net income (loss)	\$	(17,611)	\$	(214,876)	\$	17,249	
Income tax (benefit) expense		(10,263)		29,301		8,095	
Interest expense, net		11,491		237,319	2	230,146	
Depreciation and amortization (including impairments)		23,574		533,357	5	598,736	
Restructuring and other expense(a)		26,498		67,817		16,641	
Share-based compensation				287,691		30,681	
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	33,689	\$	940,609	\$ 9	01,548	

⁽a) Includes transaction costs of \$26,498, \$67,817 and \$16,641 for the period December 21, 2015 to December 31, 2015 (Successor), for the period January 1, 2015 to December 20, 2015 (Predecessor) and for the year ended December 31, 2014 (Predecessor), respectively.

The following table sets forth certain customer metrics for our Cequel segment:

		Cequel(g)	
			Net Increase
	Decen	nber 31,	(Decrease)
	2015	2014	2015
	(in thousand	s, except per custo	omer amounts)
Homes passed(a)	3,352	3,289	63
Total customer relationships(b)	1,712	1,664	48
Residential	1,618	1,579	39
SMB	94	85	9
Residential customers(c):			
Pay TV	1,154	1,200	(46)
Broadband	1,276	1,199	77
Telephony	581	553	28
Residential triple product customer penetration(d):	25.4	% 25.1%	0.3%
Penetration of homes passed(e):	51.1	% 50.6%	0.5%
ARPU(f)	\$ 104.04	\$ 101.05	\$ 2.99

- (a) Represents the estimated number of single residence homes, apartments and condominium units passed by the cable distribution network in areas serviceable without further extending the transmission lines. In addition, it includes commercial establishments that have connected to our cable distribution network. For Cequel, broadband services were not available to approximately 100 homes passed and telephony services were not available to approximately 500 homes passed.
- (b) Represents number of households/businesses that receive at least one of the Company's services.
- Customers represent each customer account (set up and segregated by customer name and address), weighted equally and counted as one customer, regardless of size, revenue generated, or number of boxes, units, or outlets. In calculating the number of customers, we count all customers other than inactive/disconnected customers. Free accounts are included in the customer counts along with all active accounts, but they are limited to a prescribed group. Most of these accounts are also not entirely free, as they typically generate revenue through pay-per-view or other pay services. Free status is not granted to regular customers as a promotion. In counting bulk residential customers, such as an apartment building, we count each subscribing family unit within the building as one customer, but do not count the master account for the entire building as a customer. We count a bulk commercial customer, such as a hotel, as one customer, and do not count individual room units at that hotel.
- (d) Represents the number of customers that subscribe to three of our services divided by total residential customer relationships.
- (e) Represents the number of total customer relationships divided by homes passed.
- (f) Calculated by dividing the average monthly revenue for the respective quarter (fourth quarter for annual periods) presented derived from the sale of broadband, pay television and telephony services to residential customers for the respective quarter by the average number of total residential customers for the same period.
- (g) The metrics for Cequel presented in the table above have been adjusted from previously reported amounts to conform to the methodology used to calculate the equivalent Cablevision metrics.

Cequel—Comparison of Actual Results for the Period December 21, 2015 through December 31, 2015 and January 1, 2015 through December 20, 2015 to Actual Results for the Year Ended December 31, 2014

Pay Television Revenue

Pay television revenue amounted to \$33,715 and \$1,083,925 for the period December 21, 2015 through December 31, 2015 and January 1, 2015 through December 20, 2015, respectively, compared to \$1,147,455 for the year ended December 31, 2014. Pay television revenue for the 2015 periods was impacted by a decline in pay television customers, decreases in premium and VOD purchases and a decrease in converter rental revenue as compared to the year ended December 31, 2014. Offsetting these decreases were increases in revenue resulting from certain rate increases (including an increase for retransmission programming and sports programming charges), the impact of incremental pay television service level changes and an increase in HD/DVR service revenue.

We believe our video customer declines noted in the table above are largely attributable to competition from DBS providers and from companies that deliver video content over the Internet directly to customers.

Broadband Revenue

Broadband revenue amounted to \$21,133 and \$679,961 for the period December 21, 2015 through December 31, 2015 and January 1, 2015 through December 20, 2015, respectively, compared to \$601,801 for the year ended December 31, 2014. Broadband revenue for the 2015 periods was impacted by a continued increase in broadband customers, an increase in rates, an increase resulting from the impact of service level changes and an increase in residential home networking revenue.

Telephony Revenue

Telephony revenue amounted to \$4,905 and \$158,916 for the period December 21, 2015 through December 31, 2015 and January 1, 2015 through December 20, 2015, respectively, compared to \$167,838 for the year ended December 31, 2014. Telephony revenue for the 2015 periods was impacted by lower rates offered to customers.

Business Services Revenue

Business services and wholesale revenue amounted to \$9,783 and \$314,903 for the period December 21, 2015 through December 31, 2015 (Successor Period) and January 1, 2015 through December 20, 2015, respectively, compared to \$288,386 for the year ended December 31, 2014. Business services and wholesale revenue was impacted by higher commercial rates for broadband services, higher commercial rates and customers for telephony services, an increase in high-speed commercial carrier services revenue, an increase in certain pay television rates including an increase for retransmission programming charges and an increase in revenue from premium, pay-per-view and VOD purchases.

Advertising Revenue

Advertising revenue amounted to \$2,642 and \$85,024 for the period December 21, 2015 through December 31, 2015 and January 1, 2015 through December 20, 2015, respectively, compared to \$101,197 for the year ended December 31, 2014. Advertising revenue was impacted by a decline in national advertising sales primarily from political advertising, local ad sales, and lower interconnect revenue.

Other Revenue

Other revenue amounted to \$765 and \$24,640 for the period December 21, 2015 through December 31, 2015 and January 1, 2015 through December 20, 2015, respectively, compared to \$24,020 for the year ended December 31, 2014. Other revenue includes equipment sales, wire maintenance charges, security revenues and other miscellaneous revenue streams. Other revenue for the 2015 periods was impacted by an increase in tower construction management services and equipment sales revenues, partially offset by a decrease in site development revenue.

Operating expenses (excluding depreciation and amortization)

Operating expenses (excluding depreciation and amortization) were \$26,586, \$872,308 and \$930,085 for the period December 21, 2015 through December 31, 2015, January 1, 2015 through December 20, 2015, and for the year ended December 31, 2014, respectively. Operating expenses include programming costs, broadband costs, telephony services costs, and plant and operating costs.

Programming costs consist primarily of costs paid to programmers for basic, digital, premium, VOD and pay-per-view programming. Programming costs for the 2015 periods were impacted by a decrease in the number of pay television customers and the removal of Viacom programming from our channel line-up, offset in part by higher contractual rates charged by our programming and broadcast vendors and the costs of new channels launched.

Broadband costs primarily consist of costs for bandwidth connectivity. Broadband costs were impacted by increases in circuit costs to support growth in our residential and commercial broadband business, but were offset in part by decreases in backbone costs and broadband content costs.

Telephony service costs, including delivery and other costs, for the 2015 periods were impacted by the decrease in subscriber line costs associated with Operation Reliant, described below.

Plant and operating costs consist primarily of employee costs related to wages and benefits of technical personnel who maintain our cable network and provide customer support, outside labor costs, vehicle, utilities and pole rental expenses. Plant and operating costs were impacted by an increase in headcount, annual salary increases and increased overtime levels, an increase in technical costs, and an increase in contract labor, partially offset by a decrease in costs associated with Operation Reliant, an initiative to replace our use of the third-party provider with our own internal platform and resources which was completed in 2014.

Selling, general and administrative expenses

Selling, general and administrative expenses were \$39,166, \$889,960 and \$546,386 for the period December 21, 2015 through December 31, 2015, January 1, 2015 through December 20, 2015, and for the year ended December 31, 2014, respectively.

General and administrative expenses consist primarily of wages and benefits for our call centers, customer service and support and administrative personnel; bad debt and collection expenses; billing; advertising; facilities costs; non-cash stock compensation expenses and other non-recurring expenses. General and administrative expenses for the 2015 Predecessor period included \$287,691 of share-based compensation expenses related to the profits interest plan. The 2015 Successor period included \$26,498 of transaction expenses associated with the Cequel Acquisition. In addition, general and administrative expense were impacted by salary and commission and benefit expense increases, increases in consulting fees resulting from subscriber growth related initiatives and an increase in bad debt expense, offset in part by a decrease in advertising expense.

Marketing and sales expenses primarily consist of wages and benefits for our sales force and costs for marketing and promotional materials. Marketing and sales expenses for the 2015 periods were

impacted by an increase in direct mail advertising and e-marketing costs, as well as increases in salary and commission expense increases for our door to door sales force.

Corporate overhead and management fees primarily consist of wages and benefits for our corporate personnel, legal fees, accounting and audit fees and other corporate expenses, and transaction and acquisition due diligence expenses. Corporate overhead and management fees for the 2015 Predecessor periods were impacted by \$67,817 of costs related to the Cequel Acquisition, as well as increases in compensation and public relations expenses.

Depreciation and Amortization

Depreciation and amortization (including impairments) amounted to \$23,574 and \$533,357 for the period December 21, 2015 through December 31, 2015 and January 1, 2015 through December 20, 2015, respectively, compared to \$598,736 for the year ended December 31, 2014. Depreciation and amortization (including impairments) for the 2015 Successor period includes depreciation and amortization related to the step-up in the carrying value of property, plant and equipment and amortizable intangible assets recorded in connection with the Cequel Acquisition. The decrease in depreciation and amortization for the 2015 Predecessor period as compared to 2014 was primarily as a result of decreased amortization expenses for customer relationships, as well as a decrease in depreciation resulting from assets being fully depreciated.

Adjusted EBITDA

Adjusted EBITDA amounted to \$33,689 and \$940,609 for the period December 21, 2015 through December 31, 2015 and January 1, 2015 through December 20, 2015, respectively, compared to \$901,548 for the year ended December 31, 2014. Adjusted EBITDA in 2015 was impacted by an increase in revenue, partially offset by an increase in operating expenses (excluding depreciation and amortization, restructuring expense and other expenses and share-based compensation), as discussed above.

Interest Expense, net

Interest expense, net amounted to \$11,491 and \$237,319 for the period December 21, 2015 through December 31, 2015 and January 1, 2015 through December 20, 2015, respectively, compared to \$230,146 for the year ended December 31, 2014. Interest expense for the Successor 2015 period includes additional interest related to the indebtedness issued to fund the Cequel Acquisition. The interest expense for the 2015 Predecessor period as compared to the 2014 Predecessor period increased primarily due to an increase in average debt outstanding and an increase in amortization of debt issuance costs and discounts.

Income Tax Expense

Income tax benefit (expense) amounted to \$10,263 and \$(29,301) for the period December 21, 2015 through December 31, 2015 and January 1, 2015 through December 20, 2015, respectively, reflecting an effective tax rate of 37% and (16)%, respectively. Income tax expense amounted to \$8,095 for the year ended December 31, 2014, reflecting an effective tax rate of 32%. Excluding the impact of non-cash equity compensation expense of \$11,556 and the income tax benefit to eliminate the Company's uncertain tax position of \$12,984, the effective rate would have been 38%.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Altice USA has no operations independent of its subsidiaries, Cablevision and Cequel, which are funded separately. Funding for our subsidiaries has generally been provided by cash flow from their respective operations, cash on hand and borrowings under their revolving credit facilities and the proceeds from the issuance of securities and borrowings under syndicated term loans in the capital markets. Our decision as to the use of cash generated from operating activities, cash on hand, borrowings under the revolving credit facilities or accessing the capital markets has been based upon an ongoing review of the funding needs of the business, the optimal allocation of cash resources, the timing of cash flow generated and the cost of borrowing under the revolving credit facilities, debt securities and syndicated term loans. We manage our business to a long-term net leverage ratio target of 5.0x. We calculate our consolidated net leverage ratio as net debt to L2QA EBITDA (Adjusted EBITDA for the two most recent consecutive fiscal quarters multiplied by 2.0).

We expect to utilize free cash flow and availability under the revolving credit facilities, as well as future refinancing transactions to further extend the maturities of, or reduce the principal on, our debt obligations. The timing and terms of any refinancing transactions will be subject to, among other factors, market conditions. Additionally, we may, from time to time, depending on market conditions and other factors, use cash on hand and the proceeds from other borrowings to repay the outstanding debt securities through open market purchases, privately negotiated purchases, tender offers, or redemption provisions.

We believe existing cash balances, operating cash flows and availability under our revolving credit facilities will provide adequate funds to support our current operating plan, make planned capital expenditures and fulfill our debt service requirements for the next twelve months. However, our ability to fund our operations, make planned capital expenditures, make scheduled payments on our indebtedness and repay our indebtedness depends on our future operating performance and cash flows and our ability to access the capital markets, which, in turn, are subject to prevailing economic conditions and to financial, business and other factors, some of which are beyond our control. Our collateralized debt maturing in the next 12 months will be settled either by delivering shares of Comcast common stock or by delivering cash from the net proceeds of new monetization transactions. However, competition, market disruptions or a deterioration in economic conditions could lead to lower demand for our products, as well as lower levels of advertising, and increased incidence of customers' inability to pay for the services we provide. These events would adversely impact our results of operations, cash flows and financial position. Although we currently believe that amounts available under the revolving credit facilities will be available when, and if needed, we can provide no assurance that access to such funds will not be impacted by adverse conditions in the financial markets or other conditions. The obligations of the financial institutions under the revolving credit facilities are several and not joint and, as a result, a funding default by one or more institutions does not need to be made up by the others.

In the longer term, we do not expect to be able to generate sufficient cash from operations to fund anticipated capital expenditures, meet all existing future contractual payment obligations and repay our debt at maturity. As a result, we will be dependent upon our continued access to the capital and credit markets to issue additional debt or equity or refinance existing debt obligations. We will need to raise significant amounts of funding over the next several years to fund capital expenditures, repay existing obligations and meet other obligations, and the failure to do so successfully could adversely affect our business. If we are unable to do so, we will need to take other actions including deferring capital expenditures, selling assets, seeking strategic investments from third parties or reducing or eliminating discretionary uses of cash.

Debt Outstanding

The following tables summarize the carrying value of our outstanding debt, net of deferred financing costs, discounts and premiums (excluding accrued interest), as well as interest expense and pro forma interest expense.

	As of March 31, 2017									
		Cablevision		Cequel		Altice USA	E	liminations		Total Altice USA, Inc.
Debt outstanding:										
Credit facility debt	\$	2,677,412	\$	810,929	\$	_	\$	_	\$	3,488,341
Senior guaranteed notes		2,289,901		_		_		_		2,289,901
Senior secured notes				2,567,708		_		_		2,567,708
Senior notes and debentures		9,463,492		3,184,617		_		_		12,648,109
Capital lease obligations		21,321		2,223		_		_		23,544
Notes payable		11,453								11,453
Subtotal	\$	14,463,579	\$	6,565,477	\$	_	\$	_	\$	21,029,056
Notes payable to affiliates and related parties		_		_		1,750,000		_		1,750,000
Collateralized indebtedness relating to stock monetizations(a)		1,293,702		_		_		_		1,293,702
Total debt	\$	15,757,281	\$	6,565,477	\$	1,750,000	\$		\$	24,072,758
Interest expense:										
Credit facility debt, senior notes, capital leases and notes										
payable	\$	261,953	\$	105,500		1,942	\$	(1,942)	\$	367,453
Notes payable to affiliates and related parties		_		_		47,588		_		47,588
Collateralized indebtedness relating to stock monetizations(a)		18,253			\$					18,253
Total interest expense	\$	280,206	\$	105,500	\$	49,530	\$	(1,942)	\$	433,294

⁽a) This indebtedness is collateralized by shares of Comcast common stock. We intend to settle this debt by either delivering shares of the Comcast common stock and the related equity derivative contracts or by delivering cash from the net proceeds of new monetization transactions.

The following table provides details of our outstanding credit facility debt as of March 31, 2017:

	Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Principal	Carrying Value(a)
Cablevision:				
CSC Holdings Revolving Credit Facility(b)	\$20,000 on October 9, 2020, remaining on November 30, 2021	4.16%\$	225,256	\$ 196,407
CSC Holdings Term Credit Facility(c)	July 17, 2025	3.94%	2,493,750	2,481,005
Cequel: Revolving Credit Facility	November 30, 2021	_	_	_
Term Credit Facility(d)	July 28, 2025	3.98%	812,963	810,929
				\$ 3,488,341

- (a) The unamortized discounts and deferred financing costs amounted to \$43,628 at March 31, 2017.
- (b) Includes \$100,256 of credit facility debt incurred to finance the Cablevision Acquisition. See discussion above regarding the amendment to the revolving credit facility entered into December 2016. At March 31, 2017, \$1,984,721, of the facility was undrawn and available, subject to covenant limitations.
- (c) Represents \$3,800,000 principal amount of debt incurred to finance the Cablevision Acquisition, net of principal repayments made.
- (d) At March 31, 2017, \$17,031 of the revolving credit facility was restricted for certain letters of credit issued on behalf of the Company and \$332,969 of the facility was undrawn and available, subject to covenant limitations.

Pre-IPO Distribution

Prior to the closing of this offering, the Company will declare and pay a cash dividend of \$669,750 to its stockholders, which will be funded by borrowings of \$500,000 under the CVC Revolving Credit Facility and \$169,750 of cash on hand.

Payment Obligations Related to Debt

As of March 31, 2017, total amounts payable by us in connection with our outstanding obligations (giving effect to the Extension Amendment discussed below) during the period below and thereafter, including related interest, as well as notes payable to affiliates and related parties, capital lease

obligations, notes payable, and the value deliverable at maturity under monetization contracts are as follows:

	(Cablevision			
		(a)	 Cequel	Altice USA	Total
2017	\$	1,605,515	\$ 272,251	\$ 286,563	\$ 2,164,329
2018		3,079,614	375,095	192,500	3,647,209
2019		1,416,752	374,367	192,500	1,983,619
2020		1,341,908	1,423,927	192,500	2,958,335
2021		2,361,704	1,556,463	192,500	4,110,667
Thereafter		12,619,295	5,226,772	2,231,250	20,077,317
Total	\$	22,424,788	\$ 9,228,875	\$ 3,287,813	\$ 34,941,476

(a) Included in the 2017 and 2018 amounts is \$500,934 and \$534,884, respectively, related to the Company's obligations (including related interest) in connection with monetization contracts it has entered into. The Company has the option, at maturity, to deliver the shares of common stock underlying the monetization contracts in full satisfaction of the maturing collateralized indebtedness and the related derivative contracts or obtain the required cash equivalent of the common stock through new monetization and derivative contracts.

CSC Holdings Restricted Group

CSC Holdings and those of its subsidiaries which conduct our broadband, pay television and telephony services operations, as well as Lightpath, which provides Ethernet-based data, Internet, voice and video transport and managed services to the business market, comprise the "Restricted Group" as they are subject to the covenants and restrictions of the credit facility and indentures governing the notes and debentures issued by CSC Holdings. In addition, the Restricted Group is also subject to the covenants of the debt issued by Cablevision.

Sources of cash for the Restricted Group include primarily cash flow from the operations of the businesses in the Restricted Group, borrowings under its credit facility and issuance of securities in the capital markets and, from time to time, distributions or loans from its subsidiaries. The Restricted Group's principal uses of cash include: capital spending, in particular, the capital requirements associated with the upgrade of its digital broadband, pay television and telephony services (including enhancements to its service offerings such as a broadband wireless network (WiFi)); debt service, including distributions made to Cablevision to service interest expense and principal repayments on its debt securities; other corporate expenses and changes in working capital; and investments that it may fund from time to time.

Cablevision Credit Facilities

On October 9, 2015, Finco, which merged with and into CSC Holdings on June 21, 2016, entered into a senior secured credit facility, which currently provides U.S. dollar term loans currently in an aggregate principal amount of \$3,000,000 (the "CVC Term Loan Facility", and the term loans extended under the CVC Term Loan Facility, the "CVC Term Loans") and U.S. dollar revolving loan commitments in an aggregate principal amount of \$2,300,000 (the "CVC Revolving Credit Facility" and, together with the CVC Term Loan Facility, the "CVC Credit Facilities"), which are governed by a credit facilities agreement entered into by, *inter alios*, CSC Holdings certain lenders party thereto and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. as administrative agent and security agent (as amended, restated, supplemented or otherwise modified on June 20, 2016, June 21, 2016, July 21, 2016, September 9, 2016, December 9, 2016 and March 15, 2017, respectively, and as further amended, restated, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time, the "CVC Credit Facilities Agreement"). Prior to the closing of

this offering, we intend to borrow \$500,000 under the CVC Revolving Credit Facility to partially fund the Pre-IPO Distribution.

CSC Holdings was in compliance with all of its financial covenants under the CVC Credit Facilities Agreement as of March 31, 2017. In January 2017, CSC Holdings borrowed \$225,000 under its revolving credit facility and in February 2017, made a repayment of \$175,000 with cash on hand.

For a description of the terms of the CVC Credit Facilities Agreement, see "Description of Certain Indebtedness" elsewhere in this prospectus.

Cequel Credit Facilities

On June 12, 2015, Altice US Finance I Corporation entered into a senior secured credit facility which currently provides U.S. dollar term loans in an aggregate principal amount of \$1,265,000 (the "Cequel Term Loan Facility" and the term loans extended under the Cequel Term Loan Facility, the "Cequel Term Loans") and U.S. dollar revolving loan commitments in an aggregate principal amount of \$350,000 (the "Cequel Revolving Credit Facility" and, together with the Cequel Term Loan Facility, the "Cequel Credit Facilities") which are governed by a credit facilities agreement entered into by, inter alios, Altice US Finance I Corporation, certain lenders party thereto and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. as administrative agent and security agent (as amended, restated, supplemented or otherwise modified on October 25, 2016, December 9, 2016 and March 15, 2017, and as further amended, restated, supplemented or modified from time to time, the "Cequel Credit Facilities Agreement").

Cequel was in compliance with all of its financial covenants under the Cequel Credit Facilities Agreement as of March 31, 2017.

For a description of the terms of the Cequel Credit Facilities Agreement, see "Description of Certain Indebtedness" elsewhere in this prospectus.

Cablevision Bonds

Cablevision Notes

On September 23, 2009, Cablevision issued \$900,000 aggregate principal amount of its 8⁵/8% Senior Notes due 2017 and 8⁵/8% Series B Senior Notes due 2017 (together, the "Cablevision 2017 Senior Notes"). On April 17, 2017, Cablevision redeemed \$500,000 aggregate principal amount of its Cablevision 2017 Senior Notes with certain of the proceeds of the term loans incurred under the CVC Credit Facilities Agreement, reducing the aggregate principal amount of outstanding Cablevision 2017 Senior Notes to \$400,000.

On April 15, 2010, Cablevision issued \$750,000 aggregate principal amount of its $7^3/4\%$ Senior Notes due 2018 (the "Cablevision 2018 Senior Notes") and \$500,000 aggregate principal amount of its 8% Senior Notes due 2020 (the "Cablevision 2020 Senior Notes"). On September 27, 2012, Cablevision issued \$750,000 aggregate principal amount of its $5^7/8\%$ Senior Notes due 2022 (the "Cablevision 2022 Senior Notes" and, together with the Cablevision 2017 Senior Notes, the Cablevision 2018 Senior Notes and the Cablevision 2020 Senior Notes, the "Cablevision Legacy Notes").

As of March 31, 2017, Cablevision was in compliance with all of its financial covenants under the indentures under which the Cablevision Legacy Notes were issued.

For a description of the terms of the Cablevision Legacy Notes, see "Description of Certain Indebtedness" elsewhere in this prospectus.

CSC Holdings Notes

CSC Holdings Senior Guaranteed Notes

On October 9, 2015, Finco issued \$1,000,000 aggregate principal amount of its $6^5/8\%$ Senior Guaranteed Notes due 2025 (the "CSC 2025 Senior Guaranteed Notes"). CSC Holdings assumed the

obligations as issuer of the CSC 2025 Senior Guaranteed Notes upon the merger of Finco and CSC Holdings on June 21, 2016. On September 23, 2016, CSC Holdings issued \$1,310,000 aggregate principal amount of its 5¹/2% Senior Guaranteed Notes due 2027 (the "CSC 2027 Senior Guaranteed Notes" and, together with the CSC 2025 Senior Guaranteed Notes, the "CSC Senior Guaranteed Notes").

As of March 31, 2017, CSC Holdings was in compliance with all of its financial covenants under the indentures under which the CSC Senior Guarantees Notes were issued.

For a description of the terms of the CSC Senior Guaranteed Notes, see "Description of Certain Indebtedness" elsewhere in this prospectus.

CSC Holdings Senior Notes

On February 6, 1998, CSC Holdings, as a successor issuer, issued \$300,000 aggregate principal amount of its $7^7/8\%$ Senior Debentures due 2018 (the "CSC $7^7/8\%$ 2018 Senior Debentures"). On July 21, 1998, CSC Holdings, as successor issuer, issued \$500,000 aggregate principal amount of its $7^5/8\%$ Senior Debentures due 2018 (the "CSC $7^5/8\%$ 2018 Senior Debentures"). On February 12, 2009, CSC Holdings, as a successor issuer, issued \$526,000 aggregate principal amount of its $8^5/8\%$ Senior Notes due 2019 (together, the "CSC 2019 Senior Notes"). On November 15, 2011, CSC Holdings issued \$1,000,000 aggregate principal amount of its $6^3/4\%$ Senior Notes due 2021 and $6^3/4\%$ Series B Senior Notes due 2021 (together, the "CSC 2021 Senior Notes"). On May 23, 2014, CSC Holdings issued \$750,000 aggregate principal amount of its $5^1/4\%$ Senior Notes due 2024 and $5^1/4\%$ Series B Senior Notes due 2024 (together, the "CSC 2024 Senior Notes" and, together with the CSC $7^7/8\%$ 2018 Senior Debentures, the CSC 2019 Senior Notes and the CSC 2021 Senior Notes, the "CSC Legacy Notes").

On October 9, 2015, Finco, issued \$1,800,000 aggregate principal amount of its $10^1/8\%$ Senior Notes due 2023 (the "CSC 2023 Senior Notes") and \$2,000,000 $10^7/8\%$ Senior Notes due 2025 together with the CSC 2023 Senior Notes, the "CSC New Senior Notes", and the CSC Legacy Notes and the CSC New Senior Notes, collectively, the "CSC Senior Notes"). CSC Holdings assumed the obligations as issuer of the CSC 2023 Senior Notes upon the merger of Finco and CSC Holdings on June 21, 2016. We intend to redeem \$350,000 principal amount of the CSC 2025 Senior Notes with the net proceeds from this offering and cash on hand. See "Use of Proceeds" elsewhere in this prospectus.

As of March 31, 2017, CSC Holdings was in compliance with all of its financial covenants under the indentures under which the CSC Senior Notes were issued.

For a description of the terms of the CSC Senior Notes, see "Description of Certain Indebtedness" elsewhere in this prospectus.

Cequel Bonds

Cequel Senior Secured Notes

On June 12, 2015, Altice US Finance I Corporation issued \$1,100,000 aggregate principal amount of its $\frac{3}{2}$ /8% Senior Secured Notes due 2023 (the "Cequel 2023 Senior Secured Notes"). On April 26, 2016, Altice US Finance I Corporation issued \$1,500,000 aggregate principal amount of its 5^{1} /2% Senior Secured Notes due 2026 (the "Cequel 2026 Senior Secured Notes" and, together with the Cequel 2023 Senior Secured Notes, the "Cequel Senior Secured Notes").

As of March 31, 2017, Cequel was in compliance with all of its financial covenants under the indentures under which the Cequel Senior Secured Notes were issued.

For a description of the terms of the Cequel Senior Secured Notes, see "Description of Certain Indebtedness" elsewhere in this prospectus.

Cequel Senior Notes

On October 25, 2012, Cequel Capital Corporation and Cequel Communications Holdings I, LLC (collectively, the "Cequel Senior Notes Co-Issuers") issued \$500,000 aggregate principal amount of their 6³/8% Senior Notes due 2020 (the "Cequel 2020 Senior Notes"). On December 28, 2012, the Cequel Senior Notes Issuers issued an additional \$1,000,000 aggregate principal amount of their Cequel 2020 Senior Notes. On April 14, 2017, the Cequel Senior Notes Co-Issuers redeemed \$450,000 aggregate principal amount of their Cequel 2020 Senior Notes with certain of the proceeds of the term loans incurred under the Cequel Credit Facilities Agreement, reducing the aggregate principal amount of outstanding Cequel 2020 Senior Notes to \$1,050,000.

On May 16, 2013, the Cequel Senior Notes Co-Issuers issued \$750,000 aggregate principal amount of their \$\frac{9}{8}\%\$ Senior Notes due 2021 (the "Cequel 2021 Senior Notes"). On September 9, 2014, the Cequel Senior Notes Co-Issuers issued \$500,000 aggregate principal amount of their $5^{1}/8\%$ Senior Notes due 2021 (the "Cequel 2021 Mirror Notes" and, together with the Cequel 2020 Senior Notes and the Cequel 2021 Senior Notes, the "Cequel Legacy Notes").

On June 12, 2015, Altice US Finance II Corporation issued \$300,000 aggregate principal amount of its $\vec{\mathcal{P}}/4\%$ Senior Notes due 2025 (the "Cequel 2025 Senior Notes" and, together with the Cequel Legacy Notes, the "Cequel Senior Notes").

As of March 31, 2017, Cequel was in compliance with all of its financial covenants under the indentures under which the Cequel Senior Notes were issued.

For a description of the terms of the Cequel Senior Notes, see "Description of Certain Indebtedness" elsewhere in this prospectus.

Capital Expenditures

The following table provides details of the Company's capital expenditures for the three months ended March 31, 2017:

		Capital Expenditures				
		Cablevision	Cequel	Total		
Customer premise equipment	\$	47,675	\$ 28,279	\$ 75,954		
Network infrastructure		74,948	26,028	100,976		
Support and other		38,198	8,454	46,652		
Business services	_	23,578	10,267	33,845		
	\$	184,399	\$ 73,028	\$ 257,427		

The following table provides details of the Company's capital expenditures on a pro forma basis for the three months ended March 31, 2016 as if the Cablevision Acquisition had occurred as of January 1, 2016:

	Pro Forma Capital Expenditures				ures
C	ablevision		Cequel		Total
\$	34,750	\$	42,537	\$	77,287
	59,609		10,163		69,772
	33,136		4,926		38,062
	21,157		8,578		29,735
\$	148,652	\$	66,204	\$	214,856
	\$	\$ 34,750 59,609 33,136 21,157	Cablevision \$ 34,750 \$ 59,609 33,136 21,157	Cablevision Cequel \$ 34,750 \$ 42,537 59,609 10,163 33,136 4,926 21,157 8,578	Cablevision Cequel \$ 34,750 \$ 42,537 \$ 59,609 10,163 33,136 4,926 21,157 8,578

The following table provides details of the Company's capital expenditures for the year ended December 31, 2016 (reflecting capital expenditures for Cablevision from the date of acquisition):

		Capital Expenditures				
	C	Cablevision		Cequel		Total
Customer premise equipment	\$	77,536	\$	154,718	\$	232,254
Network infrastructure		91,952		76,926		168,878
Support and other		83,153		45,336		128,489
Business services		45,716		50,204		95,920
	\$	298,357	\$	327,184	\$	625,541

The following table provides details of the Company's capital expenditures on a pro forma basis for the year ended December 31, 2016 as if the Cablevision acquisition had occurred on January 1, 2016:

	Pro For	Pro Forma Capital Expenditures Year Ended December 31, 2016					
	Year E						
	Cablevision	Cablevision Cequel Total					
Customer premise equipment	\$ 145,954	\$ 154,718	\$ 300,672				
Network infrastructure	241,204	76,926	318,130				
Support and other	151,477	45,336	196,813				
Business services	89,853	50,204	140,057				
	\$ 628,488	\$ 327,184	\$ 955,672				

Customer premise equipment includes expenditures for set-top boxes, cable modems and other equipment that is placed in a customer's home, as well as customer installation costs. Network infrastructure includes: (i) scalable infrastructure, such as headend equipment, (ii) line extensions, such as fiber/coaxial cable, amplifiers, electronic equipment, makeready and design engineering, and (iii) upgrade and rebuild, including costs to modify or replace existing fiber/coaxial cable networks, including enhancements. Support and other capital expenditures includes costs associated with the replacement or enhancement of non-network assets, such as office equipment, buildings and vehicles. Business services capital expenditures include primarily equipment, installation, support, and other costs related to our fiber based telecommunications business.

Cash Flow Discussion

Continuing Operations—Altice USA

Three Months Ended March 31, 2017 and 2016

Operating Activities

Net cash provided by operating activities amounted to \$234,645 for the three months ended March 31, 2017 compared to \$155,622 for the three months ended March 31, 2016. The 2017 cash provided by operating activities resulted from \$447,849 of income from before depreciation and amortization and non-cash items, a \$34,707 decrease in accounts receivable, an increase in deferred revenue of \$11,257, partially offset by \$105,314 resulting from a decrease in accounts payable and accrued expenses, a net decrease of \$131,958 in amounts due to affiliates, an increase in current and other assets of \$19,554, and a decrease in liability related to interest rate swap contracts of \$2,342.

The 2016 cash provided by operating activities resulted from \$6,560 of income from before depreciation and amortization and non-cash items and an increase in accounts payable and accrued expenses of \$145,421 and an increase of \$3,641 in other working capital items.

Investing Activities

Net cash used in investing activities for the three months ended March 31, 2017 was \$301,172 compared to \$65,806 for the three months ended March 31, 2016. The 2017 investing activities consisted primarily of capital expenditures of \$257,427, payments for acquisitions, net of cash acquired of \$43,608, and \$137 in other cash payments.

The 2016 investing activities consisted primarily of \$66,204 of capital expenditures, partially offset by net proceeds from the disposal of assets of \$398.

Financing Activities

Net cash provided by financing activities amounted to \$42,267 for the three months ended March 31, 2017 compared to net cash used of \$9,945 for the three months ended March 31, 2016. In 2017, the Company's financing activities consisted primarily of proceeds from credit facility debt of \$225,000 and collateralized indebtedness of \$156,136, partially offset by repayments of credit facility debt of \$183,288, payments of collateralized indebtedness and related derivative contracts of \$150,084, principal payments on capital lease obligations of \$4,207 and additions to deferred financing costs of \$1,290.

In 2016, the Company's financing activities consisted of repayments on long-term debt of \$5,980 and principal payments on capital lease obligations of \$3,965.

For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

Operating Activities

Net cash provided by operating activities amounted to \$1,184,455 for the year ended December 31, 2016. The cash provided by operating activities resulted from \$868,827 of income before depreciation and amortization, \$310,892 as a result of an increase in accounts payable and other liabilities, \$78,823 resulting from an increase in liabilities related to interest rate swap contracts and \$48,399 resulting from an increase in current and other assets, partially offset by \$122,486 of non-cash items.

Investing Activities

Net cash used in investing activities for the year ended December 31, 2016 was \$9,599,319. The investing activities consisted primarily of \$8,988,774 payment for the Cablevision Acquisition, net of cash acquired, \$625,541 of capital expenditures, net payments related to other investments of \$4,608, and additions to other intangible assets of \$106, partially offset by other net cash receipts of \$19,710, including \$13,825 from the sale of an affiliate interest.

Financing Activities

Net cash provided by financing activities for the year ended December 31, 2016 was \$131,421. In 2016, the Company's financing activities consisted of proceeds of \$1,750,000 from the issuance of notes to an affiliates and related parties, \$1,310,000 from the issuance of senior notes, contribution from stockholder of \$1,246,499, net proceeds from collateralized indebtedness of \$36,286, and an excess tax benefit related to share-based awards of \$31. Partially offsetting these increases were net repayments of credit facility debt of \$3,623,287, distributions to parent of \$365,559, payments of deferred financing costs of \$203,712, and principal payments on capital lease obligations of \$18,837.

Monetization Contract Maturities

Monetization contracts relating to 5,338,750 shares (adjusted for the 2 for 1 stock split in February 2017) of our Comcast common stock matured in August 2016. We settled our obligations under the

related collateralized indebtedness by delivering cash from the net proceeds of a new monetization transactions on our Comcast common stock that will mature in August 2018.

During 2017, monetization contracts covering 26,815,368 shares (adjusted for the 2 for 1 stock split in February 2017) of Comcast common stock held by us will mature. We intend to settle such transactions by either delivering shares of the Comcast common stock and the related equity derivative contracts or by delivering cash from the net proceeds of new monetization transactions.

See "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk" for a discussion of our monetization contracts.

Contractual Obligations and Off Balance Sheet Commitments

Our contractual obligations as of December 31, 2016, which consist primarily of our debt obligations and the effect such obligations are expected to have on our liquidity and cash flow in future periods, are summarized in the following table:

	Payments Due by Period										
		Total		Year 1		Years 2 - 3		Years 4 - 5	More than 5 years	(Other
Off balance sheet arrangements:											
Purchase obligations(a)	\$	7,136,605	\$	2,396,634	\$	3,307,915	\$	1,394,318	\$ 37,738	\$	_
Operating lease obligations(b)		462,007		76,513		132,228		110,611	142,655		_
Guarantees(c)		19,793		3,909		15,884		_	_		_
Letters of credit(d)		114,251		220		14,297		99,734	_		_
		7,732,656		2,477,276		3,470,324		1,604,663	180,393		
Contractual obligations reflected on the balance sheet:											
Debt obligations(e)		35,341,751		3,518,226		5,630,130		7,131,749	19,061,646		_
Capital lease obligations(f)		30,134		15,757		11,238		1,727	1,412		_
Taxes(g)		7,809		_		_		_	_		7,809
		35,379,694		3,533,983		5,641,368		7,133,476	19,063,058		7,809
Total	\$	43,112,350	\$	6,011,259	\$	9,111,692	\$	8,738,139	\$ 19,243,451	\$	7,809

- (a) Purchase obligations primarily include contractual commitments with various programming vendors to provide video services to our customers and minimum purchase obligations to purchase goods or services. Future fees payable under contracts with programming vendors are based on numerous factors, including the number of subscribers receiving the programming. Amounts reflected above related to programming agreements are based on the number of subscribers receiving the programming as of December 31, 2016 multiplied by the per subscriber rates or the stated annual fee, as applicable, contained in the executed agreements in effect as of December 31, 2016. See Note 2 to the Altice USA, Inc. consolidated financial statements for a discussion of our program rights obligations.
- (b) Operating lease obligations represent primarily future minimum payment commitments on various long-term, noncancelable leases, at rates now in force, for office, production and storage space, and rental space on utility poles. See Note 7 to the Altice USA, Inc. consolidated financial statements for a discussion of our operating leases.

- (c) Includes franchise and performance surety bonds primarily for our cable television systems. Also includes outstanding guarantees primarily by CSC Holdings in favor of certain financial institutions in respect of ongoing interest expense obligations in connection with the monetization of our holdings of shares of Comcast common stock. Payments due by period for these arrangements represent the year in which the commitment expires.
- (d) Consists primarily of letters of credit obtained by CSC Holdings in favor of insurance providers and certain governmental authorities. Payments due by period for these arrangements represent the year in which the commitment expires.
- (e) Includes interest and principal payments due on our (i) credit facility debt, (ii) senior guaranteed notes, senior secured notes and senior notes and debentures, (iii) notes payable and (iv) collateralized indebtedness. See Notes 9 and 10 to the Altice USA, Inc. consolidated financial statements for a discussion of our long-term debt.
- (f) Reflects the principal amount of capital lease obligations, including related interest.
- (g) Represents tax liabilities, including accrued interest, relating to uncertain tax positions. See Note 12 to the Altice USA, Inc. consolidated financial statements for a discussion of our income taxes.

The table above does not include obligations for payments required to be made under multi-year franchise agreements based on a percentage of revenues generated from video service per year. For the year ended December 31, 2016, the amount of franchise fees and certain other taxes and fees included as a component of revenue aggregated \$154,732.

Other Events

Dividends and Distributions

Pursuant to the terms of the Merger Agreement, Cablevision was not permitted to declare and pay dividends or repurchase stock, in each case, without the prior written consent of Altice N.V. In accordance with these terms, Cablevision did not declare dividends during the period January 1, 2016 through June 20, 2016 (Predecessor).

In the fourth quarter of 2016, the Company declared distributions aggregating \$445,176 to the Company's stockholders of which \$365,559 was paid in the fourth quarter of 2016 and \$79,617 was paid in the first quarter of 2017. These distributions were used to redeem certain debt outstanding at the parent entities. In April 2017, the Company made a cash distribution of \$169,950 to the Company's stockholders.

Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Equity Price Risk

We are exposed to market risks from changes in certain equity security prices. Our exposure to changes in equity security prices stems primarily from the shares of Comcast common stock we hold. We have entered into equity derivative contracts consisting of a collateralized loan and an equity collar to hedge our equity price risk and to monetize the value of these securities. These contracts, at maturity, are expected to offset declines in the fair value of these securities below the hedge price per share while allowing us to retain upside appreciation from the hedge price per share to the relevant cap price. The contracts' actual hedge prices per share vary depending on average stock prices in effect at the time the contracts were executed. The contracts' actual cap prices vary depending on the maturity and terms of each contract, among other factors. If any one of these contracts is terminated prior to its scheduled maturity date due to the occurrence of an event specified in the contract, we would be obligated to repay the fair value of the collateralized indebtedness less the sum of the fair

values of the underlying stock and equity collar, calculated at the termination date. As of December 31, 2016, we did not have an early termination shortfall relating to any of these contracts

All of our monetization transactions are obligations of our wholly-owned subsidiaries that are not part of the Restricted Group; however, CSC Holdings provides guarantees of the subsidiaries' ongoing contract payment expense obligations and potential payments that could be due as a result of an early termination event (as defined in the agreements). The guarantee exposure approximates the net sum of the fair value of the collateralized indebtedness less the sum of the fair values of the underlying stock and the equity collar. All of our equity derivative contracts are carried at their current fair value in our consolidated balance sheets with changes in value reflected in our consolidated statement of operations, and all of the counterparties to such transactions currently carry investment grade credit ratings.

The underlying stock and the equity collars are carried at fair value on our consolidated balance sheet and the collateralized indebtedness is carried at its principal value, net of the unamortized fair value adjustment. The fair value adjustment is being amortized over the term of the related indebtedness. The carrying value of our collateralized indebtedness amounted to \$1,286,069 at December 31, 2016. At maturity, the contracts provide for the option to deliver cash or shares of Comcast common stock, with a value determined by reference to the applicable stock price at maturity.

As of December 31, 2016, the fair value and the carrying value of our holdings of Comcast common stock aggregated \$1,483,030. Assuming a 10% change in price, the potential change in the fair value of these investments would be approximately \$148,303. As of December 31, 2016, the net fair value and the carrying value of the equity collar component of the equity derivative contracts entered into to partially hedge the equity price risk of our holdings of Comcast common stock aggregated \$2,202, a net liability position. For the year ended December 31, 2016, we recorded a net loss of \$53,696 related to our outstanding equity derivative contracts and recorded an unrealized gain of \$141,538 related to the Comcast common stock that we held.

Fair Value of Equity Derivative Contracts	
Fair value as of June 21, 2016, net asset position (Cablevision Acquisition)	\$ 51,494
Change in fair value, net	(53,696)
Fair value as of December 31, 2016, net liability position	\$ (2,202)

The maturity, number of shares deliverable at the relevant maturity, hedge price per share, and the lowest and highest cap prices received for the Comcast common stock monetized via an equity derivative prepaid forward contract are summarized in the following table:

		Hedge Price	Cap P	rice(c)
# of Shares Deliverable(a)	Maturity	per Share(b)	Low	High
26,815,368(d)	2017	\$27.98 - \$29.56	\$ 35.42	\$ 38.43
16,139,868	2018	\$30.84 - \$33.61	\$ 37.01	\$ 40.33

- (a) Share amounts have been adjusted for the 2 for 1 stock split in February 2017.
- (b) Represents the price below which we are provided with downside protection and above which we retain upside appreciation. Also represents the price used in determining the cash proceeds payable to us at inception of the contracts.
- (c) Represents the price up to which we receive the benefit of stock price appreciation.
- (d) Includes an equity derivative contract relating to 5,337,750 shares that matured and was settled in January 2017 from proceeds of a new monetization contract covering an equivalent number of shares.

Fair Value of Debt: At December 31, 2016, the fair value of our fixed rate debt of \$22,405,790 was higher than its carrying value of \$20,557,120 by \$1,848,670. The fair value of these financial instruments is estimated based on reference to quoted market prices for these or comparable securities. Our floating rate borrowings bear interest in reference to current LIBOR-based market rates and thus their principal values approximate fair value. The effect of a hypothetical 100 basis point decrease in interest rates prevailing at December 31, 2016 would increase the estimated fair value of our fixed rate debt by \$1,963,908 to \$24,369,698. This estimate is based on the assumption of an immediate and parallel shift in interest rates across all maturities.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is primarily a result of exposures to changes in the level, slope and curvature of the yield curve, the volatility of interest rates and credit spreads. Our exposure to interest rate risk results from changes in short-term interest rates. Interest rate risk exists primarily with respect to our credit facility debt, which bears interest at variable rates. The carrying value of our outstanding credit facility debt at December 31, 2016 amounted to \$3,444,790. To manage interest rate risk, we have entered into interest rate swap contracts to adjust the proportion of total debt that is subject to variable and fixed interest rates. Such contracts effectively fix the borrowing rates on floating rate debt to provide an economic hedge against the risk of rising rates and/or effectively convert fixed rate borrowings to variable rates to permit the Company to realize lower interest expense in a declining interest rate environment. We monitor the financial institutions that are counterparties to our interest rate swap contracts and we only enter into interest rate swap contracts with financial institutions that are rated investment grade. All such contracts are carried at their fair market values on our consolidated balance sheet, with changes in fair value reflected in the consolidated statement of operations.

In June 2016, Altice US Finance I Corporation entered into two new fixed to floating interest rate swaps. One fixed to floating interest rate swap is converting \$750,000 from a fixed rate of 1.6655% to six-month LIBOR and a second tranche of \$750,000 from a fixed rate of 1.68% to six-month LIBOR. The objective of these swaps is to cover the exposure of the 2026 Senior Secured Notes to changes in the market interest rate.

These swap contracts are not designated as hedges for accounting purposes. Accordingly, the changes in the fair value of these interest rate swap contracts are recorded through the statement of operations. For the year ended December 31, 2016, the Company recorded a loss on interest rate swap contracts of \$72,961.

As of December 31, 2016, our outstanding interest rate swap contracts had an aggregate fair value and carrying value of \$78,823 reflected in "liabilities under derivative contracts" in our consolidated balance sheet.

We do not hold or issue derivative instruments for trading or speculative purposes.

Critical Accounting Policies

In preparing its financial statements, the Company is required to make certain estimates, judgments and assumptions that it believes are reasonable based upon the information available. These estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the periods presented.

The significant accounting policies, which we believe are the most critical to aid in fully understanding and evaluating our reported financial results, include the following:

Business Combinations

The Company applied business combination accounting for the Cablevision Acquisition and the Cequel Acquisition. Business combination accounting requires that the assets acquired and liabilities assumed be recorded at their respective estimated fair values at the date of acquisition. The excess purchase price over fair value of the net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. In determining estimated fair values, we are required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the recorded amounts, including, but not limited to, expected future cash flows, discount rates, remaining useful lives of long-lived assets, useful lives of identified intangible assets, replacement or reproduction costs of property and equipment and the amounts to be recovered in future periods from acquired net operating losses and other deferred tax assets. Our estimates in this area impact, among other items, the amount of depreciation and amortization, impairment charges in certain instances if the asset becomes impaired, and income tax expense or benefit that we report. Our estimates of fair value are based upon assumptions believed to be reasonable, but which are inherently uncertain. See Note 3 for a summary of the application of business combination accounting.

Impairment of Long-Lived and Indefinite-Lived Assets

The Company's long-lived and indefinite-lived assets at December 31, 2016 include goodwill of \$7,992,700, other intangible assets of \$19,372,725 (\$13,020,081 of which are indefinite-lived intangible assets), and \$6,597,635 of property, plant and equipment. Such assets accounted for approximately 93% of the Company's consolidated total assets. Goodwill and identifiable indefinite-lived intangible assets, which primarily represent the Company's cable television franchises are tested annually for impairment during the fourth quarter ("annual impairment test date") and upon the occurrence of certain events or substantive changes in circumstances.

The Company is operated as two reporting units for the goodwill impairment test and two units of accounting for the indefinite-lived asset impairment test. We assess qualitative factors and other relevant events and circumstances that affect the fair value of the reporting unit and its identifiable indefinite-lived intangible assets, such as:

- macroeconomic conditions:
- industry and market conditions;
- cost factors;
- overall financial performance;
- changes in management, strategy or customers;
- relevant specific events such as a change in the carrying amount of net assets, a more-likely-than-not expectation of selling or disposing all, or a portion, of a reporting
 unit or unit of accounting; and
- sustained decrease in share price, as applicable.

The Company assesses these qualitative factors to determine whether it is necessary to perform the two-step quantitative goodwill impairment test. This quantitative test is required only if the Company concludes that it is more likely than not that the reporting unit's fair value is less than its carrying amount.

When the qualitative assessment is not used, or if the qualitative assessment is not conclusive, the Company is required to determine goodwill impairment using a two-step process. The first step of the

goodwill impairment test is used to identify potential impairment by comparing the fair value of the reporting unit with its carrying amount, including goodwill utilizing an enterprise-value based premise approach. If the carrying amount of the reporting unit exceeds its fair value, the second step of the goodwill impairment test is performed to measure the amount of impairment loss, if any. The second step of the goodwill impairment test compares the implied fair value of the reporting unit's goodwill with the carrying amount of that goodwill. If the carrying amount of the reporting unit's goodwill exceeds the implied fair value of that goodwill, an impairment loss is recognized in an amount equal to that excess. The implied fair value of goodwill is determined in the same manner as the amount of goodwill that would be recognized in a business combination.

The Company assesses the qualitative factors discussed above to determine whether it is necessary to perform the one-step quantitative identifiable indefinite-lived intangible assets impairment test. This quantitative test is required only if the Company concludes that it is more likely than not that a unit of accounting's fair value is less than its carrying amount. When the qualitative assessment is not used, or if the qualitative assessment is not conclusive, the impairment test for identifiable indefinite-lived intangible assets requires a comparison of the estimated fair value of the intangible asset with its carrying value. If the carrying value of the intangible asset exceeds its fair value, an impairment loss is recognized in an amount equal to that excess. At December 31, 2016 the Company had indefinite-lived cable television franchises of \$13,020,081 (\$8,113,575 at Cablevision and \$4,906,506 at Cequel), reflecting agreements we have with state and local governments that allow us to construct and operate a cable business within a specified geographic area and allow us to solicit and service potential customers in the service areas defined by the franchise rights currently held by the Company.

For other long-lived assets, including intangible assets that are amortized such as customer relationships and trade names, the Company evaluates assets for recoverability when there is an indication of potential impairment. If the undiscounted cash flows from a group of assets being evaluated is less than the carrying value of that group of assets, the fair value of the asset group is determined and the carrying value of the asset group is written down to fair value.

In assessing the recoverability of the Company's goodwill and other long-lived assets, the Company must make assumptions regarding estimated future cash flows and other factors to determine the fair value of the respective assets. These estimates and assumptions could have a significant impact on whether an impairment charge is recognized and also the magnitude of any such charge. Fair value estimates are made at a specific point in time, based on relevant information. These estimates are subjective in nature and involve uncertainties and matters of significant judgments and therefore cannot be determined with precision. Changes in assumptions could significantly affect the estimates. Estimates of fair value are primarily determined using discounted cash flows and comparable market transactions. These valuations are based on estimates and assumptions including projected future cash flows, discount rate, determination of appropriate market comparables and determination of whether a premium or discount should be applied to comparables. These valuations also include assumptions for average annual revenue per customer, number of homes passed, operating margin and market penetration as a percentage of homes passed, among other assumptions. Further, the projected cash flow assumptions consider contractual relationships, customer attrition, eventual development of new technologies and market competition. If these estimates or material related assumptions change in the future, the Company may be required to record impairment charges related to its long-lived assets.

During the fourth quarter of 2016, the Company assessed the qualitative factors described above to determine whether it was necessary to perform the two-step quantitative goodwill impairment test and concluded that it was not more likely than not that the reporting unit's fair value was less than its carrying amount. The Company also assessed these qualitative factors to determine whether it was necessary to perform the one-step quantitative identifiable indefinite-lived intangible assets impairment test and concluded that it was not more likely than not that the unit of accounting's fair value was less than its carrying amount.

Valuation of Deferred Tax Assets

Deferred tax assets have resulted primarily from the Company's future deductible temporary differences and net operating loss carry forwards ("NOLs"). In assessing the realizability of deferred tax assets, management considers whether it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax asset will not be realized. In evaluating the need for a valuation allowance, management takes into account various factors, including the expected level of future taxable income, available tax planning strategies and reversals of existing taxable temporary differences. If such estimates and related assumptions change in the future, the Company may be required to record additional valuation allowances against its deferred tax assets, resulting in additional income tax expense in the Company's consolidated statement of operations. Management evaluates the realizability of the deferred tax assets and the need for additional valuation allowances quarterly. Pursuant to the Cablevision Acquisition and Cequel Acquisition, deferred tax liabilities resulting from the book fair value adjustment increased significantly and future taxable income that will result from the reversal of existing taxable temporary differences for which deferred tax liabilities are recognized is sufficient to conclude it is more likely than not that the Company will realize all of its gross deferred tax, except those deferred tax assets against which a valuation allowance has been recorded which relate to certain state NOLs. The Company increased the valuation allowance by \$86 for the period January 1, 2016 through June 20, 2016 and increased the valuation allowance by \$86 for the period January 1, 2016 through June 20, 2016 and increased the valuation allowance by \$87 for the period June 21, 2016 through December 31, 2016. During 2016, certain state NOLs either expired or could not be utilized in the future. The deferred tax asset corresponding to the expired NOLs had been fully offset by a valuation allowance. The associated deferred tax ass

Plant and Equipment

Costs incurred in the construction of the Company's cable systems, including line extensions to, and upgrade of, the Company's HFC infrastructure, initial placement of the feeder cable to connect a customer that had not been previously connected, and headend facilities are capitalized. These costs consist of materials, subcontractor labor, direct consulting fees, and internal labor and related costs associated with the construction activities. The internal costs that are capitalized consist of salaries and benefits of the Company's employees and the portion of facility costs, including rent, taxes, insurance and utilities, that supports the construction activities. These costs are depreciated over the estimated life of the plant (10 to 25 years) and headend facilities (4 to 25 years). Costs of operating the plant and the technical facilities, including repairs and maintenance, are expensed as incurred.

Costs associated with the initial deployment of new customer premise equipment necessary to provide broadband, pay television and telephony services are also capitalized. These costs include materials, subcontractor labor, internal labor, and other related costs associated with the connection activities. The departmental activities supporting the connection process are tracked through specific metrics, and the portion of departmental costs that is capitalized is determined through a time weighted activity allocation of costs incurred based on time studies used to estimate the average time spent on each activity. These installation costs are amortized over the estimated useful lives of the CPE necessary to provide broadband, pay television and telephony services. In circumstances where CPE tracking is not available, the Company estimates the amount of capitalized installation costs are depreciated over their estimated useful life of 4-8 years. The portion of departmental costs related to disconnecting services and removing CPE from a customer, costs related to connecting CPE that has been previously connected to the network and repair and maintenance are expensed as incurred.

The estimated useful lives assigned to our property, plant and equipment are reviewed on an annual basis or more frequently if circumstances warrant and such lives are revised to the extent

necessary due to changing facts and circumstances. Any changes in estimated useful lives are reflected prospectively.

Refer to Note 2 to our consolidated financial statements for a discussion of our accounting policies.

Legal Contingencies

The Company is party to various lawsuits and proceedings and is subject to other claims that arise in the ordinary course of business, some involving claims for substantial damages. The Company records an estimated liability for these claims when management believes the loss from such matters is probable and reasonably estimable. The Company reassesses the risk of loss as new information becomes available and adjusts liabilities as necessary. The actual cost of resolving a claim may be substantially different from the amount of the liability recorded. Refer to Note 16 to our consolidated financial statements for a discussion of our legal contingencies.

Equity Awards

Certain employees of the Company and its affiliates received awards of units in a carry unit plan of an entity which has an ownership interest in the Company. The Company measures the cost of employee services received in exchange for carried units based on the fair value of the award at grant date. In addition these units are presented as temporary equity on our consolidated balance sheet at fair value. An option pricing model is used to calculate the fair value of these units, which requires subjective assumptions for which changes in these assumptions could materially affect the fair value of the units outstanding. Significant assumptions include equity volatility, risk free rate, time to liquidity event, and discount for lack of marketability. The weighted average grant date fair value of the outstanding units is \$0.37 per unit and the fair value was \$1.76 per unit as of December 31, 2016. For the year ended December 31, 2016, the Company recognized an expense of \$14,368 related to the push down of share-based compensation related to the carry plan and the redeemable equity on our balance sheet at December 31, 2016 was \$68,147. See Note 14 to our consolidated financial statements for a further discussion of our carry unit plan awards.

Recently Issued But Not Yet Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

In January 2017, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No. 2017-04, Intangibles—Goodwill and Other (Topic 350). ASU No. 2017-04 simplifies the subsequent measurement of goodwill by removing the second step of the two-step impairment test. The amendment requires an entity to perform its annual, or interim goodwill impairment test by comparing the fair value of a reporting unit with its carrying amount. An entity still has the option to perform the qualitative assessment for a reporting unit to determine if the quantitative impairment test is necessary. ASU No. 2017-04 becomes effective for us on January 1, 2020 with early adoption permitted and will be applied prospectively.

In January 2017, the FASB issued ASU No. 2017-01, Business Combinations (Topic 805), Clarifying the Definition of a Business, which amends Topic 805 to interpret the definition of a business by adding guidance to assist in evaluating whether transactions should be accounted for as acquisitions (or disposals) of assets or businesses. The new guidance becomes effective for us on January 1, 2019 with early adoption permitted and will be applied prospectively.

In January 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-01, Financial Instruments—Overall (Subtopic 825-10), Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities. ASU No. 2016-01 modifies how entities measure certain equity investments and also modifies the recognition of changes in the fair value of financial liabilities measured under the fair value option. Entities will be required to measure equity investments that do not result in consolidation and are not

accounted for under the equity method at fair value and recognize any changes in fair value in net income. For financial liabilities measured using the fair value option, entities will be required to record changes in fair value caused by a change in instrument-specific credit risk (own credit risk) separately in other comprehensive income. ASU No. 2016-01 becomes effective for us on January 1, 2018. We have not yet completed the evaluation of the effect that ASU No. 2016-01 will have on our consolidated financial statements.

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers, requiring an entity to recognize the amount of revenue to which it expects to be entitled for the transfer of promised goods or services to customers. ASU No. 2014-09 will replace most existing revenue recognition guidance in GAAP when it becomes effective and allows the use of either the retrospective or cumulative effect transition method. In August 2015, the FASB issued ASU No. 2015-14 that approved deferring the effective date by one year so that ASU No. 2014-09 would become effective for us on January 1, 2018. The FASB also approved, in July 2015, permitting the early adoption of ASU No. 2014-09, but not before the original effective date for the Company of January 1, 2017.

In December 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-20, Technical Corrections and Improvements to Topic 606, Revenue from Contracts with Customers, in order to clarify the Codification and to correct any unintended application of the guidance. These items are not expected to have a significant effect on the current accounting standard. The amendments in this update affect the guidance in ASU No. 2014-09, which is not yet effective. ASU No. 2014-09 will be effective, reflecting the one-year deferral, for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017 (January 1, 2018 for the Company). Early adoption of the standard is permitted but not before the original effective date. Companies can transition to the standard either retrospectively or as a cumulative-effect adjustment as of the date of adoption. We are in the process of evaluating the impact that the adoption of ASU No. 2014-09 will have on our consolidated financial statements and selecting the method of transition to the new standard. We currently expect the adoption to impact the timing of the recognition of residential installation revenue and the recognition of commission expenses.

In August 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-15, Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230): Classification of Certain Cash Receipts and Cash Payments which clarifies how entities should classify certain cash receipts and cash payments on the statement of cash flows. ASU No. 2016-15 also clarifies how the predominance principle should be applied when cash receipts and cash payments have aspects of more than one class of cash flows. The new guidance becomes effective for us on January 1, 2018 with early adoption permitted and will be applied retrospectively. We have not yet completed the evaluation of the effect that ASU No. 2016-15 will have on our consolidated financial statements.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-02, Leases, which increases transparency and comparability by recognizing a lessee's rights and obligations resulting from leases by recording them on the balance sheet as lease assets and lease liabilities. The new guidance becomes effective for us on January 1, 2019 with early adoption permitted and will be applied using the modified retrospective method. We are currently in the process of determining the impact that ASU No. 2016-02 will have on our consolidated financial statements

In March 2017, the FASB issued ASU No. 2017-07 Compensation-Retirement Benefits (Topic 715). ASU No. 2017-07 requires that an employer disaggregate the service cost component from the other components of net benefit cost. It also provides guidance on how to present the service cost component and the other components of net benefit cost in the income statement and what component of net benefit cost is eligible for capitalization. ASU No. 2017-07 becomes effective for us on January 1, 2018 with early adoption permitted and will be applied retrospectively. We have not yet completed the evaluation of the effect that ASU No. 2017-07 will have on our consolidated financial statements.

INDUSTRY OVERVIEW

Broadband communications and video services companies in the United States are typically fully integrated providers of cable television, broadband Internet access and telephony services to residential and B2B customers. These companies also provide additional services to their B2B customers, including value-added managed services for SMBs and wholesale data access and transport for larger enterprise customers.

Kev Industry Trends

Demand for Broadband

Increasing usage of bandwidth-intensive devices and applications such as HD television, online video streaming, content downloading for time-shifted video consumption and content delivered OTT has been driving demand for high-speed broadband Internet. As a result, broadband communications and video services providers have been focusing on providing greater speeds, network capacity and network reliability to their customers in order to capture the revenue opportunity associated with providing high-speed broadband access. This is driving greater investments in next-generation network technologies such as FTTH and DOCSIS 3.1.

The rapid adoption of smartphones, Wi-Fi enabled laptops and other connected devices is driving demand for fixed wireless broadband. In order to facilitate access to video and data content for their customers, broadband communications and video services providers are also deploying Wi-Fi hotspots across their network footprint, enabling these operators to leverage their wireline footprint to provide fixed wireless broadband access to subscribers.

Mobile network operators are currently planning on deploying next-generation "5G" wireless networks that will enable their subscribers to download data at speeds close to 1 Gbps and potentially create a broadband competitor to fixed wireline networks. However, these 5G networks are expected to require a fixed wireline infrastructure that can effectively backhaul data as well as offload a substantial amount of data that currently goes over mobile networks. This provides broadband communications and video services providers the opportunity to use their wireline and fiber networks to offer backhaul and data offloading for mobile operators. Given this "fixed-mobile" convergence, a FTTH network may enable a broadband communications and video services provider to support a 5G wireless network.

The continuously growing demand for broadband access, importance of Wi-Fi hotspots and expected need for a fiber footprint for 5G network deployments all highlight the benefits of a FTTH network to broadband communications and video services providers seeking to capitalize on these trends.

Programming Cost Increases and Greater Quality and Availability of Content

In recent years, the cost of programming in the cable and satellite video sectors has increased significantly and is expected to continue to increase, particularly with respect to costs for sports programming and broadcast networks. This is due to a variety of factors including annual increases imposed by programmers and stations and additional programming being provided to customers, including HD, digital, and VOD programming. Additionally, this has coincided with a significant increase in the quality of programming from high production value original cable series to enhanced camera and statistical data technology in sports broadcasts. Customers also have access to significantly more and increasingly diverse content through the various packages and bundles, some of which are offered through digital Internet-based delivery platforms (e.g., OTT) and/or directly from content owners, such as HBO, CBS and Nickelodeon. The proliferation of content available from new sources through connected devices and the changing consumption patterns of consumers has had a number of effects, such as causing some users to move into smaller bundles (even in some cases away from pay television to "data-only" plans) and creating additional opportunities for broadband communications and video services providers to sell these new products.

Pay television is a lower margin business than broadband due to the high cost of programming, the need for set-top boxes, higher installation costs relative to other services and the disproportionately high contribution of pay television to total customer service calls. These effects can be mitigated if a subscriber moves to a data-only plan at a higher-priced broadband tier in order to accommodate the shift to more Internet-based consumption of video. As a result, broadband communications and video services providers have been focusing on broadband customers and have started to sell such subscribers more Internet-based video services. This has resulted in recent increases in data subscribers even as pay television subscriptions have been declining.

Move Towards IP-Based Delivery of Content

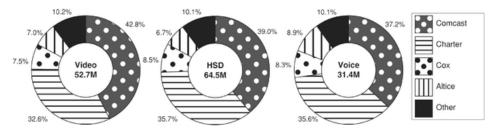
Due to the rapidly increasing adoption of mobile, tablet, and PC devices for content consumption by subscribers, broadband communications and video services providers are looking to make video content available for consumption across such connected devices. This distribution model, called "TV Everywhere," necessitates an IP-based delivery of video. The move towards IP-based delivery of video has also been driven by the emergence of OTT platforms that leverage IP-based delivery of content to customers. Availability of video content across any mobile, tablet, and PC device highlights the importance of a widespread Wi-Fi network that will allow customers to efficiently access data-intensive video content from multiple locations.

IP-based content delivery is allowing broadband communications and video services providers to innovate and provide intuitive, easy-to-access user interfaces as well as more advanced customer-premise equipment.

Consolidation in the Cable Sector

Cable networks have a high cost of deployment, making it necessary to achieve economies of scale to create lower costs per customer and increase operating margins. Given this cost structure evolution and the similarly capital intensive nature of broadband networks, scale is also important for broadband communications providers. As a result, there has been significant consolidation among broadband communications providers with more than 15 transactions within the past ten years. As of March 31, 2017, the top four broadband communications providers had a greater than 85% market share in the United States across pay television, broadband and telephony services.

U.S. MVPDs segment market shares



Source: S&P Global Market Intelligence, 2017

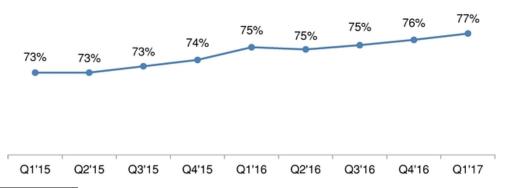
Trends Across Key Product Segments

Broadband

Broadband has become one of the fastest growing products in communications services, driven by increasing demand from residential customers for faster Internet access and for bandwidth-intensive services such as video streaming, content downloading for time-shifted video consumption and other applications delivered over OTT platforms such as Amazon, Hulu, Netflix and YouTube. The U.S.

residential broadband market had an estimated total size of approximately \$35 billion as of May 2016, with an estimated penetration of 77% of total U.S. households as of the first quarter of 2017. We expect this growing broadband adoption and the migration of customers to higher-priced, higher-speed tiers to continue.

Residential wireline broadband penetration of U.S. households units



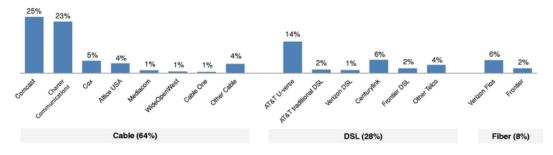
Source: S&P Global Market Intelligence, 2017

Demand for broadband by B2B customers is growing rapidly as well, due to secular trends such as cloud computing, e-commerce, the increasing importance of "Big Data" and the "Internet of Things". The U.S. commercial broadband market has an estimated total size of \$8 billion and is expected to grow at a compound annual growth rate ("CAGR") of 7.3% from 2016 to 2026, faster than the projected growth rate for residential broadband Internet, which is expected to grow at a CAGR of 2.9% from 2016 to 2026.

The primary broadband Internet access technologies are FTTH, HFC and DSL, with HFC being the leading platform representing approximately 64% of the market as of March 2017. We believe increasing demand for higher-speed broadband Internet to support advanced applications requiring higher bandwidth and greater download speeds offers a sizable growth opportunity for cable and fiber-based technologies in the near term.

U.S. broadband subscribers by technology and service provider

(Share of total subscribers)



Source: S&P Global Market Intelligence, 2017

The strong growth in cable broadband subscribers has largely been at the expense of the DSL sector, which has lost subscribers to cable as the subscribers seek faster download speeds. Broadband communications and video services providers are now upgrading to the new DOCSIS 3.1 standard, enabling higher spectral efficiency and supporting up to 10 Gbps download and 1 Gbps upload speeds.

Broadband net subscriber additions (thousands)

	Q1'15	Q2'15	Q3'15	Q4'15	Q1'16	Q2'16	Q3'16	Q4'16	Q1'17
Net additions by cable companies	1,186	495	899	1,219	1,280	615	935	917	1,102
Net additions by communication companies	331	(142)	(128)	(35)	64	(364)	(205)	(150)	(51)
Combined net additions	1,517	353	771	1,185	1,344	251	730	767	1,051

Source: S&P Global Market Intelligence, 2017

Existing DSL infrastructure offers consumers maximum speeds of 45 Mbps. The speeds actually provided by DSL are, for most users, lower than the headline maximum speed possible due to the distance between the end users' premises and DSL hubs. Most DSL-based operators will likely need to make substantial investments in fiber technologies to be able to support future demand.

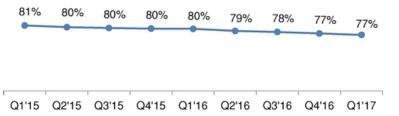
Given the continued growth in data consumption and increases in broadband penetration, we believe owning a FTTH network will be a strategic differentiator for broadband communications and video services providers since FTTH is capable of cost-efficiently scaling to support data demand over the longer term. While FTTH commonly supports speeds of between 100 Mbps and 1 Gbps it is capable of supporting more than 10 Gbps. FTTH is currently primarily offered by Verizon as part of its FiOS offering and AT&T through its U-Verse offering.

For SMB customers, providers typically offer broadband as well as Ethernet, data transport and IP-based virtual private networks. For larger enterprise customers, these companies typically offer higher capacity data services, including wide area networking and dedicated data access, and advanced services such as wireless mesh networks. Broadband communications and video services providers also offer wholesale transport services to mobile network operators for cell tower backhaul and to communications companies to connect to customers that their own networks do not reach.

Pay Television

Cable is the leading platform to distribute pay television in the United States, serving 77% of total U.S. households as of March 31, 2017. Competing technologies and delivery systems include DBS operators, video delivered by communications companies and video delivered directly over the Internet. We believe cable has certain advantages over these technologies, notably in terms of availability of interactive features, image quality and number of channels.

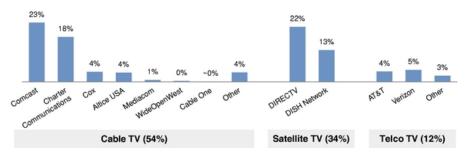
Residential multi-channel penetration of U.S. occupied household units



Source: S&P Global Market Intelligence, 2017

2017 U.S. pay television by technology and provider

(Share of total pay television subscribers)



Source: S&P Global Market Intelligence, 2017

Services provided via cable networks are characterized by easy-to-use technology, efficient installation of customer equipment and the reliability of a protected signal delivered directly to the home. Given the trend towards offering bundled pay television, broadband and telephony services, broadband communications and video services providers' market share is expected to benefit from their ability to deliver high-bandwidth, triple-play services.

DBS operators distributed digital signals nationally via satellite directly to television viewers. To receive programming distributed via satellite, viewers require a satellite dish, a satellite receiver and a set-top box. Satellite distribution has several competitive advantages over cable television services in certain geographic areas, particularly in rural areas. However, given the lack of an integrated return path, DBS operators have struggled to deliver easy-to-handle interactive television services, including VOD services, to subscribers who do not have a broadband Internet connection.

Video services delivered over DSL networks present a number of disadvantages compared to cable. In particular, adding television services over a DSL network strains the network and decreases the amount of capacity available for other service offerings, particularly bandwidth-intensive broadband Internet. Given currently available technology, we believe DSL-based triple-play providers will have difficulty providing the same level of services that can be provided over HFC or fiber networks (in particular, for HDTV, viewing of television and VOD on multiple screens, television and VOD simultaneous viewing and recording).

Telephony Services

Traditional switched voice lines have been declining steadily in recent years as they are replaced by VoIP lines. This trend has been more pronounced for communications companies while cable operators have been able to maintain their subscriber base by bundling the fixed-line service into bundled service packages.

U.S. telephony net subscribers additions (thousands)

	Q1'15	Q2'15	Q3'15	Q4'15	Q1'16	Q2'16	Q3'16	Q4'16	Q1'17
Telephony net additions by cable companies	450	276	297	660	427	151	26	160	79
Telephony net additions by communication companies	(941)	(817)	(1,062)	(987)	(970)	(956)	(884)	(799)	(842)
Combined net additions	(491)	(541)	(765)	(327)	(543)	(806)	(859)	(639)	(763)

Source: S&P Global Market Intelligence, 2017

Broadband communications and video services providers offer B2B customers enterprise class telephone services which include traditional multi-line phone service over DOCSIS and trunking solutions as well as optional add-on services, such as international calling, toll free calling and virtual receptionists.

B2B Trends in Other Services

Value-added, managed services provided by broadband communications and video services providers to B2B customers include business e-mail, hosted private branch exchange, web space storage, network security monitoring, managed Wi-Fi, managed desktop and server backup and managed collaboration services including audio and web conferencing.

With deployments of DOCSIS 3.1 and Passive Optical Networks, broadband communications and video services providers are able to deliver broadband services at speeds of up to 1 Gbps to virtually any business or multi-tenant office building and up to 100 Gbps with service level agreements for enterprise class customers. Such capabilities create opportunities in virtually the entire U.S. managed services market for broadband communications and video services providers. Over the last few years, broadband communications and video services providers have successfully taken market share in the SMB segment from communications companies and are now looking to compete for larger enterprise customers by providing a portfolio of services that include broadband, Ethernet, telephony, network security, business continuity and Wi-Fi.

Based on management estimates, Altice USA's addressable market size for B2B services, including data, video and managed services, was \$6.4 billion as of August 2016.

Industry benchmark

Altice USA believes that the U.S. cable operators have a higher revenue potential relative to their European peers, but also higher monthly operating costs excluding programming costs per customer. The table below compares the ARPU and operating expenses excluding programming costs per customer for Altice USA and their European peers.

Altice USA benchmarking vs. European peers¹

Altice USA	Q1	1-16	Q1-17
ARPU	\$ 17	35.32	\$ 139.11
Monthly operating cost per unique customer (excl. programming cost)	\$	62.83	\$ 49.48
European Peers			
ARPU			\$ 47.53
Monthly operating cost per unique customer (excl. programming cost) ²			\$ 21.37

- European peers for ARPU includes Telenet, Ziggo, VMED, Com Hem and UPC Holding. European peers for monthly operating cost per unique customer excluding programming expenses include Ziggo, VMED and UPC Holding (neither Telenet nor Com Hem publicly report their programming expenses; and European peers for average capital expenditure per unique customer includes Telenet, Ziggo, VMED, Com Hem and UPC Holding.
- 2 Average operating cost per unique customer excluding programming expenses for European peers reflects full year 2016 data instead of first quarter 2017 data due to the limited disclosure of programming expenses on a quarterly basis by European peers.

BUSINESS

Overview

Altice USA is one of the largest broadband communications and video services providers in the United States. We deliver broadband, pay television, telephony services, Wi-Fi hotspot access, proprietary content and advertising services to approximately 4.9 million residential and business customers. Our footprint extends across 21 states through a fiber-rich broadband network with more than 8.5 million homes passed as of March 31, 2017. As the U.S. business of Altice N.V., we are driven at all levels by the "Altice Way"—our founder-inspired owner-operator culture and strategy of operational efficiency, innovation and long-term value creation for stockholders. In developing and implementing our strategy, we are focused on the following principles, which are part of the Altice Way:

- Simplify and optimize our organization through streamlining business processes, centralizing functions and eliminating non-essential operating expenses and service arrangements.
- Reinvest in infrastructure and content, including upgrading our HFC network and building out a FTTH network to strengthen our infrastructure capabilities and competitiveness.
- Invest in sales, marketing and innovation, including brand-building, enhancing our sales channels and automating provisioning and installation processes.
- Enhance the customer experience by offering a technologically advanced customer platform combined with superior connectivity and service across the customer lifecycle.
- · Drive revenue and cash flow growth through cross-selling, market share gains, new product launches and improvements in our operating and capital efficiency.

We believe the Altice Way, which has been successfully implemented across Altice Group, distinguishes us from our U.S. industry peers and competitors.

We acquired Suddenlink on December 21, 2015 and Optimum on June 21, 2016. We are a holding company that does not conduct any business operations of our own. We serve our customers through two business segments: Optimum, which operates in the New York metropolitan area, and Suddenlink, which principally operates in markets in the south-central United States. We have made significant progress in integrating the operations of Optimum and Suddenlink and are already realizing the operational and commercial benefits of common ownership and one management team as we implement the Altice Way throughout our organization.

We are a majority-owned and controlled U.S. subsidiary of Altice N.V., the multinational cable, fiber, telecommunications, content, media and advertising company founded and controlled by communications and media entrepreneur Mr. Drahi. Our management team benefits from Altice Group's experience in implementing the Altice Way around the world. Mr. Drahi, who has over 25 years of experience owning and managing communications and media operations, has built Altice Group from a regional French cable company founded in 2002 into one of the world's leading broadband communications and video services companies. Over the past 15 years, he has led a transformation of the broadband communications and video services industry through investment in networks and improvements in customer experience and operations to enhance both service delivery and operational efficiency. As of December 31, 2016, Altice Group delivered broadband, pay television and telephony services to more than 50 million customers in Western Europe, the United States, Israel and the Caribbean and reported pro forma consolidated revenue of €23.5 billion and pro forma Adjusted EBITDA of €8.9 billion for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016. Upon the completion of this offering, Altice Parties on a combined basis will own 75.2% of the outstanding shares of our Class A and Class B common stock, which will represent 98.5% of the voting power of our outstanding capital stock.

In early 2015, Altice N.V. made the strategic decision to invest in operations in the United States, the country with the largest broadband communications and video services market in the world. Altice N.V. believed that by employing the Altice Way, it could significantly improve upon the historical growth rates, profitability and operational efficiency of broadband communications and video services companies operating in this market. The following attractive market characteristics underpinned Altice N.V.'s U.S. investment thesis:

- favorable demographics supporting underlying market growth;
- · demand for higher-speed broadband services;
- demand for more advanced customer platforms and user interfaces;
- · opportunities to enhance operational efficiency and reduce overhead; and
- · opportunities for further industry consolidation.

Following the Acquisitions, we began employing the Altice Way to simplify our organizational structure, reduce management layers, streamline decision-making processes and redeploy resources with a focus on network investment, customer service enhancements and marketing support. As a result, we have made significant progress in integrating the operations of Optimum and Suddenlink, centralizing our business functions, reorganizing our procurement processes, eliminating duplicative management functions, terminating lower-return projects and non-essential consulting and third-party service arrangements, and investing in our employee relations and our culture. Improved operational efficiency has allowed us to redeploy physical, technical and financial resources towards upgrading our network and enhancing the customer experience to drive customer growth. This focus is demonstrated by reduced network outages since the Acquisitions, which we believe improves the consistency and quality of the customer experience. In addition, we have expanded, and intend to continue expanding, our e-commerce channels for sales and marketing.

Since the Acquisitions, we have also upgraded our networks to nearly triple the maximum available broadband speeds we are offering to our Optimum customers and expanded our 1 Gbps broadband service to approximately 60% of our Suddenlink footprint, compared to approximately 40% prior to the Suddenlink Acquisition. In addition, we have commenced a five-year plan to build a FTTH network, which will enable us to deliver more than 10 Gbps broadband speeds across our entire Optimum footprint and part of our Suddenlink footprint. We believe this FTTH network will be more resilient with reduced maintenance requirements, fewer service outages and lower power usage, which we expect will drive further cost efficiencies in our business. In order to further enhance the customer experience, we plan to introduce a new home communications hub during the second quarter of 2017. Our new home communications hub will be an innovative, integrated platform with a dynamic and sophisticated user interface, combining a set-top box, Internet router and cable modem in one device, and will be the most advanced home communications hub offered by any Altice Group business. We are also beginning to offer managed data and communications services to our business customers and more advanced advertising services, such as targeted multi-screen advertising and data analytics, to our advertising and other business clients.

Many of our initiatives have already resulted in a positive impact to our customer relationships and financial results since the Acquisitions, as reflected in the year-over-year growth across the metrics in the following table:

	Three months ended March 31,									
	Altice USA									
		Pro Forma	Cablevis	ion	Cequel					
(in thousands except percentage data)	2017	2016(a)	2017	2016(a)	2017	2016				
Customer Relationships	4,913	4,859	3,148	3,125	1,765	1,734				
% growth	1.1%		0.7%		1.8%					
Revenue	2,305,676	2,273,479	1,644,801	1,645,890	660,875	627,589				
% growth	1.4%		(0.1)%		5.3%					
Adjusted EBITDA(b)	941,736	743,588	627,073	480,859	314,662	262,729				
% growth	26.6%		30.4%		19.8%					
% of Revenue	40.8%	32.7%	38.1%	29.2%	47.6%	41.9%				
Adjusted EBITDA less capital expenditures(b)	684,309	528,732	442,674	332,207	241,634	196,525				
% growth	29.4%		33.3%		23.0%					
% of Revenue	29.7%	23.3%	26.9%	20.2%	36.6%	31.3%				
Net loss attributable to stockholders	(76,425)	(190,075)	(60,808)	94,377	14,739	(32,329)				
% growth	59.8%		(164.4)%		145.6%					

- (a) Includes results for Newsday Media Group ("Newsday"). Altice USA sold a 75% stake in Newsday in July 2016. Newsday's revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2016 was approximately \$52 million.
- (b) For additional information regarding Adjusted EBITDA, including a reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to Net Loss, please refer to "Prospectus Summary —Summary Historical and Pro Forma Combined Financial Data."

Our Competitive Strengths

We believe the following competitive strengths have been instrumental to our success and position us for future growth and strong financial performance.

Our Owner-Operator Culture

We are part of a founder-controlled organization with an owner-operator culture and strategy that is focused on operational efficiency, innovation and long-term value creation for stockholders. This focus is reinforced by a system that delivers a substantial portion of management compensation in the form of long-term equity awards. Since the Acquisitions, our management team has moved quickly to, among other things, simplify and redesign our product offerings, drive adoption of higher broadband speeds and begin building a new FTTH network. We continuously challenge ourselves to improve our operational and financial performance. We encourage communication across the organization while empowering nimble, efficient decision-making that is focused at every level on enhancing the overall customer experience. We believe our owner-operator culture and the Altice Way differentiate us and position us to outperform our U.S. industry peers. We further believe the benefits of the Altice Way have been demonstrated by Altice N.V.'s performance, which is reflected in the 42% average annual total return of Altice N.V.'s Class A ordinary shares since its initial public offering in January 2014 through March 31, 2017, compared to the 5% average annual total return of the STOXX Europe 600 Telecommunications Index, of which Altice N.V.'s Class A ordinary shares are a component, during the same time period.

Leading Position in Attractive Markets

The markets served by our broadband networks have generally experienced higher levels of disposable income and household density compared to other broadband communications and video services markets in the United States. As of March 31, 2017, approximately 75% of the homes passed by our network were in either the New York metropolitan area or Texas. The following table provides a comparison of management's estimate of income and density metrics for our markets to both our largest U.S. publicly-traded industry peers as well as the national averages.

	Charter							Natio	onal
	Altic	e USA	Communications	Comcast		Cable One		Med	lian
2016 Household Median Income (in thousands)	\$	86	\$ 63	\$	72	\$	59	\$	66
Housing Units per Square Mile as of April 1, 2010 based on most recent U.S. census data		668	99		119		24		37

U.S.

The footprint of our Optimum network includes New York City, the world's largest media and entertainment market as measured by 2014 revenue. This network represents our largest cluster of cable and fiber network systems. As of March 31, 2017, this network passed approximately 5.1 million homes and provided broadband, pay television and telephony services to approximately 3.1 million unique residential and business customers, representing approximately 64% of our entire customer base. We believe our leading market demographics support revenue growth potential in terms of customer additions and increased ARPU. We believe the market density of the New York metropolitan area allows our Optimum segment to operate with greater capital efficiency and lower capital expenditures as a percentage of revenue than our U.S. industry peers. Our presence in this market and its high-profile customer base also gives us access to a large and valuable base of advertisers, advertising inventory and advertising data, each of which supports growth prospects for our advertising business.

The footprint of our Suddenlink network includes markets in Texas, West Virginia, Louisiana, Arkansas, North Carolina, Oklahoma, Arizona, California, Missouri and eight other states. As of March 31, 2017, this network passed approximately 3.4 million homes and provided broadband, pay television and telephony services to approximately 1.8 million unique residential and business customers, representing approximately 36% of our customer base. We believe less than 15% of our Suddenlink footprint currently faces competition from broadband communications and video services providers offering download speeds comparable to our fastest offered speeds. In addition, household penetration of residential broadband connections with speeds of at least 25 Mbps in these markets was less than 37% as of June 30, 2016 compared to approximately 48% nationwide, as estimated by management, providing us with attractive future growth opportunities. As a result, we believe Suddenlink's markets are among the most attractive broadband communications and video services markets in the United States.

Advanced Network and Customer Platform Technologies

Technological innovation and network investments are key components of the Altice Way. Substantially all of our HFC network is digital video and DOCSIS 3.0 compatible, with approximately 300 homes per node and a bandwidth capacity of at least 750 MHz throughout. This network allows us to provide our customers with advanced broadband, pay television and telephony services. In addition, we believe our Optimum footprint offers the densest Wi-Fi network among our U.S. industry peers as measured by the number of Wi-Fi hotspots per broadband subscriber. Since the Acquisitions, we have nearly tripled the maximum available broadband speeds we are offering to our Optimum customers from 101 Mbps to 300 Mbps for residential customers and 350 Mbps for business customers and have

expanded our 1 Gbps broadband service to approximately 60% of our Suddenlink footprint from approximately 40% prior to the Suddenlink Acquisition.

Our advanced network has contributed to our revenue growth by allowing us to meet market demand for increasingly faster speeds. The chart below illustrates the significant increase in the percentage of our new residential customers choosing service plans with speeds greater than or equal to 100 Mbps since the Acquisitions.

% of Customers ≥ 100 Mbps Broadband Speeds^{1,2}



To position us to satisfy anticipated market demand for increasing speeds and support evolving technologies, such as the expected transition of mobile networks to 5G, and to enable us to capture associated revenue growth opportunities, we have commenced a five-year plan to build a FTTH network that will enable us to deliver more than 10 Gbps broadband speeds across our entire Optimum footprint and part of our Suddenlink footprint.

We also plan to introduce a new home communications hub during the second quarter of 2017, which will be the most advanced home communications hub offered by any Altice Group business. This new hub will be an innovative, integrated platform with a dynamic and sophisticated user interface, combining a set-top box, Internet router and cable modem in one device. It is based on LaBox, a home communications hub Altice Group has successfully deployed in France, the Dominican Republic and Israel, and will be initially offered to customers subscribing to our triple product packages. It will be capable of delivering broadband, Wi-Fi, pay television services, OTT services and fixed-line telephony and will support 4K video and a remote DVR. We intend to continue enhancing the features and functionality of our new home communications hub after its initial introduction.

We believe the development of our advanced network and new home communications hub epitomizes the engineering and innovation-centric ethos within Altice Group.

Customer-Centric Operating and Service Model Supported by Technology and Data Analytics

We seek to provide our customers with the best connectivity and service experience available. This customer-centric approach drives our decision-making processes and is another key component of the Altice Way. Through investments in our information technology ("IT") platforms and a focus on process improvement, we have simplified and harmonized our service offering bundles, and improved our technical service delivery and our customer service. We are investing in our sales channels, including enhancing our e-commerce channels in response to customer behavior. While inbound sales

remain the largest sales channel for each of Optimum and Suddenlink, our e-commerce channels' share of new sales has grown substantially since the Acquisitions. We develop, monitor and analyze detailed customer metrics to identify root-causes of customer dissatisfaction and to further improve the customer experience. Taken together, we believe these initiatives will further reduce calls and service visits, increase customer satisfaction and strengthen our top-line performance and cash flow generation.

Benefits of a Global Communications Group

Unlike most of our U.S. industry peers, we benefit from being part of an international media and communications group. As the U.S. business of Altice N.V., we have access to the innovation, management expertise and best practices developed and tested in other Altice Group markets such as France, Portugal, the Dominican Republic and Israel. For example, our new home communications hub will be based on LaBox, which was developed by Altice Labs, Altice N.V.'s technology, services and operations innovation center, and our FTTH network build-out will leverage Altice Labs' technology and expertise developed for the deployment of GPON technology in Altice Group's fiber networks. Our B2B service offerings draw from platforms, services and expertise developed by sophisticated B2B operators across the Altice Group footprint such as Portugal Telecom in Portugal and SFR in France. We also benefit from Altice Group's significant scale advantages, allowing us to draw on centralized functions, including procurement and technical services. In addition, Altice Group operates converged networks, including wireless operations in markets outside the United States. We believe these scale benefits and operational expertise assist us in increasing our operating efficiency and reducing our capital expenditures while also improving the customer experience.

Altice Group also cross-deploys talent and expertise across its businesses, allowing us to benefit from our senior management's experience in successfully implementing the Altice Way around the world. We believe this diversity of experience differentiates us from our more traditional U.S.-centric industry peers.

Strategic Focus on Operational Efficiency

An important principle of the Altice Way is leveraging operational efficiency in order to invest in network improvements and increase returns. We believe our focus on simplifying customer service offerings and streamlining and improving our operations through an intense focus on efficiency is unmatched by our U.S. industry peers. We continuously strive to remove unnecessary management layers, streamline decision-making processes, trim excess costs and question whether our current methodologies are indeed the most efficient. For example, the home installation, repair, outside plant maintenance and network construction elements of our business have been reorganized under Altice Technical Services ("ATS"), Altice N.V.'s services organization in the United States. We believe this reorganization will allow us to focus on our core competencies and realize operational cost efficiencies. The financial resources created by these strategies allow us to invest in network improvements and customer experience enhancements. We believe the operating and financial benefits that result from our focus on operational efficiency will continue to give us a competitive advantage against our competitors and U.S. industry peers.

Powerful Financial Model Driving Strong Returns

We believe the benefits of the Altice Way have already significantly strengthened our financial performance and will continue to do so, allowing us to deliver strong returns.

Our revenue growth for the three months ended March 31, 2017 was 1.4% as compared to pro forma revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2016. Excluding Newsday, our year-over-year revenue growth for the three months ended March 31, 2017 was 3.8%. We believe we can continue growing our revenue by increasing market penetration of our services (particularly broadband), driving

continued growth in B2B services, launching new services, gaining market share from competitors due to the high quality and value of our services and leveraging improved customer satisfaction to sell additional services.

We believe we are one of the most profitable and cash flow generative broadband communications and video services providers in the United States. Our Adjusted EBITDA margin has increased from 32.7% for the three months ended March 31, 2016 on a pro forma basis giving effect to the Optimum Acquisition to 40.8% for the three months ended March 31, 2017. Combined with our revenue growth, this translates into a 27% year-over-year Adjusted EBITDA growth. See "Summary Historical and Pro Forma Financial Data" for additional information regarding Adjusted EBITDA, including a reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to net income.

As of March 31, 2017, based on an analysis of our current operating expenses, we believe we have realized a substantial portion of the total \$1.1 billion in operating cost savings we announced that we would achieve over the three-year period following the Acquisitions. Our analysis compares the full year 2015 combined operating expenses of Cablevision and Cequel to the operating expenses of the Company for the quarter ended March 31, 2017, annualized. We believe we have been successful in achieving these cost savings on an expedited basis by delayering management, eliminating non-essential operating expenses and service arrangements and rationalizing our supplier relationships. Management's focus on these initiatives has resulted in cost savings that are primarily reflected in our Other Operating Expenses line item. See "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" for more information.

For the three months ended March 31, 2017, our capital expenditures as a percentage of revenue was 11.2%, which we believe is one of the lowest among our U.S. industry peers, even as we increased our investments in network and service capabilities. The ratio of our Adjusted EBITDA less capital expenditures to revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2017 was 30%, implying that for each dollar of revenue that we realized in that quarter we generated approximately \$0.30 of Adjusted EBITDA less capital expenditures, which we believe exceeds the performance of our U.S. industry peers. We believe our profitability, capital efficiency and cash generation profile, which is among the highest in the industry, results from a number of factors, including our focus on operational efficiency derived from the Altice Way, the advanced state of our HFC network infrastructure, our highly clustered network footprint and our customer base with relatively high ARPU and low churn.

Experienced Management Team Supported by Founder

Our CEO and Co-Presidents have substantial experience in communications and media operations, finance and mergers and acquisitions, and a proven track record in executing the Altice Way. Dexter Goei, our CEO and Chairman since 2016, joined Altice N.V. in 2009, and as its CEO he spearheaded the rapid expansion of the company from a French cable operator to a multinational communications enterprise with fixed and mobile assets across six different countries. A key aspect of Mr. Goei's role as CEO of Altice USA is to carry forward the same entrepreneurial and owner-operator culture that is at the core of the Altice Way and Altice N.V.'s success. Abdelhakim Boubazine, our Co-President and COO since 2015, was previously the CEO of Altice Group's Dominican Republic business, where he oversaw pay television, broadband and mobile operations for more than four million customers. Charles Stewart, our Co-President and CFO since 2015, previously served as CEO of Itau BBA International plc, where he oversaw Itau-Unibanco's wholesale banking activities in Europe, United States and Asia. Prior to that, he spent nineteen years at Morgan Stanley in a variety of investment banking roles including nine years focused on the U.S. cable industry. Our management team operates in a coordinated fashion with Altice N.V.'s management team and is supported by Altice Group's founder and controlling stockholder, Mr. Drahi. We believe this facilitates a flat corporate structure, speed in decision making and a focus on long-term value creation.

Our Business Strategy

Our business strategy is based on the successful Altice Way. By executing on the principles described below, we aim to provide advanced, innovative broadband, pay television and telephony services to our customers and deliver strong returns to our stockholders.



Simplify and Optimize Our Organization

Since the Acquisitions, we have implemented the Altice Way across our organization to streamline processes and service offerings and to improve productivity by centralizing our business functions, reorganizing our procurement processes, eliminating duplicative management functions and overhead, terminating lower-return projects and non-essential consulting and third-party service arrangements, and investing in our employee relations and our culture. This has resulted in a revitalized organization as well as improved financial performance, which we are leveraging to re-invest in our business. We are also reorganizing and simplifying our customer service, programming and data analytics; using ATS to increase quality, efficiency and productivity; and updating and simplifying our IT infrastructure through further investments and integration.

Reinvest in Infrastructure and Content

Our entire Optimum footprint is upgraded to deliver broadband speeds of up to 300 Mbps for residential customers and up to 350 Mbps for business customers, and we have expanded our 1 Gbps broadband service to approximately 60% of our Suddenlink footprint, compared to approximately 40% prior to the Suddenlink Acquisition. In addition, we have commenced a five-year plan to build a FTTH network, which will enable us to deliver more than 10 Gbps broadband speeds across our entire Optimum footprint and part of our Suddenlink footprint. We believe we can carry out this network build-out efficiently and within our current capital expenditure levels because of (i) the proximity of fiber to our end customers in our existing network; (ii) our access to Altice Labs' experience and expertise in deploying GPON for its FTTH projects in other markets; (iii) our favorable network topology that is over 75% aerial; and (iv) the lower unit construction costs available to us through ATS. We believe our FTTH investment will further prepare us for the future by enabling us to provide our residential and business customers with technologically advanced services and increased network reliability, while providing us with lower operating costs and opportunities for new revenue sources. For instance, we believe our FTTH investment will offer significant strategic value as the mobile and fixed network environments continue to converge, particularly as mobile operators deploy 5G and subsequent mobile networks.

Our reinvestment in content has focused on the news category with ongoing investments in our hyper-local news channel News12, our 25% investment in the U.S. operations of i24 News, the Altice Group global news network that was launched in the United States in February 2017, and our 25% interest in Newsday, a daily newspaper that primarily serves Long Island. In addition, we are evaluating opportunities to deploy other content assets owned by Altice Group.

Invest in Sales, Marketing and Innovation

We are reinvesting in our sales channels, including enhancing our e-commerce channels such as Optimum.com and Suddenlink.com, and developing e-commerce-only promotions. For the three months ended March 31, 2017, 26% and 14% of our gross adds were via our online sales channel for Suddenlink and Optimum, respectively, compared to 16% and 4% for the three months ended March 31, 2016. We are also focused on building our brand to emphasize the quality of our services by developing Optimum Experience retail stores in shopping malls and other high-traffic locations.

We seek to innovate across many areas of our business. For our residential customers, this includes our focus on new customer platforms and faster data speeds. For our business customers, we are introducing new value-added managed services while for our advertising clients we offer advanced, targeted and multi-screen advertising services and data analytics using our proprietary data and the advanced technology platforms that we have developed and acquired.

We are also focused on simplifying our bundled offerings and standardizing our pricing structures. Since the Optimum Acquisition we have reduced the number of Optimum bundles by approximately 50% and since the Suddenlink Acquisition we have reduced the number of Suddenlink pricing structures by approximately 80%.

Enhance the Customer Experience

We intend to deliver a superior customer experience through implementation of the Altice Way. First, we aim to offer the most technologically advanced customer platforms, including our new home communications hub, which is an innovative, integrated platform with a dynamic and sophisticated user interface combining a set-top box, Internet router and cable modem in one device. Second, by leveraging our advanced infrastructure (with more than 8.5 million homes passed and approximately 1.8 million Wi-Fi hotspots as of March 31, 2017), we seek to provide our customers with a bandwidth and connectivity experience superior to what our competition offers. We believe our FTTH network build-out will further enhance our infrastructure position, improve service reliability for our customers and lower our maintenance costs. Third, we strive to provide the best service across the customer lifecycle from point of sale to installation and customer care. A key aspect of this initiative is to link internal sales incentives to metrics tied to the length of a new customer relationship and product mix, as opposed to more traditional criteria of new sales, in order to refocus our organization away from churn retention to churn prevention. For example, the number of technical service calls handled by our representatives in March 2017 was 27% lower compared to March 2016 while the number of customer service calls and the number of service visits handled by our representatives was 23% and 20% lower, respectively, over the same period.

Drive Revenue and Cash Flow Growth

Since the Acquisitions, we have made significant progress in improving our growth in revenue, Adjusted EBITDA and cash flow and believe we have additional opportunities to drive continued growth in these financial metrics based on the following factors:

- · continued market demand for our bundled services, particularly broadband driven by increased data consumption and bandwidth requirements;
- focus on selling and cross-selling higher value and more enriched service offerings to our residential and business customers, as well as the introduction of new services leveraging our advanced HFC and FTTH networks;
- market share gains driven by product innovation and the quality and value of our services;
- focus on connectivity, business and advertising services;
- · improvements in our operating and capital efficiency through continued implementation of the Altice Way; and
- opportunities to further improve our capital structure.

Opportunistically Grow Through Value-Accretive Acquisitions

We intend to opportunistically grow through value-accretive acquisitions. Our controlling stockholder, Altice N.V., has made over 30 acquisitions since its inception in 2002, including the Acquisitions. We believe Altice N.V. has consistently demonstrated an ability to acquire and effectively integrate companies, realize efficiencies and cost synergies, improve revenue trends and grow Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA less capital expenditures. In the five largest acquisitions completed by Altice N.V. over the last five years, SFR, Portugal Telecom, Orange Dominicana, Optimum and Suddenlink, it has increased Adjusted EBITDA margin on average by approximately 7 percentage points between the quarter immediately preceding the closing of the applicable acquisition and the three months ended March 31, 2017. Altice N.V.'s track record of creating value through acquisitions is also reflected in the 32% average annual total return of SFR's ordinary shares since its initial public offering in November 2013 until March 31, 2017, compared to the 5% average annual total return of the STOXX Europe 600 Telecommunications Index, of which SFR's ordinary shares are a component, during the same time period. We believe the U.S. broadband communications and video services market offers a number of attractive opportunities to grow our business through strategic acquisitions. We believe the Altice Way and our related ability to achieve efficiencies and cost synergies following acquisitions provide us with a competitive advantage in such future consolidation opportunities. However, there is no assurance that we would be able to achieve similar results or that any such acquisitions would have a similar impact on our stock price performance.

Our Products and Services

We provide broadband, pay television and telephony services to both residential and business customers. We also provide enterprise-grade fiber connectivity, bandwidth and managed services to enterprise customers through Optimum's Lightpath business and advertising time to advertisers.

The prices we charge for our services vary based on the number of services and associated service level or tier our customers choose, coupled with any promotions we may offer. As part of our marketing strategy our customers are increasingly choosing to bundle their subscriptions to two ("double product") or three ("triple product") of our services at the same time. Customers who subscribe to a bundle generally receive a discount from the price of buying each of these services separately, as well as the convenience of receiving multiple services from a single provider, all on a single monthly bill. For example, we offer an "Optimum Triple Play" package that is a special

promotion for new customers or eligible current customers where Optimum broadband, pay television and telephony services are each available at a reduced rate for a specified period when purchased together. Approximately 50% of our residential customers were triple product customers as of March 31, 2017.

Residential Services

We offer broadband, pay television and telephony services to residential customers through both our Optimum and Suddenlink segments. The following tables show our residential customer relationships and revenues by service offerings for each of our Optimum and Suddenlink segments as well as on a combined basis.

								Pro Forma		
	As o	As of March 31, 2017			December 31, 2	016	As of March 31, 2016			
	Optimum	Suddenlink	Total	Optimum	Suddenlink	Total	Optimum	Suddenlink	Total	
					(in thousands)					
Total residential customer relationships	2,887	1,661	4,548	2,879	1,649	4,528	2,866	1,638	4,504	
Pay TV	2,413	1,087	3,500	2,428	1,107	3,535	2,473	1,150	3,623	
Broadband	2,636	1,366	4,003	2,619	1,344	3,963	2,580	1,308	3,888	
Telephony	1.955	596	2,551	1.962	597	2,559	1.999	597	2,596	

								Historical	
	Historical						Three Months		
								Ended	
	Three Months Ended March 31, 2017						March 31, 2016		
	Optimum Suddenlink Total				Suddenlink				
	(dollars in thousands)								
Residential revenue:									
Pay TV	\$ 7	789,387	\$	281,974	\$	1,071,361	\$	279,737	
Broadband	3	81,969		229,800		611,769		196,690	
Telephony	1	76,401		34,472		210,873		39,735	

Broadband Services

We offer a variety of broadband service tiers tailored to meet the different needs of our residential subscribers. Current customer offers include four tiers with download speeds ranging from 60 Mbps to 300 Mbps for our Optimum residential customers and 50 Mbps to 1 Gbps for our Suddenlink residential customers. Our broadband services also include access to complimentary features such as our free-to-use Optimum wireless "smart router," as well as Internet security software, including anti-virus, anti-spyware, personal firewall and anti-spam protection. Substantially all of our HFC network is digital and DOCSIS 3.0 compatible, with approximately 300 homes per node and a bandwidth capacity of at least 750 MHz throughout. This network allows us to provide our customers with advanced broadband, pay television and telephony services. Since the Acquisitions, we have nearly tripled the maximum available broadband speeds we are offering to our Optimum customers from 101 Mbps to 300 Mbps for residential customers and 350 Mbps for business customers and expanded our 1 Gbps broadband service to approximately 60% of our Suddenlink footprint from approximately 40% prior to the Suddenlink Acquisition. We have also commenced a five-year plan to build a FTTH network, which will enable us to deliver more than 10 Gbps broadband speeds across our entire Optimum footprint and part of our Suddenlink footprint. See "—Our Competitive Strengths—Advanced Network and Customer Platform Technologies."

In addition, we have deployed Wi-Fi across our Optimum service area with approximately 1.8 million Wi-Fi hotspots as of March 31, 2017. The Optimum Wi-Fi network allows Optimum broadband customers to access the service while they are away from their home or office. Wi-Fi is delivered via wireless access points mounted on our Optimum broadband network, in certain retail

partner locations, certain NJ Transit rail stations, New York City parks and other public venues. Similarly, our "smart router" product includes a second network that enables all Optimum broadband customers to access the Optimum Wi-Fi network. Access to the Optimum Wi-Fi network is offered as a free value-added benefit to Optimum broadband customers and for a fee to non-customers in certain locations. Our Wi-Fi service also allows our Optimum broadband customers to access the Wi-Fi networks of Comcast, Charter Communications (within the legacy Time Warner Cable and Bright House Networks footprints) and Cox Communications. Through these relationships we offer our Optimum customers access to approximately 350,000 additional hotspots nationwide.

Pay Television Services

We currently offer a variety of pay television services, which include delivery of broadcast stations and cable networks, and advanced digital pay television services, such as VOD, HD channels, DVR and pay-per-view, to our residential markets. Depending on the market and level of service, our pay television services include, among other programming, local broadcast networks and independent television stations, news, information, sports and entertainment channels, regional sports networks, international channels and premium services such as HBO, Showtime, Cinemax and Starz. Our residential subscribers pay a monthly charge based on the pay television programming level of service, tier or package they receive and the type of equipment they select. Customers who subscribe to seasonal sports packages, international channels and premium services may be charged an additional monthly amount. We may also charge additional fees for pay-per-view programming, DVR and certain VOD services.

As of March 31, 2017, Optimum residential customers were able to receive up to 608 digital channels and Suddenlink residential customers were able to receive up to 309 digital channels depending on their market and level of service. Optimum offers up to 171 HD channels and Suddenlink channel lineups include an average of 110 HD channels, which represent the most widely watched programming, including all major broadcast networks, as well as most leading national cable networks, premium channels and regional sports networks. HDTV features high-resolution picture quality, digital sound quality and a wide-screen, theater-like display when using an HDTV set and an HD-capable converter. We also continue to launch additional HD channels to continuously improve our customer's viewing experience. As of March 31, 2017, approximately 95% of our residential Optimum pay television customers subscribe to HDTV services. As of March 31, 2017, approximately 79% of Suddenlink pay television customers were digital pay television customers and approximately 93% of those digital pay television customers subscribe to HDTV services.

We also provide advanced services, such as pay-per-view and VOD, that give residential pay television subscribers control over when they watch their favorite programming. Our pay-per-view service allows customers to pay to view single showings of programming on an unedited, commercial-free basis, including feature films, live sporting events, concerts and other special events. Our VOD service provides on-demand access to movies, special events, free prime time content and general interest titles. Subscription-based VOD premium content such as HBO and Showtime is made available to customers who subscribe to one of our premium programming packages. Our customers have the ability to start the programs at whatever time is convenient, as well as pause, rewind and (for most content) fast forward both standard definition and HD VOD programming. As of March 31, 2017, pay-per-view services were available for all Optimum and 99% of Suddenlink pay television customers and VOD services were available to all of our Optimum pay television customers and 95% of our Suddenlink pay television customers, and we offered thousands of HD titles on-demand for Optimum and Suddenlink customers, respectively.

For a monthly fee, we offer DVR services through the use of digital converters, the majority of which are HDTV-capable and have video recording capability. As of March 31, 2017, approximately 49% of our residential Optimum pay television customers and 36% of our Suddenlink pay television

customers utilized DVR services. Optimum customers can choose either a set-top box DVR with the ability to record, pause and rewind live television or the Multi-Room DVR Plus with remote-storage capability to record 15 shows simultaneously while watching any live or pre-recorded show, and pause and rewind live television. Depending on the market, Suddenlink customers have the option to use a set-top box DVR or a TiVo HD/DVR converter, which delivers multi-room DVR capability using TiVo Mini devices that allow customers to pause and rewind live television, manage recordings from different television locations and play them back throughout the home. In addition, TiVo Stream service, which allows customers to stream live television channels and recorded programming wirelessly throughout their home to Android and iOS devices, and, subject to copyright restrictions, download previously recorded content to these devices so that it can be viewed outside the home, is provided to current TiVo DVR subscribers.

We also plan to introduce a new home communications hub during the second quarter of 2017, which will be the most advanced home communications hub offered by any Altice Group business. This new hub will be an innovative, integrated platform with a dynamic and sophisticated user interface, combining a set-top box, Internet router and cable modem in one device. It is based on LaBox, which Altice N.V. has successfully deployed in France, the Dominican Republic and Israel, and will be initially offered to customers subscribing to our triple-product packages. It will be capable of delivering broadband Internet, Wi-Fi, digital television services, OTT services and fixed-line telephony and will support 4K video and a remote-storage DVR with the capacity to record 15 television programs simultaneously and the ability to rewind live television on the last two channels watched. Additional features will include multiple storage tiers, a point-anywhere voice-command remote control and a companion mobile app that allows viewing of all television content including DVR streaming. Additional televisions will be paired with "minis," which will also act as Wi-Fi extenders for an advanced Wi-Fi experience throughout the home. Additionally, our new home communications hub and the "minis" will offer simple touch-to-pair capability for select mobile devices via near-field communications technology.

We also offer alternative viewing platforms for our pay television programming through mobile applications. Our Optimum customers have access to Optimum App, available for the iPad, iPhone, iPod touch, personal computers, Kindle Fire and select Android phones and tablets, and our Suddenlink customers have access to Suddenlink2GO, available for personal computers and select phones and tablets. Depending on the platform, the Optimum App features include the ability to watch live television, stream on-demand titles from various networks and use the device as a remote to control the customer's digital set-top box while inside the home. Suddenlink2GO enables Suddenlink customers to watch over 400,000 movies, shows and clips from over 380 networks on a personal computer once authenticated via the Suddenlink customer portal and select television shows and movies on their mobile devices.

Telephony Services

Through VoIP telephone service we also offer unlimited local, regional and long-distance calling within the United States, Puerto Rico, Virgin Islands and Canada for a flat monthly rate, including popular calling features such as caller ID with name and number, call waiting, three-way calling, enhanced emergency 911 dialing and television caller ID. We also offer additional options designed to meet our customers' needs, including directory assistance, voicemail services and international calling. Discount and promotional pricing are available when our telephony services are combined with our other service offerings.

Business Services

Both our Optimum and Suddenlink segments offer a wide and growing variety of products and services to both large enterprise and SMB customers, including broadband, telephony, networking and

pay television services. For the three months ended March 31, 2017, business services accounted for approximately 14% of the revenue for both our Optimum and Suddenlink segments, respectively, and accounted for approximately 14% of our consolidated revenue. As of the end of that period we served approximately 365,000 SMB customers. We serve enterprise customers primarily through our Lightpath business, a subsidiary of Optimum.

Enterprise Customers

Lightpath provides Ethernet, data transport, IP-based virtual private networks, Internet access, telephony services, including SIP trunking and VoIP services to the business market. Our Lightpath bandwidth connectivity service offers download speeds up to 100 Gbps. Lightpath also provides managed services to businesses, including hosted telephony services (cloud based SIP-based private branch exchange), managed Wi-Fi, managed desktop and server backup and managed collaboration services including audio and web conferencing. Through Lightpath, we also offer FTTT services to wireless carriers for cell tower backhaul and enable wireline communications service providers to connect to customers that their own networks do not reach. Lightpath's customers include companies in health care, financial, education, legal and professional services, and other industries, as well as the public sector and communication providers (ILECs and CLECs). As of March 31, 2017, Lightpath had over 8,500 locations connected to its fiber network. Our Lightpath advanced fiber optic network extends more than 6,800 route miles, which includes approximately 338,000 miles of fiber, throughout the New York metropolitan area.

For enterprise and larger commercial customers, Suddenlink offers high capacity data services, including wide area networking and dedicated data access and advanced services such as wireless mesh networks. Suddenlink also offers enterprise class telephone services which include traditional multi-line phone service over DOCSIS and trunking solutions via SIP for our Primary Rate Interface and SIP trunking applications. Similar to Lightpath, Suddenlink also offers FTTT services. These Suddenlink services are offered on a standalone basis or in bundles that are developed specifically for our commercial customers.

SMB Customers

Both our Optimum and Suddenlink segments provide broadband, pay television and telephony services to SMB customers. In addition to these services, we also offer managed services, including business e-mail, hosted private branch exchange, web space storage and network security monitoring for SMB customers. We also offer Optimum Voice for Business, providing for up to 24 voice lines for SMB customers and 20 business calling features at no additional charge. Optimum Voice for Business offers business trunking services with support for application programming interfaces. Optional add-on services, such as international calling, toll free calling and virtual receptionists, are also available for business customers.

Advertising Sales

As part of the agreements under which we acquire pay television programming, we typically receive an allocation of scheduled advertising time during such programming, generally two minutes per hour, into which our systems can insert commercials, subject, in some instances, to certain subject matter limitations. Our advertising sales infrastructure includes in-house production facilities, production and administrative employees and a locally-based sales force, and is part of Altice Media Solutions ("AMS"), the advertising sales division of Altice USA.

AMS offers data-driven television, digital and other multi-platform advertising to clients ranging from Fortune 500 brands to local businesses. AMS provides national and local businesses with television and digital advertising opportunities targeted within specific geographies, including in New

York City, the world's largest media and entertainment market as measured by 2014 revenue, and throughout the Suddenlink footprint. AMS offers clients opportunities to use interactive television products to reach their customers and provide a deeper level of audience engagement.

In several of the markets in which we operate, we have entered into agreements commonly referred to as interconnects with other cable operators to jointly sell local advertising, simplifying our clients' purchase of local advertising and expanding their geographic reach. In some of these markets, we represent the advertising sales efforts of other cable operators; in other markets, other cable operators represent us. For instance, AMS manages the New York Interconnect, a partnership between AMS and Comcast that provides national brands with television and digital advertising opportunities over a broader portion of the New York DMA than AMS's local offerings. New York Interconnect is the largest interconnect in the country, with a footprint of over 3.2 million households. In the larger DMAs in the Suddenlink footprint, we participate in a number of interconnects managed by others, such as the Houston and Dallas interconnects.

For the three months ended March 31, 2017, advertising sales accounted for approximately 4% and 3% of the revenue for our Optimum and Suddenlink segments, respectively, and accounted for approximately 4% of our consolidated revenue.

Data Analytics

The Advanced Data Analytics business, which was launched by Optimum in 2013, provides data-driven, audience-based advertising solutions to the media industry, including AMS, programmers and MVPDs. Total Audience Data, its flagship portfolio of products, consists of advanced analytics tools providing granular measurement of consumer groups, accurate hyper-local ratings and other insights into target audience behavior not available through traditional sample-based measurement services. These tools allow us and our clients to more precisely optimize our product offerings, target and deliver ads more efficiently, and provide accurate measurement to our clients and partners.

Our March 2017 acquisition of Audience Partners, a leading provider of data-driven, audience-based digital advertising solutions, expands the scope of targeted advertising solutions we offer from television to include digital, mobile and tablets. In addition, the acquisition expands our audience-based advertising services to include further advanced analytics tools within key and growing segments, including political, advocacy, healthcare, automotive, and programming. Altice N.V. recently announced an agreement to acquire Teads, a leading online video advertising marketplace, which we believe will further enhance our ability to offer data analytics and advertising solutions to our clients.

News 12 Networks

News 12 Networks is the largest and one of the most-watched 24-hour local news networks in the New York media market. Owned exclusively by us, the network consists of seven local news channels in the New York metropolitan area—the Bronx, Brooklyn, Connecticut, Hudson Valley, Long Island, New Jersey and Westchester—providing each with complete access to hyper-local breaking news, traffic, weather, sports, and more. In addition, News 12 Networks also includes five traffic and weather channels that offer constantly updated information; the award-winning News12.com, the premier destination for local news on the web; News 12 Interactive, channel 612 on Optimum TV, providing local news on demand; and News 12 To Go, the network's mobile app for phones and tablets. Since launching in 1986, News 12 Networks has been widely recognized by the news industry with numerous prestigious honors and awards, including over 230 Emmy Awards, plus multiple Edward R. Murrow Awards, NY Press Club Awards, and more. We derive revenue from our News 12 Networks for the sale of advertising and affiliation fees paid by cable operators. Advertising revenue is included in "Advertising" and affiliation fees charged for the programming are included in "Other."

Franchises

As of March 31, 2017, our systems operated in more than 1,300 communities pursuant to franchises, permits and similar authorizations issued by state and local governmental authorities. Franchise agreements typically require the payment of franchise fees and contain regulatory provisions addressing, among other things, service quality, cable service to schools and other public institutions, insurance and indemnity. Franchise authorities generally charge a franchise fee of not more than 5% of certain of our cable service revenues that are derived from the operation of the system within such locality. We generally pass the franchise fee on to our subscribers.

Franchise agreements are usually for a term of five to 15 years from the date of grant and most are 10 years. Franchise agreements are usually terminable only if the cable operator fails to comply with material provisions and then only after the franchising authority complies with substantive and procedural protections afforded by the franchise agreement and federal and state law. Prior to the scheduled expiration of most franchises, we generally initiate renewal proceedings with the granting authorities. This process usually takes less than three years but can take a longer period of time. The Communications Act of 1934, as amended (the "Communications Act"), which is the primary federal statute regulating interstate communications, provides for an orderly franchise renewal process in which granting authorities may not unreasonably withhold renewals. See "Regulation—Cable Television—Franchising." In connection with the franchise renewal process, many governmental authorities require the cable operator to make certain commitments, such as building out certain franchise areas, meeting customer service requirements and supporting and carrying public access channels.

Historically, we have been able to renew our franchises without incurring significant costs, although any particular franchise may not be renewed on commercially favorable terms or otherwise. We expect to renew or continue to operate under all or substantially all of these franchises. For more information regarding risks related to our franchises, see "Risk Factors Relating to Regulatory and Legislative Matters—Our cable system franchises are subject to non-renewal or termination. The failure to renew a franchise in one or more key markets could adversely affect our business." Proposals to streamline cable franchising recently have been adopted at both the federal and state levels. For more information see "Regulation—Cable Television—Franchising."

Programming

We design our channel line-ups for each system according to demographics, programming contract requirements, market research, viewership, local programming preferences, channel capacity, competition, price sensitivity and local regulation. We believe offering a wide variety of programming influences a customer's decision to subscribe to and retain our pay television services. We obtain programming, including basic, expanded basic, digital, HD, VOD and broadband content, from a number of suppliers, including broadcast and cable networks.

We generally carry cable networks pursuant to written programming contracts, which continue for a fixed period of time, usually from three to five years, and are subject to negotiated renewal. Cable network programming is usually made available to us for a license fee, which is generally paid based on the number of customers who subscribe to the level of service that provides such programming. Such license fees may include "volume" discounts available for higher numbers of customers, as well as discounts for channel placement or service penetration. Where possible, we negotiate volume discount pricing structures. For home shopping channels, we receive a percentage of the revenue attributable to our customers' purchases, as well as, in some instances, incentives for channel placement.

We typically seek flexible distribution terms that would permit services to be made available in a variety of retail packages and on a variety of platforms and devices in order to maximize consumer choice. Suppliers typically insist that their most popular and attractive services be distributed to a minimum number or percentage of subscribers, which limits our ability to provide consumers full

purchasing flexibility. Suppliers also typically seek to control or limit the terms on which we are able to make their services available on various platforms and devices yet this has become more flexible each year.

Our cable programming costs have increased in excess of customary inflationary and cost-of-living type increases. We expect programming costs to continue to increase due to a variety of factors including annual increases imposed by stations and programmers and additional programming being provided to customers, including HD, digital and VOD programming. In particular, broadcast and sports programming costs have increased significantly over the past several years. In addition, contracts to purchase sports programming sometimes provide for optional additional programming to be available on a surcharge basis during the term of the contract. These increases have coincided with a significant increase in the quality of the programming, from high production value original cable series to enhanced camera and statistical data technology in sports broadcasts, and more flexible rights to make the content available on various platforms and devices.

We have programming contracts that have expired and others that will expire at or before the end of 2017. We will seek to renegotiate the terms of these agreements, but there can be no assurance that these agreements will be renewed on favorable or comparable terms. To the extent that we are unable to reach agreement with certain programmers on terms that we believe are reasonable, we have been, and may in the future be, forced to remove such programming channels from our line-up, which may result in a loss of customers. In our Suddenlink segment, we were unable to reach agreement with Viacom on acceptable economic terms for a long-term contract renewal, and effective October 1, 2014, all Viacom networks were removed from our channel lineups in our Suddenlink segment, and we launched alternative networks offered by other programmers under new long-term contracts. We and Viacom did not reach a new agreement to include certain Viacom networks in the Suddenlink channel lineup until May 2017. For more information, see "Risk Factors—Risk Factors Relating to Our Business—Programming and retransmission costs are increasing and we may not have the ability to pass these increases on to our subscribers. Disputes with programmers and the inability to retain or obtain popular programming can adversely affect our relationship with subscribers and lead to subscriber losses."

Sales and Marketing

Sales are managed centrally and multiple sales channels are leveraged to reach current and potential customers, including in-bound customer care centers, outbound telemarketing, stores, field technician sales and door-to-door sales. E-commerce is also managed centrally on behalf of the organization and is a growing and dynamic part of our business and is our fastest growing sales channel. For the three months ended March 31, 2017, 26% and 14% of our gross adds were via our online sales channel for Suddenlink and Optimum, respectively, compared to 16% and 4% for the three months ended March 31, 2016. We also use mass media, including broadcast television, digital media, radio, newspaper and outdoor advertising, to attract customers and direct them to our in-bound customer care centers or website. Our sales and service employees use a variety of sales tools as they work to match customers' needs with our best-in-class products, with a focus on building and enhancing customer relationships.

Because of our local presence and market knowledge, we invest heavily in targeted marketing. Our strategic focus is on building new customer relationships and bundling broadband, pay television and telephony services. Our promotional materials and message focus on the ease with which a customer can order our products and services, and highlight the differentiated connectivity and entertainment experience and the convenience of one call, one connection and one bill. Much of our advertising is developed centrally and customized for our regions. Among other factors, we monitor customer perceptions, marketing efforts and competition, to increase our responsiveness and the effectiveness of

our efforts. Our footprint has several large college markets where we market specialized products and services to students for MDUs, such as dormitories and apartment complexes.

We have separate dedicated sales teams for our SMB and enterprise offerings and dedicated service teams to support SMB and enterprise clients.

Altice Technical Services

The reorganization of our technical workforce into ATS, which is owned by Altice N.V., is modeled on Altice N.V.'s successful implementation of a similar strategy in its other operations. In most other markets in which Altice N.V. operates, it separates home installation, repair, outside plant maintenance and network construction elements of its operating companies into standalone services companies that provide these services to its operating companies and, in some cases, third parties. We and Altice N.V. believe this separation enables both businesses to be more focused and efficient in their core competencies, with Altice N.V.'s operating business enjoying financial savings and higher levels of customer satisfaction as a result of the tailored focus of the technical services business. In addition, we believe the installation, repair, outside plant maintenance and network construction services we receive from ATS will be of higher quality and at a lower cost than we could achieve without ATS, including for the construction of our new FTTH network.

Customer Experience

We believe customer service is the cornerstone of our business. Accordingly, we make a concerted effort to continually improve each customer's experience and have made significant investments in our people, processes and technology to enhance our customers' experience and to reduce the number of times customers need to contact us. The insights from operational metrics help us focus our improvement efforts. For example, we link internal sales incentives to early churn and product mix as opposed to more traditional criteria of new sales, in order to refocus our organization away from churn retention to churn prevention. The number of technical service calls handled by our representatives in March 2017 was 27% lower compared to March 2016 while the number of customer service calls and the number of service visits handled by our representatives was 23% and 20% lower, respectively, over the same period. See "Business—Our Business Strategy—Enhance the Customer Experience."

Our customer care centers are managed and operated locally, with the deployment and execution of end-to-end care strategies and initiatives conducted on a site-by-site basis. We have residential and commercial customer care centers located throughout our footprint, including in Newark, NJ; Jericho, NY; Bronx, NY; Melville, NY; Tyler, TX; Lubbock, TX; and Lake Havasu, AZ. Our customer care centers function as an integrated system and utilize software programs that provide increased efficiencies and limited wait-times for customers requiring support.

ATS' field technicians and schedulers utilize the same software programs for customers requiring in-person support. We provide service to our customers 24 hours a day, seven days a week, and we have systems that allow our customer care centers to be accessed and managed remotely in the event that systems functionality is temporarily lost, which provides our customers access to customer service with limited disruption.

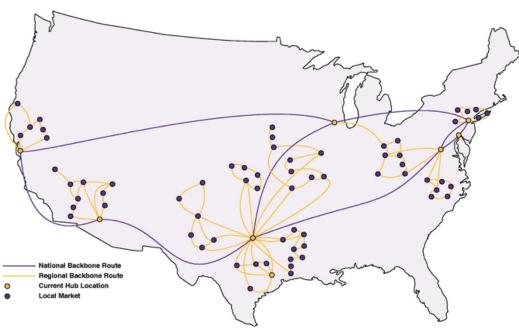
We also utilize our customer portal to enable our customers to view and pay their bills online, obtain useful information and perform various equipment troubleshooting procedures. Our customers may also obtain support through our online chat, e-mail functionality and social media websites, including Twitter and Facebook.

Network Management

Our cable systems are generally designed with an HFC architecture that has proven to be highly flexible in meeting the increasing needs of our customers. We deliver our signals via laser-fed fiber optic cable from control centers known as headends and hubs to individual nodes. Each node is connected to the individual homes served by us. A primary benefit of this design is that it pushes fiber optics closer to our customers' homes, which allows us to subdivide our systems into smaller service groups and make capital investments only in service groups experiencing higher than average service growth.

As of March 31, 2017, approximately 96% of our basic pay television customers were served by systems with a capacity of at least 750 MHz and approximately 300 homes per node. Our Optimum network has been upgrated to nearly triple the maximum available broadband speeds and we have expanded our Gbps broadband service to approximately 60% of our Suddenlink footprint, compared to approximately 40% prior to the Suddenlink Acquisition. More than 99% of our residential broadband Internet customers are connected to our national backbone with a presence in major carrier access points in New York, Dallas, Chicago, San Jose, Washington D.C. and Phoenix. This presence allows us to avoid significant Internet transit costs by establishing peering relationships with major Internet service and content providers enabling direct connectivity with them at these access points.

Altice USA National Network Map



We also have a networking caching architecture that places highly viewed Internet traffic from the largest Internet-based content providers at the edge of the network closest to the customer to reduce bandwidth requirements across our national backbone, thus reducing operating expense. This collective network architecture also provides us with the capability to manage traffic across several Internet access points, thus helping to ensure Internet access redundancy and quality of service for our customers. Additionally, our national

backbone connects most of our systems, which allows for an efficient and economical deployment of services from our centralized platforms that include telephone, VOD,

network DVR, common pay television content, broadband Internet, hosted business solutions, provisioning, e-mail and other related services.

We have also commenced a five-year plan to build a FTTH network, which will enable us to deliver more than 10 Gbps broadband speeds across our entire Optimum footprint and part of our Suddenlink footprint. We believe this FTTH network will be more resilient with reduced maintenance requirements, fewer service outages and lower power usage, which we expect will drive further structural cost efficiencies.

We have also focused on system reliability and disaster recovery as part of our national backbone and primary system strategy. For example, to help ensure a high level of reliability of our services, we implemented redundant power capability, as well as fiber route and carrier diversity in our networks serving most of our customers. With respect to disaster recovery, we invested in our telephone platform architecture for geo-redundancy to minimize downtime in the event of a disaster to any single facility. Additionally, we are working to implement a geo-redundant disaster recovery environment for our network operations center supporting both residential and business customers.

In addition, we have expanded and refined our bandwidth utilization in capacity constrained systems in order to meet demand for new and improved advanced services. A key component to reclaim bandwidth was the digital delivery of pay television channels that were previously distributed in analog through the launch of digital simulcast, which duplicates analog channels as digital channels. Additionally, the deployment of lower-cost digital customer premises equipment, such as HD digital transport adapters, enabled the use of more efficient digital channels instead of analog channels, thus allowing the reclamation of expanded basic analog bandwidth in the targeted systems. This reclaimed analog bandwidth could then be repurposed for other advanced services such as additional HDTV services and faster Internet access speeds. This technology has the added benefit of providing improved picture and sound quality to customers for most of their pay television programming.

Information Technology

Our IT systems consist of billing, customer relationship management, business and operational support and sales force management systems. We are updating and simplifying our IT infrastructure through further investments, focusing on cost efficiencies, improved system reliability, functionality and scalability and enhancing the ability of our IT infrastructure to meet our ongoing business objectives. Further, we have made significant progress in integrating and consolidating the IT platforms and systems and streamlining the processes of Optimum and Suddenlink, which has driven operating efficiencies. Additionally, through investment in our IT platforms and focus on process improvement, we have simplified and harmonized our service offering bundles, optimized our technical service delivery and improved customer service.

Suppliers

Customer Premise and Network Equipment

We purchase set-top boxes and other customer premise equipment from a limited number of vendors because each of our cable systems uses one or two proprietary technology architectures. We also buy HD, HD/DVRs and VOD equipment, routers, including the components of our new home communications hub, and other network equipment from a limited number of suppliers, including Altice Labs. See "Risk Factors—Risk Factors Relating to Our Business—We rely on network and information systems for our operations and a disruption or failure of, or defects in, those systems may disrupt our operations, damage our reputation with customers and adversely affect our results of operations."

Broadband and Telephone Connectivity

We deliver broadband and telephony services through our HFC network. We use circuits that are either owned by us or leased from third parties to connect to the Internet and the public switched telephone network. We pay fees for leased circuits based on the amount of capacity available to it and pay for Internet connectivity based on the amount of IP-based traffic received from and sent over the other carrier's network.

Competition

We operate in a highly competitive, consumer-driven industry and we compete against a variety of broadband, pay television and telephony providers and delivery systems, including broadband communications companies, wireless data and telephony providers, satellite delivered video signals, Internet-delivered video content and broadcast television signals available to residential and business customers in our service areas. We believe our leading market positions in our footprint, technologically advanced network infrastructure, including our FTTH build-out, our new home communications hub and our focus on enhancing the customer experience, consistent with the Altice Way, favorably position us to compete in our industry. See also "Risk Factors—Risk Factors Relating to Our Business—We operate in a highly competitive business environment which could materially adversely affect our business, financial condition, results of operations and liquidity."

Broadband Services Competition

Our broadband services face competition from broadband communications companies' DSL, FTTH and wireless broadband offerings as well as from a variety of companies that offer other forms of online services, including satellite-based broadband services. Current and future fixed and wireless Internet services, such as 3G, 4G and 5G fixed and wireless broadband services and Wi-Fi networks, and devices such as wireless data cards, tablets and smartphones, and mobile wireless routers that connect to such devices, may compete with our broadband services.

Pay Television Services Competition

We face intense competition from broadband communications companies with fiber-based networks, primarily Verizon, which has constructed a FTTH network plant that passes a significant number of households in our Optimum service area. We estimate that Verizon is currently able to sell a fiber-based pay television service, as well as broadband and VoIP services, to at least half of the households in our Optimum service area. In addition, Frontier offers pay television service in competition with us in most of our Connecticut service area.

We also compete with DBS providers, such as DirecTV (a subsidiary of AT&T Inc.) and DISH. DirecTV and DISH offer one-way satellite-delivered pre-packaged programming services that are received by relatively small and inexpensive receiving dishes. DirecTV has exclusive arrangements with the National Football League that give it access to programming that we cannot offer. AT&T also has an agreement to acquire Time Warner Inc., which owns a number of cable networks, including TBS, CNN and HBO, and Warner Bros. Entertainment, which produces television, film and home-video content. However, we believe cable-delivered VOD services, which include HD programming, offer a competitive advantage to DBS service because cable headends can provide two-way communication to deliver a large volume of programming which customers can access and control independently, whereas DBS technology can only make available a much smaller amount of programming with DVR-like customer control.

Our pay television services also face competition from a number of other sources, including companies that deliver movies, television shows and other pay television programming over broadband

Internet connections to televisions, computers, tablets and mobile devices, such as Hulu, iTunes, Amazon Prime, Netflix, YouTube, Playstation Vue, DirecTV Now and Sling TV.

Telephony Services Competition

Our telephony service competes with wireline, wireless and OTT phone providers, such as Vonage, Skype, GoogleTalk, Facetime, WhatsApp and magicJack, as well as companies that sell phone cards at a cost per minute for both national and international service. In addition, we compete with other forms of communication, such as text messaging on cellular phones, instant messaging, social networking services, video conferencing and email. The increase in the number of different technologies capable of carrying telephony services and the number of alternative communication options available to customers as well as the replacement of wireline services by wireless have intensified the competitive environment in which we operate our telephony services.

Business Services Competition

We operate in highly competitive business telecommunications market and compete primarily with local incumbent telephone companies, especially AT&T, CenturyLink, Frontier and Verizon, as well as from a variety of other national and regional business services competitors.

Advertising Sales Competition

We face intense competition for advertising revenue across many different platforms and from a wide range of local and national competitors. Advertising competition has increased and will likely continue to increase as new formats seek to attract the same advertisers. We compete for advertising revenue against, among others, local broadcast stations, national cable and broadcast networks, radio stations, print media and online advertising companies and content providers.

Properties

We own our headquarters building located in Bethpage, New York with approximately 558,000 square feet of space. In addition, we own or lease real estate throughout our operating areas where certain of our call centers, corporate facilities, business offices, earth stations, transponders, microwave towers, warehouses, headend equipment, hub sites, access studios and microwave receiving antennae are located.

Our principal physical assets consist of cable operating plant and equipment, including signal receiving, encoding and decoding devices, headend facilities, fiber optic transport networks, coaxial and distribution systems and equipment at or near customers' homes or places of business for each of the systems. The signal receiving apparatus typically includes a tower, antenna, ancillary electronic equipment and earth stations for reception of satellite signals. Headend facilities are located near the receiving devices. Our distribution system consists primarily of coaxial and fiber optic cables and related electronic equipment. Customer premise equipment consists of set-top devices, cable modems, Internet routers, wireless devices and media terminal adapters for telephone. Our cable plant and related equipment generally are attached to utility poles under pole rental agreements with local public utilities; although in some areas the distribution cable is buried in underground ducts or directly in trenches. The physical components of the cable systems require maintenance and periodic upgrading to improve system performance and capacity. In addition, we operate a network operations center that monitors our network 24 hours a day, seven days a week, helping to ensure a high quality of service and reliability for both our residential and commercial customers. We own most of our service vehicles.

We believe our properties, both owned and leased, are in good condition and are suitable and adequate for our operations.

Intellectual Property

We rely on our patents, copyrights, trademarks and trade secrets, as well as licenses and other agreements with our vendors and other parties, to use our technologies, conduct our operations and sell our products and services. We also rely on our access to the proprietary technology of Altice N.V., including Altice Labs. We believe we own or have the right to use all of the intellectual property that is necessary for the operation of our business as we currently conduct it.

Employees and Labor Relations

As of March 31, 2017, we had approximately 15,300 employees of which 217 were covered under collective bargaining agreements and an additional 96 were represented by a union. We believe our relations with employees are satisfactory.

Legal Proceedings

Cable Operations Litigation

In re Cablevision Consumer Litigation. Following expiration of the affiliation agreements for carriage of certain Fox broadcast stations and cable networks on October 16, 2010, News Corporation terminated delivery of the programming feeds to Optimum, and as a result, those stations and networks were unavailable on Optimum's cable television systems. On October 30, 2010, Optimum and Fox reached an agreement on new affiliation agreements for these stations and networks, and carriage was restored. Several purported class action lawsuits were subsequently filed on behalf of Optimum's customers seeking recovery for the lack of Fox programming. Those lawsuits were consolidated in an action before the U.S. District Court for the Eastern District of New York, and a consolidated complaint was filed in that court on February 22, 2011. Plaintiffs asserted claims for breach of contract, unjust enrichment, and consumer fraud, seeking unspecified compensatory damages, punitive damages and attorneys' fees. On March 28, 2012, the Court ruled on Optimum's motion to dismiss, denying the motion with regard to plaintiffs' breach of contract claim, but granting it with regard to the remaining claims, which were dismissed. On April 16, 2012, plaintiffs filed a second consolidated amended complaint, which asserts a claim only for breach of contract. Optimum's answer was filed on May 2, 2012. On October 10, 2012, plaintiffs filed a motion for class certification and on December 13, 2012, a motion for partial summary judgment. On March 31, 2014, the Court granted plaintiffs' motion for class certification, and denied without prejudice plaintiffs' motion for summary judgment. On May 30, 2014, the Court approved the form of class notice, and on October 7, 2014, approved the class notice distribution plan. The class notice distribution has been completed, and the opt-out period expired on February 27, 2015. Expert discovery commenced on May 5, 2014 and concluded on December 8 and 28, 2015, when the Court ruled on the pending expert discovery motions. On January 26, 2016, the Court approved a schedule for filing of summary judgment motions. Plaintiffs filed a motion for summary judgment on March 31, 2016. Optimum filed its own summary judgment motion on June 13, 2016. As of December 31, 2016, Optimum had an estimated liability associated with a potential settlement totaling \$5.2 million. During the three months ended March 31, 2017, the Company recorded an additional liability of \$0.8 million based on the ongoing negotiations with the plaintiffs. The parties have executed a binding term sheet memorializing a settlement agreement, including attorneys' fees, subject to entering into a long form agreement and Court approval. The amount ultimately paid in connection with a possible settlement could exceed the amount recorded.

Patent Litigation

Certain subsidiaries of the Company are named as defendants in certain lawsuits claiming infringement of various patents relating to various aspects of the Company's businesses. In certain of these cases other industry participants are also defendants. In certain of these cases the Company

expects that any potential liability would be the responsibility of the Company's and its subsidiaries' equipment vendors pursuant to applicable contractual indemnification provisions. The Company believes that the claims are without merit and intends to defend the actions vigorously, but is unable to predict the outcome of these lawsuits or reasonably estimate a range of possible loss.

Other Litigation

In addition to the matters discussed above and elsewhere in the prospectus, the Company is party to various lawsuits, some involving claims for substantial damages, in the ordinary course of business. Although the outcome of these other matters cannot be predicted and the impact of the final resolution of these other matters on the Company's results of operations in a particular subsequent reporting period is not known, management does not believe that the resolution of these other lawsuits will in the aggregate have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the Company or the ability of the Company to meet its financial obligations as they become due.

REGULATION

Our cable and related services are subject to a variety of federal, state and local law and regulations. The Communications Act, and the rules, regulations and policies of the FCC, as well as other federal and state laws governing cable television, communications, consumer protection, privacy and related matters, affect significant aspects of our cable system and services operations.

The following paragraphs describe the existing legal and regulatory requirements we believe are most significant to our cable system operations today. Our business can be dramatically impacted by changes to the existing regulatory framework, whether triggered by legislative, administrative or judicial rulings.

Cable Television

Franchising. The Communications Act requires cable operators to obtain a non-exclusive franchise from state or local franchising authorities to provide cable service. Although the terms of franchise agreements differ from jurisdiction to jurisdiction, they typically require payment of franchise fees and contain regulatory provisions addressing, among other things, use of the right of way, service quality, cable service to schools and other public institutions, insurance, indemnity and sales of assets or changes in ownership. State and local franchising authority, however, must be exercised consistent with the Communications Act, which sets limits on franchising authorities' powers, including limiting franchise fees to no more than 5% of gross revenues from the provision of cable service, prohibiting franchising authorities from requiring us to carry specific programming services, and protecting the renewal expectation of franchisees by limiting the factors a franchising authority may consider and requiring a due process hearing before denying renewal. Even when franchises are renewed, however, the franchise authority may, except where prohibited by applicable law, seek to impose new and more onerous requirements as a condition of renewal. Similarly, if a franchising authority's consent is required for the purchase or sale of a cable system, the franchising authority may attempt to impose more burdensome requirements as a condition for providing its consent. Cable franchises generally are granted for fixed terms and in many cases include monetary penalties for noncompliance. They may also be terminable if the franchisee fails to comply with material provisions.

The traditional cable franchising regime is undergoing significant change as a result of various federal and state actions. Several states have reduced or eliminated the role of local, municipal government in franchising in favor of state or system-wide franchises, and the trend has been toward consolidation of franchising authority at the state level, in part to accommodate the interests of new broadband and cable entrants over the last decade. At the same time, the FCC has adopted rules that streamline entry for new competitors (such as those affiliated with broadband communications companies) and reduce certain franchising burdens for these new entrants. The FCC adopted more modest relief for existing cable operators.

Pricing and Packaging. The Communications Act and the FCC's rules limit the scope of price regulation for cable television services. Among other limitations, franchising authorities may regulate rates for only "basic" cable service. In 2015, the FCC adopted an order (which is now under appeal) reversing its historic approach to this local rate regulation. Previously, rate regulation was in effect in a community unless and until a cable operator successfully petitioned the FCC for relief by showing the existence of "effective competition" (as defined under federal law) in the community. The FCC's 2015 Order reversed that presumption, barring franchise authority rate regulation absent an affirmative showing by the franchising authority that there is an absence of effective competition. As none of our franchise authorities have filed the necessary rate regulation certification, none of our pay television customers are currently subject to rate regulation. Our franchise authorities generally retain the right to certify an absence of effective competition in the future, but the 2015 Order (unless overturned) should make it more difficult for the franchise authorities to do so.

There have been frequent calls to impose further rate regulation on the cable industry. It is possible that Congress or the FCC may adopt new constraints on the retail pricing or packaging of cable programming. For example, there has been legislative and regulatory interest in requiring cable operators to offer historically bundled programming services on an à la carte basis. In addition, the FCC recently initiated a proceeding exploring how programming practices involving MVPDs affect the availability of diverse and independent programming. As we attempt to respond to a changing marketplace with competitive marketing and pricing practices, we may face regulations that impede our ability to compete.

Must-Carry/Retransmission Consent. Cable operators are required to carry, without compensation, programming transmitted by most local commercial and noncommercial broadcast television stations that elect "must carry" status.

Alternatively, local commercial broadcast television stations may elect "retransmission consent," giving up their must-carry right and instead negotiating with cable systems the terms on which the cable systems may carry the station's programming content. Cable systems generally may not carry a broadcast station that has elected retransmission consent without the station's consent. The terms of retransmission consent agreements frequently include the payment of compensation to the station.

Broadcast stations must elect "must carry" or retransmission consent every three years. A substantial number of local broadcast stations currently carried by our cable systems have elected to negotiate for retransmission consent. In the most recent retransmission consent negotiations, popular television stations have demanded substantial compensation increases, thereby increasing our operating costs.

Ownership Limitations. Federal regulation of the communications field traditionally included a host of ownership restrictions, which limited the size of certain media entities and restricted their ability to enter into competing enterprises. Through a series of legislative, regulatory, and judicial actions, most of these restrictions have been either eliminated or substantially relaxed. Changes in this regulatory area could alter the business environment in which we operate.

Set-Top Boxes. The Communications Act includes a provision that requires the FCC to take certain steps to support the development of a retail market for "navigation devices," such as cable set-top boxes. As a result, the FCC has adopted certain mandates, from time to time, to require cable operators to accommodate third party navigation devices, sometimes imposing substantial development and operating requirements on the industry. In 2016, the FCC undertook an additional rulemaking aimed at extending some of these mandates to require that MVPDs accommodate third party applications would allow access MVPD video content without the need for a set-top box and without using or accessing an MVPDs user interface. While that effort has not advanced, the FCC may in the future consider implementing similar measures to promote the competitive availability of retail set-top boxes or third party navigation options that could impact our customers' experience, our ability to capture user interactions to refine and enhance our services, and our ability to provide a consistent customer support environment.

PEG and Leased Access. Franchising authorities may require that we support the delivery and support for public, educational, or governmental ("PEG") channels on our cable systems. In addition to providing PEG channels, we must make a limited number of commercial leased access channels available to third parties (including parties with potentially competitive pay television services) at regulated rates. The FCC adopted revised rules several years ago mandating a significant reduction in the rates that operators can charge commercial leased access users. These rules were stayed, however, by a federal court, pending a cable industry appeal. This matter currently remains pending, and the revised rules are not yet in effect. Although commercial leased access activity historically has been

relatively limited, increased activity in this area could further burden the channel capacity of our cable systems.

Pole Attachments. The company makes extensive use of utility poles and conduit owned by other utilities to attach and install the facilities that are integral to our network and services. The Communications Act requires most utilities to provide cable systems with access to poles and conduits for access to attach such facilities at regulated rates. States (or, where states choose not to regulate, the FCC) regulate utility company rates for the rental of pole and conduit space used by companies, including operators like us, to provide cable, telecommunications services, and Internet access services, unless states establish their own regulations in this area. Many states in which we operate have elected to set their own pole attachment rules.

In 2011 and again in 2015, the FCC amended its pole attachment rules to promote broadband deployment. The 2011 order allows for new penalties in certain cases involving unauthorized attachments, but generally strengthens the cable industry's ability to access investor-owned utility poles on reasonable rates, terms and conditions. Additionally, the 2011 order reduces the federal rate formula previously applicable to "telecommunications" attachments to closely approximate the more favorable rate formula applicable to "cable" attachments. The 2015 Order (which is now under appeal) continues this rate reconciliation, effectively closing a remaining "loophole" that potentially allowed for significantly higher rates for telecommunications attachments in certain scenarios. Neither the 2011 order nor the 2015 Order directly affects the rate in states that self-regulate (rather than allowing the FCC to regulate) pole rates, but many of those states have substantially the same rate for cable and telecommunications attachments. Adverse changes to the pole attachment rate structure, rate, and classifications could significantly increase our annual pole attachment costs.

Program Access. The program access rules generally prohibit a cable operator from improperly influencing an affiliated satellite-delivered cable programming service to discriminate unfairly against an unaffiliated distributor where the purpose or effect of such influence is to significantly hinder or prevent the competitor from providing satellite-delivered cable programming. FCC rules also allow a competing distributor to bring a complaint against a cable-affiliated terrestrially-delivered programmer or its affiliated cable operator for alleged violations of this rule, and seek reformed terms of carriage as remedy.

Program Carriage. The FCC's program carriage rules prohibit us from requiring that an unaffiliated programmer grant us a financial interest or exclusive carriage rights as a condition of its carriage on our cable systems and prohibit us from unfairly discriminating against unaffiliated programmers in the terms and conditions of carriage on the basis of their nonaffiliation

On October 12, 2011, Game Show Network ("GSN") filed a program carriage complaint against Optimum, alleging that we discriminated against it in the terms and conditions of carriage based on GSN's lack of affiliation with us. Although the Enforcement Bureau of the FCC recommended on October 15, 2015, that the administrative law judge adjudicating this dispute find in our favor because GSN had not satisfied its burden of proving that we discriminated against it on the basis of affiliation, the administrative law judge issued his initial decision in GSN's favor on November 23, 2016, requiring that we restore GSN to the expanded basic tier. We have appealed this decision to the FCC and are seeking to delay implementation of the remedy ordered by the administrative law judge pending resolution of the appeal. We believe GSN's claims are without merit and we are defending ourselves vigorously.

Exclusive Access to Multitenant Buildings. The FCC has prohibited cable operators from entering into or enforcing exclusive agreements with owners of multitenant buildings under which the operator is the only MVPD with access to the building.

CALM Act. The FCC's rules require us to ensure that all commercials carried on our cable service comply with specified volume standards.

Privacy and Data Security. In the course of providing our services, we collect certain information about our subscribers and their use of our services. We also collect certain information regarding potential subscribers and other individuals. Our collection, use, disclosure and other handling of information is subject to a variety of federal and state privacy requirements, including those imposed specifically on cable operators and telecommunications service providers by the Communications Act. We are also subject to data security obligations, as well as requirements to provide notice to individuals and governmental entities in the event of certain data security breaches, and such breaches, depending on their scope and consequences, may lead to litigation and enforcement actions with the potential of substantial monetary forfeitures or to adversely affect our brand.

As cable operators provide interactive and other advanced services, additional privacy and data security requirements may arise through legislation, regulation or judicial decisions. For example, the Video Privacy Protection Act of 1988 has been extended to cover online interactive services through which customers can buy or rent movies. In addition, Congress, the FTC, and other lawmakers and regulators are all considering whether to adopt additional measures that could impact the collection, use, and disclosure of subscriber information in connection with the delivery of advertising and other services to consumers customized to their interests. In October 2016, the FCC adopted new privacy and data security rules governing the use of customer information by broadband ISPs, including cable ISPs and providers of VoIP. These new rules permit the collection and use of non-sensitive customer information subject to the customers' ability to opt out, but require the customers' opt-in before access, use or disclosure of sensitive proprietary information. These new rules are more stringent than the FTC's privacy standards. The FCC suspended the data security portion of these rules in February. In March, both houses of Congress voted to overturn all of the rules. This legislation was signed by the President in April and it is now effective.

Federal Copyright Regulation. We are required to pay copyright royalty fees on a semi-annual basis to receive a statutory compulsory license to carry broadcast television content. These fees are subject to periodic audit by the content owners. The amount of a cable operator's royalty fee payments are determined by a statutory formula that takes into account various factors, including the amount of "gross receipts" received from subscribers for "basic" service, the number of "distant" broadcast signals carried and the characteristics of those distant signals (e.g., network, independent or noncommercial). Certain elements of the royalty formula are subject to adjustment from time to time, which can lead to increases in the amount of our semi-annual royalty payments. The U.S. Copyright Office, which administers the collection of royalty fees, has made recommendations to Congress for changes in or elimination of the statutory compulsory licenses for cable television carriage of broadcast signals and the U.S. Government Accountability Office is conducting a statutorily-mandated inquiry into whether the cable compulsory license should be phased out. Changes to copyright regulations could adversely affect the ability of our cable systems to obtain such programming, and could increase the cost of such programming. Similarly, we must obtain music rights for locally originated programming and advertising from the major music performing rights organizations. These licensing fees have been the source of litigation in the past, and we cannot predict with certainty whether license fee disputes may arise in the future.

Access for Persons with Disabilities. The FCC's rules require us to ensure that persons with disabilities can more fully access the programming we carry. We are required to provide closed captions and pass through video description to subscribers on some networks we carry, and to provide an easy means of activating closed captioning and to ensure the audio accessibility of emergency information navigation capabilities of our video offerings.

Other Regulation. We are subject to various other regulations, including those related to political broadcasting; home wiring; the blackout of certain network and syndicated programming; prohibitions on transmitting obscene programming; limitations on advertising in children's programming; and standards for emergency alerts, as well as telemarketing and general consumer protection laws and equal employment opportunity obligations. The FCC also imposes various technical standards on our operations. In the aftermath of Superstorm Sandy, the FCC and the states are examining whether new requirements are necessary to improve the resiliency of communications networks, potentially including cable networks. Each of these regulations restricts our business practices to varying degrees. The FCC can aggressively enforce compliance with its regulations and consumer protection policies, including the imposition of substantial monetary sanctions. It is possible that Congress or the FCC will expand or modify its regulations of cable systems in the future, and we cannot predict at this time how that might impact our business.

Broadband

Regulatory Classification. Broadband Internet access services were traditionally classified by the FCC as "information services" for regulatory purposes, a type of service that is subject to a lesser degree of regulation than "telecommunications services." In 2015, the FCC reversed this determination and classified broadband Internet access services as "telecommunications services." This reclassification has subjected our broadband Internet access service to greater regulation, although the FCC did not apply all telecommunications service obligations to broadband Internet access service. The 2015 Order has been upheld by a panel of United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia, although the order remains on appeal before that court sitting en banc. The 2015 Order could have a material adverse impact on our business as it may justify additional FCC regulation or support efforts by States to justify additional regulation of broadband Internet access services.

Net Neutrality. On February 26, 2015, the FCC adopted a new "Open Internet" framework that expanded disclosure requirements on ISPs, prohibited blocking, throttling, and paid prioritization of Internet traffic on the basis of the content, and imposed a "general conduct standard" that prohibits unreasonable interference with the ability of end users and edge providers to reach each other.

Access for Persons with Disabilities. The FCC's rules require us to ensure that persons with disabilities have access to "advanced communications services" ("ACS"), such as electronic messaging and interoperable video conferencing. They also require that certain pay television programming delivered via Internet Protocol include closed captioning and require entities distributing such programming to end users to pass through such captions and identify programming that should be captioned.

Other Regulation. The 2015 Order also subjected broadband providers' Internet traffic exchange rates and practices to potential FCC oversight and created a mechanism for third parties to file complaints regarding these matters. In addition, our provision of Internet services also subjects us to the limitations on use and disclosure of user communications and records contained in the Electronic Communications Privacy Act of 1986. Broadband Internet access service is also subject to other federal and state privacy laws applicable to electronic communications.

Additionally, providers of broadband Internet access services must comply with CALEA, which requires providers to make their services and facilities accessible for law enforcement intercept requests. Various other federal and state laws apply to providers of services that are accessible through broadband Internet access service, including copyright laws, telemarketing laws, prohibitions on obscenity, and a ban on unsolicited commercial e-mail, and privacy and data security laws. Online content we provide is also subject to some of these laws.

Other forms of regulation of broadband Internet access service currently being considered by the FCC, Congress or state legislatures include consumer protection requirements, cyber security requirements, consumer service standards, requirements to contribute to universal service programs and requirements to protect personally identifiable customer data from theft. Pending and future legislation in this area could adversely affect our operations as an Internet service provider and our relationship with our Internet customers.

Additionally, from time to time the FCC and Congress have considered whether to subject broadband Internet access services to the federal Universal Service Fund ("USF") contribution requirements. Any contribution requirements adopted for Internet access services would impose significant new costs on our broadband Internet service. At the same time, the FCC is changing the manner in which Universal Service funds are distributed. By focusing on broadband and wireless deployment, rather than traditional telephone service, the changes could assist some of our competitors in more effectively competing with our service offerings

VoIP Services

We provide telephony services using VoIP technology ("interconnected VoIP"). The FCC has adopted several regulations for interconnected VoIP services, as have several states, especially as it relates to core customer and safety issues such as e911, local number portability, disability access, outage reporting, universal service contributions, and regulatory reporting requirements. The FCC has not, however, formally classified interconnected VoIP services as either information services or telecommunications services. In this vacuum, some states have asserted more expansive rights to regulate interconnected VoIP services, while others have adopted laws that bar the state commission from regulating VoIP service.

Universal Service. Interconnected VoIP services must contribute to the USF used to subsidize communication services provided to low income households, to customers in rural and high cost areas, and to schools, libraries, and rural health care providers. The amount of universal service contribution required of interconnected VoIP service providers is based on a percentage of revenues earned from interstate and international services provided to end users. We allocate our end user revenues and remit payments to the universal service fund in accordance with FCC rules. The FCC has ruled that states may impose state universal service fees on interconnected VoIP providers.

Local Number Portability. The FCC requires interconnected VoIP service providers and their "numbering partners" to ensure that their customers have the ability to port their telephone numbers when changing providers. We also contribute to federal funds to meet the shared costs of local number portability and the costs of North American Numbering Plan Administration.

Intercarrier Compensation. In an October 2011 reform order and subsequent clarifying orders, the FCC revised the regime governing payments among providers of telephony services for the exchange of calls between and among different networks ("intercarrier compensation") to, among other things, explicitly include interconnected VoIP. In that Order, the FCC determined that intercarrier compensation for all terminating traffic, including VoIP traffic exchanged in TDM format, will be phased down over several years to a "bill-and-keep" regime, with no compensation between carriers for most terminating traffic by 2018.

Other Regulation. Interconnected VoIP service providers are required to provide enhanced 911 emergency services to their customers; protect customer proprietary network information from unauthorized disclosure to third parties; report to the FCC on service outages; comply with telemarketing regulations and other privacy and data security requirements; comply with disabilities access requirements and service discontinuance obligations; comply with call signaling requirements; and comply with CALEA standards. In August 2015, the FCC adopted new rules to improve the

resiliency of the communications network. Under the new rules, providers of telephony services, including interconnected VoIP service providers, must make available eight hours of standby backup power for consumers to purchase at the point of sale. The rules also require that providers inform new and current customers about service limitations during power outages and steps that consumers can take to address those risks.

Telephony Services

We operate traditional telecommunications services under the trade name Optimum Lightpath in various state subsidiaries, and those services are largely governed under rules established for CLECs under the Communications Act. The Communications Act entitles our CLEC subsidiaries to certain rights, but as telecommunications carriers, it also subjects them to regulation by the FCC and the states. Their designation as telecommunications carriers also results in other regulations that may affect them and the services they offer.

Interconnection and Intercarrier Compensation. The Communications Act requires telecommunications carriers to interconnect directly or indirectly with other telecommunications carriers. Under the FCC's intercarrier compensation rules, we are entitled, in some cases, to compensation from carriers when they use our network to terminate or originate calls and in other cases are required to compensate another carrier for using its network to originate or terminate traffic. The FCC and state regulatory commissions, including those in the states in which we operate, have adopted limits on the amounts of compensation that may be charged for certain types of traffic. As noted above, the FCC has determined that intercarrier compensation for all terminating traffic will be phased down over several years to a "bill-and-keep" regime, with no compensation between carriers for most terminating traffic by 2018.

Universal Service. Our CLEC subsidiaries are required to contribute to the USF. The amount of universal service contribution required of us is based on a percentage of revenues earned from interstate and international services provided to end users. We allocate our end user revenues and remit payments to the universal service fund in accordance with FCC rules. The FCC has ruled that states may impose state universal service fees on CLEC telecommunications services.

Other Regulation. Our CLEC subsidiaries' telecommunications services are subject to other FCC requirements, including protecting the use and disclosure of customer proprietary network information; meeting certain notice requirements in the event of service termination; compliance with disabilities access requirements; compliance with CALEA standards; outage reporting; and the payment of fees to fund local number portability administration and the North American Numbering Plan. As noted above, the FCC and states are examining whether new requirements are necessary to improve the resiliency of communications networks. Communications with our customers are also subject to FCC, FTC and state regulations on telemarketing and the sending of unsolicited commercial e-mail and fax messages, as well as additional privacy and data security requirements.

State Regulation. Our CLEC subsidiaries' telecommunications services are subject to regulation by state commissions in each state where we provide services. In order to provide our services, we must seek approval from the state regulatory commission or be registered to provide services in each state where we operate and may at times require local approval to construct facilities. Regulatory obligations vary from state to state and include some or all of the following requirements: filing tariffs (rates, terms and conditions); filing operational, financial, and customer service reports; seeking approval to transfer the assets or capital stock of the broadband communications company; seeking approval to issue stocks, bonds and other forms of indebtedness of the broadband communications company; reporting customer service and quality of service requirements; outage reporting; making contributions to state universal service support programs; paying regulatory and state Telecommunications Relay Service and E911 fees; geographic build-out; and other matters relating to competition.

Other Services

We may provide other services and features over our cable system, such as games and interactive advertising that may be subject to a range of federal, state and local laws such as privacy and consumer protection regulations. We also maintain various websites that provide information and content regarding our businesses. The operation of these websites is also subject to a similar range of regulations.

Environmental Regulations

Our business operations are subject to environmental laws and regulations, including regulations governing the use, storage, disposal of, and exposure to, hazardous materials, the release of pollutants into the environment and the remediation of contamination. In part as a result of the increasing public awareness concerning the importance of environmental regulations, these regulations have become more stringent over time. Amended or new regulations could impact our operations and costs.

MANAGEMENT

Our current directors are Dexter Goei, Charles Stewart, Abdelhakim Boubazine and Lisa Rosenblum. The following table sets forth the names, ages as of March 31, 2017, and positions of the individuals who are expected to constitute our directors and executive officers as of our listing on the NYSE.

Name	Age	Position
Dexter Goei	45	Chairman, Chief Executive Officer and Director
Michel Combes	55	Director nominee
Dennis Okhuijsen	46	Director nominee
Jérémie Bonnin	42	Director nominee
Raymond Svider	54	Director nominee
Mark Mullen	52	Director nominee
Charles Stewart	47	Co-President and Chief Financial Officer
Abdelhakim Boubazine	41	Co-President and Chief Operating Officer
Lisa Rosenblum	62	Vice Chairman
David Connolly	45	Executive Vice President and General Counsel

Dexter Goei has served as Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of Altice USA since 2016 and President of the Board of Directors of Altice N.V. since 2016. Mr. Goei joined the Altice Group as Chief Executive Officer in 2009, helping to lead its development and growth from a French cable operator to a multinational telecoms operator with fixed and mobile assets across 6 different territories serving both residential and enterprise clients. Prior to joining the Altice Group, Mr. Goei spent 15 years in investment banking first with JP Morgan and then Morgan Stanley in their Media & Communications Group in New York, Los Angeles and London. Prior to that, he was Co-Head of Morgan Stanley's European Media & Communications Group when he left to join Altice. Mr. Goei is a graduate of Georgetown University's School of Foreign Service with cum laude honors.

Michel Combes is expected to join Altice USA as a director immediately prior to our listing date on the NYSE. Mr. Combes has served as CEO of the Altice Group since 2016, having rejoined the Altice Group in August 2015 as COO after stepping down as a Non-Executive Board Member in May 2015. Previously, Mr. Combes was CEO of Alcatel-Lucent, European CEO of Vodafone and a non-executive director at Vodafone PLC, Chairman and CEO of TDF, CFO and Senior Executive Vice President of France Telecom, non-executive director and later chairman of the supervisory board of ASSYSTEM and director of ISS. Currently, Mr. Combes holds a position as member of the board of directors at Mobile TeleSystems PJSC and as non-executive director at HDL Development. Mr. Combes has more than 25 years of experience in the telecommunication industry. He is a graduate of the Ecole Polytechnique and the Paris Telecoms School.

Dennis Okhuijsen is expected to join Altice USA as a director immediately prior to our listing date on the NYSE. He joined the Altice Group in September 2012 as the CFO. Before joining the Altice Group, he was a Treasurer for Liberty Global since 2005. From 1993 until 1996 he was a senior accountant at Arthur Andersen. Mr. Okhuijsen joined UPC in 1996 where he was responsible for accounting, treasury and investor relations up to 2005. His experience includes raising and maintaining non-investment grade capital across both the loan markets as well as the bond/equity capital market. In his previous capacities he was also responsible for financial risk management, treasury and operational financing. He holds a Master of Business Economics of the Erasmus University Rotterdam.

Jérémie Bonnin is expected to join Altice USA as a director immediately prior to our listing date on the NYSE. He is the representative of A4 S.A. on the Altice N.V. board of directors and he is General Secretary of Altice N.V., which he joined in May 2005 as Corporate Finance director. Before joining Altice N.V., he was a Manager in the Transaction Services department at KPMG, which he

joined in 1998. Since his appointment at Altice N.V., he has been involved in all of the Altice Group's acquisitions which have increased its footprint (in France, Belgium, Luxembourg, Switzerland, Israel, the French Overseas Territories, the Dominican Republic, Portugal and the United States). He has a long track record of successful cross-border transactions, and in financial management within the telecom sector. Mr Bonnin received his engineering degree from the Institut d'Informatique d'Entreprises in France in 1998. He also graduated from the DECF in France (an equivalent to the CPA) in 1998.

Raymond Svider is expected to join Altice USA as a director immediately prior to our listing date on the NYSE. Mr. Svider is the Co-Chairman and a Managing Partner of BC Partners. He joined the firm in 1992 and is currently based in New York. Over the years, Mr. Svider has participated and led investments in a number of sectors including TMT, healthcare, industrials, business services, consumer and retail. He is currently Non-Executive Chairman of PetSmart, Chairman of the Board of Accudyne Industries, and also serves on the boards of Intelsat (NYSE "I") and Teneo Global. Mr. Svider previously served as a Director of Office Depot, Multiplan, Unity Media, Neuf Cegetel, Polyconcept, Neopost, Nutreco, UTL and Chantemur. Mr. Svider received an MBA from the University of Chicago and an MS in Engineering from both Ecole Polytechnique and Ecole Nationale Superieure des Telecommunications in France.

Mark Mullen is expected to join Altice USA as a director immediately prior to our listing date on the NYSE. Mr. Mullen is co-founder and Managing Director of Bonfire Ventures, founded in 2017. Mr. Mullen also founded Double M Partners in 2012 and has since served as Managing Partner. Both Bonfire and Double M manage early stage capital funds in Los Angeles. Mr. Mullen also founded Mull Capital in 2005, an evergreen fund that invests directly in startups and in other investment funds. All of the funds focus on investing in internet, media and technology with primary emphasis on business to business solutions, security and software. Prior to Double M Partners, Mr. Mullen served as COO of the City of Los Angeles (Economic Policy) and Senior Advisor to the then-Mayor Antonio Villaraigosa where he oversaw several of the City's assets including the LA International Airport (LAX), LA Convention Center, the Planning and Building & Safety Departments, as well as the Office of Small Business Services. From 1993-2007, Mr. Mullen ran the international M&A and private equity group for Daniels & Associates, an investment bank focused on the cable TV and broadband industry. Mr. Mullen was a senior partner of Daniels when it was acquired by RBC Capital Markets in 2007 where he stayed until 2010 as Managing Director. Mr. Mullen earned his BSBA with cum laude honors from the University of Denver in 1986 and earned his MBA in international business from the Thunderbird School of Global Management in 1992.

Charles Stewart has served as co-President and Chief Financial Officer of Altice USA since 2015. Mr. Stewart joined Altice USA after 21 years of corporate, finance and investment banking experience in the United States, Latin America and Europe. Most recently, Mr. Stewart served as Chief Executive Officer of Itau BBA International plc from 2013 to 2015, where he oversaw Itau-Unibanco's wholesale banking activities in Europe, the United States and Asia. Prior to that, he spent nineteen years at Morgan Stanley as an investment banker in various roles, including 9 years focusing on the U.S. cable, broadcast and publishing industries. Mr. Stewart also acted as Deputy Head of Investment Banking for EMEA and was a member of the global investment banking management committee. Mr. Stewart is a graduate of Yale University.

Abdelhakim Boubazine has served as co-President and Chief Operating Officer of Altice USA since 2016. He joined the Altice Group in 2014 as CEO of Altice in the Dominican Republic. There he oversaw cable television, broadband and mobile operations, serving more than 4 million customers. Prior to Altice, Mr. Boubazine was CEO of ERT, a company specializing in the design, construction and operation of the latest-generation cable and fiber networks in France, Belgium, Luxembourg and the French West Indies and which was one of the main sub-contractors of Altice in these regions. Prior to joining the telecommunications industry, he had an international career of more than 10 years in the

oil and gas industry, where he occupied various operations, business and senior management roles in Europe, Asia, North America, Africa and the Middle East. Mr. Boubazine holds an engineering degree from the École Centrale de Lyon and a master's degree in Theoretical Physics from the University of Strasbourg. He is also a post-graduate in Petroleum Engineering & Management from Imperial College of London.

Lisa Rosenblum is Vice Chairman of Altice USA. In this role, she is responsible for helping to shape corporate strategy on all legislative, regulatory and public policy activities and related business matters, as well as for establishing our presence with government, in the marketplace and the communities we serve. Most recently, Ms. Rosenblum served as Executive Vice President and General Counsel, with responsibility for all legal, government relations and public and community affairs for Altice USA. She joined Optimum in 1996, and prior to the Optimum Acquisition she held the position of Executive Vice President, Government and Public Affairs, where she was responsible for directing the company's local, state and federal government relations, as well as all legislative, regulatory and policy matters. Ms. Rosenblum currently serves on the Board of Directors of Citymeals-on-Wheels in New York City, an organization devoted to serving the elderly. Ms. Rosenblum holds a B.A., cum laude, from Yale University and a J.D. from the Connecticut School of Law, where she served as an editor of the Law Review.

David Connolly is Executive Vice President and General Counsel of Altice USA. In this role he is responsible for all legal affairs for Altice USA. Previously, Mr. Connolly was a Mergers & Acquisitions partner at Shearman & Sterling LLP, where he advised Altice N.V. on the Optimum Acquisition. While at Shearman & Sterling LLP, he represented multinational corporations, financial institutions and professional sports franchises in a wide variety of matters. Mr. Connolly holds a B.A. from the College of the Holy Cross and a J.D. from Fordham University School of Law.

Background and Experience of Nominated Directors

When considering whether each of our director nominees has the experience, qualifications, attributes and skills, taken as a whole, to assist our board of directors in satisfying its oversight responsibilities effectively in light of our business and structure, our board of directors focused primarily on the biographical information for Messrs. Combes, Okhuijsen, Bonnin, Svider and Mullen set forth above. Additionally, our board of directors considered each of our nominated directors' experience in successfully implementing and executing on the principles of the Altice Way coupled with their extensive industry expertise. Our board of directors also considered the accounting and financial backgrounds of Messrs. Combes, Okhuijsen, Bonnin, Svider and Mullen. Each of our director nominees possesses high ethical standards, acts with integrity and exercises careful, mature judgment. Each of them is committed to employing his skills and abilities to aid the long-term interests of our stakeholders and have each displayed leadership that is emblematic of the experience, qualifications and skills that we look for in our directors.

Composition and Meetings of our Board of Directors

Upon the completion of this offering our board of directors will consist of six members, two of whom qualify as "independent" under NYSE rules. We will have one vacancy on our board of directors upon the completion of this offering and intend to fill such vacancy with an independent director within one year of our listing date on the NYSE. Our amended and restated certificate of incorporation that will be in effect on the closing of this offering will provide that our board of directors must consist of no less than seven members and no more than twelve. Our amended and restated certificate of incorporation will give our board of directors the ability to increase or decrease the number of sitting directors within this range and to fill any vacancies or newly created directorships created if the number of directors is expanded. Any increase or decrease in the outer limits of this range requires approval by our stockholders.

Our amended and restated certificate of incorporation will require a majority of the number of directors then in office but not less than one third of the then authorized number of directors comprising the entire board to constitute a quorum, and such majority must include the director designated pursuant to the stockholders' agreement by A4 S.A. and the President of the Altice N.V. board of directors designated to our board of directors pursuant to the stockholders' agreement by Altice N.V. The stockholders' agreement will further provide that our board of directors will be required to invite a member of the Group Advisory Council of Altice N.V., to be designated by the Group Advisory Council of Altice N.V., to each board meeting in an observer capacity. The stockholders and registration rights agreement that we expect to enter into with Altice N.V., BCP and CPPIB in connection with soffering will also give each of the Sponsors the right to designate one non-voting board observer for so long as such Sponsor and certain of its affiliates own a certain percentage of the issued and outstanding shares of Class A and Class B common stock and there is no director who is a designee of such Sponsor on our board of directors. See "Certain Relationships and Related-Party Transactions—Stockholders' Agreement" and "—Stockholders and Registration Rights Agreement."

Controlled Company

We have been approved to list our Class A common stock on the NYSE. Because following this offering Altice N.V. will control shares representing a majority of the voting power of our outstanding common stock, we will be a "controlled company" under the NYSE corporate governance rules. As a controlled company, we are eligible for exemptions from some of the requirements of these rules, including:

- the requirement that a majority of our board of directors consist of independent directors;
- · the requirement that we have a governance and nominating committee; and
- the requirement that the compensation of our executive officers be determined, or recommended to our board of directors for determination, by a compensation
 committee comprised solely of independent directors with a written charter addressing the committees' purpose and responsibilities.

Consistent with these exemptions, upon listing with the NYSE we do not intend to have (i) a majority of independent directors on our board of directors; (ii) a fully independent compensation committee; or (iii) a nominating and governance committee. The responsibilities that would otherwise be undertaken by a nominating and governance committee will be undertaken by the full board of directors, or at its discretion, by a special committee established under the direction of the full board of directors.

Committees of the Board of Directors

The standing committees of our board of directors are as described below.

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee will initially be composed of Mr. Svider and Mr. Mullen. The Audit Committee will perform the duties set forth in its written charter, which will be available at our website upon consummation of this offering. The primary responsibilities of the Audit Committee will include:

- · overseeing management's establishment and maintenance of adequate systems of internal accounting, auditing and financial controls;
- reviewing the effectiveness of our legal, regulatory compliance and risk management programs;

- review certain related-party transactions in accordance with the Company's Related-Party Transaction Approval Policy;
- · overseeing our financial reporting process, including the filing of financial reports; and
- · selecting independent auditors, evaluating their independence and performance and approving audit fees and services performed by them.

The Audit Committee will initially be comprised of two directors, both of whom will be "independent" under the listing standards of the NYSE and the requirements of Rule 10A-3 under the Exchange Act. At least one member of our Audit Committee will be a "financial expert" within the meaning of SEC rules and regulations.

Compensation Committee

The Compensation Committee will initially be composed of Mr. Svider and Mr. Mullen. The Compensation Committee will perform the duties set forth in its written charter, which will be available at our website upon consummation of this offering. The primary responsibilities of the Compensation Committee will include:

- ensuring our executive compensation programs are appropriately competitive, support organizational objectives and stockholder interests and emphasize pay for performance linkage;
- · evaluating and approving compensation and setting performance criteria for compensation programs for our chief executive officer and other executive officers; and
- overseeing the implementation and administration of our compensation plans.

As a "controlled company," we will not be required to have a compensation committee comprised entirely of independent directors.

Director Compensation

Following the completion of this offering, compensation for our non-employee directors will be determined by our board of directors with the assistance of the Compensation Committee. The compensation of Mr. Svider will be paid to BCP. Directors who are also employees of the Company will not receive any compensation for their service as directors.

Compensation Committee Interlocks and Insider Participation

We expect that, at the time of the offering, other than Dexter Goei, who serves on the Board of Altice N.V., none of our executive officers will currently serve, or in the past year have served, as a member of the board of directors or compensation committee of any entity that has one or more executive officers serving on our board of directors or compensation committee.

Role of Our Board of Directors in Risk Oversight

One of the key functions of our board of directors is informed oversight of our risk management process. Our board of directors administers this oversight function directly, with support from the audit and compensation committees to be established upon the completion of this offering, each of which will address risks specific to its respective areas of oversight. In particular, our audit committee will have the responsibility to consider and discuss our major financial risk exposures and the steps our management takes to monitor and control these exposures, including guidelines and policies to govern the process by which risk assessment and management is undertaken. Our audit committee will also monitor compliance with legal and regulatory requirements, in addition to oversight of the performance of our internal audit function. Our compensation committee will assess and monitor whether any of our

compensation policies and programs has the potential to encourage excessive risk-taking. Board committees report to the full board as appropriate, including when a matter rises to the level of a material or enterprise-level risk. In addition, the board of directors receives detailed regular reports from members of our senior management and other personnel that include assessments and potential mitigation of the risks and exposures involved with their respective areas of responsibility.

Code of Ethics

We have adopted Standards of Business Conduct for all of our employees, including our principal executive officer, principal financial officer, principal accounting officer or controller, or persons performing similar functions. A copy of our Standards of Business Conduct will be available on our website upon consummation of this offering. Our Standards of Business Conduct is a "code of ethics" as defined in Item 406(b) of Regulation S-K. We will make any legally required disclosures regarding amendments to or waivers of provisions of our code of ethics on our website. The information on our website is not a part of this prospectus.

Corporate Governance Guidelines

Our board of directors has adopted corporate governance guidelines that serve as a flexible framework within which our board of directors and its committees operate. These guidelines cover a number of areas including the size and composition of the board, board membership criteria and director qualifications, director responsibilities, board agenda, role of the chief executive officer, meetings of independent directors, committee responsibilities and assignments, board member access to management and independent advisors, director communications with third parties, director compensation, director orientation and continuing education, evaluation of senior management and management succession planning. A copy of our corporate governance guidelines will be available on our website upon consummation of this offering. The information on our website is not part of this prospectus.

EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

Compensation Discussion & Analysis

Overview

This section discusses the material components of our executive compensation program for each of our named executive officers. Our named executive officers are:

- Dexter Goei, Chairman and Chief Executive Officer (CEO);
- Charles Stewart, Co-President and Chief Financial Officer (CFO);
- Abdelhakim Boubazine, Co-President and Chief Operating Officer (COO);
- David Connolly, Executive Vice President, General Counsel; and
- Lisa Rosenblum, Vice Chairman.

Messrs. Goei, Stewart and Boubazine are currently employed by Altice Management Americas, a subsidiary of Altice N.V., and provide services to Altice USA under a management agreement. Immediately prior to the completion of this offering, Messrs. Goei, Stewart and Boubazine will become employees of the Company. The compensation discussed in this section is the compensation paid to the named executive officers with respect to their service to Altice USA.

Executive Compensation Philosophy

The Company's executive compensation philosophy is based on the following principles:

- · provide total compensation that attracts, motivates and retains individuals with the knowledge, expertise and experience required for each specific role;
- · deliver an appropriate proportion of the total compensation package through variable pay elements linked to performance over the short- and long-term;
- · encourage and reward performance that will lead to long-term enhancement of stockholder value; and
- take into account compensation practices in the markets in which we operate and compete for talent.

Determination of Compensation

Chief Executive Officer

The CEO's 2016 compensation was determined by the Altice N.V. board of directors, a board consisting of four executive board members and three non-executive board members and approved by Altice N.V. stockholders. The Altice N.V. board is counseled by the Altice N.V. Remuneration Committee, which consists of non-executive board members and is chaired by an independent non-executive board member. The Altice N.V. board generally sets elements of pay at levels it considers appropriate, taking into account various factors such as the nature of the role, the experience and performance of the individual, and local and sector market practice amongst peers of a similar size and scope to the Group.

Other Named Executive Officers

The compensation for all other named executive officers was set by Mr. Goei based on the compensation of individuals employed in the Altice Group in comparable positions and validated by the Altice Group Management Board.

Elements of Compensation

Base Salary

The named executive officers receive a base salary to compensate them for services provided to the Company. Base salary is intended to provide a fixed component of compensation reflecting various factors, such as the nature of the role and the experience and performance of the individual. As of December 31, 2016, Mr. Goei's annualized base salary was \$471,900 (based on a Swiss Franc to U.S. Dollar conversion rate of 1.0187 as of December 31, 2016), Mr. Stewart's and Mr. Boubazine's annualized base salary was \$500,000 each, and Mr. Connolly's and Ms. Rosenblum's annualized base salary was \$400,000 each.

Annual Bonus

For 2016, each of our named executive officers was eligible to earn an annual performance-based cash bonus. In the case of Mr. Goei, 50% of his 2016 annual incentive was attributable to his Altice USA service. In the case of each of the other named executive officers, all of their respective 2016 annual incentive was attributable to Altice USA service.

Mr. Goei's 2016 annual incentive was comprised of two components: a formula-based award and a discretionary award. For the portion of Mr. Goei's annual incentive attributable to his Altice USA service, the 2016 formula-based target was \$632,235, with a maximum payout opportunity equal to \$948,353. Based on the metrics used to determine his annual incentive, which are set forth below, the resulting 2016 Altice USA annual formula-based incentive award for Mr. Goei was \$792,823:

Performance Area	Weight	Performance Metrics	Performance Factor*
Financial	66.66%	Altice N.V. Revenue Altice N.V. Adjusted EBITDA	113.1%
		Altice N.V. Adjusted EBITDA – Capex + change in working capital	
Personal Goals	33.33%		150.0%
Total	100.00%		125.4%

^{*} The performance factor is the average of the actual results of the three financial metrics against established targets. A description of the performance metrics that are non-GAAP metrics are set forth in "—Description of Non-GAAP Financial Measures."

In addition, Mr. Goei received a discretionary award equal to \$707,177 in recognition of his exceptional leadership in creating Altice USA through the integration of Suddenlink and Optimum and for his role in introducing the "Altice Way" (described below). Mr. Goei's aggregate 2016 annual incentive associated with his Altice USA service was \$1,500,000.

Mr. Stewart and Mr. Boubazine's 2016 annual incentive was comprised of two components: a formula-based award and a discretionary award. The 2016 Altice USA annual incentive formula-based bonus target for Mr. Stewart and Mr. Boubazine was equal to 60% of annualized base salary (target equal to \$300,000 each) with a maximum payout opportunity equal to 120% of annualized base salary (maximum payout of \$600,000 each). Based on the metrics used to determine each of their annual

incentives, which are set forth below, the resulting 2016 Altice USA annual formula-based incentive award for each of Mr. Stewart and Mr. Boubazine was \$428,400:

			2016 Performance
Performance Area	Weight	Performance Metrics	Factor*
Financial	26.25% Cequel R	Revenue	116.0%
	26.25% Cequel A	Adjusted EBITDA	232.3%
	25.00% Cequel C	Corporate Expense	125.0%
Operational	22.50% Measure	ment of Business KPIs	89.6%
Total	100.00%		142.8%

* The performance factor is based on actual results of each financial metric against an established target. Corporate Expense refers to the portion of other Operating Expenses related to certain predefined departments which provide enterprise-wide administrative support to business operations (e.g., executive, legal, human resources, accounting, etc.). A description of the other financial metrics that are non-GAAP metrics is set forth in "—Description of Non-GAAP Financial Measures."

In addition, Mr. Stewart and Mr. Boubazine each received a discretionary bonus equal to 100% of their aforementioned calculated annual incentive bonuses (\$428,400) in recognition of the extraordinary contribution each made to integrating the two legacy organizations, Suddenlink and Optimum, to form Altice USA and their successful introduction of the "Altice Way" through the introduction of operational efficiencies focused on the principles of simplifying and optimizing the organization, reinvesting in infrastructure and content, investing in sales and marketing initiatives, enhancing the customer experience and driving revenue and cash flow growth for Altice USA. In total, Mr. Boubazine's and Mr. Stewart's total 2016 annual incentive award was \$856,800 each.

The 2016 Altice USA annual incentive bonus target for Mr. Connolly was equal to 60% of annualized base salary (target equal to \$240,000), with a maximum payout opportunity equal to 120% of annualized base salary (maximum payout equal to \$480,000). The annual incentive bonus target for Ms. Rosenblum was equal to 60% of base salary paid from June 21, 2016 (the date on which Altice's acquisition of Optimum occurred) through December 31, 2016 (target equal to \$126,923), with a maximum payout opportunity equal to 120% of base salary paid during this period (maximum payout equal to \$253,846). Based on the metrics used to determine each of their annual incentives, which are set forth below, the resulting 2016 Altice USA annual formula-based incentive award for Mr. Connolly was \$315,360 and for Ms. Rosenblum was \$166,777:

			2016
			Performance
Performance Area	Weight	Performance Metrics	Factor*
Financial	20%	Second Half Cablevision Revenue	109.1%
	20%	Second Half Cablevision Adjusted	180.3%
		EBITDA – Capex	
	40%	Second Half Cablevision Corporate Expense	125.0%
Operational	20%	Second Half Cablevision Weighted Average of	117.5%
		Non-corporate Business Results	
Total	100%		131.4%

^{*} The performance factor is based on actual results of each financial metric against an established target. Corporate Expense refers to the portion of other Operating Expenses related to certain predefined departments which provide enterprise-wide administrative support to business operations (e.g., executive, legal, human resources, accounting, etc.). A description of the other financial metrics that are non-GAAP metrics is set forth in "—Description of Non-GAAP Financial Measures."

In addition, Mr. Connolly received a one-time sign-on payment of \$500,000 to be paid in two installments. The first payment of \$250,000 was made in December 2016 and the final payment is to be made in December 2017 subject to Mr. Connolly's continued employment with the Company.

Carry Unit Plan

On July 13, 2016, the Neptune Management Limited Partnership Carry Unit Plan (the "Carry Unit Plan") was created to provide participants, including our named executive officers, with an opportunity to participate in the long-term growth and financial success of our operations. Under the Carry Unit Plan, profits interests denominated in units of ownership (the "Units") of Neptune Management Limited Partnership (the "Partnership") were granted to participants. Approximately 260 million Units are authorized. As of April 30, 2017, the Partnership had granted, subject to vesting, approximately 230 million Units.

A profits interest gives the participant the right to share in specified future profits and appreciation in value that the participants of the Partnership may receive, including profits paid upon a sale of the investors' interests.

Economically, a profits interest is similar to a stock option granted on the stock of a corporation insofar as a participant realizes value only if the Partnership from which the profits interest is granted appreciates in value and/or has profits after the grant date.

All named executive officers hold Units in the amounts set forth below:

Name	# Units	Vesting Start Date
Name Dexter Goei	11,300,000	12/21/2015 (the date on which Altice's acquisition of Suddenlink occurred)
Charles Stewart	10,000,000	12/21/2015 (the date on which Altice's acquisition of Suddenlink occurred)
Abdelhakim Boubazine	10,000,000	12/21/2015 (the date on which Altice's acquisition of Suddenlink occurred)
David Connolly	4,250,000	8/22/2016 (the date on which Mr. Connolly was hired)
Lisa Rosenblum	6,000,000	6/21/2016 (the date on which Altice's acquisition of Optimum occurred)

These Units vest as follows: 50% of the Units vest on the second anniversary of the vesting start date; 25% of the Units vest on the third anniversary of the vesting start date; and 25% of the Units vest on the fourth anniversary of the vesting start date, in each case, generally subject to the named executive officer's continued employment with the Company or any of its affiliates.

Additionally, Mr. Goei received 10,000,000 performance-vesting Units that will vest based on the achievement of 2019 Altice USA financial targets of (x) consolidated net revenue and (y) (1) Adjusted EBITDA or (2) Adjusted EBITDA less capex (see "Summary Historical and Pro Forma Financial Data" for a reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA and "Description of Non-GAAP Financial Measures" for Adjusted EBITDA less capex). Mr. Goei's performance-vesting Units will be forfeited if performance is not met, unless otherwise determined by the Altice N.V. board of directors in its discretion. In 2017, Mr. Goei was granted 10,600,000 time-vesting Units, which are scheduled to cliff vest on January 31, 2020, generally subject to his continued employment with the Company or any of its affiliates. These Units are not included in the Summary Compensation Table or other tables presented below because they were granted in 2017.

An IPO of Altice USA will not result in accelerated vesting of the Units. Following the IPO, holders of vested Units may receive Class A common stock of Altice USA at the discretion of the Partnership. The amount received is expected to be calculated using the fair market value of Units and based on the then trading price of Class A common stock of Altice USA.

Benefits

The named executive officers are eligible to participate in the health and welfare benefit plans made available to the other benefits-eligible employees of the Company, including medical, dental, vision, life insurance and disability coverage.

The named executive officers are eligible to participate in the Company's Cablevision 401(k) Plan and may contribute into their plan accounts a percentage of their eligible pay on a before-tax basis and after-tax basis. The Company matches 100% of the first 4% of eligible pay contributed by participating employees. In addition, the Company may make an additional discretionary year-end contribution. Any discretionary year-end contribution, if approved by the Company, will be provided to all eligible participants who are active on the last day of the plan year and who complete 1,000 hours of service in such plan year. In 2016, the Company made a discretionary year-end contribution of 2% of eligible pay with respect to the 2016 plan year. Company contributions to the Cablevision 401(k) Plan are subject to vesting limitations for the first three years of employment.

The Company also sponsors the Cablevision Excess Savings Plan, a non-qualified deferred compensation plan. Effective December 31, 2016, the Excess Savings Plan was frozen to new participants and Company contributions. The Company maintains the Cablevision Cash Balance Pension Plan, a tax-qualified defined benefit plan, and the Cablevision Excess Cash Balance Plan, a non-qualified deferred compensation plan for participants whose benefits in the qualified plan are limited by applicable IRS limitations. Effective December 31, 2013, the Cablevision Cash Balance Pension Plan and the Cablevision Excess Cash Balance Plan were frozen to new participants and future benefit accruals, except for certain employees covered by a collective bargaining agreement for whom accruals were frozen as of April 15, 2015. Monthly interest credits continue to be made to participant accounts until distribution of the accounts following termination of employment. Ms. Rosenblum is the only named executive officer with an account balance in the Cablevision Excess Savings Plan or with an accrued benefit in the Cablevision Cash Balance Pension Plan or the Cablevision Excess Cash Balance Pension Plan. See the "Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Table" below for further information on the Cablevision Cash Balance Pension Plan and the Cablevision Excess Cash Balance Pe

Perauisites

The Company provides certain perquisites to executive officers, which it has determined are appropriate for recruitment and retention, including personal use of Company-provided ground transportation and aircraft, primarily for commuting to and from the Company's Bethpage, NY headquarters. To the extent our employees use Company-provided transportation for commuting and other personal travel, they are imputed compensation for tax purposes. For 2016, the Company provided a tax gross up on imputed income related to commuting usage. The Company owns and operates two passenger helicopters to facilitate business travel of senior executives and had a lease for a fixed wing aircraft to facilitate international travel for Mr. Goei. The fixed wing aircraft lease ended in February 2017.

The Company provided reimbursement or payment of certain expenses incurred by Messrs. Goei, Boubazine and Stewart associated with their relocation to the United States, as well as certain expenses for Mr. Boubazine while he was an expatriate in the Dominican Republic. Mr. Stewart is receiving a monthly housing allowance during the period from January 2016 through December 2017. The Company purchases tickets for sporting and entertainment events for business use; on the occasion the tickets are unused, they are available for personal use by our employees, including the named executive officers. The named executive officers are also eligible to participate in the Altice USA Employee Product Benefit program, which provides all benefits-eligible employees who reside in the Suddenlink or Optimum footprint with discounted cable television, high-speed data and voice services. See "Summary Compensation Table" below for further information on the perquisites provided to our named executive officers during 2016.

Post-Termination Compensation

Our named executive officers have helped build the Company into the successful enterprise that it is today and we believe that post-termination benefits are integral to the Company's ability to attract and retain qualified executives. Our named executive officers were eligible for severance benefits in 2016 under the Cablevision's 2016 Severance Policy. All severance benefits payable under the severance policy would be conditioned on the employee executing a separation agreement with the Company, including, a release of claims and any other terms and conditions that the Company may require. For a description and quantification of the severance and other benefits payable to each of the named executive officers under the different circumstances of termination, please see "Severance Benefits" and "Payments on Termination or Change of Control" below.

Employment Agreements

None of the named executive officers have an employment agreement related to their service with Altice USA.

Tax Deductibility of Compensation

Section 162(m) of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended ("Section 162(m)"), establishes a \$1 million limit on the amount that a publicly held corporation may deduct for compensation paid to the chief executive officer and the next three most highly paid named executive officers (other than the chief financial officer) in a taxable year. This limitation does not apply to any compensation that is considered "qualified performance-based compensation" ("QPBC") under Section 162(m), which is defined as compensation paid in connection with certain stock options or that is paid only if the individual's performance meets pre-established objective goals based on performance criteria established under a plan approved by stockholders. Because we do not currently have any publicly held common stock, the restrictions of Section 162(m) do not currently apply to us.

Summary Compensation Table

The table below summarizes the total compensation paid to or earned by each of our named executive officers for services to Altice USA for the year ending December 31, 2016.

Name and principal position	Year	Salary	Bonus (\$)	Stock awards (\$)	Non-equity incentive plan compensation (\$)	pension value and nonqualified deferred compensation earnings	All other compensation (\$)	Total
	(1)	(\$)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(\$)	(6)	(\$)
Dexter Goei	2016	235,950	707,177	7,881,000	792,823	_	417,920	10,034,870
Chairman & CEO								
Charles Stewart	2016	490,385	428,400	3,700,000	428,400	_	830,028	5,877,213
Co-President & CFO								
Abdelhakim Boubazine	2016	417,262	428,400	3,700,000	428,400	_	464,382	5,438,444
Co-President & COO	2010	117,202	120,100	3,700,000	120,100		101,502	3,130,111
David Connolly	2016	138,462	250,000	1,572,500	315,360	_	4,308	2,280,630
EVP—General Counsel		,	ĺ	, ,	,		ĺ	, ,
Lisa Rosenblum	2016	238,462	_	2,220,000	166,777	10,780	98,410	2,734,429
Vice Chairman		,		, ,		ĺ	Í	
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⁽¹⁾ All amounts cover Altice USA service only. For Mr. Goei Altice USA service began on June 28, 2016 (his appointment as CEO of Altice USA).

Mr. Boubazine began providing services to Altice USA on February 1, 2016. For February and March, 50% of Mr. Boubazine's services were allocated to Altice USA. From April 1, 2016 through December 31, 2016, 100% of Mr. Boubazine's services were allocated to Altice USA.

- Mr. Connolly's service began on August 22, 2016 (his hire date) and for Ms. Rosenblum, service began on June 21, 2016 (the date on which Altice's acquisition of Optimum occurred). Mr Stewart provided service for the full year.
- (2) Mr. Goei received all salary in Swiss Francs. A Swiss Franc to U.S. Dollar conversion rate of 1.0187 as of December 31, 2016 was used.
- (3) Mr. Goei (\$707,177), Mr. Stewart (\$428,400) and Mr. Boubazine (\$428,400) each received a special bonus in recognition of the extraordinary contribution each made to the formation of Altice USA and the introduction of the Altice Way, as described in the section titled "Annual Bonus" in the Compensation Discussion & Analysis. Mr. Connolly received a one-time sign-on payment (\$250,000).
- (4) Represents the grant date fair value of Units granted in 2016, as described in the section titled "Carry Unit Plan" in the Compensation Discussion & Analysis, computed in accordance with FASB ASC Topic 718, excluding forfeiture assumptions. An option pricing model was used to determine the grant date fair value of the Units, which required the use of certain subjective assumptions. Any changes to these assumptions could materially affect the grant date fair value computation. The time to liquidity event assumption (2.5 years) was based on management's judgment. The equity volatility assumption of 60% was estimated using the historical weekly volatility of publicly traded comparable companies. The risk-free rate of 0.74% assumed in valuing the Units was based on the U.S. Constant Maturity Treasury Rates for a period matching the expected time to liquidity event. The discount for lack of marketability of 20% was based on Finnerty's (2012) average-strike put option model. No additional discount was applied to Mr. Goei's performance-vesting Units. The weighted average grant date fair value of the outstanding units is \$0.37 per Unit.
- (5) The amounts reflect annual incentive awards paid in 2017 for performance in 2016, as described in the section titled "Annual Bonus" in the Compensation Discussion & Analysis.
- (6) This table below shows the components of this column.

	401(k) Company Contribution	Excess Savings Plan Contribution	Transportation Tax gross up payment	Perquisites	
Name	(1)	(1)	(2)	(3)	Total
Name Dexter Goei	_	_	3,583	414,337	417,920
Charles Stewart	3,461	_	8,882	817,685	830,028
Abdelhakim Boubazine	7,000	_	8,308	449,074	464,382
David Connolly	4,308	_	_	_	4,308
Lisa Rosenblum	5,300	14,854	10,759	67,497	98,410

- (1) This column represents, for each individual, a matching contribution and/or Company discretionary contribution made by the Company on behalf of such individual under the Company's 401(k) Plan or Excess Savings Plan, as applicable.
- (2) This column represents amounts paid to executives to offset imputed income on commuter travel.
- (3) This column represents for each individual the following aggregate perquisites as described in the table below. In addition, the named executive officers are eligible to participate in the Altice USA Employee Product Benefit program, which provides all benefits-eligible employees who reside in the Suddenlink or Optimum footprint with discounted cable television, high-speed data and voice services. The Company purchases tickets for sporting and entertainment events for business use; on the occasion the tickets are

unused, they are available for personal use by our employees, including the named executive officers. There is no incremental cost to the Company for these benefits.

Name	Aircraft (\$) (1)	Housing Allowance (\$) (2)	Global Mobility and Relocation (\$) (3)	Ground Transportation (\$) (4)	Total
Dexter Goei	223,231		160,862	*	414,337
Charles Stewart	103,932	500,005	185,123	*	817,685
Abdelhakim Boubazine	67,477	_	291,836	89,761	449,074
David Connolly	_	_	_	_	_
Lisa Rosenblum	47,552	_	_	*	67,497

- * Does not exceed the greater of \$25,000 or 10% of the total amount of perquisites of named executive officers.
- (1) This column represents the incremental cost to the company for personal use of the Company's aircraft, primarily associated with commuting to and from the Company's Bethpage, NY headquarters, and for a leased fixed wing aircraft for Mr. Goei's international business travel. The lease ended in February 2017. For the purposes of this disclosure, incremental cost is valued based on the variable costs incurred by the Company and does not include costs that would have been incurred by the Company whether or not a particular trip was taken, such as lease and insurance payments, pilot salaries, ordinary course maintenance and other overhead costs. The incremental cost of the personal use of the fixed wing aircraft, applicable solely to Mr. Goei, is based on the variable hourly cost of the lease applied to the number of personal hours of usage.
- (2) This column represents Mr. Stewart's housing allowance, which is paid on a monthly basis.
- (3) This column represents assistance provided to support global mobility (including expatriate and relocation benefits). Benefits include temporary housing, visa expenses, moving expense reimbursement, real estate broker fees, private health insurance, tuition, personal travel and social club costs. The following amounts included in this column were paid in non-U.S. currency and were converted to U.S. Dollars at the following December 31, 2016 rates: \$45,524 for Mr. Goei, converted from Swiss Francs using a Swiss Franc to U.S. Dollar conversion rate of 1.0187; \$66,346 for Mr. Stewart, converted from British Pounds using a British Pound to U.S. Dollar conversion rate of 0.81; and \$77,389 for Mr. Boubazine, converted from Dominican Pesos using a Dominican Peso to U.S. Dollar conversion rate of 46.6895.
- (4) This column reflects the incremental cost of providing our executive officers ground transportation for personal use, primarily for commuting to and from the Company's Bethpage, NY headquarters. For the purposes of this disclosure, incremental cost is valued, for the company vehicles, as a portion of the cost of the driver plus car lease, maintenance, fuel and other related costs, based on an estimated percentage of use, and for third party car services by the amount paid to the third party.

Grants of Plan-Based Awards

The table below presents information regarding awards granted in 2016 to each named executive officer under the Carry Unit Plan and the 2016 annual incentive programs in which the named executive officers participated.

		un non-equity i	iture payouts der ncentive plan rds(1)	Estimated future payouts under equity incentive plan awards	payouts under Number of quity incentive shares of plan awards stock or	
Name	·		Maximum (\$)	Target (#) (2)	units (#) (3)	awards (\$) (4)
Dexter Goei		632,235	948,353			
	07/13/16	_	· —	10,000,000	_	3,700,000
	07/13/16	_	_	_	11,300,000	4,181,000
Charles Stewart	_	300,000	600,000	_	_	_
	07/13/16	_	_	_	10,000,000	3,700,000
Abdelhakim Boubazine	_	300,000	600,000	_	_	_
	07/13/16	_	_	_	10,000,000	3,700,000
David Connolly	_	240,000	480,000	_	_	_
	08/26/16	_	_	_	4,250,000	1,572,500
Lisa Rosenblum	_	120,000	240,000	_	_	_
	07/13/16	_	_	_	6,000,000	2,220,000

- (1) These columns show the target and maximum payouts under the 2016 bonus plan based on 2016 metrics and performance criteria described in the section titled "Annual Bonus" in the Compensation Discussion & Analysis. This plan does not have a threshold payout. Payments were made in 2017 for 2016 performance and actual payments are reflected in the Non-Equity Incentive Plan Column in the Summary Compensation Table.
- (2) Mr. Goei received 10,000,000 performance-vesting Units that will vest sixty days after completion of the 2019 Audited Financial Statements based on meeting or exceeding a set of 2019 financial performance criteria described in the section titled "Carry Unit Plan" in the Compensation Discussion & Analysis. This award does not have a threshold or maximum payout. The calculation of the performance target will be based on 2019 Audited Financial Statements.
- (3) All named executive officers received Units that vest as follows: 50% of the Units vest on the second anniversary of the vesting start date; 25% of the Units vest on the third anniversary of the vesting start date; and 25% of the Units will vest on the fourth anniversary of the vesting start date. For grants made to Mr. Goei, Mr. Stewart, and Mr. Boubazine, the vesting start date is December 21, 2015 (the date on which Altice's acquisition of Suddenlink occurred). For Ms. Rosenblum, the vesting start date is June 21, 2016 (the date on which Altice's acquisition of Optimum occurred). For Mr. Connolly, the vesting start date is August 22, 2016 (his date of hire).
- (4) Represents the grant date fair value of Units granted in 2016, computed in accordance with FASB ASC Topic 718, excluding forfeiture assumptions. An option pricing model was used which requires subjective assumptions for which changes in these assumptions could materially affect the fair value of the Units outstanding. The time to liquidity event assumption (2.5 years) was based on management's judgment. The equity volatility assumption of 60% was estimated using the historical weekly volatility of publicly traded comparable companies. The risk-free rate of 0.74% assumed in valuing the Units was based on the U.S. Constant Maturity Treasury Rates for a period matching the expected time to liquidity event. The discount for lack of marketability of 20% was based on

Finnerty's (2012) average-strike put option model. No additional discount was applied to Mr. Goei's performance-vesting Units. The weighted average grant date fair value of the outstanding Units is \$0.37 per share.

Outstanding Equity Awards at Fiscal Year-End

The table below presents (i) the number of Units granted under the Carry Unit Plan that have not yet vested and (ii) the market value of these Units for each named executive officer, in each case as of December 31, 2016. None of the named executive officers held options with respect to Altice USA as of December 31, 2016.

	Stock Awards					
	•		Equity inventive			
	Number of shares or units of stock that have not vested (#)	Market value of shares or units of stock that have not vested (\$)	plan awards: Number of unearned shares, units or other rights that have not vested (#)	Equity incentive plan awards: Market or payout value of unearned shares, units or other rights that		
Name	(1)	(2)	(3)	have not vested		
Dexter Goei	11,300,000	19,888,000	10,000,000	17,600,000		
Charles Stewart	10,000,000	17,600,000	_	_		
Abdelhakim Boubazine	10,000,000	17,600,000	_	_		
David Connolly	4,250,000	7,480,000	_	_		
Lisa Rosenblum	6,000,000	10,560,000	_	_		

- (1) All named executive officers received Units that vest as follows: 50% of the Units will vest on the second anniversary of the vesting start date; 25% of the Units will vest on the third anniversary of the vesting start date; and 25% of the Units will vest on the fourth anniversary of the vesting start date. For grants made to Mr. Goei, Mr. Stewart, and Mr. Boubazine, the vesting start date is December 21, 2015 (the date on which Altice's acquisition of Suddenlink occurred). For Ms. Rosenblum, the vesting start date is June 21, 2016 (the date on which Altice's acquisition of Optimum occurred). For Mr. Connolly, the vesting start date is August 22, 2016 (his date of hire).
- (2) The December 31, 2016 market value of Units is equal to the fair value computed in accordance with FASB ASC Topic 718, excluding forfeiture assumptions. An option pricing model was used which requires subjective assumptions for which changes in these assumptions could materially affect the fair value of the Units outstanding. The time to liquidity event assumption (1.3 years) was based on management's judgment. The equity volatility assumption of 45% was estimated using the historical weekly volatility of publicly traded comparable companies. The risk-free rate of 0.95% assumed in valuing the Units was based on the U.S. Constant Maturity Treasury Rates for a period matching the expected time to liquidity event. The discount for lack of marketability of 10% was based on Finnerty's (2012) average-strike put option model. No additional discount was applied to Mr. Goei's performance-vesting Units. The weighted average fair value of the outstanding Units as of December 31, 2016 is \$1.76 per Unit.
- (3) Mr. Goei received 10,000,000 Units that will vest sixty days after completion of the 2019 Audited Financial Statements based on meeting or exceeding a set of 2019 financial performance criteria described in the section titled "Carry Unit Plan" in the Compensation Discussion & Analysis. The calculation of the performance target will be based on 2019 Audited Financial Statements.

Pension Benefits Table

The table below shows the actuarial present value of accumulated benefits payable under our qualified and nonqualified defined benefit pension plans as of December 31, 2016 for Ms. Rosenblum, who is the sole named executive officer who is eligible to participate in such plans.

<u>Name</u>	Plan	Number of Years Credited Service (#)	Present Value of Accumulated Benefit (\$) (2)	Payments During Last Fiscal Year (S)
Lisa Rosenblum	Cablevision Cash Balance Pension Plan	20	301,890	_
	Cablevision Excess Cash Balance Plan	20	357,910	_

- (1) Years of service are calculated based on elapsed time while a member of the plan. Actual elapsed time as an employee of Cablevision and Altice USA for Ms. Rosenblum is 22 years.
- (2) Assumes Ms. Rosenblum will take a lump sum payment of benefits at retirement. The lump sum payment was determined by crediting the December 31, 2016 account balances with an assumed interest crediting rate of 2.57% until an assumed retirement age of 65. The present value of accumulated benefits was calculated using a discount rate of 3.85%.

Cablevision Cash Balance Pension Plan

The Cablevision Cash Balance Pension Plan is a tax-qualified defined benefit plan that was amended effective December 31, 2013 to freeze participation and benefit accruals for all legacy Cablevision employees except certain employees covered by a collective bargaining agreement. Effective April 15, 2015, the plan was further amended to freeze participation and benefit accruals for the remaining employees covered by the collective bargaining agreement. Ms. Rosenblum is the only named executive officer with an accrued benefit under the Cablevision Cash Balance Pension Plan.

A notional account is maintained for each participant under the plan, which is credited with monthly interest credits based on the average of the annual rate of interest on the 30-year U.S. Treasury Bonds for the months of September, October and November of the prior year. Monthly interest credits continue to be made to participant accounts until distribution of the accounts following termination of employment. All active participants are fully vested in their accounts. Upon retirement or other termination of employment with the Company, the participant may elect a distribution of the vested portion of the account. The normal form of benefit payment for an unmarried participant is a single life annuity and the normal form of benefit payment for a married participant is a 50% joint and survivor annuity. The participant, with spousal consent if applicable, can waive the normal form and elect to receive a single life annuity or a lump sum in an amount equal to the cash balance account.

Cablevision Excess Cash Balance Pension Plan

The Cablevision Excess Cash Balance Plan is a nonqualified deferred compensation plan that is intended to provide eligible participants, including Ms. Rosenblum, with the portion of their benefit that cannot be paid to them under the Cablevision Cash Balance Pension Plan due to Internal Revenue Code limits applicable to tax-qualified plans. Effective December 31, 2013, the Excess Cash Balance Plan was amended to freeze participation and future benefit accruals for all employees. Ms. Rosenblum is the only named executive officer with an accrued benefit under the Cablevision Excess Cash Balance Pension Plan.

The Company maintains a notional excess cash balance account for each eligible participant and credits each excess cash balance account monthly with interest at the same rate used under the Cablevision Cash Balance Pension Plan. Monthly interest credits continue to be made to participant

accounts until distribution of the accounts following termination of employment. All active participants are fully vested in their excess cash balance account. The excess cash balance account, to the extent vested, is paid in a lump sum to the participant as soon as practicable following his or her retirement or other termination of employment with the Company.

Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Table

The table below shows the contributions made, aggregate earnings, and account balance information under nonqualified deferred compensation plans for Ms. Rosenblum, who is the sole named executive officer who is eligible to participate in such plan.

		Executive				
		Contributions	Registrant	Aggregate	Aggregate	Aggregate
		in Last FY	Contributions	Earnings	Withdrawals/	Balance
		(\$)	in Last FY	in Last FY	Distributions	at Last FYE
Name	Plan	(1)	(\$)(2)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)
Lisa Rosenblum	Cablevision Excess Savings Plan	13,385	14,854	4,848	_	569,134

- (1) This amount represents a portion of Ms. Rosenblum's salary, which is included in the amount reported in the "Salary" column of the Summary Compensation Table, that Ms. Rosenblum contributed to the plan.
- (2) These amounts are reported in the All Other Compensation Column in the Summary Compensation Table.

Cablevision Excess Savings Plan

The Cablevision Excess Savings Plan is a nonqualified deferred compensation plan that operates in conjunction with the Cablevision 401(k) Savings Plan. Effective December 31, 2016, the Excess Savings Plan was frozen (i.e., no future employee or Company contributions are permitted under the Plan for 2017 and thereafter). Participant notional account balances continue to be credited monthly with the rate of return earned by the stable value investment option available under the Cablevision 401(k) Savings Plan.

Ms. Rosenblum is the only named executive officer with an account balance in the Cablevision Excess Savings Plan. For 2016, Ms. Rosenblum, whose contributions to the 401(k) Plan were limited as a result of the Internal Revenue Code compensation limit or as a result of reaching the maximum 401(k) deferral limit (\$24,000, if age 50 or over), continued to make pre-tax contributions under the Excess Savings Plan equal to 6% of her eligible pay. The Company made matching contributions equal to 100% of the first 4% of eligible pay contributed. In addition, for 2016, the Company made its final discretionary contribution equal to 2% of eligible pay in excess of the Internal Revenue Code compensation limit in the first quarter of 2017.

A participant is always fully vested in the participant's own contributions and vests in the Company contributions over three years from date of hire (subject to full vesting upon death, disability or retirement after attaining age 65). Distributions are made in a lump sum as soon as practicable after the participant's termination of employment with the Company.

Severance Benefits

In the event of certain termination events during 2016, eligible employees, including our named executive officers, would have been eligible to receive certain severance benefits under Cablevision's 2016 Severance Policy, which provided for severance benefits when a position was eliminated due to restructuring or reorganization. Severance amounts were based on two weeks of base salary for every completed year of service with a minimum 52 weeks of base salary for senior vice presidents and above.

Vice presidents and above who were aged 55 and over, had completed 10 years of service or more and were enrolled in the Company's health plans were eligible to receive an additional payment in the amount of 18 times the monthly COBRA rate for current coverage elected through the Company's health plans, grossed up for taxes. Bonus-eligible exempt employees, including the named executive officers would have been eligible to receive a prorated 2016 annual bonus based on actual 2016 plan performance if a qualifying termination of employment occurred after June 30, 2016.

Payments on Termination or Change of Control

The following tables summarize the estimated amounts payable to each named executive officer in the event of a termination from employment without cause or upon a change of control as of December 31, 2016.

In the event of termination for cause, voluntary termination, retirement, death or disability, none of the named executive officers would have been entitled to any severance payments as of December 31, 2016.

Benefits Payable as a Result of Termination of Employment by the Company without Cause

	Severance (\$)	Benefit Continuation Payments (\$)	Most Recent Bonus (\$)	
Name	(1)	(2)	(3)	Total
Dexter Goei	471,900	_	792,823	1,264,723
Charles Stewart	500,000	_	428,400	928,400
Abdelhakim Boubazine	500,000	_	428,400	928,400
David Connolly	400,000	_	315,360	715,360
Lisa Rosenblum	400,000	31,800	489,915	921,715

- (1) Pursuant to Cablevision's 2016 Severance Policy, each named executive officer is entitled to two weeks' base salary for each completed year of service, with a minimum severance amount equal to one year's base salary.
- (2) According to Cablevision's 2016 Severance Policy, based on years of service and age, Ms. Rosenblum would also have been entitled to a lump sum payment equal to 18 times the monthly COBRA rates for medical, dental and vision coverage, grossed up for taxes, based on the levels of coverage she received as of December 31, 2016.
- (3) The amounts in this column reflect annual incentive awards for performance in 2016. Ms. Rosenblum's amount also includes her 2016 Cablevision bonus.

Benefits Payable upon a Change of Control Transaction

	Unvested Units
	(\$)
Name	(1)
Name Dexter Goei	37,488,000
Charles Stewart	17,600,000
Abdelhakim Boubazine	17,600,000
David Connolly	7,480,000
Lisa Rosenblum	10,560,000

⁽¹⁾ The amounts in this column represent the value of the unvested Units held by each named executive officer as of December 31, 2016, with the value calculated as described in footnote 2 of

the "Outstanding Equity Awards at Fiscal Year-End" table. Pursuant to the terms of the Units as of December 31, 2016, all unvested Units automatically vest upon a Company Sale (as defined in the Unit award agreement).

2017 Short Term Incentive Plan

For 2017, our officers, including our named executive officers, are eligible to receive an annual cash bonus award for 2017 performance under our 2017 annual incentive program (the "2017 Bonus"). The 2017 Bonus was established by the Remuneration Committee of the Altice N.V. board of directors. Upon completion of this offering, the Altice USA Compensation Committee of our Board (the "Compensation Committee") will assume responsibility of administration of the 2017 Bonus and may amend, suspend or terminate the 2017 Bonus in whole or in part at any time. The Compensation Committee will make all determinations with respect to the 2017 Bonus awards, subject to Altice N.V. board of director's right to consent under the stockholders' agreement.

2017 Bonus awards are subject to the achievement of performance metrics established by the Remuneration Committee of the Altice N.V. board. The 2017 performance metrics are weighted one-third Altice N.V. performance and two-thirds Altice USA performance. The key performance metrics for 2017 are Altice N.V. Revenue, Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA less Capex and working capital and Altice USA Revenue, Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA less Capex and working capital (a description of the financial metrics that are non-GAAP metrics is set forth in "—Description of Non-GAAP Financial Measures"), corporate expense and the average of non-corporate business unit results. 2017 Bonus awards will be paid in 2018 after determination of the achievement of performance metrics. The maximum 2017 Bonus payable to any participant is 150% of the participant's target bonus and the Compensation Committee has the discretion to pay less than the maximum amount. The Compensation Committee has the authority, as part of the 2017 Bonus program, to provide for a discretionary bonus (no maximum) in addition to the 2017 Bonus in its sole discretion.

The amounts payable with respect to the 2017 Bonus are not determinable because the performance year has not yet ended and, even if the performance metric achievement was determinable, the Compensation Committee is permitted to use its discretion to determine each participant's annual bonus.

New Short Term Incentive Plan

In connection with the offering, we intend to adopt the Altice USA Short Term Incentive Compensation Plan (the "STIP"), subject to approval by our Board. Under the STIP, we may reward eligible employees by making a portion of their cash compensation dependent on the achievement of certain Company, Altice N.V., corporate, business unit and individual performance goals. Goals may be defined at the level of Altice USA or Altice N.V. A copy of the STIP is attached as an exhibit hereto and the following summary is qualified in its entirety by reference thereto.

Eligibility and Administration

The STIP provides for the grant of short-term cash incentive compensation awards to officers of the Company selected by our Board (or if delegated by our Board, the Compensation Committee; references to our Board in this "New Short Term Incentive Plan" section and in "—New Long Term Incentive Plan" include the Compensation Committee to the extent they have been delegated authority by our Board). The maximum award that may be granted to any participant in a plan year is \$3 million.

The STIP will be administered by our Board, subject to the provision of the stockholders' agreement that requires prior written approval of Altice N.V. for the establishment and modification of certain remuneration arrangements. Subject to applicable law, the terms of the STIP and the

stockholders' agreement, our Board has the power to, among other things, select participants, grant awards in accordance with the STIP, determine the terms and conditions of any award, and make any other determination and take any other action that it deems necessary or desirable for the administration of the STIP. Our Board also has the power to delegate its administrative duties.

Section 162(m)

As described below under "New Long Term Incentive Plan—Summary of Federal U.S. Income Tax Consequences—Impact of Section 162(m) Deduction Limitation", we do not expect Section 162(m) to apply to awards under the STIP until the earliest to occur of (1) our annual stockholders' meeting at which members of our Board are to be elected that occurs after the close of the third calendar year following the year of this offering; (2) a material modification of the STIP; or (3) the expiration of the STIP. However, performance criteria may be used with respect to performance awards that are not intended to constitute QPBC. The performance criteria set forth in the STIP are the same as those set forth in the 2017 LTIP, as described below under "New Long Term Incentive Plan—Summary of Federal U.S. Income Tax Consequences—Impact of Section 162(m) Deduction Limitation." In order to constitute QPBC, in addition to certain other requirements, the relevant amounts must be payable only upon the attainment of pre-established, objective performance goals set by the Compensation Committee and linked to stockholder-approved performance criteria. The STIP sets forth the applicable performance criteria that may be used in making such awards, and the objectively determinable adjustments to the applicable performance criteria that may be used. Following the completion of each performance period, for QPBC, the Compensation Committee will determine the extent to which the performance targets have been achieved or exceeded. If the minimum performance targets are not achieved, no payment will be made with respect to awards intended to constitute QPBC.

Plan Amendment or Termination

Our Board may, at any time, amend, suspend or terminate the STIP in whole or in part, provided that no amendment that requires stockholder approval in order for the STIP to continue to comply with Section 162(m) will be effective unless approved by the requisite vote of our stockholders.

New Plan Benefits.

The benefits that will be awarded or paid under the STIP are not currently determinable. Awards granted under the STIP are within the discretion of our Board (subject to the prior written approval of Altice N.V. under the stockholders' agreement), and our Board has not determined future awards or who might receive them.

New Long Term Incentive Plan

In connection with the offering, we intend to adopt the Altice USA 2017 Long Term Incentive Plan (the "2017 LTIP"), subject to approval by our Board. Under the 2017 LTIP, we may grant awards of options, restricted shares, restricted share units, stock appreciation rights, performance stock, performance stock units and other awards. The purposes of the 2017 LTIP are to promote the long term success of Altice USA and its affiliates, Altice USA's integration within the Altice Group and to increase stockholder value by providing eligible individuals with incentives to contribute to the long term growth and profitability of the Company and the Altice Group and to assist the Company in attracting and retaining the best available personnel for positions of substantial responsibility. A copy of the 2017 LTIP is attached as an exhibit hereto and the following summary is qualified in its entirety by reference thereto.

Eligibility and Administration

Awards may be granted to officers, employees and consultants of the Company or any of its affiliates. The 2017 LTIP will be administered by our Board, subject to the provision of the stockholders' agreement that requires prior written approval of Altice N.V. for the establishment and modification of certain remuneration arrangements. Subject to applicable law, the terms of the 2017 LTIP and the stockholders' agreement, our Board will have full power and authority to, among other things, select eligible participants, to grant awards in accordance with the 2017 LTIP, to determine the number of shares subject to each award or the cash amount payable in connection with an award and determine the terms and conditions of each award, including, without limitation, those related to term, permissible methods of exercise, vesting, cancellation, forfeiture, payment, settlement, exercisability, performance periods, performance targets, and the effect or occurrence, if any, of a participant's termination of employment, separation from service or leave of absence with the Company or any of its affiliates or of a change of control.

Limitation on Awards and Shares Available.

The maximum aggregate number of shares that may be issued for all purposes under the 2017 LTIP will be 4% of the outstanding shares of Class A common stock immediately following the IPO (the "Plan Limit"). Shares issued pursuant to awards under the 2017 LTIP may be either authorized and unissued shares, shares held by the Company in its treasury, or a combination thereof. The number of shares remaining available for issuance shall be reduced by the number of shares subject to outstanding awards and, for awards that are not denominated by shares, by the number of shares actually delivered upon settlement or payment of the award. For purposes of determining the number of shares that remain available for issuance under the 2017 LTIP, the number of shares corresponding to awards under the 2017 LTIP that are forfeited or cancelled or otherwise expire for any reason without having been exercised or settled through the issuance of consideration other than shares (including, without limitation, cash) shall be added back to the Plan Limit and again be available for the grant of awards; provided, however, that this provision will not be applicable with respect to (i) the cancellation of a stock appreciation right granted in tandem with an option upon the exercise of the option or (ii) the cancellation of an option granted in tandem with a stock appreciation right upon the exercise of the stock appreciation right. In addition, (i) the number of shares that are tendered by a participant or withheld by the Company to pay the exercise price of an award or to satisfy the tax withholding obligations in connection with the vesting, exercise or settlement of an award and (ii) the number of shares subject to an option or stock appreciation right but not issued or delivered as a result of the net settlement of such option or stock appreciation right shall be added back to the Plan Limit and again be available for the grant of awards. No participant may be granted under the 2017 LTIP in any fiscal year awards covering more than the

Awards

Awards under the 2017 LTIP may consist of options, restricted shares, restricted share units, stock appreciation rights, performance stock, performance stock units and other awards. Any award may be granted singly or in combination or tandem with any other award, as our Board may determine. Our Board will set the vesting criteria applicable to an award, which, depending on the extent to which the criteria are met, will determine the extent to which the award becomes exercisable or the number of shares or the amount of cash that will be distributed or paid out to the participant with respect to the award. Our Board may set vesting criteria based upon the achievement of Company-wide, Altice N.V., business unit, or individual goals (including, but not limited to, continued employment or provision of services), or any other basis determined by our Board in its discretion. The terms and conditions of each award will be set forth in an award document in a form approved by our Board. The award

document will contain terms and conditions not inconsistent with the 2017 LTIP. Our Board may at any time following grant (i) accelerate the vesting, exercisability, lapse of restrictions, settlement or payment of any award, (ii) eliminate the restrictions and conditions applicable to an award or (iii) extend the post-termination exercise period of an outstanding award (subject to the limitations of Section 409A).

Summary of U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences

The following summary of tax consequences to the Company and to 2017 LTIP participants is not intended to be used as tax guidance to participants in the 2017 LTIP. It relates only to U.S. federal income tax and does not address state, local or foreign income tax rules or other U.S. tax provisions, such as estate or gift taxes. Different tax rules may apply to specific participants and transactions under the 2017 LTIP, particularly in jurisdictions outside the United States. In addition, this summary is as of the date of this prospectus; federal income tax laws and regulations are frequently revised and may be changed again at any time. Therefore, each participant is urged to consult a tax advisor before exercising any award or before disposing of any shares acquired under the 2017 LTIP.

- Stock Options and Stock Appreciation Rights. The grant of an option or stock appreciation right will create no tax consequences for the participant or the Company. A participant will have no taxable income upon exercise of an incentive stock option, except that the alternative minimum tax may apply. Upon exercise of an option other than an incentive stock option, a participant generally must recognize ordinary income equal to the fair market value of the shares acquired minus the exercise price. When disposing of shares acquired by exercise of an incentive stock option before the end of the statutory incentive stock option holding periods, the participant generally must recognize ordinary income equal to the lesser of (1) the fair market value of the shares at the date of exercise minus the exercise price or (2) the amount realized upon the disposition of the shares minus the exercise price. Otherwise, a participant's disposition of shares acquired upon the exercise of an option (including an incentive stock option for which the incentive stock option holding periods are met) generally will result in only capital gain or loss.
- Other Awards. Other awards under the 2017 LTIP generally will result in ordinary income to the participant at the later of the time of delivery of cash, shares, or other awards, or the time that the risk of forfeiture lapses.
- Company Deduction. Except as discussed below, the Company is generally entitled to a tax deduction equal to the amount recognized as ordinary income by the
 participant in connection with options, stock appreciation rights or other awards, but not for amounts the participant recognizes as capital gain. Thus, the Company will
 not be entitled to any tax deduction with respect to an incentive stock option if the participant holds the shares for the incentive stock option statutory holding periods.
- Impact of Section 162(m) Deduction Limitation. Section 162(m) imposes a \$1,000,000 cap on the compensation deduction that a public company may take in respect of compensation paid to its "covered employees" (which includes its chief executive officer and its next three most highly compensated employees other than its chief financial officer), but excludes from the calculation of amounts subject to this limitation any amounts that constitute QPBC. Under current tax law, we do not expect Section 162(m) to apply to awards under the 2017 LTIP until the earliest to occur of (1) our annual stockholders meeting at which members of our Board are to be elected that occurs after the close of the third calendar year following the year of this offering; (2) a material modification of the 2017 LTIP; (3) an exhaustion of the share supply under the 2017 LTIP; or (4) the expiration of the 2017 LTIP. However, performance criteria may still be used with respect to performance-based awards that are not intended to constitute QPBC.

In order to constitute QPBC, in addition to certain other requirements, the relevant amounts must be payable only upon the attainment of pre-established, objective performance goals set by

the Compensation Committee and linked to stockholder-approved performance criteria. The 2017 LTIP sets forth the applicable performance criteria that may be used in making such awards, and the objectively determinable adjustments to the applicable performance criteria that may be used. Performance targets applicable to awards intended to constitute QPBC will be related to measures of one or more of the criteria listed below. Such criteria may be determined by reference to the performance of the Company, Altice N.V., an affiliate or a business unit, product or service thereof or any combination of the foregoing. Such criteria may also be measured on a per customer, subscriber, homes passed, basic or diluted share basis or any combination of the foregoing and may reflect absolute performance, incremental performance or comparative performance to other companies (or their products or services) determined on a gross, net, GAAP or non-GAAP basis, with respect to one or more of the following: net or operating income or other measures of profit; measures of revenue; earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA); cash flow, free cash flow, adjusted operating cash flow and similar measures; return on equity, investment, assets or capital; gross or operating margins or savings; performance relative to budget, forecast or market expectations; market share or penetration, subscriber or customer acquisition or retention, ratings or viewership; operating metrics relating to sales, installations or customer service or satisfaction; capital spending management, network upgrades or product or service deployments; a specified increase in the fair market value of the Company's common stock or that of Altice N.V.; a specified increase in the private market value of the Company; the price of the Company's common stock or that of Altice N.V.; earnings per share; and/or total shareholder return.

Following the completion of each performance period, for QPBC, the Compensation Committee will determine the extent to which the performance targets have been achieved or exceeded. If the minimum performance targets for awards intended to constitute QPBC are not achieved, no payment will be made.

Changes in Capitalization

In the event of certain specified changes in capitalization set forth in the 2017 LTIP, the number and kind of shares of Class A common stock authorized for issuance under the 2017 LTIP and the individual limits described above in "Limitation on Awards and Shares Available" will be equitably adjusted in the manner deemed necessary by our Board to preserve, but not increase, the benefits or potential benefits intended to be made available under the 2017 LTIP. Unless otherwise determined by our Board, such adjusted awards will be subject to the same restrictions and vesting or settlement schedules to which the underlying awards are subject (subject to the limitations of Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code).

Plan Amendment or Termination

Our Board has the authority to amend, suspend, or terminate the 2017 LTIP. Furthermore, no amendment, suspension or termination will be effective without the approval of the Company's stockholders if such approval is required under applicable laws, rules and regulations.

New Plan Benefits

The benefits that will be awarded or paid under the 2017 LTIP are not currently determinable. Awards granted under the 2017 LTIP are within the discretion of our Board (subject to the prior written approval of Altice N.V. under the stockholders' agreement), and our Board has not determined future awards or who might receive them.

Description of Non-GAAP Financial Measures

The Non-GAAP financial measures disclosed here are measures used as performance targets in 2016 compensation programs in which the named executive officers of the Company participate. The measures under the heading Altice N.V. relate to the performance of Altice N.V., which reports on an International Financial Reporting Standards basis.

Altice N.V. Measures

Adjusted EBITDA—operating income before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization, non-recurring items and other adjustments (equity-based compensation expenses).

Adjusted EBITDA - Capex - change in working capital—Adjusted EBITDA as defined above less capital expenditures and change in working capital.

Altice USA, Cequel and Cablevision

Adjusted EBITDA—net income (loss) excluding income taxes, income (loss) from discontinued operations, other non-operating income or expenses, loss on extinguishment of debt and write-off of deferred financing costs, gain (loss) on interest rate swap contracts, gain (loss) on equity derivative contracts, gain (loss) on investments, interest expense (including cash interest expense), interest income, depreciation and amortization (including impairments), share-based compensation expense or benefit, restructuring expense or credits and transaction expenses.

Adjusted EBITDA - Capex—Adjusted EBITDA as defined above less capital expenditures.

Adjusted EBITDA - Capex - change in working capital—Adjusted EBITDA as defined above less capital expenditures and change in working capital.

PRINCIPAL AND SELLING STOCKHOLDERS

The following table presents certain information as of May 31, 2017 with respect to the beneficial ownership of our common stock, and as adjusted to give effect to the Organizational Transactions and sale of Class A common stock offered by us and the selling stockholders in this offering, assuming no exercise and full exercise of the underwriters' option to purchase additional shares of Class A common stock, by:

- each of our current directors;
- each of our named executive officers;
- · all of our directors and executive officers as a group;
- · each stockholder known by us to be the beneficial owner of more than 5% of our outstanding shares of our Class A common stock and Class B common stock; and
- each selling stockholder.

Beneficial ownership for the purposes of the following table is determined in accordance with the rules and regulations of the SEC. These rules generally provide that a person is the beneficial owner of securities if such person has or shares the power to vote or direct the voting thereof, or to dispose or direct the disposition thereof or has the right to acquire such powers within 60 days. All amounts in the following table, except for the shares to be sold in this offering, are estimated assuming an initial public offering price at the mid-point of the price range set forth on the cover page of this prospectus. Except as disclosed in the footnotes to this table and subject to applicable community property laws, we believe that each stockholder identified in the table possesses sole voting and investment power over all shares of common stock shown as beneficially owned by the stockholder. Unless otherwise indicated in the table or footnotes below, the address for each beneficial owner is c/o Altice USA, Inc., 1111 Stewart Avenue, Bethpage, New York 11714.

We have based the percentage ownership of our common stock before this offering on 234,681,978 shares of our Class A common stock and 490,318,022 shares of our Class B common stock outstanding based on an assumed initial public offering price of \$29.00 and completion of the Organizational Transactions. For more information, see "Summary—Ownership and Organization—Organizational Transactions." Percentage ownership of our common stock after this offering (assuming no exercise of the underwriters' option to purchase additional shares of Class A common stock) also assumes the sale by us and the selling stockholders of 46,551,725 shares of Class A common stock in this offering. Percentage ownership of our common stock after this offering (assuming full exercise of the underwriters' option to purchase additional shares of Class A common stock) also assumes the sale by the Selling Stockholders of an additional 5,172,414 shares of Class A common stock.

	Shares Beneficially Owned Before this Offering(1)						Shares Beneficially Owned After this Offering (Assuming No Exercise of Option)				% Total Voting Number of		Shares Beneficially Owned After this Offering (Assuming Full Exercise of Option)				% Total Voting
	Class A		Class E		% Total Voting Power Before this	Shares Being Offered (Assuming No Exercise	Class A	<u> </u>	Class B		Power After this Offering(2) (Assuming No Exercise	Shares Being Offered (Assuming Full Exercise	Class A	<u>\</u>	Class B		Power After this Offering (Assuming Full Exercise
Name of Beneficial Owner	Number	%	Number	%	Offering	of Option)	Number	<u>%</u>	Number	%	of Option)	of Option)	Number	%	Number	<u>%</u>	of Option)
5% Stockholders	(2 ((1 0(1	25.10/	400 210 022	100.00/	00.60		(2 ((1 0(1	25.00/	100 210 022	100.00	00.50	,	(2 ((1 0(4	25.00/	400 210 022	100.004	00.50
Altice Parties(1)(2)(6) CPPIB(4)(6)	65,742,346		490,318,022	0.007		13,559,429				100.0%		15.593.343			490,318,022		
BC Partners(3)(6)	101.445,919			0.0%		20,923,330			-	0.0%		24,061,830	, . ,				
Named Executive Officers, Directors and nominees(5)(6)																	
Dexter Goei(7)	1,864,209	0.7%		0.0%			1,864,209			0.0%			1,864,209	0.7%		0.0%	
Charles Stewart	18,643	0.0%		0.0%			,		_	0.0%			18,643	0.0%		0.0%	
Abdelhakim Boubazine	932,105	0.3%		0.0%	0.0%		932,105	0.3%	_	0.0%			932,105	0.3%		0.0%	
Lisa Rosenblum	18,643	0.0%		0.0%			18,643		_	0.0%			,	0.0%		0.0%	
David Connolly		0.0%		0.0%	0.0%		_	0.0%		0.0%			_	0.0%		0.0%	
Michel Combes	_	0.0%	_	0.0%	0.0%	_	_	0.0%	_	0.0%	0.0%	<u> </u>	_	0.0%	_	0.0%	0.0%
Dennis Okhuijsen	_	0.0%		0.0%			_			0.0%			_	0.0%		0.0%	
Jérémie Bonnin	_	0.0%		0.0%			_	0.00/	_	0.0%			_	0.0%		0.0%	
Raymond Svider Mark Mullen		0.007		0.0%			_	0.001	_	0.0%			_	0.0%		0.0%	
All executive officers and directors as a group (10 persons)(6)	2.833,600			0.0%) — —	2.833.600			0.0%				1.0%		0.0%	
(10 persons)(6)	2,033,000	1.070	_	0.0%		_	2,033,000	1.0%	_	0.0%	0.07	· —	2,033,000	1.0%	_	0.0%	0.07

- Less than 0.1%
- Mr. Drahi is the sole indirect controlling shareholder of Next Alt S.à r.l. ("Next Alt"), a personal holding company. As of May 31, 2017, Next Alt is holder of 59.37% of the share capital and voting rights of Altice N.V. Altice N.V. maintains a one-tier board of four executive board members and three non-executive board members. The executive board members are appointed by shareholders at the general meeting at the binding nomination of Next Alt. A4 S.A., which is controlled by the family of Mr. Drahi, is an executive board member of Altice N.V. Altice N.V. owns an indirect controlling interest in CVC 3. Mr. Drahi and Altice N.V. may each be deemed to beneficially own the 490,317,022 shares of Class B common stock owned by CVC 3. CVC 3 is also the sole member of Neptune Holding US GP LLC, which is the sole general partner of Holding LP. As such, Mr. Drahi and Altice N.V. may each be deemed to beneficially own 56,879,232 shares of Class A common stock held by Holding LP. A4 S.A. owns 1,000 shares of Class A common stock and 1,000 shares of Class B common stock. In addition, Mr. Drahi is the sole controlling shareholder of Uppernext, which owns 6,780,831 shares of Class A common stock. Altice N.V. and A4 S.A. are parties to a stockholders agreement with the Company to be entered into at the closing of the IPO. For more information, see "Related Party Transactions."
- (2) The principal address for Next Alt, Uppernext and A4 S.A. is 3 boulevard Royal, L-2449 Luxembourg, Grand Duchy of Luxembourg; the principal address for Altice N.V. and CVC 3 is Prins Bernhardplein 200, 1097 JB Amsterdam, The Netherlands; the principal address for Neptune Holding US GP LLC and Holding LP is c/o Altice USA, Inc., 1111 Stewart Avenue, Bethpage, NY 11714.
- (3) CIE Management IX Limited, which is an entity under common control with BC Partners LLP, is the ultimate general partner of, and has investment control over the Class A common stock held by the funds commonly known as BC European Capital IX—1 LP through 11 LP and BC European Capital—Suddenlink Co-Investment 1 through 6 LP, and has investment control over the Class A common stock held by BC European Capital IX Limited is also the ultimate control party of Sudden Vision S.a.r.l., which will hold these shares after the consummation of the offering. CIE Management IX Limited may, therefore, be deemed to have shared voting and investment power over Class A common stock beneficially owned by each of these entities. Because CIE Management IX Limited is managed by a board of directors, no individuals have ultimate voting or investment control (as determined by Rule 13d-3) over the shares that may be deemed beneficially owned by CIE Management IX Limited. The principal address of CIE Management IX Limited is Heritage Hall, Le Marchant Street, St. Peter Port, Guernsey, GY1 4HY, Channel Islands.
- (4) CPPIB is overseen by a board of directors. None of the directors of the board of directors has sole voting or dispositive power with respect to the shares of our common stock beneficially owned by CPPIB. The address of CPPIB is One Queen Street East, Suite 2500, Toronto, ON, M5C 2W5.
- (5) The address for these persons is c/o Altice USA, Inc., 1111 Stewart Avenue, Bethpage, NY 11714.
- (6) Share numbers for Class A and Class B common stock are based on an assumed initial public offering price of \$29.00 per share, the mid-point of the price range set forth on the cover of this prospectus. If the initial public offering price is \$27.00 per share, the low end of the price range set forth on the cover of this prospectus, the shares beneficially owned before this offering would be the following: Altice Parties would beneficially own 63,132,716 shares of Class A common stock and 489,905,782 shares of Class B common stock, BCP would beneficially own 102,063,102 shares of Class A common stock, CPPIB would beneficially own 66,142,314 shares of Class A common stock and all executive officers and directors as a group would beneficially own 2,808,234 shares of Class A common stock. If the initial public offering price is \$31.00 per share, the high end of the price range set forth on the cover of this prospectus, the shares beneficially own 64,121,237 shares of Class A common stock and 490,677,071 shares of Class B common stock, BCP would beneficially own 05,393,987 shares of Class A common stock and dl executive officers and directors as a group would beneficially own 2,855,692 shares of Class A common stock and dl executive officers and directors as a group would beneficially own 2,855,692 shares of Class A common stock and dl executive officers and directors as a group would beneficially own 2,855,692 shares of Class A common stock and 490,677,071 s
- (7) Mr. Goei holds his shares of Class A common stock through Vinluam S.a.r.l., SPF. The principal address for Vinluam S.a.r.l., SPF is 3, boulevard Royal, L-2449 Luxembourg, Grand Duchy of Luxembourg.

CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Our Relationship with Altice N.V.

Altice N.V., through dedicated affiliates, applies a common approach, referred to as the Altice Way, to leveraging the Altice Group's core strategic, operational and technical capabilities in a coordinated, centralized manner for the benefit of its operating subsidiaries and to reorganize their processes and redeploy their resources in order to improve operational efficiency, foster innovation and create long-term value for stockholders.

This approach encompasses know-how, methodologies, best practices and services, developed by a team of specialists in affiliates of Altice N.V., to simplify organizations, streamline decision-making and redeploy physical, technical and financial resources for network investment and customer service, allowing its operating subsidiaries to focus on network improvements and customer experience enhancements. Altice N.V. implements this approach by focusing on a number of core principles, including: (1) improving network quality, upgrading and building high speed communications networks to ensure the reliability and flexibility of the services provided; (2) improving customer relationship management and maximizing customer experience, notably by leveraging efficient IT platforms, focusing on digitalization and simplifying processes; (3) leveraging the Altice Group's international media and content organization as part of Altice N.V.'s global ambition of convergence; (4) developing, launching and integrating new products, services and business models, including the creation of the next generation communications access and content convergence platforms with market-leading home hubs; (5) delivering to our customers the best news channels, the best sport content, the best documentary programs and creating the best series and movies; (6) delivering key technology services and market-leading research and development through Altice Labs, the Group's global research and development arm, promoting innovation and transforming technical knowledge into marketable competitive advantages (including the creation and monetization of world-class data analytics); (7) leveraging branding, sales and marketing strategies and synergies; and (8) selecting strategic suppliers and improving technical and commercial negotiations through centralized procurement leveraging the Altice Group's global scale.

In connection with Altice N.V.'s implementation of this approach at Altice USA, we have entered into, and will in the future enter into, transactions and agreements with our affiliates in the ordinary course of business, subject to compliance with our policy regarding related-party transactions, including relating to:

- Our acquisition of software and network equipment such as routers, power supply and transceiver modules, including equipment to be used in our new home communications hub:
- Our procurement of services, such as for the design, development, integration, support and maintenance of the user interface software for our new home communications hub; access to an international communications backbone, international carrier services and call termination services; and real estate and real estate services;
- Our purchase of customer and technical service support and services and licensing of intellectual property, including patents, trademarks and other rights; and
- Our acquisition of content, including our agreement relating to i24 News, an international news channel majority owned by Altice N.V. in which we have a 25% investment in its U.S. business.

Altice Technical Services

ATS is a subsidiary of Altice N.V. specializing in the engineering, supply, construction and deployment of networks, in particular FTTH broadband networks, and the provision of network upgrade and maintenance services. ATS has developed end-to-end network construction and

maintenance control processes enabling network operators to optimize their operational risks and costs. Prior to the consummation of the offering, we will enter into an agreement pursuant to which ATS, through its U.S. affiliate, will provide a full range of services to Altice USA, including construction and maintenance of its networks, equipment sale and commercial and residential access installation with associated services such as, network access points installation, disconnection and maintenance, equipment warrehousing, equipment warranty and repair and security services. ATS will sell to Altice USA the products related to such services, including optical links from the network head-end to the household, optical node, optical fiber and coaxial cables, distribution frames and connections and set-top boxes.

Management Advisory and Consulting Services

A subsidiary of Altice N.V. provides consulting, advisory and other services to us in connection with our acquisitions, divestitures, investments, capital raising, financial and business affairs for a quarterly fee. See Note 13 to our unaudited consolidated financial statements and Note 15 to our audited consolidated financial statements included elsewhere herein for more information. The subsidiary will assign the agreement under which it provides these services to us to Altice N.V. prior to the closing of this offering.

Stockholders' Agreement

In connection with this offering, we will to enter into a stockholders' agreement with Altice N.V. and A4 S.A. Pursuant to this agreement, Altice N.V. will have the right to nominate a majority of the members of our board of directors, one of which will be an individual designated by A4 S.A., and Altice N.V. will agree to vote its shares in favor of electing the individual designated by A4 S.A. If a director designated by Altice N.V. or by A4 S.A. resigns or is removed from the board of directors, as the case may be, only another director designated by Altice N.V. or by A4 S.A., as the case may be, may fill the vacancy. The stockholders' agreement will require us to obtain the consent of Altice N.V. before we may take certain actions specified therein. See "Description of Capital Stock—Stockholders' Agreement."

Stockholders and Registration Rights Agreement

In connection with this offering, we expect to enter into a stockholders and registration rights agreement with Altice N.V., BCP and CPPIB. This agreement will provide to Altice N.V. an unlimited number of "demand" registrations for the registration of the sale of our common stock in a minimum aggregate amount (the "Minimum Amount"), which is the lowest of (i) \$100,000,000, (ii) one percent (1%) of the value of Shares (as defined in the stockholders and registration rights agreement) that are publicly traded as of the close of business on the most recent business day or (iii) such lesser amount as agreed by the Sponsors and Altice N.V. Additionally, the agreement will provide BCP and CPPIB each with one "demand" registration every twelve months, subject to an exception, and customary "piggyback" registration rights to Altice N.V., BCP and CPPIB. The stockholders and registration rights agreement will also provide that we will pay certain expenses relating to such registrations and indemnify Altice N.V., BCP and CPPIB against certain liabilities which may arise under the Securities Act. Each Sponsor will also have the right to, among other things, designate one non-voting observer to our board of directors for so long as such Sponsor and certain of its affiliates own at least 4% of the issued and outstanding shares of Class A and Class B common stock and there is no director who is a designee of such Sponsor on our board of directors. Subject to certain exceptions, each non-voting observer will be permitted to attend all meetings of our board of directors and the committees thereof.

Right of First Refusal

Any proposed sale of shares of common stock held by certain members of our management will be subject to a right of first refusal in favor of Altice N.V.

Notes Payable to Affiliates and Related Parties

In June 2016, in connection with Cablevision Acquisition, affiliates of the Sponsors and Altice N.V. purchased \$875 million aggregate principal amount of Altice USA's 10.75% notes due 2023 and \$875 million aggregate principal amount of Altice USA's 11.00% notes due 2024. Prior to the consummation of this offering, the notes held by the affiliates of the Sponsors (together with accrued and unpaid interest and applicable premium) will be converted into shares of the Company's Class A common stock and the notes held by an affiliate of Altice N.V. (together with accrued and unpaid interest and applicable premium) will be converted into shares of the Company's Class B common stock. See "Summary—Ownership and Organization—Organizational Transactions" for more information.

Our Policy Regarding Related-Party Transactions

All agreements and transactions between us, on the one hand, and affiliates of Altice N.V. on the other hand, will be subject to the Related-Party Transaction Approval Policy that our board of directors will adopt prior to the completion of this offering. Under this policy, the Audit Committee of the board consisting entirely of directors who have been determined by the board to be independent directors for purposes of the NYSE corporate governance standards reviews and approves or takes such other action as it may deem appropriate with respect to transactions involving the Company and its subsidiaries, on the one hand, and in which any director, officer, greater than 5% stockholder of the Company or any other "related person" as defined in Item 404 of Regulation S-K under the Securities Act ("Item 404") has or will have a direct or indirect material interest. This approval requirement covers any transaction that meets the related-party disclosure requirements of the SEC as set forth in Item 404. Under the Related-Party Transaction Approval Policy, the Audit Committee similarly oversees approval of transactions and arrangements between the Company and its subsidiaries, on the one hand, and Altice N.V. and its other subsidiaries, on the other hand, to the extent involving amounts in excess of the dollar threshold set forth in Item 404 (the "Item 404 Threshold").

The Related-Party Transaction Approval Policy provides that to simplify the administration of the approval process under the Related-Party Transaction Approval Policy, the Audit Committee may, where it deems it to be appropriate, establish guidelines for certain types of these transactions. The approval requirement will not apply to the implementation and administration of intercompany arrangements under the Related-Party Transaction Approval Policy, but covers any amendments, modifications, terminations or extensions involving amounts in excess of the Item 404 Threshold, as well as the handling and resolution of any disputes involving amounts in excess of the Item 404 Threshold. The Company's executive officers and directors who are also senior executives or directors of Altice N.V., as the case may be, may participate in the negotiation, execution, amendment, modification, or termination of intercompany arrangements subject to the Related-Party Transaction Approval Policy, as well as in any resolution of disputes under intercompany arrangements, on behalf of either or both of the Company and Altice N.V., as the case may be, under the direction of the Audit Committee when acting on behalf of the Company.

The Related-Party Transaction Approval Policy cannot be amended or terminated without the prior approval of a majority of the Audit Committee.

DESCRIPTION OF CAPITAL STOCK

General

The following description of our capital stock and certain provisions of our amended and restated certificate of incorporation and amended and restated bylaws are summaries and are qualified by reference to the amended and restated certificate of incorporation and the amended and restated bylaws that will be in effect on the closing of this offering. Copies of these documents will be filed with the SEC as exhibits to our registration statement, of which this prospectus forms a part. The descriptions of the common stock and preferred stock reflect changes to our capital structure that will be in effect on the closing of this offering.

On the closing of this offering, our amended and restated certificate of incorporation will provide for three classes of common stock: Class A common stock, Class B common stock and Class C common stock. In addition, our amended and restated certificate of incorporation will authorize shares of undesignated preferred stock, the rights, preferences and privileges of which may be designated from time to time by our board of directors.

On the closing of this offering, our authorized capital stock will consist of 9,100,000,000 shares, all with a par value of \$0.01 per share, of which:

- 4,000,000,000 shares are designated Class A common stock;
- 1,000,000,000 shares are designated Class B common stock;
- 4,000,000,000 shares are designated Class C common stock; and
- 100,000,000 shares are designated preferred stock.

Immediately following the Organizational Transactions but prior to the completion of this offering, we will have outstanding 725,000,000 shares of common stock. Upon consummation of this offering, there will be 246,750,944 shares of our Class A common stock issued and outstanding and 490,318,022 shares of our Class B common stock issued and outstanding.

Class A Common Stock, Class B Common Stock and Class C Common Stock

Voting Rights

Holders of our Class A common stock are entitled to one vote per share and holders of our Class B common stock are entitled to twenty-five votes per share on any matter submitted to a vote of our stockholders. Except as set forth below or as required by Delaware law, holders of shares of Class A common stock and Class B common stock will vote together as a single class on all matters (including the election of directors) submitted to a vote of our stockholders.

If we issue any shares of Class C common stock, they will not be entitled to any votes on any matter that is submitted to a vote of our stockholders, except as provided in our certificate of incorporation or as required by Delaware law. Delaware law would require the holders of Class A common stock, Class B common stock or Class C common stock to vote separately as a single class on a matter if we were to seek to:

- amend our certificate of incorporation to increase the authorized number of shares of a class of stock (except as otherwise provided in the certificate of incorporation) or increase or decrease the par value of a class of stock; or
- amend our certificate of incorporation in a manner that altered or changed the powers, preferences, or special rights of a class of stock in a manner that affected them adversely.

As permitted by Delaware law, our amended and restated certificate of incorporation provides that the number of authorized shares of common stock or any class of common stock may be increased or decreased (but not below the number of shares of common stock then outstanding) by the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the voting power of the Class A common stock and Class B common stock, voting together as a single class.

Each of our directors and director nominees will stand for election at each of our annual meetings of stockholders. Our amended and restated certificate of incorporation does not provide for cumulative voting for the election of directors. Rather, a majority of the votes cast is required for a director or director nominee to be duly elected in any uncontested election. Because our stockholders do not have cumulative voting rights, stockholders holding a majority of the voting power of our capital stock will be able to elect all of our directors. Stockholders holding a majority of the voting power of our capital stock will be able to remove each of our directors with or without cause. Pursuant to the stockholders' agreement we will enter into with Altice N.V. and A4 S.A. in connection with this offering, Altice N.V. will have the right to nominate a majority of the members of our board of directors, one of which will be an individual designated by A4 S.A., and Altice N.V. will agree to vote its shares in favor of electing the individual designated by A4 S.A. If a director designated by Altice N.V. or by A4 S.A. resigns or is removed from the board of directors, as the case may be, only another director designated by Altice N.V. or by A4 S.A., as the case may be, may fill the vacancy. See "—Stockholders' Agreement."

Our amended and restated certificate of incorporation also gives the holders of at least a majority of the voting power of our capital stock the right to act by written consent in lieu of a meeting and without notice.

Economic Rights

Except as otherwise expressly provided in our amended and restated certificate of incorporation or required by Delaware law, all shares of Class A common stock, Class B common stock and Class C common stock will have the same rights and privileges and rank equally, share ratably and be identical in all respects for all matters, including those described below.

Dividends and Distributions. Subject to preferences that may apply to any shares of preferred stock outstanding at the time, the holders of outstanding shares of Class A common stock, Class B common stock and Class C common stock will be entitled to share equally, on a per share basis, in any dividend or distribution of funds legally available if our board of directors, in its discretion, determines to declare and pay dividends and only then at the times and in the amounts that our board of directors may determine. In the event that a dividend is paid in the form of shares of our capital stock or rights to acquire or securities convertible into or exchangeable for shares of our capital stock, then, in the discretion of our board of directors, either (A) the holders of shares of Class A common stock, Class B common stock and Class C common stock shall receive the identical class of securities on an equal per share basis, or (B) (i) the holders of shares of Class A common stock or rights to acquire such securities, as the case may be; (ii) the holders of shares of Class B common stock, or securities convertible into or exchangeable for shares of Class B common stock or rights to acquire such securities, as the case may be; and (iii) the holders of shares of Class C common stock shall receive Class C common stock, or securities, as the case may be; in each such case in clause (B), in an equal amount per share.

Distributions of Another Corporation's Securities. Unless otherwise approved by the board of directors, where the securities of another corporation are distributed, they must only be distributed to holders of Class A common stock, Class B common stock and Class C common stock on the basis that:

- (a) the holders of Class A common stock, Class B common stock and Class C common stock receive the identical class of securities; or
- (b) subject to the remainder of this paragraph, the holders of Class A common stock, Class B common stock and Class C common stock each receive different classes of securities; or
- (c) subject to the remainder of this paragraph, the holders of one or more class of common stock receive a different class of securities than the holders of all other classes of common stock,

in each case, on an equal per share basis and to holders of any shares of preferred stock outstanding at the time in accordance with the terms thereof.

To the extent that a dividend is declared and paid pursuant to paragraph (b) or (c), then the holders of Class B common stock shall receive the securities having the highest number of votes per share (or, in the case of convertible securities, the securities convertible into, exchangeable for or evidencing the right to purchase, the securities with the highest number of votes per share) and the holders of each other class of common stock shall receive the securities having the lesser number of votes per share (or, in the case of convertible securities, the securities convertible into, exchangeable for or evidencing the right to purchase, the securities with the lesser number of votes per share): (A) in each case, without regard to whether such voting rights differ to a greater or lesser extent than the corresponding differences in voting rights (and related differences in designation, conversion and rights to distributions) between the Class A common stock, the Class B common stock and the Class C common stock; and (B) provided that the different classes of securities (and, in the case of securities convertible into, exchangeable for or evidencing the right to purchase securities, the securities resulting from such conversion, exchange or purchase) do not differ in any respect other than with respect to their relative voting rights (and related differences in designation, conversion, redemption and rights to distributions).

To the extent that a dividend is declared and paid pursuant to paragraph (b) or (c), and in the event that the holders of Class A common stock receive a class of securities having different rights than those received by the holders of Class C common stock, then: (A) the rights of the different classes of securities (and, in the case of securities convertible into, exchangeable for or evidencing the right to purchase securities, the securities resulting from such conversion, exchange or purchase) may not differ in any respect other than with respect to their relative voting rights (and related differences in designation, conversion, redemption and rights to distributions); and (B) the relevant classes of securities shall be distributed to the holders of Class A common stock and Class C common stock such that the relative voting rights (and related differences in designation, conversion, redemption, rights to dividends in specie comprising securities and rights to distributions) of the class of securities (or, in the case of convertible securities, the securities convertible into, exchangeable for or evidencing the right to purchase, the securities resulting from such conversion, exchange or purchase) to be received by the holders of Class A common stock on the one hand and Class C common stock on the other hand corresponds to the extent practicable to the relative voting rights (and related differences in designation, conversion, redemption and rights to distributions) of the Class A common stock as compared to the Class C common stock.

Liquidation Rights. Upon our dissolution, liquidation or winding up, the assets legally available for distribution to our stockholders will be distributable ratably among the holders of our Class A common stock, Class B common stock and Class C common stock subject to prior satisfaction of all outstanding debt and liabilities and the preferential rights and payment of liquidation preferences, if any, on any outstanding shares of preferred stock unless different treatment of such class with respect to

distributions upon any such liquidation, dissolution or winding up is approved in advance by the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the voting power of the Class A common stock and Class B common stock, each voting separately as a class.

Equal Status. Except as expressly provided in our amended and restated certificate of incorporation or required by applicable law, shares of Class A common stock, Class B common stock and Class C common stock have the same rights and privileges and rank equally, share ratably and are identical in all respects as to all matters. In the event of (i) a consolidation or merger of us with or into any other entity; (ii) any tender offer or exchange offer by any person or entity pursuant to an agreement to which we are a party or that our board of directors recommends; or (iii) a sale by Altice N.V. or any of its subsidiaries that holds shares of our Class B common stock or, solely in the event shares of our Class B common stock have been distributed to Mr. Drahi, his heirs or entities or trusts directly or indirectly under his or their control or formed for his or their benefit or any affiliate of Mr. Drahi, his heirs or entities or trusts directly or indirectly under his or their control or formed for his or their benefit (together with Altice N.V. and any of its subsidiaries that hold such shares, the "Altice Holders"), a sale by Mr. Drahi, such heirs or such trusts or entities or such Affiliates, in one or a series of related transactions, whether to a single purchaser or purchasers constituting a "group" as defined in Section 13(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, of shares of Class B common stock representing (a) at least 40% of the votes entitled to be cast by all stockholders entitled to vote in an election of directors and (b) a greater number of votes than the Altice Holders collectively are entitled to cast immediately following such sale, the holders of Class A common stock, Class B common stock and Class C common stock shall be entitled to participate proportionately and to receive, or to elect to receive, the same form of consideration and the same amount of consideration on a per share basis. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if any securities consideration is paid, distributed or offered to holders of shares of Class A common stock, Class B common stock or Class C common stock in any such transaction, such consideration may differ only in terms of voting rights such that the holder of a share of Class B common stock shall receive or have the right to elect to receive the securities having the highest number of votes per share (or, in the case of convertible securities, the securities convertible into, exchangeable for or evidencing the right to purchase, the securities with the highest number of votes per share) and the holders of each other class of Common Stock shall receive or have the right to elect to receive the securities having the lesser number of votes per share (or, in the case of convertible securities, the securities convertible into, exchangeable for or evidencing the right to purchase, the securities with the lesser number of votes per share), and any securities that the holder of a share of Class C common stock shall receive or have the right to elect to receive shall either have no voting rights or the same voting rights as the securities that a holder of Class A common stock shall receive or have the right to elect to receive.

Subdivisions and Combinations. If we subdivide or combine in any manner outstanding shares of Class A common stock, Class B common stock, or Class C common stock, the outstanding shares of the other classes will be subdivided or combined in the same manner concurrently.

No Preemptive or Similar Rights

Our Class A common stock, Class B common stock and Class C common stock are not entitled to preemptive rights and are not subject to conversion or redemption provisions, except for the conversion provisions with respect to the Class B common stock and Class C common stock described below. Any one or more series of Preferred Stock will have only such preemptive or similar rights granted to the holders thereof by our board of directors.

Conversion and Transfers

Each share of Class B common stock is convertible at any time at the option of the holder into one share of Class A common stock.

Our amended and restated certificate of incorporation will not provide for the automatic conversion of shares of our Class B common stock upon transfer under any circumstances. As a result, the holders of Class B common stock will be free to transfer them without converting them into shares of our Class A common stock. Any shares of Class B common stock that are converted into Class A common stock may not be reissued. The disparate voting rights of the shares of our Class B common stock will not change upon transfer unless first converted into shares of Class A common stock.

Immediately prior to any conversion of all outstanding shares of Class B common stock into Class A common stock, the holders of majority of the voting power of the Class B common stock at the time of such conversion, may, in connection with such conversion, require that each share of Class C common stock shall automatically be converted into one share of Class A common stock on a date fixed by our board of directors, which date shall be no less than 61 days and no more than 180 days following the conversion of all outstanding shares of Class B common stock.

Preferred Stock

On the closing of this offering and under our amended and restated certificate of incorporation, our board of directors may, without further action by our stockholders, fix the rights, preferences, privileges and restrictions of up to an aggregate of 100,000,000 shares of preferred stock in one or more series and authorize their issuance. These rights, preferences and privileges could include dividend rights, conversion rights, voting rights, terms of redemption, liquidation preferences and the number of shares constituting any series or the designation of such series, any or all of which may be greater than the rights of our Class A common stock, Class B common stock or Class C common stock. Any issuance of our preferred stock could adversely affect the voting power of holders of our Class A common stock or Class B common stock, and the likelihood that such holders would receive dividend payments and payments on liquidation. In addition, the issuance of preferred stock could have the effect of delaying, deferring, or preventing a change of control or other corporate action. On the closing of this offering, no shares of preferred stock will be outstanding. We have no present plan to issue any shares of preferred stock.

Stockholders' Agreement

In connection with this offering, we will to enter into a stockholders' agreement with Altice N.V. and A4 S.A. Pursuant to this agreement, Altice N.V. will have the right to nominate a majority of the members of our board of directors, one of which will be an individual designated by A4 S.A., and Altice N.V. will agree to vote its shares in favor of electing the individual designated by A4 S.A. If a director designated by Altice N.V. or by A4 S.A. resigns or is removed from the board of directors, as the case may be, only another director designated by Altice N.V. or by A4 S.A., as the case may be, may fill the vacancy. Until the first date on which Altice N.V. and its affiliates other than us cease to beneficially own at least 20% of the voting power of our outstanding common stock, notwithstanding anything to the contrary in our amended and restated certificate of incorporation or bylaws, or in the governing documents of any of our subsidiaries, without the prior written approval of Altice N.V., we shall not (either directly or indirectly through an affiliate or otherwise or through one or a series of related transactions) take, or permit one of our subsidiaries to take, any of the following actions:

- (a) effect or consummate a Change of Control (as defined in the stockholders' agreement) or publicly endorse a Change of Control (including by recommending any tender or exchange offer that would result in a Change of Control) or enter into any agreement or arrangement to effect or consummate a Change of Control;
- (b) make any material change in the scope of our or our subsidiaries' business from the scope of our or our subsidiaries' business immediately prior to the completion of this offering;

- acquire, dispose of or spin off any securities, assets or liabilities other than acquisitions or dispositions of assets or liabilities in the ordinary course of business
 consistent with past practice;
- (d) enter into any joint venture, recapitalization, reorganization or other strategic alliance with any other Person (as defined in the stockholders' agreement);
- issue any Company Securities (as defined in the stockholders' agreement), except issuances pursuant to a compensation or similar plan approved by our board of directors or a duly authorized committee thereof;
- (f) incur, guarantee, assume, or refinance any indebtedness for borrowed money having a principal amount greater than \$10 million (including debt obligations of any other Person existing at the time such other Person merged with or into or became a subsidiary of, or substantially all of its business and assets were acquired by, by us or our subsidiary, and debt obligations secured by a lien encumbering any asset acquired by us or any such subsidiary and including debt securities), or pledge or grant a security interest in any of our or our subsidiaries' assets having a value of more than \$10 million (other than debt obligations incurred in the ordinary course of business by us and our subsidiaries), or enter into any derivative transactions involving a notional amount greater than \$10 million;
- (g) redeem, repurchase or otherwise acquire Company Common Stock (as defined in the stockholders' agreement) or any warrants, options, rights or securities convertible into, exchangeable for or exercisable for, Company Common Stock, or redeem, repurchase or otherwise acquire or make any payment with respect to any share appreciation rights or phantom share plans (other than repurchases of Company Common Stock from employees upon termination of employment pursuant to terms of duly approved equity grants or pursuant to a cashless exercise of equity grants) or any re-pricing of duly approved equity awards;
- (h) amend (or approve or recommend amendment of) our or any of our subsidiaries' certificates of incorporation or bylaws (or other similar organizational documents);
- (i) elect, hire, replace or dismiss, or establish or modify the remuneration of, our Chief Executive Officer (or the equivalent successor position) (such person, the "CEO"), Chief Financial Officer (or the equivalent successor position) (such person, the "CFO"), or Chief Operating Officer (or the equivalent successor position) (such person, the "COO"), in each case, as elected or appointed by our board of directors;
- (j) elect, hire, replace or dismiss, or establish or modify the remuneration of, any officer of the Company that directly reports to the CEO, CFO or COO;
- (k) establish or modify the remuneration of directors on our board of directors;
- (l) decrease or increase the number of directors serving on our board of directors;
- (m) approve (or adopt) any of our operating and capital budgets for each fiscal year commencing with the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018, or any material amendments thereto or deviations therefrom:
- (n) pay, declare or set aside any sums or other property for the payment of dividends on any Company Common Stock or make any other distributions in respect of any Company Common Stock or any warrants, options, rights or securities convertible into, exchangeable for or exercisable for, Company Common Stock;
- (o) other than as required by applicable law, form, or delegate authority to, any new committee or subcommittee thereof, of our board of directors, or delegate authority to any existing

committee or subcommittee thereof not set forth in the committee's charter or authorized by our board of directors prior to the completion of this offering;

- (p) commence any liquidation, dissolution or voluntary bankruptcy, administration, recapitalization or reorganization in any form of transaction, make arrangements with creditors, or consent to the entry of an order for relief in any involuntary case, or take the conversion of an involuntary case to a voluntary case, or consent to the appointment of or take possession by a receiver, trustee or other custodian for all or substantially all of our or our subsidiaries' property, or otherwise seek the protection of any applicable bankruptcy or insolvency law;
- (q) amend, modify or supplement (or approve or recommend amendment, modification or supplement of) the Related Party Transactions Policy; and
- (r) enter into any agreement or arrangement to do any of the foregoing.

Our amended and restated certificate of incorporation will also require the written approval of Altice N.V. before we may take the actions specified in paragraphs (a), (h) and (p).

Anti-Takeover Provisions

Certificate of Incorporation and Bylaws to be in Effect on the Closing of this Offering

A special meeting of stockholders may be called by a majority of our board of directors, the chair of our board of directors, stockholders holding a majority of the voting power of our capital stock or the director designated by A4 S.A. As described above in "Class A Common Stock, Class B Common Stock and Class C Common Stock—Voting Rights," our amended and restated certificate of incorporation will further provide for a tri-class common stock structure, as a result of which Altice N.V. generally will be able to control the outcome of all matters requiring stockholder approval, including the election of directors and significant corporate transactions, such as a merger or other sale of our company or its assets.

The foregoing provisions will make it more difficult for our existing stockholders, other than Altice N.V., to replace our board of directors as well as for another party to obtain control of us by replacing our board of directors. Because our board of directors will have the power to retain and discharge our officers, these provisions could also make it more difficult for existing stockholders or another party to effect a change in management. In addition, the authorization of undesignated preferred stock will make it possible for our board of directors to issue preferred stock with voting or other rights or preferences that could impede the success of any attempt to change our control.

Authorized but Unissued Shares

The authorized but unissued shares of common stock and preferred stock are available for future issuance without stockholder approval, subject to any limitations imposed by the listing standards of the NYSE. These additional shares may be used for a variety of corporate finance transactions, acquisitions and employee benefit plans. The existence of authorized but unissued and unreserved common stock and preferred stock could make more difficult or discourage an attempt to obtain control of us by means of a proxy contest, tender offer, merger or otherwise.

Section 203 of the DGCL

Section 203 of the DGCL generally prohibits a publicly-held Delaware corporation from engaging in a merger, asset sale or other transaction resulting in a financial benefit with any person who, together with affiliation and association, owns, or within the prior three years, did own, 15% or more of a corporation's voting stock. The prohibition continues for a period of three years after the date of the transaction in which the person became an owner of 15% or more of the corporation's voting stock

unless the transaction or the business combination is approved in a prescribed manner. The statute could prohibit or delay, defer or prevent a change in control with respect to Altice USA. However, by action of our board of directors we have waived the provisions of Section 203.

Choice of Forum

Our amended and restated bylaws will provide that the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware (or, if the Court of Chancery does not have jurisdiction, another state or federal court located in the State of Delaware) shall be the exclusive forum for: (i) any derivative action or proceeding brought in our name or on our behalf; (ii) any action asserting a breach of fiduciary duty; (iii) any action asserting a claim against us arising under the DGCL; (iv) any action regarding our amended and restated certificate of incorporation or our amended and restated bylaws; or (v) any action asserting a claim against us that is governed by the internal affairs doctrine. Our amended and restated bylaws will permit our board of directors to approve the selection of an alternative forum.

Limitations of Liability and Indemnification

Our amended and restated certificate of incorporation will contain provisions indemnifying our directors and officers to the fullest extent permitted by law. In addition, as permitted by Delaware law, our amended and restated certificate of incorporation will provide that no director will be liable to us or our stockholders for monetary damages for breach of fiduciary duty as a director. The effect of this provision is to restrict our rights and the rights of our stockholders in derivative suits to recover monetary damages against a director for breach of fiduciary duty as a director, except for:

- any breach of his or her duty of loyalty to us or our stockholders;
- acts or omissions not in good faith which involve intentional misconduct or a knowing violation of law;
- · the payment of dividends or the redemption or purchase of stock in violation of Delaware law; or
- any transaction from which the director derived an improper personal benefit.

This provision does not affect a director's liability under the federal securities laws.

To the extent our directors, officers and controlling persons will be indemnified under the provisions contained in our amended and restated certificate of incorporation, Delaware law or contractual arrangements against liabilities arising under the Securities Act, we have been advised that in the opinion of the SEC such indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act and is therefore unenforceable.

Corporate Opportunities

The DGCL permits corporations to adopt provisions that renounce any interest or expectancy in, or any offer of an opportunity to participate in, specified business opportunities that are presented to the corporation or one or more of its officers, directors or stockholders. Our amended and restated certificate of incorporation that will be in effect on the closing of this offering recognizes that Mr. Drahi and certain directors, principals, officers, employees and/or other representatives of Altice N.V., A4 S.A. and their affiliates (each such director, principal, officer, employee and/or other representative, an "Altice Group Representatives") may serve as our directors, officers or agents and that Mr. Drahi, Altice N.V., A4 S.A., the Altice Group Representatives and their respective affiliates, and members of our board of directors designated by Altice N.V. and A4 S.A. pursuant to the stockholders' agreement (the "Designated Directors"), may now engage, may continue to engage and may in the future engage in the same or

similar activities or related lines of business as those in which we, directly or indirectly, may engage and/or other business activities that overlap with or compete with those in which we, directly or indirectly, may engage. In the amended and restated certificate of incorporation we have renounced our rights to certain business opportunities and the amended and restated certificate of incorporation provides that none of Mr. Drahi, Altice N.V., A4 S.A., any Altice Group Representative, any Designated Director, or their respective affiliates, have any duty to refrain from, directly or indirectly, engaging in the same or similar business activities or lines of businesses in which we or any of our affiliates engage or are reasonably likely to engage, or otherwise competing with us or any of our affiliates, or have any duty to communicate such opportunities to us, unless such opportunities arise in or are predominantly related to North America. The amended and restated certificate of incorporation further provides that, to the fullest extent permitted by law, none of Mr. Drahi, Altice N.V., A4 S.A., any Altice Group Representative, any Designated Director (including any Designated Director who serves as one of our officers) or any of the foregoing persons' affiliates shall be liable to us or our stockholders for breach of any fiduciary duty solely because they engage in such activities.

Exchange Listing

Our Class A common stock has been approved for listing on the NYSE under the symbol "ATUS."

Transfer Agent and Registrar

On the closing of this offering, the transfer agent and registrar for our Class A common stock and Class B common stock will be American Stock Transfer & Trust Company, LLC.

DESCRIPTION OF CERTAIN INDEBTEDNESS

The following tables summarize certain indebtedness of the Company (dollars in thousands):

			Carrying Value	
	Maturity Data	Interest Date Dringing	March 31,	December 31,
CSC Holdings Restricted Group:	Maturity Date	Rate Principal	2017	2016
Revolving Credit Facility(a)	\$20,000 on October 9, 2020,			
Revolving Credit Pacifity(a)	remaining on November 30, 2021	4.16%\$ 225,256	\$ 196,407	\$ 145,013
Term Loan Facility	July 17, 2025	3.94% 2,493,750	2,481,005	2,486,874
Cequel:				
Revolving Credit Facility(b)	November 30, 2021		_	_
Term Loan Facility	July 28, 2025	3.98% 812,963	810,929	812,903
		\$ 3,531,969	3,488,341	3,444,790
Less: Current portion			31,988	33,150
Long-term debt			\$ 3,456,353	\$ 3,411,640

⁽a) At March 31, 2017, \$90,023 of the revolving credit facility was restricted for certain letters of credit issued on behalf of the Company and \$1,984,721 of the facility was undrawn and available, subject to covenant limitations. Prior to the completion of this offering, we intend to borrow \$500,000 under the CVC Revolving Credit Facility to partially fund the Pre-IPO Distribution.

⁽b) At March 31, 2017, \$17,031 of the revolving credit facility was restricted for certain letters of credit issued on behalf of the Company and \$332,969 of the facility was undrawn and available, subject to covenant limitations.

					Carrying Amount(a)	
Issuer	Date Issued	Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Principal Amount	March 31, 2017	December 31, 2016
CSC Holdings(b)(e)	February 6, 1998	February 15, 2018	7.875%\$	300,000	\$ 308,118	\$ 310,334
CSC Holdings(b)(e)	July 21, 1998	July 15, 2018	7.625%	500,000	518,284	521,654
CSC Holdings(c)(e)	February 12, 2009	February 15, 2019	8.625%	526,000	550,757	553,804
CSC Holdings(c)(e)	November 15,					
	2011	November 15, 2021	6.750%	1,000,000	953,722	951,702
CSC Holdings(c)(e)	May 23, 2014	June 1, 2024	5.250%	750,000	652,687	650,193
CSC Holdings(d)	October 9, 2015	January 15, 2023	10.125%	1,800,000	1,775,500	1,774,750
CSC Holdings(d)	October 9, 2015	October 15, 2025	10.875%	2,000,000	1,970,876	1,970,379
CSC Holdings(d)	October 9, 2015	October 15, 2025	6.625%	1,000,000	985,769	985,469
CSC Holdings(f)	September 23, 2016	April 15, 2027	5.500%	1.310.000	1,304,132	1,304,025
Cablevision(c)(e)	September 23, 2009	September 15, 2017	8.625%	900,000	917,053	926,045
Cablevision(c)(e)	April 15, 2010	April 15, 2018	7.750%	750,000	764,287	767,545
Cablevision(c)(e)	April 15, 2010	April 15, 2020	8.000%	500,000	489,712	488,992
Cablevision(c)(e)	September 27, 2012	September 15, 2022	5.875%	649,024	562,496	559,500
Cequel and Cequel Capital Senior Notes(a) (e)	Oct. 25, 2012 Dec. 28, 2012	September 15, 2020	6.375%	1,500,000	1,459,964	1,457,439
Cequel and Cequel Capital Senior Notes(a)	May 16, 2013 Sept. 9, 2014	December 15, 2021	5.125%	1,250,000	1,121,377	1,115,767

					Carrying Amount(a)	
Issuer	Date Issued	Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Principal Amount	March 31, 2017	December 31, 2016
Altice US Finance I Corporation Senior						
Secured Notes(b)	June 12, 2015	July 15, 2023	5.375%	1,100,000	1,080,508	1,079,869
Cequel and Cequel Capital Senior Notes(c)	June 12, 2015	July 15, 2025	7.750%	620,000	603,276	602,925
Altice US Finance I Corporation Senior						
Notes(d)	April 26, 2016	May 15, 2026	5.500%	1,500,000	1,487,200	1,486,933
			\$	17,955,024	17,505,718	17,507,325
Less: Current portion					725,171	926,045
Long-term debt					\$16,780,547	\$ 16,581,280

- (a) The carrying amount of the notes is net of the unamortized deferred financing costs and/or discounts/premiums.
- (b) The debentures are not redeemable by CSC Holdings prior to maturity.
- (c) Notes are redeemable at any time at a specified "make-whole" price plus accrued and unpaid interest to the redemption date.
- (d) The Company may redeem some or all of the 2023 Notes at any time on or after January 15, 2019, and some or all of the 2025 Notes and 2025 Guaranteed Notes at any time on or after October 15, 2020, at the redemption prices set forth in the relevant indenture, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any. The Company may also redeem up to 40% of each series of the Cablevision Acquisition Notes using the proceeds of certain equity offerings before October 15, 2018, at a redemption price equal to 110.125% for the 2023 Notes, 110.875% for the 2025 Notes and 106.625% for the 2025 Guaranteed Notes, in each case plus accrued and unpaid interest. In addition, at any time prior to January 15, 2019, CSC Holdings may redeem some or all of the 2023 Notes, and at any time prior to October 15, 2020, the Company may redeem some or all of the 2025 Notes and the 2025 Guaranteed Notes, at a price equal to 100% of the principal amount thereof, plus a "make whole" premium specified in the relevant indenture plus accrued and unpaid interest.
- (e) The carrying value of the notes was adjusted to reflect their fair value on the Cablevision Acquisition Date (aggregate reduction of \$52,788).
- (f) The 2027 Guaranteed Notes are redeemable at any time on or after April 15, 2022 at the redemption prices set forth in the indenture, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any. In addition, up to 40% may be redeemed for each series of the 2027 Guaranteed Notes using the proceeds of certain equity offerings before October 15, 2019, at a redemption price equal to 105.500%, plus accrued and unpaid interest.
- (g) Some or all of these notes may be redeemed at any time on or after July 15, 2018, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any. Up to 40% of the notes may be redeemed using the proceeds of certain equity offerings before July 15, 2018, at a redemption price equal to 105.375%.
- (h) Some or all of these notes may be redeemed at any time on or after July 15, 2020, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any. Up to 40% of the notes may be redeemed using the proceeds of certain equity offerings before July 15, 2018, at a redemption price equal to 107.750%.
- (i) Some or all of these notes may be redeemed at any time on or after May 15, 2021, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any. Up to 40% of the notes may be redeemed using the proceeds of certain equity offerings before May 15, 2019, at a redemption price equal to 105.500%.

The following is a summary of provisions relating to our material indebtedness. The following summary does not purport to be complete and is subject to, and qualified in its entirety by reference to, the provisions of the corresponding agreements, including the definitions of certain terms therein that are not otherwise defined in this prospectus. Our Cablevision and Cequel businesses are each currently financed on a standalone basis and the relevant Cablevision and Cequel subsidiaries constitute

separate restricted groups for these debt financing purposes. We were in compliance with our debt covenants as of March 31, 2017.

Cablevision Credit Facilities

Overview

On October 9, 2015, Finco, which merged with and into CSC Holdings on June 21, 2016, entered into a senior secured credit facility, which currently provides U.S. dollar term loans in an aggregate principal amount of \$3,000 million and U.S. dollar revolving loan commitments in an aggregate principal amount of \$2,300 million, which are governed by a credit facilities agreement entered into by, *inter alios*, CSC Holdings, certain lenders party thereto and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. as administrative agent and security agent (as amended, restated, supplemented or otherwise modified on June 20, 2016, June 21, 2016, July 21, 2016, September 9, 2016, December 9, 2016 and March 15, 2017, respectively, and as further amended, restated, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time (the "CVC Credit Facilities Agreement")).

Interest Rate and Fees

Loans comprising each eurodollar borrowing or alternate base rate borrowing, as applicable, bear interest at a rate per annum equal to the adjusted LIBO rate or the alternate base rate, as applicable, plus the applicable margin, where the applicable margin is:

- in respect of the CVC Term Loans, (i) with respect to any alternate base rate loan, 1.25% per annum and (ii) with respect to any eurodollar loan, 2.25% per annum, and
- in respect of CVC Revolving Credit Facility loans (i) with respect to any alternate base rate loan, 2.25% per annum and (ii) with respect to any eurodollar loan, 3.25% per annum.

Mandatory Prepayments

The CVC Credit Facilities Agreement requires CSC Holdings to prepay outstanding CVC Term Loans, subject to certain exceptions and deductions, with (i) 100% of the net cash proceeds of certain asset sales, subject to reinvestment rights and certain other exceptions; and (ii) commencing with the fiscal year ending December 31, 2017, a pari ratable share (based on the outstanding principal amount of the CVC Term Loans divided by the sum of the outstanding principal amount of all pari passu indebtedness and the CVC Term Loans) of 50% of annual excess cash flow, which will be reduced to 0% if the consolidated net senior secured leverage ratio of CSC Holdings is less than or equal to 4.5 to 1.

Voluntary Prepayments

Voluntary prepayments of the CVC Term Loans on or prior to October 17, 2017 which are either (x) in connection with a repricing transaction or (y) effecting any amendment of the CVC Term Loans resulting in a repricing transaction, are subject to a call premium payable to the administrative agent on behalf of the lenders of, in the case of (x) 1.00% of the principal amount of the CVC Term Loans so repaid and in the case of (y) a payment equal to 1.00% of the aggregate amount of the CVC Term Loans subject to such repricing transaction.

Amortization and Final Maturity

The maturity date of the CVC Term Loans is July 17, 2025. CSC Holdings is required to make scheduled quarterly payments each equal to 0.25% of the original principal amount of the CVC Term Loans, with the balance due on the maturity date. The maturity date for \$2,280 million of the CVC

Revolving Credit Facility commitments is November 30, 2021. The maturity date for the remaining \$20 million of CVC Revolving Credit Facility commitments is October 9, 2020.

Guarantees: Security

The obligations of CSC Holdings under the CVC Credit Facilities are guaranteed on a senior basis by each restricted subsidiary of CSC Holdings (other than CSC TKR, LLC and its subsidiaries, which own and operate our New Jersey cable systems) and will also be guaranteed by each future wholly-owned restricted subsidiary of CSC Holdings (other than immaterial subsidiaries), subject to certain limitations set forth in the CVC Credit Facilities documentation. The obligations under the CVC Credit Facilities (including any guarantees thereof) are secured on a first priority basis, subject to any liens permitted by the CVC Credit Facilities, by capital stock held by CSC Holdings or any guarantor in restricted subsidiaries of CSC Holdings, subject to certain exclusions and limitations as agreed with the agent.

Certain Covenants and Events of Default

The CVC Credit Facilities Agreement includes certain negative covenants which, among other things and subject to certain significant exceptions and qualifications, limit CSC Holdings' ability and the ability of its restricted subsidiaries to: (i) incur or guarantee additional indebtedness, (ii) make investments, (iii) create liens, (iv) sell assets and subsidiary stock, (v) pay dividends or make other distributions or repurchase or redeem our capital stock or subordinated debt, (vi) engage in certain transactions with affiliates, (vii) enter into agreements that restrict the payment of dividends by subsidiaries or the repayment of intercompany loans and advances; and (viii) engage in mergers or consolidations. In addition, the CVC Revolving Credit Facility includes a financial maintenance covenant solely for the benefit of the lenders under the CVC Revolving Credit Facility consisting of a maximum consolidated net senior secured leverage ratio of CSC Holdings and its restricted subsidiaries of 5.0 to 1.0. The financial covenant will be tested on the last day of any fiscal quarter (commencing on December 31, 2016) but only if on such day there are outstanding borrowings under the CVC Revolving Credit Facility (excluding any cash collateralized letters of credit and undrawn letters of credit not to exceed \$15 million).

The CVC Credit Facilities Agreement also contains certain customary representations and warranties, affirmative covenants and events of default (including, among others, an event of default upon a change of control). If an event of default occurs, the lenders under the CVC Credit Facilities will be entitled to take various actions, including the acceleration of amounts due under the CVC Credit Facilities and all actions permitted to be taken by a secured creditor.

Cequel Credit Facilities

Overview

On June 12, 2015, Altice US Finance I Corporation entered into a senior secured credit facility which currently provides U.S. dollar term loans in an aggregate principal amount of \$1,265 million and U.S. dollar revolving loan commitments in an aggregate principal amount of \$350 million which are governed by a credit facilities agreement entered into by, *inter alios*, Altice US Finance I Corporation, certain lenders party thereto and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. as administrative agent and security agent (as amended, restated, supplemented or otherwise modified on October 25, 2016, December 9, 2016 and March 15, 2017, and as further amended, restated, supplemented or modified from time to time, the "Cequel Credit Facilities Agreement").

Interest Rate and Fees

Loans comprising each eurodollar borrowing or alternate base rate borrowing, as applicable, bear interest at a rate per annum equal to the adjusted LIBO rate or the alternate base rate, as applicable, plus the applicable margin, where the applicable margin is:

- in respect of the Cequel Term Loans, (i) with respect to any alternate base rate loan, 1.25% per annum and (ii) with respect to any eurodollar loan, 2.25% per annum, and
- in respect of Cequel Revolving Credit Facility loans (i) with respect to any alternate base rate loan, 2.25% per annum and (ii) with respect to any eurodollar loan, 3.25% per annum.

Mandatory Prepayments

The Cequel Credit Facilities Agreement requires Altice US Finance I Corporation to prepay outstanding Cequel Term Loans, subject to certain exceptions and deductions, with (i) 100% of the net cash proceeds of certain asset sales, subject to reinvestment rights and certain other exceptions; and (ii) a pari ratable share (based on the outstanding principal amount of the Cequel Term Loans divided by the sum of the outstanding principal amount of all pari passu indebtedness and the Cequel Term Loans) of 50% of annual excess cash flow, which will be reduced to 0% if the consolidated net senior secured leverage ratio is less than or equal to 4.5:1.

Voluntary Prepayments

Voluntary prepayments of the Cequel Term Loans on or prior to October 28, 2017 which are either (x) in connection with a repricing transaction or (y) effecting any amendment of the Cequel Term Loans resulting in a repricing transaction, are subject to a call premium payable to the administrative agent on behalf of the lenders of, in the case of (x) 1.00% of the principal amount of the Cequel Term Loans so repaid and in the case of (y) a payment equal to 1.00% of the aggregate amount of the Cequel Term Loans subject to such repricing transaction.

Amortization and Final Maturity

The maturity date of the Cequel Term Loans is July 28, 2025. Altice US Finance I Corporation is required to make scheduled quarterly payments each equal to 0.25% of the original principal amount of the Cequel Term Loans, with the balance due on the maturity date. The maturity date of the Cequel Revolving Credit Facility is November 30, 2021.

Guarantees; Security

The obligations of Altice US Finance I Corporation under the Cequel Credit Facilities are guaranteed on a senior basis by Cequel Communications Holdings II, LLC, Cequel and certain of the subsidiaries of Cequel and will also be guaranteed by each future wholly-owned subsidiary of Cequel (other than immaterial subsidiaries), subject to applicable guarantee limitations specified therein. The obligations under the Cequel Credit Facilities (including any guarantees thereof) and are secured by certain assets of Cequel Communications Holdings II, LLC and Cequel, including a share pledge over the share capital of Cequel and Altice US Finance I Corporation and substantially all of the assets of Cequel and the subsidiary guarantors (excluding real property and subject to certain other exceptions).

Certain Covenants and Events of Default

The Cequel Credit Facilities Agreement includes certain negative covenants that, among other things and subject to certain significant exceptions and qualifications, limit Cequel's ability and the ability of its restricted subsidiaries to: (i) incur or guarantee additional indebtedness, (ii) make investments, (iii) create liens, (iv) sell assets and subsidiary stock, (v) pay dividends or make other

distributions or repurchase or redeem our capital stock or subordinated debt, (vi) engage in certain transactions with affiliates, (vii) enter into agreements that restrict the payment of dividends by subsidiaries or the repayment of intercompany loans and advances; and (viii) engage in mergers or consolidations. In addition, the Cequel Credit Facilities Agreement includes a financial maintenance covenant solely for the benefit of the revolving lenders under the Cequel Credit Facilities Agreement consisting of a maximum consolidated net senior secured leverage ratio of Cequel and its restricted subsidiaries of 5.0 to 1.0. The financial covenant will be tested on the last day of any fiscal quarter but only if on such day there are outstanding borrowings under the Cequel Revolving Credit Facility (excluding any cash collateralized letters of credit).

The Cequel Credit Facilities Agreement also contains certain customary representations and warranties, affirmative covenants and events of default (including, among others, an event of default upon a change of control trigger event). If an event of default occurs, the lenders under the Cequel Credit Facilities will be entitled to take various actions, including the acceleration of amounts due under the Cequel Credit Facilities and all actions permitted to be taken by a secured creditor, subject to the Cequel First Lien Intercreditor Agreement.

Cablevision Bonds

Cablevision Notes

On September 23, 2009, Cablevision issued \$900 million aggregate principal amount of its \$\frac{8}{8}\$% Senior Notes due 2017 and \$\frac{8}{5}\$8% Series B Senior Notes due 2017 (together, the "Cablevision 2017 Senior Notes"). On April 17, 2017, Cablevision redeemed \$500 million aggregate principal amount of its Cablevision 2017 Senior Notes with certain of the proceeds of the term loans incurred under the CVC Credit Facilities Agreement, reducing the aggregate principal amount of outstanding Cablevision 2017 Senior Notes to \$400 million. The Cablevision 2017 Senior Notes mature on September 15, 2017. Interest on the Cablevision 2017 Senior Notes is payable semi-annually in cash on each March 15 and September 15.

On April 15, 2010, Cablevision issued \$750 million aggregate principal amount of its $\vec{\mathcal{T}}/4\%$ Senior Notes due 2018. The Cablevision 2018 Senior Notes mature on April 15, 2018. Interest on the Cablevision 2018 Senior Notes is payable semi-annually in cash on each April 15 and October 15.

On April 15, 2010, Cablevision issued \$500 million aggregate principal amount of its 8% Senior Notes due 2020. The Cablevision 2020 Senior Notes mature on April 15, 2020. Interest on the Cablevision 2020 Senior Notes is payable semi-annually in cash on each April 15 and October 15.

On September 27, 2012, Cablevision issued \$750 million aggregate principal amount of its $\frac{3}{2}/8\%$ Senior Notes due 2022. The Cablevision 2022 Senior Notes mature on September 15, 2022. Interest on the Cablevision 2022 Senior Notes is payable semi-annually in cash on each March 15 and September 15.

At any time prior to their respective maturity dates, Cablevision may redeem some or all of the Cablevision Legacy Notes at a price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the Cablevision Legacy Notes plus a "make-whole" premium, together with accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to the date of redemption.

The Cablevision Legacy Notes are unsecured obligations of Cablevision and are not guaranteed by any of its subsidiaries or any other entity.

The indentures governing the Cablevision Legacy Notes contain certain negative covenants, agreements and events of default, including, among other things and subject to certain significant exceptions and qualifications, limitations on the ability of Cablevision and its restricted subsidiaries to (i) incur or guarantee additional indebtedness, (ii) make investments or other restricted payments,

(iii) create liens, (iv) pay dividends or make other distributions or repurchase or redeem our capital stock or subordinated debt, (v) engage in certain transactions with affiliates, (vi) enter into agreements that restrict the payment of dividends by subsidiaries or the repayment of intercompany loans and advances; and (vii) engage in mergers or consolidations.

CSC Holdings Notes

CSC Holdings Senior Guaranteed Notes

On October 9, 2015, Finco issued \$1,000 million aggregate principal amount of its $6^5/8\%$ Senior Guaranteed Notes due 2025. CSC Holdings assumed the obligations as issuer of the CSC 2025 Senior Guaranteed Notes upon the merger of Finco and CSC Holdings on June 21, 2016. The CSC 2025 Senior Guaranteed Notes mature on October 15, 2025. Interest on the CSC 2025 Senior Guaranteed Notes is payable semi-annually in cash on each January 15 and July 15. The CSC 2025 Senior Guaranteed Notes are redeemable, in whole or in part, at any time on or after October 15, 2020, at the applicable redemption prices specified in the indenture governing the CSC 2025 Senior Guaranteed Notes, together with accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but excluding, the date of redemption. At any time prior to October 15, 2018, CSC Holdings may redeem up to 40% of the original aggregate principal amount of the CSC 2025 Senior Guaranteed Notes with the proceeds of certain equity offerings at a redemption price of 106.625% of the principal amount of the CSC 2025 Senior Guaranteed Notes, together with accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but excluding, the date of redemption. At any time prior to October 15, 2020, CSC Holdings may also redeem some or all of the CSC 2025 Senior Guaranteed Notes at a price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the CSC 2025 Senior Guaranteed Notes plus a "make-whole" premium, together with accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but excluding, the date of redemption.

On September 23, 2016, CSC Holdings issued \$1,310 million aggregate principal amount of its $5^1/2\%$ Senior Guaranteed Notes due 2027. The CSC 2027 Senior Guaranteed Notes mature on April 15, 2027. Interest on the CSC 2027 Senior Guaranteed Notes is payable semi-annually in cash on each April 15 and October 15. The CSC 2027 Senior Guaranteed Notes are redeemable, in whole or in part, at any time on or after April 15, 2022, at the applicable redemption prices specified in the indenture governing the CSC 2027 Senior Guaranteed Notes, together with accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but excluding, the date of redemption. At any time prior to October 15, 2019, CSC Holdings may redeem up to 40% of the original aggregate principal amount of the CSC 2027 Senior Guaranteed Notes with the proceeds of certain equity offerings at a redemption price of 105.500% of the principal amount of the CSC 2027 Senior Guaranteed Notes, together with accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but excluding, the date of redemption. At any time prior to April 15, 2022, CSC Holdings may also redeem some or all of the CSC 2027 Senior Guaranteed Notes at a price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the Notes plus a "make-whole" premium, together with accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but excluding, the date of redemption.

The CSC Senior Guaranteed Notes are unsecured obligations of CSC Holdings and are guaranteed on a senior unsecured basis by each restricted subsidiary of CSC Holdings (other than CSC TKR, LLC and its subsidiaries, which own and operate our New Jersey cable systems) and will also be guaranteed by each future wholly-owned restricted subsidiary of CSC Holdings (other than immaterial subsidiaries), subject to certain limitations set forth in the indentures governing the CSC Senior Guaranteed Notes.

The indentures governing the CSC Senior Guaranteed Notes contain certain negative covenants, agreements and events of default, including, subject to certain significant exceptions and qualifications, limitations on the ability of CSC Holdings and its restricted subsidiaries to (i) incur or guarantee additional indebtedness, (ii) make investments, (iii) create liens, (iv) sell assets and subsidiary stock, (v) pay dividends or make other distributions or repurchase or redeem our capital stock or subordinated debt, (vi) engage in certain transactions with affiliates, (vii) enter into agreements that

restrict the payment of dividends by subsidiaries or the repayment of intercompany loans and advances, and (viii) engage in mergers or consolidations.

Upon the occurrence of an event constituting a change of control under the indentures governing the CSC Senior Guaranteed Notes, CSC Holdings must offer to repurchase all of the CSC Senior Guaranteed Notes at a price equal to 101% of their principal amount, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to the repurchase date.

In certain instances in accordance with the terms of the respective indentures, CSC Holdings may be required to make an offer to repurchase the CSC Senior Guaranteed Notes at a purchase price equal to 100% of the principal amount thereof, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, with the excess proceeds from asset sales.

CSC Holdings Senior Notes

On February 6, 1998, CSC Holdings, as a successor issuer, issued \$300 million aggregate principal amount of its $7^7/8\%$ Senior Debentures due 2018. The CSC $7^7/8\%$ 2018 Senior Debentures mature on February 15, 2018. Interest on the CSC $7^7/8\%$ 2018 Senior Debentures is payable semi-annually in cash on each February 15 and August 15.

On July 21, 1998, CSC Holdings, as successor issuer, issued \$500 million aggregate principal amount of its 7/8% Senior Debentures due 2018. The CSC 75/8% 2018 Senior Debentures mature on July 15, 2018. Interest on the CSC 75/8% 2018 Senior Debentures is payable semi-annually in cash on each January 15 and July 15.

On February 12, 2009, CSC Holdings, as a successor issuer, issued \$526 million aggregate principal amount of its \$\frac{8}{8}\frac{8}{8}\text{ Senior Notes due 2019 and \$8^5/8}\text{ Series B Senior Notes due 2019. The CSC 2019 Senior Notes mature on February 15, 2019. Interest on the CSC 2019 Senior Notes is payable semi-annually in cash on each February 15 and August 15.

On November 15, 2011, CSC Holdings issued \$1,000 million aggregate principal amount of its $6^3/4\%$ Senior Notes due 2021 and $6^3/4\%$ Series B Senior Notes due 2021. The CSC 2021 Senior Notes mature on November 15, 2021. Interest on the CSC 2021 Senior Notes is payable semi-annually in cash on each May 15 and November 15.

On May 23, 2014, CSC Holdings issued \$750 million aggregate principal amount of its 5¹/4% Senior Notes due 2024 and 5¹/4% Series B Senior Notes due 2024. The CSC 2024 Senior Notes mature on June 1, 2024. Interest on the CSC 2024 Senior Notes is payable semi-annually in cash on each June 1 and December 1.

At any time prior to their respective maturity dates, CSC Holdings may redeem some or all of the CSC Legacy Notes at a price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the CSC Legacy Notes plus a "make-whole" premium, together with accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to the date of redemption.

On October 9, 2015, Finco, issued \$1,800 million aggregate principal amount of its $10^{1}/8\%$ Senior Notes due 2023 and \$2,000 million $10^{7}/8\%$ Senior Notes due 2025. CSC Holdings assumed the obligations as issuer of the CSC 2023 Senior Notes upon the merger of Finco and CSC Holdings on June 21, 2016. The CSC 2023 Senior Notes mature on January 15, 2023 and the CSC 2025 Senior Notes mature on October 15, 2025. Interest on the CSC New Senior Notes is payable semi-annually in cash on each January 15 and July 15. We intend to redeem \$350 million principal amount of the CSC 2025 Senior Notes with the net proceeds from this offering and cash on hand.

The CSC 2023 Senior Notes are redeemable, in whole or in part, at any time on or after January 15, 2019, at the applicable redemption prices specified in the indenture governing the CSC 2023 Senior Notes, together with accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but excluding, the date of redemption. At any time prior to October 15, 2018, CSC Holdings may redeem up to 40% of the

original aggregate principal amount of the CSC 2023 Senior Notes with the proceeds of certain equity offerings at a redemption price of 110.125% of the principal amount of the CSC 2023 Senior Notes, together with accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but excluding, the date of redemption. At any time prior to January 15, 2019, CSC Holdings may also redeem some or all of the CSC 2023 Senior Notes at a price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the CSC 2023 Senior Notes plus a "make-whole" premium, together with accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but excluding, the date of redemption.

The CSC 2025 Senior Notes are redeemable, in whole or in part, at any time on or after October 15, 2020, at the applicable redemption prices specified in the indenture governing the CSC 2025 Senior Notes, together with accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but excluding, the date of redemption. At any time prior to October 15, 2018, CSC Holdings may redeem up to 40% of the original aggregate principal amount of the CSC 2025 Senior Notes with the proceeds of certain equity offerings at a redemption price of 110.875% of the principal amount of the CSC 2025 Senior Notes, together with accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but excluding, the date of redemption. At any time prior to October 15, 2020, CSC Holdings may also redeem some or all of the CSC 2025 Senior Notes at a price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the CSC 2025 Senior Notes plus a "make-whole" premium, together with accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but excluding, the date of redemption.

The CSC Senior Notes are unsecured obligations of CSC Holdings and are not guaranteed by any of its subsidiaries or any other entity.

The indentures governing the CSC Senior Notes contain certain negative covenants, agreements and events of default, including, subject to certain significant exceptions and qualifications, limitations on the ability of CSC Holdings and its restricted subsidiaries to (i) incur or guarantee additional indebtedness, (ii) make investments, (iii) create liens, (iv) sell assets and subsidiary stock, (v) pay dividends or make other distributions or repurchase or redeem our capital stock or subordinated debt, (vi) engage in certain transactions with affiliates, (vii) enter into agreements that restrict the payment of dividends by subsidiaries or the repayment of intercompany loans and advances; and (viii) engage in mergers or consolidations.

Upon the occurrence of an event constituting a change of control under the indenture governing the CSC New Senior Notes, CSC Holdings must offer to repurchase all of the CSC New Senior Notes at a price equal to 101% of their principal amount, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to the repurchase date.

In certain instances in accordance with the terms of the indenture, CSC Holdings may be required to make an offer to repurchase the CSC New Senior Notes at a purchase price equal to 100% of the principal amount thereof, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, with the excess proceeds from asset sales.

Cequel Bonds

Cequel Senior Secured Notes

On June 12, 2015, Altice US Finance I Corporation issued \$1,100 million aggregate principal amount of its $\frac{3}{7}$ /8% Senior Secured Notes due 2023 (the "Cequel 2023 Senior Secured Notes"). The Cequel 2023 Senior Secured Notes mature on July 15, 2023. Interest on the Cequel 2023 Senior Secured Notes is payable semi-annually in cash on each January 15 and July 15. The Cequel 2023 Senior Secured Notes are redeemable, in whole or in part, at any time on or after July 15, 2018, at the applicable redemption prices specified in the indenture governing the 2023 Senior Secured Notes, together with accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but excluding, the date of redemption. At any time prior to July 15, 2018, Altice US Finance I Corporation may redeem up to 40% of the original

aggregate principal amount of the Cequel 2023 Senior Secured Notes with the proceeds of certain equity offerings at a redemption price of 105.375% of the principal amount of the Cequel 2023 Senior Secured Notes, together with accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but excluding, the date of redemption. At any time prior to July 15, 2018, Altice US Finance I Corporation may also redeem some or all of the Cequel 2023 Senior Secured Notes at a price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the Cequel 2023 Senior Secured Notes plus a "make-whole" premium, together with accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but excluding, the date of redemption.

On April 26, 2016, Altice US Finance I Corporation issued \$1,500 million aggregate principal amount of its 5¹/2% Senior Secured Notes due 2026 (the "Cequel 2026 Senior Secured Notes" and, together with the Cequel 2023 Senior Secured Notes, the "Cequel Senior Secured Notes"). The Cequel 2026 Senior Secured Notes mature on May 15, 2026. Interest on the Cequel 2026 Senior Secured Notes is payable semi-annually in cash on each May 15 and November 15. The Cequel 2026 Senior Secured Notes are redeemable, in whole or in part, at any time on or after May 15, 2021, at the applicable redemption prices specified in the indenture governing the 2026 Senior Secured Notes, together with accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but excluding, the date of redemption. At any time prior to May 15, 2019, Altice US Finance I Corporation may redeem up to 40% of the original aggregate principal amount of the Cequel 2026 Senior Secured Notes with the proceeds of certain equity offerings at a redemption price of 105.5% of the principal amount of the Cequel 2026 Senior Secured Notes, together with accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but excluding, the date of redemption. At any time prior to May 15, 2021, Altice US Finance I Corporation may also redeem some or all of the Cequel 2026 Senior Secured Notes at a price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the Cequel 2026 Senior Secured Notes plus a "make-whole" premium, together with accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but excluding, the date of redemption.

The obligations of Altice US Finance I Corporation under the Cequel Senior Secured Notes are guaranteed on a senior basis by Cequel Communications Holdings II, LLC, Cequel and certain subsidiaries of Cequel and are secured by certain assets of Cequel Communications Holdings II, LLC and Cequel, including a share pledge over the share capital of Cequel and Altice US Finance I Corporation, and substantially all of the assets of Cequel and the subsidiary guarantors (excluding real property and subject to certain other exceptions).

The indentures governing the Cequel Senior Secured Notes contain certain negative covenants, agreements and events of default, including, subject to certain significant exceptions and qualifications, limitations on the ability of Cequel and its restricted subsidiaries to (i) incur or guarantee additional indebtedness, (ii) make investments, (iii) create liens, (iv) sell assets and subsidiary stock, (v) pay dividends or make other distributions or repurchase or redeem our capital stock or subordinated debt, (vi) engage in certain transactions with affiliates, (vii) enter into agreements that restrict the payment of dividends by subsidiaries or the repayment of intercompany loans and advances, and (viii) engage in mergers or consolidations.

Upon the occurrence of an event constituting a change of control under the indentures governing the Cequel Senior Secured Notes, Altice US Finance I Corporation must offer to repurchase all of the Cequel Senior Secured Notes at a price equal to 101% of their principal amount, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to the repurchase date.

In certain instances in accordance with the terms of the respective indentures, Altice US Finance I Corporation may be required to make an offer to repurchase the Cequel Senior Secured Notes at a purchase price equal to 100% of the principal amount thereof, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, with the excess proceeds from asset sales.

Cequel Senior Notes

On October 25, 2012, Cequel Capital Corporation and Cequel Communications Holdings I, LLC issued \$500 million aggregate principal amount of their \$\frac{\textit{\chi}}{8\textit{\chi}}\$ Senior Notes due 2020 (the "Cequel 2020 Senior Notes"). On December 28, 2012, the Cequel Senior Notes Issuers issued an additional \$1,000 million aggregate principal amount of their Cequel 2020 Senior Notes. On April 14, 2017, the Cequel Senior Notes Co-Issuers redeemed \$450 million aggregate principal amount of their Cequel 2020 Senior Notes with certain of the proceeds of the term loans incurred under the Cequel Credit Facilities Agreement, reducing the aggregate principal amount of outstanding Cequel 2020 Senior Notes to \$1,050 million. The Cequel 2020 Senior Notes mature on September 15, 2020. Interest on the Cequel 2020 Senior Notes is payable semi-annually in cash on each March 15 and September 15. The Cequel 2020 Senior Notes are redeemable, in whole or in part, at any time on or after September 15, 2015, at the applicable redemption prices specified in the indenture governing the Cequel 2020 Senior Notes, together with accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to the date of redemption. At any time prior to September 15, 2015, the Cequel Senior Notes of the principal amount of the Cequel 2020 Senior Notes with the proceeds of certain equity offerings at a redemption price of 106.375% of the principal amount of the Cequel 2020 Senior Notes at a price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the Cequel 2020 Senior Notes at a price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the Cequel 2020 Senior Notes payable semi-amount of the Cequel 2020 Senior Notes at a price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the Cequel 2020 Senior Notes at a price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the Cequel 2020 Senior Notes payable semi-amount of the Cequel 2020 Senior Notes at a price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the Cequel 2020 Senior Notes payable semi-amount of the Cequel 2020 Senior Notes payable semi-amount of the Cequel 2020

On May 16, 2013, the Cequel Senior Notes Co-Issuers issued \$750 million aggregate principal amount of their \$\frac{3}{8}\%\$ Senior Notes due 2021. The Cequel 2021 Senior Notes mature on December 15, 2021. Interest on the Cequel 2021 Senior Notes is payable semi-annually in cash on each June 15 and December 15. The Cequel 2021 Senior Notes are redeemable, in whole or in part, at any time on or after June 15, 2016, at the applicable redemption prices specified in the indenture governing the Cequel 2021 Senior Notes, together with accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but excluding, the date of redemption. At any time prior to June 15, 2016, the Cequel Senior Notes Co-Issuers may redeem up to 40\% of the original aggregate principal amount of the Cequel 2021 Senior Notes with the proceeds of certain equity offerings at a redemption price of 105.125\% of the principal amount of the Cequel 2021 Senior Notes, together with accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to the date of redemption. At any time prior to June 15, 2016, the Cequel Senior Notes Co-Issuers may also redeem some or all of the Cequel 2021 Senior Notes at a price equal to 100\% of the principal amount of the Cequel 2021 Senior Notes plus a "make-whole" premium, together with accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to the date of redemption.

On September 9, 2014, the Cequel Senior Notes Co-Issuers issued \$500 million aggregate principal amount of their 5/8% Senior Notes due 2021. The Cequel 2021 Mirror Notes mature on December 15, 2021. Interest on the Cequel 2021 Mirror Notes is payable semi-annually in cash on each June 15 and December 15. The Cequel 2021 Mirror Notes are redeemable, in whole or in part, at any time on or after June 15, 2016, at the applicable redemption prices specified in the indenture governing the Cequel 2021 Mirror Notes, together with accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to the date of redemption. At any time prior to June 15, 2016, the Cequel Senior Notes Co-Issuers may redeem up to 40% of the original aggregate principal amount of the Cequel 2021 Mirror Notes with the proceeds of certain equity offerings at a redemption price of 105.125% of the principal amount of the Cequel 2021 Mirror Notes, together with accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to the date of redemption. At any time prior to June 15, 2016, the Cequel Senior Notes Co-Issuers may also redeem some or all of the Cequel 2021 Mirror Notes at a price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the Cequel 2021 Mirror Notes plus a "make-whole" premium, together with accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to the date of redemption.

On June 12, 2015, Altice US Finance II Corporation issued \$300 million aggregate principal amount of its $\vec{P}/4\%$ Senior Notes due 2025. The Cequel Senior Notes Co-Issuers assumed the obligations as issuer of the Cequel 2025 Senior Notes on December 21, 2015. On May 23, 2016, the Cequel Senior Notes Co-Issuers issued an additional \$320 million aggregate principal amount of the Cequel 2025 Senior Notes in exchange for debt securities originally issued by Altice US Finance S.A. The Cequel 2025 Senior Notes mature on July 15, 2025. Interest on the Cequel 2025 Senior Notes is payable semi-annually in cash on each January 15 and July 15. The Cequel 2025 Senior Notes are redeemable, in whole or in part, at any time on or after July 15, 2020, at the applicable redemption prices specified in the indenture governing the Cequel 2025 Senior Notes, together with accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but excluding, the date of redemption. At any time prior to July 15, 2018, the Cequel Senior Notes Co-Issuers may redeem up to 40% of the original aggregate principal amount of the Cequel 2025 Senior Notes with the proceeds of certain equity offerings at a redemption price of 107.750% of the principal amount of the Cequel 2025 Senior Notes Co-Issuers may also redeem some or all of the Cequel 2025 Senior Notes at a price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the Cequel Senior Notes plus a "make-whole" premium, together with accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but excluding, the date of redemption.

The Cequel Senior Notes are unsecured obligations of the Cequel Senior Notes Co-Issuers and are not guaranteed by any of their subsidiaries or any other entity.

The indentures governing the Cequel Senior Notes contain certain negative covenants, agreements and events of default, including, subject to certain significant exceptions and qualifications, limitations on the ability of the Cequel Senior Notes Co-Issuers and their restricted subsidiaries to (i) incur or guarantee additional indebtedness, (ii) make investments, (iii) create liens, (iv) sell assets and subsidiary stock, (v) pay dividends or make other distributions or repurchase or redeem our capital stock or subordinated debt, (vi) engage in certain transactions with affiliates, (vii) enter into agreements that restrict the payment of dividends by subsidiaries or the repayment of intercompany loans and advances, and (viii) engage in mergers or consolidations, in each case subject to certain exceptions.

Upon the occurrence of an event constituting a change of control under the respective indentures governing the Cequel Senior Notes, the Cequel Senior Notes Co-Issuers must offer to repurchase all of the Cequel Senior Notes at a price equal to 101% of their principal amount, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to the repurchase date.

In certain instances in accordance with the terms of the respective indentures, the Cequel Senior Notes Co-Issuers may be required to make an offer to repurchase the Cequel Senior Notes at a purchase price equal to 100% of the principal amount thereof, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, with the excess proceeds from asset sales.

Cequel Intercreditor Agreement

On December 21, 2015, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as security agent and authorized representative of the secured parties under the Cequel Credit Facilities, and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as authorized representative of the holders of the Cequel 2023 Senior Secured Notes, entered into a first lien intercreditor agreement (the "Cequel First Lien Intercreditor Agreement") as to the relative priorities of their respective security interests in the shared collateral securing the indebtedness of Altice US Finance I Corporation. On May 20, 2016, Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas acceded to the Cequel First Lien Intercreditor Agreement in its capacity as authorized representative of the holders of the Cequel 2026 Senior Secured Notes. The Cequel First Lien Intercreditor Agreement provides that notwithstanding the date, time, method, manner or order of grant, attachment or perfection of any liens on the shared collateral securing the Cequel Credit Facilities, Cequel 2023 Senior Secured Notes or Cequel 2026 Senior Secured Notes (or future first lien

obligations that become subject to the Cequel First Lien Intercreditor Agreement), the liens securing all such first lien obligations shall be of equal priority. The Cequel First Lien Intercreditor Agreement also provides for certain matters relating to the administration of security interests including, amongst other things, specifying the applicable authorized representative who has the right to direct the controlling security agent to take, or refrain from taking, certain actions with respect to the shared collateral, the automatic release of liens in favor of each series of first lien obligations in the event the controlling security agent exercises remedies against any shared collateral and certain agreements relating to debtor-in-possession financings (and liens on the shared collateral in connection with such financings) or the use of cash collateral constituting shared collateral in the event the issuer or a pledgor becomes subject to a bankruptcy case.

Other

Cablevision Collateralized Indebtedness Relating to Stock Monetizations

CSC Holdings and its consolidated subsidiaries have entered into derivative contracts to hedge their equity price risk and monetize the value of their shares of common stock of Comcast. These contracts, at maturity, are expected to offset declines in the fair value of these securities below the hedge price per share while allowing CSC Holdings and its consolidated subsidiaries to retain upside appreciation from the hedge price per share to the relevant cap price. If any one of these contracts is terminated prior to its scheduled maturity date due to the occurrence of an event specified in the contract, CSC Holdings and its consolidated subsidiaries would be obligated to repay the fair value of the collateralized indebtedness less the sum of the fair values of the underlying stock and equity collar, calculated at the termination date. As of March 31, 2017, CSC Holdings and its consolidated subsidiaries did not have an early termination shortfall relating to any of these contracts. The underlying stock and the equity collars are carried at fair value on CSC Holdings consolidated balance sheets and the collateralized indebtedness is carried at its principal value. See "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk" for information on how CSC Holdings and its consolidated subsidiaries participate in changes in the market price of the stocks underlying these derivative contracts.

All of CSC Holdings monetization transactions are obligations of CSC Holdings wholly-owned subsidiaries. CSC Holdings provides guarantees of the subsidiaries' ongoing contract payment expense obligations and potential payments that could be due as a result of an early termination event. The guarantee exposure approximates the net sum of the fair value of the collateralized indebtedness less the sum of the fair values of the underlying stock and the equity collar. These derivative contracts were not designated as hedges for accounting purposes. All of CSC Holdings equity derivative contracts are carried at their current fair value on our consolidated balance sheets with changes in value reflected in our consolidated statements of income, and all of the counterparties to such transactions currently carry investment grade credit ratings.

Cequel Derivative Instruments

In June 2016, a subsidiary of Cequel entered into two fixed to floating interest rate swaps. One fixed to floating interest rate swap is converting \$750 million from a fixed rate of 1.6655% to six-month LIBOR and a second tranche of \$750 million from a fixed rate of 1.68% to six-month LIBOR. The objective of these swaps is to cover the exposure of the Cequel 2026 Senior Secured Notes to changes in the market interest rate. These swap contracts were not designated as hedges for accounting purposes. Accordingly, the changes in the fair value of these interest rate swap contracts are recorded through the statement of operations.

Letters of Credit

Certain lenders have issued standby and backstop letters of credit that are used by certain of our subsidiaries to guarantee their obligations in the ordinary course of business. As of March 31, 2017, we had approximately \$107 million of outstanding letters of credit.

SHARES ELIGIBLE FOR FUTURE SALE

Prior to this offering, there has not been any public market for our Class A common stock and a significant public market for our Class A common stock may not develop or be sustained after this offering. We cannot predict what effect, if any, sales of shares of our Class A common stock or the availability of shares of our Class A common stock for sale will have on the prevailing market price of our Class A common stock from time to time. The number of shares of our Class A common stock available for future sale into the public markets is subject to legal and contractual restrictions, some of which are described below. The expiration of these restrictions will permit sales of substantial amounts of our Class A common stock in the public market or could create the perception that these sales could occur, which could adversely affect the market price for our Class A common stock and could make it more difficult for us to raise capital through the sale of our equity or equity-related securities at a time and price that we deem acceptable.

Upon the completion of this offering, we expect to have a total of 246,750,944 shares of our Class A common stock outstanding, and 490,318,022 shares of our Class B common stock outstanding. All of the shares of our Class A common stock sold in this offering will be freely tradable without restriction or further registration under the Securities Act, except for shares held by persons who may be deemed our "affiliates," as that term is defined under Rule 144 of the Securities Act. An "affiliate" is a person that directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, controls or is controlled by us or is under common control with us. The remaining outstanding shares of our Class A common stock and Class B common stock will be "restricted securities" within the meaning of Rule 144 and subject to certain restrictions on resale following the consummation of this offering. Restricted securities may be sold in the public market only if they are registered under the Securities Act or are sold pursuant to an exemption from registration such as Rule 144 or Rule 701, which are summarized below. Shares of our Class B common stock are convertible into an equivalent number of shares of our Class A common stock at the option of the holder at any time.

Rule 144

In general, pursuant to Rule 144 under the Securities Act in effect on the date of this prospectus, once we have been subject to public company reporting requirements for at least 90 days, a person who is not one of our affiliates at any time during the 90 days preceding a sale and who has beneficially owned the shares of our Class A common stock to be sold for at least six months, including the holding period of any prior owner other than our affiliates, would be entitled to sell those shares without complying with the manner of sale, volume limitation or notice provisions of Rule 144, subject to compliance with the public information requirements of Rule 144. In addition, under Rule 144, a person who is not one of our affiliates at any time during the 90 days preceding a sale, and who has beneficially owned the shares of our Class A common stock to be sold for at least one year, including the holding period of any prior owner other than our affiliates, would be entitled to sell those shares without regard to the requirements of Rule 144. Our affiliates or persons selling on behalf of our affiliates are entitled to sell, upon expiration of the lock-up agreements described below, within any three-month period beginning 90 days after the date of this prospectus, a number of shares that does not exceed the greater of:

- 1.0% of the number of shares of Class A common stock then outstanding, which is approximately 2,467,509 shares of Class A common stock upon the completion of this offering assuming the underwriters do not exercise their option to purchase additional shares of Class A common stock; and
- the average weekly trading volume of our Class A common stock on the NYSE during the four calendar weeks preceding each such sale, subject to certain restrictions.

Sales under Rule 144 by our affiliates or persons selling on behalf of our affiliates are also subject to manner of sale provisions and notice requirements and to the availability of current public information about us. Rule 144 also provides that affiliates relying on Rule 144 to sell shares of our Class A common stock that are not restricted shares must nonetheless comply with the same restrictions applicable to restricted shares, other than the holding period requirement.

Rule 701

Rule 701 generally allows a stockholder who purchased shares of our capital stock pursuant to a written compensatory plan or contract and who is not deemed to have been an affiliate of our company during the immediately preceding 90 days to sell these shares in reliance upon Rule 144, but without being required to comply with the public information, holding period, volume limitation, or notice provisions of Rule 144. Rule 701 also permits affiliates of our company to sell their Rule 701 shares under Rule 144 without complying with the holding period requirements of Rule 144. All holders of Rule 701 shares, however, are required by that rule to wait until 90 days after the date of this prospectus before selling those shares pursuant to Rule 701. Moreover, certain Rule 701 shares may be subject to lock-up agreements as described below and under the section titled "Underwriting" and will not become eligible for sale until the expiration of those agreements.

Directed Share Program

At our request, the underwriters have reserved up to 5% of the common stock being offered by this prospectus for sale at the initial public offering price to our directors and officers, our employees, employees of ATS and certain employees of Altice N.V. and its subsidiaries. The sales will be made by Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC, an underwriter of this offering, and its affiliates through a directed share program. We do not know if these persons will choose to purchase all or any portion of these reserved shares, but any purchases they do make will reduce the number of shares available to the general public. Any reserved shares not so purchased will be offered by the underwriters to the general public on the same terms as the other shares of common stock offered by this prospectus. Any shares purchased by our directors and officers in the directed share program will be subject to a 180-day lock-up period, and any shares purchased by other persons in our directed share program will be subject to a 35-day lock-up period.

Lock-up Agreements

We and our executive officers, directors, and holders of substantially all of our common stock have agreed with the underwriters, subject to certain exceptions, not to dispose of or hedge any of our or their common stock or securities convertible into or exchangeable for shares of common stock during the period from the date of this prospectus continuing through the date 180 days after the date of this prospectus, except with the prior written consent of J.P. Morgan Securities LLC and Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC. This agreement does not apply to any existing employee benefit plans. See "Shares Eligible for Future Sale" for a discussion of certain transfer restrictions.

Shares Issued Under Future Plans

We will file a registration statement on Form S-8 under the Securities Act to register Class A common stock issuable under our 2017 LTIP. Shares registered under any such registration statement would be available for sale in the public market following the effective date, unless such shares are subject to vesting restrictions with us, Rule 144 restrictions applicable to our affiliates or the lock-up agreements described above.

Stockholders and Registration Rights Agreement

In connection with this offering, we expect to enter into a stockholders and registration rights agreement with Altice N.V., BCP and CPPIB. This agreement will provide to Altice N.V. an unlimited number of "demand" registrations for the registration of the sale of our common stock in a Minimum Amount. Additionally, the agreement will provide BCP and CPPIB each with one "demand" registration every twelve months, subject to an exception, and customary "piggyback" registration rights to Altice N.V., BCP and CPPIB. The stockholders and registration rights agreement will also provide that we will pay certain expenses relating to such registrations and indemnify Altice N.V., BCP and CPPIB against certain liabilities which may arise under the Securities Act. See "Certain Relationships and Related-Party Transactions—Stockholders and Registration Rights Agreement."

Right of First Refusal

Any proposed sale of shares of common stock held by certain members of our management will be subject to a right of first refusal in favor of Altice N.V.

Equity Incentive Plans

For a description of our equity incentive plans, see "Executive Compensation."

MATERIAL U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES TO NON-U.S. HOLDERS OF OUR COMMON STOCK

The following is a summary of the material U.S. federal income tax consequences to Non-U.S. Holders (as defined below) associated with the purchase, ownership and disposition of our Class A common stock, but does not purport to be a complete analysis of all the potential tax considerations relating thereto. This summary is based upon the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), Treasury regulations promulgated thereunder ("Treasury Regulations"), administrative rulings and judicial decisions, all as of the date hereof. These authorities may be changed, possibly retroactively, and any changes may result in U.S. federal income tax consequences different from those set forth below. We have not sought any ruling from the Internal Revenue Service (the "IRS") with respect to the statements made and the conclusions reached in the following summary. The authorities on which this discussion is based are subject to various interpretations and there can be no assurance that the IRS or the courts will agree with such statements and conclusions.

This summary also does not address the tax considerations arising under the laws of any state, local or non-U.S. jurisdiction or under U.S. federal gift and estate tax laws, except to the limited extent set forth below. This summary is limited to persons who hold our Class A common stock as a capital asset for U.S. federal income tax purposes (within the meaning of section 1221 of the Code). In addition, because this section is a general summary, it does not address all aspects of taxation that may be relevant to particular stockholders in light of their personal investment or tax circumstances, or to certain types of stockholders that are subject to special treatment under the U.S. federal income tax laws, including, without limitation, brokers or dealers in securities, insurance companies, banks or other financial institutions, hybrid entities, regulated investment companies, real estate investment trusts, tax-exempt organizations or accounts, persons holding Class A common stock as a part of a hedging, integrated, conversion transaction, straddle or other risk reduction transaction, traders in securities that elect to use a mark-to-market method of accounting for their securities holdings, persons subject to the alternative minimum tax or the Medicare tax on net investment income, entities or arrangements treated as partnerships for U.S. federal income tax purposes or investors in such entities, persons who acquired our Class A common stock through the exercise of employee stock options or otherwise as compensation for services, certain former U.S. citizens or long-term residents, U.S. expatriates, "controlled foreign corporations" or "passive foreign investment companies" within the meaning of the Code, and persons deemed to sell our Class A common stock under the constructive sale provisions of the Code. If a partnership, including any entity or arrangement treated as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes, holds shares of our Class A common stock, the U.S. federal income tax treatment of a par

Non-U.S. Holders are urged to consult their tax advisors with respect to the application of the U.S. federal income tax laws to their particular situations, as well as any tax consequences of the purchase, ownership and disposition of our Class A common stock arising under the U.S. federal estate or gift tax rules or under the laws of any state, local, non-U.S. or other taxing jurisdiction or under any applicable tax treaty.

Non-U.S. Holder Defined

As used in this discussion, the term "Non-U.S. Holder" means a beneficial owner of our Class A common stock that, for U.S. federal income tax purposes, is an individual, corporation, estate or trust and is not any of the following for U.S. federal income tax purposes:

- an entity or arrangement treated as a partnership;
- an individual who is a citizen or tax resident of the United States;

- a corporation created or organized in the United States or under the laws of the United States or any state thereof or the District of Columbia;
- an estate whose income is subject to U.S. federal income tax regardless of its source; or
- a trust (i) the administration of which is subject to the primary supervision of a U.S. court and that has one or more U.S. persons who have the authority to control all substantial decisions of the trust or (ii) that has a valid election in effect under applicable Treasury Regulations to be treated as a U.S. person.

Distributions

We do not anticipate making distributions on our common stock in the foreseeable future. However, if distributions of cash or property (other than certain pro rata stock distributions) are made to Non-U.S. Holders on shares of our Class A common stock, such distributions generally will constitute dividends for U.S. federal income tax purposes to the extent paid from our current or accumulated earnings and profits, as determined under U.S. federal income tax principles. To the extent those distributions exceed both our current and our accumulated earnings and profits, they will constitute a return of capital and will first reduce a Non-U.S. Holder's basis in our Class A common stock (determined separately with respect to each share of our Class A common stock), but not below zero, and then will be treated as gain from the sale of that Class A common stock as described below under "—Gain on Disposition of Our Class A Common Stock."

Except as described in the next paragraph and subject to the discussion of FATCA, any dividend paid to a Non-U.S. Holder generally will be subject to U.S. federal withholding tax either at a rate of 30% of the gross amount of the dividend or such lower rate as may be specified by an applicable income tax treaty. In order to receive a reduced treaty rate, the Non-U.S. Holder must provide the applicable withholding agent in a timely manner a properly completed IRS Form W-8BEN or W-8BEN-E, whichever is applicable, or other appropriate version of IRS Form W-8, certifying qualification for the reduced rate. A Non-U.S. Holder of shares of our Class A common stock eligible for a reduced rate of U.S. federal withholding tax pursuant to an income tax treaty may obtain a refund of any excess amounts withheld by filing an appropriate claim for refund with the IRS in a timely manner. If the Non-U.S. Holder holds the Class A common stock through a financial institution or other agent acting on the Non-U.S. Holder's behalf, the Non-U.S. Holder will be required to provide appropriate documentation to the agent, which then will be required to provide certification to the applicable withholding agent, either directly or through other intermediaries.

The withholding tax shall not apply to any dividend paid to a Non-U.S. Holder if such dividend is effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business conducted by such non-U.S. Holder. In order to claim this exemption, the Non-U.S. Holder must provide the applicable withholding agent with a properly completed IRS Form W-8ECI or other applicable IRS Form W-8 properly certifying such exemption. Such effectively connected dividends, although not subject to U.S. federal withholding tax, will generally be subject to U.S. federal income tax on a net income basis at applicable graduated U.S. federal income tax napplicable income tax treaty providing otherwise. In addition, dividends received by a Non-U.S. Holder that is treated as a corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes that are effectively connected with such Non-U.S. Holder's conduct of a U.S. trade or business may also be subject to a "branch profits tax" at a rate of 30% or such lower rate as may be specified by an applicable income tax treaty.

Gain on Disposition of Our Class A Common Stock

Subject to the discussion of FATCA and backup withholding, Non-U.S. Holders generally will not be required to pay U.S. federal income tax, including by way of withholding, on any gain realized upon the sale or other disposition of our Class A common stock unless:

- the gain is effectively connected with the Non-U.S. Holder's conduct of a U.S. trade or business, and if an applicable income tax treaty requires, is attributable to a U.S. permanent establishment maintained by the Non-U.S. Holder in the United States;
- the Non-U.S. Holder is an individual not entitled to the benefits of an income tax treaty who is present in the United States for a period or periods aggregating 183 days or more during the calendar year in which the sale or disposition occurs and certain other conditions are met;
- our Class A common stock constitutes a U.S. real property interest by reason of our status as a "United States real property holding corporation" (a "USRPHC") for U.S. federal income tax purposes at any time during the shorter of the five-year period preceding the Non-U.S. Holder's disposition of, or the Non-U.S. Holder's holding period for, our Class A common stock.

Generally, a corporation is a USRPHC if the fair market value of its U.S. real property interests (within the meaning of the Code and applicable Treasury Regulations) equals or exceeds 50% of the sum of the fair market value of its worldwide real property interests plus its other assets used or held for use in a trade or business. We believe that we are not currently a USRPHC and, based on our business plan and anticipated operations, do not expect to become a USRPHC in the future. However USRPHC status is an inherently factual determination that involves complex legal considerations. We have not sought an IRS ruling with respect to whether we are a USRPHC and we cannot give definitive assurance regarding our non-USRPHC status. Additionally, because the determination of whether we are a USRPHC depends on the fair market value of our U.S. real property interests relative to the fair market value of our other business assets, there can be no assurance that we will not become a USRPHC in the future. Even if we are or become a USRPHC, as long as our Class A common stock is regularly traded on an established securities market (within the meaning of the Code and applicable Treasury Regulations), such Class A common stock will not be treated as a U.S. real property interest in the hands of any Non-U.S. Holder who does not hold (actually or constructively) more than 5% of our Class A common stock at any time during the shorter of the five-year period preceding the Non-U.S. Holder's disposition of, or the Non-U.S. Holder's holding period for, our Class A common stock. Non-U.S. Holders should be aware that no prediction can be made as to whether our Class A common stock will be regularly traded on an established securities market (within the meaning of the Code and applicable Treasury Regulations).

Non-U.S. Holders described in the first bullet above will be required to pay tax on the net gain derived from the sale under regular graduated U.S. federal income tax rates, and a corporate Non-U.S. Holder described in the first bullet above also may be subject to the branch profits tax at a 30% rate, or such lower rate as may be specified by an applicable income tax treaty. Individual Non-U.S. Holders described in the second bullet above will be required to pay a flat 30% tax on the gain derived from the sale, which gain may be offset by U.S.-source capital losses for that year.

U.S. Federal Estate Taxes

Our Class A common stock beneficially owned or treated as beneficially owned by an individual who at the time of death is not a citizen or resident of the United States (as specifically defined for U.S. federal estate tax purposes), and certain lifetime transfers of an interest in Class A common stock made by such an individual, will be included in his or her gross estate for U.S. federal estate tax purposes and, therefore, may be subject to U.S. federal estate tax, unless an applicable estate tax treaty provides otherwise.

Backup Withholding and Information Reporting

Generally, we must report annually to the IRS the amount of dividends paid to a Non-U.S. Holder, the Non-U.S. Holder's name and address, and the amount of U.S. federal income tax withheld, if any. A similar report will be sent to the Non-U.S. Holder. These information reporting requirements apply even if withholding was not required because the dividends were effectively connected to the conduct of a Non-U.S. Holder's trade or business within the United States or withholding was reduced by an applicable income tax treaty. Pursuant to applicable income tax treaties or other agreements, the IRS may make these reports available to tax authorities in the Non-U.S. Holder's country of residence.

Payments of dividends on, or of proceeds from the disposition of, our Class A common stock made to Non-U.S. Holders may be subject to additional information reporting and backup withholding unless the Non-U.S. Holder establishes an exemption, for example, by properly certifying its non-U.S. status on an IRS Form W-8BEN or W-8BEN-E, whichever is applicable, or another appropriate version of IRS Form W-8. Notwithstanding the foregoing, backup withholding and information reporting may apply if the applicable withholding agent has actual knowledge, or reason to know, that a holder claiming to be a Non-U.S. Holder is a U.S. person.

U.S. information reporting and backup withholding generally will not apply to a payment of proceeds of a disposition of Class A common stock where the transaction is effected outside the United States through a non-U.S. office of a non-U.S. broker. However, information reporting requirements, but not backup withholding, generally will apply to such a payment if the broker is (i) a U.S. person; or (ii) a foreign person with certain U.S. connections, unless the broker has documentary evidence in its records that the holder is a Non-U.S. Holder and certain conditions are met or the holder otherwise establishes an exemption. Backup withholding is not an additional tax; rather, the U.S. federal income tax liability of persons subject to backup withholding will be reduced by the amount of tax withheld. If withholding results in an overpayment of taxes, a refund or credit may generally be obtained from the IRS, provided that the required information is furnished to the IRS in a timely manner. Non-U.S. Holders should consult their own tax advisors regarding the application of backup withholding in their particular circumstances and the availability of and procedure for obtaining an exemption from backup withholding under current Treasury Regulations.

FATCA

Legislation commonly known as FATCA (under Sections 1471 to 1474 of the Code) generally will impose a U.S. federal withholding tax of 30% on dividends on and the gross proceeds of a disposition of our Class A common stock paid to a "foreign financial institution" (as defined under FATCA and the applicable Treasury Regulations), unless such institution enters into an agreement with the U.S. government to withhold on certain payments and to collect and provide to the U.S. tax authorities substantial information regarding the U.S. account holders of such institution (which includes certain equity and debt holders of such institution, as well as certain account holders that are foreign entities with U.S. owners) or otherwise establishes an exemption. The legislation also generally will impose a U.S. federal withholding tax of 30% on dividends on and the gross proceeds of a disposition of our Class A common stock paid to a non-financial foreign entity unless such entity provides the applicable withholding agent with a certification identifying certain substantial direct and indirect U.S. owners of the entity, certifies that there are none or otherwise establishes an exemption. The withholding taxes described above will apply to any dividend payments on our Class A common stock and, after December 31, 2018, to payments of gross proceeds from dispositions of our Class A common stock. Under certain circumstances, a Non-U.S. Holder might be eligible for refunds or credits of such taxes. An intergovernmental agreement between the United States and an applicable foreign country may modify the requirements described in this paragraph. Prospective investors are urged to consult with their own tax advisors regarding the possible implications of this legislation on their investment in our Class A common stock.

UNDERWRITING

We and the selling stockholders are offering the shares of Class A common stock described in this prospectus through a number of underwriters. J.P. Morgan Securities LLC, Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC, Citigroup Global Markets Inc. and Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC are acting as representatives of the underwriters. We and the selling stockholders have entered into an underwriting agreement with the underwriters. Subject to the terms and conditions of the underwriting agreement, we and the selling stockholders have agreed to sell to the underwriters, and each underwriter has severally agreed to purchase, at the public offering price less the underwriting discounts and commissions set forth on the cover page of this prospectus, the number of shares of Class A common stock listed next to its name in the following table:

Name	Number of shares
J.P. Morgan Securities LLC	
Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC	
Citigroup Global Markets Inc.	
Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC	
Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith	
Incorporated	
Barclays Capital Inc.	
BNP Paribas Securities Corp.	
Credit Agricole Securities (USA) Inc.	
Deutsche Bank Securities Inc.	
RBC Capital Markets, LLC	
Scotia Capital (USA) Inc.	
SG Americas Securities LLC	
TD Securities (USA) LLC	
Total	46,551,725

The underwriters are committed to purchase all the shares of Class A common stock offered by us and the selling stockholders if they purchase any shares of Class A common stock. The underwriting agreement also provides that if an underwriter defaults, the purchase commitments of non-defaulting underwriters may also be increased or the offering may be terminated. The offering of the shares by the underwriters is subject to receipt and acceptance and subject to the underwriters' right to reject any order in whole or in part.

The underwriters propose to offer the shares of Class A common stock directly to the public at the initial public offering price set forth on the cover page of this prospectus and to certain dealers at that price less a concession not in excess of \$ per share. After the initial public offering of the shares of Class A common stock, the offering price and other selling terms may be changed by the underwriters. Sales of the shares of Class A common stock made outside of the United States may be made by affiliates of the underwriters.

The underwriters have an option to buy up to 5,172,414 additional shares of Class A common stock from the selling stockholders to cover sales of Class A common stock by the underwriters which exceed the number of shares specified in the table above. The underwriters have 30 days from the date of this prospectus to exercise this option. If any shares of Class A common stock are purchased with this option, the underwriters will purchase shares of Class A common stock in approximately the same proportion as shown in the table above. If any additional shares of Class A common stock on the same terms as those on which the shares of Class A common stock are being offered.

At our request, the underwriters have reserved up to 5% of the common stock being offered by this prospectus for sale at the initial public offering price to our directors and officers, our employees, employees of ATS and certain employees of Altice N.V. and its subsidiaries. The sales will be made by Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC, an underwriter of this offering, and its affiliates through a directed share program. We do not know if these persons will choose to purchase all or any portion of these reserved shares, but any purchases they do make will reduce the number of shares available to the general public. Any reserved shares not so purchased will be offered by the underwriters to the general public on the same terms as the other shares of common stock offered by this prospectus. Any shares purchased by our directors and officers in the directed share program will be subject to a 180-day lock-up period, and any shares purchased by other persons in our directed share program will be subject to a 35-day lock-up period.

The underwriting fee is equal to the public offering price per share of Class A common stock less the amount paid by the underwriters to us and the selling stockholders per share of Class A common stock. The underwriting fee is \$ per share. The following table shows the per share and total underwriting discounts and commissions to be paid to the underwriters assuming both no exercise and full exercise of the underwriters' option to purchase additional shares of Class A common stock.

	Without	With full
	option	option
	exercise	exercise
Per Share	\$	\$
Total	\$	\$

We estimate that the total expenses of this offering, including registration, filing and listing fees, printing fees and legal and accounting expenses, but excluding the underwriting discounts and commissions, will be approximately \$7.5 million. The underwriters have agreed to reimburse the Company for certain expenses related to the offering.

A prospectus in electronic format may be made available on the web sites maintained by one or more underwriters, or selling group members, if any, participating in the offering. The underwriters may agree to allocate a number of shares of Class A common stock to underwriters and selling group members for sale to their online brokerage account holders. Internet distributions will be allocated by the representatives to underwriters and selling group members that may make Internet distributions on the same basis as other allocations.

We and our executive officers, directors, and holders of substantially all of our common stock have agreed with the underwriters, subject to certain exceptions, not to dispose of or hedge any of our or their common stock or securities convertible into or exchangeable for shares of common stock during the period from the date of this prospectus continuing through the date 180 days after the date of this prospectus, except with the prior written consent of J.P. Morgan Securities LLC and Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC. This agreement does not apply to any existing employee benefit plans. See "Shares Eligible for Future Sale" for a discussion of certain transfer restrictions.

We and the selling stockholders have agreed to indemnify the several underwriters against certain liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act.

Our Class A common stock has been approved for listing on the NYSE under the symbol "ATUS."

In connection with this offering, the underwriters may engage in stabilizing transactions, which involves making bids for, purchasing and selling shares of Class A common stock in the open market for the purpose of preventing or retarding a decline in the market price of our Class A common stock while this offering is in progress. These stabilizing transactions may include making short sales of our Class A common stock, which involves the sale by the underwriters of a greater number of shares of

Class A common stock than they are required to purchase in this offering, and purchasing shares of Class A common stock on the open market to cover positions created by short sales. Short sales may be "covered" shorts, which are short positions in an amount not greater than the underwriters' option referred to above, or may be "naked" shorts, which are short positions in excess of that amount. The underwriters may close out any covered short position either by exercising their option, in whole or in part, or by purchasing shares of Class A common stock in the open market. In making this determination, the underwriters will consider, among other things, the price of shares of Class A common stock available for purchase in the open market compared to the price at which the underwriters may purchase shares of Class A common stock through the option to purchase additional shares of Class A common stock. A naked short position is more likely to be created if the underwriters are concerned that there may be downward pressure on the price of our Class A common stock in the open market that could adversely affect investors who purchase in this offering. To the extent that the underwriters create a naked short position, they will purchase shares of Class A common stock in the open market to cover the position.

The underwriters have advised us and the selling stockholders that, pursuant to Regulation M of the Securities Act, they may also engage in other activities that stabilize, maintain or otherwise affect the price of our Class A common stock, including the imposition of penalty bids. This means that if the representatives of the underwriters purchase Class A common stock in the open market in stabilizing transactions or to cover short sales, the representatives can require the underwriters that sold those shares of Class A common stock as part of this offering to repay the underwriting discount received by them.

These activities may have the effect of raising or maintaining the market price of the Class A common stock or preventing or retarding a decline in the market price of the Class A common stock, and, as a result, the price of the Class A common stock may be higher than the price that otherwise might exist in the open market. If the underwriters commence these activities, they may discontinue them at any time. The underwriters may carry out these transactions on the NYSE, in the OTC market or otherwise.

Prior to this offering, there has been no public market for the Class A common stock. The initial public offering price was determined by negotiations among us, the selling stockholders and the representatives of the underwriters. In determining the initial public offering price, we, the selling stockholders and the representatives of the underwriters considered a number of factors including:

- the information set forth in this prospectus and otherwise available to the representatives;
- our prospects and the history and prospects for the industry in which we compete;
- an assessment of our management;
- our prospects for future earnings;
- the general condition of the securities markets at the time of this offering;
- · the recent market prices of, and demand for, publicly traded common stock of generally comparable companies; and
- other factors deemed relevant by the underwriters and us.

Neither we, the selling stockholders nor the underwriters can assure investors that an active trading market will develop for our Class A common stock, or that our Class A common stock will trade in the public market at or above the initial public offering price.

The underwriters and their respective affiliates are full service financial institutions engaged in various activities, which may include, amongst other things, securities trading, commercial and investment banking, financial advisory, investment management, investment research, principal

investment, hedging, financing and brokerage activities. Certain of the underwriters and their respective affiliates have, from time to time, performed, and may in the future perform, various financial advisory, investment banking and related services (including as initial purchasers of debt securities and/or arrangers of credit facilities) for the Altice Group, including the Company and its subsidiaries, for which they received or will receive customary fees and expenses. Affiliates of certain of the underwriters are agents and/or lenders under the CVC Credit Facilities Agreement and the Suddenlink Credit Facilities Agreement, as applicable, each as amended, restated, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time. See "Description of Certain Indebtedness."

If any of the underwriters or their affiliates has a lending relationship with us, certain of those underwriters or their affiliates routinely hedge, certain other of those underwriters or their affiliates may hedge, and certain other of those underwriters or their affiliates are likely to hedge, their credit exposure to us consistent with their customary risk management policies. Typically, these underwriters and their affiliates would hedge such exposure by entering into transactions which consist of either the purchase of credit default swaps or the creation of short positions in our securities.

In the ordinary course of their various business activities, the underwriters and their respective affiliates may make or hold a broad array of investments and actively trade debt and equity securities (or related derivative securities) and financial instruments (including bank loans) for their own account and for the accounts of their customers, and such investments and securities activities may involve securities and/or instruments of the Company or its affiliates. In connection with this offering, any of the underwriters or their respective affiliates acting as investors for their own account may take up the shares and, in such capacity, may retain, purchase or sell such shares for their own accounts. The underwriters and their respective affiliates may also make investment recommendations and/or publish or express independent research views in respect of such securities or instruments and may at any time hold, or recommend to clients that they acquire, long and/or short positions in such securities and instruments.

Selling Restrictions

General

Other than in the United States, no action has been taken by us or the underwriters that would permit a public offering of the securities offered by this prospectus in any jurisdiction where action for that purpose is required. The securities offered by this prospectus may not be offered or sold, directly or indirectly, nor may this prospectus or any other offering material or advertisements in connection with the offer and sale of any such securities be distributed or published in any jurisdiction, except under circumstances that will result in compliance with the applicable rules and regulations of that jurisdiction. Outside of the United States, persons into whose possession this prospectus comes are advised to inform themselves about and to observe any restrictions imposed by any applicable laws and regulations outside of the United States relating to the offering and the distribution of this prospectus.

This prospectus does not constitute an offer to sell or a solicitation of an offer to buy any securities offered by this prospectus in any jurisdiction in which such an offer or a solicitation is unlawful.

United Kingdom

This document is only being distributed to and is only directed at (i) persons who are outside the United Kingdom or (ii) to investment professionals falling within Article 19(5) of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Financial Promotion) Order 2005 (the "FSMA Order") or (iii) high net worth entities, and other persons to whom it may lawfully be communicated, falling with Article 49(2)(a) to (d) of the FSMA Order (all such persons together being referred to as "relevant persons"). The securities are only available to, and any invitation, offer or agreement to subscribe, purchase or

otherwise acquire such securities will be engaged in only with, relevant persons. Any person who is not a relevant person should not act or rely on this document or any of its contents.

European Economic Area

In relation to each Member State of the European Economic Area which has implemented the Prospectus Directive (each, a "Relevant Member State"), from and including the date on which the European Union Prospectus Directive (the "EU Prospectus Directive") was implemented in that Relevant Member State (the "Relevant Implementation Date") an offer of securities described in this prospectus may not be made to the public in that Relevant Member State prior to the publication of a prospectus in relation to the shares which has been approved by the competent authority in that Relevant Member State or, where appropriate, approved in another Relevant Member State and notified to the competent authority in that Relevant Member State, all in accordance with the EU Prospectus Directive, except that, with effect from and including the Relevant Implementation Date, an offer of securities described in this prospectus may be made to the public in that Relevant Member State at any time:

- to any legal entity which is a qualified investor as defined under the EU Prospectus Directive;
- to fewer than 100 or, if the Relevant Member State has implemented the relevant provision of the 2010 PD Amending Directive, 150 natural or legal persons (other than qualified investors as defined in the EU Prospectus Directive); or
- in any other circumstances falling within Article 3(2) of the EU Prospectus Directive, provided that no such offer of securities described in this prospectus shall result in a requirement for the publication by us of a prospectus pursuant to Article 3 of the EU Prospectus Directive.

For the purposes of this provision, the expression an "offer of securities to the public" in relation to any securities in any Relevant Member State means the communication in any form and by any means of sufficient information on the terms of the offer and the securities to be offered so as to enable an investor to decide to purchase or subscribe for the securities, as the same may be varied in that Member State by any measure implementing the EU Prospectus Directive in that Member State. The expression "EU Prospectus Directive" means Directive 2003/71/EC (and any amendments thereto, including the 2010 PD Amending Directive, to the extent implemented in the Relevant Member State) and includes any relevant implementing measure in each Relevant Member State, and the expression "2010 PD Amending Directive" means Directive 2010/73/EU.

Switzerland

The shares may not be publicly offered in Switzerland and will not be listed on the SIX Swiss Exchange ("SIX") or on any other stock exchange or regulated trading facility in Switzerland. This document has been prepared without regard to the disclosure standards for issuance prospectuses under article. 652a or article. 1156 of the Swiss Code of Obligations or the disclosure standards for listing prospectuses under article. 27 ff. of the SIX Listing Rules or the listing rules of any other stock exchange or regulated trading venue in Switzerland.

Neither this document nor any other offering or marketing material relating to the shares or the offering may be publicly distributed or otherwise made publicly available in Switzerland. Neither this document nor any other offering or marketing material relating to the offering, the Company or the shares have been or will be filed with or approved by any Swiss regulatory authority. In particular, this document will not be filed with, and the offer of shares will not be supervised by, the Swiss Financial Market Supervisory Authority FINMA ("FINMA"), and the offer of shares has not been and will not be authorized under the Swiss Federal Act on Collective Investment Schemes ("CISA"). The investor

protection afforded to acquirers of interests in collective investment schemes under the CISA does not extend to acquirers of shares.

If you are located in Switzerland, 1) you understand that the investment in the shares is a private placement, 2) you may not and will not (i) publicly offer, sell, advertise, distribute or re-distribute, directly or indirectly, in or from Switzerland the shares and (ii) communicate, distribute or otherwise make available in Switzerland any solicitation for investments in the shares in any way that could constitute a public offering within the meaning of articles 1156 or 652a of the Swiss Code of Obligations ("CO") or of article 3 of the Federal Act on Collective Investment Schemes ("CISA"), 3) you have had access to all relevant information to make a fair investment decision and 4) you are aware of the risks related to an investment in the shares.

Canada

The Class A common stock may be sold only to purchasers purchasing, or deemed to be purchasing, as principal that are accredited investors, as defined in National Instrument 45-106 Prospectus Exemptions or subsection 73.3(1) of the Securities Act (Ontario), and are permitted clients, as defined in National Instrument 31-103 Registration Requirements, Exemptions and Ongoing Registrant Obligations. Any resale of shares of the Class A common stock must be made in accordance with an exemption from, or in a transaction not subject to, the prospectus requirements of applicable securities laws.

Securities legislation in certain provinces or territories of Canada may provide a purchaser with remedies for rescission or damages if this prospectus (including any amendment thereto) contains a misrepresentation, provided that the remedies for rescission or damages are exercised by the purchaser within the time limit prescribed by the securities legislation of the purchaser's province or territory. The purchaser should refer to any applicable provisions of the securities legislation of the purchaser's province or territory for particulars of these rights or consult with a legal advisor.

Japan

No registration pursuant to Article 4, paragraph 1 of the Financial Instruments and Exchange Law of Japan (Law No. 25 of 1948, as amended), or the FIEL, has been made or will be made with respect to the solicitation of the application for the acquisition of the shares of Class A common stock.

Accordingly, the shares of Class A common stock have not been, directly or indirectly, offered or sold and will not be, directly or indirectly, offered or sold in Japan or to, or for the benefit of, any resident of Japan (which term as used herein means any person resident in Japan, including any corporation or other entity organized under the laws of Japan) or to others for re-offering or re-sale, directly or indirectly, in Japan or to, or for the benefit of, any resident of Japan except pursuant to an exemption from the registration requirements, and otherwise in compliance with, the FIEL and the other applicable laws and regulations of Japan.

Hong Kong

Each underwriter has represented and agreed that:

• it has not offered or sold and will not offer or sell in Hong Kong, by means of any document, any of our Class A common stock other than (i) to "professional investors" as defined in the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Cap. 571) of Hong Kong and any rules made under that Ordinance; or (ii) in other circumstances which do not result in the document being a

"prospectus" as defined in the Companies Ordinance (Cap. 32) of Hong Kong or which do not constitute an offer to the public within the meaning of that Ordinance;

• it has not issued or had in its possession for the purposes of issue, and will not issue or have in its possession for the purposes of issue, whether in Hong Kong or elsewhere, any advertisement, invitation or document relating to our Class A common stock, which is directed at, or the contents of which are likely to be accessed or read by, the public of Hong Kong (except if permitted to do so under the securities laws of Hong Kong) other than with respect to shares of our Class A common stock which are or are intended to be disposed of only to persons outside Hong Kong or only to "professional investors" as defined in the Securities and Futures Ordinance and any rules made under that Ordinance.

Singapore

This prospectus has not been registered as a prospectus with the Monetary Authority of Singapore. Accordingly, this prospectus and any other document or material in connection with the offer or sale, or invitation for subscription or purchase, of the shares may not be circulated or distributed, nor may the shares be offered or sold, or be made the subject of an invitation for subscription or purchase, whether directly or indirectly, to persons in Singapore other than (i) to an institutional investor under Section 274 of the Securities and Futures Act, Chapter 289 of Singapore, or the SFA, (ii) to a relevant person pursuant to Section 275(1), or any person pursuant to Section 275(1A), and in accordance with the conditions specified in Section 275 of the SFA or (iii) otherwise pursuant to, and in accordance with the conditions of, any other applicable provision of the SFA, in each case subject to compliance with conditions set forth in the SFA.

Where the shares are subscribed or purchased under Section 275 of the SFA by a relevant person which is:

- a corporation (which is not an accredited investor (as defined in Section 4A of the SFA)) the sole business of which is to hold investments and the entire share capital of which is owned by one or more individuals, each of whom is an accredited investor; or
- a trust (where the trustee is not an accredited investor) whose sole purpose is to hold investments and each beneficiary of the trust is an individual who is an accredited investor.
- shares, debentures and units of shares and debentures of that corporation or the beneficiaries' rights and interest (howsoever described) in that trust shall not be transferred within six months after that corporation or that trust has acquired the shares pursuant to an offer made under Section 275 of the SFA except:
- to an institutional investor (for corporations, under Section 274 of the SFA) or to a relevant person defined in Section 275(2) of the SFA, or to any person pursuant to an offer that is made on terms that such shares, debentures and units of shares and debentures of that corporation or such rights and interest in that trust are acquired at a consideration of not less than \$200,000 (or its equivalent in a foreign currency) for each transaction, whether such amount is to be paid for in cash or by exchange of securities or other assets, and further for corporations, in accordance with the conditions specified in Section 275 of the SFA;
- where no consideration is or will be given for the transfer; or
- · where the transfer is by operation of law.

LEGAL MATTERS

The validity of the common stock offered hereby will be passed upon for us by Shearman & Sterling LLP, New York, New York. Certain legal matters will be passed upon for us by Jenner & Block LLP, New York, New York and Mayer Brown LLP, New York, New York. Certain legal matters will be passed upon for the underwriters by Ropes & Gray LLP, Boston, Massachusetts.

EXPERTS

The consolidated financial statements of Altice USA, Inc. as of December 31, 2016, and for the year ended December 31, 2016, have been included in this prospectus and the registration statement, of which this prospectus forms a part, in reliance upon the report (which contains emphasis of a matter paragraph relating to the formation of Altice USA and the inclusion of Cequel Corporation operating results for the full year of 2016) of KPMG LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, appearing elsewhere herein, and upon the authority of said firm as experts in accounting and auditing.

The consolidated financial statements of Cablevision Systems Corporation as of December 31, 2015 and for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 and the period from January 1, 2016 through June 20, 2016 have been included in this prospectus and the registration statement, of which this prospectus forms a part, in reliance upon the report of KPMG LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, appearing elsewhere herein, and upon the authority of said firm as experts in accounting and auditing.

The consolidated financial statements of Cequel Corporation as of December 31, 2015 ("Successor") and 2014 ("Predecessor") and the related consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive (loss)/income, changes in stockholders' equity and of cash flows for the period from December 21, 2015 to December 31, 2015 ("Successor") and for the period from January 1, 2015 to December 20, 2015 and the year ended December 31, 2014 ("Predecessor") included in this prospectus have been so included in reliance on the reports of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, independent accountants, given on the authority of such firm as experts in accounting and auditing.

Independence

In connection with Altice USA's filing for an initial public offering of its common stock, we requested our independent auditor to affirm its independence relative to the rules and regulations of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (PCAOB) and the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC).

KPMG LLP's (KPMG), our registered independent public accountants, independence evaluation procedures identified an engagement by a KPMG member firm that consisted of a service provided to an affiliate of Altice USA by a member firm of KPMG International Cooperative wherein the member firm performed a bookkeeping service, which included elements that are considered management functions under the SEC independence rules. This engagement was terminated in October, 2016. The KPMG member firm referenced above does not participate in the audit engagement and the services did not have any impact on the Company.

KPMG considered whether the matters noted above impacted its objectivity and ability to exercise impartial judgment with regard to its engagement as our auditors and have concluded that there has been no impairment of KPMG's objectivity and ability to exercise impartial judgment on all matters encompassed within its audits. After taking into consideration the facts and circumstances of the above matter and KPMG's determination, our audit committee also concluded that KPMG's objectivity and ability to exercise impartial judgment has not been impaired.

WHERE YOU CAN FIND MORE INFORMATION

We have filed a Registration Statement on Form S-1 with the SEC regarding this offering. This prospectus, which is part of the registration statement, does not contain all of the information included in the registration statement and you should refer to the registration statement and its exhibits to read that information. References in this prospectus to any of our contracts or other documents are not necessarily complete and you should refer to the exhibits attached to the registration statement for copies of the actual contract or document. Following the completion of this offering, we will be subject to the information reporting requirements of the Exchange Act and we will file reports, proxy statements and other information with the SEC.

You may read and copy the registration statement and the related exhibits, and the reports, proxy statements and other information we will file with the SEC, at the SEC's public reference room maintained at 100 F Street N.E., Room 1580, Washington, D.C. 20549. You can also request copies of those documents, upon payment of a duplicating fee, by writing to the SEC. Please call the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330 for further information on the operation of the public reference room. The SEC also maintains an Internet site that contains reports, proxy and information statements and other information regarding issuers that file with the SEC. The site's Internet address is www.sec.gov.

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CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(In thousands)

ASSETS	Pro forma (See Note 1)	Historical	December 31, 2016		
ASSETS		(Unaudited)			
Current Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 313,747	\$ 463,882	\$ 486,792		
Restricted cash	14,951	14,951	16,301		
Accounts receivable, trade (less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$9,717 and \$11,677)	307,080	307,080	349,626		
Prepaid expenses and other current assets (including a prepayment to an affiliate of \$9,441					
in 2017) (See Note 13)	104,163	104,163	88,151		
Amounts due from affiliates	28,384	28,384	22,182		
Investment securities pledged as collateral	601,938	601,938	741,515		
Derivative contracts			352		
Total current assets	1,370,263	1,520,398	1,704,919		
Property, plant and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation of \$1,405,384 and					
\$1,039,297	6,391,270	6,391,270	6,597,635		
Investment in affiliates	3,384	3,384	5,606		
Investment securities pledged as collateral	1,012,750	1,012,750	741,515		
Derivative contracts	_	_	10,604		
Other assets	49,073	49,073	48,545		
Amortizable customer relationships, net of accumulated amortization of \$791,505 and					
\$580,276	5,134,379	5,134,379	5,345,608		
Amortizable trade names, net of accumulated amortization of \$108,883 and \$83,397	957,900	957,900	983,386		
Other amortizable intangibles, net of accumulated amortization of \$4,397 and \$3,093	22,435	22,435	23,650		
Indefinite-lived cable television franchises	13,020,081	13,020,081	13,020,081		
Goodwill	8,067,611	8,067,611	7,992,700		
Total Assets	\$ 36,029,146	\$ 36,179,281	\$ 36,474,249		

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Continued)

(In thousands)

Current Liabilities: \$60,374 \$60,374 \$60,374 \$60,374 \$60,374 \$60,374 \$60,374 \$60,374 \$60,374 \$60,374 \$60,375 \$60,375 \$60,375 \$60,075 \$60,075 \$60,075 \$60,075 \$60,075 \$60,075 \$60,075 \$60,075 \$60,075 \$60,075 \$26,075 <th>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</th> <th colspan="2"></th> <th colspan="3"></th>	LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY					
Accounts payable	Current Liabilities	(Unai	iaitea)			
Interest		\$ 660 374	\$ 660 374	\$ 697.310		
Employee related costs		\$ 000,574	\$ 000,574	\$ 077,510		
Employee related costs		331 309	481 444	576 778		
Other accrued expenses 257,422 333,522 Amounts due to affiliates 350,855 11,155 127,363 Deferred revenue 109,224 109,224 94,816 Liabilities under derivative contracts 36,073 36,073 13,188 Collateralized indebtedness 36,073 36,073 13,189 Senior notes and debentures 725,171 725,171 205,171 Senior notes and debentures 13,350 13,350 15,013 Notes payable 4,150 4,150 5,427 Total current liabilities 4,250 4,150 4,150 5,427 Total current liabilities and related parties 4,250 48,296 84,000 7,000 1,750,000 1,750,000 1,750,000 1,750,00 </td <td></td> <td> ,</td> <td></td> <td></td>		,				
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Total equity 3,036,494 2,126,194 2,029,842						
\$36,029,146, \$36,179,281, \$36,474,240	Total equity	3,036,494	2,126,194	2,029,842		
$\frac{0.00,027,140}{0.00,175,281}$ $\frac{0.00,175,281}{0.00,175,281}$		\$36,029,146	\$36,179,281	\$ 36,474,249		

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE LOSS

(In thousands, except weighted average common share amounts)

	Three Mon	ths Ended
	March 31,	March 31,
D (1.1.1) C (271) (2014) (2017) (2.1.1.10)	2017	2016
Revenue (including revenue from affiliates of \$141 in 2017) (See Note 13)	\$ 2,305,676	\$ 627,589
Operating expenses:		
Programming and other direct costs (including charges from affiliates of \$735 in 2017) (See Note 13)	758,352	189,595
Other operating expenses (including charges from affiliates of \$7,298 and \$2,500) (See Note 13)	613,437	175,265
Restructuring and other expense	76,929	7,569
Depreciation and amortization (including impairments)	608,724	200,900
	2,057,442	573,329
Operating income	248,234	54,260
Other income (expense):		
Interest expense (including interest to affiliates of \$47,588 in 2017) (See Note 13)	(433,294)	(275,829)
Interest income	232	6,415
Gain on investments, net	131,658	_
Loss on equity derivative contracts, net	(71,044)	_
Gain on interest rate swap contracts	2,342	_
Other expense, net	(224)	11
	(370,330)	(269,403)
Loss before income taxes	(122,096)	(215,143)
Income tax benefit	45,908	74,395
Net loss	(76,188)	(140,748)
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	(237)	_
Net loss attributable to Altice USA, Inc. stockholders	\$ (76,425)	\$ (140,748)
Comprehensive loss	\$ (76,425)	\$ (140,748)
Basic and diluted net loss per share	\$ (764)	\$ (1,407)
Basic and diluted weighted average common shares	100	100

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

(In thousands)

	Class A Common Stock	Paid-in Capital	Accumulated Deficit	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income	Total Stockholders' Equity (Deficiency)	Non- controlling Interest	Total Equity (Deficiency)
Balance at January 1, 2017	\$ —	\$ 3,003,554	\$ (975,978)	\$ 1,979	\$ 2,029,555	\$ 287	\$ 2,029,842
Net loss attributable to stockholders	_	_	(76,425)	_	(76,425)	_	(76,425)
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	_	_	_	_	_	237	237
Share-based compensation expense	_	7,848	_	_	7,848	_	7,848
Change in fair value of redeemable equity	_	(143,539)	_	_	(143,539)	_	(143,539)
Recognition of previously unrealized excess tax benefits related to share-based awards in connection with the adoption ASU							
2016-09	_	_	308,231	_	308,231	_	308,231
Balance at March 31, 2017	\$	\$ 2,867,863	\$ (744,172)	\$ 1,979	\$ 2,125,670	\$ 524	\$ 2,126,194

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

(In thousands)

	Three Montt March	
	2017	2016
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net loss	\$ (76,188) \$	(140,748)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization (including impairments)	608,724	200,889
Equity in net loss of affiliates	2,757	_
Gain on investments, net	(131,658)	_
Loss on equity derivative contracts, net	71,044	_
Amortization of deferred financing costs and discounts (premiums) on indebtedness	1,812	18,549
Share-based compensation expense	7,848	_
Deferred income taxes	(52,184)	(76,941)
Provision for doubtful accounts	15,694	4,811
Change in assets and liabilities, net of effects of acquisitions and dispositions:		
Accounts receivable, trade	34,707	913
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(19,554)	1,703
Amounts due from and due to affiliates	(131,958)	2,479
Accounts payable	147,999	4,931
Accrued liabilities	(253,313)	138,011
Deferred revenue	11,257	1,025
Liabilities related to interest rate swap contracts	(2,342)	
Net cash provided by operating activities	234,645	155,622
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Payment for acquisition, net of cash acquired	(43,608)	_
Capital expenditures	(257,427)	(66,204)
Proceeds related to sale of equipment, including costs of disposal	596	398
Increase in other investments	(550)	_
Additions to other intangible assets	(183)	_
Net cash used in investing activities	(301,172)	(65,806)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Proceeds from credit facility debt	\$ 225,000 \$	_
Repayment of credit facility debt	(183,288)	(5,980)
Proceeds from collateralized indebtedness	156,136	· · · · · ·
Repayment of collateralized indebtedness and related derivative contracts	(150,084)	_
Principal payments on capital lease obligations	(4,207)	(3,965)
Additions to deferred financing costs	(1,290)	
Net cash provided by financing activities	42,267	(9,945)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	(24,260)	79,871
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at beginning of year	503,093	8.634.921
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at original gold year	\$ 478.833 \$	- / /-
cash, cash equivalents and restricted eash at that of year	9 4/0,033 s	3,/17,/92

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

(Unaudited)

NOTE 1. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS AND RELATED MATTERS

The Company and Related Matters

Altice USA, Inc. ("Altice USA" or the "Company") was incorporated in Delaware on September 14, 2015. As of March 31, 2017, Altice USA is majority-owned by Altice N.V., a public company with limited liability (naamloze vennootshcap) under Dutch law ("Altice N.V.").

Altice N.V. acquired Cequel Corporation ("Cequel" or "Suddenlink") on December 21, 2015 and Cequel was contributed to Altice USA on June 9, 2016. Altice USA had no operations of its own other than the issuance of debt prior to the contribution of Cequel on June 9, 2016 by Altice N.V. The results of operations of Cequel for the three months ended March 31, 2016 have been included in the results of operations of Altice USA for the same period, as Cequel was under common control with Altice USA. Altice USA acquired Cablevision Systems Corporation ("Cablevision" or "Optimum") on June 21, 2016 and the results of operations of Cablevision are included with the results of operations of Cequel for the three months ended March 31, 2017.

The Company classifies its operations into two reportable segments: Cablevision, which operates in the New York metropolitan area, and Cequel, which principally operates in markets in the south-central United States.

Acquisition of Cablevision Systems Corporation

On June 21, 2016 (the "Cablevision Acquisition Date"), pursuant to the Agreement and Plan of Merger (the "Merger Agreement"), dated as of September 16, 2015, by and among Cablevision, Altice N.V., Neptune Merger Sub Corp., a wholly-owned subsidiary of Altice N.V. ("Merger Sub"), Merger Sub merged with and into Cablevision, with Cablevision surviving the merger (the "Cablevision Acquisition").

In connection with the Cablevision Acquisition, each outstanding share of the Cablevision NY Group Class A common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, and Cablevision NY Group Class B common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, and together with the Cablevision NY Group Class A common stock, the "Shares") other than (i) Shares owned by Cablevision, Altice N.V. or any of their respective wholly-owned subsidiaries, in each case not held on behalf of third parties in a fiduciary capacity, received \$34.90 in cash without interest, less applicable tax withholdings (the "Cablevision Acquisition Consideration").

Pursuant to an agreement, dated December 21, 2015, by and among CVC 2 B.V., CIE Management IX Limited, for and on behalf of the limited partnerships BC European Capital IX-1 through 11 and Canada Pension Plan Investment Board, certain affiliates of BCP and CPPIB (the "Co-Investors") funded approximately \$1,000,000 toward the payment of the aggregate Per Share Cablevision Acquisition Consideration, and indirectly acquired approximately 30% of the Shares of Cablevision.

Also in connection with the Cablevision Acquisition, outstanding equity-based awards granted under Cablevision's equity plans were cancelled and converted into cash based upon the \$34.90 per Share Cablevision Acquisition price in accordance with the original terms of the awards. The total consideration for the outstanding CNYG Class A Shares, the outstanding CNYG Class B Shares, and the equity-based awards amounted to \$9.958,323.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

(Unaudited)

NOTE 1. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS AND RELATED MATTERS (Continued)

In connection with the Cablevision Acquisition, in October 2015, Neptune Finco Corp. ("Finco"), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of Altice N.V. formed to complete the financing described herein and the merger with CSC Holdings, LLC ("CSC Holdings"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Cablevision, borrowed an aggregate principal amount of \$3,800,000 under a term loan facility (the "Term Credit Facility") and entered into revolving loan commitments in an aggregate principal amount of \$2,000,000 (the "Revolving Credit Facility" and, together with the Term Credit Facility, the "Credit Facilities").

Finco also issued \$1,800,000 aggregate principal amount of 10.125% senior notes due 2023 (the "2023 Notes"), \$2,000,000 aggregate principal amount of 10.875% senior notes due 2025 (the "2025 Notes"), and \$1,000,000 aggregate principal amount of 6.625% senior guaranteed notes due 2025 (the "2025 Guaranteed Notes") (collectively the "Cablevision Acquisition Notes").

On June 21, 2016, immediately following the Cablevision Acquisition, Finco merged with and into CSC Holdings, with CSC Holdings surviving the merger (the "CSC Holdings Merger"), and the Cablevision Acquisition Notes and the Credit Facilities became obligations of CSC Holdings.

On June 21, 2016, in connection with the Cablevision Acquisition, the Company issued notes payable to affiliates and related parties aggregating \$1,750,000, of which \$875,000 bear interest at 10.75% and \$875,000 bear interest at 11%.

The Cablevision Acquisition was accounted for as a business combination in accordance with ASC Topic 805. Accordingly, the Company stepped up 100% of the assets and liabilities assumed to their fair value at the Cablevision Acquisition Date. See Note 3 for further details.

Acquisition of Cequel Corporation

On December 21, 2015, Altice N.V. acquired approximately 70% of the total outstanding equity interests in Cequel (the "Cequel Acquisition") from the direct and indirect stockholders of Cequel Corporation (the "Sellers"). The consideration for the acquired equity interests was based on a total equity valuation for 100% of the capital and voting rights of Cequel was \$3,973,528 which includes \$2,797,928 of cash consideration, \$675,600 of retained equity held by entities affiliated with BC Partners and CPPIB and \$500,000 funded by the issuance by an affiliate of Altice N.V. of a senior vendor note that was subscribed by entities affiliated with BC Partners and CPPIB. Following the closing of the Cequel Acquisition, entities affiliated with BC Partners and CPPIB retained a 30% equity interest in a parent entity of the Company. In addition, the carried interest plans of the Stockholders were cashed out whereby payments were made to participants in such carried interest plans, including certain officers and directors of Cequel.

In June 2016, Cequel was contributed to Altice USA. The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the operating results of Cequel for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016 and the operating results of Cablevision for the three months ended March 31, 2017.

Pro forma Balance Sheet (unaudited)

The pro forma balance sheet as of March 31, 2017 reflects the accrual of \$169,950 related to the cash distribution to the Company's stockholders made in April 2017, the accrual of \$169,750 of the cash distribution and the payment of the \$500,000 cash distribution to the Company's stockholders to be made prior to the pricing of the Company's initial offering of equity securities to the public

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

(Unaudited)

NOTE 1. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS AND RELATED MATTERS (Continued)

("IPO"), which will be funded by borrowings of \$500,000 under the CSC Holdings Revolving Credit Facility (as defined in Note 8) and \$169,750 of cash on hand, and gives effect to the following organizational transactions that have not yet occurred and will be consummated in connection with the IPO:

- the Company will amend and restate its certificate of incorporation to, among other things, provide for Class A common stock, Class B common stock and Class C common stock;
- the Co-Investors and an entity controlled by Mr. Drahi will exchange their indirect ownership interest in the Company for shares of the Company's common stock;
- Neptune Management LP ("Management LP") will redeem its Class B units for shares of the Company's common stock that it receives from the redemption of its Class B units in Neptune Holding US LP;
- the Company will convert \$525,000 aggregate principal amount of notes issued by the Company to the Co-Investors (together with accrued and unpaid interest and applicable premium) into shares of the Company's common stock at the initial public offering price;
- \$1,225 million aggregate principal amount of notes issued by the Company to a subsidiary of Altice N.V. (together with accrued and unpaid interest and applicable premium) will be transferred to CVC 3 and then the Company will convert such notes into shares of the Company's common stock at the initial public offering price;
- the Co-Investors, Neptune Holding US LP, an entity controlled by the family of Mr. Drahi and former Class B unitholders of Management LP (including an entity controlled by Mr. Drahi) will exchange shares of the Company's common stock for new shares of the Company's Class A common stock; and
- CVC 3 B.V., an indirect subsidiary of Altice N.V., and an entity controlled by Mr. Drahi will exchange shares of the Company's common stock for new shares of the Company's Class B common stock.

The impact of the transactions discussed above to the pro forma balance sheet as of March 31, 2017 are detailed below:

Cash and cash equivalents

The pro forma amount reflects the payment of interest on the notes payable to affiliates and related parties of \$150,135 accrued through March 31, 2017.

Credit facility debt

The pro forma amount reflects borrowings of \$500,000 under the CSC Holdings revolving credit facility to fund the \$500,000 cash distribution to be made prior to the pricing of the IPO.

Notes payable to affiliates and related parties

The pro forma amount reflects the conversion of notes payable to affiliates and related parties of \$1,750,000 to shares of common stock of the Company.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

(Unaudited)

NOTE 1. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS AND RELATED MATTERS (Continued)

Accrued Interest

The pro forma amount reflects the payment of interest on the notes payable to affiliates and related parties of \$150,135 accrued through March 31, 2017

Amounts due to affiliates

The pro forma amount reflects the accrual of the cash distribution to the Company's stockholders of \$169,950 made in April 2017 and the \$169,750 cash distribution to be made to the Company's stockholders prior to the pricing of the IPO.

Class A and Class B common stock

The pro forma amount reflects the issuance of shares of common stock in connection with the organizational transactions.

Paid in Capital

The pro forma amount reflects the conversion of notes payable to affiliates and related parties of \$1,750,000, as well as the applicable premium of \$516,920, to shares of common stock of the Company, net of the par value of common stock issued. The applicable premium of \$516,920 is estimated as of the expected conversion date of June 21, 2017 using current risk free interest rates. Such amount is subject to change as a result of a change in the conversion date and/or changes in risk free interest rates. In addition, the pro forma amount reflects the cash distribution of \$169,950 to the Company's stockholders made in April 2017, the cash distribution of \$169,750 and the cash distribution of \$500,000 to be made prior to the pricing of the IPO, and \$6,469 related to the issuance of Class A and Class B common stock in connection with the organizational transactions.

Accumulated deficit

The pro forma amount reflects the applicable premium of \$516,920 related to the conversion of notes payable to affiliates and related parties of \$1,750,000. The applicable premium of \$516,920 is estimated as of the expected conversion date of June 21, 2017 using current risk free interest rates. Such amount is subject to change as a result of a change in the conversion date and/or changes in risk free interest rates.

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X for interim financial information. Accordingly, these financial statements do not include all the information and notes required for complete annual financial statements.

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company's Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2016.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

(Unaudited)

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The financial statements presented in this report are unaudited; however, in the opinion of management, such financial statements include all adjustments, consisting solely of normal recurring adjustments, necessary for a fair presentation of the results for the periods presented.

The results of operations for the interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results that might be expected for future interim periods or for the full year ending December 31, 2017.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncement

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-09, Compensation—Stock Compensation: Improvements to Employee Share-Based Payment Accounting, which provides simplification of income tax accounting for share-based payment awards. The new guidance became effective for the Company on January 1, 2017. Amendments related to the timing of when excess tax benefits are recognized, minimum statutory withholding requirements, forfeitures, and intrinsic value will be applied using the modified retrospective transition method. Amendments requiring recognition of excess tax benefits and tax deficiencies in the income statement and the practical expedient for estimating expected term were applied prospectively. The Company elected to apply the amendments related to the presentation of excess tax benefits on the statement of cash flows using the prospective transition method. In connection with the adoption on January 1, 2017, a deferred tax asset of approximately \$308,231 for previously unrealized excess tax benefits was recognized with the offset recorded to accumulated deficit.

Recently Issued But Not Yet Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers, requiring an entity to recognize the amount of revenue to which it expects to be entitled for the transfer of promised goods or services to customers. ASU No. 2014-09 will replace most existing revenue recognition guidance in GAAP when it becomes effective and allows the use of either the retrospective or cumulative effect transition method. In August 2015, the FASB issued ASU No. 2015-14 that approved deferring the effective date by one year so that ASU No. 2014-09 would become effective for the Company on January 1, 2018. The FASB also approved, in July 2015, permitting the early adoption of ASU No. 2014-09, but not before the original effective date for the Company of January 1, 2017.

In December 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-20, Technical Corrections and Improvements to Topic 606, Revenue from Contracts with Customers, in order to clarify the Codification and to correct any unintended application of the guidance. These items are not expected to have a significant effect on the current accounting standard. The amendments in this update affect the guidance in ASU No. 2014-09, which is not yet effective. ASU No. 2014-09 will be effective, reflecting the one-year deferral, for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017 (January 1, 2018 for the Company). Early adoption of the standard is permitted but not before the original effective date. Companies can transition to the standard either retrospectively or as a cumulative-effect adjustment as of the date of adoption. The Company is in the process of evaluating the impact that the adoption of

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

(Unaudited)

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

ASU No. 2014-09 will have on its consolidated financial statements and selecting the method of transition to the new standard. We currently expect the adoption to impact the timing of the recognition of residential installation revenue and the recognition of commission expenses.

In August 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-15, Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230): Classification of Certain Cash Receipts and Cash Payments which clarifies how entities should classify certain cash receipts and cash payments on the statement of cash flows. ASU No. 2016-15 also clarifies how the predominance principle should be applied when cash receipts and cash payments have aspects of more than one class of cash flows. The new guidance becomes effective for the Company on January 1, 2018 with early adoption permitted and will be applied retrospectively. The Company has not yet completed the evaluation of the effect that ASU No. 2016-15 will have on its consolidated financial statements

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-02, Leases, which increases transparency and comparability by recognizing a lessee's rights and obligations resulting from leases by recording them on the balance sheet as lease assets and lease liabilities. The new guidance becomes effective for the Company on January 1, 2019 with early adoption permitted and will be applied using the modified retrospective method. The Company is currently in the process of determining the impact that ASU No. 2016-02 will have on its consolidated financial statements.

In March 2017, the FASB issued ASU No. 2017-07 Compensation-Retirement Benefits (Topic 715). ASU No. 2017-07 requires that an employer disaggregate the service cost component from the other components of net benefit cost. It also provides guidance on how to present the service cost component and the other components of net benefit cost in the income statement and what component of net benefit cost is eligible for capitalization. ASU No. 2017-07 becomes effective for the Company on January 1, 2018 with early adoption permitted and will be applied retrospectively. The Company has not yet completed the evaluation of the effect that ASU No. 2017-07 will have on its consolidated financial statements.

Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made to the 2016 financial statements to conform to the 2017 presentation.

Common Stock

The Company had 100 shares of common stock with a par value of \$.01 issued and outstanding at March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016.

Net Loss Per Share

Basic and diluted net loss per share have been computed by dividing the net loss by the weighted-average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period. Diluted net loss per share excludes the effects of common stock equivalents as they are anti-dilutive.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

(Unaudited)

NOTE 3. BUSINESS COMBINATION

Altice Merger

As discussed in Note 1, the Company completed the Cablevision Acquisition on June 21, 2016. The acquisition was accounted for as a business combination in accordance with ASC Topic 805. Accordingly, the Company recorded the fair value of the assets and liabilities assumed at the date of acquisition.

The following table provides the preliminary allocation of the total purchase price of \$9,958,323 to the identifiable tangible and intangible assets and liabilities of Cablevision based on preliminary fair value information currently available, which is subject to change within the measurement period (up to one year from the acquisition date). The remaining useful lives represent the period over which acquired tangible and intangible assets with a finite life are being depreciated or amortized.

	Est	timates of Fair Values	Estimated Useful Lives
Current assets	\$		Lives
- W	Э	1,923,071	
Accounts receivable		271,305	
Property, plant and equipment		4,864,621	2 - 18 years
Goodwill		5,839,016	
Indefinite-lived cable television franchises		8,113,575	Indefinite-lived
Customer relationships		4,850,000	8 to 18 years
Trade names		1,010,000	12 years
Amortizable intangible assets		23,296	1 - 15 years
Other non-current assets		748,998	
Current liabilities		(2,306,049)	
Long-term debt		(8,355,386)	
Deferred income taxes.		(6,834,769)	
Other non-current liabilities		(189,355)	
Total	\$	9,958,323	

The fair value of customer relationships and cable television franchises were valued using derivations of the "income" approach. The future expected earnings from these assets were discounted to their present value equivalent.

Trade names were valued using the relief from royalty method, which is based on the present value of the royalty payments avoided as a result of the company owning the intangible asset.

The basis for the valuation methods was the Company's projections. These projections were based on management's assumptions including among others, penetration rates for video, high speed data, and voice; revenue growth rates; operating margins; and capital expenditures. The assumptions are derived based on the Company's and its peers' historical operating performance adjusted for current and expected competitive and economic factors surrounding the cable industry. The discount rates used in the analysis are intended to reflect the risk inherent in the projected future cash flows generated by the respective intangible asset. The value is highly dependent on the achievement of the future financial results contemplated in the projections. The estimates and assumptions made in the valuation are inherently subject to significant uncertainties, many of which are beyond the Company's control, and

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

(Unaudited)

NOTE 3. BUSINESS COMBINATION (Continued)

there is no assurance that these results can be achieved. The primary assumptions for which there is a reasonable possibility of the occurrence of a variation that would have significantly affected the value include the assumptions regarding revenue growth, programming expense growth rates, the amount and timing of capital expenditures and the discount rate utilized

In establishing fair value for the vast majority of the acquired property, plant and equipment, the cost approach was utilized. The cost approach considers the amount required to replace an asset by constructing or purchasing a new asset with similar utility, then adjusts the value in consideration of physical depreciation, and functional and economic obsolescence as of the appraisal date. The cost approach relies on management's assumptions regarding current material and labor costs required to rebuild and repurchase significant components of our property, plant and equipment along with assumptions regarding the age and estimated useful lives of our property, plant and equipment.

The estimates of expected useful lives take into consideration the effects of contractual relationships, customer attrition, eventual development of new technologies and market competition.

Long-term debt assumed was valued using quoted market prices (Level 2). The carrying value of most other assets and liabilities approximated fair value as of the acquisition dates

As a result of applying business combination accounting, the Company recorded goodwill, which represented the excess of organization value over amounts assigned to the other identifiable tangible and intangible assets arising from expectations of future operational performance and cash generation.

The following table presents the unaudited pro forma revenue and net loss for the three months ended March 31, 2016 as if the Cablevision Acquisition had occurred on January 1, 2016:

Revenue	\$ 2,273,479
Net loss	\$ (190,141)

The pro forma results presented above include the impact of additional amortization expense related to the identifiable intangible assets recorded in connection with the Cablevision Acquisition, additional depreciation expense related to the fair value adjustment to property, plant and equipment and the incremental interest resulting from the issuance of debt to fund the acquisitions, net of the reversal of interest and amortization of deferred financing costs related to credit facilities that were repaid on the date of the Cablevision Acquisition and the accretion/amortization of fair value adjustments associated with the long-term debt acquired.

Acquisition

In connection with the acquisition of an entity in the first quarter of 2017, the Company recorded goodwill of \$74,854, which represents the excess of the purchase price of approximately \$75,000 over the net book value of assets acquired, as the company has not yet completed its preliminary allocation of the purchase price. These values are subject to change within the measurement period (up to one year from the acquisition date).

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

(Unaudited)

NOTE 4. GROSS VERSUS NET REVENUE RECOGNITION

In the normal course of business, the Company is assessed non-income related taxes by governmental authorities, including franchising authorities (generally under multi-year agreements), and collects such taxes from its customers. The Company's policy is that, in instances where the tax is being assessed directly on the Company, amounts paid to the governmental authorities and amounts received from the customers are recorded on a gross basis. That is, amounts paid to the governmental authorities are recorded as programming and other direct costs and amounts received from the customer are recorded as revenue. For the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, the amount of franchise fees and certain other taxes and fees included as a component of revenue aggregated \$64,986 and \$12,088, respectively.

NOTE 5. SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION

The Company considers the balance of its investment in funds that substantially hold securities that mature within three months or less from the date the fund purchases these securities to be cash equivalents. The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents either approximates fair value due to the short-term maturity of these instruments or are at fair value.

The Company's non-cash investing and financing activities and other supplemental data were as follows:

	Three Months Ended			Ended
		ch 31, 017		arch 31, 2016
Non-Cash Investing and Financing Activities:				
Continuing Operations:				
Property and equipment accrued but unpaid	\$ 6	1,170	\$	20,041
Supplemental Data:				
Cash interest paid	52	24,864		128,141
Income taxes paid, net		1,553		_

NOTE 6. RESTRUCTURING COSTS

Restructuring

Beginning in the first quarter of 2016, the Company commenced its restructuring initiatives (the "2016 Restructuring Plan") that are intended to simplify the Company's organizational structure.

The following table summarizes the activity for the 2016 Restructuring Plan during 2017:

	Othe	erance and r Employee ated Costs	Facility dignment and Other Costs	Total
Accrual balance at December 31, 2016	\$	102,119	\$ 8,397	\$ 110,516
Restructuring charges		76,440	311	76,751
Payments and other		(25,354)	(1,215)	(26,569)
Accrual balance at March 31, 2017	\$	153,205	\$ 7,493	\$ 160,698

In addition to the charges included in the table above, the Company recorded restructuring charges of \$7,440 relating to the 2016 Restructuring Plan.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

(Unaudited)

NOTE 7. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

The following table summarizes information relating to the Company's acquired intangible assets as of March 31, 2017:

		Amortizable Intangible Assets					
	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Net Carrying Amount	Estimated Useful Lives			
Customer relationships	\$ 5,925,884	\$ (791,505)	\$ 5,134,379	8 to 18 years			
Trade names	1,066,783	(108,883)	957,900	2 to 12 years			
Other amortizable intangibles	26,832	(4,397)	22,435	1 to 15 years			
	\$ 7,019,499	\$ (904,785)	\$ 6,114,714				

Amortization expense for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016 aggregated \$238,019 and \$111,935, respectively.

The following table summarizes information relating to the Company's acquired indefinite-lived intangible assets as of March 31, 2017:

	Cablevision		Cequel		Total	
Cable television franchises	\$	8,113,575	\$	4,906,506	\$	13,020,081
Goodwill		5,913,870		2,153,741		8,067,611
Total	\$	14,027,445	\$	7,060,247	\$	21,087,692

The carrying amount of goodwill is presented below:

Gross goodwill as of January 1, 2017	\$ 7,992,700
Goodwill recorded in connection with acquisition in first quarter 2017	74,854
Adjustments to purchase accounting relating to Cablevision Acquisition	57
Net goodwill as of March 31, 2017	\$ 8,067,611

NOTE 8. DEBT

CSC Holdings Credit Facilities

In connection with the Cablevision Acquisition, in October 2015, Neptune Finco Corp. ("Finco"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, which merged with and into CSC Holdings on June 21, 2016, entered into a senior secured credit facility, which currently provides U.S. dollar term loans currently in an aggregate principal amount of \$3,000,000 (the "Term Loan Facility", and the term loans extended under the Term Loan Facility, the "CSC Holdings Term Loans") and U.S. dollar revolving loan commitments in an aggregate principal amount of \$2,300,000 (the "Revolving Credit Facility" and, together with the Term Loan Facility, the "Credit Facilities"), which are governed by a credit facilities agreement entered into by, inter alios, CSC Holdings certain lenders party thereto and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. as administrative agent and security agent (as amended, restated, supplemented or otherwise modified on June 20, 2016, June 21, 2016, July 21, 2016, September 9, 2016, December 9,

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

(Unaudited)

NOTE 8. DEBT (Continued)

2016 and March 15, 2017, respectively, and as further amended, restated, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time, the "Credit Facilities Agreement").

The amendment to the CSC Holdings Credit Facilities Agreement entered into on March 15, 2017 ("Extension Amendment") increased the Term Loan by \$500,000 to \$3,000,000 and the maturity date for this facility was extended to July 17, 2025. The closing of the Extension Amendment occurred in April 2017 and the proceeds were used to refinance the entire \$2,493,750 principal amount of existing Term Loans and redeem \$500,000 of the 8.625% Senior Notes due September 2017 issued by Cablevision. As a result of the refinancing, \$500,000 of these Senior Notes was reclassified from current to long-term debt.

In January 2017, CSC Holdings borrowed \$225,000 under its revolving credit facility and in February 2017 it made a repayment of \$175,000 with cash on hand.

Under the Extension Amendment, the Company is required to make scheduled quarterly payments equal to 0.25% (or \$7,500 of the principal amount of the Term Loan, with the remaining balance scheduled to be paid on July 17, 2025, beginning with the fiscal quarter ending September 30, 2017.

The Credit Facilities permit CSC Holdings to request revolving loans, swing line loans or letters of credit from the revolving lenders, swingline lenders or issuing banks, as applicable, thereunder, from time to time prior to October 9, 2020, unless the commitments under the Revolving Credit Facility have been previously terminated.

Loans comprising each eurodollar borrowing or alternate base rate borrowing, as applicable, bear interest at a rate per annum equal to the adjusted LIBO rate or the alternate base rate, as applicable, plus the applicable margin, where the applicable margin is:

- in respect of the Term Loans, (i) with respect to any alternate base rate loan, 1.25% per annum and (ii) with respect to any eurodollar loan, 2.25% per annum, and
- in respect of Revolving Credit Facility loans (i) with respect to any alternate base rate loan, 2.25% per annum and (ii) with respect to any eurodollar loan, 3.25% per annum.

The Credit Facilities Agreement requires CSC Holdings to prepay outstanding Term Loans, subject to certain exceptions and deductions, with (i) 100% of the net cash proceeds of certain asset sales, subject to reinvestment rights and certain other exceptions; and (ii) commencing with the fiscal year ending December 31, 2017, a pari ratable share (based on the outstanding principal amount of the Term Loans divided by the sum of the outstanding principal amount of all pari passu indebtedness and the Term Loans) of 50% of annual excess cash flow, which will be reduced to 0% if the consolidated net senior secured leverage ratio of CSC Holdings is less than or equal to 4.5 to 1.

The obligations under the Credit Facilities are guaranteed by each restricted subsidiary of CSC Holdings (other than CSC TKR, LLC and its subsidiaries and certain excluded subsidiaries) (the "Initial Guarantors") and, subject to certain limitations, will be guaranteed by each future material wholly-owned restricted subsidiary of CSC Holdings. The obligations under the Credit Facilities (including any guarantees thereof) are secured on a first priority basis, subject to any liens permitted by

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

(Unaudited)

NOTE 8. DEBT (Continued)

the Credit Facilities, by capital stock held by CSC Holdings or any guarantor in certain subsidiaries of CSC Holdings, subject to certain exclusions and limitations.

The Credit Facilities Agreement includes certain negative covenants which, among other things and subject to certain significant exceptions and qualifications, limit CSC Holdings' ability and the ability of its restricted subsidiaries to: (i) incur or guarantee additional indebtedness, (ii) make investments, (iii) create liens, (iv) sell assets and subsidiary stock, (v) pay dividends or make other distributions or repurchase or redeem our capital stock or subordinated debt, (vi) engage in certain transactions with affiliates, (vii) enter into agreements that restrict the payment of dividends by subsidiaries or the repayment of intercompany loans and advances; and (viii) engage in mergers or consolidations. In addition, the Revolving Credit Facility includes a financial maintenance covenant solely for the benefit of the lenders under the Revolving Credit Facility consisting of a maximum consolidated net senior secured leverage ratio of CSC Holdings and its restricted subsidiaries of 5.0 to 1.0. The financial covenant will be tested on the last day of any fiscal quarter (commencing on December 31, 2016) but only if on such day there are outstanding borrowings under the Revolving Credit Facility (including swingline loans but excluding any cash collateralized letters of credit not to exceed \$15,000).

The Credit Facilities Agreement also contains certain customary representations and warranties, affirmative covenants and events of default (including, among others, an event of default upon a change of control). If an event of default occurs, the lenders under the Credit Facilities will be entitled to take various actions, including the acceleration of amounts due under the Credit Facilities and all actions permitted to be taken by a secured creditor.

CSC Holdings was in compliance with all of its financial covenants under the Credit Facilities as of March 31, 2017.

Cequel Credit Facilities

On June 12, 2015, Altice US Finance I Corporation entered into a senior secured credit facility which currently provides term loans in an aggregate principal amount of \$1,265,000 (the "Term Loan Facility" and the term loans extended under the Term Loan Facility, the "Term Loans") and revolving loan commitments in an aggregate principal amount of \$350,000 (the "Revolving Credit Facility" and, together with the Term Loan Facility, the "Credit Facilities") which are governed by a credit facilities agreement entered into by, inter alios, Altice US Finance I Corporation, certain lenders party thereto and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. (as amended, restated, supplemented or otherwise modified on October 25, 2016, December 9, 2016 and March 15, 2017, and as further amended, restated, supplemented or modified from time to time, the "Credit Facilities Agreement").

The amendment to the Credit Facilities Agreement entered into on March 15, 2017 ("Extension Amendment") increased the Term Loan by \$450,000 to \$1,265,000 and the maturity date for this facility was extended to July 28, 2025. The closing of the Extension Amendment occurred in April 2017 and the proceeds were used to refinance the entire \$812,963 principal amount of loans under the Term Loan and redeem \$450,000 of the 6.375% Senior Notes due September 15, 2020.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

(Unaudited)

NOTE 8. DEBT (Continued)

Under the Extension Amendment, the Company is required to make scheduled quarterly payments equal to 0.25% (or \$3,163) of the principal amount of the Term Loan, with the remaining balance scheduled to be paid on July 28, 2025, beginning with the fiscal quarter ending September 30, 2017.

Loans comprising each eurodollar borrowing or alternate base rate borrowing, as applicable, bear interest at a rate per annum equal to the adjusted LIBO rate or the alternate base rate, as applicable, plus the applicable margin, where the applicable margin is:

- in respect of the Term Loans, (i) with respect to any alternate base rate loan, 1.25% per annum and (ii) with respect to any eurodollar loan, 2.25% per annum, and
- in respect of Revolving Credit Facility loans (i) with respect to any alternate base rate loan, 2.25% per annum and (ii) with respect to any eurodollar loan, 3.25% per annum.

The Credit Facilities Agreement requires Altice US Finance I Corporation to prepay outstanding Term Loans, subject to certain exceptions and deductions, with (i) 100% of the net cash proceeds of certain asset sales, subject to reinvestment rights and certain other exceptions; and (ii) a pari ratable share (based on the outstanding principal amount of the Term Loans divided by the sum of the outstanding principal amount of all pari passu indebtedness and the Term Loans) of 50% of annual excess cash flow, which will be reduced to 0% if the consolidated net senior secured leverage ratio is less than or equal to 4.5:1.

The debt under the Credit Facility is secured by a first priority security interest in the capital stock of Suddenlink and substantially all of the present and future assets of Suddenlink and its restricted subsidiaries, and is guaranteed by the Parent Guarantor, as well as all of Suddenlink's existing and future direct and indirect subsidiaries, subject to certain exceptions set forth in the Credit Facilities Agreement. The Credit Facilities Agreement contains customary representations, warranties and affirmative covenants. In addition, the Credit Facilities Agreement contains restrictive covenants that limit, among other things, the ability of Suddenlink and its subsidiaries to incur indebtedness, create liens, engage in mergers, consolidations and other fundamental changes, make investments or loans, engage in transactions with affiliates, pay dividends, and make acquisitions and dispose of assets. The Credit Facilities Agreement also contains a maximum senior secured leverage maintenance covenant of 5.0 times EBITDA as defined in the Credit Facilities Agreement. Additionally, the Credit Facilities Agreement contains customary events of default, including failure to make payments, breaches of covenants and representations, cross defaults to other indebtedness, unpaid judgments, changes of control and bankruptcy events. The lenders' commitments to fund amounts under the revolving credit facility are subject to certain customary conditions.

As of March 31, 2017, Cequel was in compliance with all of its financial covenants under the Cequel Credit Facilities Agreement.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

(Unaudited)

NOTE 8. DEBT (Continued)

The following table provides details of the Company's outstanding credit facility debt (net of unamortized financing costs and unamortized discounts):

			Carryi	ng Value
	Maturity Date	Interest Rate Principal	March 31, 2017	December 31, 2016
CSC Holdings Restricted Group:				
Revolving Credit Facility(a)	\$20,000 on October 9, 2020, remaining on November 30, 2021	4.16%\$ 225,256	\$ 196,407	\$ 145,013
Term Loan Facility	July 17, 2025	3.94% 2,493,750	2,481,005	2,486,874
Cequel:	•			
Revolving Credit Facility(b)	November 30, 2021		_	_
Term Loan Facility	July 28, 2025	3.98% 812,963	810,929	812,903
		\$ 3,531,969	3,488,341	3,444,790
Less: Current portion			31,988	33,150
Long-term debt			\$ 3,456,353	\$ 3,411,640

⁽a) At March 31, 2017, \$90,023 of the revolving credit facility was restricted for certain letters of credit issued on behalf of the Company and \$1,984,721 of the facility was undrawn and available, subject to covenant limitations.

⁽b) At March 31, 2017, \$17,031 of the revolving credit facility was restricted for certain letters of credit issued on behalf of the Company and \$332,969 of the facility was undrawn and available, subject to covenant limitations.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

(Unaudited)

NOTE 8. DEBT (Continued)

Senior Guaranteed Notes and Senior Notes and Debentures

The following table summarizes the Company's senior guaranteed notes, senior secured notes and senior notes and debentures:

					Carrying	Amount(a)
Y	D. (. Y)	M. (1/2 D. (Interest	Principal	March 31,	December 31,
Issuer CCC Haldings(b)(a)	Date Issued	Maturity Date	Rate	Amount	2017	2016
CSC Holdings(b)(e)	February 6, 1998	February 15, 2018	7.875%\$	300,000	\$ 308,118	\$ 310,334
CSC Holdings(b)(e)	July 21, 1998	July 15, 2018	7.625%	500,000	518,284	521,654
CSC Holdings(b)(e)	February 12,	February 15,	7.02370	300,000	310,204	321,034
CSC Holdings(c)(c)	2009	2019	8.625%	526,000	550,757	553,804
CSC Holdings(c)(e)	November 15,	November 15,		Í	ĺ	, and the second
	2011	2021	6.750%	1,000,000	953,722	951,702
CSC Holdings(c)(e)	May 23, 2014	June 1, 2024	5.250%	750,000	652,687	650,193
CSC Holdings(d)	October 9, 2015	January 15, 2023	10.125%	1,800,000	1,775,500	1,774,750
CSC Holdings(d)	October 9, 2015	October 15, 2025	10.875%	2,000,000	1,970,876	1,970,379
CSC Holdings(d)	October 9, 2015	October 15, 2025	6.625%	1,000,000	985,769	985,469
CSC Holdings(f)	September 23,	A	5.5000/	1 210 000	1 204 122	1 204 025
C-11- 1-1(-)(-)	2016	April 15, 2027	5.500%	1,310,000	1,304,132	1,304,025
Cablevision(c)(e)	September 23, 2009	September 15, 2017	8.625%	900,000	917,053	926,045
Cablevision(c)(e)	April 15, 2010	April 15, 2018	7.750%	750,000	764,287	767,545
Cablevision(c)(e)	April 15, 2010	April 15, 2020	8.000%	500,000	489,712	488,992
Cablevision(c)(e)	September 27, 2012	September 15, 2022	5.875%	649,024	562,496	559,500
Cequel and Cequel Capital Senior Notes(a)(e)	Oct. 25, 2012 Dec. 28, 2012	September 15, 2020	6.375%	1,500,000	1,459,964	1,457,439
Cequel and Cequel Capital Senior Notes(a)	May 16, 2013	December 15,		,,	,,.	, ,
1 1	Sept. 9, 2014	2021	5.125%	1,250,000	1,121,377	1,115,767
Altice US Finance I Corporation Senior Secured	•			, i		
Notes(b)	June 12, 2015	July 15, 2023	5.375%	1,100,000	1,080,508	1,079,869
Cequel and Cequel Capital Senior Notes(c)	June 12, 2015	July 15, 2025	7.750%	620,000	603,276	602,925
Altice US Finance I Corporation Senior						
Notes(d)	April 26, 2016	May 15, 2026	5.500%_	1,500,000	1,487,200	1,486,933
			\$	17,955,024	17,505,718	17,507,325
Less: Current portion			_		725,171	926,045
Long-term debt					\$16,780,547	\$ 16,581,280

⁽a) The carrying amount of the notes is net of the unamortized deferred financing costs and/or discounts/premiums.

⁽b) The debentures are not redeemable by CSC Holdings prior to maturity.

⁽c) Notes are redeemable at any time at a specified "make-whole" price plus accrued and unpaid interest to the redemption date.

⁽d) The Company may redeem some or all of the 2023 Notes at any time on or after January 15, 2019, and some or all of the 2025 Notes and 2025 Guaranteed Notes at any time on or after October 15, 2020, at the redemption prices

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

(Unaudited)

NOTE 8. DEBT (Continued)

set forth in the relevant indenture, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any. The Company may also redeem up to 40% of each series of the Cablevision Acquisition Notes using the proceeds of certain equity offerings before October 15, 2018, at a redemption price equal to 110.125% for the 2023 Notes, 110.875% for the 2025 Notes and 106.625% for the 2025 Guaranteed Notes, in each case plus accrued and unpaid interest. In addition, at any time prior to January 15, 2019, CSC Holdings may redeem some or all of the 2023 Notes, and at any time prior to October 15, 2020, the Company may redeem some or all of the 2025 Notes and the 2025 Guaranteed Notes, at a price equal to 100% of the principal amount thereof, plus a "make whole" premium specified in the relevant indenture plus accrued and unpaid interest.

- (e) The carrying value of the notes was adjusted to reflect their fair value on the Cablevision Acquisition Date (aggregate reduction of \$52,788).
- (f) The 2027 Guaranteed Notes are redeemable at any time on or after April 15, 2022 at the redemption prices set forth in the indenture, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any. In addition, up to 40% may be redeemed for each series of the 2027 Guaranteed Notes using the proceeds of certain equity offerings before October 15, 2019, at a redemption price equal to 105.500%, plus accrued and unpaid interest.
- (g) Some or all of these notes may be redeemed at any time on or after July 15, 2018, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any. Up to 40% of the notes may be redeemed using the proceeds of certain equity offerings before July 15, 2018, at a redemption price equal to 105.375%.
- (h) Some or all of these notes may be redeemed at any time on or after July 15, 2020, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any. Up to 40% of the notes may be redeemed using the proceeds of certain equity offerings before July 15, 2018, at a redemption price equal to 107.750%.
- (i) Some or all of these notes may be redeemed at any time on or after May 15, 2021, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any. Up to 40% of the notes may be redeemed using the proceeds of certain equity offerings before May 15, 2019, at a redemption price equal to 105.500%.

The indentures under which the senior notes and debentures were issued contain various covenants. The Company was in compliance with all of its financial covenants under these indentures as of March 31, 2017

Notes Payable to Affiliates and Related Parties

On June 21, 2016, in connection with the Cablevision Acquisition, the Company issued notes payable to affiliates and related parties aggregating \$1,750,000, of which \$875,000 bear interest at 10.75% and are due on December 20, 2023 and \$875,000 bear interest at 11% and are due on December 20, 2024. The Company may redeem all or, part of the notes at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount thereof plus the applicable premium, as defined in the notes agreement, and accrued and unpaid interest. For the three months ended March 31, 2017, the Company recognized interest expense of \$47,588 related to these notes payable and as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the Company had accrued interest of \$150,135 and \$102,557, respectively, which is reflected in accrued interest in the Company's balance sheets.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

(Unaudited)

NOTE 8. DEBT (Continued)

Summary of Debt Maturities

The future maturities of debt payable by the Company under its various debt obligations outstanding as of March 31, 2017, including notes payable, collateralized indebtedness (see Note 9), and capital leases, are as follows:

Years Ending December 31,	Cablevision	Cequel	Altice USA	Total
2017	\$ 893,914	\$ 6,905	\$ —	900,819
2018	2,106,493	13,040	_	2,119,533
2019	562,194	12,830	_	575,024
2020	530,824	1,512,713	_	2,043,537
2021	1,572,897	1,262,723	_	2,835,620
Thereafter	10,367,774	3,976,975	1,750,000	16,094,749

NOTE 9. DERIVATIVE CONTRACTS AND COLLATERALIZED INDEBTEDNESS

Prepaid Forward Contracts

The Company has entered into various transactions to limit the exposure against equity price risk on its shares of Comcast Corporation ("Comcast") common stock. The Company has monetized all of its stock holdings in Comcast through the execution of prepaid forward contracts, collateralized by an equivalent amount of the respective underlying stock. At maturity, the contracts provide for the option to deliver cash or shares of Comcast stock with a value determined by reference to the applicable stock price at maturity. These contracts, at maturity, are expected to offset declines in the fair value of these securities below the hedge price per share while allowing the Company to retain upside appreciation from the hedge price per share to the relevant cap price.

The Company received cash proceeds upon execution of the prepaid forward contracts discussed above which has been reflected as collateralized indebtedness in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. In addition, the Company separately accounts for the equity derivative component of the prepaid forward contracts. These equity derivatives have not been designated as hedges for accounting purposes. Therefore, the net fair values of the equity derivatives have been reflected in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets as an asset or liability and the net increases or decreases in the fair value of the equity derivative component of the prepaid forward contracts are included in gain (loss) on derivative contracts in the accompanying consolidated statement of operations.

All of the Company's monetization transactions are obligations of its wholly-owned subsidiaries that are not part of the Restricted Group; however, CSC Holdings has provided guarantees of the subsidiaries' ongoing contract payment expense obligations and potential payments that could be due as a result of an early termination event (as defined in the agreements). If any one of these contracts were terminated prior to its scheduled maturity date, the Company would be obligated to repay the fair value of the collateralized indebtedness less the sum of the fair values of the underlying stock and equity collar, calculated at the termination date. As of March 31, 2017, the Company did not have an early termination shortfall relating to any of these contracts.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

(Unaudited)

NOTE 9. DERIVATIVE CONTRACTS AND COLLATERALIZED INDEBTEDNESS (Continued)

The Company monitors the financial institutions that are counterparties to its equity derivative contracts and it diversifies its equity derivative contracts among various counterparties to mitigate exposure to any single financial institution. All of the counterparties to such transactions carry investment grade credit ratings as of March 31, 2017.

Interest Rate Swap Contracts

In June 2016, the Company entered into two new fixed to floating interest rate swap contracts. One fixed to floating interest rate swap is converting \$750,000 from a fixed rate of 1.6655% to six-month LIBO rate and a second tranche of \$750,000 from a fixed rate of 1.68% to six-month LIBO rate. The objective of these swaps is to cover the exposure of the 2026 Senior Secured Notes to changes in the market interest rate. These swap contracts were not designated as hedges for accounting purposes. Accordingly, the changes in the fair value of these interest rate swap contracts are recorded through the statement of operations.

The Company does not hold or issue derivative instruments for trading or speculative purposes.

The following represents the location of the assets and liabilities associated with the Company's derivative instruments within the consolidated balance sheets:

		Asset Derivatives		Liability	Derivatives	
Derivatives Not Designated	Balance Sheet	Fair Value at March 31,	Fair Value at December 31,	Fair Value at March 31,	Fair Value at December 31,	
as Hedging Instruments	Location	2017 2016		2016 2017		
Prepaid forward contracts	Derivative contracts, current	\$ —	\$ 352	\$ 36,073	\$ 13,158	
Prepaid forward contracts	Derivative contracts, long-term	_	10,604	37,173	_	
Interest rate swap contracts	Liabilities under derivative contracts, long-term			76,481	78,823	
		<u> </u>	\$ 10,956	\$ 149,727	\$ 91,981	

Losses related to the Company's equity derivative contracts related to the Comcast common stock for the three months ended March 31, 2017 of \$71,044, are reflected in loss on equity derivative contracts, net in the Company's consolidated statement of operations.

For the three months ended March 31, 2017, the Company recorded a gain on investments of \$131,658, representing the net increase in the fair values of the investment securities pledged as collateral.

For the three months ended March 31, 2017, the Company recorded a gain on interest rate swap contracts of \$2,342.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

(Unaudited)

NOTE 9. DERIVATIVE CONTRACTS AND COLLATERALIZED INDEBTEDNESS (Continued)

Settlements of Collateralized Indebtedness

The following table summarizes the settlement of the Company's collateralized indebtedness relating to Comcast shares that were settled by delivering cash equal to the collateralized loan value, net of the value of the related equity derivative contracts during the three months ended March 31, 2017:

Number of shares(a)	5,337,750
Collateralized indebtedness settled	\$ (150,084)
Derivative contracts settled	
	(150,084)
Proceeds from new monetization contracts	156,136
Net cash receipt	\$ 6,052

⁽a) Share amounts are adjusted for the 2 for 1 stock split in February 2017.

The cash to settle the collateralized indebtedness was obtained from the proceeds of new monetization contracts covering an equivalent number of Comcast shares. The terms of the new contracts allow the Company to retain upside participation in Comcast shares up to each respective contract's upside appreciation limit with downside exposure limited to the respective hedge price.

In April 2017, the Company settled collateralized indebtedness relating to 5,464,368 Comcast shares by delivering cash equal to the collateralized loan value obtained from the proceeds of a new monetization contract covering an equivalent number of Comcast shares. Accordingly, the consolidated balance sheet of the Company as of March 31, 2017 reflects the reclassification of \$205,406 of investment securities pledged as collateral from a current asset to a long-term asset and \$161,438 of collateralized indebtedness from a current liability to a long-term liability.

NOTE 10. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

The fair value hierarchy is based on inputs to valuation techniques that are used to measure fair value that are either observable or unobservable. Observable inputs reflect assumptions market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability based on market data obtained from independent sources while unobservable inputs reflect a reporting entity's pricing based upon their own market assumptions. The fair value hierarchy consists of the following three levels:

- Level I—Quoted prices for identical instruments in active markets.
- Level II—Quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active; and model-derived valuations whose inputs are observable or whose significant value drivers are observable.
- Level III—Instruments whose significant value drivers are unobservable.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

(Unaudited)

NOTE 10. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT (Continued)

The following table presents for each of these hierarchy levels, the Company's financial assets and financial liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

	Fair Value Hierarchy	March 31, 2017	December 31, 2016
Assets:			
Money market funds	Level I	\$ 40,251	\$ 100,139
Investment securities pledged as collateral	Level I	1,614,688	1,483,030
Prepaid forward contracts	Level II	_	10,956
Liabilities:			
Prepaid forward contracts	Level II	73,246	13,158
Interest rate swap contracts	Level II	76,481	78,823

The Company's cash equivalents, investment securities and investment securities pledged as collateral are classified within Level I of the fair value hierarchy because they are valued using quoted market prices.

The Company's derivative contracts and liabilities under derivative contracts on the Company's balance sheets are valued using market-based inputs to valuation models. These valuation models require a variety of inputs, including contractual terms, market prices, yield curves, and measures of volatility. When appropriate, valuations are adjusted for various factors such as liquidity, bid/offer spreads and credit risk considerations. Such adjustments are generally based on available market evidence. Since model inputs can generally be verified and do not involve significant management judgment, the Company has concluded that these instruments should be classified within Level II of the fair value hierarchy.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate fair value of each class of financial instruments for which it is practicable to estimate:

Credit Facility Debt, Collateralized Indebtedness, Senior Notes and Debentures, Senior Secured Notes, Senior Guaranteed Notes, Notes Payable to Affiliates and Related Parties, and Notes Payable

The fair values of each of the Company's debt instruments are based on quoted market prices for the same or similar issues or on the current rates offered to the Company for instruments of the same remaining maturities. The fair value of notes payable is based primarily on the present value of the remaining payments discounted at the borrowing cost.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

(Unaudited)

NOTE 10. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT (Continued)

The carrying values, estimated fair values, and classification under the fair value hierarchy of the Company's financial instruments, excluding those that are carried at fair value in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets, are summarized as follows:

		March 31, 2017				Decembe	December 31, 2016		
	Fair Value Hierarchy	Carrying Amount(a)		Estimated Carrying Fair Value Amount(a)			Estimated Fair Value		
Altice USA debt instruments:									
Notes payable to affiliates and related parties	Level II	\$ 1,750,000	1	,849,190	\$	1,750,000	\$	1,837,876	
CSC Holdings debt instruments:									
Credit facility debt	Level II	2,677,412	2	,719,006		2,631,887		2,675,256	
Collateralized indebtedness	Level II	1,293,702	1	,277,718		1,286,069		1,280,048	
Senior guaranteed notes	Level II	2,289,901	2	,408,603		2,289,494		2,416,375	
Senior notes and debentures	Level II	6,729,944	7	,722,769		6,732,816		7,731,150	
Notes payable	Level II	11,453		11,039		13,726		13,260	
Cablevision senior notes	Level II	2,733,548	2	,912,588		2,742,082		2,920,056	
Cequel debt instruments:									
Cequel credit facility	Level II	810,929		812,963		812,903		815,000	
Senior Secured Notes	Level II	2,567,708	2	,673,250		2,566,802		2,689,750	
Senior Notes	Level II	3,184,617	3	,491,425		3,176,131		3,517,275	
		\$ 24,049,214	\$ 25	,878,551	\$	24,001,910	\$	25,896,046	

⁽a) Amounts are net of unamortized deferred financing costs and discounts.

The fair value estimates related to the Company's debt instruments presented above are made at a specific point in time, based on relevant market information and information about the financial instrument. These estimates are subjective in nature and involve uncertainties and matters of significant judgments and therefore cannot be determined with precision. Changes in assumptions could significantly affect the estimates.

NOTE 11. INCOME TAXES

The Company files a federal consolidated and certain state combined income tax returns with its 80% or more owned subsidiaries. In connection with the contribution of common stock of Cequel to the Company in 2015, Cequel joined the Company's federal consolidated group. Cablevision joined the Company's federal consolidated group on the Cablevision Date.

The Company recorded income tax benefit of \$45,908 for the three months ended March 31, 2017, reflecting an effective tax rate of 38%. Nondeductible share-based compensation expense resulted in tax expense of \$3,140. Absent this item, the effective tax rate for the three months ended March 31, 2017 would have been 40%.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

(Unaudited)

NOTE 11. INCOME TAXES (Continued)

The Company recorded income tax benefit of \$74,395 for the three months ended March 31, 2016, reflecting an effective tax rate of 35%. The effective tax rate for the three months ended March 31, 2016 was lower than expected primarily because there was no state income tax benefit on the pre-merger accrued interest at Finco. This resulted in reducing the income tax benefit recorded by \$8.340.

On January 1, 2017, the Company adopted ASU 2016-09 using the prospective transition method with respect to the presentation of excess tax benefits in the statement of cash flows. In connection with the adoption, a deferred tax asset of \$308,231 for previously unrealized excess tax benefits related to share-based payment awards was recognized with the offset recorded to accumulated deficit.

As of March 31, 2017, the Company's federal net operating losses ("NOLs") were approximately \$2,986,000. The utilization of certain pre-merger NOLs of Cablevision and Cequel are limited pursuant to Internal Revenue Code Section 382. The Company does not expect such limitations to impact the ability to utilize the NOLs prior to their expiration.

NOTE 12. SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION

Certain employees of the Company and its affiliates received awards of units in a carry unit plan of Neptune Management LP, an entity which has an ownership interest in the Company. The awards generally vest as follows: 50% on the second anniversary of June 21, 2016 for Cablevision employees or December 21, 2015 for Cequel employees ("Base Date"), 25% on the third anniversary of the Base Date, and 25% on the fourth anniversary of the Base Date. Neptune Holding US GP LLC, the general partner of Neptune Management LP, has the right to repurchase (or to assign to an affiliate, including the Company, the right to repurchase) vested awards held by employees for sixty days following their termination. For performance-based awards under the plan, vesting occurs upon achievement or satisfaction of a specified performance condition. The Company considered the probability of achieving the established performance targets in determining the share-based compensation with respect to these awards at the end of each reporting period. The carry unit plan has 259,442,785 units authorized for issuance, of which 153,950,000 have been issued to employees of the Company and 65,700,000 have been issued to employees of Altice N.V. and affiliated companies as of March 31, 2017.

The Company measures the cost of employee services received in exchange for carry units based on the fair value of the award at grant date. An option pricing model was used which requires subjective assumptions for which changes in these assumptions could materially affect the fair value of the carry units outstanding. The time to liquidity event assumption was based on management's judgment. The equity volatility assumption of 60% was estimated using the historical weekly volatility of publicly traded comparable companies. The risk-free rate of 0.74% assumed in valuing the units was based on the U.S. Constant Maturity Treasury Rates for a period matching the expected time to liquidity event. The discount for lack of marketability of 20% was based on Finnerty's (2012) average-strike put option model. The weighted average grant date fair value of the outstanding units is \$0.37 per unit and the fair value was \$1.76 per unit as of December 31, 2016. For the year ended December 31, 2016, the Company recognized an expense of \$14,368 related to the push down of share-based compensation related to the carry unit plan of which approximately \$9,849 related to units

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

(Unaudited)

NOTE 12. SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION (Continued)

granted to employees of the Company and \$4,519 related to employees of Altice N.V. and affiliated companies allocated to the Company.

Beginning on the fourth anniversary of the Base Date, the holders of carry units have an annual opportunity (a sixty day period determined by the administrator of the plan) to sell their units back to Neptune Holding US GP LLC (or affiliate, including the Company, designated by Neptune Holding US GP). Accordingly, the carry units are presented as temporary equity on the consolidated balance at fair value. Adjustments to fair value at each reporting period are recorded in paid in capital.

The right of Neptune Holding US GP LLC to assign to an affiliate, including the Company, the right to repurchase an employee's vested units during the sixty-day period following termination, or to satisfy its obligation to repurchase an employee's vested units during annual sixty-day periods following the fourth anniversary of the Base Date, may be exercised by Neptune Holding US GP LLC in its discretion at the time a repurchase right or obligation arises. The carry unit plan requires the purchase price payable to the employee or former employee, as the case may be, to be paid in cash, a promissory note (with a term of not more than 3 years and bearing interest at the long-term applicable federal rate under Section 1274(d) of the Internal Revenue Code) or combination thereof, in each case as determined by Neptune Holding US GP LLC in its discretion at the time of the repurchase. Neptune Holding US GP LLC expects that vested units will be redeemed for shares of Class A common stock upon vesting.

The following assumptions were used to calculate the fair values of the carry unit awards granted in the first quarter of 2017:

Time to liquidity event	0.3 years
Discount for lack of marketability	5%
Risk-free rate	0.76%
Equity volatility assumption	30%

The following table summarizes activity relating to carry units:

	Number of Time Vesting Awards	Number of Performance Based Vesting Awards	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value
Balance, December 31, 2016	192,800,000	10,000,000	\$ 0.37
Granted	17,850,000	_	0.55
Forfeited	(1,000,000)	_	0.37
Balance, March 31, 2017	209,650,000	10,000,000	0.39
Awards vested at March 31, 2017			

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

(Unaudited)

NOTE 13. AFFILIATE AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Equity Method Investments

In July 2016, the Company completed the sale of a 75% interest in Newsday LLC to an employee of the Company. The Company retained the remaining 25% ownership interest. Effective July 7, 2016, the operating results of Newsday are no longer consolidated with those of the Company and the Company's 25% interest in the operating results of Newsday is recorded on the equity basis.

At March 31, 2017, the Company's 25% investment in Newsday Holdings LLC ("Newsday Holdings") and its 25% interest in I24NEWS, Altice N.V.'s 24/7 international news and current affairs channel, was \$2,130 and \$1,254, respectively, and are included in investments in affiliates on our consolidated balance sheet. The operating results of Newsday Holdings and I24NEWS are recorded on the equity basis. For the three months ended March 31, 2017, the Company recorded equity in net loss of Newsday and I24NEWS of \$1,510 and \$1,247, respectively.

Affiliate and Related Party Transactions

As the transactions discussed below were conducted between subsidiaries under common control, amounts charged for certain services may not have represented amounts that might have been received or incurred if the transactions were based upon arm's length negotiations.

The following table summarizes the revenue and charges related to services provided to or received from subsidiaries of Altice N.V. and Newsday:

	Three Months Ended March 31,
	2017 2016
Revenue	\$ 141 \$ —
Operating expenses:	
Programming and other direct costs	\$ (735) \$ —
Other operating expenses	(7,298) (2,500)
Operating expenses, net	(8,033) (2,500)
Interest expense(a)	(47,588)
Net charges	\$ (55,480) \$ (2,500)
Capital Expenditures	<u>\$ 892</u> <u>\$ —</u>

⁽a) See Note 8 for a discussion of interest expense related to notes payable to affiliates and related parties of \$47,588.

Revenue

The Company recognized revenue in connection with sale of advertising to Newsday.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

(Unaudited)

NOTE 13. AFFILIATE AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

Programming and other direct costs

Programming and other direct costs include costs incurred by the Company for the transport and termination of voice and data services provided by a subsidiary of Altice N.V.

Other operating expenses

A subsidiary of Altice N.V. provides certain executive services, including CEO, CFO and COO services, to the Company. Compensation under the terms of the agreement is an annual fee of \$30,000 to be paid by the Company. Fees associated with this agreement recorded by the Company amounted to approximately \$7,500 and \$2,500 for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

Other operating expenses includes a credit of \$482 for transition services provided to Newsday.

Aggregate amounts that were due from and due to related parties are summarized below:

	March 31, 2017		December 31, 2016	
Due from:				
Altice US Finance S.A.(a)	\$	12,951	\$	12,951
Newsday(b)		4,696		6,114
Altice Management Americas(b)		8,944		3,117
Altice Technical Services(b)		393		_
I24(b)		1,369		_
Other Altice N.V. subsidiaries(b)		31		
	\$	28,384	\$	22,182
Due to:				
CVC 3BV(c)		_		71,655
Neptune Holdings US LP(c)		_		7,962
Altice Management International(d)		7,500		44,121
Newsday(b)		185		275
Other Altice N.V. subsidiaries(b)		3,470		3,350
	\$	11,155	\$	127,363

⁽a) Represents interest on senior notes paid by the Company on behalf of the affiliate.

⁽b) Represents amounts paid by the Company on behalf of the respective related party and the net amounts due from the related party for certain transition services provided.

⁽c) Represents distributions payable to shareholders.

⁽d) Represents amounts due for equipment purchases and software development services discussed above.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

(Unaudited)

NOTE 13. AFFILIATE AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

The table above does not include notes payable to affiliates and related parties of \$1,750,000 and the related accrued interest of \$150,135 and \$102,557, as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively, which is reflected in accrued interest in the Company's balance sheets. See discussion in Note 8.

During the three months ended March 31, 2017, the Company made a prepayment of \$9,441 to Altice Technical Services for plant maintenance and is reflected in prepaid expenses and other current assets on the Company's balance sheet at March 31, 2017.

NOTE 14. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Legal Matters

Cable Operations Litigation

In re Cablevision Consumer Litigation:

Following expiration of the affiliation agreements for carriage of certain Fox broadcast stations and cable networks on October 16, 2010, News Corporation terminated delivery of the programming feeds to the Company, and as a result, those stations and networks were unavailable on the Company's cable television systems. On October 30, 2010, the Company and Fox reached an agreement on new affiliation agreements for these stations and networks, and carriage was restored. Several purported class action lawsuits were subsequently filed on behalf of the Company's customers seeking recovery for the lack of Fox programming. Those lawsuits were consolidated in an action before the U. S. District Court for the Eastern District of New York, and a consolidated complaint was filed in that court on February 22, 2011. Plaintiffs asserted claims for breach of contract, unjust enrichment, and consumer fraud, seeking unspecified compensatory damages, punitive damages and attorneys' fees. On March 28, 2012, the Court ruled on the Company's motion to dismiss, denying the motion with regard to plaintiffs' breach of contract claim, but granting it with regard to the remaining claims, which were dismissed. On April 16, 2012, plaintiffs filed a second consolidated amended complaint, which asserts a claim only for breach of contract. The Company's answer was filed on May 2, 2012. On October 10, 2012, plaintiffs filed a motion for class certification and on December 13, 2012, a motion for partial summary judgment. On March 31, 2014, the Court granted plaintiffs' motion for class certification, and denied without prejudice plaintiffs' motion for summary judgment. On May 30, 2014, the Court approved the form of class notice, and on October 7, 2014, approved the class notice distribution plan. The class notice distribution has been completed, and the opt-out period expired on February 27, 2015. Expert discovery commenced on May 5, 2014, and concluded on December 8 and 28, 2015, when the Court ruled on the pending expert discovery motions. On January 26, 2016, the Court approved a schedule for filing of summary judgment motions. Plaintiffs filed a motion for summary judgment on March 31, 2016. The Company filed its own summary judgment motion on June 13, 2016. The motions for summary judgment have been denied with leave to re-file in the event the discussions between the parties are not successful. As of December 31, 2016, the Company had an estimated liability associated with a potential settlement totaling \$5,200. During the three months ended March 31, 2017, the Company recorded an additional liability of \$800 based on the ongoing negotiations with the plaintiffs. The parties have executed a binding term sheet memorializing a settlement agreement, including

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

(Unaudited)

NOTE 14. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Continued)

attorneys' fees, subject to entering into a long form agreement and Court approval. The amount ultimately paid in connection with a possible settlement could exceed the amount recorded.

Patent Litigation

Cablevision is named as a defendant in certain lawsuits claiming infringement of various patents relating to various aspects of the Company's businesses. In certain of these cases other industry participants are also defendants. In certain of these cases the Company expects that any potential liability would be the responsibility of the Company's equipment vendors pursuant to applicable contractual indemnification provisions. The Company believes that the claims are without merit and intends to defend the actions vigorously, but is unable to predict the outcome of these lawsuits or reasonably estimate a range of possible loss.

In addition to the matters discussed above, the Company is party to various lawsuits, some involving claims for substantial damages. Although the outcome of these other matters cannot be predicted and the impact of the final resolution of these other matters on the Company's results of operations in a particular subsequent reporting period is not known, management does not believe that the resolution of these other lawsuits will have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the Company or the ability of the Company to meet its financial obligations as they become due.

NOTE 15. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Company classifies its operations into two reportable segments: Cablevision and Cequel. The Company's reportable segments are strategic business units that are managed separately. The Company evaluates segment performance based on several factors, of which the primary financial measure is business segment Adjusted EBITDA, a non-GAAP measure. The Company defines Adjusted EBITDA as net income (loss) excluding income taxes, income (loss) from discontinued operations, non-operating other income or expenses, loss on extinguishment of debt and write-off of deferred financing costs, gain (loss) on equity derivative contracts, gain (loss) on investments, interest expense (including cash interest expense), interest income, depreciation and amortization, share-based compensation expense or benefit, restructuring expense or credits and transaction expenses. The Company has presented the components that reconcile Adjusted EBITDA to operating income, an accepted GAAP measure for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016 as follows:

	Three mor	ended March 31, 2016 Cequel		
Operating income	\$ 120,168	\$ 128,066	\$ 248,234	\$ 54,260
Share-based compensation	5,082	2,766	7,848	_
Restructuring and other expense	58,647	18,282	76,929	7,569
Depreciation and amortization	443,176	165,548	608,724	200,900
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 627,073	\$ 314,662	\$ 941,735	\$ 262,729

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

(Unaudited)

NOTE 15. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

A reconciliation of reportable segment amounts to the Company's consolidated balances are as follows:

		Three Months Ended March 31,		
	2017	2016		
Operating income for reportable segments	\$ 248,234	\$ 54,260		
Items excluded from operating income:				
Interest expense	(433,294)	(275,829)		
Interest income	232	6,415		
Gain on investments, net	131,658	_		
Loss on equity derivative contracts, net	(71,044)	_		
Gain on interest rate swap contracts	2,342	_		
Other income (expense), net	(224)	11		
Loss before income taxes	\$ (122,096)	\$ (215,143)		

The following tables present the composition of revenue by segment for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016:

	Three Mo	Three Months Ended March 31, 2017			
	Cablevision	Cablevision Cequel Total		Cequel	
Residential:					
Pay TV	\$ 789,387	\$ 281,974	\$ 1,071,361	\$ 279,737	
Broadband	381,969	229,800	611,769	196,690	
Telephony	176,401	34,472	210,873	39,735	
Business services and wholesale	228,685	90,906	319,591	84,404	
Advertising	61,739	18,229	79,968	20,887	
Other	6,620	5,494	12,114	6,136	
Total Revenue	\$ 1,644,801	\$ 660,875	\$ 2,305,676	\$ 627,589	

Capital expenditures for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016 by reportable segment are presented below:

	Three M	Three Months			
	Ended M	larch 31,			
	2017	2016			
Cablevision	\$ 184,399	\$ —			
Cequel	73,028	66,204			
	\$ 257,427	\$ 66,204			

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

(Unaudited)

NOTE 15. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

All revenues and assets of the Company's reportable segments are attributed to or located in the United States.

Total assets by segment are not provided as such amounts are not regularly reviewed by the chief operating decision maker for purposes of decision making regarding resource illocations

NOTE 16. UNAUDITED PRO FORMA NET LOSS PER SHARE

The pro forma net loss per share data for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016 is based on our historical statement of operations after giving effect to the issuance and sale of the shares of common stock in connection with the IPO, as well as the common stock to be issued in the organizational transactions discussed in Note 1, as if they occurred at the beginning of the period.

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2017 Basic and Diluted		Three Months Ended March 31, 2016 Basic and Diluted	
Numerator:				
Net loss attributable to Altice USA, Inc. stockholders	\$	(76,425)	\$	(140,748)
Denominator:				
Weighted average shares of common stock outstanding—basic and diluted (in thousands)		0.1		0.1
Pro forma adjustment to reflect the assumed issuance of common stock (in thousands)		737,069		737,069
Weighted average shares of common stock outstanding used in computing the pro forma net income per				
share—basic and diluted (in thousands)		737,069		737,069
Pro forma net loss per share	\$	(0.10)	\$	(0.19)

NOTE 17. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In April 2017, the Company made a cash distribution of \$169,950 to the Company's stockholders.

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

The Board of Directors and Stockholders Altice USA, Inc.:

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheet of Altice USA, Inc. and subsidiaries (the Company) as of December 31, 2016 and the related consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive loss, stockholders' equity, and cash flows for the year ended December 31, 2016. These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2016, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for the year ended December 31, 2016, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

As discussed in Note 1 to the consolidated financial statements, the Company was incorporated on September 14, 2015 and had no operations of its own other than the issuance of debt prior to the contribution of Cequel Corporation on June 9, 2016 by Altice N.V. The results of operations of Cequel Corporation for the year ended December 31, 2016 have been included in the results of operations of the Company for the same period as Cequel Corporation was under common control with the Company throughout 2016.

/s/ KPMG LLP

New York, New York April 10, 2017

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

(In thousands)

ASSETS	D	ecember 31, 2016
Current Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	486,792
Restricted cash		16,301
Accounts receivable, trade (less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$11,677)		349,626
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		88,151
Amounts due from affiliates		22,182
Investment securities pledged as collateral		741,515
Derivative contracts		352
Total current assets		1,704,919
Property, plant and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation of \$1,039,297		6,597,635
Investment in affiliates		5,606
Investment securities pledged as collateral		741,515
Derivative contracts		10,604
Other assets		48,545
Amortizable customer relationships, net of accumulated amortization of \$580,276		5,345,608
Amortizable trade names, net of accumulated amortization of \$83,397		983,386
Other amortizable intangibles, net of accumulated amortization of \$3,093		23,650
Indefinite-lived cable television franchises		13,020,081
Goodwill		7,992,700
Total Assets	\$	36,474,249

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (Continued)

(In thousands, except share and per share amounts)

Current Liabilities: Accounts payable \$ 697,310 Accrued liabilities: 576,778 Interest 576,778 Employee related costs 260,019 Other accrued expenses 333,522 Amounts due to affiliates 127,363 Deferred revenue 94,816 Liabilities under derivative contracts 13,158 Collateralized indebtedness 622,332 Credit facility debt 33,150 Senior notes and debentures 926,045 Capital lease obligations 15,013 Notes payable 5,427 Total current liabilities 3,704,933 Defined benefit plan obligations 84,106 Notes payable to affiliates and related parties 1,750,000 Other liabilities 113,485
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Other liabilities 113,485
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Deferred tax liability 7,966,815
Liabilities under derivative contracts 78,823
Collateralized indebtedness 663,737
Credit facility debt 3,411,640
Senior notes and debentures 16,581,280
Capital lease obligations 13,142
Notes payable
Total liabilities 34,376,260
Commitments and contingencies
Redeemable equity 68,147
Stockholders' Equity:
Common Stock, \$.01 par value, 1,000 shares authorized, 100 shares issued and outstanding —
Paid-in capital 3,003,554
Accumulated deficit (975,978)
2,027,576
Accumulated other comprehensive income 1,979
Total stockholders' equity 2,029,555
Noncontrolling interest 287
Total equity 2.029.842
\$ 36,474,249

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

(In thousands, except per share amounts)

Revenue (including revenue from affiliates of \$1,086) (See Note 15)	\$ 6,017,212
Operating expenses:	
Programming and other direct costs (including charges from affiliates of \$1,947) (See Note 15)	1,899,994
Other operating expenses (including charges from affiliates of \$18,854) (See Note 15)	1,716,851
Restructuring and other expense	240,395
Depreciation and amortization (including impairments)	1,700,306
	5,557,546
Operating income	459,666
Other income (expense):	
Interest expense (including interest expense to affiliates and related parties of \$112,712) (See Note 15)	(1,456,541)
Interest income	13,811
Gain on investments, net	141,896
Loss on equity derivative contracts, net	(53,696)
Loss on interest rate swap contracts	(72,961)
Loss on extinguishment of debt and write-off of deferred financing costs	(127,649)
Other income, net	4,329
	(1,550,811)
Loss before income taxes	(1,091,145)
Income tax benefit	259,666
Net loss	(831,479)
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	(551)
Net loss attributable to Altice USA, Inc. stockholders	\$ (832,030)
Basic and diluted net loss per share	\$ (8,320)
Basic and diluted weighted average common shares	100

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE LOSS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

(In thousands)

Net loss	<u>\$ (831,479)</u>
Other comprehensive income (loss):	
Defined benefit pension and postretirement plans (see Note 13):	
Unrecognized actuarial gain	3,452
Applicable income taxes	(1,381)
Unrecognized income arising during period, net of income taxes	2,071
Settlement income included in net periodic benefit cost	(154)
Applicable income taxes	62
Settlement income included in net periodic benefit cost, net of income taxes	(92)
Other comprehensive income	1,979
Comprehensive loss	(829,500)
Comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interests	(551)
Comprehensive loss attributable to Altice USA, Inc. stockholders	\$ (830,051)

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

(In thousands)

	ss A imon ock	Paid-in Capital	A	occumulated Deficit	Treasury Stock	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income	Total tockholders' Equity Deficiency)	Non- ntrolling nterest	Total Equity eficiency)
Balance at January 1, 2016	\$ 	\$ 2,252,028	\$	(143,948)	\$ —	s —	\$ 2,108,080	\$ _	\$ 2,108,080
Net loss attributable to stockholders	_	_		(832,030)	_	_	(832,030)	_	(832,030)
Noncontrolling interests acquired	_	_		_	_	_	_	(264)	(264)
Net loss attributable to noncontrolling									
interests	_	_		_	_	_	_	551	551
Pension liability adjustments, net of									
income taxes	_	_		_	_	1,979	1,979	_	1,979
Share-based compensation expense	_	14,368		_	_	_	14,368	_	14,368
Change in fair value of redeemable equity	_	(68,148)		_	_	_	(68,148)	_	(68,148)
Contribution from stockholders	_	1,246,499		_	_	_	1,246,499	_	1,246,499
Distributions to stockholders	_	(445,176)		_	_	_	(445,176)	_	(445,176)
Excess tax benefit on share-based awards	_	31		_	_	_	31	_	31
Tax impact related to the Newsday									
Holdings, LLC transactions	_	3,952		_	_	_	3,952	_	3,952
Balance at December 31, 2016	\$	\$ 3,003,554	\$	(975,978)	\$ —	\$ 1,979	\$ 2,029,555	\$ 287	\$ 2,029,842

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

(In thousands)

Cash flows from operating activities:	
Net loss	\$ (831,479)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by operating activities:	\$ (631,477)
Depreciation and amortization (including impairments)	1,700,306
Impairment of assets included in restructuring charges	2,445
Equity in net loss of affiliates	1,132
Gain on sale of affiliate interests	(206)
Gain on investments, net	(141,896)
Loss on equity derivative contracts, net	53,696
Loss on extinguishment of debt and write-off of deferred financing costs	127,649
Amortization of deferred financing costs and discounts (premiums) on indebtedness	27,799
Share-based compensation expense	14,368
Amortization of actuarial losses, net of settlement gains, related to pension and postretirement plans	3,298
Deferred income taxes	(263,989)
Provision for doubtful accounts	53,249
Excess tax benefits related to share-based awards	(31)
Change in assets and liabilities, net of effects of acquisitions and dispositions:) /
Accounts receivable, trade	(58,760)
Prepaid expenses and other assets	65,808
Amounts due from and due to affiliates	41,351
Accounts payable	(11,814)
Accrued liabilities	312,871
Deferred revenue	9,835
Liabilities related to interest rate swap contracts	78,823
Net cash provided by operating activities	1,184,455
Cash flows from investing activities:	
Payment for Cablevision Acquisition, net of cash acquired of \$969,549	(8,988,774)
Capital expenditures	(625,541)
Proceeds related to sale of equipment, including costs of disposal	5,885
Proceeds from sale of affiliate interests	13,825
Increase in other investments	(4,608)
Additions to other intangible assets	(106)
Net cash used in investing activities	(9,599,319)
Cash flows from financing activities:	
Proceeds from credit facility debt	5,510,256
Repayment of credit facility debt	(9,133,543)
Proceeds from issuance of notes payable to affiliates and related parties	1,750,000
Proceeds from issuance of senior notes	1,310,000
Proceeds from collateralized indebtedness	179,388
Repayment of collateralized indebtedness and related derivative contracts	(143,102)
Distributions to stockholders	(365,559)
Principal payments on capital lease obligations	(18,837)
Contributions from stockholders	1,246,499
Additions to deferred financing costs	(203,712)
Excess tax benefit related to share-based awards	31
Net cash provided by financing activities	131,421
Net increase in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	(8,283,443)
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at beginning of year	8,786,536
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at end of year	\$ 503,093

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 1. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS, RELATED MATTERS AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The Company and Related Matters

Altice USA, Inc. ("Altice USA" or the "Company") was incorporated in Delaware on September 14, 2015. As of December 31, 2016, Altice USA is majority-owned by Altice N.V., a public company with limited liability (naamloze vennootshcap) under Dutch law ("Altice N.V.").

Altice N.V. acquired Cequel Corporation ("Cequel" or "Suddenlink") on December 21, 2015 and Cequel was contributed to Altice USA on June 9, 2016. Altice USA had no operations of its own other than the issuance of debt prior to the contribution of Cequel on June 9, 2016 by Altice N.V. The results of operations of Cequel for the year ended December 31, 2016 have been included in the results of operations of Altice USA for the same period, as Cequel was under common control with Altice USA throughout 2016. Altice USA acquired Cablevision Systems Corporation ("Cablevision" or "Optimum") on June 21, 2016.

In addition to the operating results of Cequel for the year ended December 31, 2016, the operating results of Altice USA include the operating results of Cablevision for the period from the date of acquisition, June 21, 2016 through December 31, 2016. In addition to the operating results of Cequel and Cablevision described above, Altice USA incurred net interest expense of \$419,456. For the period from inception of Altice USA through December 31, 2015, the operating results of Altice USA include \$157,192 of interest expense related to the indebtedness issued to fund the acquisition of Cablevision, discussed below, and the operating results of Cequel for the 10 day period, December 21, 2015 through December 31, 2015. The Company classifies its operations into two reportable segments: Cablevision, which operates in the New York metropolitan area, and Cequel, which principally operates in markets in the south-central United States.

Acquisition of Cablevision Systems Corporation

On June 21, 2016 (the "Cablevision Acquisition Date"), pursuant to the Agreement and Plan of Merger (the "Merger Agreement"), dated as of September 16, 2015, by and among Cablevision, Altice N.V., Neptune Merger Sub Corp., a wholly-owned subsidiary of Altice N.V. ("Merger Sub"), Merger Sub merged with and into Cablevision, with Cablevision surviving the merger (the "Cablevision Acquisition").

In connection with the Cablevision Acquisition, each outstanding share of the Cablevision NY Group Class A common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, and Cablevision NY Group Class B common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, and together with the Cablevision NY Group Class A common stock, the "Shares") other than (i) Shares owned by Cablevision, Altice N.V. or any of their respective wholly-owned subsidiaries, in each case not held on behalf of third parties in a fiduciary capacity, received \$34.90 in cash without interest, less applicable tax withholdings (the "Cablevision Acquisition Consideration").

Pursuant to an agreement, dated December 21, 2015, by and among CVC 2 B.V., CIE Management IX Limited, for and on behalf of the limited partnerships BC European Capital IX-1 through 11 and Canada Pension Plan Investment Board, certain affiliates of BCP and CPPIB (the "Co-Investors") funded approximately \$1,000,000 toward the payment of the aggregate Per Share Cablevision Acquisition Consideration, and indirectly acquired approximately 30% of the Shares of Cablevision.

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 1. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS, RELATED MATTERS AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION (Continued)

Also in connection with the Cablevision Acquisition, outstanding equity-based awards granted under Cablevision's equity plans were cancelled and converted into cash based upon the \$34.90 per Share Cablevision Acquisition price in accordance with the original terms of the awards. The total consideration for the outstanding CNYG Class A Shares, the outstanding CNYG Class B Shares, and the equity-based awards amounted to \$9,958,323.

In connection with the Cablevision Acquisition, in October 2015, Neptune Finco Corp. ("Finco"), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of Altice N.V. formed to complete the financing described herein and the merger with CSC Holdings, LLC ("CSC Holdings"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Cablevision, borrowed an aggregate principal amount of \$3,800,000 under a term loan facility (the "Term Credit Facility") and entered into revolving loan commitments in an aggregate principal amount of \$2,000,000 (the "Revolving Credit Facility" and, together with the Term Credit Facility, the "Credit Facilities").

Finco also issued \$1,800,000 aggregate principal amount of 10.125% senior notes due 2023 (the "2023 Notes"), \$2,000,000 aggregate principal amount of 10.875% senior notes due 2025 (the "2025 Notes"), and \$1,000,000 aggregate principal amount of 6.625% senior guaranteed notes due 2025 (the "2025 Guaranteed Notes") (collectively the "Cablevision Acquisition Notes").

On June 21, 2016, immediately following the Cablevision Acquisition, Finco merged with and into CSC Holdings, with CSC Holdings surviving the merger (the "CSC Holdings Merger"), and the Cablevision Acquisition Notes and the Credit Facilities became obligations of CSC Holdings.

On June 21, 2016, in connection with the Cablevision Acquisition, the Company issued notes payable to affiliates and related parties aggregating \$1,750,000, of which \$875,000 bear interest at 10.75% and \$875,000 bear interest at 11%.

The Cablevision Acquisition was accounted for as a business combination in accordance with ASC Topic 805. Accordingly, the Company stepped up 100% of the assets and liabilities assumed to their fair value at the Cablevision Acquisition Date. See Note 3 for further details.

Acquisition of Cequel Corporation

On December 21, 2015, Altice N.V. acquired approximately 70% of the total outstanding equity interests in Cequel Corporation (the "Cequel Acquisition") from the direct and indirect stockholders of Cequel Corporation (the "Sellers"). The consideration for the acquired equity interests was based on a total equity valuation for 100% of the capital and voting rights of Cequel of \$3,973,528 which includes \$2,797,928 of cash consideration, \$675,600 of retained equity held by entities affiliated with BC Partners and CPPIB and \$500,000 function funded by the issuance by an affiliate of Altice N.V. of a senior vendor note that was subscribed by entities affiliated with BC Partners and CPPIB. Following the closing of the Cequel Acquisition, entities affiliated with BC Partners and CPPIB retained a 30% equity interest in a parent entity of the Company. In addition, the carried interest plans of the Stockholders were cashed out whereby payments were made to participants in such carried interest plans, including certain officers and directors of Cequel.

The Cequel Acquisition was accounted for as a business combination in accordance with ASC Topic 805. Accordingly, the Company stepped up 100% of the assets and liabilities assumed to their fair value at the Cequel Acquisition Date. See Note 3 for further details.

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 1. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS, RELATED MATTERS AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION (Continued)

In June 2016, Cequel was contributed to Altice USA. The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the operating results of Cequel from January 1, 2016 through December 31, 2016 and the operating results of Cablevision from the Cablevision Acquisition Date through December 31, 2016.

Basis of Presentation

Principles of Consolidation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its subsidiaries. All significant intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated in consolidation.

Use of Estimates in Preparation of Financial Statements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. See Note 11 for a discussion of fair value estimates.

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Revenue Recognition

The Company recognizes video, high-speed data, and voice services revenues as the services are provided to customers. Revenue received from customers who purchase bundled services at a discounted rate is allocated to each product in a pro-rata manner based on the individual product's selling price (generally, the price at which the product is regularly sold on a standalone basis). Installation revenue for the Company's video, consumer high-speed data and VoIP services is recognized as installations are completed, as direct selling costs have exceeded this revenue in all periods reported. Advertising revenues are recognized when commercials are aired.

Revenues derived from other sources are recognized when services are provided or events occur.

Multiple-Element Transactions

In the normal course of business, the Company may enter into multiple-element transactions where it is simultaneously both a customer and a vendor with the same counterparty or in which it purchases multiple products and/or services, or settles outstanding items contemporaneous with the purchase of a product or service from a single counterparty. The Company's policy for accounting for each transaction negotiated contemporaneously is to record each deliverable of the transaction based on its best estimate of selling price in a manner consistent with that used to determine the price to sell each deliverable on a standalone basis. In determining the fair value of the respective deliverable, the Company will utilize quoted market prices (as available), historical transactions or comparable transactions.

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Gross Versus Net Revenue Recognition

In the normal course of business, the Company is assessed non-income related taxes by governmental authorities, including franchising authorities (generally under multi-year agreements), and collects such taxes from its customers. The Company's policy is that, in instances where the tax is being assessed directly on the Company, amounts paid to the governmental authorities and amounts received from the customers are recorded on a gross basis. That is, amounts paid to the governmental authorities are recorded as programming and other direct costs and amounts received from the customer are recorded as revenue. For the year ended December 31, 2016, the amount of franchise fees and certain other taxes and fees included as a component of revenue aggregated \$154,732.

Technical and Operating Expenses

Costs of revenue related to sales of services are classified as "programming and other direct costs" in the accompanying consolidated statement of operations.

Programming Costs

Programming expenses related to the Company's video service represent fees paid to programming distributors to license the programming distributed to subscribers. This programming is acquired generally under multi-year distribution agreements, with rates usually based on the number of subscribers that receive the programming. If there are periods when an existing distribution agreement has expired and the parties have not finalized negotiations of either a renewal of that agreement or a new agreement for certain periods of time, the Company continues to carry and pay for these services until execution of definitive replacement agreements or renewals. The amount of programming expense recorded during the interim period is based on the Company's estimates of the ultimate contractual agreement expected to be reached, which is based on several factors, including previous contractual rates, customary rate increases and the current status of negotiations. Such estimates are adjusted as negotiations progress until new programming terms are finalized.

In addition, the Company has received, or may receive, incentives from programming distributors for carriage of the distributors' programming. The Company generally recognizes these incentives as a reduction of programming costs in "programming and other direct costs", generally over the term of the distribution agreement.

Advertising Expenses

Advertising costs are charged to expense when incurred and are reflected in "other operating expenses" in the accompanying consolidated statement of operations. Advertising costs amounted to \$135,513 for the year ended December 31, 2016.

Share-Based Compensation

Share-based compensation cost relates to awards of units in a carried unit plan. For carried interest units, the Company measures share-based compensation cost at the grant date fair value and recognizes the expense over the requisite service period or when it is probable any related performance condition will be met. For carried interest units with graded vesting requirement, compensation cost is recognized on an accelerated method under the graded vesting method over the requisite service period

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

for the carried interest unit. Carried interest units that vest entirely at the end of the vesting requirement are expensed on a straight-line basis.

The Company estimates the fair value of carried interest units using an option pricing model. Key inputs that are used in applying the option pricing method are total equity value, equity volatility, risk free rate and time to liquidity event. The estimate of total equity value is determined using a combination of the income approach, which incorporates cash flow projections that are discounted at an appropriate rate, and the market approach, which involves applying a market multiple to the Company's projected operating results. The Company estimates volatility based on the historical equity volatility of comparable publicly-traded companies. Because there has been no public market for our equity prior to this offering, the estimates and assumptions the Company uses in the share-based compensation valuations are highly complex and subjective. Following the offering, such subjective valuations and estimates will no longer be necessary because we will rely on the market price of the Company's common stock to determine the fair value of share-based compensation awards. See Note 14 to the consolidated financial statements for additional information about our share-based compensation.

Income Taxes

The Company's provision for income taxes is based on current period income, changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities and changes in estimates with regard to uncertain tax positions. Deferred tax assets are subject to an ongoing assessment of realizability. The Company provides deferred taxes for the outside basis difference of its investment in partnerships.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company's cash investments are placed with money market funds and financial institutions that are investment grade as rated by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investors Service. The Company selects money market funds that predominantly invest in marketable, direct obligations issued or guaranteed by the United States government or its agencies, commercial paper, fully collateralized repurchase agreements, certificates of deposit, and time deposits.

The Company considers the balance of its investment in funds that substantially hold securities that mature within three months or less from the date the fund purchases these securities to be cash equivalents. The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents either approximates fair value due to the short-term maturity of these instruments or are at fair value.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are recorded at net realizable value. The Company periodically assesses the adequacy of valuation allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable by evaluating the collectability of outstanding receivables and general factors such as historical collection experience, length of time individual receivables are past due, and the economic and competitive environment.

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Investments

Investment securities and investment securities pledged as collateral are classified as trading securities and are stated at fair value with realized and unrealized holding gains and losses included in net income.

Long-Lived Assets and Amortizable Intangible Assets

Property, plant and equipment, including construction materials, are carried at cost, and include all direct costs and certain indirect costs associated with the construction of cable systems, and the costs of new equipment installations. Equipment under capital leases is recorded at the present value of the total minimum lease payments. Depreciation on equipment is calculated on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets or, with respect to equipment under capital leases and leasehold improvements, amortized over the shorter of the lease term or the assets' useful lives and reported in depreciation and amortization (including impairments) in the consolidated statements of operations.

The Company capitalizes certain internal and external costs incurred to acquire or develop internal-use software. Capitalized software costs are amortized over the estimated useful life of the software and reported in depreciation and amortization (including impairments).

Customer relationships, trade names and other intangibles established in connection with acquisitions that are finite-lived are amortized in a manner that reflects the pattern in which the projected net cash inflows to the Company are expected to occur, such as the sum of the years' digits method, or when such pattern does not exist, using the straight-line basis over their respective estimated useful lives.

The Company reviews its long-lived assets (property, plant and equipment, and intangible assets subject to amortization that arose from acquisitions) for impairment whenever events or circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. If the sum of the expected cash flows, undiscounted and without interest, is less than the carrying amount of the asset, an impairment loss is recognized as the amount by which the carrying amount of the asset exceeds its fair value.

Goodwill and Indefinite-Lived Intangible Assets

Goodwill and the value of franchises, trademarks, and certain other intangibles acquired in purchase business combinations which have indefinite useful lives are not amortized. Rather, such assets are tested for impairment annually or upon the occurrence of a triggering event.

The Company assesses qualitative factors for its reporting units that carry goodwill. If the qualitative assessment results in a conclusion that it is more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit exceeds the carrying value, then no further testing is performed for that reporting unit.

When the qualitative assessment is not used, or if the qualitative assessment is not conclusive and it is necessary to calculate the fair value of a reporting unit, then the impairment analysis for goodwill is performed at the reporting unit level using a two-step approach. The first step of the goodwill impairment test is used to identify potential impairment by comparing the fair value of the reporting unit with its carrying amount, including goodwill utilizing an enterprise-value based premise approach. If the carrying amount of the reporting unit exceeds its fair value, the second step of the goodwill impairment test is performed to measure the amount of goodwill impairment loss, if any. The second

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

step of the goodwill impairment test compares the implied fair value of the reporting unit's goodwill with the carrying amount of that goodwill. If the carrying amount of the reporting unit's goodwill exceeds the implied fair value of that goodwill, an impairment loss is recognized in an amount equal to that excess. The implied fair value of goodwill is determined in the same manner as the amount of goodwill which would be recognized in a business combination.

The Company assesses qualitative factors to determine whether it is necessary to perform the one-step quantitative identifiable indefinite-lived intangible assets impairment test. This quantitative test is required only if the Company concludes that it is more likely than not that a unit of accounting's fair value is less than its carrying amount. When the qualitative assessment is not used, or if the qualitative assessment is not conclusive, the impairment test for other intangible assets not subject to amortization requires a comparison of the fair value of the intangible asset with its carrying value. If the carrying value of the indefinite-lived intangible asset exceeds its fair value, an impairment loss is recognized in an amount equal to that excess.

Deferred Financing Costs

Deferred financing costs are being amortized to interest expense using the effective interest method over the terms of the related debt.

Derivative Financial Instruments

The Company accounts for derivative financial instruments as either assets or liabilities measured at fair value. The Company uses derivative instruments to manage its exposure to market risks from changes in certain equity prices and interest rates and does not hold or issue derivative instruments for speculative or trading purposes. These derivative instruments are not designated as hedges, and changes in the fair values of these derivatives are recognized in the statement of operations as gains (losses) on derivative contracts.

Commitments and Contingencies

Liabilities for loss contingencies arising from claims, assessments, litigation, fines and penalties and other sources are recorded when the Company believes it is probable that a liability has been incurred and the amount of the contingency can be reasonably estimated.

Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

In November 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-18, Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230): Restricted Cash, which requires that the statement of cash flows disclose the change during the period in the total of cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash and restricted cash equivalents. Restricted cash should be included with cash and cash equivalents when reconciling the beginning-of-period and end-of period total amounts shown on the statement of cash flows. ASU No. 2016-18 provides specific guidance on the presentation of restricted cash in the statement of cash flows. The new guidance was adopted as of December 31, 2016.

In November 2015, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No. 2015-17 (Topic 740), Balance Sheet Classification of Deferred Taxes. This ASU amends existing guidance to require the presentation of deferred tax liabilities and assets as

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

noncurrent within a classified statement of financial position. ASU No. 2015-17 was adopted by the Company in the fourth quarter 2016 and was applied prospectively to all deferred tax liabilities and assets.

In September 2015, the FASB issued ASU No. 2015-16, Simplifying the Accounting for Measurement-Period Adjustments, which requires that an acquirer recognize adjustments to provisional amounts that are identified during the measurement period in the reporting period in which the adjustment amounts are determined. Prior to the issuance of the standard, entities were required to retrospectively apply adjustments made to provisional amounts recognized in a business combination. ASU No. 2015-16 was adopted by the Company on January 1, 2016.

In April 2015, the FASB issued ASU No. 2015-05, Intangibles—Goodwill and Other—Internal-Use Software (Subtopic 350-40): Customer's Accounting for Fees Paid in a Cloud Computing Arrangement. ASU No. 2015-05 provides guidance to customers about whether a cloud computing arrangement includes a software license, then the customer should account for the software license element of the arrangement consistent with the acquisition of other software licenses. If a cloud computing arrangement does not include a software license, the customer should account for the arrangement as a service contract. ASU No. 2015-05 was adopted by the Company on January 1, 2016 and did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In April 2015, the FASB issued ASU No. 2015-03, Simplifying the Presentation of Debt Issuance Costs, which requires debt issuance costs to be presented in the balance sheet as a direct deduction from the carrying value of the associated debt liability, consistent with the presentation of a debt discount. In August 2015, the FASB issued ASU No. 2015-15, Presentation and Subsequent Measurement of Debt Issuance Costs Associated with Line-of-Credit Arrangements, which clarifies the treatment of debt issuance costs from line-of-credit arrangements after adoption of ASU No. 2015-03. ASU No. 2015-15 clarifies that the Securities and Exchange Commission staff would not object to an entity deferring and presenting debt issuance costs as an asset and subsequently amortizing the deferred debt issuance costs ratably over the term of the line-of-credit arrangement, regardless of whether there are any outstanding borrowings on the line-of-credit arrangement. ASU No. 2015-03 was adopted by the Company on January 1, 2016.

In August 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-15, Disclosures of Uncertainties about an Entity's Ability to Continue as a Going Concern, which requires management to evaluate whether there are conditions or events that raise substantial doubt about the entity's ability to continue as a going concern, and to provide certain disclosures when it is probable that the entity will be unable to meet its obligations as they become due within one year after the date that the financial statements are issued. ASU No. 2014-15 was adopted by the Company for the annual period ended December 31, 2016.

In June 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-12, Compensation—Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Accounting for Share-Based Payments When the Terms of an Award Provide That a Performance Target Could Be Achieved After the Requisite Service Period. ASU No. 2014-12 requires that a performance target that affects vesting and that could be achieved after the requisite service period be treated as a performance condition. Entities may apply the amendments in this ASU either: (a) prospectively to all awards granted or modified after the effective date; or (b) retrospectively to all awards with performance targets that are outstanding as of the beginning of the earliest annual period presented in the financial statements and to all new or modified awards thereafter. ASU No. 2014-12

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

was adopted by the Company on January 1, 2016 on a prospective basis and did not have any impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

Recently Issued But Not Yet Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers, requiring an entity to recognize the amount of revenue to which it expects to be entitled for the transfer of promised goods or services to customers. ASU No. 2014-09 will replace most existing revenue recognition guidance in GAAP when it becomes effective and allows the use of either the retrospective or cumulative effect transition method. In August 2015, the FASB issued ASU No. 2015-14 that approved deferring the effective date by one year so that ASU No. 2014-09 would become effective for the Company on January 1, 2018. The FASB also approved, in July 2015, permitting the early adoption of ASU No. 2014-09, but not before the original effective date for the Company of January 1, 2017.

In December 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-20, Technical Corrections and Improvements to Topic 606, Revenue from Contracts with Customers, in order to clarify the Codification and to correct any unintended application of the guidance. These items are not expected to have a significant effect on the current accounting standard. The amendments in this update affect the guidance in ASU No. 2014-09, which is not yet effective. ASU No. 2014-09 will be effective, reflecting the one-year deferral, for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017 (January 1, 2018 for the Company). Early adoption of the standard is permitted but not before the original effective date. Companies can transition to the standard either retrospectively or as a cumulative-effect adjustment as of the date of adoption. The Company is in the process of evaluating the impact that the adoption of ASU No. 2014-09 will have on its consolidated financial statements and selecting the method of transition to the new standard. We currently expect the adoption to impact the timing of the recognition of residential installation revenue and the recognition of commission expenses.

In August 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-15, Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230): Classification of Certain Cash Receipts and Cash Payments which clarifies how entities should classify certain cash receipts and cash payments on the statement of cash flows. ASU No. 2016-15 also clarifies how the predominance principle should be applied when cash receipts and cash payments have aspects of more than one class of cash flows. The new guidance becomes effective for the Company on January 1, 2018 with early adoption permitted and will be applied retrospectively. The Company has not yet completed the evaluation of the effect that ASU No. 2016-15 will have on its consolidated financial statements.

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-09, Compensation—Stock Compensation: Improvements to Employee Share-Based Payment Accounting, which provides simplification of income tax accounting for share-based payment awards. The new guidance becomes effective for the Company on January 1, 2017 with early adoption permitted. Amendments related to the timing of when excess tax benefits are recognized, minimum statutory withholding requirements, forfeitures, and intrinsic value will be applied using the modified retrospective transition method. Amendments requiring recognition of excess tax benefits and tax deficiencies in the income statement and the practical expedient for estimating expected term will be applied prospectively. The Company may elect to apply the amendments related to the presentation of excess tax benefits on the statement of cash flows using either a prospective transition method or a retrospective transition method. In connection with the

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

adoption on January 1, 2017, a deferred tax asset of approximately \$309,000 for previously unrealized excess tax benefits will be recognized with the offset recorded to accumulated deficit.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, Leases, which increases transparency and comparability by recognizing a lessee's rights and obligations resulting from leases by recording them on the balance sheet as lease assets and lease liabilities. The new guidance becomes effective for the Company on January 1, 2019 with early adoption permitted and will be applied using the modified retrospective method. The Company has not yet completed the evaluation of the effect that ASU No. 2016-02 will have on its consolidated financial statements.

In March 2017, the FASB issued ASU No. 2017-07 Compensation—Retirement Benefits (Topic 715). ASU No. 2017-07 requires that an employer disaggregate the service cost component from the other components of net benefit cost. It also provides guidance on how to present the service cost component and the other components of net benefit cost in the income statement and what component of net benefit cost is eligible for capitalization. ASU No. 2017-07 becomes effective for the Company on January 1, 2018 with early adoption permitted and will be applied retrospectively. The Company has not yet completed the evaluation of the effect that ASU No. 2017-07 will have on its consolidated financial statements.

Common Stock

At December 31, 2016, the Company had 100 shares of common stock with a par value of \$.01 issued and outstanding.

Net Loss Per Share

Basic and diluted net loss per share have been computed by dividing the net loss by the weighted-average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period. Diluted net loss per share excludes the effects of common stock equivalents as they are anti-dilutive.

Concentrations of Credit Risk

Financial instruments that may potentially subject the Company to a concentration of credit risk consist primarily of cash and cash equivalents and trade account receivables. The Company monitors the financial institutions and money market funds where it invests its cash and cash equivalents with diversification among counterparties to mitigate exposure to any single financial institution. The Company's emphasis is primarily on safety of principal and liquidity and secondarily on maximizing the yield on its investments. Management believes that no significant concentration of credit risk exists with respect to its cash and cash equivalents balances because of its assessment of the creditworthiness and financial viability of the respective financial institutions.

The Company did not have a single customer that represented 10% or more of its consolidated revenues for the year ended December 31, 2016, or 10% or more of its consolidated net trade receivables at December 31, 2016.

NOTE 3. BUSINESS COMBINATION

As discussed in Note 1, the Company completed the Cablevision Acquisition on June 21, 2016 and the Cequel Acquisition on December 21, 2015. The acquisitions were accounted for as a business combinations in accordance with ASC Topic 805. Accordingly, the Company recorded the fair value of the assets and liabilities assumed at the date of the acquisitions.

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 3. BUSINESS COMBINATION (Continued)

The following table provides the preliminary allocation of the total purchase price of \$9,958,323 to the identifiable tangible and intangible assets and liabilities of Cablevision based on preliminary fair value information currently available, which is subject to change within the measurement period (up to one year from the acquisition date). The table also summarizes the allocation of the total purchase price of \$3,973,528 to the identifiable tangible and intangible assets and liabilities based on fair value information in connection with the Cequel Acquisition. The remaining useful lives represent the period over which acquired tangible and intangible assets with a finite life are being depreciated or amortized.

	Cabl	evision	Ce	equel
	Preliminary Fair Values	Estimated Useful Lives	Fair Values	Estimated Useful Lives
Current assets	\$ 1,923,071		\$ 161,874	
Accounts receivable	271,305		180,422	
Property, plant and equipment	4,864,621	2 - 18 years	2,107,220	3 - 13 years
Goodwill	5,838,959		2,153,741	
Cable television franchise rights	8,113,575	Indefinite-lived	4,906,506	Indefinite-lived
Customer relationships	4,850,000	8 to 18 years	1,075,884	8 years
Trade names	1,010,000	12 years	56,782	2 years
Amortizable intangible assets	23,296	1 - 15 years	3,356	11 years
Other non-current assets	748,998		73,811	
Current liabilities	(2,305,954)		(534,662)	
Long-term debt	(8,355,386)		(4,717,305)	
Deferred income taxes	(6,834,807)		(1,492,017)	
Other non-current liabilities	(189,355)		(2,084)	
Total	\$ 9,958,323		\$ 3,973,528	

The fair value of customer relationships and cable television franchises were valued using derivations of the "income" approach. The future expected earnings from these assets were discounted to their present value equivalent.

Trade names were valued using the relief from royalty method, which is based on the present value of the royalty payments avoided as a result of the company owning the intangible asset.

The basis for the valuation methods was the Company's projections. These projections were based on management's assumptions including among others, penetration rates for video, high speed data, and voice; revenue growth rates; operating margins; and capital expenditures. The assumptions are derived based on the Company's and its peers' historical operating performance adjusted for current and expected competitive and economic factors surrounding the cable industry. The discount rates used in the analysis are intended to reflect the risk inherent in the projected future cash flows generated by the respective intangible asset. The value is highly dependent on the achievement of the future financial results contemplated in the projections. The estimates and assumptions made in the valuation are inherently subject to significant uncertainties, many of which are beyond the Company's control, and there is no assurance that these results can be achieved. The primary assumptions for which there is a reasonable possibility of the occurrence of a variation that would have significantly affected the value include the assumptions regarding revenue growth, programming expense growth rates, the amount and timing of capital expenditures and the discount rate utilized.

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 3. BUSINESS COMBINATION (Continued)

In establishing fair value for the vast majority of the acquired property, plant and equipment, the cost approach was utilized. The cost approach considers the amount required to replace an asset by constructing or purchasing a new asset with similar utility, then adjusts the value in consideration of physical depreciation, and functional and economic obsolescence as of the appraisal date. The cost approach relies on management's assumptions regarding current material and labor costs required to rebuild and repurchase significant components of our property, plant and equipment along with assumptions regarding the age and estimated useful lives of our property, plant and equipment.

The estimates of expected useful lives take into consideration the effects of contractual relationships, customer attrition, eventual development of new technologies and market competition.

Long-term debt assumed was valued using quoted market prices (Level 2). The carrying value of most other assets and liabilities approximated fair value as of the acquisition dates.

As a result of applying business combination accounting, the Company recorded goodwill, which represented the excess of organization value over amounts assigned to the other identifiable tangible and intangible assets arising from expectations of future operational performance and cash generation.

The following table presents the unaudited pro forma revenue, loss from continuing operations and net loss for the year ended December 31, 2016 as if the Cablevision Acquisition had occurred on January 1, 2016:

Revenue	\$ 9,154,816
Net loss	\$ (721,257)

The pro forma results presented above include the impact of additional amortization expense related to the identifiable intangible assets recorded in connection with the Cablevision Acquisition, additional depreciation expense related to the fair value adjustment to property, plant and equipment and the incremental interest resulting from the issuance of debt to fund the acquisitions, net of the reversal of interest and amortization of deferred financing costs related to credit facilities that were repaid on the date of the Cablevision Acquisition, the accretion/amortization of fair value adjustments associated with the long-term debt acquired and the remeasurement of deferred taxes associated with the acquisition of Cablevision.

NOTE 4. SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION

During 2016, the Company's non-cash investing and financing activities and other supplemental data were as follows:

Non-Cash Investing and Financing Activities:	
Continuing Operations:	
Property and equipment accrued but unpaid	\$ 155,653
Distributions declared but not paid	79,617
Notes payable to vendor	12,449
Deferred financing costs accrued but unpaid	2,570
Supplemental Data:	
Cash interest paid	1,092,114
Income taxes paid, net	1,538

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 5. RESTRUCTURING AND OTHER EXPENSE

Restructuring

During 2016, the Company commenced its restructuring initiatives (the "2016 Restructuring Plan") that are intended to simplify the Company's organizational structure. The 2016 Restructuring Plan resulted in charges of \$215,420 associated with the elimination of positions primarily in corporate, administrative and infrastructure functions across the Optimum and Suddenlink business segments and estimated charges of \$11,157 associated with facility realignment and other costs.

The following table summarizes the activity for the 2016 Restructuring Plan:

	Severance and		Facility			
		r Employee ated Costs	R	ealignment and Other Costs		Total
Restructuring charges	\$	215,420	\$	11,157	\$	226,577
Payments and other		(113,301)		(2,760)		(116,061)
Accrual balance at December 31, 2016	\$	102,119	\$	8,397	\$	110,516

In addition to the charges included in the table above, the Company recorded net restructuring credits of \$27 relating to changes to the Company's previous estimates recorded in connection with the Company's prior restructuring plans.

Other Expense

The Company incurred transaction costs of \$13,845 for the year ended December 31, 2016 related to the Cablevision Acquisition and Cequel Acquisition which are reflected in restructuring and other expense in the consolidated statement of operations.

NOTE 6. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Costs incurred in the construction of the Company's cable systems, including line extensions to, and upgrade of, the Company's hybrid fiber/coaxial infrastructure, initial placement of the feeder cable to connect a customer that had not been previously connected, and headend facilities are capitalized. These costs consist of materials, subcontractor labor, direct consulting fees, and internal labor and related costs associated with the construction activities. The internal costs that are capitalized consist of salaries and benefits of the Company's employees and the portion of facility costs, including rent, taxes, insurance and utilities, that supports the construction activities. These costs are depreciated over the estimated life of the plant (10 to 25 years) and headend facilities (4 to 25 years). Costs of operating the plant and the technical facilities, including repairs and maintenance, are expensed as incurred.

Installation costs associated with the initial deployment of new customer premise equipment ("CPE") necessary to provide video, high-speed data or voice services are also capitalized. These costs include materials, subcontractor labor, internal labor, and other related costs associated with the connection activities. The departmental activities supporting the connection process are tracked through specific metrics, and the portion of departmental costs that is capitalized is determined through a time weighted activity allocation of costs incurred based on time studies used to estimate the average time spent on each activity. These installation costs are amortized over the estimated useful lives of the CPE necessary to provide video, high-speed data or voice services. In circumstances where CPE tracking is not available, the Company estimates the amount of capitalized installation costs based on whether or

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 6. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

not the business or residence had been previously connected to the network. These installation costs are depreciated over their estimated useful life of 4-8 years. The portion of departmental costs related to disconnecting services and removing CPE from a customer, costs related to connecting CPE that has been previously connected to the network and repair and maintenance are expensed as incurred.

The estimated useful lives assigned to our property, plant and equipment are reviewed on an annual basis or more frequently if circumstances warrant and such lives are revised to the extent necessary due to changing facts and circumstances. Any changes in estimated useful lives are reflected prospectively.

Property, plant and equipment (including equipment under capital leases) as of December 31, 2016 consist of the following assets, which are depreciated or amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives.

			Estimated Useful Lives(a)
Customer equipment	\$	871,049	3 to 5 years
Headends and related equipment		1,482,631	4 to 25 years
Infrastructure		3,740,494	3 to 25 years
Equipment and software		735,012	3 to 10 years
Construction in progress (including materials and supplies)		84,321	
Furniture and fixtures		45,576	5 to 12 years
Transportation equipment		135,488	5 to 10 years
Buildings and building improvements		390,337	10 to 40 years
Leasehold improvements		104,309	Term of lease
Land		47,715	
	_	7,636,932	
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization		(1,039,297)	
	\$	6,597,635	
	_		

⁽a) The estimated useful lives presented reflect the period of depreciation and amortization for the purchase of assets in new condition and do not reflect the remaining useful lives of the assets at December 31, 2016.

For the year ended December 31, 2016, the Company capitalized certain costs aggregating \$75,804, related to the acquisition and development of internal use software, which are included in the table above.

Depreciation expense on property, plant and equipment (including capital leases) for the year ended December 31, 2016 amounted to \$1,046,896.

At December 31, 2016, the gross amount of buildings and equipment and related accumulated amortization recorded under capital leases were as follows:

Buildings and equipment	\$ 53,833
Less accumulated amortization	(6,306)
	\$ 47,527

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 7. OPERATING LEASES

The Company leases certain office, production, and transmission facilities under terms of leases expiring at various dates through 2035. The leases generally provide for escalating rentals over the term of the lease plus certain real estate taxes and other costs or credits. Costs associated with such operating leases are recognized on a straight-line basis over the initial lease term. The difference between rent expense and rent paid is recorded as deferred rent. In addition, the Company rents space on utility poles for its operations. The Company's pole rental agreements are for varying terms, and management anticipates renewals as they expire. Rent expense, including pole rentals, for the year ended December 31, 2016 amounted to \$65,881.

The minimum future annual payments for all operating leases (with initial or remaining terms in excess of one year) during the next five years and thereafter, including pole rentals from January 1, 2017 through December 31, 2021, at rates now in force are as follows:

2017	\$ 76,513
2018	70,242
2019	61,986
2020	56,953
2021	53,658
Thereafter	142,655

NOTE 8. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

The following table summarizes information relating to the Company's acquired intangible assets as of December 31, 2016:

		Amortizable Intangible Assets						
	Gr			Accumulated Net Carrying Amortization Amount			Estimated Useful Lives	
Customer relationships	\$	5,925,884	\$	(580,276)	\$	5,345,608	8 to 18 years	
Trade names		1,066,783		(83,397)		983,386	2 to 12 years	
Other amortizable intangibles		26,743		(3,093)		23,650	1 to 15 years	
	\$	7,019,410	\$	(666,766)	\$	6,352,644		

Amortization expense for the year ended December 31, 2016 aggregated \$653,410.

The following table sets forth the estimated amortization expense on intangible assets for the periods presented:

Estimated amortization expense	
Year Ending December 31, 2017	\$ 928,597
Year Ending December 31, 2018	834,312
Year Ending December 31, 2019	758,189
Year Ending December 31, 2020	681,610
Year Ending December 31, 2021	604,456

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 8. INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Continued)

The following table summarizes information relating to the Company's acquired indefinite-lived intangible assets as of December 31, 2016:

	Optimum			Suddenlink	_	Total
Cable television franchises	\$	8,113,575	\$	4,906,506	\$	13,020,081
Goodwill		5,838,959		2,153,741		7,992,700
Total	\$	13,952,534	\$	7,060,247	\$	21,012,781

The carrying amount of goodwill is presented below:

Gross goodwill as of January 1, 2016	\$ 2,040,402
Goodwill recorded in connection with Cablevision Acquisition	5,838,959
Adjustments to purchase accounting relating to Cequel Acquisition	113,339
Net goodwill as of December 31, 2016	\$ 7,992,700

NOTE 9. DEBT

CSC Holdings Credit Facilities

In connection with the Cablevision Acquisition, in October 2015, Neptune Finco Corp. ("Finco"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company formed to complete the financing described herein and the merger with CSC Holdings, borrowed an aggregate principal amount of \$3,800,000 under a term loan facility (the "Term Credit Facility") and entered into revolving loan commitments in an aggregate principal amount of \$2,000,000 (the "Revolving Credit Facility" and, together with the Term Credit Facility, the "Credit Facilities"). The Term Credit Facility was to mature on October 9, 2022 and the Revolving Credit Facility was to mature on October 9, 2020 (see discussion below regarding the extension amendments). In addition, on June 21, 2016 and July 21, 2016, the Company entered into incremental loan assumption agreements whereby the Revolving Credit Facility was increased by \$70,000 and \$35,000, respectively, to \$2,105,000.

Finco also issued \$1,800,000 aggregate principal amount of 10.125% senior notes due 2023 (the "2023 Notes"), \$2,000,000 aggregate principal amount of 10.875% senior notes due 2025 (the "2025 Notes"), and \$1,000,000 aggregate principal amount of 6.625% senior guaranteed notes due 2025 (the "2025 Guaranteed Notes") (collectively the "Cablevision Acquisition Notes").

On June 21, 2016, immediately following the Cablevision Acquisition, Finco merged with and into CSC Holdings, with CSC Holdings surviving the merger (the "CSC Holdings Merger"), and the Cablevision Acquisition Notes and the Credit Facilities became obligations of CSC Holdings. The 2025 Guaranteed Notes are guaranteed on a senior basis by each restricted subsidiary of CSC Holdings (other than CSC TKR, LLC and its subsidiaries, which own and operate the New Jersey cable television systems, Cablevision Lightpath, Inc. and any subsidiaries of CSC Holdings that are "Excluded Subsidiaries" under the indenture governing the 2025 Guaranteed Notes) (such subsidiaries, the "Initial Guarantors") and the obligations under the Credit Facilities are (i) guaranteed on a senior basis by each Initial Guarantor and (ii) secured on a first priority basis by capital stock held by CSC Holdings and the guarantors in certain subsidiaries of CSC Holdings, subject to certain exclusions and limitations.

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 9. DEBT (Continued)

Altice USA used the proceeds from the Term Credit Facility and the Cablevision Acquisition Notes, together with an equity contribution from Altice N.V. and its Co-Investors and existing cash at Cablevision, to (a) finance the Cablevision Acquisition, (b) refinance the credit agreement, dated as of April 17, 2013 (the "Previous Credit Facility"), among CSC Holdings, certain subsidiaries of CSC Holdings and the lenders party thereto (\$2,030,699 outstanding at the date of the Cablevision Acquisition), (c) repay the senior secured credit agreement, dated as of October 12, 2012, among Newsday LLC, CSC Holdings, and the lenders party thereto (the "Previous Newsday Credit Facility") of \$480,000, and (d) pay related fees and expenses.

The Credit Facilities permit CSC Holdings to request revolving loans, swing line loans or letters of credit from the revolving lenders, swingline lenders or issuing banks, as applicable, thereunder, from time to time prior to October 9, 2020, unless the commitments under the Revolving Credit Facility have been previously terminated.

There is also a commitment fee of 0.375% on undrawn amounts under the revolving credit facility.

On September 9, 2016, CSC Holdings entered into an amendment (the "Extension Amendment") to the Credit Facilities and the incremental loan assumption agreements dated June 21, 2016 and July 21, 2016 between CSC Holdings and certain lenders party thereto (the "Extending Lenders") pursuant to which each Extending Lender agreed to extend the maturity of its Term Credit Facilities to October 11, 2024 and to certain other amendments to the Credit Facilities. In October 2016, CSC Holdings used the net proceeds from the sale of \$1,310,000 aggregate principal amount of 5.5% senior guaranteed notes due 2027 (the "2027 Guaranteed Notes") (after the deduction of fees and expenses) to prepay outstanding loans under the CSC Holdings Term Credit Facility that were not extended pursuant to the Extension Amendment. The total aggregate principal amount of the Term Credit Facility, after giving effect to the use of proceeds of the 2027 Guaranteed Notes, is \$2,500,000 (the "Extended Term Loan"). The Extended Term Loan was effective on October 11, 2016. In connection with the prepayment of the Term Credit Facility, the Company wrote-off the deferred financing costs and the unamortized discount related to the existing term loan aggregating \$102,894. Additionally, the Company recorded deferred financing costs and an original issue discount of \$7,249 and \$6,250, respectively, which are both being amortized to interest expense over the term of the Extended Term Loan.

On December 9, 2016, the Credit Facilities were amended to increase the availability under the Revolving Credit Facility from \$2,105,000 to \$2,300,000 and extend the maturity on \$2,280,000 of this facility to November 30, 2021. The remaining \$20,000 will mature on October 9, 2020.

The Credit Facilities require CSC Holdings to prepay outstanding term loans, subject to certain exceptions and deductions, with (i) 100% of the net cash proceeds of certain asset sales, subject to reinvestment rights and certain other exceptions, and (ii) commencing with the first full fiscal year after the consummation of the Cablevision Acquisition, a ratable share (based on the outstanding principal amount of the Extended Term Loan divided by the sum of the outstanding principal amount of all pari passu indebtedness and the Extended Term Loan) of 50% of the annual excess cash flow of CSC Holdings and its restricted subsidiaries, which will be reduced to 0% if the Consolidated Net Senior Secured Leverage Ratio of CSC Holdings is less than or equal to 4.5 to 1.

Under the Term Credit Facility, CSC Holdings was required to make and made scheduled quarterly payment of \$9,500 beginning with the fiscal quarter ending September 30, 2016. Under the

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 9. DEBT (Continued)

Extended Term Loan, CSC Holdings is required to make scheduled quarterly payments equal to 0.25% of the principal amount of the Extended Term Loan, with the remaining balance scheduled to be paid on October 11, 2024, beginning with the fiscal quarter ending March 31, 2017.

The CSC Holdings Credit Facilities include negative covenants that are substantially similar to the negative covenants contained in the indentures under which the Cablevision Acquisition Notes were issued (see discussion below). The Credit Facilities include one financial maintenance covenant (solely for the benefit of the Revolving Credit Facility), consisting of a maximum Consolidated Net Senior Secured Leverage Ratio of 5.0 to 1, which will be tested on the last day of any fiscal quarter but only if on such day there are outstanding borrowings under the CSC Holdings Revolving Credit Facility (including swingline loans but excluding any cash collateralized letters of credit and undrawn letters of credit not to exceed \$15,000). The CSC Holdings Credit Facilities contain customary representations, warranties and affirmative covenants. In addition, the CSC Holdings Credit Facilities contains restrictive covenants that limit, among other things, the ability of CSC Holdings and its subsidiaries to incur indebtedness, create liens, engage in mergers, consolidations and other fundamental changes, make investments or loans, engage in transactions with affiliates, pay dividends, and make acquisitions and dispose of assets. If an event of default occurs, the obligations under the CSC Holdings Credit Facilities may be accelerated.

CSC Holdings was in compliance with all of its financial covenants under the CSC Holdings Credit Facilities as of December 31, 2016.

Cequel Credit Facilities

In connection with the Cequel Acquisition, lenders holding (a) \$290,000 of loans and commitments under the revolving credit facility under the old credit facility and (b) approximately \$815,400 of loans under the term loan facility under the old credit facility consented to roll over, on a cashless basis, such lenders' loans and commitments under the old credit facility into loans and commitments of the same amount under a new credit facility (the "Cequel Credit Facility") made available to a subsidiary of Cequel effective upon the consummation of the Cequel Acquisition (the 'Cequel Credit Agreement"). Upon the closing of the Cequel Acquisition, the \$290,000 of loans and commitments under the revolving credit facility under the old credit facility that lenders elected to rollover into the Cequel Credit Facility, plus \$60,000 of new revolving commitments from other lenders, formed a new \$350,000 revolving credit facility under the Cequel Credit Facility, and all remaining commitments under the then existing \$500,000 revolving credit facility under the old credit facility were terminated.

The interest rate on the term loans outstanding under the Cequel Credit Facility equal the prime rate plus 2.25% or the LIBO rate plus 3.25%, with a LIBO rate floor of 1.00%, while the interest rate on the revolver loans equal the prime rate plus 2.25% or the LIBO rate plus 3.25%. The term loan facility requires quarterly repayments in annual amounts equal to 1.00% of the original principal amount, which commenced on March 31, 2016, with the remainder due at maturity. There is a commitment fee of 0.5% on undrawn amounts under the revolving credit facility.

The debt under the Cequel Credit Agreement is secured by a first priority security interest in the capital stock of Suddenlink, an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of Cequel and substantially all of the present and future assets of Suddenlink and its restricted subsidiaries, and is guaranteed by the Cequel Communications Holdings II, LLC, an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of Cequel (the "Parent

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 9. DEBT (Continued)

Guarantor") as well as all of Suddenlink's existing and future direct and indirect subsidiaries, subject to certain exceptions set forth in the Cequel Credit Agreement.

The Cequel Credit Agreement contains customary representations, warranties and affirmative covenants. In addition, the Cequel Credit Agreement contains restrictive covenants that limit, among other things, the ability of Suddenlink and its subsidiaries to incur indebtedness, create liens, engage in mergers, consolidations and other fundamental changes, make investments or loans, engage in transactions with affiliates, pay dividends, and make acquisitions and dispose of assets. The Cequel Credit Agreement also contains a maximum senior secured leverage maintenance covenant of 5.0 times EBITDA as defined in the Cequel Credit Agreement. Additionally, the Cequel Credit Agreement contains customary events of default, including failure to make payments, breaches of covenants and representations, cross defaults to other indebtedness, unpaid judgments, changes of control and bankruptcy events. The lenders' commitments to fund amounts under the revolving credit facility are subject to certain customary conditions.

Amendments to Cequel Credit Agreement

On October 25, 2016, an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of Cequel entered into the First Amendment to the Cequel Credit Agreement, amending the credit agreement dated June 12, 2015, between the Company and certain lenders party thereto pursuant to which the applicable margin for the term loans outstanding under the Cequel Credit Facility was lowered by 25 basis points, the LIBO rate floor for the term loans outstanding under the Cequel Credit Facility was lowered by 25 basis points to 0.75% and the maturity date for the term loans outstanding under the Cequel Credit Facility was extended to January 15, 2025. The proceeds of \$815,000 from the new term loan were used to repay the amount outstanding under the existing term loan of \$809,327 and related fees and expenses. In connection with the existing term loan, the Company recorded a loss on extinguishment of debt of \$4,807, representing primarily the write-off of deferred financing costs related to the term loan. In connection with the First Amendment to the Cequel Credit Agreement, the Company recorded deferred financing costs of \$2,092, which are being amortized to interest expense over the term of the loan.

On December 9, 2016, the Company entered into the Second Amendment to the Cequel Credit Agreement which extended the maturity on the revolver to November 30, 2021.

As of December 31, 2016, Cequel was in compliance with all of its financial covenants under the Cequel Credit Agreement.

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 9. DEBT (Continued)

The following table provides details of the Company's outstanding credit facility debt (net of unamortized financing costs and unamortized discounts):

	Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Principal	Carrying Value(a)
CSC Holdings Restricted Group:	<u> </u>			
Revolving Credit Facility(b)	November 30, 2021	4.07%\$	175,256	\$ 145,013
Term Credit Facility(c)	October 11, 2024	3.88%	2,500,000	2,486,874
Cequel:				
Revolving Credit Facility(d)	November 30, 2021	_	_	_
Term Credit Facility	January 15, 2025	3.88%	815,000	812,903
		\$	3,490,256	3,444,790
Less: Current portion				33,150
Long-term debt				\$ 3,411,640

- (a) The unamortized discounts and deferred financing costs amounted to \$45,466 at December 31, 2016.
- (b) Includes \$100,256 of credit facility debt incurred to finance the Cablevision Acquisition. See discussion above regarding the amendment to the revolving credit facility entered into December 2016.
- (c) Represents \$3,800,000 principal amount of debt incurred to finance the Cablevision Acquisition, net of principal repayments made. See discussion above regarding the Extension Amendment entered into September 2016.
- (d) At December 31, 2016, \$17,031 of the revolving credit facility was restricted for certain letters of credit issued on behalf of the Company and \$332,969 of the facility was undrawn and available, subject to covenant limitations.

During the twelve months ending December 31, 2017, the Company is required to make principal payments aggregating \$25,000 under the CSC Holdings Term Credit Facility and \$8,150 under the Cequel Term Credit Facility.

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 9. DEBT (Continued)

Senior Guaranteed Notes and Senior Notes and Debentures

The following table summarizes the Company's senior guaranteed notes, senior secured notes and senior notes and debentures as of December 31, 2016:

Issuer	Date Issued	Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Principal Amount	Carrying Amount(a)
CSC Holdings(b)(e)	February 6, 1998	February 15, 2018	7.875% \$		
CSC Holdings(b)(e)	July 21, 1998	July 15, 2018	7.625%	500,000	521,654
CSC Holdings(c)(e)	February 12, 2009	February 15, 2019	8.625%	526,000	553,804
CSC Holdings(c)(e)	November 15, 2011	November 15, 2021	6.750%	1,000,000	951,702
CSC Holdings(c)(e)	May 23, 2014	June 1, 2024	5.250%	750,000	650,193
CSC Holdings(d)	October 9, 2015	January 15, 2023	10.125%	1,800,000	1,774,750
CSC Holdings(d)	October 9, 2015	October 15, 2025	10.875%	2,000,000	1,970,379
CSC Holdings(d)	October 9, 2015	October 15, 2025	6.625%	1,000,000	985,469
CSC Holdings(f)	September 23, 2016	April 15, 2027	5.500%	1,310,000	1,304,025
Cablevision(c)(e)	September 23, 2009	September 15, 2017	8.625%	900,000	926,045
Cablevision(c)(e)	April 15, 2010	April 15, 2018	7.750%	750,000	767,545
Cablevision(c)(e)	April 15, 2010	April 15, 2020	8.000%	500,000	488,992
Cablevision(c)(e)	September 27, 2012	September 15, 2022	5.875%	649,024	559,500
Cequel Communications Holdings I LLC and Cequel Capital Corporation(c)	October 25, 2012 December 28, 2012	September 15, 2020	6.375%	1,500,000	1,457,439
Cequel Communications Holdings I LLC and Cequel Capital Corporation(c)	May 16, 2013 September 9, 2014	December 15, 2021	5.125%	1,250,000	1,115,767
Altice US Finance I Corporation(g)	June 12, 2015	July 15, 2023	5.375%	1,100,000	1,079,869
Cequel Communications Holdings I LLC and Cequel Capital Corporation(h)	June 12, 2015	July 15, 2025	7.750%	620,000	602,925
Altice US Finance I Corporation(i)	April 26, 2016	May 15, 2026	5.500%	1,500,000	1,486,933
			\$	17,955,024	17,507,325
Less: Current portion			=		926,045
Long-term debt					\$ 16,581,280

⁽a) The carrying amount of the notes is net of the unamortized deferred financing costs and/or discounts/premiums of \$447,699.

 $⁽b) \qquad \text{The debentures are not redeemable by CSC Holdings prior to maturity}.$

⁽c) Notes are redeemable at any time at a specified "make-whole" price plus accrued and unpaid interest to the redemption date.

⁽d) The Company may redeem some or all of the 2023 Notes at any time on or after January 15, 2019, and some or all of the 2025 Notes and 2025 Guaranteed Notes at any time on or after October 15, 2020, at the redemption prices set forth in the relevant indenture, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any. The Company may also redeem up to 40% of each series of the Cablevision Acquisition Notes using the

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 9. DEBT (Continued)

proceeds of certain equity offerings before October 15, 2018, at a redemption price equal to 110.125% for the 2023 Notes, 110.875% for the 2025 Notes and 106.625% for the 2025 Guaranteed Notes, in each case plus accrued and unpaid interest. In addition, at any time prior to January 15, 2019, CSC Holdings may redeem some or all of the 2023 Notes, and at any time prior to October 15, 2020, the Company may redeem some or all of the 2025 Notes and the 2025 Guaranteed Notes, at a price equal to 100% of the principal amount thereof, plus a "make whole" premium specified in the relevant indenture plus accrued and unpaid interest.

- (e) The carrying value of the notes was adjusted to reflect their fair value on the Cablevision Acquisition Date (aggregate reduction of \$52,788).
- (f) The 2027 Guaranteed Notes are redeemable at any time on or after April 15, 2022 at the redemption prices set forth in the indenture, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any. In addition, up to 40% may be redeemed for each series of the 2027 Guaranteed Notes using the proceeds of certain equity offerings before October 15, 2019, at a redemption price equal to 105.500%, plus accrued and unpaid interest.
- (g) Some or all of these notes may be redeemed at any time on or after July 15, 2018, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any. Up to 40% of the notes may be redeemed using the proceeds of certain equity offerings before July 15, 2018, at a redemption price equal to 105.375%.
- (h) Some or all of these notes may be redeemed at any time on or after July 15, 2020, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any. Up to 40% of the notes may be redeemed using the proceeds of certain equity offerings before July 15, 2018, at a redemption price equal to 107.750%.
- (i) Some or all of these notes may be redeemed at any time on or after May 15, 2021, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any. Up to 40% of the notes may be redeemed using the proceeds of certain equity offerings before May 15, 2019, at a redemption price equal to 105.500%.

The indentures under which the senior notes and debentures were issued contain various covenants, which are generally less restrictive than those contained in the Credit Agreement. The Company was in compliance with all of its financial covenants under these indentures as of December 31, 2016.

CSC Holdings 5.5% Senior Guaranteed Notes due 2027

In September 2016, CSC Holdings issued \$1,310,000 aggregate principal amount of 5.50% senior guaranteed notes due April 15, 2027. The 2027 Guaranteed Notes are senior unsecured obligations and rank pari passu in right of payment with all of the existing and future senior indebtedness, including the existing senior notes and the Credit Facilities and rank senior in right of payment to all of existing and future subordinated indebtedness.

As discussed above, in October 2016, CSC Holdings used the proceeds from the issuance of the 2027 Guaranteed Notes (after the deduction of fees and expenses) to prepay the outstanding loans under the Term Credit Facility that were not extended pursuant to the Extension Amendment. In connection with the issuance of the 2027 Guaranteed Notes, the Company incurred deferred financing costs of approximately \$5,575, which are being amortized to interest expense over the term of the 2027 Guaranteed Notes.

Cablevision Acquisition Notes

The \$1,000,000 principal amount of the 2025 Guaranteed Notes bear interest at a rate of 6.625% per annum and were issued at a price of 100.00%. Interest on the 2025 Guaranteed Notes is payable

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 9. DEBT (Continued)

semi-annually on January 15 and July 15, commencing on July 15, 2016. These 2025 Guaranteed Notes are guaranteed on a senior basis by the Initial Guarantors.

The \$1,800,000 principal amount of the 2023 Notes and \$2,000,000 principal amount of the 2025 Notes, bear interest at a rate of 10.125% and 10.875%, respectively, per annum and were issued at prices of 100.00%. Interest on the 2023 Notes and 2025 Notes is payable semi-annually on January 15 and July 15, which began on July 15, 2016.

Deferred financing costs of approximately \$76,579 incurred in connection with the issuance of the Cablevision Acquisition Notes are being amortized to interest expense over the term of the Cablevision Acquisition Notes.

The indentures under which the Cablevision and CSC Holdings Senior Guaranteed Notes and Senior Notes and Debentures were issued contain certain covenants and agreements with respect to investment grade debt securities, including limitations on the ability of CSC Holdings and its restricted subsidiaries to (i) incur or guarantee additional indebtedness, (ii) make investments or other restricted payments, (iii) create liens, (iv) sell assets and subsidiary stock, (v) pay dividends or make other distributions or repurchase or redeem our capital stock or subordinated debt, (vi) engage in certain transactions with affiliates, (vii) enter into agreements that restrict the payment of dividends by subsidiaries or the repayment of intercompany loans and advances, and (viii) engage in mergers or consolidations, in each case subject to certain exceptions. The indentures also contain certain customary events of default. If an event of default occurs, the obligations under the Cablevision Acquisition Notes may be accelerated. As of December 31, 2016, Cablevision was in compliance with all of its financial covenants under the indentures under which the senior notes and debentures and guaranteed notes were issued.

Cequel Senior Secured Notes

On June 12, 2015, Altice US Finance I Corporation, an indirect subsidiary of Altice N.V., issued \$1,100,000 principal amount of senior secured notes (the "2023 Senior Secured Notes"), the proceeds from which were placed in escrow to finance a portion of the purchase price for the Cequel Acquisition. The 2023 Senior Secured Notes bear interest at a rate of 5.375% per annum and were issued at a price of 100.00%. Interest on the 2023 Senior Secured Notes is payable semi-annually on January 15 and July 15 of each year. Following the consummation of the Cequel Acquisition and related transactions the equity interests in Altice US Finance I Corporation were contributed through one or more intermediary steps to Suddenlink, and the Senior Secured Notes were guaranteed by Cequel Communications Holdings II LLC, Suddenlink and certain of the subsidiaries of Suddenlink and are secured by certain assets of Cequel Communications Holdings II LLC, Suddenlink and its subsidiaries.

On April 26, 2016, Altice US Finance I Corporation issued \$1,500,000 aggregate principal amount of senior secured notes (the "2026 Senior Secured Notes"). The proceeds from the sale were used to repay the \$1,477,200 remaining balance under the Old Credit Facility and to pay related fees and expenses (see discussion above). The 2026 Senior Secured Notes mature on May 15, 2026 and bear interest at a rate of 5.50% annually. Interest on the 2026 Senior Secured Notes is payable semi-annually on May 15 and November 15 of each year, commencing on November 15, 2016. Deferred financing costs recorded in connection with the issuance of these notes amounted to \$13,773 and are being amortized over the term of the notes.

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 9. DEBT (Continued)

Cequel Senior Notes

On June 12, 2015, Altice US Finance II Corporation, an indirect subsidiary of Altice N.V., issued \$300,000 principal amount of the 2025 Senior Notes, the proceeds from which were placed in escrow, to finance a portion of the purchase price for the Cequel Acquisition. The 2025 Senior Notes were issued by the 2025 Senior Notes Issuer, an indirect subsidiary of Altice N.V., bear interest at a rate of 7.75% per annum and were issued at a price of 100.00%. Interest on the 2025 Senior Notes is payable semi-annually on January 15 and July 15 of each year. Following the consummation of the Cequel Acquisition and related transactions, the 2025 Senior Notes Issuer merged into Cequel, the 2025 Senior Notes became the obligations of Cequel and Cequel Capital Corporation became the co-issuer of the 2025 Senior Notes.

On June 12, 2015, Altice US Finance S.A., an indirect subsidiary of Altice N.V. issued \$320,000 principal amount of the 7.75% Senior Notes due 2025 (the "Holdco Notes"), the proceeds from which were placed in escrow, to finance a portion of the purchase price for the Cequel Acquisition. The Holdco Notes bear interest at a rate of 7.75% per annum and were issued at a price of 98.275%. Interest on the Holdco Notes is payable semi-annually on January 15 and July 15 of each year. The Holdco Notes were automatically exchanged into an equal aggregate principal amount of 2025 Senior Notes at Cequel during the second quarter of 2016. The exchange resulted in a decrease to member's equity of approximately \$315.352.

The Issuers have no ability to service interest or principal on the Notes, other than through any dividends or distributions received from Suddenlink. Suddenlink is restricted in certain circumstances, from paying dividends or distributions to the Issuers by the terms of the New Credit Agreement. However, the Cequel Credit Agreement permits Suddenlink to make dividends and distributions subject to satisfaction of certain conditions, including pro forma compliance with a maximum senior secured leverage ratio, and that no event of default has occurred and is continuing, or would be caused by the making of such dividends or other distributions, and based on, among other things, availability under a restricted payment basket. The 2020 Notes, the 2021 Notes and the 2025 Senior Notes are unsecured and are not guaranteed by any subsidiaries of the Original Issuers, including Suddenlink.

The Cequel Indentures contain certain covenants, agreements and events of default which are customary with respect to non-investment grade debt securities, including limitations on the Company's ability to incur additional indebtedness, pay dividends on or make other distributions or repurchase the Company's capital stock, make certain investments, enter into certain types of transactions with affiliates, create liens and sell certain assets or merge with or into other companies.

Notes Payable to Affiliates and Related Parties

On June 21, 2016, in connection with the Cablevision Acquisition, the Company issued notes payable to affiliates aggregating \$1,750,000, of which \$875,000 bear interest at 10.75% and are due on December 20, 2023 and \$875,000 bear interest at 11% and are due on December 20, 2024. The Company may redeem all or, part of the notes at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount thereof plus the applicable premium, as defined in the notes agreement, and accrued and unpaid interest. For the year ended December 31, 2016, the Company recognized interest expense of \$102,557 related to these notes payable. As of December 31, 2016, the accrued interest related to these notes of \$102,557 is reflected in accrued interest in the Company's balance sheet.

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 9. DEBT (Continued)

Summary of Debt Maturities

Total amounts payable by the Company under its various debt obligations outstanding as of December 31, 2016, including notes payable, collateralized indebtedness (see Note 10), and capital leases, during the next five years and thereafter, are as follows:

Years Ending December 31,	Cablevision	Cequel	Altice USA	Total
2017	\$ 1,719,180	\$ 9,113	\$ —	\$ 1,728,293
2018	2,103,441	8,652	_	2,112,093
2019	557,348	8,330	_	565,678
2020	526,340	1,508,213	_	2,034,553
2021	1,200,256	1,258,223	_	2,458,479
Thereafter	9,884,024	3,995,280	1,750,000	15,629,304

NOTE 10. DERIVATIVE CONTRACTS AND COLLATERALIZED INDEBTEDNESS

Prepaid Forward Contracts

The Company has entered into various transactions to limit the exposure against equity price risk on its shares of Comcast Corporation ("Comcast") common stock. The Company has monetized all of its stock holdings in Comcast through the execution of prepaid forward contracts, collateralized by an equivalent amount of the respective underlying stock. At maturity, the contracts provide for the option to deliver cash or shares of Comcast stock with a value determined by reference to the applicable stock price at maturity. These contracts, at maturity, are expected to offset declines in the fair value of these securities below the hedge price per share while allowing the Company to retain upside appreciation from the hedge price per share to the relevant cap price.

The Company received cash proceeds upon execution of the prepaid forward contracts discussed above which has been reflected as collateralized indebtedness in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. In addition, the Company separately accounts for the equity derivative component of the prepaid forward contracts. These equity derivatives have not been designated as hedges for accounting purposes. Therefore, the net fair values of the equity derivatives have been reflected in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets as an asset or liability and the net increases or decreases in the fair value of the equity derivative component of the prepaid forward contracts are included in gain (loss) on derivative contracts in the accompanying consolidated statement of operations.

All of the Company's monetization transactions are obligations of its wholly-owned subsidiaries that are not part of the Restricted Group; however, CSC Holdings has provided guarantees of the subsidiaries' ongoing contract payment expense obligations and potential payments that could be due as a result of an early termination event (as defined in the agreements). If any one of these contracts were terminated prior to its scheduled maturity date, the Company would be obligated to repay the fair value of the collateralized indebtedness less the sum of the fair values of the underlying stock and equity collar, calculated at the termination date. As of December 31, 2016, the Company did not have an early termination shortfall relating to any of these contracts.

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 10. DERIVATIVE CONTRACTS AND COLLATERALIZED INDEBTEDNESS (Continued)

The Company monitors the financial institutions that are counterparties to its equity derivative contracts and it diversifies its equity derivative contracts among various counterparties to mitigate exposure to any single financial institution. All of the counterparties to such transactions carry investment grade credit ratings as of December 31, 2016.

Interest Rate Swap Contracts

In June 2016, the Company entered into two new fixed to floating interest rate swap contracts. One fixed to floating interest rate swap is converting \$750,000 from a fixed rate of 1.6655% to six-month LIBO rate and a second tranche of \$750,000 from a fixed rate of 1.68% to six-month LIBO rate. The objective of these swaps is to cover the exposure of the 2026 Senior Secured Notes to changes in the market interest rate. These swap contracts were not designated as hedges for accounting purposes. Accordingly, the changes in the fair value of these interest rate swap contracts are recorded through the statement of operations.

The Company does not hold or issue derivative instruments for trading or speculative purposes.

The following represents the location of the assets and liabilities associated with the Company's derivative instruments within the consolidated balance sheets:

	— Deriva — Fair Va		Asset Derivatives air Value at ecember 31,		Liability Derivatives Fair Value at December 31,
Derivatives Not Designated as Hedging Instruments	Balance Sheet Location		2016		2016
Prepaid forward contracts	Derivative contracts, current	\$	352	\$	13,158
Prepaid forward contracts	Derivative contracts, long-term		10,604		_
Interest rate swap contracts	Liabilities under derivative contracts, long-term		_		78,823
		\$	10,956	\$	91,981

Unrealized and realized losses related to Company's equity derivative contracts related to the Comcast common stock for the year ended December 31, 2016 of \$53,696, are reflected in loss on equity derivative contracts, net in the Company's consolidated statement of operations.

For the year ended December 31, 2016, the Company recorded a gain on investments of \$141,538, representing the net increase in the fair values of all investment securities pledged as collateral.

For the year ended December 31, 2016, the Company recorded a net loss on interest rate swap contracts of \$72,961.

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 10. DERIVATIVE CONTRACTS AND COLLATERALIZED INDEBTEDNESS (Continued)

Settlements of Collateralized Indebtedness

The following table summarizes the settlement of the Company's collateralized indebtedness relating to Comcast shares that were settled by delivering cash equal to the collateralized loan value, net of the value of the related equity derivative contracts.

Number of shares(a)	5,337,750
Collateralized indebtedness settled	\$ (143,102)
Derivative contracts settled	
	(143,102)
Proceeds from new monetization contracts	179,388
Net cash receipt	\$ 36,286

(a) Share amounts were adjusted for the 2 for 1 stock split in February 2017.

The cash was obtained from the proceeds of new monetization contracts covering an equivalent number of Comcast shares. The terms of the new contracts allow the Company to retain upside participation in Comcast shares up to each respective contract's upside appreciation limit with downside exposure limited to the respective hedge price.

In January 2017, the Company settled collateralized indebtedness relating to 5,337,750 Comcast shares (adjusted for the 2 for 1 stock split in February 2017) by delivering cash equal to the collateralized loan value obtained from the proceeds of a new monetization contract covering an equivalent number of Comcast shares. Accordingly, the consolidated balance sheet of the Company as of December 31, 2016 reflect the reclassification of \$184,286 of investment securities pledged as collateral from a current asset to a long-term asset and \$150,036 of collateralized indebtedness from a current liability to a long-term liability.

NOTE 11. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

The fair value hierarchy is based on inputs to valuation techniques that are used to measure fair value that are either observable or unobservable. Observable inputs reflect assumptions market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability based on market data obtained from independent sources while unobservable inputs reflect a reporting entity's pricing based upon their own market assumptions. The fair value hierarchy consists of the following three levels:

- Level I—Quoted prices for identical instruments in active markets.
- Level II—Quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active; and model-derived valuations whose inputs are observable or whose significant value drivers are observable.
- Level III—Instruments whose significant value drivers are unobservable.

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 11. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT (Continued)

The following table presents for each of these hierarchy levels, the Company's financial assets and financial liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

	At December 31, 2016 (Successor)							
		Level I		Level II		el III		Total
Assets:								
Money market funds	\$	100,139	\$	_	\$	_	\$	100,139
Investment securities pledged as collateral		1,483,030		_		_		1,483,030
Prepaid forward contracts		_		10,956		_		10,956
Liabilities:								
Prepaid forward contracts		_		13,158		_		13,158
Interest rate swap contracts			,	78,823				78,823

The Company's cash equivalents, investment securities and investment securities pledged as collateral are classified within Level I of the fair value hierarchy because they are valued using quoted market prices.

The Company's derivative contracts and liabilities under derivative contracts on the Company's balance sheets are valued using market-based inputs to valuation models. These valuation models require a variety of inputs, including contractual terms, market prices, yield curves, and measures of volatility. When appropriate, valuations are adjusted for various factors such as liquidity, bid/offer spreads and credit risk considerations. Such adjustments are generally based on available market evidence. Since model inputs can generally be verified and do not involve significant management judgment, the Company has concluded that these instruments should be classified within Level II of the fair value hierarchy.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate fair value of each class of financial instruments for which it is practicable to estimate:

Credit Facility Debt, Collateralized Indebtedness, Senior Notes and Debentures, Senior Secured Notes, Senior Guaranteed Notes, Notes Payable to Affiliates and Related Parties, and Notes Payable

The fair values of each of the Company's debt instruments are based on quoted market prices for the same or similar issues or on the current rates offered to the Company for instruments of the same remaining maturities. The fair value of notes payable is based primarily on the present value of the remaining payments discounted at the borrowing cost.

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 11. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT (Continued)

The carrying values, estimated fair values, and classification under the fair value hierarchy of the Company's financial instruments, excluding those that are carried at fair value in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets, are summarized as follows:

		Decembe	r 31, 2016
	Fair Value Hierarchy	Carrying Amount(a)	Estimated Fair Value
Altice USA debt instruments:			
Notes payable to affiliates and related parties	Level II	\$ 1,750,000	\$ 1,837,876
CSC Holdings debt instruments:			
Credit facility debt	Level II	2,631,887	2,675,256
Collateralized indebtedness(b)	Level II	1,286,069	1,280,048
Senior guaranteed notes	Level II	2,289,494	2,416,375
Senior notes and debentures(c)	Level II	6,732,816	7,731,150
Notes payable	Level II	13,726	13,260
Cablevision senior notes(d)	Level II	2,742,082	2,920,056
Cequel debt instruments:			
Cequel credit facility	Level II	812,903	815,000
Senior Secured Notes	Level II	1,079,869	1,152,250
Senior Notes	Level II	4,663,064	5,054,775
		\$ 24,001,910	\$ 25,896,046

- (a) Amounts are net of unamortized deferred financing costs and discounts.
- (b) The total carrying value of the collateralized debt was reduced by \$9,142 to reflect its fair value on the Cablevision Acquisition Date.
- (c) The total carrying value of the senior notes and debentures assumed in connection with the Cablevision Acquisition was reduced by \$39,713 to reflect the fair value of the notes on the Cablevision Acquisition Date.
- (d) The total carrying value of the senior notes and debentures assumed in connection with the Cablevision Acquisition was reduced by \$13,075 to reflect the fair value of the notes on the Cablevision Acquisition Date.

The fair value estimates related to the Company's debt instruments presented above are made at a specific point in time, based on relevant market information and information about the financial instrument. These estimates are subjective in nature and involve uncertainties and matters of significant judgments and therefore cannot be determined with precision. Changes in assumptions could significantly affect the estimates.

NOTE 12. INCOME TAXES

The Company files a federal consolidated and certain state combined income tax returns with its 80% or more owned subsidiaries. In connection with the contribution of common stock of Cequel to the Company, Cequel joined the Company's federal consolidated group. Cablevision joined the Company's federal consolidated group on the Cablevision Acquisition Date.

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 12. INCOME TAXES (Continued)

Income tax benefit attributable to the Company's continuing operations for the year ended December 31, 2016 consist of the following components:

Current expense (benefit):	
Federal	\$ (981)
State	5,310
	4,329
Deferred benefit:	
Federal	(223,159)
State	(40,830)
	(263,989)
Tax benefit relating to uncertain tax positions	(6)
Income tax benefit	<u>\$ (259,666)</u>

The income tax benefit attributable to the Company's continuing operations differs from the amount derived by applying the statutory federal rate to pretax income principally due to the effect of the following items:

	December 31,	
		2016
Federal tax benefit at statutory rate	\$	(381,901)
State income taxes, net of federal impact		(39,336)
Changes in the valuation allowance		297
Changes in the state rates used to measure deferred taxes, net of federal impact		153,239
Tax benefit relating to uncertain tax positions		(120)
Non-deductible share-based compensation related to the carried unit plan		5,029
Non-deductible Cablevision Acquisition transaction costs		4,457
Other non-deductible expenses		1,551
Research credit		(400)
Other, net		(2,482)
Income tax benefit	\$	(259,666)

As described in Note 1, in June, 2016, (i) Cequel was contributed to Altice USA and (ii) Altice USA completed the Cablevision Acquisition. Accordingly, in the second quarter of 2016, Cequel and Cablevision joined the federal consolidated and certain state combined income tax returns of Altice USA. As a result, the applicate tax rate used to measure deferred tax assets and liabilities of Cequel increased, resulting in a non-cash deferred income tax charge of \$153,660.

In the fourth quarter of 2016, ASU 2015-17 was adopted with prospective application. Accordingly, all deferred tax assets and liabilities are presented as noncurrent in the consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2016.

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 12. INCOME TAXES (Continued)

The tax effects of temporary differences which give rise to significant portions of deferred tax assets or liabilities and the corresponding valuation allowance at December 31, 2016 are as follows.

	December 31, 2016
NOLs and tax credit carry forwards	\$ 971,728
Compensation and benefit plans	93,939
Partnership investments	113,473
Restructuring liability	37,393
Other liabilities	45,561
Liabilities under derivative contracts	31,529
Interest deferred for tax purposes	39,633
Other	6,615
Deferred tax asset	1,339,871
Valuation allowance	(3,125)
Net deferred tax asset, noncurrent	1,336,746
Fixed assets and intangibles	(9,065,635)
Investments	(187,795)
Prepaid expenses	(10,172)
Fair value adjustment- debt and deferred finance costs	(30,535)
Other	(9,424)
Deferred tax liability, noncurrent	(9,303,561)
Total net deferred tax liability	<u>\$ (7,966,815)</u>

The Cablevision Acquisition resulted in an ownership change under Internal Revenue Code ("IRC") Section 382 and certain state taxing authorities whereby Cablevision's federal net operating losses ("NOLs") immediately prior to the Cablevision Acquisition of \$877,975 will be subject to certain limitations. The Cequel Acquisition resulted in a third ownership change with regard to Cequel NOLs. Utilization of Cequel NOLs of \$1,709,263 are limited under IRC Section 382. The utilization of the NOLs will be determined based on the ordering rules required by the applicable taxing jurisdiction. Since the limitation amounts accumulate for future use to the extent they are not utilized in any given year, the Company believes its loss carryforwards should become fully available to offset future taxable income.

At December 31, 2016, the Company had consolidated federal NOLs of \$3,078,119 expiring on various dates from 2019 through 2036. The Company has recorded a deferred tax asset related to \$2,302,619 of such NOLs. A deferred tax asset has not been recorded for the remaining NOL of \$775,500 as this portion relates to 'windfall' deductions on share-based awards that have not yet been realized. In connection with the adoption of ASU 2016-09 in the first quarter of 2017, the deferred tax asset for such windfall deductions will be recorded to accumulated deficit in the amount of approximately \$309,000.

As of December 31, 2016, the Company has \$43,215 of federal alternative minimum tax credit carry forwards which do not expire and \$18,672 of research credits, expiring in varying amounts from 2023 through 2036.

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 12. INCOME TAXES (Continued)

Deferred tax assets have resulted primarily from the Company's future deductible temporary differences and NOLs. In assessing the realizability of deferred tax assets, management considers whether it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax asset will not be realized. In evaluating the need for a valuation allowance, management takes into account various factors, including the expected level of future taxable income, available tax planning strategies and reversals of existing taxable temporary differences. If such estimates and related assumptions change in the future, the Company may be required to record additional valuation allowances against its deferred tax assets, resulting in additional income tax expense in the Company's consolidated statements of income. Management evaluates the realizability of the deferred tax assets and the need for additional valuation allowances quarterly. Pursuant to the Cablevision Acquisition and Cequel Acquisition, deferred tax liabilities resulting from the book fair value adjustment increased significantly and future taxable income that will result from the reversal of existing taxable temporary differences for which deferred tax liabilities are recognized is sufficient to conclude it is more likely than not that the Company will realize all of its gross deferred tax assets, except those deferred tax assets against which a valuation allowance has been recorded which relate to certain state NOLs.

In the normal course of business, the Company engages in transactions in which the income tax consequences may be uncertain. The Company's income tax returns are filed based on interpretation of tax laws and regulations. Such income tax returns are subject to examination by taxing authorities. For financial statement purposes, the Company only recognizes tax positions that it believes are more likely than not of being sustained. There is considerable judgment involved in determining whether positions taken or expected to be taken on the tax return are more likely than not of being sustained.

A reconciliation of the beginning and ending amount of unrecognized tax benefits associated with uncertain tax positions, excluding associated deferred tax benefits and accrued interest, is as follows:

Balance at January 1, 2016	\$ _
Increase to tax position in connection with the Cablevision Acquisition	4,031
Decreases related to prior year tax positions	(6)
Balance at December 31, 2016	\$ 4,025

As of December 31, 2016, if all uncertain tax positions were sustained at the amounts reported or expected to be reported in the Company's tax returns, the elimination of the Company's unrecognized tax benefits, net of the deferred tax impact, would decrease income tax expense by \$5,185.

In the second quarter of 2016, the Company changed its accounting policy on a prospective basis to present interest expense relating to uncertain tax positions as additional interest expense. In the period ended December 31, 2016, \$309 of interest expense relating to uncertain tax position was recorded to interest expense.

The most significant jurisdictions in which the Company is required to file income tax returns include the states of New York, New Jersey and Connecticut and the City of New York, Texas and West Virginia. The State of New York is presently auditing income tax returns for years 2009 through 2011.

Management does not believe that the resolution of the ongoing income tax examination described above will have a material adverse impact on the financial position of the Company. Changes in the liabilities for uncertain tax positions will be recognized in the interim period in which the positions are effectively settled or there is a change in factual circumstances.

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 13. BENEFIT PLANS

Qualified and Non-qualified Defined Benefit Plans

Retirement Plans (collectively, the "Defined Benefit Plans")

The Company sponsors a non-contributory qualified defined benefit cash balance retirement plan (the "Pension Plan") for the benefit of non-union employees of Cablevision, as well as certain employees covered by a collective bargaining agreement in Brooklyn.

The Company maintains an unfunded non-contributory non-qualified defined benefit excess cash balance plan ("Excess Cash Balance Plan") covering certain current and former employees of Cablevision who participate in the Pension Plan, as well as an additional unfunded non-contributory, non-qualified defined benefit plan ("CSC Supplemental Benefit Plan") for the benefit of certain former officers and employees of Cablevision which provided that, upon retiring on or after normal retirement age, a participant receives a benefit equal to a specified percentage of the participant's average compensation, as defined. All participants were 100% vested in the CSC Supplemental Benefit Plan. The benefits related to the CSC Supplemental Plan were paid to participants in January 2017 and the plan was terminated.

Cablevision's Pension Plan and the Excess Cash Balance Plan are frozen and no employee of Cablevision who was not already a participant could participate in the plans and no further annual Pay Credits (a certain percentage of employees' eligible pay) are made. Existing account balances under the plans continue to be credited with monthly interest in accordance with the terms of the plans.

Plan Results for Defined Benefit Plans

Summarized below is the funded status and the amounts recorded on the Company's consolidated balance sheets for all of the Company's Defined Benefit Plans at December 31, 2016:

Change in projected benefit obligation:	
Projected benefit obligation at beginning of year	\$ 403,963
Service cost	_
Interest cost	14,077
Actuarial gain	(11,429)
Curtailments	3,968
Benefits paid	(28,062)
Projected benefit obligation at end of year	382,517
Change in plan assets:	
Fair value of plan assets at beginning of year	297,846
Actual return on plan assets, net	5,829
Employer contributions	8,505
Benefits paid	(28,062)
Fair value of plan assets at end of year	284,118
Unfunded status at end of year	\$ (98,399)

The accumulated benefit obligation for the Company's Defined Benefit Plans aggregated \$382,517 at December 31, 2016.

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 13. BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

The Company's net funded status relating to its Defined Benefit Plans at December 31, 2016, is as follows:

Defined Benefit Plans	\$ (98,399)
Less: Current portion related to nonqualified plans	14,293
Long-term defined benefit plan obligations	\$ (84,106)

Components of the net periodic benefit cost, recorded in other operating expenses, for the Defined Benefit Plans for the year ended December 31, 2016, is as follows:

Service cost	\$ _
Interest cost	6,946
Expected return on plan assets, net	(4,022)
Curtailment loss	231
Settlement income (reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss)(a)	(154)
Net periodic benefit cost	\$ 3,001

(a) As a result of benefit payments to terminated or retired individuals exceeding the service and interest costs for the Pension Plan and the Excess Cash Balance Pension Plan during the period June 21, 2016 through December 31, 2016, the Company recognized a non-cash settlement loss that represented the acceleration of the recognition of a portion of the previously unrecognized actuarial losses recorded in accumulated other comprehensive loss on the Company's consolidated balance sheet relating to these plans.

Plan Assumptions for Defined Benefit Plans

Weighted-average assumptions used to determine net periodic cost (made at the beginning of the year) and benefit obligations (made at the end of the year) for the Defined Benefit Plans are as follows:

	Net Periodic Benefit Cost	Benefit Obligations
	June 21, 2016 to	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2016
Discount rate(a)	3.53%	3.81%
Rate of increase in future compensation levels	%	%
Expected rate of return on plan assets (Pension Plan only)	3.97%	N/A

⁽a) The discount rate of 3.53% for the period June 21, 2016 through December 31, 2016, represents the average of the quarterly discount rates used to remeasure the Company's projected benefit obligation and net periodic benefit cost in connection with the recognition of settlement losses discussed above.

The discount rate used by the Company in calculating the net periodic benefit cost for the Cash Balance Plan and the Excess Cash Balance Plan was determined based on the expected future benefit

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 13. BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

payments for the plans and from the Towers Watson U.S. Rate Link: 40-90 Discount Rate Model. The model was developed by examining the yields on selected highly rated corporate bonds

The Company's expected long-term return on Pension Plan assets is based on a periodic review and modeling of the plan's asset allocation structure over a long-term horizon. Expectations of returns and risk for each asset class are the most important of the assumptions used in the review and modeling and are based on comprehensive reviews of historical data, forward looking economic outlook, and economic/financial market theory. The expected long-term rate of return was chosen as a best estimate and was determined by (a) historical real returns, net of inflation, for the asset classes covered by the investment policy, and (b) projections of inflation over the long-term period during which benefits are payable to plan participants.

Pension Plan Assets and Investment Policy

The weighted average asset allocations of the Pension Plan at December 31, 2016 is as follows:

	Plan Assets
Asset Class:	
Mutual funds	43%
Fixed income securities	55
Cash equivalents and other	2
	100%

The Pension Plan's investment objectives reflect an overall low risk tolerance to stock market volatility. This strategy allows for the Pension Plan to invest in portfolios that would obtain a rate of return throughout economic cycles, commensurate with the investment risk and cash flow needs of the Pension Plan. The investments held in the Pension Plan are readily marketable and can be sold to fund benefit payment obligations of the plan as they become payable.

Investment allocation decisions are formally made by the Company's Benefit Committee, which takes into account investment advice provided by its external investment consultant. The investment consultant takes into account expected long-term risk, return, correlation, and other prudent investment assumptions when recommending asset classes and investment managers to the Company's Investment and Benefit Committee. The major categories of the Pension Plan assets are cash equivalents and bonds which are marked-to-market on a daily basis. Due to the Pension Plan's significant holdings in long-term government and non-government fixed income securities, the Pension Plan's assets are subjected to interest rate risk; specifically, a rising interest rate environment. Consequently, an increase in interest rates may cause a decrease to the overall liability of the Pension Plan thus creating a hedge against rising interest rates. In addition, a portion of the Pension Plan's bond portfolio is invested in foreign debt securities where there could be foreign currency risks associated with them, as well as in non-government securities which are subject to credit risk of the bond issuer defaulting on interest and/or principal payments.

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 13. BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

Investments at Estimated Fair Value

The fair values of the assets of the Pension Plan at December 31, 2016 by asset class are as follows:

Asset Class	Level I	Level II	Level III	Total
Mutual funds	\$ 121,356	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 121,356
Fixed income securities held in a portfolio:				
Foreign issued corporate debt	_	13,583	_	13,583
U.S. corporate debt	_	48,046	_	48,046
Government debt	_	4,810	_	4,810
U.S. Treasury securities	_	77,285	_	77,285
Asset-backed securities	_	14,065	_	14,065
Other	_	247	_	247
Cash equivalents(a)	2,593	3,089		5,682
Total(b)	\$ 123,949	\$ 161,125	<u>\$</u>	\$ 285,074

- (a) A significant portion represents an investment in a short-term investment fund that invests primarily in securities of high quality and low risk.
- (b) Excludes cash and net payables relating to the purchase of securities that were not settled as of December 31, 2016.

The fair values of mutual funds and cash equivalents were derived from quoted market prices that the Pension Plan administrator has the ability to access.

The fair values of corporate and government debt, treasury securities and asset-back securities were derived from bids received from a vendor or broker not available in an active market that the Pension Plan administrator has the ability to access.

Benefit Payments and Contributions for Defined Benefit Plans

The following benefit payments are expected to be paid:

2017	\$ 45,899
2018	28,812
2019	27,565
2020	28,399
2021	25,692
2022 - 2026	120,664

The Company currently expects to contribute approximately \$12,700 to the Pension Plan in 2017.

Defined Contribution Plans

The Company maintains the Cablevision 401(k) Savings Plan, a contributory qualified defined contribution plan for the benefit of non-union employees of Cablevision. Participants can contribute a percentage of eligible annual compensation and the Company will make a matching cash contribution

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 13. BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

or discretionary contribution, as defined in the plan. In addition, the Company maintains an unfunded non-qualified excess savings plan for which the Company provides a matching contribution similar to the Cablevision 401(k) Savings Plan. Applicable employees of the Company are eligible for an enhanced employer matching contribution, as well as a year-end employer discretionary contribution to the Cablevision 401(k) Savings Plan and the Cablevision Excess Savings Plan.

The Company also maintains a 401(k) plan for employees of Cequel. Cequel employees that qualify for participation can contribute a percentage of eligible annual compensation and the Company will make a matching cash contribution, as defined in the plan.

The cost associated with these plans (including the enhanced employer matching and discretionary contributions) was \$28,501 for the year ended December 31, 2016.

NOTE 14. EQUITY AND LONG-TERM INCENTIVE PLANS

Equity Plans

In July 2016, certain employees of the Company and its affiliates received awards of units in a carry unit plan of Neptune Management LP, an entity which has an ownership interest in the Company. The awards generally will vest as follows: 50% on the second anniversary of June 21, 2016 for Cablevision employees or December 21, 2015 for Cequel employees ("Base Date"), 25% on the third anniversary of the Base Date, and 25% on the fourth anniversary of the Base Date. Neptune Holding US GP LLC, the general partner of Neptune Management LP, has the right to repurchase (or to assign to an affiliate, including the Company, the right to repurchase) vested awards held by employees for sixty days following their termination. For the performance-based awards, vesting occurs upon achievement or satisfaction of a specified performance condition. The Company considered the probability of achieving the established performance targets in determining the equity-based compensation with respect to these awards at the end of each reporting period. The carried unit plan has 259,442,785 units authorized for issuance, of which 147,700,000 have been issued to employees of the Company and 55,100,000 have been issued to employees of Altice N.V. and affiliated companies.

The Company measures the cost of employee services received in exchange for carry units based on the fair value of the award at grant date. An option pricing model was used which requires subjective assumptions for which changes in these assumptions could materially affect the fair value of the carry units outstanding. The time to liquidity event assumption was based on management's judgment. The equity volatility assumption of 60% was estimated using the historical weekly volatility of publicly traded comparable companies. The risk-free rate of 0.74% assumed in valuing the units was based on the U.S. Constant Maturity Treasury Rates for a period matching the expected time to liquidity event. The discount for lack of marketability of 20% was based on Finnerty's (2012) average-strike put option model. The weighted average grant date fair value of the outstanding units is \$0.37 per unit and the fair value was \$1.76 per unit as of December 31, 2016. For the year ended December 31, 2016, the Company recognized an expense of \$14,368 related to the push down of share-based compensation related to the carry unit plan of which approximately \$9,849 related to units granted to employees of the Company and \$4,519 related to employees of Altice N.V. and affiliated companies allocated to the Company.

Beginning on the fourth anniversary of the Base Date, the holders of carry units have an annual opportunity (a sixty day period determined by the administrator of the plan) to sell their units back to

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 14. EQUITY AND LONG-TERM INCENTIVE PLANS (Continued)

Neptune Holding US GP LLC (or affiliate, including the Company, designated by Neptune Holding US GP). Accordingly, the carried units are presented as temporary equity on the consolidated balance sheet at fair value. Adjustments to fair value at each reporting period are recorded in paid in capital.

The right of Neptune Holding US GP LLC to assign to an affiliate, including the Company, the right to repurchase an employee's vested units during the sixty-day period following termination, or to satisfy its obligation to repurchase an employee's vested units during annual sixty-day periods following the fourth anniversary of the Base Date, may be exercised by Neptune Holding US GP LLC in its discretion at the time a repurchase right or obligation arises. The carry unit plan requires the purchase price payable to the employee or former employee, as the case may be, to be paid in cash, a promissory note (with a term of not more than 3 years and bearing interest at the long-term applicable federal rate under Section 1274(d) of the Internal Revenue Code) or combination thereof, in each case as determined by Neptune Holding US GP LLC in its discretion at the time of the repurchase. Neptune Holding US GP LLC expects that vested units will be redeemed for shares of Class A common stock upon vesting.

NOTE 15. AFFILIATE AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Equity Method Investments

In July 2016, the Company completed the sale of a 75% interest in Newsday LLC to an employee of the Company. The Company retained the remaining 25% ownership interest. Effective July 7, 2016, the operating results of Newsday are no longer consolidated with those of the Company and the Company's 25% interest in the operating results of Newsday is recorded on the equity basis.

At December 31, 2016, the Company's investment in Newsday was \$3,640 and is included in investments in affiliates on our consolidated balance sheet. For the period July 8, 2016 to December 31, 2016, the Company recorded equity in net loss of Newsday of \$1,132.

In December 2016, the Company made an investment of \$1,966 in I24NEWS, Altice N.V.'s 24/7 international news and current affairs channel, representing a 25% ownership interest, which is included in investments in affiliates on our consolidated balance sheet at December 31, 2016. The 75% interest is owned by a subsidiary of Altice N.V. The operating results of I24NEWS will be recorded on an equity basis upon commencement of operations in 2017.

Affiliate and Related Party Transactions

As the transactions discussed below were conducted between subsidiaries under common control, amounts charged for certain services may not have represented amounts that might have been received or incurred if the transactions were based upon arm's length negotiations.

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 15. AFFILIATE AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

The following table summarizes the revenue and charges related to services provided to or received from subsidiaries of Altice N.V. and Newsday for the year ended December 31, 2016:

Revenue	\$ 1,086
Operating expenses:	
Programming and other direct costs	\$ (1,947)
Other operating expenses	(18,854)
Operating expenses, net	(20,801)
Interest expense(a)	(112,712)
Net charges	\$ (132,427)
Capital Expenditures	\$ 45,886

⁽a) See Note 9 for a discussion of interest expense related to notes payable to affiliates and related parties of \$102,557, as well as for interest expense of \$10,155 related to the Holdco Notes prior to the exchange.

Revenue

The Company recognized revenue in connection with sale of advertising to Newsday.

Programming and other direct costs

Programming and other direct costs includes costs incurred by the Company for the transport and termination of voice and data services provided by a subsidiary of Altice N.V.

Other operating expenses

A subsidiary of Altice N.V. provides certain executive services, including CEO, CFO and COO services, to the Company. Compensation under the terms of the agreement is an annual fee of \$30,000 to be paid by the Company. Fees associated with this agreement recorded by the Company amounted to approximately \$20,556 for the year ended December 31, 2016.

Other operating expenses includes advertising purchased from Newsday of \$705 and IT consulting services of \$182 provided by an Altice N.V. subsidiary, partially offset by a credit of \$2,589 for transition services provided to Newsday.

Capital expenditures

The Company purchased equipment of \$44,121 from Altice Management International and \$1,025 from another Altice N.V. subsidiary. In addition, the Company acquired certain software development services that were capitalized from Altice Labs S.A. aggregating \$740.

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 15. AFFILIATE AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

Aggregate amounts that were due from and due to related parties at December 31, 2016 is summarized below:

Newsday(b) Altice Management Americas(b)	2,951 6,114 3,117
Newsday(b) Altice Management Americas(b) \$ 2	6,114
Altice Management Americas(b) \$ 2	
<u>\$ 2</u> :	3,117
Due to:	2,182
CVC 3BV(c)	1,655
Neptune Holdings US LP(c)	7,962
Altice Management International(d) 4	4,121
Newsday(b)	275
Other Altice subsidiaries(b)	3,350
\$ 12	27,363

- (a) Represents interest on senior notes paid by the Company on behalf of the affiliate.
- (b) Represents amounts paid by the Company on behalf of the respective related party and/or the net amounts due from the related party for services provided.
- (c) Represents distributions payable to shareholders.
- (d) Represents amounts due for equipment purchases and software development services discussed above.

The table above does not include notes payable to affiliates and related parties of \$1,750,000 and the related accrued interest of \$102,557 as December 31, 2016 which is reflected in accrued interest in the Company's balance sheet. See discussion in Note 9.

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 16. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Commitments

Future cash payments and commitments required under arrangements pursuant to contracts entered into by the Company in the normal course of business as of December 31, 2016 are as follows:

		Payments Due by Period						
	Total	Year 1	Years 2 - 3	Years 4 - 5	More than 5 years			
Off balance sheet arrangements:								
Purchase obligations(a)	\$ 7,136,605	\$ 2,396,634	\$ 3,307,915	\$ 1,394,318	\$ 37,738			
Guarantees(b)	19,793	3,909	15,884	_	_			
Letters of credit(c)	114,251	220	14,297	99,734	_			
Total	\$ 7,270,649	\$ 2,400,763	\$ 3,338,096	\$ 1,494,052	\$ 37,738			

- (a) Purchase obligations primarily include contractual commitments with various programming vendors to provide video services to customers and minimum purchase obligations to purchase goods or services. Future fees payable under contracts with programming vendors are based on numerous factors, including the number of subscribers receiving the programming. Amounts reflected above related to programming agreements are based on the number of subscribers receiving the programming as of December 2016 multiplied by the per subscriber rates or the stated annual fee, as applicable, contained in the executed agreements in effect as of December 31, 2016.
- (b) Includes franchise and performance surety bonds primarily for the Company's cable television systems.
- (c) Represent letters of credit guaranteeing performance to municipalities and public utilities and payment of insurance premiums. Payments due by period for these arrangements represent the year in which the commitment expires although payments under these arrangements are required only in the event of nonperformance.

The table above does not include obligations for payments required to be made under multi-year franchise agreements based on a percentage of revenues generated from video service per year.

Many of the Company's franchise agreements and utility pole leases require the Company to remove its cable wires and other equipment upon termination of the respective agreements. The Company has concluded that the fair value of these asset retirement obligations cannot be reasonably estimated since the range of potential settlement dates is not determinable.

Legal Matters

Cable Operations Litigation

Marchese, et al. v. Cablevision Systems Corporation and CSC Holdings, LLC:

The Company is a defendant in a lawsuit filed in the U.S. District Court for the District of New Jersey by several present and former Cablevision subscribers, purportedly on behalf of a class of iO video subscribers in New Jersey, Connecticut and New York. After three versions of the complaint were dismissed without prejudice by the District Court, plaintiffs filed their third amended complaint on

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 16. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Continued)

August 22, 2011, alleging that the Company violated Section 1 of the Sherman Antitrust Act by allegedly tying the sale of interactive services offered as part of iO television packages to the rental and use of set-top boxes distributed by Cablevision, and violated Section 2 of the Sherman Antitrust Act by allegedly seeking to monopolize the distribution of Cablevision compatible set-top boxes. Plaintiffs seek unspecified treble monetary damages, attorney's fees, as well as injunctive and declaratory relief. On September 23, 2011, the Company filed a motion to dismiss the third amended complaint. On January 10, 2012, the District Court issued a decision dismissing with prejudice the Section 2 monopolization claim, but allowing the Section 1 tying claim and related state common law claims to proceed. Cablevision's answer to the third amended complaint was filed on February 13, 2012. On December 7, 2015, the parties entered into a settlement agreement, which is subject to approval by the Court. On December 11, 2015, plaintiffs filed a motion for preliminary approval of the settlement, conditional certification of the settlement class, and approval of a class notice distribution plan. On March 10, 2016 the Court granted preliminary approval of the settlement and approved the class notice distribution and the claims submission process have now concluded. The Court granted final approval of the settlement on September 12, 2016, and the effective date of the settlement was October 24, 2016. The Company recorded an expense of \$15,600 in connection with settlement. As of December 31, 2016, the Company has an estimated liability associated with the settlement of \$6,100 representing the cost of benefits to class members that are reasonably expected to be provided and has paid out \$9,500 in attorneys' fees.

In re Cablevision Consumer Litigation:

Following expiration of the affiliation agreements for carriage of certain Fox broadcast stations and cable networks on October 16, 2010, News Corporation terminated delivery of the programming feeds to the Company, and as a result, those stations and networks were unavailable on the Company's cable television systems. On October 30, 2010, the Company and Fox reached an agreement on new affiliation agreements for these stations and networks, and carriage was restored. Several purported class action lawsuits were subsequently filed on behalf of the Company's customers seeking recovery for the lack of Fox programming. Those lawsuits were consolidated in an action before the U. S. District Court for the Eastern District of New York, and a consolidated complaint was filed in that court on February 22, 2011. Plaintiffs asserted claims for breach of contract, unjust enrichment, and consumer fraud, seeking unspecified compensatory damages, punitive damages and attorneys' fees. On March 28, 2012, the Court ruled on the Company's motion to dismiss, denying the motion with regard to plaintiffs' breach of contract claim, but granting it with regard to the remaining claims, which were dismissed. On April 16, 2012, plaintiffs filed a second consolidated amended complaint, which asserts a claim only for breach of contract. The Company's answer was filed on May 2, 2012. On October 10, 2012, plaintiffs filed a motion for class certification and on December 13, 2012, a motion for partial summary judgment. On March 31, 2014, the Court granted plaintiffs' motion for class certification, and denied without prejudice plaintiffs' motion for summary judgment. On May 30, 2014, the Court approved the form of class notice, and on October 7, 2014, approved the class notice distribution plan. The class notice distribution has been completed, and the opt-out period expired on February 27, 2015. Expert discovery commenced on May 5, 2014, and concluded on December 8 and 28, 2015, when the Court ruled on the pending expert discovery motions.

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 16. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Continued)

motions for summary judgment have been denied with leave to re-file in the event the discussions between the parties are not successful. In the period ended June 21, 2016 to December 31, 2016, the Company recorded an estimated liability associated with a potential settlement totaling \$5,200. The amount ultimately paid in connection with a possible settlement could exceed the amount recorded.

Patent Litigation

Cablevision is named as a defendant in certain lawsuits claiming infringement of various patents relating to various aspects of the Company's businesses. In certain of these cases other industry participants are also defendants. In certain of these cases the Company expects that any potential liability would be the responsibility of the Company's equipment vendors pursuant to applicable contractual indemnification provisions. The Company believes that the claims are without merit and intends to defend the actions vigorously, but is unable to predict the outcome of these lawsuits or reasonably estimate a range of possible loss.

In addition to the matters discussed above, the Company is party to various lawsuits, some involving claims for substantial damages. Although the outcome of these other matters cannot be predicted and the impact of the final resolution of these other matters on the Company's results of operations in a particular subsequent reporting period is not known, management does not believe that the resolution of these other lawsuits will have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the Company or the ability of the Company to meet its financial obligations as they become due.

NOTE 17. ALLOWANCE FOR DOUBTFUL ACCOUNTS

Activity related to the allowance for doubtful accounts for the year ended December 31, 2016:

	Bal	lance at				Vrite-Offs	Ba	lance
	Be	ginning	Pro	vision for	a	nd Other	at	End
	of	Period	В	ad Debt		Charges	of I	Period
Allowance for doubtful accounts	\$	1,051	\$	53,249	\$	(42,623)	\$ 1	11,677

Deductions/

NOTE 18. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Company classifies its operations into two reportable segments: Cablevision and Cequel. The Company's reportable segments are strategic business units that are managed separately. The Company evaluates segment performance based on several factors, of which the primary financial measure is business segment Adjusted EBITDA, a non-GAAP measure. The Company defines Adjusted EBITDA as net income (loss) excluding income taxes, income (loss) from discontinued operations, non-operating other income or expenses, loss on extinguishment of debt and write-off of deferred financing costs, gain (loss) on equity derivative contracts, gain (loss) on investments, interest expense (including cash interest expense), interest income, depreciation and amortization (including impairments), share-based compensation expense or benefit, restructuring expense or credits and transaction expenses. The

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 18. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

Company has presented the components that reconcile Adjusted EBITDA to operating income, an accepted GAAP measure for the year ended December 31, 2016.

	Ca	Cablevision Cequel		Cequel	Total
Operating income	\$	74,865	\$	384,801	\$ 459,666
Share-based compensation		9,164		5,204	14,368
Restructuring and other expense		212,150		28,245	240,395
Depreciation and amortization (including impairments)		963,665		736,641	1,700,306
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 1	,259,844	\$	1,154,891	\$ 2,414,735

A reconciliation of reportable segment amounts to the Company's consolidated balances for the year ended December 31, 2016 is as follows:

Operating income for reportable segments	\$ 459,666
Items excluded from operating income:	
Interest expense	(1,456,541)
Interest income	13,811
Gain on investments, net	141,896
Loss on equity derivative contracts, net	(53,696)
Loss on interest rate swap contracts	(72,961)
Loss on extinguishment of debt and write-off of deferred financing costs	(127,649)
Other income, net	4,329
Loss before income taxes	\$ (1,091,145)

The following table presents the composition of revenue by segment for the year ended December 31, 2016:

	Cablevision	Cablevision Cequel		
Revenue:				
Residential:				
Video	\$ 1,638,691	\$ 1,120,525	\$ 2,759,216	
High-speed data	782,615	834,414	1,617,029	
Voice	376,034	153,939	529,973	
Business Services	468,632	350,909	819,541	
Advertising	157,331	88,371	245,702	
Other	20,749	25,002	45,751	
Total Revenue	\$ 3,444,052	\$ 2,573,160	\$ 6,017,212	

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 18. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

Capital expenditures for the year ended December 31, 2016 by reportable segment are presented below:

Cablevision	\$ 298,357
Cequel	327,184
	\$ 625,541

All revenues and assets of the Company's reportable segments are attributed to or located in the United States.

Total assets by segment are not provided as such amounts are not regularly reviewed by the chief operating decision maker for purposes of decision making regarding resource allocations

NOTE 19. UNAUDITED PRO FORMA NET LOSS PER SHARE

The pro forma net loss per share data for the year ended December 31, 2016 is based on our historical statement of operations after giving effect to the issuance and sale of the shares of common stock in connection with the Company's initial offering of equity securities to the public ("IPO"), as well as the common stock to be issued in the organizational transactions discussed below, as if they occurred at the beginning of the period.

	-	ear Ended ecember 31,
	_	ic and Diluted Unaudited)
Numerator:		
Net loss attributable to Altice USA, Inc. stockholders	\$	(832,030)
Denominator:		
Weighted average shares of common stock outstanding—basic and diluted (in thousands)		0.1
Pro forma adjustment to reflect the issuance of common stock (in thousands)		737,069
Weighted average shares of common stock outstanding used in computing the pro forma net income per		
share—basic and diluted (in thousands)		737,069
Pro forma net loss per share—basic and diluted	\$	(1.13)

The following organizational transactions will be consummated in connection with the Company's IPO:

- the Company will amend and restate its certificate of incorporation to, among other things, provide for Class A common stock, Class B common stock and Class C common stock;
- · the Co-Investors and an entity controlled by Mr. Drahi will exchange their indirect ownership interest in the Company for shares of the Company's common stock;

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 19. UNAUDITED PRO FORMA NET LOSS PER SHARE (Continued)

- Neptune Management LP ("Management LP") will redeem its Class B units for shares of the Company's common stock that it receives from the redemption of its Class B units in Neptune Holding US LP;
- the Company will convert \$525,000 aggregate principal amount of notes issued by the Company to the Co-Investors (together with accrued and unpaid interest and applicable premium) into shares of the Company's common stock at the initial public offering price;
- \$1,225 million aggregate principal amount of notes issued by the Company to a subsidiary of Altice N.V. (together with accrued and unpaid interest and applicable premium) will be transferred to CVC 3 and then the Company will convert such notes into shares of the Company's common stock at the initial public offering price;
- the Co-Investors, Neptune Holding US LP, an entity controlled by the family of Mr. Drahi and former Class B unitholders of Management LP (including an entity controlled by Mr. Drahi) will exchange shares of the Company's common stock for new shares of the Company's Class A common stock; and
- CVC 3 B.V., an indirect subsidiary of Altice N.V., and an entity controlled by Mr. Drahi will exchange shares of the Company's common stock for new shares of the Company's Class B common stock.

NOTE 20. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In January 2017, CSC Holdings borrowed \$225,000 under its revolving credit facility and in February 2017, made a repayment of \$175,000 with cash on hand.

On March 15, 2017, CSC Holdings priced \$3,000,000 of 8.25-year senior secured term loans with institutional investors. The new senior secured term loans will bear interest at 2.25% over LIBO rate. The closing of the new financing is subject to closing conditions and the proceeds will be used to refinance the entire \$2,500,000 principal amount of loans under CSC Holdings Term Credit Facility that matures in October 2024 and redeem \$500,000 of the 8.625% Senior Notes due September 2017 issued by Cablevision.

On March 15, 2017, Altice US Finance I Corporation priced \$1,265,000 of 8.25-year senior secured term loans with institutional investors. The new senior secured term loans will bear interest at 2.25% over LIBO rate. The closing of the new financing is subject to closing conditions and the proceeds will be used to refinance the \$815,000 principal amount of loans under the term loan facility that matures in January 2025 and redeem \$450,000 of the 2020 Notes.

In April 2017, the Company made a cash distribution of \$169,950 to the Company's stockholders.

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

The Board of Directors Cablevision Systems Corporation:

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheet of Cablevision Systems Corporation and subsidiaries (the Company) as of December 31, 2015 and the related consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss), stockholders' equity (deficiency), and cash flows for the period from January 1, 2016 to June 20, 2016, and the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014. These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Cablevision Systems Corporation and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2015, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for the period from January 1, 2016 to June 20, 2016, and the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

/s/ KPMG LLP

New York, New York April 10, 2017

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

December 31, 2015

(In thousands)

ASSETS	December 31, 2015
Current Assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,003,279
Restricted cash	1,600
Accounts receivable, trade (less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$6,039)	266,383
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	123,242
Amounts due from affiliates	767
Deferred tax asset	14,596
Investment securities pledged as collateral	455,386
Derivative contracts	10,333
Total current assets	1,875,586
Property, plant and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation of \$9,625,348	3,017,015
Investment securities pledged as collateral	756,596
Derivative contracts	72,075
Other assets	32,920
Amortizable customer relationships, net of accumulated amortization of \$27,778	11,636
Other amortizable intangibles, net of accumulated amortization of \$32,532	25,315
Trademarks and other indefinite-lived intangible assets	7,250
Indefinite-lived cable television franchises	731,848
Goodwill	262,345
Deferred financing costs, net of accumulated amortization of \$8,150	7,588
	\$ 6,800,174

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (Continued)

(In thousands, except share and per share amounts)

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIENCY	De	cember 31, 2015
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$	453,653
Accrued liabilities:		,
Interest		119,005
Employee related costs		344,091
Other accrued expenses		169,899
Amounts due to affiliates		29,729
Deferred revenue		55,545
Liabilities under derivative contracts		2,706
Credit facility debt		562,898
Collateralized indebtedness		416,621
Capital lease obligations		20,350
Notes payable		13,267
Total current liabilities		2,187,764
Defined benefit plan obligations		99,228
Other liabilities		165,768
Deferred tax liability		704,835
Credit facility debt		1,951,556
Collateralized indebtedness		774,703
Senior notes and debentures		5,801,011
Capital lease obligations		25,616
Notes payable		1,277
Total liabilities	1	1,711,758
Commitments and contingencies		
Stockholders' Deficiency:		
Preferred Stock, \$.01 par value, 50,000,000 shares authorized, none issued		_
CNYG Class A common stock, \$.01 par value, 800,000,000 shares authorized, 304,196,703 shares issued and 222,572,210		
shares outstanding		3,042
CNYG Class B common stock, \$.01 par value, 320,000,000 shares authorized, 54,137,673 shares issued and outstanding		541
RMG Class A common stock, \$.01 par value, 600,000,000 shares authorized, none issued		_
RMG Class B common stock, \$.01 par value, 160,000,000 shares authorized, none issued		_
Paid-in capital		792,351
Accumulated deficit	((4,059,411)
		(3,263,477)
Treasury stock, at cost (81,624,493 CNYG Class A common shares)		1,610,167)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(37,672)
Total stockholders' deficiency	((4,911,316)
Noncontrolling interest		(268)
Total deficiency	-	(4,911,584)
1 our denoted		6.800.174
	Ф	0,000,174

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(In thousands, except per share amounts)

	January 1, 2016 to June 20, 2016	Year ended December 31, 2015	Year ended December 31, 2014
Revenue (including revenue from affiliates of \$2,088, \$5,343 and \$5,075, respectively) (See Note 16)	\$ 3,137,604	\$ 6,545,545	\$ 6,508,557
Operating expenses:			
Programming and other direct costs (including charges from affiliates of \$84,636, \$176,909 and \$179,144, respectively) (See Note 16)	1,088,555	2,269,290	2,197,735
Other operating expenses (including charges (credits) from affiliates of \$2,182, \$5,372 and \$3,878, respectively) (See Note 16)	1,136,970	2,546,319	2,520,582
Restructuring and other expense	22,223	16,213	2,480
Depreciation and amortization (including impairments)	414,550	865,252	866,502
	2,662,298	5,697,074	5,587,299
Operating income	475,306	848,471	921,258
Other income (expense):			
Interest expense	(287,098)	(585,764)	(576,000)
Interest income	1,590	925	420
Gain (loss) on investments, net	129,990	(30,208)	129,659
Gain (loss) on equity derivative contracts, net	(36,283)		(45,055)
Loss on extinguishment of debt and write-off of deferred financing costs	_	(1,735)	(10,120)
Other expense, net	4,855	6,045	4,988
	(186,946)	(505,810)	(496,108)
Income from continuing operations before income taxes	288,360	342,661	425,150
Income tax expense	(124,848)	(154,872)	(115,768)
Income from continuing operations, net of income taxes	163,512	187,789	309,382
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of income taxes		(12,541)	2,822
Net income	163,512	175,248	312,204
Net loss (income) attributable to noncontrolling interests	236	201	(765)
Net income attributable to Cablevision Systems Corporation stockholders	\$ 163,748	\$ 175,449	\$ 311,439
INCOME PER SHARE:			
Basic income (loss) per share attributable to Cablevision Systems Corporation stockholder(s):			
Income from continuing operations, net of income taxes	\$ 0.60	\$ 0.70	\$ 1.17
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of income taxes	<u> </u>	\$ (0.05)	\$ 0.01
Net income	\$ 0.60	\$ 0.65	\$ 1.18
Basic weighted average common shares (in thousands)	272,035	269,388	264,623
Diluted income (loss) per share attributable to Cablevision Systems Corporation stockholder(s):			
Income from continuing operations, net of income taxes	\$ 0.58	\$ 0.68	\$ 1.14
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of income taxes	\$ —	\$ (0.05)	\$ 0.01
Net income	\$ 0.58	\$ 0.63	\$ 1.15
Diluted weighted average common shares (in thousands)	280,199	276,339	270,703
Amounts attributable to Cablevision Systems Corporation stockholder(s):	200,177	270,555	270,703
Income from continuing operations, net of income taxes	\$ 163,748	\$ 187,990	\$ 308,617
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of income taxes	<u> </u>	(12,541)	2.822
Net income	\$ 163,748	\$ 175,449	\$ 311.439
Cash dividends declared and paid per share of common stock	\$ -	\$ 0.45	\$ 0.60
Cash dividends declared and part per share of common stock	Ψ	Ψ 0.43	ψ 0.00

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

(In thousands)

		January 1, 2016 to June 20, 2016		ear ended ecember 31, 2015	-	ear ended ecember 31, 2014
Net income	\$	163,512	\$	175,248	\$	312,204
Other comprehensive income (loss):						
Defined benefit pension and postretirement plans (see Note 14):						
Unrecognized actuarial gain (loss)		68		2,694		(6,866)
Applicable income taxes		(28)		(1,106)		2,815
Unrecognized income (loss) arising during period, net of income taxes		40		1,588		(4,051)
Amortization of actuarial losses, net included in net periodic benefit cost		929		1,224		2,296
Applicable income taxes		(388)		(502)		(941)
Amortization of actuarial losses, net included in net periodic benefit cost, net of income						
taxes		541		722		1,355
Settlement loss included in net periodic benefit cost		1,655		3,822		5,347
Applicable income taxes		(679)		(1,569)		(2,192)
Settlement loss included in net periodic benefit cost, net of income taxes		976		2,253		3,155
Other comprehensive income		1,557		4,563		459
Comprehensive income	_	165,069		179,811		312,663
Comprehensive loss (income) attributable to noncontrolling interests		236		201		(765)
Comprehensive income attributable to Cablevision Systems Corporation stockholder(s)	\$	165,305	\$	180,012	\$	311,898

${\bf CONSOLIDATED\,STATEMENTS\,OF\,STOCKHOLDERS'\,EQUITY\,(DEFICIENCY)}$

(In thousands)

	Cor	NYG ass A nmon tock	CN Clas Com Sto	ss B	Paid-in Capital	A	ccumulated Deficit	Treasury Stock		Total ockholders' Equity Deficiency)	Non- controlling Interest	Total Equity (Deficiency)
Balance at January 1, 2014	\$	2,925	\$	541	\$ 885,601	\$	(4,546,299)	\$ (1,584,404)	\$ (42,694)	\$ (5,284,330)	\$ 786	\$ (5,283,544)
Net income attributable to Cablevision												
Systems Corporation stockholders		_		_	_		311,439	_	_	311,439	_	311,439
Net income attributable to												
noncontrolling interests		_		_	_		_	_	_	_	1,007	1,007
Pension and postretirement plan liability adjustments, net of income												
taxes		_		_	_		_	_	459	459	_	459
Proceeds from exercise of options and												
issuance of restricted shares		78		_	55,252		_	_	_	55,330	_	55,330
Recognition of equity-based stock compensation arrangements		_		_	44,335		_	_	_	44,335	_	44,335
Treasury stock acquired from forfeiture												
and acquisition of restricted shares		_		_	9		_	(6,617)	_	(6,608)	_	(6,608)
Excess tax benefit on share-based awards		_		_	336		_	_	_	336	_	336
Dividends on CNYG Class A and CNYG Class B common stock		_		_	(162,806)		_	_	_	(162,806)	_	(162,806)
Adjustments to noncontrolling interests		_		_	376		_	_	_	376	(1,014)	(638)
Balance at December 31, 2014	\$	3,003	\$	541	\$ 823,103	\$	(4,234,860)	\$ (1,591,021)	\$ (42,235)	\$ (5,041,469)	\$ 779	\$ (5,040,690)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIENCY) (Continued)

(In thousands)

	Cl	NYG ass A mmon tock	CN Clas Com Sto	s B mon	Paid-in Capital	A	ccumulated Deficit	Treasury Stock	Com	oumulated Other oprehensive ome (Loss)	Total ockholders' Equity Deficiency)	Non- controlling Interest	Total Equity (Deficiency)
Balance at January 1, 2015	\$	3,003	\$	541	\$ 823,103	\$	(4,234,860)	\$ (1,591,021)	\$	(42,235)	\$ (5,041,469)	\$ 779	\$ (5,040,690)
Net income attributable to Cablevision													
Systems Corporation stockholders		_		_	_		175,449	_		_	175,449	_	175,449
Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interests		_		_	_		_	_		_	_	(146)	(146)
Pension and postretirement plan liability adjustments, net of income													
taxes		_		_	_		_	_		4,563	4,563	_	4,563
Proceeds from exercise of options and													
issuance of restricted shares		39		_	18,648		_	_		_	18,687	_	18,687
Recognition of equity-based stock compensation arrangements		_		_	60,817		_	_		_	60,817	_	60,817
Treasury stock acquired from forfeiture and acquisition of restricted shares		_		_	5		_	(19,146)		_	(19,141)	_	(19,141)
Excess tax benefit on share-based awards		_		_	5,694		_	_		_	5,694	_	5,694
Dividends on CNYG Class A and CNYG Class B common stock		_		_	(124,752)		_	_		_	(124,752)	_	(124,752)
Adjustments to noncontrolling interests		_		_	8,836			_		_	8,836	(901)	7,935
Balance at December 31, 2015	\$	3,042	\$	541	\$ 792,351	\$	(4,059,411)	\$ (1,610,167)	\$	(37,672)	\$ (4,911,316)	\$ (268)	\$ (4,911,584)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIENCY) (Continued)

(In thousands)

	C	NYG lass A mmon stock	Cor	NYG ass B amon ock	Paid-in Capital	A	ccumulated Deficit	Treasury Stock	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Total ockholders' Equity Deficiency)	Non- controlling Interest	Total Equity (Deficiency)
Balance at January 1, 2016	\$	3,042	\$	541	\$ 792,351	\$	(4,059,411)	\$ (1,610,167)	\$ (37,672)	\$ (4,911,316)	\$ (268)	\$ (4,911,584)
Net income attributable to Cablevision												
Systems Corporation stockholders		_		_	_		163,748	_	_	163,748	_	163,748
Net loss attributable to noncontrolling												
interests		_		_	_		_	_	_	_	(236)	(236)
Pension and postretirement plan liability												
adjustments, net of income taxes		_		_	_		_	_	1,557	1,557	_	1,557
Proceeds from exercise of options and												
issuance of restricted shares		15		_	14,544		_	_	_	14,559	_	14,559
Recognition of equity-based stock												
compensation arrangements		_		_	24,997		_	_	_	24,997	_	24,997
Treasury stock acquired from forfeiture												
and acquisition of restricted shares		_		_	1		_	(41,470)	_	(41,469)	_	(41,469)
Tax withholding associated with shares												
issued for equity-based compensation		(4)		_	(6,030)		_	_	_	(6,034)	_	(6,034)
Excess tax benefit on share-based												
awards		_		_	82		_	_	_	82	_	82
Contributions from noncontrolling												
interests											240	240
Balance at June 20, 2016	\$	3,053	\$	541	\$ 825,945	\$	(3,895,663)	\$ (1,651,637)	\$ (36,115)	\$ (4,753,876)	\$ (264)	\$ (4,754,140)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In thousands)

	January 1, 2016 to June 20, 2016	Year ended December 31, 2015	Year ended December 31, 2014
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Net income	\$ 163,51	2 \$ 175,248	\$ 312,204
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:			
Loss (income) from discontinued operations, net of income taxes	_	12,541	(2,822)
Depreciation and amortization (including impairments)	414,55		866,502
Loss (gain) on investments, net	(129,99		(129,659)
Loss (gain) on equity derivative contracts, net	36,28		45,055
Loss on extinguishment of debt and write-off of deferred financing costs	_	- 1,735	10,120
Amortization of deferred financing costs and discounts (premiums) on indebtedness	11,67		22,887
Share-based compensation expense	24,77		43,984
Settlement loss and amortization of actuarial losses related to pension and postretirement plans	2,58		7,643
Deferred income taxes	116,15	,	159,779
Provision for doubtful accounts	13,24		47,611
Excess tax benefits related to share-based awards	(8	2) (5,694)	(336)
Change in assets and liabilities, net of effects of acquisitions and dispositions:			//* // 0
Accounts receivable, trade	(18,16		(42,446)
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(84		44,488
Amounts due from and due to affiliates, net	(5,08		(1,463)
Accounts payable	36,14		25,486
Accrued liabilities	(160,93		(35,931)
Deferred revenue	(9,72		5,169
Net cash provided by operating activities	494,09	4 1,258,087	1,378,271
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Capital expenditures	(330,13		(891,678)
Proceeds related to sale of equipment, including costs of disposal	1,10		6,178
Decrease (increase) in other investments	61	. (.))	(1,369)
Additions to other intangible assets	(1,70		(1,193)
Net cash used in investing activities	(330,12	4) (827,803)	(888,062)
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Repayment of credit facility debt	(14,95	3) (260,321)	(990,785)
Proceeds from issuance of senior notes	-	- –	750,000
Proceeds from collateralized indebtedness	337,14		416,621
Repayment of collateralized indebtedness and related derivative contracts	(281,59	4) (639,237)	(342,105)
Redemption and repurchase of senior notes, including premiums and fees	_		(36,097)
Repayment of notes payable	(1,29		(2,306)
Proceeds from stock option exercises	14,41		55,355
Tax withholding associated with shares issued for equity-based awards	(6,03		_
Dividend distributions to common stockholders	(4,06		(160,545)
Principal payments on capital lease obligations	(11,55		(15,481)
Deemed repurchases of restricted stock	(41,46	, , ,	(6,608)
Additions to deferred financing costs	-	- (250)	(14,273)
Payment for purchase of noncontrolling interest	_	- (8,300)	_
Contributions from (distributions to) noncontrolling interests, net	24	. (. ,	(1,014)
Excess tax benefit related to share-based awards	8	- ,	336
Net cash used in financing activities	(9,07	7) (276,904)	(346,902)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents from continuing operations	154,89	3 153,380	143,307
Cash flows of discontinued operations:			
Net cash used in operating activities	(21,00	0) (484)	(1,199)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		(30)	6,081
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents from discontinued operations	(21,00		4,882
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	1,003,27		702,224
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 1,137,17		\$ 850,413
Casii and Casii equivalents at tiid 01 pti100	\$ 1,137,17	2 9 1,003,279	φ 650,413

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 1. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS, RELATED MATTERS AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The Company and Related Matters

Cablevision Systems Corporation ("Cablevision"), through its wholly-owned subsidiary CSC Holdings, LLC ("CSC Holdings,") and collectively with Cablevision, the "Company"), owns and operates cable systems and owns companies that provide regional news, local programming and advertising sales services for the cable television industry and Ethernet-based data, Internet, voice and video transport and managed services to the business market. The Company operates and reports financial information in one segment. Prior to the sale of a 75% interest in Newsday LLC on July 7, 2016, the Company consolidating the operating results of Newsday. Effective July 7, 2016, the operating results of Newsday are no longer consolidated with those of the Company and the Company's 25% interest in the operating results of Newsday is recorded on the equity basis (see Note 16).

Altice Merger

On June 21, 2016 (the "Merger Date"), pursuant to the Agreement and Plan of Merger (the "Merger Agreement"), dated as of September 16, 2015, by and among Cablevision, Altice N.V. ("Altice"), Neptune Merger Sub Corp., a wholly-owned subsidiary of Altice ("Merger Sub"), Merger Sub merged with and into Cablevision, with Cablevision surviving the merger (the "Merger").

In connection with the Merger, each outstanding share of the Cablevision NY Group Class A common stock, par value \$0.01 per share ("CNYG Class A Shares"), and Cablevision NY Group Class B common stock, par value \$0.01 per share ("CNYG Class B Shares", and together with the CNYG Class A Shares, the "Shares") other than (i) Shares owned by Cablevision, Altice or any of their respective wholly-owned subsidiaries, in each case not held on behalf of third parties in a fiduciary capacity, received \$34.90 in cash without interest, less applicable tax withholdings (the "Merger Consideration").

Pursuant to an agreement, dated December 21, 2015, by and among CVC 2 B.V., CIE Management IX Limited, for and on behalf of the limited partnerships BC European Capital IX-1 through 11 and Canada Pension Plan Investment Board, certain affiliates of BCP and CPPIB (the "Co-Investors") funded approximately \$1,000,000 toward the payment of the aggregate Merger Consideration, and indirectly acquired approximately 30% of the Shares of Cablevision.

Also in connection with the Merger, outstanding equity-based awards granted under Cablevision's equity plans were cancelled and converted into cash based upon the \$34.90 per Share merger price in accordance with the original terms of the awards. The total consideration for the outstanding CNYG Class A Shares, the outstanding CNYG Class B Shares, and the equity-based awards amounted to \$9,958,323.

In connection with the Merger, in October 2015, Neptune Finco Corp. ("Finco"), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of Altice formed to complete the financing described herein and the merger with CSC Holdings, borrowed an aggregate principal amount of \$3,800,000 under a term loan facility (the "Term Credit Facility") and entered into revolving loan commitments in an aggregate principal amount of \$2,000,000 (the "Revolving Credit Facility" and, together with the Term Credit Facility, the "Credit Facilities").

Finco also issued \$1,800,000 aggregate principal amount of 10.125% senior notes due 2023 (the "2023 Notes"), \$2,000,000 aggregate principal amount of 10.875% senior notes due 2025 (the "2025

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 1. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS, RELATED MATTERS AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION (Continued)

Notes"), and \$1,000,000 aggregate principal amount of 6.625% senior guaranteed notes due 2025 (the "2025 Guaranteed Notes") (collectively the "Merger Notes").

On June 21, 2016, immediately following the Merger, Finco merged with and into CSC Holdings, with CSC Holdings surviving the merger (the "CSC Holdings Merger"), and the Merger Notes and the Credit Facilities became obligations of CSC Holdings.

The accompanying financial statements represent the operating results and cash flows of the Company for the period January 1, 2016 to June 20, 2016 (Predecessor) and for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014. The operating results of the Company for the period June 21, 2016 to December 31, 2016 (Successor) are incorporated in the consolidated financial statements of Altice USA, Inc.

Basis of Presentation

Principles of Consolidation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements of Cablevision include the accounts of Cablevision and its majority-owned subsidiaries. Cablevision has no business operations independent of CSC Holdings, whose operating results and financial position are consolidated into Cablevision. All significant intercompany transactions and balances between Cablevision and CSC Holdings and their respective consolidated subsidiaries are eliminated in consolidation.

Use of Estimates in Preparation of Financial Statements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. See Note 12 for a discussion of fair value estimates.

Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made in the consolidated financial statements in the 2014 and 2015 financial statements to conform to the 2016 presentation.

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Revenue Recognition

The Company recognizes video, high-speed data, and voice services revenues as the services are provided to customers. Revenue received from customers who purchase bundled services at a discounted rate is allocated to each product in a pro-rata manner based on the individual product's selling price (generally, the price at which the product is regularly sold on a standalone basis). Installation revenue for the Company's video, consumer high-speed data and VoIP services is recognized as installations are completed, as direct selling costs have exceeded this revenue in all periods reported. Advertising revenues are recognized when commercials are aired.

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Revenues derived from other sources are recognized when services are provided or events occur.

Multiple-Element Transactions

In the normal course of business, the Company may enter into multiple-element transactions where it is simultaneously both a customer and a vendor with the same counterparty or in which it purchases multiple products and/or services, or settles outstanding items contemporaneous with the purchase of a product or service from a single counterparty. The Company's policy for accounting for each transaction negotiated contemporaneously is to record each deliverable of the transaction based on its best estimate of selling price in a manner consistent with that used to determine the price to sell each deliverable on a standalone basis. In determining the fair value of the respective deliverable, the Company will utilize quoted market prices (as available), historical transactions or comparable transactions.

Gross Versus Net Revenue Recognition

In the normal course of business, the Company is assessed non-income related taxes by governmental authorities, including franchising authorities (generally under multi-year agreements), and collects such taxes from its customers. The Company's policy is that, in instances where the tax is being assessed directly on the Company, amounts paid to the governmental authorities and amounts received from the customers are recorded on a gross basis. That is, amounts paid to the governmental authorities are recorded as programming and other direct costs and amounts received from the customer are recorded as revenue. For the period January 1, 2016 through June 20, 2016 and for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, the amount of franchise fees and certain other taxes and fees included as a component of revenue aggregated \$95,432, \$199,701 and \$178,630, respectively.

Technical and Operating Expenses

Costs of revenue related to sales of services are classified as "programming and other direct costs" in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations.

Programming Costs

Programming expenses related to the Company's video service represent fees paid to programming distributors to license the programming distributed to subscribers. This programming is acquired generally under multi-year distribution agreements, with rates usually based on the number of subscribers that receive the programming. There have been periods when an existing distribution agreement has expired and the parties have not finalized negotiations of either a renewal of that agreement or a new agreement for certain periods of time. In substantially all these instances, the Company continues to carry and pay for these services until execution of definitive replacement agreements or renewals. The amount of programming expense recorded during the interim period is based on the Company's estimates of the ultimate contractual agreement expected to be reached, which is based on several factors, including previous contractual rates, customary rate increases and the current status of negotiations. Such estimates are adjusted as negotiations progress until new programming terms are finalized.

In addition, the Company has received, or may receive, incentives from programming distributors for carriage of the distributors' programming. The Company generally recognizes these incentives as a

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

reduction of programming costs in "programming and other direct costs", generally over the term of the distribution agreement.

Advertising Expenses

Advertising costs are charged to expense when incurred and are reflected in "other operating expenses" in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations. Advertising costs amounted to \$62,760, \$160,671, and \$156,228 for the period January 1, 2016 through June 20, 2016 and for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

Share-Based Compensation

Share-based compensation expense is based on the fair value of the portion of share-based payment awards that are ultimately expected to vest. For share-based compensation awards that can be settled in cash, the Company recognizes compensation expense based on the estimated fair value of the award at each reporting period.

For options and performance based option awards, Cablevision recognized compensation expense based on the estimated grant date fair value using the Black-Scholes valuation model. For options not subject to performance based vesting conditions, Cablevision recognized the compensation expense using a straight-line amortization method. For options subject to performance based vesting conditions, Cablevision recognized compensation expense based on the probable outcome of the performance criteria over the requisite service period for each tranche of awards.

For restricted shares, Cablevision recognized compensation expense using a straight-line amortization method based on the grant date price of CNYG Class A common stock over the vesting period. For restricted stock units granted to non-employee director which vested 100% on the date of grant, compensation expense was recognized on the date of grant based on the grant date price of CNYG Class A common stock.

For performance based restricted stock units ("PSUs") which cliff vested in three years, Cablevision recognized compensation expense on a straight-line basis over the vesting period based on the estimated number of shares of CNYG Class A common stock expected to be issued.

Income Taxes

The Company's provision for income taxes is based on current period income, changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities and changes in estimates with regard to uncertain tax positions. Deferred tax assets are subject to an ongoing assessment of realizability. The Company provides deferred taxes for the outside basis difference of its investment in partnerships. In the second quarter of 2016, the Company changed its accounting policy on a prospective basis to present interest expense relating to uncertain tax position as additional interest expense.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company's cash investments are placed with money market funds and financial institutions that are investment grade as rated by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investors Service. The Company selects money market funds that predominantly invest in marketable, direct obligations issued or

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

guaranteed by the United States government or its agencies, commercial paper, fully collateralized repurchase agreements, certificates of deposit, and time deposits.

The Company considers the balance of its investment in funds that substantially hold securities that mature within three months or less from the date the fund purchases these securities to be cash equivalents. The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents either approximates fair value due to the short-term maturity of these instruments or are at fair value.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are recorded at net realizable value. The Company periodically assesses the adequacy of valuation allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable by evaluating the collectability of outstanding receivables and general factors such as historical collection experience, length of time individual receivables are past due, and the economic and competitive environment.

Investments

Investment securities and investment securities pledged as collateral are classified as trading securities and are stated at fair value with realized and unrealized holding gains and losses included in net income.

Long-Lived Assets and Amortizable Intangible Assets

Property, plant and equipment, including construction materials, are carried at cost, and include all direct costs and certain indirect costs associated with the construction of cable systems, and the costs of new equipment installations. Equipment under capital leases is recorded at the present value of the total minimum lease payments. Depreciation on equipment is calculated on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets or, with respect to equipment under capital leases and leasehold improvements, amortized over the shorter of the lease term or the assets' useful lives and reported in depreciation and amortization (including impairments) in the consolidated statements of operations.

The Company capitalizes certain internal and external costs incurred to acquire or develop internal-use software. Capitalized software costs are amortized over the estimated useful life of the software and reported in depreciation and amortization (including impairments).

Customer relationships, trade names and other intangibles established in connection with acquisitions that are finite-lived are amortized in a manner that reflects the pattern in which the projected net cash inflows to the Company are expected to occur, such as the sum of the years' digits method, or when such pattern does not exist, using the straight-line basis over their respective estimated useful lives.

The Company reviews its long-lived assets (property, plant and equipment, and intangible assets subject to amortization that arose from acquisitions) for impairment whenever events or circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. If the sum of the expected cash flows, undiscounted and without interest, is less than the carrying amount of the asset, an impairment loss is recognized as the amount by which the carrying amount of the asset exceeds its fair value.

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Goodwill and Indefinite-Lived Intangible Assets

Goodwill and the value of franchises, trademarks, and certain other intangibles acquired in purchase business combinations which have indefinite useful lives are not amortized. Rather, such assets are tested for impairment annually or upon the occurrence of a triggering event.

The Company assesses qualitative factors for its reporting units that carry goodwill. If the qualitative assessment results in a conclusion that it is more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit exceeds the carrying value, then no further testing is performed for that reporting unit.

When the qualitative assessment is not used, or if the qualitative assessment is not conclusive and it is necessary to calculate the fair value of a reporting unit, then the impairment analysis for goodwill is performed at the reporting unit level using a two-step approach. The first step of the goodwill impairment test is used to identify potential impairment by comparing the fair value of the reporting unit with its carrying amount, including goodwill utilizing an enterprise-value based premise approach. If the carrying amount of the reporting unit exceeds its fair value, the second step of the goodwill impairment test is performed to measure the amount of goodwill impairment loss, if any. The second step of the goodwill impairment test compares the implied fair value of the reporting unit's goodwill with the carrying amount of that goodwill. If the carrying amount of the reporting unit's goodwill exceeds the implied fair value of that goodwill, an impairment loss is recognized in an amount equal to that excess. The implied fair value of goodwill is determined in the same manner as the amount of goodwill which would be recognized in a business combination.

The Company assesses qualitative factors to determine whether it is necessary to perform the one-step quantitative identifiable indefinite-lived intangible assets impairment test. This quantitative test is required only if the Company concludes that it is more likely than not that a unit of accounting's fair value is less than its carrying amount. When the qualitative assessment is not used, or if the qualitative assessment is not conclusive, the impairment test for other intangible assets not subject to amortization requires a comparison of the fair value of the intangible asset with its carrying value. If the carrying value of the indefinite-lived intangible asset exceeds its fair value, an impairment loss is recognized in an amount equal to that excess.

Deferred Financing Costs

Deferred financing costs are being amortized to interest expense using the effective interest method over the terms of the related debt.

Derivative Financial Instruments

The Company accounts for derivative financial instruments as either assets or liabilities measured at fair value. The Company uses derivative instruments to manage its exposure to market risks from changes in certain equity prices and interest rates and does not hold or issue derivative instruments for speculative or trading purposes. These derivative instruments are not designated as hedges, and changes in the fair values of these derivatives are recognized in the statements of income as gains (losses) on derivative contracts.

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Commitments and Contingencies

Liabilities for loss contingencies arising from claims, assessments, litigation, fines and penalties and other sources are recorded when the Company believes it is probable that a liability has been incurred and the amount of the contingency can be reasonably estimated.

Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

In November 2015, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No. 2015-17 (Topic 740), Balance Sheet Classification of Deferred Taxes. This ASU amends existing guidance to require the presentation of deferred tax liabilities and assets as noncurrent within a classified statement of financial position. ASU No. 2015-17 was adopted by the Company as of June 30, 2016 and was applied prospectively to all deferred tax liabilities and assets.

In September 2015, the FASB issued ASU No. 2015-16, Simplifying the Accounting for Measurement-Period Adjustments, which requires that an acquirer recognize adjustments to provisional amounts that are identified during the measurement period in the reporting period in which the adjustment amounts are determined. Prior to the issuance of the standard, entities were required to retrospectively apply adjustments made to provisional amounts recognized in a business combination. ASU No. 2015-16 was adopted by the Company on January 1, 2016.

In April 2015, the FASB issued ASU No. 2015-05, Intangibles—Goodwill and Other—Internal-Use Software (Subtopic 350-40): Customer's Accounting for Fees Paid in a Cloud Computing Arrangement. ASU No. 2015-05 provides guidance to customers about whether a cloud computing arrangement includes a software license, then the customer should account for the software license element of the arrangement consistent with the acquisition of other software licenses. If a cloud computing arrangement does not include a software license, the customer should account for the arrangement as a service contract. ASU No. 2015-05 was adopted by the Company on January 1, 2016 and did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In April 2015, the FASB issued ASU No. 2015-03, Simplifying the Presentation of Debt Issuance Costs, which requires debt issuance costs to be presented in the balance sheet as a direct deduction from the carrying value of the associated debt liability, consistent with the presentation of a debt discount. In August 2015, the FASB issued ASU No. 2015-15, Presentation and Subsequent Measurement of Debt Issuance Costs Associated with Line-of-Credit Arrangements, which clarifies the treatment of debt issuance costs from line-of-credit arrangements after adoption of ASU No. 2015-03. ASU No. 2015-15 clarifies that the Securities and Exchange Commission staff would not object to an entity deferring and presenting debt issuance costs as an asset and subsequently amortizing the deferred debt issuance costs ratably over the term of the line-of-credit arrangement, regardless of whether there are any outstanding borrowings on the line-of-credit arrangement. ASU No. 2015-03 was adopted by the Company on January 1, 2016 representing a change in accounting principle and was applied retrospectively to all periods presented. Debt issuance costs, net for the Company of \$67,119, as of December 31, 2015 were reclassified from deferred financing costs and presented as a reduction to debt in the consolidated balance sheets.

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Debt issuance costs, net for the Company of \$7,588 as of December 31, 2015 relating to its revolving credit facility were not impacted by the adoption of ASU No. 2015-03 and are reflected as long-term assets in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

In August 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-15, Disclosures of Uncertainties about an Entity's Ability to Continue as a Going Concern, which requires management to evaluate whether there are conditions or events that raise substantial doubt about the entity's ability to continue as a going concern, and to provide certain disclosures when it is probable that the entity will be unable to meet its obligations as they become due within one year after the date that the financial statements are issued. ASU No. 2014-15 was adopted by the Company on January 1, 2016.

In June 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-12, Compensation—Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Accounting for Share-Based Payments When the Terms of an Award Provide That a Performance Target Could Be Achieved After the Requisite Service Period. ASU No. 2014-12 requires that a performance target that affects vesting and that could be achieved after the requisite service period be treated as a performance condition. Entities may apply the amendments in this ASU either: (a) prospectively to all awards granted or modified after the effective date; or (b) retrospectively to all awards with performance targets that are outstanding as of the beginning of the earliest annual period presented in the financial statements and to all new or modified awards thereafter. ASU No. 2014-12 was adopted by the Company on January 1, 2016 on a prospective basis and did not have any impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

Recently Issued But Not Yet Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers, requiring an entity to recognize the amount of revenue to which it expects to be entitled for the transfer of promised goods or services to customers. ASU No. 2014-09 will replace most existing revenue recognition guidance in GAAP when it becomes effective and allows the use of either the retrospective or cumulative effect transition method. In August 2015, the FASB issued ASU No. 2015-14 that approved deferring the effective date by one year so that ASU No. 2014-09 would become effective for the Company on January 1, 2018. The FASB also approved, in July 2015, permitting the early adoption of ASU No. 2014-09, but not before the original effective date for the Company of January 1, 2017.

In December 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-20, Technical Corrections and Improvements to Topic 606, Revenue from Contracts with Customers, in order to clarify the Codification and to correct any unintended application of the guidance. These items are not expected to have a significant effect on the current accounting standard. The amendments in this update affect the guidance in ASU No. 2014-09, which is not yet effective. ASU No. 2014-09 will be effective, reflecting the one-year deferral, for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017 (January 1, 2018 for the Company). Early adoption of the standard is permitted but not before the original effective date. Companies can transition to the standard either retrospectively or as a cumulative-effect adjustment as of the date of adoption. The Company is in the process of evaluating the impact that the adoption of ASU No. 2014-09 will have on its consolidated financial statements and selecting the method of transition to the new standard. We currently expect the adoption to impact the timing of the recognition of residential installation revenue and the recognition of commission expenses.

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

In November 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-18, Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230): Restricted Cash, which requires that the statement of cash flows disclose the change during the period in the total of cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash and restricted cash equivalents. Restricted cash should be included with cash and cash equivalents when reconciling the beginning-of-period and end-of period total amounts shown on the statement of cash flows. ASU No. 2016-18 provides specific guidance on the presentation of restricted cash in the statement of cash flows. The new guidance becomes effective for the Company on January 1, 2019 with early adoption permitted and will be applied retrospectively.

In August 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-15, Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230): Classification of Certain Cash Receipts and Cash Payments which clarifies how entities should classify certain cash receipts and cash payments on the statement of cash flows. ASU No. 2016-15 also clarifies how the predominance principle should be applied when cash receipts and cash payments have aspects of more than one class of cash flows. The new guidance becomes effective for the Company on January 1, 2018 with early adoption permitted and will be applied retrospectively. The Company has not yet completed the evaluation of the effect that ASU No. 2016-15 will have on its consolidated financial statements.

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-09, Compensation—Stock Compensation: Improvements to Employee Share-Based Payment Accounting, which provides simplification of income tax accounting for share-based payment awards. The new guidance becomes effective for the Company on January 1, 2017 with early adoption permitted. Amendments related to the timing of when excess tax benefits are recognized, minimum statutory withholding requirements, forfeitures, and intrinsic value will be applied using the modified retrospective transition method. Amendments requiring recognition of excess tax benefits and tax deficiencies in the income statement and the practical expedient for estimating expected term will be applied prospectively. The Company may elect to apply the amendments related to the presentation of excess tax benefits on the statement of cash flows using either a prospective transition method or a retrospective transition method. In connection with the adoption on January 1, 2017, a deferred tax asset of approximately \$309,000 for previously unrealized excess tax benefits will be recognized with the offset recorded to accumulated deficit.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, Leases, which increases transparency and comparability by recognizing a lessee's rights and obligations resulting from leases by recording them on the balance sheet as lease assets and lease liabilities. The new guidance becomes effective for the Company on January 1, 2019 with early adoption permitted and will be applied using the modified retrospective method. The Company has not yet completed the evaluation of the effect that ASU No. 2016-02 will have on its consolidated financial statements.

Common Stock of Cablevision

Prior to the Merger, each holder of CNYG Class A common stock had one vote per share while holders of CNYG Class B common stock had ten votes per share. CNYG Class B shares could be converted to CNYG Class A common stock at anytime with a conversion ratio of one CNYG Class A common share for one CNYG Class B common share. CNYG Class A stockholders were entitled to elect 25% of Cablevision's Board of Directors. CNYG Class B stockholders had the right to elect the remaining members of Cablevision's Board of Directors. In addition, CNYG Class B stockholders were

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

parties to an agreement which had the effect of causing the voting power of these CNYG Class B stockholders to be cast as a block.

The following table provides details of Cablevision's shares of common stock through the Merger Date:

	Shares of Com Outstan	
	Class A Common Stock	Class B Common Stock
Balance at December 31, 2013	213,598,590	54,137,673
Employee and non-employee director stock transactions(a)	6,621,345	
Balance at December 31, 2014	220,219,935	54,137,673
Employee and non-employee director stock transactions(a)	2,352,275	
Balance at December 31, 2015	222,572,210	54,137,673
Employee and non-employee director stock transactions(a)	(185,276)	
Balance at June 20, 2016	222,386,934	54,137,673

⁽a) Primarily included issuances of common stock in connection with employee and non-employee director exercises of stock options and restricted shares granted to employees, offset by shares acquired by the Company in connection with the fulfillment of employees' statutory tax withholding obligation for applicable income and other employment taxes and forfeited employee restricted shares.

Dividends

Pursuant to the terms of the Merger Agreement, Cablevision was not permitted to declare and pay dividends or repurchase stock, in each case, without the prior written consent of Altice. In accordance with these terms, Cablevision did not declare dividends during the period January 1, 2016 through June 20, 2016.

During the period January 1, 2016 through June 20, 2016, Cablevision paid \$4,066 related to restricted shares that vested in respect of dividends declared and accrued on the CNYG common stock in prior periods.

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Prior to the Merger, the Board of Directors of Cablevision had declared and paid the following cash dividends to stockholders of record on both its CNYG Class A common stock and CNYG Class B common stock:

	Div	idend		
Declaration Date	per	Share	Record Date	Payment Date
August 6, 2015	\$	0.15	August 21, 2015	September 10, 2015
May 1, 2015	\$	0.15	May 22, 2015	June 12, 2015
February 24, 2015	\$	0.15	March 16, 2015	April 3, 2015
November 5, 2014	\$	0.15	November 21, 2014	December 12, 2014
July 29, 2014	\$	0.15	August 15, 2014	September 5, 2014
May 6, 2014	\$	0.15	May 23, 2014	June 13, 2014
February 25, 2014	\$	0.15	March 14, 2014	April 3, 2014

Cablevision paid dividends aggregating \$125,170 and \$160,545 during the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively, including accrued dividends on vested restricted shares of \$3,935 and \$1,548, respectively.

Cablevision's and CSC Holdings' indentures and CSC Holdings' credit agreement restrict the amount of dividends and distributions in respect of any equity interest that can be made.

Income (Loss) Per Share

Basic income per common share attributable to Cablevision stockholders was computed by dividing net income attributable to Cablevision stockholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted income per common share attributable to Cablevision stockholders reflected the dilutive effects of stock options, restricted stock and restricted stock units. For such awards that were performance based, the diluted effect was reflected upon the achievement of the performance criteria.

The following table presents a reconciliation of weighted average shares used in the calculations of the basic and diluted net income per share attributable to Cablevision stockholders:

	January 1, 2016	Years l Decemi	
	to June 20, 2016	2015	2014
Basic weighted average shares outstanding	272,035	269,388	264,623
Effect of dilution:			
Stock options	4,444	3,532	3,247
Restricted stock	3,720	3,419	2,833
Diluted weighted average shares outstanding	280,199	276,339	270,703

Anti-dilutive shares (options whose exercise price exceeds the average market price of Cablevision's common stock during the period and certain restricted shares) totaling approximately 1,160,000, and 1,760,000 shares, were excluded from diluted weighted average shares outstanding for the years ended 2015 and 2014, respectively. There were no anti-dilutive shares excluded from diluted weighted average shares outstanding for the period January 1, 2016 to June 20, 2016. In addition,

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

approximately 1,772,000 performance based restricted stock units for the year ended December 31, 2015, and approximately 45,000 restricted shares for the year ended December 31, 2014, issued pursuant to the Company's former employee stock plan were also excluded from the diluted weighted average shares outstanding as the performance criteria on these awards had not yet been satisfied for the respective period.

Net income (loss) per share for Cablevision subsequent to the merger is not presented since Cablevision's common stock is no longer publicly traded.

Concentrations of Credit Risk

Financial instruments that may potentially subject the Company to a concentration of credit risk consist primarily of cash and cash equivalents and trade account receivables. The Company monitors the financial institutions and money market funds where it invests its cash and cash equivalents with diversification among counterparties to mitigate exposure to any single financial institution. The Company's emphasis is primarily on safety of principal and liquidity and secondarily on maximizing the yield on its investments. Management believes that no significant concentration of credit risk exists with respect to its cash and cash equivalents balances because of its assessment of the creditworthiness and financial viability of the respective financial institutions.

The Company did not have a single customer that represented 10% or more of its consolidated revenues for the period January 1, 2016 through June 20, 2016 and the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, or 10% or more of its consolidated net trade receivables at December 31, 2015.

NOTE 3. ALLOWANCE FOR DOUBTFUL ACCOUNTS

Activity related to the allowance for doubtful accounts:

	Balance at Beginning of Period			Balance at End of Period
Period from January 1, 2016 through June 20, 2016				
Allowance for doubtful accounts	\$ 6,039	\$ 13,240	\$ (12,378)	\$ 6,901
Year Ended December 31, 2015				
Allowance for doubtful accounts	\$ 12,112	\$ 35,802	\$ (41,875)	\$ 6,039
Year Ended December 31, 2014				
Allowance for doubtful accounts	\$ 14,614	\$ 47,611	\$ (50,113)	\$ 12,112

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 4. SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION

The Company's non-cash investing and financing activities and other supplemental data were as follows:

	Janua	January 1, 2016		Years I Decemb		
	June	to June 20, 2016		2015		2014
Non-Cash Investing and Financing Activities:						
Continuing Operations:						
Property and equipment accrued but unpaid	\$	68,356	\$	63,843	\$	48,824
Notes payable to vendor		_		8,318		34,522
Capital lease obligations		_		19,987		30,603
Intangible asset obligations		290		1,121		525
Non-Cash Investing and Financing Activities:						
Dividends payable on unvested restricted share awards		_		3,517		3,809
Supplemental Data:						
Continuing Operations:						
Cash interest paid		258,940		560,361		550,241
Income taxes paid, net		7,082		3,849		10,598

NOTE 5. RESTRUCTURING AND OTHER EXPENSE

Restructuring

The Company recorded net restructuring charges (credits) of \$2,299, \$(1,649), and \$2,480, for the period January 1, 2016 through June 20, 2016 and for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively. The 2014 restructuring expense included a \$3,280 charge relating to the elimination of certain positions at Newsday. The 2016 and 2015 restructuring expense (credit) primarily related to changes to the Company's previous estimates recorded in connection with the Company's prior restructuring plans.

Subsequent to the Altice Merger, the Company commenced its restructuring initiatives (the "2016 Restructuring Plan") that are intended to simplify the Company's organizational structure. The 2016 Restructuring Plan resulted in charges of \$188,847 associated with the elimination of positions primarily in corporate, administrative and infrastructure functions across the Company and estimated charges of \$10,410 associated with facility realignment and other costs.

Other Expense

In connection with the Altice Merger, the Company incurred transaction costs of \$19,924 and \$17,862 for the period January 1, 2016 through June 20, 2016 and for the year ended December 31, 2015, respectively, which are reflected in restructuring and other expense in the consolidated statements of operations. Subsequent to the Altice Merger, the Company incurred transaction costs of \$12,920.

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 6. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

Loss from discontinued operations for the year ended December 31, 2015 amounted to \$21,272 (\$12,541, net of income taxes) and primarily reflects an expense of \$21,000 (\$12,380, net of income taxes) related to the settlement of a legal matter relating to Rainbow Media Holdings LLC, a business whose operations were previously discontinued (see Note 17).

Income from discontinued operations for the year ended December 31, 2014 amounted to \$5,028 (\$2,822, net of income taxes) and resulted primarily from the settlement of a contingency related to Montana property taxes related to Bresnan Cable, a business which was sold in 2013.

NOTE 7. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Costs incurred in the construction of the Company's cable systems, including line extensions to, and upgrade of, the Company's hybrid fiber/coaxial infrastructure, initial placement of the feeder cable to connect a customer that had not been previously connected, and headend facilities are capitalized. These costs consist of materials, subcontractor labor, direct consulting fees, and internal labor and related costs associated with the construction activities. The internal costs that are capitalized consist of salaries and benefits of the Company's employees and the portion of facility costs, including rent, taxes, insurance and utilities, that supports the construction activities. These costs are depreciated over the estimated life of the plant (10 to 25 years) and headend facilities (4 to 25 years). Costs of operating the plant and the technical facilities, including repairs and maintenance, are expensed as incurred.

Costs associated with initial customer installations and the additions of network equipment necessary to enable advanced services are also capitalized. Costs capitalized as part of new customer installations include materials, subcontractor costs and internal direct labor costs, including service technicians and internal overhead costs incurred to connect the customer to the plant from the time of installation scheduling through the time service is activated and functioning. The internal direct labor cost capitalized is based on a combination of the actual and estimated time to complete the installation. Overhead capitalized consists mainly of employee benefits, such as payroll taxes and health insurance, directly associated with that portion of the capitalized labor and vehicle operating costs related to capitalizable activities. New connections are amortized over the estimated useful life of 5 years for customer wiring and feeder cable to the home. The portion of departmental costs related to disconnecting services, reconnection of a customer, and repair and maintenance are expensed as incurred.

The estimated useful lives assigned to our property, plant and equipment are reviewed on an annual basis or more frequently if circumstances warrant and such lives are revised to the extent necessary due to changing facts and circumstances. Any changes in estimated useful lives are reflected prospectively.

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 7. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

Property, plant and equipment (including equipment under capital leases) consist of the following assets, which are depreciated or amortized on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives shown below:

	I	December 31, 2015	Estimated Useful Lives
Customer equipment	\$	1,952,336	3 to 5 years
Headends and related equipment		2,388,289	4 to 25 years
Infrastructure		5,639,226	3 to 25 years
Equipment and software		1,577,616	3 to 10 years
Construction in progress (including materials and supplies)		87,412	
Furniture and fixtures		96,561	5 to 12 years
Transportation equipment		210,013	5 to 18 years
Buildings and building improvements		322,267	10 to 40 years
Leasehold improvements		354,136	Term of lease
Land		14,507	
		12,642,363	
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	_	(9,625,348)	
	\$	3,017,015	

During the period January 1, 2016 through June 20, 2016 and the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, the Company capitalized certain costs aggregating \$58,409, \$144,349, and \$153,675 respectively, related to the acquisition and development of internal use software, which are included in the table above.

Depreciation expense on property, plant and equipment (including capital leases) for the period January 1, 2016 through June 20, 2016 and the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 amounted to \$404,234, \$857,440 and \$852,451, respectively, (including impairment charges of \$425 in 2014).

At December 31, 2015, the gross amount of equipment and related accumulated amortization recorded under capital leases was as follows:

	Dec	cember 31,
		2015
Equipment	\$	90,099
Less accumulated amortization		(28,119)
	\$	61,980

NOTE 8. OPERATING LEASES

The Company leases certain office, production, and transmission facilities under terms of leases expiring at various dates through 2035. The leases generally provide for escalating rentals over the term of the lease plus certain real estate taxes and other costs or credits. Costs associated with such operating leases are recognized on a straight-line basis over the initial lease term. The difference

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 8. OPERATING LEASES (Continued)

between rent expense and rent paid is recorded as deferred rent. In addition, the Company rents space on utility poles for its operations. The Company's pole rental agreements are for varying terms, and management anticipates renewals as they expire. Rent expense, including pole rentals, for the period January 1, 2016 through June 20, 2016 and the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 amounted to \$41,573, \$82,704 and \$77,769, respectively.

The minimum future annual payments for all operating leases (with initial or remaining terms in excess of one year) during the next five years and thereafter, including pole rentals from January 1, 2017 through December 31, 2021, are as follows:

2017	\$ 57,853
2018	52,206
2019	44,908
2020	41,221
2021	38,697
Thereafter	141,063

NOTE 9. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

The following table summarizes information relating to the Company's acquired intangible assets:

		December 31, 2015				
	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Net Carrying Amount	Estimated Useful Lives		
Customer relationships	\$ 39,414	\$ (27,778)	\$ 11,636	10 to 18 years		
Trade names	_	_	_			
Other amortizable intangibles	57,847	(32,532)	25,315	3 to 28 years		
	\$ 97,261	\$ (60,310)	\$ 36,951			

Amortization expense for the period January 1, 2016 through June 20, 2016 and the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 amounted to \$10,316, \$7,812 and \$8,220, respectively, excluding impairment charges of \$5,831 in 2014.

The following table summarizes information relating to the Company's acquired indefinite-lived intangible assets:

		,
Cable television franchises	\$ 7	31,848
Trademarks and other assets		7,250
Goodwill	2	62,345
Total	\$ 1,0	01,443

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 9. INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Continued)

The carrying amount of goodwill is presented below:

Gross goodwill as of December 31, 2015 (Predecessor)	\$ 596,403
Accumulated impairment losses	(334,058)
Net goodwill as of June 20, 2016	\$ 262,345

Impairment Charges

Goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets are tested annually for impairment or earlier upon the occurrence of certain events or substantive changes in circumstances.

The Company's impairment analysis as of December 31, 2014 resulted in pre-tax impairment charges of \$200, related to the excess of the carrying value over the estimated fair value of the Newsday trademarks. Additionally, in 2014, the Company recorded impairment charges of \$5,631, relating to the excess of the carrying value over the estimated fair values of Newsday's amortizing subscriber relationships and advertiser relationships, respectively. The decrease in fair values, which were determined based on discounted cash flows, resulted primarily from the decline in projected cash flows related to these assets. These pre-tax impairment charges are included in depreciation and amortization (including impairments).

No goodwill impairments were recorded for the period January 1, 2016 through June 20, 2016 and for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

NOTE 10. DEBT

Restricted Group Credit Facility

Prior to the Merger, CSC Holdings and certain of its subsidiaries (the "Restricted Subsidiaries") had a credit agreement (the "Previous Credit Facility") that provided for (1) a revolving credit facility of \$1,500,000, (2) a Term A facility of \$958,510, and (3) a Term B facility of \$1,200,000.

Loans under the Previous Credit Facility bore interest as follows:

- Revolving credit loans and Term A loans, either (i) the Eurodollar rate (as defined) plus a spread ranging from 1.50% to 2.25% based on the cash flow ratio (as defined), or (ii) the base rate (as defined) plus a spread ranging from 0.50% to 1.25% based on the cash flow ratio;
- Term B loans, either (i) the Eurodollar rate plus a spread of 2.50% or (ii) the base rate plus a spread of 1.50%.

There was a commitment fee of 0.30% on undrawn amounts under the revolving credit facility in connection with the Previous Credit Facility.

Repayment of Restricted Group Credit Facility Debt

In May 2014, CSC Holdings used the net proceeds from the issuance of the 2024 Notes (discussed below), as well as cash on hand, to make a \$750,000 repayment on its outstanding Term B loan facility. In September 2014, CSC Holdings made a repayment of \$200,000 on its outstanding Term B loan facility with cash on hand. In connection with these repayments, the Company recognized a loss on

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 10. DEBT (Continued)

extinguishment of debt of approximately \$4,054 and wrote-off unamortized deferred financing costs related to this loan facility of approximately \$5,564 for the year ended December 31, 2014.

In April 2015, CSC Holdings made a repayment of \$200,000 on its outstanding Term B loan facility with cash on hand. In connection with the repayment, the Company recognized a loss on extinguishment of debt of \$731 and wrote-off unamortized deferred financing costs related to this loan facility of \$1,004 for the year ended December 31, 2015.

On June 21, 2016, in connection with the Merger, the Previous Credit Facility was repaid.

Newsday LLC Credit Facility

Newsday LLC ("Newsday") had a senior secured credit agreement (the "Newsday Credit Agreement"), which consisted of a \$480,000 floating rate term loan. Interest under the Newsday Credit Agreement was calculated, at the election of Newsday, at either the Eurodollar rate or the base rate, plus 3.50% or 2.50%, respectively, as specified in the Newsday Credit Agreement. Borrowings under the Newsday Credit Agreement were guaranteed by CSC Holdings on a senior unsecured basis and certain of its subsidiaries that own interests in Newsday on a senior secured basis. The Newsday Credit Agreement was secured by a lien on the assets of Newsday and Cablevision senior notes with an aggregate principal amount of \$611,455 owned by Newsday Holdings.

On June 21, 2016, in connection with the Merger, Newsday LLC repaid its outstanding indebtedness under the Newsday Credit Agreement.

The following table provides details of the Company's outstanding credit facility debt (net of unamortized financing costs and unamortized discounts):

		Interest		
	Maturity Date	Rate	Principal	2015(a)
Restricted Group:				
Term A loan facility(b)	April 17, 2018	2.17%\$	886,621	885,105
Term B loan facility(b)	April 17, 2020	2.92%	1,159,031	1,150,227
Restricted Group Credit Facilities debt				\$ 2,035,332

- (a) The unamortized discounts and deferred financing costs amounted to \$11,200 at December 31, 2015,
- (b) In connection with the Merger, the Company repaid the then outstanding Term A and Term B loan facilities (see discussion above).

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 10. DEBT (Continued)

Senior Notes and Debentures

The following table summarizes the Company's senior notes and debentures as of December 31, 2015:

Issuer	Date Issued	Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Principal Amount		Carrying mount(c)
CSC Holdings(a)	February 6, 1998	February 15, 2018	7.875%\$	300,000	\$	299,091
CSC Holdings(a)	July 21, 1998	July 15, 2018	7.625%	500,000		498,942
CSC Holdings(b)	February 12, 2009	February 15, 2019	8.625%	526,000		511,079
CSC Holdings(b)	November 15, 2011	November 15, 2021	6.750%	1,000,000		985,640
CSC Holdings(b)	May 23, 2014	June 1, 2024	5.250%	750,000		737,500
Cablevision(b)	September 23, 2009	September 15, 2017	8.625%	900,000		891,238
Cablevision(b)	April 15, 2010	April 15, 2018	7.750%	750,000		744,402
Cablevision(b)	April 15, 2010	April 15, 2020	8.000%	500,000		494,410
Cablevision(b)	September 27, 2012	September 15, 2022	5.875%	649,024		638,709
Total					\$ 5	5,801,011

- (a) The debentures are not redeemable by the Company prior to maturity.
- (b) The Company may redeem some or all of the notes at any time at a specified "make-whole" price plus accrued and unpaid interest to the redemption date.
- (c) The carrying amount of the notes is net of the unamortized deferred financing costs and/or discounts/premiums.

The table above excludes (i) the principal amount of Cablevision 7.75% senior notes due 2018 of \$345,238 and the principal amount of Cablevision 8.00% senior notes due 2020 of \$266,217 held by Newsday at December 31, 2015 which are eliminated in the consolidated balance sheets of Cablevision.

Issuance of Debt Securities

In May 2014, CSC Holdings issued \$750,000 aggregate principal amount of 5.25% senior notes due June 1, 2024 (the "2024 Notes"). The 2024 Notes are senior unsecured obligations and rank equally in right of payment with all of CSC Holdings' other existing and future unsecured and unsubordinated indebtedness. CSC Holdings used the net proceeds from the issuance of the 2024 Notes, as well as cash on hand, to make a \$750,000 repayment on its outstanding Term B loan facility. In connection with the issuance of the 2024 Notes, the Company incurred deferred financing costs of approximately \$14,273.

The indentures under which the Senior Notes and Debentures were issued contain certain covenants and agreements, including limitations on the ability of CSC Holdings and its restricted subsidiaries to (i) incur or guarantee additional indebtedness, (ii) make investments or other restricted payments, (iii) create liens, (iv) sell assets and subsidiary stock, (v) pay dividends or make other distributions or repurchase or redeem our capital stock or subordinated debt, (vi) engage in certain transactions with affiliates, (vii) enter into agreements that restrict the payment of dividends by subsidiaries or the repayment of intercompany loans and advances, and (viii) engage in mergers or

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 10. DEBT (Continued)

consolidations, in each case subject to certain exceptions. The indentures also contain certain customary events of default.

Repurchases of Cablevision Senior Notes

In January 2014, Cablevision repurchased with cash on hand \$27,831 aggregate principal amount of its then outstanding 5.875% senior notes due September 15, 2022 (the "2022 Notes"). In October 2014, Cablevision repurchased with cash on hand an additional \$9,200 aggregate principal amount of the 2022 Notes. In connection with these repurchases, Cablevision recorded a gain from the extinguishment of debt of \$934, net of fees, and a write-off of approximately \$1,436 of unamortized deferred financing costs associated with these notes.

Debt Transaction Subsequent to Merger

In connection with the Merger, in October 2015, Finco borrowed an aggregate principal amount of \$3,800,000 under the Term Credit Facility and entered into revolving loan commitments in an aggregate principal amount of \$2,000,000. The Term Credit Facility was to mature on October 9, 2022 and the Revolving Credit Facility was to mature on October 9, 2020 (see discussion below regarding the extension amendments). In addition, on June 21, 2016 and July 21, 2016, the Company entered into incremental loan assumption agreements whereby the Revolving Credit Facility was increased by \$70,000 and \$35,000, respectively, to \$2,105,000.

Finco also issued \$1,800,000 aggregate principal amount of the 2023 Notes, \$2,000,000 aggregate principal amount of the 2025 Notes, and \$1,000,000 aggregate principal amount of the 2025 Guaranteed Notes.

On June 21, 2016, immediately following the Merger, Finco merged with and into CSC Holdings, with CSC Holdings surviving the merger (the "CSC Holdings Merger"), and the Merger Notes and the Credit Facilities became obligations of CSC Holdings. The 2025 Guaranteed Notes are guaranteed on a senior basis by each restricted subsidiary of CSC Holdings (other than CSC TKR, LLC and its subsidiaries, which own and operate the New Jersey cable television systems, Cablevision Lightpath, Inc. and any subsidiaries of CSC Holdings that are "Excluded Subsidiaries" under the indenture governing the 2025 Guaranteed Notes) (such subsidiaries, the "Initial Guarantors") and the obligations under the Credit Facilities are (i) guaranteed on a senior basis by each Initial Guarantor and (ii) secured on a first priority basis by capital stock held by CSC Holdings and the guarantors in certain subsidiaries of CSC Holdings, subject to certain exclusions and limitations.

Altice used the proceeds from the Term Credit Facility and the Merger Notes, together with an equity contribution from Altice and its Co-Investors and existing cash at Cablevision, to (a) finance the Merger, (b) refinance the credit agreement, dated as of April 17, 2013 (the "Previous Credit Facility"), among CSC Holdings, certain subsidiaries of CSC Holdings and the lenders party thereto (\$2,030,699 outstanding at Merger Date), (c) repay the senior secured credit agreement, dated as of October 12, 2012, among Newsday LLC, CSC Holdings, and the lenders party thereto (the "Previous Newsday Credit Facility") of \$480,000 at Merger Debt, and (d) pay related fees and expenses.

The Credit Facilities permit CSC Holdings to request revolving loans, swing line loans or letters of credit from the revolving lenders, swingline lenders or issuing banks, as applicable, thereunder, from

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 10. DEBT (Continued)

time to time prior to October 9, 2020, unless the commitments under the Revolving Credit Facility have been previously terminated.

Loans comprising each Eurodollar Borrowing or ABR Borrowing, as applicable, bear interest at a rate per annum equal to the Adjusted LIBO Rate or the Alternate Base Rate, as applicable, plus the Applicable Margin, where the Applicable Margin means: in respect of revolving credit loans with respect to any Eurodollar Loan, 3.25% per annum and (ii) with respect to any ABR Loan, 2.25% per annum.

On September 9, 2016, CSC Holdings entered into an amendment (the "Extension Amendment") to the Credit Facilities and the incremental loan assumption agreements dated June 21, 2016 and July 21, 2016 between CSC Holdings and certain lenders party thereto (the "Extending Lenders") pursuant to which each Extending Lender agreed to extend the maturity of its Term Credit Facilities to October 11, 2024 and to certain other amendments to the Credit Facilities. In October 2016, CSC Holdings used the net proceeds from the sale of \$1,310,000 aggregate principal amount of 5.5% senior guaranteed notes due 2027 (the "2027 Guaranteed Notes") (after the deduction of fees and expenses) to prepay outstanding loans under the Term Credit Facility that were not extended pursuant to the Extension Amendment. The total aggregate principal amount of the Term Credit Facility, after giving effect to the use of proceeds of the 2027 Guaranteed Notes, is \$2,500,000 (the "Extended Term Loan"). The Extended Term Loan was effective on October 11, 2016. In connection with the prepayment of the Term Credit Facility, the Company wrote-off the deferred financing costs and the unamortized discount related to the existing term loan aggregating \$102,894. Additionally, the Company recorded deferred financing costs and an original issue discount of \$7,249 and \$6,250, respectively, which are both being amortized to interest expense over the term of the Extended Term Loan.

On December 9, 2016, the Credit Facilities were amended to increase the availability under the Revolving Credit Facility from \$2,105,000 to \$2,300,000 and extend the maturity on \$2,280,000 of this facility to November 30, 2021. The remaining \$20,000 will mature on October 9, 2020. The Credit Facilities require CSC Holdings to prepay outstanding term loans, subject to certain exceptions and deductions, with (i) 100% of the net cash proceeds of certain asset sales, subject to reinvestment rights and certain other exceptions, and (ii) commencing with the first full fiscal year after the consummation of the Merger, a ratable share (based on the outstanding principal amount of the Extended Term Loan divided by the sum of the outstanding principal amount of all pari passu indebtedness and the Extended Term Loan) of 50% of the annual excess cash flow of CSC Holdings and its restricted subsidiaries, which will be reduced to 0% if the Consolidated Net Senior Secured Leverage Ratio of CSC Holdings is less than or equal to 4.5 to 1.

Under the Term Credit Facility, CSC Holdings was required to make and made scheduled quarterly payment of \$9,500 beginning with the fiscal quarter ending September 30, 2016. Under the Extended Term Loan, CSC Holdings is required to make scheduled quarterly payments equal to 0.25% of the principal amount of the Extended Term Loan, with the remaining balance scheduled to be paid on October 11, 2024, beginning with the fiscal quarter ending March 31, 2017.

Interest will be calculated under the Extended Term Loan subject to a "floor" applicable to the Adjusted LIBO Rate of 0.75% per annum, and the Applicable Margin is (1) with respect to any ABR Loan, 2.00% per annum and (2) with respect to any Eurodollar Loan, 3.00% per annum. If the

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 10. DEBT (Continued)

Adjusted LIBO Rate for the Extended Term Loan is less than 0.75% for any given period, the interest rate is fixed at 3.75% per annum.

The Credit Facilities include negative covenants that are substantially similar to the negative covenants contained in the indentures under which the Merger Notes were issued (see discussion below). The Credit Facilities include one financial maintenance covenant (solely for the benefit of the Revolving Credit Facility), consisting of a maximum Consolidated Net Senior Secured Leverage Ratio of 5.0 to 1, which will be tested on the last day of any fiscal quarter but only if on such day there are outstanding borrowings under the Revolving Credit Facility (including swingline loans but excluding any cash collateralized letters of credit and undrawn letters of credit not to exceed \$15,000). The Credit Facilities also contain certain customary representations and warranties, affirmative covenants and events of default (including, among others, an event of default upon a change of control). If an event of default occurs, the obligations under the Credit Facilities may be accelerated.

Total amounts payable by the Company under its various debt obligations outstanding, including the debt transaction subsequent to the merger discussed above and including notes payable, collateralized indebtedness, and capital leases, during the periods shown below, are as follows:

Years Ending December 31,	
2017	\$ 1,719,180
2018	2,103,441
2019	557,348
2020	526,340
2021	1,200,256
Thereafter	9,884,024

NOTE 11. DERIVATIVE CONTRACTS AND COLLATERALIZED INDEBTEDNESS

The Company has entered into various transactions to limit the exposure against equity price risk on its shares of Comcast Corporation ("Comcast") common stock. The Company has monetized all of its stock holdings in Comcast through the execution of prepaid forward contracts, collateralized by an equivalent amount of the respective underlying stock. At maturity, the contracts provide for the option to deliver cash or shares of Comcast stock with a value determined by reference to the applicable stock price at maturity. These contracts, at maturity, are expected to offset declines in the fair value of these securities below the hedge price per share while allowing the Company to retain upside appreciation from the hedge price per share to the relevant cap price.

The Company received cash proceeds upon execution of the prepaid forward contracts discussed above which has been reflected as collateralized indebtedness in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. In addition, the Company separately accounts for the equity derivative component of the prepaid forward contracts. These equity derivatives have not been designated as hedges for accounting purposes. Therefore, the net fair values of the equity derivatives have been reflected in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets as an asset or liability and the net increases or decreases in the fair value of the equity derivative component of the prepaid forward contracts are included in gain (loss) on derivative contracts in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations.

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 11. DERIVATIVE CONTRACTS AND COLLATERALIZED INDEBTEDNESS (Continued)

All of the Company's monetization transactions are obligations of its wholly-owned subsidiaries that are not part of the Restricted Group; however, CSC Holdings has provided guarantees of the subsidiaries' ongoing contract payment expense obligations and potential payments that could be due as a result of an early termination event (as defined in the agreements). If any one of these contracts were terminated prior to its scheduled maturity date, the Company would be obligated to repay the fair value of the collateralized indebtedness less the sum of the fair values of the underlying stock and equity collar, calculated at the termination date.

The Company monitors the financial institutions that are counterparties to its equity derivative contracts and it diversifies its equity derivative contracts among various counterparties to mitigate exposure to any single financial institution.

The following represents the location of the assets and liabilities associated with the Company's derivative instruments within the consolidated balance sheets:

			Asset	Li	iability
		Dei	rivatives	Dei	rivatives
Derivatives Not Designated			Fair V	alue a	t
as Hedging Instruments	Balance Sheet Location		Decembe	r 31, 2	015
Prepaid forward contracts	Current derivative contracts	\$	10,333	\$	2,706
Prepaid forward contracts	Long-term derivative contracts		72,075		
		\$	82,408	\$	2,706

Unrealized and realized gains (losses) related to Company's equity derivative contracts related to the Comcast common stock for the period January 1, 2016 through June 20, 2016 and the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 of \$(36,283), \$104,927, and \$(45,055), respectively, are reflected in gain (loss) on equity derivative contracts, net in the Company's consolidated statements of operations.

For the period January 1, 2016 through June 20, 2016 and the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, the Company recorded a gain (loss) on investments of \$129,510, \$(33,935) and \$129,832, respectively, representing the net increase (decrease) in the fair values of all investment securities pledged as collateral.

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 11. DERIVATIVE CONTRACTS AND COLLATERALIZED INDEBTEDNESS (Continued)

Settlements of Collateralized Indebtedness

The following table summarizes the settlement of the Company's collateralized indebtedness relating to Comcast shares that were settled by delivering cash equal to the collateralized loan value, net of the value of the related equity derivative contracts.

	January 1 to June 20, 2016	Year Ended December 31, 2015
Number of shares(a)	10,802,118	26,815,368
Collateralized indebtedness settled	\$ (273,519)	\$ (569,562)
Derivative contracts settled	(8,075)	(69,675)
	(281,594)	(639,237)
Proceeds from new monetization contracts	337,149	 774,703
Net cash receipt	\$ 55,555	\$ 135,466

⁽a) Share amounts adjusted for the 2 for 1 stock split in February 2017.

The cash was obtained from the proceeds of new monetization contracts covering an equivalent number of Comcast shares. The terms of the new contracts allow the Company to retain upside participation in Comcast shares up to each respective contract's upside appreciation limit with downside exposure limited to the respective hedge price.

NOTE 12. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

The fair value hierarchy is based on inputs to valuation techniques that are used to measure fair value that are either observable or unobservable. Observable inputs reflect assumptions market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability based on market data obtained from independent sources while unobservable inputs reflect a reporting entity's pricing based upon their own market assumptions. The fair value hierarchy consists of the following three levels:

- Level I—Quoted prices for identical instruments in active markets.
- Level II—Quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active; and model-derived valuations whose inputs are observable or whose significant value drivers are observable.
- Level III—Instruments whose significant value drivers are unobservable.

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 12. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT (Continued)

The following table presents for each of these hierarchy levels, the Company's financial assets and financial liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

		At December 31, 2015			
	_	Level I	Level II	Level III	Total
Assets:					
Money market funds	\$	922,765	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 922,765
Investment securities		130	_	_	130
Investment securities pledged as collateral		1,211,982	_	_	1,211,982
Prepaid forward contracts		_	82,408	_	82,408
Liabilities:					
Prepaid forward contracts		_	2,706	_	2,706

The Company's cash equivalents, investment securities and investment securities pledged as collateral are classified within Level I of the fair value hierarchy because they are valued using quoted market prices.

The Company's prepaid forward contracts reflected as derivative contracts and liabilities under derivative contracts on the Company's balance sheets are valued using market-based inputs to valuation models. These valuation models require a variety of inputs, including contractual terms, market prices, yield curves, and measures of volatility. When appropriate, valuations are adjusted for various factors such as liquidity, bid/offer spreads and credit risk considerations. Such adjustments are generally based on available market evidence. Since model inputs can generally be verified and do not involve significant management judgment, the Company has concluded that these instruments should be classified within Level II of the fair value hierarchy.

In addition, see Note 9 for a discussion of impairment charges related to nonfinancial assets not measured at fair value on a recurring basis.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate fair value of each class of financial instruments for which it is practicable to estimate:

Credit Facility Debt, Collateralized Indebtedness, Senior Notes and Debentures, Senior Guaranteed Notes and Notes Payable

The fair values of each of the Company's debt instruments are based on quoted market prices for the same or similar issues or on the current rates offered to the Company for instruments of the same remaining maturities. The fair value of notes payable is based primarily on the present value of the remaining payments discounted at the borrowing cost.

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 12. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT (Continued)

The carrying values, estimated fair values, and classification under the fair value hierarchy of the Company's financial instruments, excluding those that are carried at fair value in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets, are summarized as follows:

		Decembe	r 31, 2015
	Fair Value	Carrying	Estimated
	Hierarchy	Amount	Fair Value
Debt instruments:			
Credit facility debt	Level II	\$ 2,514,454	\$ 2,525,654
Collateralized indebtedness	Level II	1,191,324	1,176,396
Senior notes and debentures	Level II	5,801,011	5,756,608
Notes payable	Level II	14,544	14,483
Total debt instruments		\$ 9,521,333	\$ 9,473,141

The fair value estimates related to the Company's debt instruments and senior notes receivable presented above are made at a specific point in time, based on relevant market information and information about the financial instrument. These estimates are subjective in nature and involve uncertainties and matters of significant judgments and therefore cannot be determined with precision. Changes in assumptions could significantly affect the estimates.

NOTE 13. INCOME TAXES

Income tax expense attributable to the Company's continuing operations consists of the following components:

	January 1 to June 20, 2016		Year Ended December 31, 2015		 ear Ended cember 31, 2014
Current expense:					
Federal	\$	6,473	\$	4,844	\$ 6,122
State		1,917		15,869	2,788
		8,390		20,713	8,910
Deferred (benefit) expense:					
Federal		93,253		97,927	135,873
State		22,897		35,469	23,906
		116,150		133,396	159,779
Tax (benefit) expense relating to uncertain tax positions		308		763	 (52,921)
Income tax expense	\$	124,848	\$	154,872	\$ 115,768

Income tax benefit attributable to discontinued operations for the year ended December 31, 2015 of \$8,731 is comprised of current and deferred income tax benefit of \$111 and \$8,620, respectively. Income tax expense attributable to discontinued operations for the year ended December 31, 2014 of \$2,206 is comprised of current and deferred income tax expense of \$108 and \$2,098, respectively.

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 13. INCOME TAXES (Continued)

The income tax (benefit) expense attributable to the Company's continuing operations differs from the amount derived by applying the statutory federal rate to pretax income principally due to the effect of the following items:

	nuary 1 to ne 20, 2016	Year Ended December 31, 2015	mber 31, Decen	
Federal tax expense at statutory rate	\$ 100,926	\$ 119,93	1 \$	148,803
State income taxes, net of federal impact	14,825	18,87	4	19,059
Changes in the valuation allowance	86	(90	2)	(344)
Changes in the state rates used to measure deferred taxes, net of federal impact	_	(1,00	5)	(322)
Tax expense (benefit) relating to uncertain tax positions	178	57-	4	(52,914)
New York tax reform	_	16,33	4	(2,050)
Non-deductible officers' compensation	462	84	6	1,532
Non-deductible merger transaction costs	9,392	_	_	_
Other non-deductible expenses	1,337	3,09	9	3,697
Research credit	(850)	(2,63	0)	(2,634)
Adjustment to prior year tax expense	· -	(51	5)	(192)
Other, net	(1,508)	26	7	1,133
Income tax expense	\$ 124,848	\$ 154,87	2 \$	115,768

The tax effects of temporary differences which give rise to significant portions of deferred tax assets or liabilities and the corresponding valuation allowance at December 31, 2015 are as follows.

Deferred Tax Asset (Liability)	
<u>Current</u>	
NOLs and tax credit carry forwards	\$ 76,007
Compensation and benefit plans	80,831
Allowance for doubtful accounts	2,196
Merger transaction costs	7,332
Inventory	7,135
Other	26,216
Deferred tax asset	199,717
Valuation allowance	(2,098)
Net deferred tax asset, current	197,619
Investments	(163,396)
Prepaid expenses	(19,627)
Deferred tax liability, current	(183,023)
Net deferred tax asset, current	\$ 14,596

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 13. INCOME TAXES (Continued)

Noncurrent Noncurrent	
NOLs and tax credit carry forwards	\$ 36,866
Compensation and benefit plans	97,005
Partnership investments	123,529
Investments	9,798
Other	9,201
Deferred tax asset	276,399
Valuation allowance	(2,816)
Net deferred tax asset, noncurrent	273,583
Fixed assets and intangibles	(978,418)
Deferred tax liability, noncurrent	(978,418)
Net deferred tax liability, noncurrent	(704,835)
Total net deferred tax liability	\$ (690,239)

The Company used the 'with-and-without' approach to determine the recognition and measurement of excess tax benefits. Cash flows resulting from excess tax benefits were classified as cash flows from financing activities. Excess tax benefits are realized tax benefits from tax deductions for options exercised and restricted shares issued in excess of the deferred tax asset attributable to share-based compensation expense for such awards. The Company realized excess tax benefit of \$82, \$5,694 and \$336 for the period January 1, 2016 through June 20, 2016, and for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively, resulting in an increase to paid-in-capital.

Deferred tax assets have resulted primarily from the Company's future deductible temporary differences and NOLs. In assessing the realizability of deferred tax assets, management considers whether it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax asset will not be realized. The Company's ability to realize its deferred tax assets depends upon the generation of sufficient future taxable income and tax planning strategies to allow for the utilization of its NOLs and deductible temporary differences. If such estimates and related assumptions change in the future, the Company may be required to record additional valuation allowances against its deferred tax assets, resulting in additional income tax expense in the Company's consolidated statements of income. Management evaluates the realizability of the deferred tax assets and the need for additional valuation allowances quarterly. At this time, based on current facts and circumstances, management believes that it is more likely than not that the Company will realize benefit for its gross deferred tax assets, except those deferred tax assets against which a valuation allowance has been recorded which relate to certain state NOLs.

In the normal course of business, the Company engages in transactions in which the income tax consequences may be uncertain. The Company's income tax returns are filed based on interpretation of tax laws and regulations. Such income tax returns are subject to examination by taxing authorities. For financial statement purposes, the Company only recognizes tax positions that it believes are more likely than not of being sustained. There is considerable judgment involved in determining whether positions taken or expected to be taken on the tax return are more likely than not of being sustained.

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 13. INCOME TAXES (Continued)

A reconciliation of the beginning and ending amount of unrecognized tax benefits associated with uncertain tax positions, excluding associated deferred tax benefits and accrued interest, is as follows:

Balance at December 31, 2014	\$ 4,011
Increases related to prior year tax positions	316
Increases related to prior year tax positions	(88)
Increases related to current year tax positions	3
Settlements paid in cash	(220)
Balance at December 31, 2015	4,022
Increases related to prior year tax positions	3
Increases related to current year tax positions	6
Balance at June 20, 2016	\$ 4,031

In the second quarter of 2016, the Company changed its accounting policy on a prospective basis to present interest expense relating to uncertain tax positions as additional interest expense. During the period ended June 20, 2016 and December 31, 2015, interest expense of \$209 and \$314 was included in income tax expense, respectively.

The most significant jurisdictions in which the Company is required to file income tax returns include the states of New York, New Jersey and Connecticut and the City of New York. The State of New York is presently auditing income tax returns for years 2009 through 2011.

Management does not believe that the resolution of the ongoing income tax examination described above will have a material adverse impact on the financial position of the Company. Changes in the liabilities for uncertain tax positions will be recognized in the interim period in which the positions are effectively settled or there is a change in factual circumstances.

NOTE 14. BENEFIT PLANS

Qualified and Non-qualified Defined Benefit Plans

Cablevision Retirement Plans (collectively, the "Defined Benefit Plans")

The Company sponsors a non-contributory qualified defined benefit cash balance retirement plan (the "Pension Plan") for the benefit of non-union employees other than those of Newsday, as well as certain employees covered by a collective bargaining agreement in Brooklyn.

The Company maintains an unfunded non-contributory non-qualified defined benefit excess cash balance plan ("Excess Cash Balance Plan") covering certain current and former employees of the Company who participate in the Pension Plan, as well as an additional unfunded non-contributory, non-qualified defined benefit plan ("CSC Supplemental Benefit Plan") for the benefit of certain former officers and employees of the Company which provided that, upon retiring on or after normal retirement age, a participant receives a benefit equal to a specified percentage of the participant's average compensation, as defined. All participants were 100% vested in the CSC Supplemental Benefit Plan. The benefits related to the CSC Supplemental Plan were paid to participants in January 2017 and the plan was terminated.

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 14. BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

The Company amended the Pension Plan and the Excess Cash Balance Plan to freeze participation and future benefit accruals effective December 31, 2013 for all Company employees except those covered by a collective bargaining agreement in Brooklyn. Effective April 1, 2015, participation was frozen and future benefit accruals ceased for employees covered by a collective bargaining agreement in Brooklyn. Therefore, after April 1, 2015, no employee of the Company who was not already a participant could participate in the plans and no further annual Pay Credits (a certain percentage of employees' eligible pay) were made. Existing account balances under the plans continue to be credited with monthly interest in accordance with the terms of the plans.

Plan Results for Defined Benefit Plans

Summarized below is the funded status and the amounts recorded on the Company's consolidated balance sheets for all of the Company's Defined Benefit Plans at December 31, 2015:

Change in projected benefit obligation:		
Projected benefit obligation at beginning of year	\$	430,846
Service cost		344
Interest cost		15,523
Actuarial (gain) loss		(14,912)
Curtailments		
Benefits paid		(27,838)
Projected benefit obligation at end of year		403,963
Change in plan assets:		
Fair value of plan assets at beginning of year		303,676
Actual return (loss) on plan assets, net		(3,921)
Employer contributions		25,929
Benefits paid		(27,838)
Fair value of plan assets at end of year		297,846
Unfunded status at end of year	\$	(106,117)
	_	

The accumulated benefit obligation for the Company's Defined Benefit Plans aggregated \$403,963 at December 31, 2015.

The Company's net funded status relating to its Defined Benefit Plans at December 31, 2015 are as follows:

Defined Benefit Plans	\$ (106,117)
Less: Current portion related to nonqualified plans	6,889
Long-term defined benefit plan obligations	\$ (99,228)

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 14. BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

Components of the net periodic benefit cost, recorded in other operating expenses, for the Defined Benefit Plans for the period January 1, 2016 to June 20, 2016 and for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, are as follows:

	2	nuary 1, 016 to 20, 2016	ear ended cember 31, 2015	ear ended cember 31, 2014
Service cost	\$	_	\$ 344	\$ 774
Interest cost		7,130	15,523	18,040
Expected return on plan assets, net		(3,565)	(8,297)	(9,548)
Recognized actuarial loss (reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss)		(1,446)	1,294	2,364
Settlement (income) loss (reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss)(a)		1,655	3,822	5,348
Net periodic benefit cost	\$	3,774	\$ 12,686	\$ 16,978

(a) As a result of benefit payments to terminated or retired individuals exceeding the service and interest costs for the Pension Plan and the Excess Cash Balance Pension Plan during the period January 1, 2016 through June 20, 2016, and years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, the Company recognized a non-cash settlement loss that represented the acceleration of the recognition of a portion of the previously unrecognized actuarial losses recorded in accumulated other comprehensive loss on the Company's consolidated balance sheets relating to these plans.

Plan Assumptions for Defined Benefit Plans

Weighted-average assumptions used to determine net periodic cost (made at the beginning of the year) and benefit obligations (made at the end of the year) for the Defined Benefit Plans are as follows:

		Weighted-Average	e Assumptions	
	Net l	Periodic Benefit Cos	t	Benefit
	January 1, 2016 to June 20, 2016	Year ended December 31, 2015	Year ended December 31, 2014	Obligations December 31, 2015
Discount rate(a)	3.76%	3.83%	4.24%	3.94%
Rate of increase in future compensation levels	%	%	3.50%	%
Expected rate of return on plan assets (Pension Plan only)	3.97%	4.03%	4.53%	N/A

(a) The discount rates of 3.76%, 3.83%, and 4.24% for the period January 1, 2016 through June 20, 2016, and years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively, represent the average of the quarterly discount rates used to remeasure the Company's projected benefit obligation and net periodic benefit cost in connection with the recognition of settlement losses discussed above.

The discount rate used by the Company in calculating the net periodic benefit cost for the Cash Balance Plan and the Excess Cash Balance Plan was determined based on the expected future benefit

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 14. BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

payments for the plans and from the Towers Watson U.S. Rate Link: 40-90 Discount Rate Model. The model was developed by examining the yields on selected highly rated corporate bonds

The Company's expected long-term return on Pension Plan assets is based on a periodic review and modeling of the plan's asset allocation structure over a long-term horizon. Expectations of returns and risk for each asset class are the most important of the assumptions used in the review and modeling and are based on comprehensive reviews of historical data, forward looking economic outlook, and economic/financial market theory. The expected long-term rate of return was chosen as a best estimate and was determined by (a) historical real returns, net of inflation, for the asset classes covered by the investment policy, and (b) projections of inflation over the long-term period during which benefits are payable to plan participants.

Pension Plan Assets and Investment Policy

The weighted average asset allocations of the Pension Plan at December 31, 2015 are as follows:

	Plan Assets at December 31, 2015
Asset Class:	
Mutual funds	39%
Fixed income securities	61
Cash equivalents and other	
	100%

The Pension Plan's investment objectives reflect an overall low risk tolerance to stock market volatility. This strategy allows for the Pension Plan to invest in portfolios that would obtain a rate of return throughout economic cycles, commensurate with the investment risk and cash flow needs of the Pension Plan. The investments held in the Pension Plan are readily marketable and can be sold to fund benefit payment obligations of the plan as they become payable.

Investment allocation decisions are formally made by the Altice USA Benefits Committee, which takes into account investment advice provided by its external investment consultant. The investment consultant takes into account expected long-term risk, return, correlation, and other prudent investment assumptions when recommending asset classes and investment managers to the Company's Investment and Benefit Committee. The major categories of the Pension Plan assets are cash equivalents and bonds which are marked-to-market on a daily basis. Due to the Pension Plan's significant holdings in long-term government and non-government fixed income securities, the Pension Plan's sasets are subjected to interest rate risk; specifically, a rising interest rate environment. Consequently, an increase in interest rates may cause a decrease to the overall liability of the Pension Plan thus creating a hedge against rising interest rates. In addition, a portion of the Pension Plan's bond portfolio is invested in foreign debt securities where there could be foreign currency risks associated with them, as well as in non-government securities which are subject to credit risk of the bond issuer defaulting on interest and/or principal payments.

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 14. BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

Investments at Estimated Fair Value

The fair values of the assets of the Pension Plan at December 31, 2015 by asset class are as follows:

Asset Class	Level I	Level II	Level III	Total
Mutual funds	\$ 117,174	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 117,174
Fixed income securities held in a portfolio:				
Foreign issued corporate debt	_	12,825	_	12,825
U.S. corporate debt	_	54,005	_	54,005
Government debt	_	8,273	_	8,273
U.S. Treasury securities	_	90,414	_	90,414
Asset-backed securities	_	18,563	_	18,563
Cash equivalents(a)	893	_	_	893
Total(b)	\$ 118,067	\$ 184,080	\$	\$ 302,147

- (a) Represents an investment in a money market fund.
- (b) Excludes cash and net payables relating to the sale of securities that were not settled as of December 31, 2015.

The fair values of mutual funds and cash equivalents were derived from quoted market prices that the Pension Plan administrator has the ability to access.

The fair values of corporate and government debt, treasury securities and asset-back securities were derived from bids received from a vendor or broker not available in an active market that the Pension Plan administrator has the ability to access.

Defined Contribution Plans

The Company also maintains the Cablevision 401(k) Savings Plan, a contributory qualified defined contribution plan for the benefit of non-union employees of the Company. Employees can contribute a percentage of eligible annual compensation and the Company will make a matching cash contribution or discretionary contribution, as defined in the plan. In addition, the Company maintains an unfunded non-qualified excess savings plan for which the Company provides a matching contribution similar to the Cablevision 401(k) Savings Plan.

Applicable employees of the Company are eligible for an enhanced employer matching contribution, as well as a year-end employer discretionary contribution to the Cablevision 401(k) Savings Plan and the Cablevision Excess Savings Plan.

The cost associated with these plans (including the enhanced employer matching and discretionary contributions) was \$26,964, \$61,343 and \$65,725 for the period January 1, 2016 through June 20, 2016, and years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 15. EQUITY AND LONG-TERM INCENTIVE PLANS

Equity Plans

In connection with the Merger, outstanding equity-based awards granted under the Company's equity plans were cancelled and converted into a right to receive cash based upon the \$34.90 per Share merger price in accordance with the original terms of the awards. On the Merger Date, the Company had 11,880,700 stock options, 3,769,485 restricted shares, 1,724,940 restricted stock units issued to employees and 466,283 restricted stock units issued to non-employee directors outstanding. The aggregate payment was \$439,167 and represents a portion of the merger consideration. Approximately \$63,484 of compensation costs related to the acceleration of the vesting of these awards in connection with the Merger and the related employer payroll taxes of \$7,929 were recorded on the black line and therefore are not reflected in either the Predecessor or Successor periods.

In March 2015, the Company's Board of Directors approved the Cablevision Systems Corporation 2015 Employee Stock Plan ("2015 Plan"), which was approved by Cablevision's stockholders at its annual stockholders meeting on May 21, 2015. Under the 2015 Plan, the Company was authorized to grant stock options, restricted stock units, stock appreciation rights, and other equity-based awards. As of December 31, 2015, 79,780 equity based awards had been granted under the 2015 Plan.

The Company also had an employee stock plan ("2006 Plan") under which it was authorized to grant incentive stock options, nonqualified stock options, restricted shares, restricted stock units, stock appreciation rights and other equity-based awards and a 2006 Stock Plan for Non-Employee Directors, whereby the Company was authorized to grant nonqualified stock options, restricted stock units and other equity-based awards. In 2015 and 2014, the Company granted its non-employee directors an aggregate of 73,056 and 66,421 restricted stock units, respectively. Total non-employee director restricted stock units outstanding as of December 31, 2015 were 466,283.

Since share-based compensation expense is based on awards that are ultimately expected to vest, such compensation expense was reduced for estimated forfeitures. Forfeitures were estimated based primarily on historical experience.

The following table presents the share-based compensation expense recognized by the Company as other operating expenses:

	2	uary 1, 016 to 20, 2016	ear ended cember 31, 2015	ear ended ecember 31, 2014
Stock options	\$	3,848	\$ 9,159	\$ 7,573
Restricted shares and restricted stock units		20,930	51,162	 36,411
Share-based compensation related to equity classified awards		24,778	60,321	43,984
Other share-based compensation		453	4,965	_
Total share-based compensation	\$	25,231	\$ 65,286	\$ 43,984

An income tax benefit of \$10,357, \$26,718 and \$17,801 was recognized in continuing operations resulting from share-based compensation expense for the period from January 1, 2016 through June 20, 2016 and years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 15. EQUITY AND LONG-TERM INCENTIVE PLANS (Continued)

Cash received from stock option exercises for the period January 1, 2016 through June 20, 2016, and years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively was \$14,411, \$18,727 and \$55,355, respectively.

Valuation Assumptions—Stock Options

The Company calculated the fair value of each option award on the date of grant. The Company's computation of expected life was determined based on historical experience of similar awards, giving consideration to the contractual terms of the share-based awards and vesting schedules, or by using the simplified method (the average of the vesting period and option term), if applicable. The interest rate for periods within the contractual life of the stock option was based on interest yields for U.S. Treasury instruments in effect at the time of grant. The Company's computation of expected volatility was based on historical volatility of its common stock.

The following assumptions were used to calculate the fair values of stock option awards granted in the first quarter of 2015 and 2014:

	20	15		2014
Risk-free interest rate		1.82%)	2.12%
Expected life (in years)		8		6.5
Dividend yield		3.63%)	3.79%
Volatility	3	9.98%)	42.80%
Grant date fair value	\$	5.45	\$	5.27

Share-Based Payment Award Activity

The following table summarizes activity relating to Company employees who held Cablevision stock options for the period January 1, 2016 to June 20, 2016 and for the year ended December 31, 2015:

				Weighted	
	Shares Un	der Option	Weighted	Average Remaining	
	Time Vesting Options	Performance Based Vesting Options	Average Exercise Price Per Share	Contractual Term (in years)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value(a)
Balance, December 31, 2014	5,097,666	7,633,500	\$ 14.41	7.17	\$ 79,347
Granted	2,000,000	_	19.17		
Exercised	(353,666)	(1,024,283)	12.84		
Balance, December 31, 2015	6,744,000	6,609,217	15.28	6.80	221,900
Exercised	(744,000)	(728,517)	13.97		
Balance, June 20, 2016	6,000,000	5,880,700	\$ 15.45		

⁽a) The aggregate intrinsic value is calculated as the difference between (i) the exercise price of the underlying award and (ii) the quoted price of CNYG Class A common stock on December 31, 2015, as indicated.

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 15. EQUITY AND LONG-TERM INCENTIVE PLANS (Continued)

Restricted Stock Award Activity

The following table summarizes activity relating to Company employees who held Cablevision restricted shares and restricted stock units for the period January 1, 2016 to June 20, 2016 and for the year ended December 31, 2015:

	Number of Restricted Shares	Number of Performance Restricted Shares	Number of Performance Based Restricted Stock Units ("PSU")(a)	Weighted Average Fair Value Per Share at Date of Grant
Unvested award balance, December 31, 2014	5,314,870	2,035,300	_	\$ 15.46
Granted	1,747,870	584,400	1,851,700	19.43
Vested	(1,598,363)	(739,600)	_	14.48
Awards forfeited	(496,629)	_	(79,270)	17.28
Unvested award balance, December 31, 2015	4,967,748	1,880,100	1,772,430	17.53
Vested	(2,239,167)	(753,296)	_	15.35
Awards forfeited	(85,900)	_	(47,490)	18.38
Unvested award balance, June 20, 2016	2,642,681	1,126,804	1,724,940	

⁽a) The PSUs entitled the employee to shares of CNYG common stock up to 150% of the number of PSUs granted depending on the level of achievement of the specified performance criteria. If the minimum performance threshold was not met, no shares were issued. Accrued dividends were paid to the extent that a PSU vested and the related stock was issued.

During the first quarter of 2016, 2,992,463 Cablevision restricted shares issued to employees of the Company vested. To fulfill the employees' statutory minimum tax withholding obligations for the applicable income and other employment taxes, 1,248,875 of these shares, with an aggregate value of \$41,469, were surrendered to the Company. During the year ended December 31, 2015, 2,337,963 Cablevision restricted shares issued to employees of the Company vested. To fulfill the employees' statutory minimum tax withholding obligations for the applicable income and other employment taxes, 1,004,950 of these shares, with an aggregate value of \$19,141 were surrendered to the Company. These acquired shares had been classified as treasury stock.

Long-Term Incentive Plan Awards

In March 2011, the Company's Board of Directors approved the Cablevision Systems Corporation 2011 Cash Incentive Plan, which was approved by the Company's stockholders at its annual stockholders meeting in May 2011. The Company recorded expenses of \$9,169, \$27,170 and \$43,892 for the period January 1, 2016 through June 20, 2016, and years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively, related to this plan.

Carried Unit Plan

Subsequent to the merger, in July 2016, certain employees of the Company and its affiliates received awards of units in a Carry Unit Plan of an entity which has an ownership interest in the

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 15. EQUITY AND LONG-TERM INCENTIVE PLANS (Continued)

Company's parent, Neptune Holding. The awards generally will vest as follows: 50% on the second anniversary of June 21, 2016 ("Base Date"), 25% on the third anniversary of the Base Date, and 25% on the fourth anniversary of the Base Date. Prior to the fourth anniversary, the Company has the right to repurchase vested awards held by employees upon their termination. The Carry Unit Plan has 259,442,785 units authorized for issuance, of which 102,500,000 have been issued to employees of the Company and 100,300,000 have been issued to employees of Altice and affiliated companies.

NOTE 16. AFFILIATE AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Equity Method Investments

In September 2015, the Company purchased the minority interest in Newsday Holdings LLC ("Newsday Holdings") held by Tribune Media Company ("Tribune") for approximately \$8,300. As a result of this transaction, Newsday Holdings became a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. In addition, the indemnity provided by the Company to Tribune for certain taxes incurred by Tribune if Newsday Holdings or its subsidiary sold or otherwise disposed of Newsday assets in a taxable transaction or failed to maintain specified minimum outstanding indebtedness, was amended so that the restriction period lapsed on September 2, 2015.

Subsequent to the Merger, in July 2016, the Company completed the sale of a 75% interest in Newsday LLC. The Company retained the remaining 25% ownership interest.

In December 2016, the Company made an investment of \$1,966 in I24NEWS, Altice's 24/7 international news and current affairs channel, representing a 25% ownership interest and the 75% interest is owned by a subsidiary of Altice.

Related Party Transactions

As the transactions discussed below were conducted between subsidiaries under common control, amounts charged for certain services may not have represented amounts that might have been received or incurred if the transactions were based upon arm's length negotiations.

Cablevision is controlled by Charles F. Dolan, certain members of his immediate family and certain family related entities (collectively the "Dolan Family"). Members of the Dolan Family are also the controlling stockholders of AMC Networks, The Madison Square Garden Company and MSG Networks Inc. ("MSG Networks").

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 16. AFFILIATE AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

The following table summarizes the revenue and charges (credits) related to services provided to or received from AMC Networks, Madison Square Garden Company and MSG Networks for the Predecessor periods:

			Years	End	led
	Jan	\$\frac{2,088}{\$} \frac{\$\\$5,343}{\$} \frac{\$\\$5,}{\$}\$ \$\\$84,636 \\$176,909 \\$179, \[\frac{2,182}{\$5,372} \\$3, \[\frac{5,372}{\$86,818} \]182,281 \[\frac{183}{183},	31,		
			2015		2014
Revenue	\$	2,088	\$ 5,343	\$	5,075
Operating expenses:					
Programming and other direct costs, net of credits	\$	84,636	\$ 176,909	\$	179,144
Other operating expenses, net of credits		2,182	5,372		3,878
Operating expenses, net		86,818	182,281		183,022
Net charges	\$	84,730	\$ 176,938	\$	177,947

Revenue

The Company recognized revenue in connection with television advertisements and print advertising, as well as certain telecommunication services charged by its subsidiaries to AMC Networks, Madison Square Garden and MSG Networks. The Company and its subsidiaries, together with AMC Networks, Madison Square Garden and MSG Networks may have entered into agreements with third parties in which the amounts paid/received by AMC Networks, Madison Square Garden and MSG Networks, their subsidiaries, or the Company have differed from the amounts that would have been paid/received if such arrangements were negotiated separately. Where subsidiaries of the Company have incurred a cost incremental to fair value and AMC Networks, Madison Square Garden and MSG Networks have received a benefit incremental to fair value from these negotiations, the Company and its subsidiaries charged AMC Networks, Madison Square Garden and MSG Networks for the incremental amount.

Programming and other direct costs

Programming and other direct costs included costs incurred by the Company for the carriage of the MSG Networks and Fuse program services (2014 period only), as well as for AMC, WE tv, IFC, Sundance Channel and BBC America (2015 period only) on the Company's cable systems. The Company also purchased certain programming signal transmission and production services from AMC Networks.

Other operating expenses (credits)

The Company, AMC Networks, Madison Square Garden and MSG Networks routinely entered into transactions with each other in the ordinary course of business. Such transactions included, but were not limited to, sponsorship agreements and cross-promotion arrangements. Additionally, amounts reflected in the tables were net of allocations to AMC Networks, Madison Square Garden and MSG Networks for services performed by the Company on their behalf. Amounts also included charges to the Company for services performed or paid by the affiliate on the Company's behalf.

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 16. AFFILIATE AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

Subsequent to the Merger, the Company continues to receive or provide services to these entities, but these entities are no longer related parties.

Transactions with Other Affiliates

During the period ended January 1, 2016 to June 20, 2016 and the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, the Company provided services to or incurred costs on behalf of certain related parties, including from time to time, the Dolan Family. All costs incurred on behalf of these related parties were reimbursed to the Company. Aggregate amounts that were due from and due to AMC Networks, Madison Square Garden and MSG Networks and other affiliates at December 31, 2015 (Predecessor) is summarized below:

		Decembe	r 31,
	_	2015	5
Amounts due from affiliates	\$,	767
Amounts due to affiliates		29	9,729

NOTE 17. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Legal Matters

Cable Operations Litigation

Marchese, et al. v. Cablevision Systems Corporation and CSC Holdings, LLC:

The Company is a defendant in a lawsuit filed in the U.S. District Court for the District of New Jersey by several present and former Cablevision subscribers, purportedly on behalf of a class of iO video subscribers in New Jersey, Connecticut and New York. After three versions of the complaint were dismissed without prejudice by the District Court, plaintiffs filed their third amended complaint on August 22, 2011, alleging that the Company violated Section 1 of the Sherman Antitrust Act by allegedly tying the sale of interactive services offered as part of iO television packages to the rental and use of set-top boxes distributed by Cablevision, and violated Section 2 of the Sherman Antitrust Act by allegedly seeking to monopolize the distribution of Cablevision compatible set-top boxes. Plaintiffs seek unspecified treble monetary damages, attorney's fees, as well as injunctive and declaratory relief. On September 23, 2011, the Company filed a motion to dismiss the third amended complaint. On January 10, 2012, the District Court issued a decision dismissing with prejudice the Section 2 monopolization claim, but allowing the Section 1 tying claim and related state common law claims to proceed. Cablevision's answer to the third amended complaint was filed on February 13, 2012. On December 7, 2015, the parties entered into a settlement agreement, which is subject to approval by the Court. On December 11, 2015, plaintiffs filed a motion for preliminary approval of the settlement, conditional certification of the settlement class, and approval of a class notice distribution plan. On March 10, 2016 the Court granted preliminary approval of the settlement and approved the class notice distribution plan.

Subsequent to the Merger, the class notice distribution and the claims submission process have now concluded. The Court granted final approval of the settlement on September 12, 2016 in the amount of \$15,600, and the effective date of the settlement was October 24, 2016.

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 17. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Continued)

In re Cablevision Consumer Litigation:

Following expiration of the affiliation agreements for carriage of certain Fox broadcast stations and cable networks on October 16, 2010, News Corporation terminated delivery of the programming feeds to the Company, and as a result, those stations and networks were unavailable on the Company's cable television systems. On October 30, 2010, the Company and Fox reached an agreement on new affiliation agreements for these stations and networks, and carriage was restored. Several purported class action lawsuits were subsequently filed on behalf of the Company's customers seeking recovery for the lack of Fox programming. Those lawsuits were consolidated in an action before the U. S. District Court for the Eastern District of New York, and a consolidated complaint was filed in that court on February 22, 2011. Plaintiffs asserted claims for breach of contract, unjust enrichment, and consumer fraud, seeking unspecified compensatory damages, punitive damages and attorneys' fees. On March 28, 2012, the Court ruled on the Company's motion to dismiss, denying the motion with regard to plaintiffs' breach of contract claim, but granting it with regard to the remaining claims, which were dismissed. On April 16, 2012, plaintiffs filed a second consolidated amended complaint, which asserts a claim only for breach of contract. The Company's answer was filed on May 2, 2012. On October 10, 2012, plaintiffs filed a motion for class certification and on December 13, 2012, a motion for partial summary judgment. On March 31, 2014, the Court granted plaintiffs' motion for class certification, and denied without prejudice plaintiffs' motion for summary judgment. On May 30, 2014, the Court approved the form of class notice, and on October 7, 2014, approved the class notice distribution plan. The class notice distribution has been completed, and the opt-out period expired on February 27, 2015. Expert discovery commenced on May 5, 2014, and concluded on December 8 and 28, 2015, when the Court ruled on the pending expert discovery motions.

Patent Litigation

Cablevision is named as a defendant in certain lawsuits claiming infringement of various patents relating to various aspects of the Company's businesses. In certain of these cases other industry participants are also defendants. In certain of these cases the Company expects that any potential liability would be the responsibility of the Company's equipment vendors pursuant to applicable contractual indemnification provisions. The Company believes that the claims are without merit and intends to defend the actions vigorously, but is unable to predict the outcome of these lawsuits or reasonably estimate a range of possible loss.

In addition to the matters discussed above, the Company is party to various lawsuits, some involving claims for substantial damages. Although the outcome of these other matters cannot be predicted and the impact of the final resolution of these other matters on the Company's results of operations in a particular subsequent reporting period is not known, management does not believe that the resolution of these other lawsuits will have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the Company or the ability of the Company to meet its financial obligations as they become due.

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 17. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Continued)

Other Litigation

In April 2011, Thomas C. Dolan, a director and Executive Vice President, Strategy and Development, in the Office of the Chairman at Cablevision, filed a lawsuit against Cablevision and Rainbow Media Holdings LLC (which was subsequently dismissed as a party) in New York State Supreme Court. The lawsuit raised compensation-related claims related to events largely from 2005 to 2008. The matter was handled under the direction of an independent committee of the Board of Directors of Cablevision. In April 2015, the Court granted summary judgment in favor of the plaintiff on liability, with damages to be determined. On June 18, 2015, the Company filed a notice of appeal. On February 8, 2016, Cablevision and Thomas C. Dolan entered into a settlement pursuant to which the Company agreed to pay plaintiff \$21,000 and plaintiff released all claims. A stipulation of dismissal with prejudice was approved and entered by the Court on February 8, 2016, and payment was made the same day. The appeal has also been withdrawn. The Company recorded an expense of \$21,000 which is reflected in discontinued operations in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations for the year ended December 31, 2015 (see Note 6).

NOTE 18. INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION (Unaudited)

The following is a summary of the Company's selected quarterly financial data for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015:

2016:		March 31, 2016	J	April 1 to une 20, 2016
Revenue	\$	1,645,890	\$	1,491,714
Operating expenses		(1,394,635)		(1,267,663)
Operating income	\$	251,255	\$	224,051
Net income	\$	94,311	\$	69,201
Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interests		66		170
Net income attributable to Cablevision Systems Corporation stockholders	\$	94,377	\$	69,371
Basic income per share attributable to Cablevision Systems Corporation stockholders:				
Income from continuing operations, net of income taxes	\$	0.35	\$	0.25
Loss from discontinued operations, net of income taxes	\$	_	\$	_
Net income	\$	0.35	\$	0.25
Diluted income per share attributable to Cablevision Systems Corporation stockholders:		_		
Income from continuing operations, net of income taxes	\$	0.34	\$	0.25
Loss from discontinued operations, net of income taxes	\$		\$	_
Net income	\$	0.34	\$	0.25
Amounts attributable to Cablevision Systems Corporation stockholders:				
Income from continuing operations, net of income taxes	\$	94,377	\$	69,371
Loss from discontinued operations, net of income taxes	_			<u> </u>
Net income	\$	94,377	\$	69,371

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 18. INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION (Unaudited) (Continued)

	Predecessor									
2015:		March 31, 2015		June 30, 2015	S	September 30, 2015	Ι	December 31, 2015		Total 2015
Revenue	\$		\$	1,661,940	\$	1,624,828	\$	1,636,425	\$	6,545,545
Operating expenses	Ψ	(1.398,601)	Ψ	(1,417,476)	Ψ	(1,441,712)	Ψ	(1,439,285)	Ψ	(5,697,074)
Operating income	\$	223,751	\$	244,464	\$	183,116	\$	197,140	\$	848,471
Income from continuing operations, net of income taxes	\$	54,901	\$	75,676	\$	23,431	\$	33,781	\$	187,789
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of income taxes	Ф	(10,502)	Φ	75,070	Ф	(406)	Ф	(1,633)	Ф	(12,541)
Net income	_	44,399	-	75,676	-	23,025	-	32,148	_	175,248
Net loss (income) attributable to noncontrolling interests		234		(81)		78		(30)		201
Net income attributable to Cablevision Systems Corporation	-	254	_	(61)	-	70	-	(30)	_	201
stockholders	\$	44,633	\$	75,595	\$	23,103	\$	32,118	\$	175,449
Basic income per share attributable to Cablevision Systems	=	,022	=	70,000	=	23,103	=	52,110	<u> </u>	170,115
Corporation stockholders:										
Income from continuing operations, net of income taxes	\$	0.21	\$	0.28	\$	0.09	\$	0.12	\$	0.70
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of income	Ψ	0.21	Ψ	0.20	Ψ	0.07	Ψ	0.12	Ψ	0.70
taxes	\$	(0.04)	\$	_	\$	_	\$	(0.01)	2	(0.05
Net income	\$	0.17	\$	0.28	\$	0.09	\$	0.12	\$	0.65
- 101 -	Ψ	0.17	Ψ	0.28	ψ	0.07	ψ	0.12	Ψ	0.03
Diluted income per share attributable to Cablevision Systems Corporation stockholders:										
Income from continuing operations, net of income taxes	2	0.20	\$	0.27	\$	0.08	\$	0.12	2	0.68
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of income	Ψ	0.20	Ψ	0.27	Ψ	0.00	Ψ	0.12	Ψ	0.00
taxes	\$	(0.04)	\$		¢		¢	(0.01)	\$	(0.05
10000	\$		÷	0.27	Ф	0.08	Ф		Ф	$\overline{}$
Net income	3	0.16	\$	0.27	\$	0.08	2	0.12	3	0.63
Amounts attributable to Cablevision Systems Corporation										
stockholders:	e.	55 125	Φ.	75 505	Ф	22.500	Ф	22.751	d.	107.000
Income from continuing operations, net of income taxes	\$	55,135	\$	75,595	\$	23,509	\$	33,751	\$	187,990
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of income taxes		(10,502)				(406)		(1,633)		(12,541
Net income	•	44,633	•	75 505	\$	23,103	\$	32,118	•	
Net income	2	44,633	\$	75,595	3	23,103	3	32,118	\$	175,449

NOTE 19. BUSINESS COMBINATION

As discussed in Note 1, Cablevision completed the Merger on June 21, 2016. The Merger was accounted for as a business combination in accordance with ASC Topic 805. The following table provides the preliminary allocation of the total purchase price of \$9,958,323 to the identifiable tangible

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 19. BUSINESS COMBINATION (Continued)

and intangible assets and liabilities of Cablevision based on preliminary fair value information currently available, which is subject to change within the measurement period (up to one year from the acquisition date).

	,	timates of Fair Values (As of December 31, 2016)	Estimated Useful Lives
Current assets	\$	1,923,071	
Accounts receivable		271,305	
Property, plant and equipment		4,864,621	2 - 18 years
Goodwill		5,838,959	
Indefinite-lived cable television franchises		8,113,575	Indefinite-lived
Customer relationships		4,850,000	8 to 18 years
Trade names		1,010,000	12 years
Amortizable intangible assets		23,296	1 - 15 years
Other non-current assets		748,998	
Current liabilities		(2,305,954)	
Long-term debt		(8,355,386)	
Deferred income taxes.		(6,834,807)	
Other non-current liabilities		(189,355)	
Total	\$	9,958,323	

The fair value of identified intangible assets was estimated using derivations of the "income" approach. Customer relationships and cable television franchises were valued using the multiple period excess earnings method ("MPEEM") approach. The MPEEM approach quantifies the expected earnings of an asset by isolating earnings attributable to the asset from the overall business enterprise earnings and then removing a charge for those assets that contribute to the generation of the isolated earnings. The future expected earnings are discounted to their present value equivalent.

Trade names were valued using the relief from royalty method, which is based on the present value of the royalty payments avoided as a result of the company owning the intangible asset.

The basis for the valuation methods was the Company's projections. These projections were based on management's assumptions including among others, penetration rates for video, high speed data, and voice; revenue growth rates; operating margins; and capital expenditures. The assumptions are derived based on the Company's and its peers' historical operating performance adjusted for current and expected competitive and economic factors surrounding the cable industry. The discount rates used in the analysis are intended to reflect the risk inherent in the projected future cash flows generated by the respective intangible asset. The value is highly dependent on the achievement of the future financial results contemplated in the projections. The estimates and assumptions made in the valuation are inherently subject to significant uncertainties, many of which are beyond the Company's control, and there is no assurance that these results can be achieved. The primary assumptions for which there is a reasonable possibility of the occurrence of a variation that would have significantly affected the value include the assumptions regarding revenue growth, programming expense growth rates, the amount and timing of capital expenditures and the discount rate utilized.

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 19. BUSINESS COMBINATION (Continued)

In establishing fair value for the vast majority of the Company's property, plant and equipment, the cost approach was utilized. The cost approach considers the amount required to replace an asset by constructing or purchasing a new asset with similar utility, then adjusts the value in consideration of physical depreciation, and functional and economic obsolescence as of the appraisal date. The cost approach relies on management's assumptions regarding current material and labor costs required to rebuild and repurchase significant components of our property, plant and equipment along with assumptions regarding the age and estimated useful lives of our property, plant and equipment.

The estimates of expected useful lives take into consideration the effects of contractual relationships, customer attrition, eventual development of new technologies and market competition.

As a result of applying business combination accounting, the Company recorded goodwill, which represented the excess of organization value over amounts assigned to the other identifiable tangible and intangible assets arising from expectations of future operational performance and cash generation.

The following table sets forth the estimated amortization expense on the intangible assets recorded in the connection with the Merger for the years ending December 31:

Estimated amortization expense	
Year Ending December 31, 2017	\$ 701,908
Year Ending December 31, 2018	655,409
Year Ending December 31, 2019	609,245
Year Ending December 31, 2020	562,613
Year Ending December 31, 2021	515,430

The unaudited pro forma revenue, loss from continuing operations and net loss for the years ended December 31, 2015, as if the Merger had occurred on January 1, 2015, are as follows:

Revenue	\$ 6,545,545
Loss from continuing operations	\$ (740,115)
Net loss	\$ (752,656)

The pro forma results presented above include the impact of additional interest expense related to the debt issued to finance the Merger. The pro forma results also reflect additional amortization expense related to the identifiable intangible assets recorded in connection with the Merger and additional depreciation expense related to the fair value adjustment to property, plant and equipment.

Report of Independent Auditors

To the Board of Directors of Cequel Corporation

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Cequel Corporation and its subsidiaries (Predecessor), which comprise the consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2014, and the related consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive (loss)/income, of changes in stockholders' equity and of cash flows for the period from January 1, 2015 to December 20, 2015 and for the year ended December 31, 2014.

Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we consider internal control relevant to the Company's preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Cequel Corporation and its subsidiaries (Predecessor) as of December 31, 2014, and results of operations and cash flows for the period from January 1, 2015 to December 20, 2015 and for the year ended December 31, 2014 in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

/s/PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

St. Louis, Missouri March 30, 2016

Report of Independent Auditors

To the Board of Directors of Cequel Corporation

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Cequel Corporation and its subsidiaries (Successor), which comprise the consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2015, and the related consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive (loss)/income, of changes in stockholders' equity and of cash flows for the period from December 21, 2015 to December 31, 2015.

Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we consider internal control relevant to the Company's preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Cequel Corporation and its subsidiaries (Successor) as of December 31, 2015, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for the period from December 21, 2015 to December 31, 2015 in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

/s/PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

St. Louis, Missouri March 30, 2016

Consolidated Balance Sheets

(in thousands)

ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents \$ 86,065 \$ 154,95 Accounts receivable, net of allowances of \$1,051 and \$15,567, respectively 192,667 190,00 Deferred tax asset 20,866 14,02 Prepaid expenses and other assets 23,549 26,07 Total current assets 323,147 385,09 Property, plant and equipment 2,234,274 2,744,32 Less—accumulated depreciation (10,162) (967,12 Property, plant and equipment, net 2,224,112 1,777,17 Deferred financing costs, net 39,876 25,68 Intangible assets: 1,054,738 1,054,738	063 021 078 093 328
Accounts receivable, net of allowances of \$1,051 and \$15,567, respectively 192,667 199,00 Deferred tax asset 20,866 14,02 Prepaid expenses and other assets 23,549 26,07 Total current assets 323,147 385,00 Property, plant and equipment 2,234,274 2,744,32 Less—accumulated depreciation (10,162) (967,12 Property, plant and equipment, net 2,224,112 1,777,17 Deferred financing costs, net 39,876 25,68 Intangible assets: 19,00 190,00 10,01 20,866 14,02 23,549 26,07 20,07 20,24,274 2,744,32 2,744,32 20,24,112 1,777,17 2,771,17 20,24,112 1,777,17 2,772,17 20,24,112 1,777,17 2,772,17 20,24,112 1,777,17 2,772,17 21,24,112 1,777,17 2,772,17 22,24,112 1,777,17 2,772,17 23,24,274 2,744,32 2,744,32 24,274,274 2,744,32 2,744,32 25,67	063 021 078 093 328
Deferred tax asset 20,866 14,02 Prepaid expenses and other assets 23,549 26,07 Total current assets 323,147 385,06 Property, plant and equipment 2,234,274 2,744,32 Less—accumulated depreciation (10,162) (967,12 Property, plant and equipment, net 2,224,112 1,777,17 Deferred financing costs, net 39,876 25,68 Intangible assets: 30,876 25,68	021 078 093 328
Prepaid expenses and other assets 23,549 26,07 Total current assets 323,147 385,09 Property, plant and equipment 2,234,274 2,744,32 Less—accumulated depreciation (10,162) (967,12 Property, plant and equipment, net 2,224,112 1,777,17 Deferred financing costs, net 39,876 25,68 Intangible assets: 39,876 25,68	078 093 328
Total current assets 323,147 385,00 Property, plant and equipment 2,234,274 2,744,32 Less—accumulated depreciation (10,162) (967,12 Property, plant and equipment, net 2,224,112 1,777,17 Deferred financing costs, net 39,876 25,68 Intangible assets:	093 328
Property, plant and equipment 2,234,274 2,744,32 Less—accumulated depreciation (10,162) (967,12 Property, plant and equipment, net 2,224,112 1,777,12 Deferred financing costs, net 39,876 25,68 Intangible assets:	328
Less—accumulated depreciation (10,162) (967,12) Property, plant and equipment, net 2,224,112 1,777,17 Deferred financing costs, net 39,876 25,68 Intangible assets:	
Property, plant and equipment, net 2,224,112 1,777,17 Deferred financing costs, net 39,876 25,68 Intangible assets:	156)
Deferred financing costs, net 39,876 25,68 Intangible assets:	,
Intangible assets:	172
Intangible assets:	681
Cultivarile annulation white most	
Subscriber relationships, net 1,054,728 164,0°	073
Franchise rights, net 4,984,589 3,068,54	543
Trade Names 37,109 188,6	676
Goodwill 2,040,402 1,543,10	103
Total intangible assets, net 8,116,828 4,964,39	395
Other long-term assets 10,468 12,0	
Total assets \$ 10,714,431 \$ 7,164,30	360
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	_
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses \$ 217,781 \$ 231,69	697
	523
Deferred revenue 157,764 148.2:	
Accrued interest 93,594 48,42	
Current portion of capital leases and other obligations 10,126 13,16	
Current portion of long-term debt 105,129 24,42	
Total current liabilities 584,690 469,49	
	381
Long-term deferred tax liability 1,546,301 286,4:	
Long-term portion of capital leases and other obligations 2,813 13,37	372
Due to parent 291,277 -	_
Long-term debt 6,054,063 5,067,58	588
Other long-term liabilities 247 27	278
Total liabilities \$ 8,480,014 \$ 5,838,54	540
Commitments and contingencies (Note 12)	
Stockholders' equity:	
Stockholders' equity 2,252,028 1,430,84	848
Accumulated deficit (17,611) (105,02	
Total stockholders' equity 2,234,417 1,325,83	
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity \$ 10,714,431 \$ 7,164,30	

Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive (Loss)/Income

(in thousands)

	Successor Period from December 21, 2015 to December 31, 2015	Predecessor Period from January 1, 2015 to December 20, 2015	Predecessor Year Ended December 31, 2014
Revenues	\$ 72,943	\$ 2,347,369	\$ 2,330,697
Costs and expenses:			
Operating (excluding depreciation and amortization)	26,586	872,308	930,085
Selling, general and administrative	39,166	889,960	546,386
Depreciation and amortization	23,533	531,561	594,459
Loss on disposal of cable assets	41	1,796	4,277
Total costs and expenses	89,326	2,295,625	2,075,207
(Loss)/income from operations	(16,383)	51,744	255,490
Interest expense, net	(11,491)	(237,319)	(230,146)
(Loss)/income before income taxes	(27,874)	(185,575)	25,344
Benefit/(provision) for income taxes	10,263	(29,301)	(8,095)
Net (loss)/income	\$ (17,611)	\$ (214,876)	\$ 17,249
Comprehensive (loss)/income	\$ (17,611)	\$ (214,876)	\$ 17,249

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

(in thousands)

	Successor Period from December 21, 2015 to December 31, 2015		Per Ja	edecessor riod from nuary 1, 2015 to ember 20, 2015	Yea Dece	decessor or Ended ember 31, 2014
Cash flows from operating activities:						
Net (loss)/income	\$ ((17,611)	\$	(214,876)	\$	17,249
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to cash flows from operating activities:						
Loss on disposal of cable assets		41		1,766		4,277
Depreciation and amortization		23,533		531,562		594,459
Non-cash interest expense		1,444		(1,184)		(2,813)
Non-cash equity compensation expense		_		287,691		30,681
Deferred income tax (benefit)/provision	((10,418)		24,866		2,677
Changes in assets and liabilities:						
Accounts receivable, net	((13,291)		31,508		(945)
Prepaid expenses		965		3,115		6,884
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	((23,080)		20,845		31,287
Deferred revenue		11,584		(2,829)		1,598
Accrued interest		9,855		(20,660)		945
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	((16,978)		661,804		686,299
Cash flows from investing activities:						
Purchases of property, plant and equipment (Note 7)	((30,582)		(447,864)		(420,605)
Acquisition of cable systems		_				(46,720)
Net proceeds from disposal of assets		25		2,137		1,713
Purchase of patent rights		_		(4,003)		_
Other		_				(21)
Net cash used in investing activities	((30,557)		(449,730)		(465,633)
Cash flows from financing activities:						
Issuance of long-term debt		_		_		486,250
Repayments of long-term debt		(3,941)		(18,317)		(140,375)
Repayments of capital lease obligations		(30)		(13,065)		(9,756)
Equity contributions		_		32,187		_
Equity distributions		_		(218)	-	(600,319)
Cash paid for financing costs		_				(6,241)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities		(3,971)		587		(270,441)
(Decrease)/Increase in cash and cash equivalents	((51,506)		212,661		(49,775)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	1	37,571		154,931		204,706
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$	86,065	\$	367,592	\$	154,931
Supplemental cash flow disclosures:						
Cash paid for interest	\$	884	\$	259,417	\$	232,248
Cash paid for taxes	\$		\$		\$	5,851
Non-cash transactions:	Ψ		Ψ	0,137	Ψ	3,031
	\$		•		¢.	14 976
Other obligations (Note 9)	3		\$		\$	14,876

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity

(in thousands)

PREDECESSOR:	s	tockholders' Equity	A	ccumulated Deficit	St	Total ockholders' Equity
Balance, December 31, 2014	\$	1,430,848	\$	(105,028)	\$	1,325,820
Net loss		´ _		(214,876)		(214,876)
Non-cash equity compensation		287,691				287,691
Equity contribution		32,187		_		32,187
Equity distribution		(218)				(218)
Balance, December 20, 2015	\$	1,750,508	\$	(319,904)	\$	1,430,604

SUCCESSOR:			
Balance, December 21, 2015	\$ 2,252,028	\$ —	\$ 2,252,028
Net loss	_	(17,611)	(17,611)
Balance, December 31, 2015	\$ 2,252,028	\$ (17,611)	\$ 2,234,417

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2015 and 2014

(dollars in thousands, except where otherwise indicated)

1. Organization

Cequel Corporation, a Delaware Corporation ("Cequel Corporation"), through its subsidiaries (together, the "Company") is a leading owner, operator and acquirer of broadband communication systems serving a diversified mix of markets. Cequel Communications Holdings I, LLC ("Cequel") is a wholly owned subsidiary of Cequel Communications Holdings, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("Cequel Holdings"), which is a wholly owned subsidiary of Cequel Corporation. Cequel Capital Corporation is a wholly owned subsidiary of Cequel (and together with Cequel, the "Issuers"). Cequel Communications, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, doing business as Suddenlink Communications ("Suddenlink"), is an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of Cequel.

The Issuers are holding companies and conduct no operations. Accordingly, the Issuers depend on the cash flow of their subsidiaries in order to make payments on, or repay or refinance, the Notes, as defined herein. The terms of the Credit Agreement generally restrict Suddenlink and its restricted subsidiaries from making dividends and other distributions to the Issuers subject to satisfaction of certain conditions, including pro forma compliance with maximum senior secured leverage ratio, and that no event of default has occurred and is continuing, or would be caused by the making of such dividends or other distributions, and based on, among other things, availability under a restricted payment basket. However, the Credit Agreement permits Suddenlink to make dividends and distributions to Cequel for payment of regularly scheduled interest payments through maturity on indebtedness which was incurred by Cequel to refinance the Issuers' 8.625% Senior Notes due 2017 (the "2017 Notes"). The Issuers' 6.375% Senior Notes due 2020 (the "2020 Notes"), the Issuers' 5.125% Senior Notes due 2021, issued on May 16, 2013 (the "Initial 2021 Notes") and the Issuers' 5.125% Senior Notes due 2021, issued on September 9, 2014 (the "2021 Mirror Notes,") and the 2025 Senior Notes, as defined herein (collectively the 2020 Notes, the 2021 Notes and the 2025 Senior Notes, the "Senior Notes"), are unsecured and are not guaranteed by any subsidiaries of the Issuers, including Suddenlink.

On December 21, 2015, Altice N.V., a public company with limited liability (naamloze vennootshcap) under Dutch law ("Altice"), as successor in interest to Altice S.A., certain other direct or indirect wholly-owned subsidiaries of Altice (the "Purchasers"), acquired approximately 70% of the total outstanding equity interests in Cequel Corporation (the "Altice Acquisition") from the direct and indirect stockholders of Cequel Corporation (the "Sellers"). Prior to the date hereof, Cequel Corporation was directly or indirectly owned by investment funds advised by BC Partners Limited ("BCP"), CPPIB-Suddenlink LP, a wholly owned subsidiary of Canada Pension Plan Investment Board ("CPPIB" and together with BCP, the "Sponsors"), and IW4MK Carry Partnership LP (the "Management Holder" and together with the Sponsors, the "Stockholders"). The consideration for the acquired equity interests was based on a total equity valuation for 100% of the capital and voting rights of Cequel Corporation of \$4,132.0 million, which includes \$2,956.4 million of cash consideration, \$675.6 million of retained equity held by the Sponsors and \$500 million funded by the issuance by an affiliate of Altice of a senior vendor note that is subscribed by the Sponsors. Following the closing of the Altice Acquisition, the Sponsors retained equity interests in Cequel Corporation representing, in the aggregate, 30% of Cequel Corporation's outstanding capital stock on a post-closing basis. In addition, the carry interest plans of the Stockholders were cashed out based on an agreement between

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

December 31, 2015 and 2014

(dollars in thousands, except where otherwise indicated)

1. Organization (Continued)

the Sponsors and the Management Holder whereby payments were made to participants in such carry interest plans, including certain officers and directors of Cequel and Cequel Corporation.

2. Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Company has significant indebtedness and incurred net losses of \$17.6 million and \$214.9 million for the successor period from December 21, 2015 through December 31, 2015 and the predecessor period from January 1, 2015 through December 20, 2015, respectively, and generated net income of \$17.2 million for the predecessor year ended December 31, 2014. The Company's net cash flows used in operating activities were \$17.0 million for the successor period from December 21, 2015 through December 31, 2015, and net cash flows provided by operating activities were \$661.8 million and \$686.3 million for the predecessor period from January 1, 2015 through December 20, 2015 and the predecessor year ended December 31, 2014, respectively.

The Company requires significant cash to fund debt service requirements, capital expenditures and ongoing operations. The Company also has negative working capital, which is primarily due to the payment terms it has with its vendors. The Company has historically funded these requirements through cash flows from operating activities, borrowings under its \$2.7 billion credit facility (the "Credit Facility"), sales of assets, issuances of debt, and cash on hand. However, the mix of funding sources changes from period to period. For the combined year ended December 31, 2015, the Company generated \$627.5 million of cash flows from operating activities after paying cash interest of \$260.3 million. In addition, the Company used \$478.4 million for purchases of property, plant and equipment. For the year ended December 31, 2014, the Company generated \$686.3 million of cash flows from operating activities after paying cash interest of \$232.2 million. In addition, the Company used \$420.6 million for purchases of property, plant and equipment in the year ended December 31, 2014.

The Company expects that cash on hand, cash flows from operating activities and available credit under its revolving credit facility will be adequate to meet its cash flow needs in 2016.

3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America ("GAAP"). The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. However, in the opinion of management, such financial statements include all adjustments, which consist of only normal recurring adjustments, necessary for the fair statement of the results of the periods presented. Certain estimates and assumption have been made that affect the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

December 31, 2015 and 2014

(dollars in thousands, except where otherwise indicated)

3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The financial information set forth in this report, unless otherwise set forth or as the context otherwise indicates, includes the accounts of Cequel and its subsidiaries for the period from December 21, 2015 to December 31, 2015 ("Successor"), and of Cequel and its subsidiaries for the period from January 1, 2015 through December 20, 2015 ("Predecessor"). Effective December 21, 2015, the Company applied business combination accounting which requires certain assets and liabilities to be reflected at fair value. For a summary of the application and valuation of business combination accounting, see Footnote 4.

Revenue Recognition

Revenue by service offering consisted of the following:

	Successor Period from December 21, 2015 to December 31, 2015	Predecessor Period from January 1, 2015 to December 20, 2015	Predecessor Year Ended December 31, 2014
Video	\$ 33,690	\$ 1,107,718	\$ 1,163,892
High-speed Internet	27,789	845,514	748,842
Telephone	6,209	201,377	204,693
Advertising sales	2,079	85,587	101,197
Other	3,176	107,173	112,073
Total revenues	\$ 72,943	\$ 2,347,369	\$ 2,330,697

Video revenue includes subscriber fees received from residential and commercial customers for the Company's various tiers or packages of video programming services, related equipment and rental charges, fees collected on behalf of local franchising authorities and the Federal Communications Commission, as well as revenue from the sale of premium networks, transactional VOD (e.g., events and movies) and digital video recorder service. High-speed Internet revenue includes subscriber fees received from residential and commercial customers for the Company's high-speed Internet services and related equipment rental charges, and wholesale transport revenue, including amounts generated by the sale of point-to-point transport services offered to wireless telephone providers (i.e. cell tower backhaul) and other carriers. Telephone revenue includes subscriber fees received from residential and commercial customers for the Company's telephone services, as well as fees collected on behalf of governmental authorities. Advertising sales includes revenue generated from the sale of advertising time to national, regional and local customers. Other revenue includes revenue from the Company's security services, installation charges, revenue from tower services, including site development and construction, and other residential and commercial subscriber-related fees.

Revenue from video, high-speed Internet, telephone and security services are recognized in the period during which the related services are provided. Revenue received from customers who purchase bundled services at a discounted rate is allocated to each product in a pro-rata manner based on the individual product's selling price (generally, the price at which the product is regularly sold on a standalone basis). Installation revenue is recognized in the period the service is performed to the extent

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

December 31, 2015 and 2014

(dollars in thousands, except where otherwise indicated)

3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

of direct selling costs, with the remaining amount deferred over the life of the customer relationship. The Company generally bills customers in advance for the services they have chosen to use and record such amounts as deferred revenue until the services are provided. Customer services paid for in advance are recorded as income when earned. Advertising sales are recognized in the period that the advertisements are broadcast.

Local or state government authorities impose franchise fees on the majority of the Company's systems ranging up to a federally mandated maximum of 5% of gross revenues as defined in the franchise agreements. Such fees are collected on a monthly basis from the Company's customers and are periodically remitted to franchise authorities. Because franchise fees are the Company's obligation, the Company presents them on a gross basis in revenue with a corresponding operating expense. Franchise fees reported on a gross basis in revenue amounted to approximately \$1.4 million, \$46.3 million and \$47.8 million for the successor period from December 21, 2015 through December 31, 2015, the predecessor period from January 1, 2015 through December 20, 2015, and the predecessor year ended December 31, 2014, respectively.

Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

The allowance for doubtful accounts represents the Company's best estimate of uncollectible balances in the accounts receivable balance. The allowance is based on the number of days outstanding, customer balances, historical experience and other currently available information.

Concentrations of Credit Risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to concentrations of credit risk are primarily cash and accounts receivable. Concentration of credit risk with respect to the Company's cash balance is limited. The Company maintains or invests its cash with highly qualified financial institutions. With respect to the Company's receivables, credit risk is limited due to the large number of customers, individually small balances and short payment terms.

Programming Costs

The Company purchases certain analog, digital and premium programming provided by program suppliers whose compensation is typically based on a flat fee per customer at the negotiated rates included in the programming contracts. The cost of the right to provide network programming under such arrangements is recorded in operating expenses in the month the programming is distributed. Programming costs are paid each month based on calculations performed by the Company and are subject to adjustment based on periodic audits performed by the programmers. Net programming costs included in the operating costs line item in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations was \$17.9 million, \$594.2 million and \$617.4 million for the successor period from December 21, 2015 through December 31, 2015, the predecessor period from January 1, 2015 through December 20, 2015, and the predecessor year ended December 31, 2014, respectively.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

December 31, 2015 and 2014

(dollars in thousands, except where otherwise indicated)

3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Advertising Costs

The Company expenses advertising costs as incurred. Advertising expense, included in the selling, general and administrative expense line item in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations, was approximately \$1.9 million, \$62.7 million and \$58.7 million for the successor period from December 21, 2015 through December 31, 2015, the predecessor period from January 1, 2015 through December 20, 2015, and the predecessor year ended December 31, 2014, respectively.

Equity Based Compensation

Prior to the Altice Acquisition, the general partners of the partnerships that held the shares of Cequel Corporation (collectively, the "Carry Interest Partnerships"), each adopted a separate carried interest plan (see Footnote 19). The Company measured the cost of employee services received in exchange for carried interest units based on the fair value of the award at each reporting period. The Company used the Monte Carlo Simulation Method to estimate the fair value of the awards. Because the Monte Carlo Simulation Method required the use of subjective assumptions, changes in these assumptions can materially affect the fair value of the carried interest units granted. The time to liquidity event assumption is based on management's judgment. The equity volatility assumption was estimated using the historical weekly volatility of publicly traded comparable companies. The risk-free rate assumed in valuing the units was based on the U.S. Constant Maturity Treasury Rates for a period matching the expected time to liquidity event. The Company's total equity value was estimated by a third party using a range of indicated business enterprise values. The plan was terminated on December 21, 2015, concurrent with the Altice Acquisition.

Income Taxes

The Company provides for estimated income taxes for amounts payable or refundable on current year income tax returns, as well as the estimated future tax effects attributable to temporary differences and carryforwards using existing guidance from the FASB. This guidance also requires that a valuation allowance be recorded against deferred tax assets when it is more likely than not that all or some portion of the deferred income tax asset will not be realized in the future. Significant management judgment is required in determining the provision for income taxes, deferred tax assets and liabilities and any valuation allowances recorded (See Footnote 16).

On September 15, 2014, the Company filed its U.S. Corporation Income Tax Return for the calendar year 2013 reflecting an adjustment to a previously filed position which effectively eliminated the Company's uncertain tax position. The elimination of the uncertain tax position resulted in a corresponding adjustment to the Company's net deferred tax liabilities and deferred tax assets which resulted in a net benefit to income taxes of \$13.0 million for the period.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For financial reporting purposes, the Company considers all highly liquid investments with original maturities at purchase of three months or less to be cash equivalents. These investments are carried at cost, which approximates market value.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

December 31, 2015 and 2014

(dollars in thousands, except where otherwise indicated)

3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment are recorded at cost, including all material, labor and certain indirect costs associated with the construction of cable transmission and distribution facilities (or fair value at date of Acquisition). While the Company's capitalization is based on specific activities, once capitalized, costs are tracked by fixed asset category at the cable system level and not on a specific asset basis. For assets that are sold or retired, the estimated historical cost and related accumulated depreciation is removed. Costs associated with initial customer installations and the additions of network equipment necessary to enable advanced services are capitalized. Costs capitalized as part of initial customer installations include materials, labor and certain indirect costs. Indirect costs are associated with the activities of the Company's personnel who assist in connecting and activating the new service. Indirect costs include employee benefits and payroll taxes, direct variable costs associated with capitalizable activities, consisting of installation and construction vehicle costs, the cost of dispatch personnel and indirect costs directly attributable to capitalizable activities. Leasehold improvements are amortized over the shorter of their estimated life or the term of the related leases. Costs for repairs and maintenance are charged to operating expense as incurred, while plant and equipment replacements, including replacement of cable drops, are capitalized.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

Buildings and improvements	3 - 20 years
Customer equipment and installations	4 - 7 years
Capitalized leases	3 - 15 years
Vehicles	3 - 5 years
Broadband distribution systems	4 - 25 years
Office furniture, tools and equipment	2 - 7 years

Capitalized Internal Costs

Costs capitalized as part of new customer installations include materials, subcontractor costs and internal direct labor costs, including service technicians and internal overhead costs incurred to connect the customer to the plant from the time of installation scheduling through the time service is activated and functioning. The internal direct labor cost capitalized is based on a combination of the actual and estimated time to complete the installation. Overhead capitalized consists mainly of employee benefits, such as payroll taxes and health insurance, directly associated with that portion of the capitalized labor and vehicle operating costs related to capitalizable activities. Capitalized internal payroll costs were approximately \$1.2 million, \$49.2 million and \$46.2 million for the successor period from December 21, 2015 through December 31, 2015, the predecessor period from January 1, 2015 through December 20, 2015, and the predecessor years ended December 31, 2014, respectively. Related capitalized overhead were approximately \$0.7 million, \$28.7 million and \$29.0 million for the successor period from December 21, 2015 through December 31, 2014, respectively.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

December 31, 2015 and 2014

(dollars in thousands, except where otherwise indicated)

3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Deferred Financing Costs

Deferred financing costs are being amortized to interest expense using the effective interest method over the terms of the related debt.

Franchises

Franchise rights are periodically reviewed to determine if each franchise has a finite life or an indefinite life in accordance with goodwill and other intangible asset financial accounting standards. Accordingly, the Company believes its franchises qualify for indefinite life treatment and are not amortized against earnings but instead are tested for impairment annually or more frequently as warranted by events or changes in circumstances (see Footnote 13). Costs incurred in negotiating and renewing broadband franchises are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the renewal period.

Accounting for Long-Lived and Intangible Assets

Long-lived Assets

Long-lived assets (e.g., property, plant and equipment) do not require that an annual impairment test be performed; instead, long-lived assets are tested for impairment upon the occurrence of a triggering event. Triggering events include the more likely than not disposal of a portion of such assets or the occurrence of an adverse change in the market involving the business employing the related assets. Once a triggering event has occurred, the impairment test is based on whether the intent is to hold the asset for continued use or to hold the asset for sale. If the intent is to hold the asset for continued use, the impairment test first requires a comparison of estimated undiscounted future cash flows generated by the asset group against the carrying value of the asset group exceeds the estimated undiscounted future cash flows, the asset would be deemed to be impairment charge would then be measured as the difference between the estimated fair value of the asset and its carrying value. Fair value is generally determined by discounting the future cash flows associated with that asset. If the intent is to hold the asset for sale and certain other criteria are met (e.g., the asset can be disposed of currently, appropriate levels of authority have approved the sale, and there is an active program to locate a buyer), the impairment test involves comparing the asset's carrying value to its estimated fair value. To the extent the carrying value is greater than the asset's estimated fair value, an impairment charge is recognized for the difference. Significant judgments in this area involve determining whether a triggering event has occurred, determining the future cash flows for the assets involved and selecting the appropriate discount rate to be applied in determining estimated fair value. For the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, no triggering events have occurred and no impairment tests were performed.

Goodwill and Indefinite-lived Intangible Assets

Goodwill is tested annually for impairment during the fourth quarter or earlier upon occurrence of a triggering event. Accounting guidance related to goodwill impairment testing provides an option to first assess qualitative factors to determine whether it is more likely than not that the fair value of a

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

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(dollars in thousands, except where otherwise indicated)

3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

reporting unit is less than its carrying amount. If the Company performs a qualitative assessment, various events and circumstances are considered when evaluating whether it is more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying amount and whether the first step of the goodwill impairment test is necessary. If, after this qualitative assessment, the Company determines that it is not more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying amount, then no further quantitative testing would be necessary.

If determined necessary as a result of the qualitative assessment described above, or if we do not perform the qualitative assessment as allowed under authoritative guidance from the FASB, goodwill impairment is determined using a two-step process. The first step involves a comparison of the estimated fair value of the Company to its carrying amount, including goodwill. In performing the first step, the Company determines the fair value using a discounted cash flow ("DCF") analysis corroborated by a market-based approach. Determining fair value requires the exercise of significant judgment, including judgment about appropriate discount rates, perpetual growth rates, the amount and timing of expected future cash flows, as well as relevant comparable company earnings multiples for the market-based approach. The cash flows employed in the DCF analyses are based on the Company's most recent budget and, for years beyond the budget, the Company's estimates, which are based on assumed growth rates. The discount rates used in the DCF analyses are intended to reflect the risks inherent in the future cash flows of the Company. If the estimated fair value of the Company exceeds its carrying amount, goodwill of the reporting unit is not impaired and the second step of the impairment test is not necessary. If the carrying amount of the Company exceeds its estimated fair value, then the second step of the goodwill impairment test compares the implied fair value of the goodwill carrying amount to measure the amount of impairment, if any. The implied fair value of goodwill is determined in the same manner as the amount of goodwill recognized in a business combination. In other words, the estimated fair value of the Company is allocated to all of the assets and liabilities of the Company (including any unrecognized intangible assets) as if the Company had been acquired in a business combination and the fair value of the Company was the purchase price paid. If the carrying amount of the Company's goodwill exceeds the implied fai

Other intangible assets not subject to amortization, primarily cable franchise rights, are tested annually for impairment during the fourth quarter or earlier upon the occurrence of a triggering event. The impairment test for other intangible assets not subject to amortization involves a comparison of the estimated fair value of the intangible asset with its carrying value. If the carrying value of the asset group exceeds the estimated undiscounted cash flows, the asset would be deemed to be impaired. The impairment charge would then be measured as the difference between the estimated fair value of the asset and its carrying value. The estimates of fair value of intangible assets not subject to amortization are determined using Greenfield Discounted Cash Flow Method ("Greenfield Method"), which entails identifying the projected discrete cash flows related to such cable franchise rights and discounting them back to the valuation date. Significant judgments inherent in this analysis include the selection of appropriate discount rates, estimating the amount and timing of estimated future cash flows attributable to cable franchise rights and identification of appropriate terminal growth rate assumptions.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

December 31, 2015 and 2014

(dollars in thousands, except where otherwise indicated)

3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The discount rates used in the Greenfield Method are intended to reflect the risk inherent in the projected future cash flows generated by the respective intangible assets.

For the Company's impairment analyses completed in the fourth quarters of 2015 and 2014 the Company did not perform a qualitative assessment for any of its six reporting units and instead began with the first step of the goodwill impairment analysis. The Company's impairment analyses for 2015 and 2014 indicated no impairment of its goodwill and other intangible assets not subject to amortization.

Asset Retirement Obligations

Accounting for asset retirement obligations requires that a liability be recognized for an asset retirement obligation in the period in which it is incurred if a reasonable estimate of fair value can be made. If a lease or franchise agreement is not renewed, certain of the Company's franchise agreements and leases contain provisions requiring the Company to remove equipment or restore facilities. The Company expects to continually renew its franchise agreements and has concluded that the related franchise right is an indefinite lived intangible asset. The Company could be required to incur substantial restoration or removal costs related to these franchise agreements in the unlikely event a franchise agreement containing such a provision were no longer expected to be renewed. The Company would record an estimated liability at the time that it became probable that a franchise agreement would not be renewed. The obligations related to the removal provisions contained in the Company's lease agreements or any disposal obligations related to the Company's operating assets are not material to the Company's consolidated financial condition or results of operation or are not estimable.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The carrying amounts of certain of the Company's financial instruments, including cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable and other accrued liabilities, approximate fair value because of their short maturities (see Footnote 11).

Derivative Financial Instruments

Accounting for derivative financial instruments requires that all derivative instruments be recognized on the balance sheet at fair value. The Company's policy is to manage interest costs using a mix of fixed and variable rate debt. The Company does not hold or issue derivative instruments for trading or speculative purposes.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In May 2014, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers ("ASU 2014-09"), which supersedes the revenue recognition requirements in ASC 605, Revenue Recognition. The new guidance stipulates that an entity should recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. ASU 2014-09 is effective for annual reporting periods (including interim reporting periods within those

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

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(dollars in thousands, except where otherwise indicated)

3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

periods) beginning after December 15, 2016. Early application is not permitted, and the standard permits the use of either the retrospective or cumulative effect transition method. The Company is evaluating the effect that ASU 2014-09 will have on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures. In August 2015, the FASB issued Accounting Standards update No. 2015-14, Deferral of Effective Date, which deferred the effective date of ASU 2014-09 by one year to December 15, 2017 for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after that date. The FASB permitted early adoption of the standard, but not before the original effective date of December 15, 2016. The Company has not yet selected a transition method nor has it determined the effect of these standards on its ongoing operations or financial reporting.

In August 2014, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2014-15, Disclosures of Uncertainties about an Entity's Ability to Continue as a Going Concern ("ASU 2014-15"), which requires management to evaluate whether there are conditions or events that raise substantial doubt about the entity's ability to continue as a going concern, and to provide certain disclosures when it is probable that the entity will be unable to meet its obligations as they become due within one year after the date that the financial statements are issued. ASU 2014-15 is effective for the annual period ended December 31, 2016 and for annual periods and interim periods thereafter, with early adoption permitted. The adoption of ASU 2014-15 is not expected to materially impact the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In April 2015, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2015-03, Simplifying the Presentation of Debt Issuance Costs ("ASU 2015-03"). The new guidance stipulates that an entity should present debt issuance costs in the balance sheet as a direct deduction from the related debt liability rather than as an asset, and amortization of the costs should be reported as interest expense. ASU 2015-03 is effective for annual reporting periods (including interim reporting periods within those periods) beginning after December 15, 2015. Early application is permitted, and entities would apply the new guidance retrospectively to all prior periods. In August 2015, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2015-15, Presentation and Subsequent Measurement of Debt Issuance Costs Associated with line-of-Credit Arrangements ("ASU 2015-15"), which provides additional guidance to ASU 2015-03 to address the presentation or subsequent measurement of debt issuance costs related to line-of-credit arrangements. ASU 2015-15 noted that the SEC staff would not object to an entity deferring and presenting debt issuance costs as an asset and subsequently amortizing the deferred debt issuance costs ratably over the term of the line-of-credit arrangement, regardless of whether there are any outstanding borrowings on the arrangement. The adoption of ASU 2015-03 and ASU 2015-15 is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In September 2015, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2015-16, Simplifying the Accounting for Measurement-Period Adjustments ("ASU 2015-16"), which requires that an acquirer recognize adjustments to provisional amounts that are identified during the measurement period in the reporting period in which the adjustment amounts are determined. Prior to the issuance of the standard, entities were required to retrospectively apply adjustments made to provisional amount recognized in a business combination. ASU 2015-16 is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

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(dollars in thousands, except where otherwise indicated)

3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

within those years, beginning after December 15, 2015, and early adoption is permitted. The adoption of ASU 2015-16 is not expected to materially impact the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In November 2015, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2015-17, Balance Sheet Classification of Deferred Taxes ("ASU 2015-17"), which requires that all deferred tax assets and liabilities, along with any related valuation allowance, be classified as noncurrent on the balance sheet. ASU 2015-17 is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2016, and early adoption is permitted. The adoption of ASU 2015-17 is not expected to materially impact the Company's consolidated financial statements.

4. Altice Acquisition

On December 21, 2015, Altice N.V., a public company with limited liability (naamloze vennootshcap) under Dutch law ("Altice"), as successor in interest to Altice S.A., certain other direct or indirect wholly-owned subsidiaries of Altice (the "Purchasers"), acquired approximately 70% of the total outstanding equity interests in Cequel Corporation (the "Altice Acquisition") from the direct and indirect stockholders of Cequel Corporation (the "Sellers"). Prior to the date hereof, Cequel Corporation was directly or indirectly owned by investment funds advised by BC Partners Limited ("BCP"), CPPIB-Suddenlink LP, a wholly owned subsidiary of Canada Pension Plan Investment Board ("CPPIB" and together with BCP, the "Sponsors"), and IW4MK Carry Partnership LP (the "Management Holder" and together with the Sponsors, the "Stockholders"). The consideration for the acquired equity interests was based on a total equity valuation for 100% of the capital and voting rights of Cequel Corporation of \$4,132.0 million, which includes \$2,956.4 million of cash consideration, \$675.6 million of retained equity held by the Sponsors and \$500 million funded by the issuance by an affiliate of Altice of a senior vendor note that is subscribed by the Sponsors. Following the closing of the Altice Acquisition, the Sponsors retained equity interests in Cequel Corporation representing, in the aggregate, 30% of Cequel Corporation's outstanding capital stock on a post-closing basis. In addition, the carry interest plans of the Stockholders were cashed out based on an agreement between the Sponsors and the Management Holder whereby payments were made to participants in such carry interest plans, including certain officers and directors of Cequel Corporation.

In connection with the Altice Acquisition, on June 12, 2015, affiliates of Altice issued (i) \$320 million principal amount of senior holdco notes due 2025 (the "Holdco Notes"), (ii) \$300 million principal amount of senior secured notes due 2023 (the "Senior Secured Notes"), the proceeds from which were placed in escrow, to finance a portion of the purchase price for the Altice Acquisition. The Holdco Notes were issued by Altice US Finance S.A. (the "Holdco Notes Issuer"), an indirect subsidiary of Altice, bear interest at a rate of 7.75% per annum and were issued at a price of 98.275%. The 2025 Senior Notes were issued by Altice US Finance II Corporation (the "Senior Notes Issuer"), an indirect subsidiary of Altice, bear interest at a rate of 7.75% per annum and were issued at a price of 100.00%. The Senior Secured Notes were issued by Altice US Finance I Corporation (the "Senior Secured Notes Issuer"), an indirect subsidiary of Altice, bear interest at a rate of 5.375% per annum and were issued at a price of 100.00%. Interest on the Holdco Notes, the 2025 Senior Notes and the Senior Secured Notes is payable semi-annually on January 15 and July 15. The Holdco Notes

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

December 31, 2015 and 2014

(dollars in thousands, except where otherwise indicated)

4. Altice Acquisition (Continued)

will automatically exchange into an equal aggregate principal amount of 2025 Senior Notes once the 2025 Senior Notes Issuer builds sufficient restricted payment capacity and the ability to incur additional indebtedness in excess of the aggregate amount of the Holdco Notes. Following the consummation of the Altice Acquisition and related transactions, (i) the indirect parent of the Holdco Notes Issuer owned 70% of Cequel Corporation, (ii) the 2025 Senior Notes Issuer merged into Cequel, the Senior Notes became the obligations of Cequel and Cequel Capital Corporation became the co-issuer of the 2025 Senior Notes, and (iii) the equity interests in the Senior Secured Notes Issuer were contributed through one or more intermediary steps to Suddenlink, and the Senior Secured Notes were guaranteed by Cequel Communications Holdings II LLC, Suddenlink and certain of the subsidiaries of Suddenlink and are secured by certain assets of Cequel Communications Holdings II LLC, Suddenlink and its subsidiaries.

In connection with the Altice Acquisition, we received consent from holders of the 2020 Notes to, among other things, waive any obligation that the Issuers may have under the 2020 Indenture to repurchase the 2020 Notes as a result of the consummation of the Altice Acquisition and make certain related changes to the 2020 Indenture (the "Indenture Amendments"), and the Issuers entered into a first supplemental indenture to the 2020 Indenture with U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee (the "First Supplemental Indenture"), containing the Indenture Amendments. In exchange for this consent, we paid holders who consented to these amendments an aggregate fee of approximately \$26.3 million at the closing of the Altice Acquisition, at which time the Indenture Amendments become effective.

In connection with the Altice Acquisition, we received consent from lenders under the credit and guaranty agreement, dated February 14, 2012, entered into by Cequel Communications, LLC, Cequel Communications Holdings II, LLC, certain subsidiaries of Cequel Communications, LLC and a syndicate of lenders, as amended, which provides for up to \$2.7 billion of loans in the aggregate, consisting of a \$2.2 billion term loan facility and a \$500.0 million revolving credit facility (collectively, the "Existing Credit Facility"), to amend the definition of change of control and certain other related definitions therein so that the consummation of the Altice Acquisition did not constitute a change of control and corresponding event of default thereunder (the "Existing Credit Facility Amendments"), and we entered into a Second Amendment and Consent to the Existing Credit Facility (the "Second Amendment and Consent") with the lenders thereunder, containing, among other things, the Existing Credit Facility Amendments. In exchange for this consent, we paid lenders who consented to these amendments an aggregate fee of approximately \$6.8 million.

In addition, lenders holding (a) \$290.0 million of loans and commitments under the existing revolving credit facility under the Existing Credit Facility and (b) approximately \$815.4 million of loans under the existing term loan facility under the Existing Credit Facility consented to roll over, on a cashless basis, such lenders' loans and commitments under the Existing Credit Facility into loans and commitments of the same amount under a new credit facility (the "New Credit Facility") made available to Altice US Finance I Corporation effective upon the consummation of the Altice Acquisition (the "Roll Consents"). The New Credit Facility will mature on December 21, 2022, or sooner if certain amounts of the 2020 Notes, the 2021 Notes or the Senior Secured Notes remain outstanding at certain future dates. Upon the closing of the Altice Acquisition, the \$290.0 million of loans and commitments under the existing revolving credit facility under the Existing Credit Facility

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

December 31, 2015 and 2014

(dollars in thousands, except where otherwise indicated)

4. Altice Acquisition (Continued)

that lenders elected to rollover into the New Credit Facility, plus \$60.0 million of new revolving commitments from other lenders, formed a new \$350 million revolving credit facility under the New Credit Facility, and all remaining commitments under the then existing \$500 million revolving credit facility under the Existing Credit Facility were terminated.

We applied business combination accounting for the Altice Acquisition. This resulted in the Company having a new accounting basis in the identifiable assets and liabilities and no retained earnings or accumulated losses. Accordingly, the consolidated financial statements on or after December 21, 2015 are not comparable to the consolidated financial statements prior to that date. The financial statements for the periods ended prior to December 20, 2015 do not include the effect of any changes in our corporate structure or changes in the fair value of assets and liabilities as a result of business combination accounting.

Business combination accounting provides, among other things, for a determination of the value to be assigned to the equity of the company as of a date selected for financial reporting purposes. The value of the Company was set forth at approximately \$9.1 billion. The value was based upon the purchase price that the Purchasers paid to acquire the Company on December 21, 2015, and including liabilities assumed. Further, DCF analysis was completed for purchase price allocation purposes. A more detailed explanation of the DCF analysis is discussed below.

The basis for the DCF analysis was the Company's projections. These seven-year projections were based on management's assumptions including among others, penetration rates for basic and digital video, high speed Internet, and telephone; revenue growth rates; operating margins; and capital expenditures. The assumptions are derived based on the Company's and its peers' historical operating performance adjusted for current and expected competitive and economic factors surrounding the cable industry. The DCF analysis was completed using a discount rate of approximately 9.0% based on the Company's cost of equity and after-tax cost of debt and a perpetuity growth rate of 2.5%. The value is highly dependent on the achievement of the future financial results contemplated in the projections. The estimates and assumptions made in the valuation are inherently subject to significant uncertainties, many of which are beyond our control, and there is no assurance that these results can be achieved. The primary assumptions for which there is a reasonable possibility of the occurrence of a variation that would have significantly affected the value include the assumptions regarding revenue growth, programming expense growth rates, the amount and timing of capital expenditures and the discount

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

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(dollars in thousands, except where otherwise indicated)

4. Altice Acquisition (Continued)

rate utilized. The following table summarizes the estimates of the fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed in the Altice Acquisition (dollars in millions):

	Amount Recognized as of December 21, 2015
Current Assets	\$ 156.2
Accounts Receivable	179.4
Property, plant and equipment	2,208.3
Goodwill (\$538.9 million tax deductible)	2,040.4
Intangible assets	6,089.8
Other non-current assets	62.1
Current liabilities	(571.4)
Long-term debt	(6,056.7)
Deferred income taxes	(1,944.8)
Other non-current liabilities	(4.0)
Total	\$ 2,159.3

The significant assumptions related to the valuations of our assets and liabilities in connection with business combination accounting include the following:

Property, plant and equipment was given a preliminary fair value of \$2.2 billion as of December 21, 2015. In establishing fair value for the vast majority of the Company's property, plant and equipment, the cost approach was utilized. The cost approach considers the amount required to replace an asset by constructing or purchasing a new asset with similar utility, then adjusts the value in consideration of physical depreciation, and functional and economic obsolescence as of the appraisal date. The cost approach relies on management's assumptions regarding current material and labor costs required to rebuild and repurchase significant components of our property, plant and equipment along with assumptions regarding the age and estimated useful lives of our property, plant and equipment.

The Company identified the following intangible assets to be valued: franchise and patent rights, trade names and subscriber relationships. Franchise rights were valued using the greenfield method and were given a preliminary value of \$4,984.6 million as of December 21, 2015. Trade names were valued using a deviation of the income approach, known as the royalty savings method, and were given a preliminary value of \$37.9 million as of December 21, 2015. Subscriber relationships were valued using a deviation of the excess earnings method and were given a preliminary value of \$1,067.4 million as of December 21, 2015. (See Footnote 13)

Long-term debt was valued at fair value as of December 21, 2015 using quoted market prices (Level 2).

The carrying value of most other assets and liabilities approximated fair value as of December 21, 2015. The contractual value of accounts receivable as of December 21, 2015 is approximately \$191.2 million, compared to a preliminary fair value of \$179.4 million.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

December 31, 2015 and 2014

(dollars in thousands, except where otherwise indicated)

4. Altice Acquisition (Continued)

As a result of applying business combination accounting, the Company recorded preliminary goodwill of \$2.0 billion, which represented the excess of organization value over amounts assigned to the other identifiable tangible and intangible assets, arising from expectations of future operational performance and cash generation.

5. Acquisitions of Broadband Systems

On January 2, 2014, the Company consummated its acquisition of three cable systems from Northland Communications ("Northland"), for a purchase price of \$40.6 million (the "Northland Acquisition"). The Northland Acquisition was funded by cash on hand. The Company incurred no acquisition related costs for the successor period from December 21, 2015 through December 31, 2015 and the predecessor period from January 1, 2015 through December 20, 2015, and incurred acquisition related costs of approximately \$0.2 million for the predecessor year ended December 31, 2014, which are included in selling, general and administrative expense in the consolidated statements of operations.

The Company accounted for the Northland Acquisition in accordance with ASC Topic 805, and the operating results of Northland have been consolidated from the date of acquisition. The total estimated purchase price was allocated to the identifiable tangible and intangible assets acquired based on their fair values using Level 3 inputs (see Footnote 11). The excess of the estimated purchase price over those fair values was recorded as goodwill, which represents the value of expected synergies and other intangible assets that do not qualify for separate recognition. The fair value assigned to the identifiable tangible and intangible assets acquired are based upon a third party valuation using the assumptions developed by management and other information compiled by management.

The table below presents the final allocation of the purchase price to the assets acquired (in millions):

Total purchase price	<u>\$</u>	40.6
	Estimated Useful Life	
Property, plant and equipment	1 - 15 years \$	11.3
Subscriber relationships	7 years	5.7
Franchise rights	Indefinite-lived	16.7
Goodwill (tax deductible)	Indefinite-lived	6.8
Current assets		0.1
Total allocated purchase price	<u>\$</u>	40.6

On October 1, 2014, the Company consummated its acquisition of two cable systems in Nevada from NewWave Communications ("New Wave") for \$6.1 million using cash on hand.

The Company's consolidated statement of operations for the year ended December 31, 2014 includes \$15.3 million of revenue and \$3.1 million of net income, from the acquisition of Northland. In addition, the Company's consolidated statement of operations for the year ended December 31, 2014 includes \$0.8 million of revenue and less than \$0.1 million of net income from the acquisition of New Wave, which are considered to be immaterial to the Company's consolidated financial statements.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

December 31, 2015 and 2014

(dollars in thousands, except where otherwise indicated)

6. Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

Allowance for doubtful accounts consisted of the following:

	Successor 2015	Pr	edecessor 2015	Pr	edecessor 2014
Balance, beginning of period	\$ —	\$	15,567	\$	13,323
Charged to expense	1,051		29,144		28,283
Uncollected balances written off, net of recoveries	_		(33,106)		(26,039)
Balance, end of period	\$ 1,051	\$	11,605	\$	15,567

7. Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment consisted of the following as of December 31:

		Successor 2015		redecessor 2014
Land	2		\$	24,396
Buildings and improvements	Ψ	112.085	Ψ	99,933
Capitalized leases		2.547		17,605
Vehicles		25,324		58,523
Broadband distribution systems		2,005,783		2,415,462
Office furniture, tools and equipment		43,869		128,409
Total Property, plant and equipment	-	2,234,274	-	2,744,328
Less: accumulated depreciation		(10,162)		(967,156)
Property, plant and equipment, net	\$	2,224,112	\$	1,777,172

Depreciation expense was \$10.2 million, \$465.2 million, and \$480.3 million for the successor period from December 21, 2015 through December 31, 2015, the predecessor period from January 1, 2015 through December 20, 2015, and the predecessor year ended December 31, 2014, respectively.

During the successor period from December 21, 2015 through December 31, 2015, we acquired \$26.0 million of property, plant and equipment. As reflected in our consolidated statement of cash flows, \$30.6 million represents capital expenditures for which cash was paid during the year ended December 31, 2015. This amount includes \$4.6 million of cash outflows related to the decrease in accounts payable and accrued expenses related to capital expenditures from \$16.9 million as of December 20, 2015 to \$12.3 million as of December 31, 2015.

During the predecessor period from January 1, 2015 through December 20, 2015, we acquired \$444.0 million of property, plant and equipment. As reflected in our consolidated statement of cash flows, \$447.9 million represents capital expenditures for which cash was paid during the year ended December 31, 2015. This amount includes \$3.9 million of cash outflows related to the decrease in accounts payable and accrued expenses related to capital expenditures from \$20.8 million as of December 31, 2014 to \$16.9 million as of December 20, 2015.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

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(dollars in thousands, except where otherwise indicated)

7. Property, Plant and Equipment (Continued)

During the predecessor year ended December 31, 2014, we acquired \$417.3 million of property, plant and equipment. As reflected in our consolidated statement of cash flows, \$420.6 million represents capital expenditures for which cash was paid during the predecessor year ended December 31, 2014. This amount includes \$3.3 million of cash outflows related to the decrease in accounts payable and accrued expenses related to capital expenditures from \$24.1 million as of December 31, 2013 to \$20.8 million as of December 31, 2014.

For the successor period from December 21, 2015 through December 31, 2015, the predecessor period from January 1, 2015 through December 20, 2015, and the predecessor year ended December 31, 2014, the Company recorded a loss on the disposal of cable assets of less than \$0.1 million, \$1.8 million and \$4.3 million, respectively.

8. Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses

Accounts payable and accrued expenses as of December 31, 2015 and 2014 consist of the following:

	Dec	ember 31,
	Successor 2015	Predecessor 2014
Accounts payable—trade	\$ 17,497	\$ 20,265
Accounts payable and accrued expenses related to capital expenditures	12,329	20,785
Accrued liabilities:		
Programming costs	54,047	52,241
Compensation and benefits	43,498	40,048
Taxes and insurance	23,85	31,737
Telephone and circuit costs	7,27	15,907
Franchise related fees	15,399	15,789
Pole rentals	9,44	6,508
Other	34,448	28,417
Total	\$ 217,78	\$ 231,697

9. Capital Lease and Other Obligations

Capital lease and other obligations consist of capital leases related to assets, facilities and multi-year vendor service agreements. The Company has financing agreements with original obligations totaling \$43.0 million, of which \$12.9 million was outstanding at December 31, 2015, that expire between December 2015 and January 2028.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

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(dollars in thousands, except where otherwise indicated)

9. Capital Lease and Other Obligations (Continued)

The future principal payments of the Company's capital lease obligations as of December 31, 2015 are as follows (dollars in thousands):

Year	Amount
<u>Year</u> 2016	\$ 10,127
2017	865
2018	503
2019	180
2020	266
Thereafter	1,001
Total	\$ 12,942

In 2014, the Company entered into a three year capital lease commitment totaling approximately \$14.1 million, of which \$4.1 million was outstanding at December 31, 2015, and a five year capital lease commitment totaling approximately \$0.8 million, of which \$0.6 million was outstanding at December 31, 2015.

10. Long-Term Debt

Outstanding debt consisted of the following at December 31:

	Successor 2015(a)	Predecessor 2014
Existing credit facility	\$ 1,459,077	\$ 2,327,948
New credit facility	795,138	_
6.375% Senior Notes due 2020	1,447,659	1,527,331
5.125% Senior Notes due 2021(b)	1,094,461	1,236,731
5.375% Senior Secured Notes due 2023	1,089,036	_
7.750% Senior Notes due 2025	273,821	_
Total Debt	6,159,192	5,092,010
Less: Current portion	(105,129)	(24,422)
Long-Term Debt	\$ 6,054,063	\$ 5,067,588

⁽a) On December 21, 2015, we applied business combination accounting to adjust our debt to reflect fair value. Therefore, as of December 31, 2015, the accreted values presented above generally represent the fair value at December 21, 2015, plus or minus the accretions to the balance sheet date of December 31, 2015.

⁽b) Includes the Initial 2021 Notes and the 2021 Mirror Notes.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

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(dollars in thousands, except where otherwise indicated)

10. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Existing Credit Facility

On February 14, 2012, Suddenlink, Cequel Communications Holdings II, LLC ("Holdings II"), Cequel's direct subsidiary and the direct parent of Suddenlink, certain subsidiaries of Suddenlink and a syndicate of lenders entered into a Credit and Guaranty Agreement, (the "Existing Credit Agreement"), which provides for up to \$2.7 billion of loans in the aggregate, consisting of a \$2.2 billion term loan facility funded at closing and a \$500.0 million revolving credit facility (collectively, the "Existing Credit Facility"). The revolving credit facility was scheduled to mature on February 14, 2017. The term loan facility is scheduled to mature on February 14, 2019. The interest rate on the term loans outstanding under the Existing Credit Agreement initially equaled the prime rate plus 1.75% or the LIBOR rate plus 2.75%, with a LIBOR floor of 0.75%, while the interest rate on the revolver loans initially equaled the prime rate plus 1.50% or the LIBOR rate plus 2.50%. The term loan facility requires quarterly repayments in annual amounts equal to 1.00% of the original principal amount, with the remainder due at maturity. The debt under the Existing Credit Agreement is secured by a first priority security interest in the capital stock of Suddenlink and substantially all of the present and future assets of Suddenlink and its restricted subsidiaries, and is guaranteed by Holdings II, as well as all of Suddenlink's existing and future direct and indirect subsidiaries, subject to certain exceptions set forth in the Existing Credit Agreement. The Existing Credit Agreement contains customary representations, warranties and affirmative covenants. In addition, the Existing Credit Agreement contains restrictive covenants that limit, among other things, the ability of Suddenlink and its subsidiaries to incur indebtedness, create liens, engage in mergers, consolidations and other fundamental changes, make investments or loans, engage in transactions with affiliates, pay dividends, and make acquisitions and dispose of assets. The Ex

On April 30, 2014, the Company was required to make an excess cash flow recapture payment of \$72.7 million in accordance with the terms of the Existing Credit Agreement. Lenders holding approximately 16.4% of the outstanding term loans under the Existing Credit Facility waived their right to receive this payment. Accordingly, the Company made an excess cash flow recapture payment of \$60.8 million to the other lenders under the Existing Credit Facility and retained \$11.9 million related to the waived excess cash flow recapture payment.

On December 29, 2014, the Company made a voluntary principal prepayment in the amount of \$55.0 million, using cash on hand.

In connection with the Altice Acquisition, we received consent from lenders under the Existing Credit Facility to amend the definition of change of control and certain other related definitions therein so that the consummation of the Altice Acquisition did not constitute a change of control and corresponding event of default thereunder (the "Existing Credit Facility Amendments"), and we entered into a Second Amendment and Consent to the Existing Credit Facility (the "Second

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

December 31, 2015 and 2014

(dollars in thousands, except where otherwise indicated)

10. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Amendment and Consent") with the lenders thereunder, containing, among other things, the Existing Credit Facility Amendments. In exchange for this consent, we paid lenders who consented to these amendments an aggregate fee of approximately \$6.8 million.

Additionally, as of December 21, 2015, in connection with the formation of the New Credit Facility (as described below) the interest rate on the term loans outstanding under the Existing Credit Agreement was increased to the prime rate plus 1.8125% or the LIBOR rate plus 2.8125%, with a LIBOR floor of 1.00%, and the commitments under the then existing \$500 million revolving credit facility under the Existing Credit Facility were terminated.

On April 29, 2016, the Company will be required to make an excess cash flow recapture payment of \$80.7 million in accordance with the terms of the Existing Credit Agreement.

New Credit Facility

In connection with the Altice Acquisition, lenders holding (a) \$290.0 million of loans and commitments under the existing revolving credit facility under the Existing Credit Facility and (b) approximately \$815.4 million of loans under the existing term loan facility under the Existing Credit Facility consented to roll over, on a cashless basis, such lenders' loans and commitments under the Existing Credit Facility into loans and commitments of the same amount under the New Credit Facility made available to Altice US Finance I Corporation effective upon the consummation of the Altice Acquisition. The New Credit Facility will mature on December 21, 2022, or sooner if certain amounts of the 2020 Notes, the 2021 Notes or the Senior Secured Notes remain outstanding at certain future dates. Upon the closing of the Altice Acquisition, the \$290.0 million of loans and commitments under the existing credit facility under the Existing Credit Facility that lenders elected to rollover into the New Credit Facility, plus \$60.0 million of new revolving commitments from other lenders, formed a new \$350 million revolving credit facility under the Existing Credit Facility were terminated.

The revolving credit facility under the New Credit Facility is scheduled to mature on December 21, 2020. The New Credit Facility will mature on December 21, 2022, or sooner if certain amounts of the 2020 Notes, the 2021 Notes or the Senior Secured Notes remain outstanding at certain future dates. The interest rate on the term loans outstanding under the New Credit Agreement equal the prime rate plus 2.25% or the LIBOR rate plus 3.25%, with a LIBOR floor of 1.00%, while the interest rate on the revolver loans equal the prime rate plus 2.25% or the LIBOR rate plus 3.25%. The term loan facility requires quarterly repayments in annual amounts equal to 1.00% of the original principal amount, commencing on March 31, 2016, with the remainder due at maturity. The debt under the New Credit Agreement is secured by a first priority security interest in the capital stock of Suddenlink and substantially all of the present and future assets of Suddenlink and its restricted subsidiaries, and is guaranteed by Holdings II, as well as all of Suddenlink's existing and future direct and indirect subsidiaries, subject to certain exceptions set forth in the New Credit Agreement. The New Credit Agreement contains customary representations, warranties and affirmative covenants. In addition, the New Credit Agreement contains restrictive covenants that limit, among other things, the ability of

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

December 31, 2015 and 2014

(dollars in thousands, except where otherwise indicated)

10. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Suddenlink and its subsidiaries to incur indebtedness, create liens, engage in mergers, consolidations and other fundamental changes, make investments or loans, engage in transactions with affiliates, pay dividends, and make acquisitions and dispose of assets. The New Credit Agreement also contains a maximum senior secured leverage maintenance covenant. Additionally, the New Credit Agreement contains customary events of default, including failure to make payments, breaches of covenants and representations, cross defaults to other indebtedness, unpaid judgments, changes of control and bankruptcy events. The lenders' commitments to fund amounts under the revolving credit facility are subject to certain customary conditions.

Senior Secured Notes

On June 12, 2015, affiliates of Altice issued \$1.1 billion principal amount of Senior Secured Notes, the proceeds from which were placed in escrow to finance a portion of the purchase price for the Altice Acquisition. The Senior Secured Notes were issued by the Senior Secured Notes Issuer, an indirect subsidiary of Altice, bear interest at a rate of 5.375% per annum and were issued at a price of 100.00%. Interest on the Senior Secured Notes is payable semi-annually on January 15 and July 15. Following the consummation of the Altice Acquisition and related transactions the equity interests in the Senior Secured Notes Issuer were contributed through one or more intermediary steps to Suddenlink, and the Senior Secured Notes were guaranteed by Cequel Communications Holdings II LLC, Suddenlink and certain of the subsidiaries of Suddenlink and are secured by certain assets of Cequel Communications Holdings II LLC, Suddenlink and its subsidiaries.

Senior Notes

On September 9, 2014, the Issuers issued \$500.0 million aggregate principal amount of the 2021 Mirror Notes. The proceeds from the sale, plus cash on hand, were used to make a distribution in the amount of \$600 million to our parent (see Footnote 20) and pay related fees and expenses. The 2021 Mirror Notes mature on December 15, 2021. Interest is payable on the 2021 Mirror Notes semi-annually in cash on June 15 and December 15 of each year. The 2021 Mirror Notes have substantially the same terms as the Initial 2021 Notes.

On June 12, 2015, affiliates of Altice issued \$300 million principal amount of the 2025 Senior Notes, the proceeds from which were placed in escrow, to finance a portion of the purchase price for the Altice Acquisition. The 2025 Senior Notes were issued by the 2025 Senior Notes Issuer, an indirect subsidiary of Altice, bear interest at a rate of 7.75% per annum and were issued at a price of 100.00%. Interest on the 2025 Senior Notes is payable semi-annually on January 15 and July 15. Following the consummation of the Altice Acquisition and related transactions, the 2025 Senior Notes Issuer merged into Cequel, the 2025 Senior Notes became the obligations of Cequel and Cequel Capital Corporation became the co-issuer of the 2025 Senior Notes.

On June 12, 2015, affiliates of Altice issued \$320 million principal amount of the Holdco Notes, the proceeds from which were placed in escrow, to finance a portion of the purchase price for the Altice Acquisition. The Holdco Notes were issued by the Holdco Notes Issuer, an indirect subsidiary of Altice, bear interest at a rate of 7.75% per annum and were issued at a price of 100.00%. Interest on

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

December 31, 2015 and 2014

(dollars in thousands, except where otherwise indicated)

10. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

the Holdco Notes is payable semi-annually on January 15 and July 15 (See Footnote 17). The Holdco Notes will automatically exchange into an equal aggregate principal amount of 2025 Senior Notes once the 2025 Senior Notes Issuer builds sufficient restricted payment capacity and the ability to incur additional indebtedness in excess of the aggregate amount of the Holdco Notes. This automatic exchange is expected to take place during the second quarter of 2016.

The Issuers have no ability to service interest or principal on the Senior Notes, other than through any dividends or distributions received from Suddenlink. Suddenlink is restricted in certain circumstances, from paying dividends or distributions to the Issuers by the terms of the Credit Agreements. However, the Credit Agreements permit Suddenlink to make dividends and distributions subject to satisfaction of certain conditions, including pro forma compliance with a maximum senior secured leverage ratio, and that no event of default has occurred and is continuing, or would be caused by the making of such dividends or other distributions, and based on, among other things, availability under a restricted payment basket. The Senior Notes are unsecured and are not guaranteed by any subsidiaries of the Issuers, including Suddenlink.

The Indentures contain certain covenants, agreements and events of default which are customary with respect to non-investment grade debt securities, including limitations on our ability to incur additional indebtedness, pay dividends on or make other distributions or repurchase our capital stock, make certain investments, enter into certain types of transactions with affiliates, create liens and sell certain assets or merge with or into other companies.

The Company's debt agreements include restrictive covenants such as restrictions on additional indebtedness. The Credit Agreements also require the Company to satisfy a financial maintenance covenant. The Company was in compliance with those covenants as of December 31, 2015.

Loss on Extinguishment of Debt

The Company did not incur any losses on extinguishment of debt for the successor period from December 21, 2015 through December 31, 2015, the predecessor period from January 1, 2015 through December 20, 2015 and the predecessor year ended December 31, 2014.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

December 31, 2015 and 2014

(dollars in thousands, except where otherwise indicated)

10. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Future Principal Payments

The future maturities of long-term debt, excluding premiums and discounts, as of December 31, 2015 are as follows (dollars in thousands):

Year	_	Amount
<u>Year</u> 2016	\$	105,129
2017		24,422
2018		24,422
2019		1,361,804
2020		1,508,657
Thereafter		3,422,160
Total debt	\$	6,446,594

11. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The Company has established a process for determining fair value of its financial assets and liabilities using available market information or other appropriate valuation methodologies. Fair value is based upon quoted market prices, where available. If such valuation methods are not available, fair value is based on internally or externally developed models using market-based or independently-sourced market parameters, where available. Fair value may be subsequently adjusted to ensure that those assets and liabilities are recorded at fair value. The use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value estimate as of the Company's reporting date.

Fair value guidance establishes a three-level hierarchy for disclosure of fair value measurements, based upon the transparency of inputs to the valuation of an asset or liability as of the measurement date, as follows:

- Level 1—inputs to the valuation methodology are quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets.
- Level 2—inputs to the valuation methodology include quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, and inputs that are observable for the asset and liability, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the financial instrument.
- Level 3—inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

Financial Assets and Liabilities

The Company has estimated the fair value of its financial instruments as of December 31, 2015 and 2014 using available market information or other appropriate valuation methodologies. Considerable judgment, however, is required in interpreting market data to develop the estimates of

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

December 31, 2015 and 2014

(dollars in thousands, except where otherwise indicated)

11. Fair Value of Financial Instruments (Continued)

fair value. Accordingly the estimates presented in the accompanying consolidated financial statements are not necessarily indicative of the amounts the Company would realize in a current market exchange.

The carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, receivables, payables and other current assets and liabilities approximate fair value because of the short maturity of those instruments.

The estimated fair value of the Company's debt at December 31, 2015 and 2014 is based on quoted market prices for the debt and is classified within Level 2 of the valuation hierarchy. Unrealized gains or losses on debt do not result in the realization or expenditure of cash and are not recognized for financial reporting purposes.

A summary of the carrying value and fair value of the Company's debt at December 31, 2015 and 2014 is as follows:

	Predec	essor
	Dogombor	
	December	31, 2014
(Carrying Value	Fair Value
1 \$	3,327,948	2,289,866
6	_	_
0	1,527,331	1,560,000
0	1,236,731	1,225,000
0	_	_
0	_	_
7 \$	5,092,010	\$ 5,074,866
5	50 50 00 77	50 —

⁽a) On December 21, 2015, we applied business combination accounting to adjust our debt to reflect fair value. Therefore, as of December 31, 2015, the accreted values presented above generally represent the fair value at December 21, 2015, plus or minus the accretions to the balance sheet date of December 31, 2015.

(b) Includes the Initial 2021 Notes and the 2021 Mirror Notes.

Non-financial Assets and Liabilities

The Company's non-financial assets such as franchises, property, plant and equipment, and other intangible assets are not measured at fair value on a recurring basis; however, they are subject to fair value adjustments in certain circumstances, such as when there is evidence that an impairment may exist. No impairments were recorded for the successor period from December 21, 2015 through December 31, 2015, the predecessor period from January 1, 2015 through December 20, 2015, and the predecessor year ended December 31, 2014.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

December 31, 2015 and 2014

(dollars in thousands, except where otherwise indicated)

12. Commitments and Contingencies

Contractual Obligations

The Company has obligations to make future payments for goods and services under certain contractual arrangements. These contractual obligations secure future rights to various assets and services to be used in the normal course of the Company's operations. For example, the Company is contractually committed to make minimum lease payments for the use of property under operating lease agreements. in accordance with applicable accounting rules, the future rights and obligations pertaining to firm commitments, such as operating lease obligations and certain purchase obligations under contracts, are not reflected as assets or liabilities in the consolidated balance sheet.

The following table summarizes the estimated timing and effect of the Company's payment obligations as of December 31, 2015 on the Company's liquidity and cash flows in future periods (dollars in millions):

	Total	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Thereafter
Contractual Obligations:							
Operating lease obligations(1)	\$ 27.9	\$ 7.9	\$ 6.0	\$ 4.4	\$ 3.6	\$ 2.9	\$ 3.1
Other commitments(2)	26.4	26.0	0.4				
Total contractual obligation	\$ 54.3	\$ 33.9	\$ 6.4	\$ 4.4	\$ 3.6	\$ 2.9	\$ 3.1

⁽¹⁾ The Company leases certain site and office space under non-cancelable operating leases. Rent expense for site leases and office space was approximately \$0.2 million, \$8.1 million and \$7.6 million for the successor period from December 21, 2015 through December 31, 2015, the predecessor period from January 1, 2015 through December 20, 2015, and the predecessor year ended December 31, 2014, respectively.

(2) Represents contractual obligations under programming and content purchase agreements and various other contractual obligations.

The following items are not included as contractual obligations due to various factors discussed below. However, the Company incurs these costs as part of its operations:

- The Company rents utility poles used in its operations. Generally, pole rentals are cancelable on short notice, but the Company anticipates that such rentals will recur. Rent expense for pole rental attachments was approximately \$0.4 million, \$13.9 million and \$12.9 million for the successor period from December 21, 2015 through December 31, 2015, the predecessor period from January 1, 2015 through December 20, 2015, and the predecessor year ended December 31, 2014, respectively.
- The Company pays franchise fees under multi-year franchise agreements based on a percentage of revenues generated from video service per year. Franchise fees and other franchise-related costs included in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations were \$1.4 million, \$46.2 million and \$48.2 million for the successor period from December 21, 2015 through

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

December 31, 2015 and 2014

(dollars in thousands, except where otherwise indicated)

12. Commitments and Contingencies (Continued)

December 31, 2015, the predecessor period from January 1, 2015 through December 20, 2015, and the predecessor year ended December 31, 2014, respectively.

• The Company has cable franchise agreements containing provisions requiring the construction of cable plant and the provision of services to customers within the franchise areas. In connection with these obligations under existing franchise agreements, the Company obtains letters of credit guaranteeing performance to municipalities and public utilities and payment of insurance premiums. Such letters of credit as of December 31, 2015 and 2014 totaled \$21.2 million and \$18.0 million, respectively, which reduced the availability under the \$350.0 million and \$500.0 million revolving credit facility, respectively, to approximately \$328.8 million and \$482.0 million, respectively. Payments under these arrangements are required only in the event of nonperformance. The Company does not expect that these contingent commitments will result in any amounts being paid within at least the next twelve months.

Litigation

The Company is a defendant or a co-defendant in several lawsuits involving alleged infringement of various patents relating to various aspects of its businesses. Other industry participants are also defendants in certain of these cases, and, in many cases, the Company expects that any potential liability would be the responsibility of the Company's equipment vendors pursuant to applicable contractual indemnification provisions.

In the event that a court ultimately determines that the Company infringed on any intellectual property rights, the Company may be subject to substantial damages and/or an injunction that could require the Company or the Company's vendors to modify certain products and services the Company offers to its customers, as well as negotiate royalty or license agreements with respect to the patents at issue. While the Company believes the lawsuits are without merit and intends to defend the actions vigorously, no assurance can be given that any adverse outcome would not be material to the Company's consolidated financial condition, results of operations, or liquidity. The Company cannot predict the outcome of any such claims nor can it reasonably estimate the range of possible loss.

From time to time, the Company is involved in other litigation and regulatory proceedings arising out of the Company's operations. Management believes that the Company is not currently a party to any other legal or regulatory proceedings, the adverse outcome of which, individually or in the aggregate, would materially adversely affect the Company's business, financial position, results of operations, or liquidity.

13. Intangible Assets

The Company does not amortize indefinite lived intangible assets. Accordingly, all franchises that qualify for indefinite life treatment are not amortized against earnings but instead are tested for impairment annually, or more frequently as warranted by events or changes in circumstances. Based on testing of impairment of indefinite lived intangible asset guidance, franchises are aggregated into essentially inseparable asset groups to conduct the valuations. The asset groups generally represent geographic clustering of the Company's broadband systems into groups by which such systems are

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

December 31, 2015 and 2014

(dollars in thousands, except where otherwise indicated)

13. Intangible Assets (Continued)

managed and by which the franchise rights are associated and tracked. Management believes such grouping represents the highest and best use of those assets for purposes of evaluating impairment of its franchises. The impairment test for intangible assets not subject to amortization involves a comparison of the estimated fair value of the intangible asset with its carrying value. The Company determines the fair value of the intangible asset using a DCF analysis, which utilizes significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) within the fair value hierarchy. Determining fair value requires the exercise of significant judgment, including judgment about appropriate discount rates, perpetual growth rates, the amount and timing of expected future cash flows, as well as relevant comparable company earnings multiples for the market-based approach.

The Company performs its impairment assessment of its goodwill at the same inseparable asset group level as franchises discussed above. The asset groups generally represent geographic clustering of the Company's broadband systems into groups by which such systems are managed and by which goodwill is tracked. The impairment test for goodwill involves a comparison of the estimated fair value to its carrying amount, including goodwill. The Company determines its fair value using a DCF analysis corroborated by a market-based approach, which utilize significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) within the fair value hierarchy.

On December 21, 2015, the Company applied business combination accounting and adjusted its franchise, goodwill and other intangible assets including trademarks and customer relationships to reflect fair value. As a result of applying business combination accounting, the Company recorded goodwill, which is tax deductible, of \$2.04 billion, which represents the excess of organization value over amounts assigned to the other assets and liabilities (see Footnote 4).

The Company determined the estimated fair value utilizing an income approach model based on the present value of the estimated discrete future cash flows attributable to each of the intangible assets identified for each unit assuming a discount rate. This approach makes use of unobservable factors such as projected revenues, expenses, capital expenditures, and a discount rate applied to the estimated cash flows. The determination of the discount rate was based on a weighted average cost of capital approach, which uses a market participant's cost of equity and after-tax cost of debt and reflects the risks inherent in the cash flows.

The Company estimated discounted future cash flows using reasonable and appropriate assumptions including among others, penetration rates for basic and digital video, high speed Internet, and telephone, revenue growth rates, operating margins and capital expenditures. The assumptions are derived based on the Company's and its peers' historical operating performance adjusted for current and expected competitive and economic factors surrounding the cable industry. The estimates and assumptions made in the Company's valuations are inherently subject to significant uncertainties, many of which are beyond its control, and there is no assurance that these results can be achieved. The primary assumptions for which there is a reasonable possibility of the occurrence of a variation that would significantly affect the measurement value include the assumptions regarding revenue growth, programming expense growth rates, the amount and timing of capital expenditures and the discount rate utilized.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

December 31, 2015 and 2014

(dollars in thousands, except where otherwise indicated)

13. Intangible Assets (Continued)

Franchises, for valuation purposes, are defined as the future economic benefits of the right to solicit and service potential customers (customer marketing rights), and the right to deploy and market new services, such as interactivity and telephone, to potential customers (service marketing rights). Franchises rights of \$4.98 billion were recorded as a result of the application of business combination accounting. Franchises are expected to generate cash flows indefinitely and as such will continue to be tested for impairment annually.

Subscriber relationships, for valuation purposes, represent the value of the business relationship with existing customers (less the anticipated customer churn), and are calculated by projecting the discrete future after-tax cash flows from these customers, including the right to deploy and market additional services to these customers. The Company recorded \$1.07 billion of customer relationships in connection with the application of business combination accounting. Subscriber relationships will be amortized on an accelerated method over a useful life of four years based on the period over which current customers are expected to generate cash flows.

The Company recorded \$37.9 million in trade names in connection with the application of business combination accounting. The fair value of trade names was determined using the relief from royalty method which applies a fair royalty ratio to estimated revenue. Trade names will be amortized on an accelerated method over a useful life of 2 years based on the period over which the Company expects to continue to use each trade name.

The results of the Company's analysis of indefinite-lived intangible assets as of December 31, 2015 and 2014 indicated no impairment of the carrying value of those assets and no accumulated impairment of goodwill existed.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

December 31, 2015 and 2014

(dollars in thousands, except where otherwise indicated)

13. Intangible Assets (Continued)

Indefinite-lived and finite-lived intangible assets are presented in the following table as of December 31:

	Successor 2015			Predecessor 2014			
	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Net Carrying Amount	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Net Carrying Amount	
Indefinite-lived							
Franchise and Patent rights	\$ 4,981,233	\$ —	\$ 4,981,233	\$ 3,068,487	\$ —	\$ 3,068,487	
Trade Names	_	_	\$ —	188,676	_	\$ 188,676	
Goodwill	2,040,402	_	2,040,402	1,543,103	_	1,543,103	
Total	\$ 7,021,635	\$ —	\$ 7,021,635	\$ 4,800,266	\$ —	\$ 4,800,266	
Finite-lived						-	
Franchise and Patent rights	\$ 3,356	\$ —	\$ 3,356	\$ 60	\$ (4)	\$ 56	
Trade Names	37,856	(746)	37,110	_	_	_	
Subscriber relationships	1,067,353	(12,625)	1,054,728	499,076	(335,003)	164,073	
Total	\$ 1,108,565	\$ (13,371)	\$ 1,095,194	\$ 499,136	\$ (335,007)	\$ 164,129	

Amortization expense for franchise and patent rights represents the amortization related to patents rights and amortization related to franchises that did not qualify for indefinite-life treatment, including costs associated with franchise renewals. Franchise amortization expense for the successor period from December 21, 2015 through December 31, 2015 was less than \$0.1 million. Franchise amortization expense for the predecessor period from January 1, 2015 through December 20, 2015 was \$0.7 million, and franchise amortization expense for the predecessor year ended December 31, 2014, was less than \$0.1 million. Trade names amortization expense was \$0.7 million for the successor period from December 21, 2015 through December 31, 2015, and was zero for the predecessor period from January 1, 2015 through December 20, 2015, and the predecessor year ended December 31, 2014, subscriber relationships amortization expense was \$1.2.6 million, \$65.7 million, \$114.2 million for the successor period from December 21, 2015 through December 31, 2015, the predecessor period from January 1, 2015 through December 20, 2015, and the predecessor year ended December 31, 2014, respectively.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

December 31, 2015 and 2014

(dollars in thousands, except where otherwise indicated)

13. Intangible Assets (Continued)

Below is a summary of the changes in the carrying value of the Company's goodwill for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014:

		Predecessor 2015			Predecessor 2014	
		Accumulated			Accumulated	
	Gross	Impairment	Carrying	Gross	Impairment	Carrying
	Amount	Charge	Value	Amount	Charge	Value
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 1,543,103	\$ —	\$ 1,543,103	\$ 1,535,072	\$ —	\$ 1,535,072
Goodwill recognized(a)	_	_	_	8,031	_	8,031
Balance, end of period	\$ 1,543,103	\$ —	\$ 1,543,103	\$ 1,543,103	\$ —	\$ 1,543,103

(a) Includes Goodwill recognized from the acquisitions

		Successor 2015			
	<u></u>	Accumulated			
	Gross	Impairment	Carrying		
	Amount	Charge	Value		
Balance, beginning of period	\$ 2,040,402	\$ —	\$ 2,040,402		
Balance, end of period	\$ 2,040,402	<u> </u>	\$ 2,040,402		

The Company has upgraded the technological state of many of its broadband systems since the commencement of operations and has experience with local franchise authorities where the franchises exist and believes all franchises will be renewed indefinitely.

The following table sets forth the estimated amortization expense on intangible assets for the fiscal years ending December 31:

Year	Amount
<u>Year</u> 2016	\$ 93,577
2017	65,564
2018	30,420
2019	13,472
2020	273
Thereafter	1,230
Total	\$ 204,536

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

December 31, 2015 and 2014

(dollars in thousands, except where otherwise indicated)

14. Operating Expenses

Operating expenses by key expense components consisted of the following:

	Successor Period from December 21, 2015 through December 31, 2015	Predecessor Period from January 1, 2015 through December 20, 2015	Predecessor Year Ended December 31,
Programming	17,943	594,152	617,410
High-speed Internet	1,559	54,177	52,716
Telephone	823	26,934	54,295
Plant and Operating	6,261	197,045	205,664
Total Operating Expenses	\$ 26,586	\$ 872,308	\$ 930,085

Programming costs consist primarily of costs paid for programmers for basic, digital, premium, VOD and pay-per-view programming. High-speed Internet costs primarily consist of costs for bandwidth connectivity. Telephone costs primarily consist of costs for delivering telephone service to customers, such as subscriber line costs and regulatory fees. Plant and operating costs consist primarily of employee costs related to wages and benefits of technical personnel who maintain our cable network and provide customer support, outside labor costs, vehicle, utilities and pole rental expenses.

15. Selling, General and Administrative Expenses

Selling, general and administrative expenses by key expense components consisted of the following:

Successor	Predecessor	
Period from	Period from	
December 21,	January 1, 2015	Predecessor
2015 through	through	Year Ended
December 31,	December 20,	December 31,
2015	2015	2014
7,982	687,802	393,135
2,873	95,547	91,237
28,311	106,611	62,014
\$ 39,166	\$ 889,960	\$ 546,386
	Period from December 21, 2015 through December 31, 2015 7,982 2,873 28,311	Period from December 21, 2015 through December 31, 2015 through December 31, 2015 T,982 687,802 2,873 95,547 28,311 106,611

General and administrative expenses consist primarily of wages and benefits for our call centers, customer service and support and administrative personnel; bad debt; billing; advertising; facilities costs; non-cash stock compensation expenses and other administrative expenses. Marketing costs represent the costs of marketing to our current and potential commercial and residential customers, including wages and benefits for our marketing departments and other labor costs. Corporate overhead and management fees primarily consist of wages and benefits for our corporate personnel, legal fees, accounting and audit fees and other corporate expenses.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

December 31, 2015 and 2014

(dollars in thousands, except where otherwise indicated)

16. Income and Other Taxes

Components of the Company's current and deferred income tax (benefit)/provision for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 were as follows:

	I D 20	Successor Predecessor Period from Period from January 1, 2015 (15 through becember 31, 2015 2015 2015		riod from pary 1, 2015 through cember 20,	Predecessor Year Ended December 31, 2014	
Current Tax Expense:						
Federal	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
State		155		4,435		5,418
Total Current		155		4,435		5,418
Deferred Tax (Benefit)/Expense:						
Federal		(9,794)		30,116		5,138
State		(624)		(5,250)	(2,461)
Total Deferred		(10,418)		24,866		2,677
Net (Benefit)/Provision for Income Taxes	\$	(10,263)	\$	29,301	\$	8,095

The Company's (benefit)/provision for income taxes differs from the expected tax expense amount computed by applying the statutory federal income tax rate to the income/(loss) before income taxes as a result of the following:

	Successor Period from December 21, 2015 through December 31, 2015	Predecessor Period from January 1, 2015 through December 20, 2015	Predecessor Year Ended December 31, 2014
Tax at U.S. statutory rate	35.0%	35.0%	35.0%
State taxes, net of benefit	1.9	(1.2)	17.1
Uncertain tax position	_	_	(51.2)
Change in valuation allowance	_	0.4	(1.3)
Non-cash stock option expense	_	(57.7)	45.6
Return to provision	_	_	(0.4)
Change in state effective tax rate	_	5.4	_
State income tax credits	_	(0.1)	(15.4)
Other, net	(0.1)	2.4	2.5
Effective tax rate	36.8%	(15.8)%	31.9%

Deferred income taxes reflect the net tax effects of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for income tax

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

December 31, 2015 and 2014

(dollars in thousands, except where otherwise indicated)

16. Income and Other Taxes (Continued)

purposes. Significant components of the Company's deferred tax assets and liabilities are as follows as of December 31:

	Successor 2015	P	redecessor 2014
Deferred tax assets:			
Net operating loss carryforwards	\$ 631,216	\$	615,015
State income tax credits	3,809		3,908
Accrued expenses	20,634		13,901
Other	888		1,058
Total gross deferred tax assets	656,547		633,882
Less: valuation allowance	 (1,283)		(2,042)
Net deferred tax asset	655,264		631,840
Deferred tax liabilities:			
Book over tax basis of depreciable assets	(385,437)		(234,342)
Book over tax basis of amortizable assets	(1,795,262)		(669,907)
Gross deferred tax liabilities	(2,180,699)		(904,249)
Net deferred tax liabilities	\$ (1,525,435)	\$	(272,409)

The Company has approximately \$1,709.0 million and \$1,653.8 million of federal net operating loss carryforwards in 2015 and 2014, respectively, which will expire at various dates through 2035. In addition, the Company has state net operating loss carryforwards, net of US Federal income taxes, of approximately \$33.1 million and \$36.2 million in 2015 and 2014, respectively, which will expire at various dates through 2035. At December 31, 2015 and 2014, the Company has a \$1.3 million and \$2.0 million, respectively, valuation allowance on state net operating loss carryforwards as it is more likely than not that a portion of the deferred tax asset will not be realized in the future. The net operating loss carryforwards are subject to certain limitations arising from changes in ownership rules under the Internal Revenue Code and state taxing authorities. The Company does not expect the limitations to impact the ability to utilize the losses prior to their expiration. The utilization of the net operating losses and the acquired net operating losses will be determined based on the ordering rules required by the applicable taxing jurisdiction.

The Company accounts for uncertain tax positions in accordance with the accounting guidance for such items. This guidance prescribes a recognition threshold that a tax position is required to meet before being recognized in the financial statements and provides guidance on de-recognition, measurement, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosure and transition issues. The Company recognizes income tax benefits for those income tax provisions determined more likely than not to be sustained upon examination, based on the technical merits of the positions. On September 15, 2014, the Company filed its consolidated US Corporate Income Tax Return for the calendar year 2013 reflecting an adjustment to a previously filed position which effectively eliminated the Company's uncertain tax position. The elimination of the uncertain tax

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

December 31, 2015 and 2014

(dollars in thousands, except where otherwise indicated)

16. Income and Other Taxes (Continued)

position resulted in a corresponding adjustment to the Company's net deferred tax liabilities and deferred tax assets which resulted in a net benefit to income taxes of \$13.0 million for the year. The elimination of the uncertain tax position recognized in 2014 reduced the Company's effective tax rate by 51.2%. Changes in the Company's reserve for uncertain income tax positions, excluding the related accrual for interest and penalties are presented below:

	Succes Period Decemb 2015 the Decemb 202	from er 21, rough er 31,	Perio Januar thr Decen	ecessor d from y 1, 2015 ough ober 20,	Yea Dece	decessor or Ended ember 31, 2014
Balance, beginning of period	\$	_	\$	_	\$	33,127
Additions for tax positions related to prior years		_		_		_
Reductions for tax positions related to prior years		_		_		(33,127)
Additions for tax positions related to current year		_		_		_
Reductions for tax positions related to current year		_		_		_
Reductions due to settlements with taxing authorities		_		_		_
Reductions due to expiration of statute of limitations		_		_		_
Balance, end of period	\$		\$		\$	

Tax years ending 2011 through 2014 remain subject to examination and assessment. By statute, the Company's use of certain carryforward attributes that were generated prior to 2010 will allow the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") to subsequently examine those periods. During 2014, the IRS concluded its examination of the income tax return for a subsidiary of the Company, Cequel Holdings, for the tax years ending December 31, 2011 and November 15, 2012, resulting in no adjustments. In 2015, the Company reached a settlement with the IRS on the audit of the income tax return for the successor tax period ending December 31, 2012, resulting in no material adjustments to the Company's financial statements.

We adjust our tax reserve estimates periodically because of ongoing examinations by, and settlements with, the various taxing authorities, as well as changes in tax laws, regulations and precedent. We recognize interest and penalties related to uncertain tax positions in income tax expense. As of December 31, 2015, we have no accrued interest or penalties related to uncertain tax positions.

As of December 31, 2015, the Company does not currently have any uncertain tax positions, nor does it believe that any events or rulings will cause one, within the next twelve months. However, various events could cause the Company's current expectations to change in the future.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

December 31, 2015 and 2014

(dollars in thousands, except where otherwise indicated)

17. Related Party Transactions

Prior to the consummation of the Altice Acquisition, pursuant to the Amended and Restated Cequel Communications Management Agreement, dated as of February 14, 2012, as amended (the "Management Agreement"), Cequel III, LLC ("Cequel III") provided certain executive, administrative and managerial services to the broadband systems owned by Cequel Holdings and its subsidiaries. Compensation under the terms of the agreement was an annual base fee of \$5.3 million, set in 2006, paid quarterly in arrears. The base fee increased 5% annually on each anniversary date of the Management Agreement. The Cequel Holdings Board of Directors approved an additional incentive fee of \$3.2 million and \$1.4 million to Cequel III, LLC for the predecessor period from January 1, 2015 through December 20, 2015, and the predecessor year ended December 31, 2014, respectively. The Management Agreement was terminated upon consummation of the Altice Acquisition, so no incentive fees were approved during the successor period from December 21, 2015 through December 31, 2015.

Total compensation paid to Cequel III, LLC under the Management Agreement, which is included in the selling, general and administrative line in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations, was \$11.0 million and \$9.1 million for the predecessor period from January 1, 2015 through December 20, 2015, and the predecessor year ended December 31, 2014, respectively. The Management Agreement was terminated upon consummation of the Altice Acquisition, so no fees were paid to Cequel III during the successor period from December 21, 2015 through December 31, 2015. At December 31, 2014, the Company had approximately \$4.8 million recorded as a payable to Cequel III, LLC, primarily related to management and incentive fees. No payables to Cequel III, LLC were recorded at December 31, 2015.

Pursuant to the Stockholders Agreement of CVC 2 B.V., a subsidiary of Altice and indirect owner of Cequel Corporation, dated as of December 21, 2015, Altice provides certain executive services, including CEO, CFO and COO services, to the Company. Compensation under the terms of the agreement is an annual fee of \$10.0 million. At December 31, 2015, the Company had approximately \$0.3 million recorded as a payable to Altice, related to services provided for the successor period from December 21, 2015 through December 31, 2015.

On December 21, the Holdco Notes Issuer loaned the proceeds of the Holdco Notes to the Company to consummate the Altice Acquisition. The intercompany loan was recorded as Due to Parent at the fair value of the related debt at the time of the transaction. Once the Senior Notes Issuer builds sufficient restricted payment capacity and the ability to incur additional indebtedness in excess of the aggregate amount of the Holdco Notes, the Holdco Notes will automatically exchange into an equal aggregate principal amount of 2025 Senior Notes and the intercompany loan will be eliminated.

18. Employee Benefit Plan

The Company's employees may participate in a 401(k) plan. Employees that qualify for participation can contribute up to 15% of their salary, on a pre-tax basis, subject to a maximum contribution limit as determined by the Internal Revenue Service. The Company matches 50% of the first 6% of participant contributions. The Company contributed approximately \$0.2 million, \$6.6 million and \$5.9 million, to the 401(k) plan for successor period from December 21, 2015 through December 31, 2015, the predecessor period from January 1, 2015 through December 20, 2015, and the predecessor year ended December 31, 2014, respectively.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

December 31, 2015 and 2014

(dollars in thousands, except where otherwise indicated)

19. Equity Based Compensation

Carried Interest Plan

Prior to the Altice Acquisition, the general partners of the partnerships that held the shares of Cequel Corporation (collectively, the "Carry Interest Partnerships"), each adopted separate carried interest plans (collectively, the "Carried Interest Plan"), pursuant to which participants were awarded profit interest units in those partnerships. The purpose of the Carried Interest Plan was to provide participation in Cequel Corporation's long-term success and growth as an incentive to our executives, key employees, directors and other individuals who were responsible for and contributed to our management, growth and profitability, and to attract, retain and reward such participants.

Pursuant to the Carried Interest Plan, each Carry Interest Partnership was permitted to issue no more than 1,000,000 carry units. The Carry Interest Partnerships issued an aggregate of approximately 996,500 carry units. The awarded carry units that were forfeited or canceled in accordance with the Carried Interest Plan were available, under certain terms and conditions, for reissue in subsequent awards. In certain instances following cessation of their services on behalf of us, the participants had put rights or the Carry Interest Partnerships had call rights, with respect to such participants' carry units.

The carry units were to vest in quarterly installments over four years. Certain adjustments to the vesting schedules and/or certain distributions could occur in respect of certain specified events in connection with the Carried Interest Plan, which included: (i) a sale or series of sales by one of the Sponsors to the other resulting in the transferring Sponsor owning less than 35% of its original total Sponsor ownership interest following such transaction, (ii) a sale or series of sales by the Sponsors to third parties resulting in the Sponsors together owning less than 35% of their aggregate original Sponsor ownership interests, (iii) a sale or series of sales by either BC Partners or CPPIB to third parties resulting in such Sponsor owning less than 35% of its original total Sponsor ownership interest, or (iv) a sale of substantially all of the assets of Cequel Corporation or a sale of substantially all of its shares.

The Carried Interest Plan entitled participants to receive certain percentages of net cash proceeds received by the Carry Interest Partnerships in connection with sales by the Carry Interest Partnerships of common stock of Cequel Corporation, distributions from Cequel Corporation or amounts received upon liquidation or dissolution of Cequel Corporation. The amounts were paid to participants once threshold amounts had been received by the Carry Interest Partnerships and paid to the Sponsors and Management Investors in Cequel Corporation, and the percentage of cash proceeds to which the participants are entitled increased as the return to the Sponsors and such Management Investors increased.

The Company measured the cost of employee services received in exchange for carry units based on the fair value of the award at each reporting period. The Company used the Monte Carlo Simulation Method to estimate the fair value of the awards. Because the Monte Carlo Simulation Method required the use of subjective assumptions, changes in these assumptions could have materially affected the fair value of the carried interest units granted. The time to liquidity event assumption was based on management's judgment. The equity volatility assumption were estimated using the historical

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

December 31, 2015 and 2014

(dollars in thousands, except where otherwise indicated)

19. Equity Based Compensation (Continued)

weekly volatility of publicly traded comparable companies. The risk-free rate assumed in valuing the units was based on the U.S. Constant Maturity Treasury Rates for a period matching the expected time to liquidity event. The Company's total equity value was estimated by a third party using a range of indicated business enterprise values. For the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, the Company recognized approximately \$287.7 million and \$30.7 million, respectively, related to the push down of non-cash compensation expense for employees of Cequel.

Concurrent with the Altice Acquisition, the Carried Interest Plan was cashed out based on an agreement between the Sponsors and the Management Holder whereby payments were made to participants in such Carried Interest Plan, including certain officers and directors of Cequel and Cequel Corporation, and the Carried Interest Plan was terminated.

20. Equity Distributions

On September 10, 2014, the Issuers used the proceeds from the sale of the 2021 Mirror Notes, plus \$120.5 million of cash on hand, to make a distribution to Cequel Holdings in the amount of \$600.0 million. Cequel Holdings then made a distribution to Cequel Corporation in the amount of \$600.0 million. Cequel Corporation used this distribution to make a distribution in the amount of \$600.0 million to holders of equity interests in Cequel Corporation.

In December 2015, \$32.2 million was contributed to the Company to pay certain transaction fees and expenses related to the Altice Acquisition.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

December 31, 2015 and 2014

(dollars in thousands, except where otherwise indicated)

21. Unaudited Quarterly Financial Data

The following table presents quarterly data for the periods presented on the consolidated statements of operations (unaudited):

		Qua	rter Ended	
	 March 31,	June 30,	September 30,	December 31,
Successor 2015(1)				
Revenues	\$ _	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 72,943
Loss from operations	_	_	_	(16,383)
Net loss	_	_	_	(17,611)

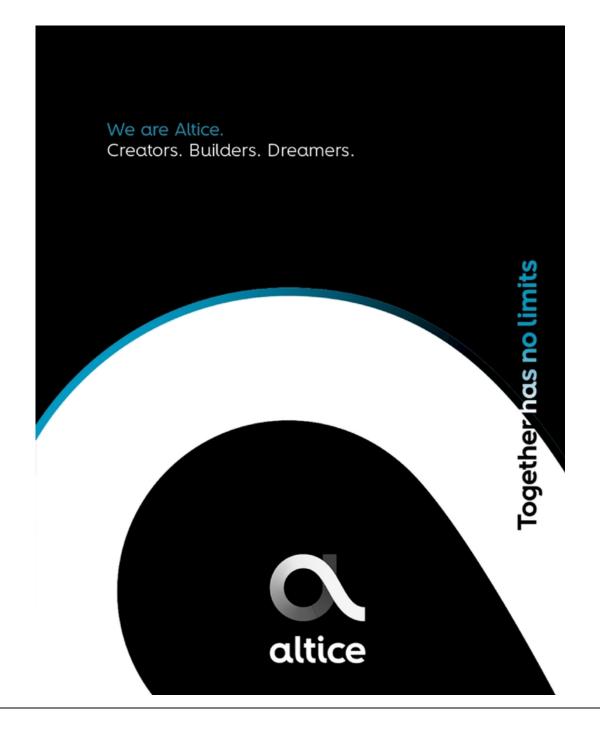
Predecessor 2015(2)					
Revenues	\$ 588,250	\$ 608,016	\$ 605,112	\$ 545,	,991
Income/(loss) from operations	79,029	(19,792)	62,196	(69,	,689)
Net income/(loss)	8,994	(277,397)	35,326	18,	,201
Predecessor 2014					
Revenues	\$ 575,025	\$ 579,942	\$ 583,606	\$ 592,	,124
Income from operations	68,249	55,394	57,259	74,	,588
Net income/(loss)	4,334	(2,714)	9,671	5.	,958

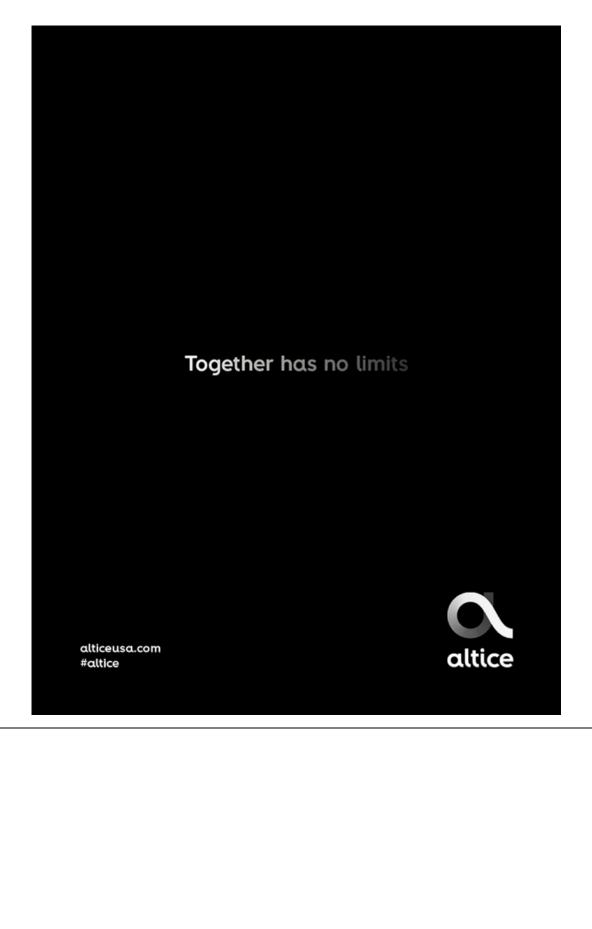
⁽¹⁾ Successor 2015 consists of the period from December 21, 2015 through December 31, 2015.

22. Subsequent Events

The Company has updated its review of subsequent events as of March 30, 2016 (the date available for issuance) noting no events that require disclosure.

⁽²⁾ Predecessor 2015 consists of the period from January 1, 2015 through December 20, 2015.





PART II

INFORMATION NOT REQUIRED IN PROSPECTUS

Item 13. Other Expenses of Issuance.

The following table sets forth the various expenses, other than underwriting discounts and commissions, payable in connection with the offering contemplated by this registration statement. All of the fees set forth below are estimates except for the SEC registration fee, the FINRA fee and the stock exchange listing fee.

	Payable by	the registrant
SEC registration fee	\$	185,840
FINRA fee		225,500
Stock exchange listing fee		25,000
Printing expenses		350,000
Legal fees and expenses		3,500,000
Accounting fees and expenses		2,500,000
Transfer Agent and Registrar fees		11,000
Miscellaneous fees and expenses		727,660
Total	\$	7,500,000

Item 14. Indemnification of Directors and Officers.

We are incorporated under the laws of the state of Delaware.

Section 145(a) of the DGCL provides that a corporation may indemnify any person who was or is a party or is threatened to be made a party to any threatened, pending or completed action, suit or proceeding, whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative (other than an action by or in the right of the corporation) by reason of the fact that the person is or was a director, officer, employee or agent of the corporation, or is or was serving at the request of the corporation as a director, officer, employee or agent of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise, against expenses (including attorneys' fees), judgments, fines and amounts paid in settlement actually and reasonably incurred by the person in connection with such action, suit or proceeding if the person acted in good faith and in a manner the person reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the best interests of the corporation, and, with respect to any criminal action or proceeding, had no reasonable cause to believe the person's conduct was unlawful.

Section 145(b) of the DGCL provides that a corporation may indemnify any person who was or is a party or is threatened to be made a party to any threatened, pending or completed action or suit by or in the right of the corporation to procure a judgment in its favor by reason of the fact that the person is or was a director, officer, employee or agent of the corporation, or is or was serving at the request of the corporation as a director, officer, employee or agent of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise, against expenses (including attorneys' fees) actually and reasonably incurred by the person in connection with the defense or settlement of such action or suit if the person acted in good faith and in a manner the person reasonably believed to be in or opposed to the best interests of the corporation and except that no indemnification shall be made in respect of any claim, issue or matter as to which such person shall have been adjudged to be liable to the corporation unless and only to the extent that the Delaware Court of Chancery or the court in which such action or suit was brought shall determine upon application that, despite the adjudication of liability but in view of all of the circumstances of the case, such person is fairly and reasonably entitled to indemnity for such expenses which the Delaware Court of Chancery or such other court shall deem proper.

Section 145(c) of the DGCL provides that to the extent that a present or former director or officer of a corporation has been successful on the merits or otherwise in defense of any action, suit or proceeding referred to in subsections (a) and (b) of Section 145 of the DGCL, or in defense of any claim, issue or matter therein, such person shall be indemnified against expenses (including attorneys' fees) actually and reasonably incurred by such person in connection therewith.

Section 145(e) of the DGCL provides that expenses, including attorneys' fees, incurred by an officer or director of the corporation in defending any civil, criminal, administrative or investigative action, suit or proceeding may be paid by the corporation in advance of the final disposition of such action, suit or proceeding upon receipt of an undertaking by or on behalf of such director or officer to repay such amount if it shall ultimately be determined that such person is not entitled to be indemnified by the corporation as authorized in Section 145 of the DGCL. Such expenses, including attorneys' fees, incurred by former directors and officers or other persons serving at the request of the corporation as directors, officers, employees or agents of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise may be so paid upon such terms and conditions, if any, as the corporation deems appropriate.

Section 145(g) of the DGCL specifically allows a Delaware corporation to purchase liability insurance on behalf of its directors and officers and to insure against potential liability of such directors and officers regardless of whether the corporation would have the power to indemnify such directors and officers under Section 145 of the DGCL.

Section 102(b)(7) of the DGCL permits a Delaware corporation to include a provision in its certificate of incorporation eliminating or limiting the personal liability of directors to the corporation or its stockholders for monetary damages for breach of fiduciary duty as a director. This provision, however, may not eliminate or limit a director's liability (1) for breach of the director's duty of loyalty to the corporation or its stockholders, (2) for acts or omissions not in good faith or involving intentional misconduct or a knowing violation of law, (3) under Section 174 of the DGCL, or (4) for any transaction from which the director derived an improper personal benefit.

Section 145 of the DGCL makes provision for the indemnification of officers and directors in terms sufficiently broad to indemnify our officers and directors under certain circumstances from liabilities (including reimbursement for expenses incurred) arising under the Securities Act. Our amended and restated certificate of incorporation will provide, in effect, that, to the fullest extent and under the circumstances permitted by Section 145 of the DGCL, we will indemnify any and all of our officers and directors. Our certificate of incorporation also will relieve our directors from monetary damages to us or our stockholders for breach of such director's fiduciary duty as a director to the fullest extent permitted by the DGCL.

We have purchased insurance policies which, within the limits and subject to the terms and conditions thereof, cover certain expenses and liabilities that may be incurred by directors and officers in connection with proceedings that may be brought against them as a result of an act or omission committed or suffered while acting as our director or officer.

The form of Underwriting Agreement, to be entered into in connection with this offering and attached as Exhibit 1.1 hereto, provides for the indemnification by the Underwriters of us and our officers and directors for certain liabilities, including liabilities arising under the Securities Act, and affords certain rights of contribution with respect thereto.

Item 15. Recent Sales of Unregistered Securities.

In the three years preceding the filing of this registration statement, the registrant has issued the following securities that were not registered under the Securities Act:

On September 16, 2015, in connection with the Optimum Acquisition, Altice USA, Inc. (formerly known as Neptune Holding US Corp.) issued 100 shares of its common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, to CVC 3 B.V., a Dutch private company with limited liability (besloten vennootschap), in a private placement under Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act, and in consideration for \$1.00 paid to Altice USA, Inc. by CVC 3 B.V. for such shares.

On June 21, 2016, Altice USA issued \$875 million aggregate principal amount of 10.75% notes due 2023 and \$875 million aggregate principal amount of Altice USA's 11.00% notes due 2024. The transaction did not involve any underwriters or any public offering. The transaction was exempt from registration under the Securities Act, pursuant to Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act, as a transaction by an issuer not involving a public offering. No general solicitation was made by either Altice USA or any person acting on its behalf. The purchasers of the notes agreed that the securities would be subject to standard restrictions applicable to a private placement of securities under applicable state and federal securities laws and appropriate legends were affixed to the issued notes.

Prior to the completion of this offering, in connection with the Organizational Transactions, we are issuing shares of Class A common stock and Class B common stock in exchange for outstanding shares of the Company and in connection with the conversion of the notes payable to affiliates and related parties into shares of Class A common stock and Class B common stock. The issuance of such shares of common stock is not and will not be registered under the Securities Act and the shares are being issued to investors in reliance upon the exemption from the registration requirements of the Securities Act, as set forth in Section 4(a)(2) under the Securities Act.

Item 16. Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedules.

(a) Exhibits:

The exhibit index attached hereto is incorporated herein by reference.

(b) Financial statement schedules:

No financial statement schedules are provided because the information called for is not required or is shown in the financial statements or the notes thereto.

Item 17. Undertakings.

The undersigned hereby undertakes as follows:

- (a) to provide to the underwriters at the closing specified in the underwriting agreement certificates in such denominations and registered in such names as required by the underwriters to permit prompt delivery to each purchaser.
- (b) Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act of 1933 may be permitted to directors, officers and controlling persons of the registrant pursuant to the foregoing provisions or otherwise, the registrant has been advised that in the opinion of the Securities and Exchange Commission such indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Act and is, therefore, unenforceable. In the event that a claim for indemnification against such liabilities (other than the payment by the registrant of expenses incurred or paid by a director, officer or controlling person of the registrant in the successful defense of any action, suit or proceeding) is asserted by such director, officer or controlling person in connection with the securities being registered, the registrant will, unless in the opinion of its counsel the matter has been settled by

controlling precedent, submit to a court of appropriate jurisdiction the question of whether such indemnification by it is against public policy as expressed in the Act, and will be governed by the final adjudication of such issue.

- (c)(1) For purposes of determining any liability under the Securities Act of 1933, the information omitted from the form of prospectus filed as part of this registration statement in reliance upon Rule 430A and contained in a form of prospectus filed by us pursuant to Rule 424(b)(1) or (4) or 497(h) under the Securities Act shall be deemed to be part of this registration statement as of the time it was declared effective.
 - (2) For the purpose of determining any liability under the Securities Act of 1933, each post-effective amendment that contains a form of prospectus shall be deemed to be a new registration statement relating to the securities offered therein and the offering of such securities at that time shall be deemed to be the initial *bona fide* offering thereof.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, the registrant has duly caused this registration statement to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the city of Bethpage, State of New York, on June 12, 2017.

ALTICE USA, INC.

By: /s/ DAVID CONNOLLY

Name: David Connolly

Title: Executive Vice President and General Counsel

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, this registration statement has been signed on June 12, 2017 by the following persons in the capacities indicated.

Signature		<u>Title</u>			
	*				
-	Dexter Goei	Chairman and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)			
	*	Director, Co-President and Chief Financial Officer (Principal			
1	Charles Stewart	Financial Officer)			
	*	Senior Vice President and Chief Accounting Officer (Principal			
	Victoria Mink	Accounting Officer)			
	*				
	Abdelhakim Boubazine	Director, Co-President and Chief Operating Officer			
	*				
	Lisa Rosenblum	Vice Chairman			
*By:	/s/ DAVID CONNOLLY				
	David Connolly	-			
	as Attorney-in-Fact				
	I	I-5			

Exhibit No.

EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit Description

Form of Underwriting Agreement 1.1 3.1 Form of Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation 3.2 Form of Amended and Restated Bylaws of the Registrant 4.1† Specimen Class A Common Stock Certificate 4.2 Form of Stockholders and Registration Rights Agreement by and among Altice USA, Inc. and the stockholders party thereto 4.3**Indenture, dated as of September 23, 2009, relating to Cablevision's 8/8% Senior Notes due 2017 and 85/8% Series B Senior Notes due 2017 4.4**Indenture, dated as of April 2, 2010, relating to Cablevision's $\vec{\mathcal{P}}/4\%$ Senior Notes due 2018 and 8% Senior Notes due 2020 4.5**First Supplemental Indenture, dated as of April 15, 2010, to the Indenture, dated as of April 2, 2010, relating to Cablevision's 7³/4% Senior Notes due 2018 and 8% Senior Notes due 2020 4.6**Second Supplemental Indenture, dated as of September 27, 2012, to the Indenture dated as of April 2, 2010, relating to Cablevision's 5⁷/8% Senior Notes due 2022 4.7**Indenture, dated as of December 1, 1997, relating to CSC Holdings' 7⁷/8% Senior Debentures due 2018 4.8**Indenture, dated as of July 1, 1998, relating to CSC Holdings' 7⁵/8% Senior Debentures due 2018 4.9**Indenture, dated as of February 12, 2009, relating to CSC Holdings' 86/8% Senior Notes due 2019 and 85/8% Series B Senior Notes due 2019 4.10**Indenture, dated as of November 15, 2011, relating to CSC Holdings' 63/4% Senior Notes due 2021 and 63/4% Series B Senior Notes due 2021 4.11**Indenture, dated as of May 23, 2014, relating to CSC Holdings' 51/4% Senior Notes due 2024 and 51/4% Series B Senior Notes 4.12**Indenture, dated as of October 9, 2015, relating to CSC Holdings' 10¹/8% Senior Notes due 2023 and 10⁷/8% Senior Notes due 4.13**Supplemental Indenture, dated as of June 21, 2016, to Indenture dated as of October 9, 2015, relating to CSC Holdings' 10/8% Senior Notes due 2023 and 10⁷/8% Senior Notes due 2025 4.14**Indenture, dated as of October 9, 2015, relating to CSC Holdings' 65/8% Senior Guaranteed Notes due 2025 4.15**Supplemental Indenture, dated as of June 21, 2016, to the Indenture dated as of October 9, 2015, relating to CSC Holdings' δ/8% Senior Guaranteed Notes due 2025 4.16**Indenture, dated as of September 23, 2016, relating to CSC Holdings' $5^1/2\%$ Senior Guaranteed Notes due 2027 4.17**Indenture, dated as of June 12, 2015, relating to Altice US Finance I Corporation's 53/8% Senior Secured Notes due 2023

Exhibit No. Exhibit Description

- 4.18**Supplemental Indenture, dated as of December 21, 2015, to the Indenture, dated as of June 12, 2015, relating to Altice US Finance I Corporation's 5³/8% Senior Secured Notes due 2023
- 4.19**Notes Pledge and Security Agreement, dated as of December 21, 2015, by and between Cequel Communications Holdings II, LLC and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A.
- 4.20**Notes Pledge and Security Agreement, dated as of December 21, 2015, by and among the grantors party thereto and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A.
- 4.21**Trademark Security Agreement, dated as of December 21, 2015, by and among the grantors party thereto and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A.
- 4.22**Copyright Security Agreement, dated as of December 21, 2015, by and among the grantors party thereto and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A.
- 4.23**Indenture, dated as of April 26, 2016, relating to Altice US Finance I Corporation's 5¹/2% Senior Secured Notes due 2026
- 4.24**Notes Pledge and Security Agreement, dated May 20, 2016, by and between Cequel Communications Holdings II, LLC and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A.
- 4.25**Notes Pledge and Security Agreement, dated May 20, 2016, by and among each of the grantors party thereto and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A.
- 4.26**Trademark Security Agreement, dated as of May 20, 2016, by and among the grantors party thereto and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N A
- 4.27**Copyright Security Agreement, dated as of May 20, 2016, by and among the grantors party thereto and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A.
- 4.28**Indenture, dated as of October 25, 2012 relating to Cequel Communications Holdings I, LLC's and Cequel Capital Corporation's 6³/8% Senior Notes due 2020
- 4.29**Indenture, dated as of May 16, 2013, relating to Cequel Communications Holdings I, LLC's and Cequel Capital Corporation's 5¹/8% Senior Notes due 2021
- 4.30**Indenture, dated as of September 9, 2014, relating to Cequel Communications Holdings I, LLC's and Cequel Capital Corporation's 5¹/8% Senior Notes due 2021
- 4.31**Indenture, dated as of June 12, 2015, relating to Cequel Communications Holdings I, LLC's and Cequel Capital Corporation's 7³/4% Senior Notes due 2025
- 4.32**Supplemental Indenture, dated as of December 21, 2015, to the Indenture, dated as of June 12, 2015, relating to Cequel Communications Holdings I, LLC's and Cequel Capital Corporation's 7³/4% Senior Notes due 2025
- 5.1 Opinion of Shearman & Sterling LLP

Exhibit No. Exhibit Description

- 10.1**Credit Agreement, dated as of October 9, 2015, by and among CSC Holdings, LLC (as successor by merger to Neptune Finco Corp.), as borrower, certain lenders party thereto, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as administrative agent and security agent, Barclays Bank plc and BNP Paribas Securities Corp., as co-syndication agents, Credit Agricole Corporate and Investment Bank, Deutsche Bank Securities Inc., Royal Bank of Canada, Societe Generale, TD Securities (USA) LLC and the Bank of Nova Scotia, as co-documentation agents, and J.P. Morgan Securities LLC, Barclays Bank plc, BNP Paribas Securities Corp., Credit Agricole Corporate and Investment Bank, Deutsche Bank Securities Inc., Royal Bank of Canada, Societe Generale, TD Securities (USA) LLC and The Bank of Nova Scotia, as joint bookrunners and lead arrangers
- 10.2**First Amendment to Credit Agreement, dated as of June 20, 2016
- 10.3**Incremental Loan Assumption Agreement, dated as of June 21, 2016
- 10.4**Incremental Loan Assumption Agreement, dated as of July 21, 2016
- 10.5**Second Amendment to Credit Agreement (Extension Amendment), dated as of September 9, 2016
- 10.6**Third Amendment to Credit Agreement (Extension Amendment, Incremental Loan Assumption Agreement & Assignment and Acceptance), dated as of December 9, 2016
- 10.7**Fourth Amendment to Credit Agreement (Incremental Loan Assumption Agreement & Refinancing Amendment), dated as of March 15, 2017
- 10.8**Facility Guaranty, dated as of June 21, 2016, by and among the guarantors party thereto and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A.
- 10.9**Pledge Agreement, dated as of June 21, 2016, by and among CSC Holdings, LLC, certain pledgors party thereto and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A.
- 10.10**Credit Agreement, dated as of June 12, 2015, by and among Altice US Finance I Corporation, as borrower, certain lenders party thereto, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as administrative agent and security agent, and J.P. Morgan Securities LLC and BNP Paribas, as joint bookrunners and lead arrangers
- 10.11**First Amendment to Credit Agreement (Refinancing Amendment), dated as of October 25, 2016
- 10.12**Second Amendment to Credit Agreement (Extension Amendment), dated as of December 9, 2016
- 10.13**Third Amendment to Credit Agreement (Incremental Loan Assumption Agreement & Refinancing Amendment), dated as of March 15, 2017
- 10.14**Loans Pledge and Security Agreement, dated as of December 21, 2015, by and between Cequel Communications Holdings II, LLC and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A.
- 10.15**Loans Pledge and Security Agreement, dated as of December 21, 2015, by and among the grantors party thereto and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A.
- 10.16**Facility Guaranty, dated as of December 21, 2015, by and among the guarantors party thereto and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A.
- 10.17**Trademark Security Agreement, dated as of December 21, 2015, by and among certain grantors thereunder and JPMorgan Chase Bank. N.A.

Exhibit Description Exhibit No. 10.18**Copyright Security Agreement, dated as of December 21, 2015, by and between Cequel Communications, LLC and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. 10.19 Form of Stockholders' Agreement by and among Altice USA, Inc., Altice N.V. and A4 S.A. 10.20 Altice USA 2017 Long Term Incentive Plan 10.21 Altice USA Short Term Incentive Compensation Plan 21.1**List of subsidiaries of the Registrant 23.1 Consent of KPMG LLP 23.2 Consent of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP 23.3 Consent of Shearman & Sterling LLP (contained in its opinion filed as Exhibit 5.1 hereto) 24.1**Power of Attorney (contained in signature pages to this registration statement) 99.1**Rule 438 Consent of Michel Combes 99.2**Rule 438 Consent of Dennis Okhuijsen 99.3**Rule 438 Consent of Jérémie Bonnin 99.4**Rule 438 Consent of Raymond Svider

99.5**Rule 438 Consent of Mark Mullen

^{**} Previously filed.

[†] Shares of Class A common stock of the Company will be in an uncertificated form. Therefore, the Company is not filing a specimen Class A common stock certificate. Reference is made to Exhibits 3.1 and 3.2 hereto.

J.P. Morgan Securities LLC Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC Citigroup Global Markets Inc. Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC

As Representatives of the several Underwriters listed in Schedule 1 hereto

c/o J.P. Morgan Securities LLC 383 Madison Avenue New York, New York 10179

c/o Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC 1585 Broadway New York, New York 10036

c/o Citigroup Global Markets Inc. 388 Greenwich Street New York, NY 10013

c/o Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC 200 West Street New York, NY 10282

Ladies and Gentlemen:

Altice USA, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "Company"), proposes to issue and sell to the several underwriters listed in Schedule 1 hereto (the "Underwriters"), for whom you are acting as representatives (the "Representatives"), an aggregate of [·] shares of Class A common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, of the Company, and certain stockholders of the Company named in Schedule 2 hereto (each a "Selling Stockholder" and together, the "Selling Stockholders") propose to sell to the several Underwriters an aggregate of [·] shares of Class A common stock of the Company (collectively, the "Underwritten Shares"). In addition, the Selling Stockholders, as and to the extent indicated in Schedule 2 hereto, propose to sell at the option of the Underwritters, up to an additional [·] shares of Class A common stock of the Company (collectively, the "Option Shares"). The Underwritten Shares and the Option Shares are herein referred to as the "Shares". The shares of Class A common stock of the Company to be outstanding after giving effect to the sale of the Shares are referred to herein as the "Stock".

Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC ("Morgan Stanley") has agreed to reserve a portion of the Shares to be purchased by it under this Agreement for sale to the Company's directors, officers, employees and business associates and other parties related to the Company (collectively, "Participants"), as set forth in the Prospectus (as hereinafter defined) under the heading "Underwriting" (the "Directed Share Program"). The Shares to be sold by Morgan Stanley and its affiliates pursuant to the Directed Share Program, at the direction of the Company, are referred to herein- after as the "Directed Shares". Any Directed Shares not orally confirmed for purchase by any Participant by the end of the business day on which this Agreement is executed will be offered to the public by the Underwriters as set forth in the Prospectus.

The Company and the Selling Stockholders hereby confirm their agreement with the several Underwriters concerning the purchase and sale of the Shares, as follows:

1. Registration Statement. The Company has prepared and filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission") under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and the rules and regulations of the Commission thereunder (collectively, the "Securities Act"), a registration statement on Form S-1 (File No. 333-217240), including a prospectus, relating to the Shares. Such registration statement, as amended at the time it became effective, including the information, if any, deemed pursuant to Rule 430A under the Securities Act to be part of the registration statement at the time of its effectiveness ("Rule 430 Information"), is referred to herein as the "Registration Statement"; and as used herein, the term "Preliminary Prospectus" means each prospectus included in such registration statement (and any amendments thereto) before effectiveness, any prospectus filed with the Commission pursuant to Rule 424(a) under the Securities Act and the prospectus included in the Registration Statement at the time of its effectiveness that omits Rule 430 Information, and the term "Prospectus" means the prospectus in the form first used (or made available upon request of purchasers pursuant to Rule 173 under the Securities Act) in connection with confirmation of sales of the Shares. If the Company has filed an abbreviated registration statement pursuant to Rule 462(b) under the Securities Act (the "Rule 462 Registration Statement"), then any reference herein to the term "Registration Statement" shall be deemed to include such Rule 462 Registration Statement. Capitalized terms used but not defined herein shall have the meanings given to such terms in the Registration Statement and the Prospectus.

At or prior to the Applicable Time (as defined below), the Company had prepared the following information (collectively with the pricing information set forth on Annex A, the "Pricing Disclosure Package"): a Preliminary Prospectus dated June $[\cdot]$, 2017 and each "free-writing prospectus" (as defined pursuant to Rule 405 under the Securities Act) listed on Annex A hereto.

"Applicable Time" means [·] [A/P].M., New York City time, on June [·], 2017.

2. <u>Purchase of the Shares by the Underwriters</u>. (a) The Company agrees to issue and sell, and each of the Selling Stockholders agrees, severally and not jointly, to sell, the Underwritten Shares to the several Underwriters as provided in this underwriting agreement (this "Agreement"), and each Underwriter, on the basis of the representations, warranties and agreements set forth herein and subject to the conditions set forth herein, agrees, severally and not jointly, to purchase at a price per share (the "Purchase Price") of \$ from the Company the

Underwritten Shares to be purchased by such Underwriter as set forth opposite the name of such Underwriter in Schedule 1 hereto and the denominator of which is the aggregate number of Underwritten Shares to be purchased by all the Underwriters from all of the Selling Stockholders hereunder.

In addition, each of the Selling Stockholders agrees, severally and not jointly, as and to the extent indicated in Schedule 2 hereto, to sell, the Option Shares to the several Underwriters as provided in this Agreement, and the Underwriters, on the basis of the representations, warranties and agreements set forth herein and subject to the conditions set forth herein, shall have the option to purchase, severally and not jointly, from each Selling Stockholder at the Purchase Price less an amount per share equal to any dividends or distributions declared by the Company and payable on the Underwritten Shares but not payable on the Option Shares. If any Option Shares are to be purchased, the number of Option Shares to be purchased by each Underwritter shall be the number of Option Shares which bears the same ratio to the aggregate number of Option Shares being purchased as the number of Underwritten Shares set forth opposite the name of such Underwriter in Schedule 1 hereto (or such number increased as set forth in Section 12 hereof) bears to the aggregate number of Underwritten Shares being purchased from the Selling Stockholders by the several Underwriters, subject, however, to such adjustments to eliminate any fractional Shares as the Representatives in their sole discretion shall make. Any such election to purchase Option Shares shall be made in proportion to the maximum number of Option Shares to be sold by each Selling Stockholder as set forth in Schedule 2 hereto.

The Underwriters may exercise the option to purchase Option Shares at any time in whole, or from time to time in part, on or before the thirtieth day following the date of the Prospectus, upon written notice from the Representatives to the Selling Stockholders. Such notice shall set forth the aggregate number of Option Shares as to which the option is being exercised and the date and time when the Option Shares are to be delivered and paid for, which may be the same date and time as the Closing Date (as hereinafter defined) but shall not be earlier than the Closing Date nor later than the tenth full business day (as hereinafter defined) after the date of such notice (unless such time and date are postponed in accordance with the provisions of Section 12 hereof). Any such notice shall be given at least two business days prior to the date and time of delivery specified therein.

(b) The Company and the Selling Stockholders understand that the Underwriters intend to make a public offering of the Shares as soon after the effectiveness of this Agreement as in the judgment of the Representatives is advisable, and initially to offer the Shares on the terms set forth in the Prospectus. The Company and the Selling Stockholders acknowledge and agree that the Underwriters may offer and sell Shares to or through any affiliate of an Underwriter.

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(c) Payment for the Shares shall be made by wire transfer in immediately available funds to the respective accounts specified by the Company and the Selling Stockholders or any of them (with regard to payment to the Selling Stockholders) to the Representatives, in the case of the Underwritten Shares, at the offices of Ropes & Gray LLP at 10:00 A.M., New York City time, on June [·], 2017, or at such other time or place on the same or such other date, not later than the fifth business day thereafter, as the Representatives, the Company and the Selling Stockholders may agree upon in writing or, in the case of the Option Shares, on the date and at the time and place specified by the Representatives in the written notice of the Underwriters' election to purchase such Option Shares. The time and date of such payment for the Underwriten Shares is referred to herein as the "Closing Date" and the time and date for such payment for the Option Shares, if other than the Closing Date, is herein referred to as the "Additional Closing Date".

Payment for the Shares to be purchased on the Closing Date or the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, shall be made against delivery to the Representatives for the respective accounts of the several Underwriters of the Shares to be purchased on such date or the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, with any transfer taxes payable in connection with the sale of such Shares duly paid by the Company and the Selling Stockholders, as applicable. Delivery of the Shares shall be made through the facilities of The Depository Trust Company ("DTC") unless the Representatives shall otherwise instruct. The certificates, if Shares are in certificated form, for the Shares will be made available for inspection and packaging by the Representatives at the office of DTC or its designated custodian not later than 1:00 P.M., New York City time, on the business day prior to the Closing Date or the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be.

- (d) The Company and each Selling Stockholder acknowledges and agrees that the Underwriters are acting solely in the capacity of an arm's length contractual counterparty to the Company and the Selling Stockholders with respect to the offering of Shares contemplated hereby (including in connection with determining the terms of the offering) and not as a financial advisor or a fiduciary to, or an agent of, the Company, the Selling Stockholders or any other person. Additionally, neither the Representatives nor any other Underwriter is advising the Company, the Selling Stockholders or any other person as to any legal, tax, investment, accounting or regulatory matters in any jurisdiction. The Company and the Selling Stockholders shall consult with their own advisors concerning such matters and each shall be responsible for making its own independent investigation and appraisal of the transactions contemplated hereby, and the Underwriters shall have no responsibility or liability to the Company or the Selling Stockholders with respect thereto. Any review by the Underwriters of the Company, the transactions contemplated hereby or other matters relating to such transactions will be performed solely for the benefit of the Underwriters and shall not be on behalf of the Company or the Selling Stockholders.
 - 3. Representations and Warranties of the Company. The Company represents and warrants to each Underwriter and the Selling Stockholders that:
 - (a) Preliminary Prospectus. No order preventing or suspending the use of any Preliminary Prospectus has been issued by the Commission, and the Preliminary Prospectus included in the Pricing Disclosure Package, at the time of filing thereof, complied

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in all material respects with the Securities Act, and no Preliminary Prospectus, at the time of filing thereof, contained any untrue statement of a material fact or omitted to state a material fact necessary in order to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading; provided that the Company makes no representation and warranty with respect to any statements or omissions made in reliance upon and in conformity with the (i) Underwriter Information (as defined below) or (ii) Selling Stockholder Information (as defined below).

- (b) Pricing Disclosure Package. The Pricing Disclosure Package as of the Applicable Time did not, and as of the Closing Date and as of the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, will not, contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary in order to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading; provided that the Company makes no representation and warranty with respect to any statements or omissions made in reliance upon and in conformity with the (i) Underwriter Information or (ii) Selling Stockholder Information. No statement of material fact included in the Prospectus has been omitted from the Pricing Disclosure Package and no statement of material fact included in the Pricing Disclosure Package that is required to be included in the Prospectus has been omitted therefrom.
- (c) Issuer Free Writing Prospectus. Other than the Registration Statement, the Preliminary Prospectus and the Prospectus, the Company (including its agents and representatives, other than the Underwriters in their capacity as such) has not prepared, used, authorized, approved or referred to and will not prepare, use, authorize, approve or refer to any "written communication" (as defined in Rule 405 under the Securities Act) that constitutes an offer to sell or solicitation of an offer to buy the Shares (each such communication by the Company or its agents and representatives (other than a communication referred to in clause (i) below) an "Issuer Free Writing Prospectus") other than (i) any document not constituting a prospectus pursuant to Section 2(a)(10)(a) of the Securities Act or Rule 134 under the Securities Act or (ii) the documents listed on Annex A hereto, each electronic road show and any other written communications approved in writing in advance by the Representatives. Each such Issuer Free Writing Prospectus complied in all material respects with the Securities Act, has been or will be (within the time period specified in Rule 433) filed in accordance with the Securities Act (to the extent required thereby) and does not conflict with the information contained in the Registration Statement or the Pricing Disclosure Package, and, when taken together with the Preliminary Prospectus accompanying, or delivered prior to delivery of, such Issuer Free Writing Prospectus, did not, and as of the Closing Date and as of the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, will not, contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary in order to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were

- (d) Registration Statement and Prospectus. The Registration Statement has been declared effective by the Commission. No order suspending the effectiveness of the Registration Statement has been issued by the Commission, and no proceeding for that purpose or pursuant to Section 8A of the Securities Act against the Company or related to the offering of the Shares has been initiated or, to the Company's knowledge, threatened by the Commission; as of the applicable effective date of the Registration Statement and any post-effective amendment thereto, the Registration Statement and any such post-effective amendment complied and will comply in all material respects with the Securities Act, as applicable, and did not and will not contain any untrue statement of a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary in order to make the statements therein not misleading; and as of the Prospectus and any amendment or supplement thereto and as of the Closing Date and as of the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, the Prospectus will not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary in order to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading; provided that the Company makes no representation and warranty with respect to any statements or omissions made in reliance upon and in conformity with the (i) Underwriter Information or (ii) Selling Stockholder Information.
- (e) Financial Statements. The financial statements (including the related notes thereto) of the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries included in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus comply in all material respects with the applicable requirements of the Securities Act and present fairly in all material respects the financial position of the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries as of the dates indicated and the results of their operations and the changes in their cash flows for the periods specified; such financial statements have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States ("GAAP") applied on a consistent basis throughout the periods covered thereby; the other financial information included in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus has been derived from the accounting records of the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries and presents fairly in all material respects the information shown thereby; and the pro forma financial information and the related notes thereto included in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus have been prepared in all material respects in accordance with the applicable requirements of the Securities Act and the assumptions underlying such pro forma financial information are reasonable and are set forth in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus.
- (f) No Material Adverse Change. Except as otherwise disclosed in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus, (i) since the date of the latest audited financial statements included in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus, as applicable, there has been no material adverse change, or any development that would reasonably be expected to result in a material adverse change, in the condition, financial or otherwise, or in the earnings, business or operations, whether or not arising from transactions in the ordinary course of business, of

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the Company and the Company's subsidiaries, considered as one entity, or on the performance by the Company of its obligations under this Agreement (a "Material Adverse Effect"), and (ii) since the respective dates as of which information is given in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus, there has not been any material change in the capital stock (other than the issuance of shares of Class A common stock and shares of Class B common stock in connection with the organizational transactions described in the Pricing Disclosure Package under "Summary—Ownership and Organization—Organizational Transactions"), short-term debt or long-term debt (other than any borrowings under the CVC Revolving Credit Facility (as defined in the Prospectus)) of the Company or any of its subsidiaries, or any dividend or distribution of any kind declared, set aside for payment, paid or made by the Company on any class of capital stock.

- (g) Organization and Good Standing. The Company and each of its subsidiaries have been duly organized and are validly existing and in good standing under the laws of their respective jurisdictions of organization, are duly qualified to do business and are in good standing in each jurisdiction in which their respective ownership or lease of property or the conduct of their respective businesses requires such qualification, and have all power and authority necessary to own or hold their respective properties and to conduct the businesses in which they are engaged, except where the failure to be so qualified or in good standing or have such power or authority would not, individually or in the aggregate, have a Material Adverse Effect. The Company does not own or control, directly or indirectly, any corporation, association or other entity other than the subsidiaries listed in Exhibit 21.1 to the Registration Statement. Each of the Company's Significant Subsidiaries, as such term is defined by Rule 1-02(w) of Regulation S-X promulgated by the Commission, is set forth in Schedule 3 hereto.
- (h) Capitalization. The Company has an authorized capitalization as set forth in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus under the heading "Capitalization"; all the outstanding shares of capital stock of the Company (including the Shares to be sold by the Selling Stockholders) have been duly and validly authorized and issued and are fully paid and non-assessable and are not subject to any pre-emptive or similar rights; except as described in or expressly contemplated by the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus, there are no outstanding rights (including, without limitation, pre-emptive rights), warrants or options to acquire, or instruments convertible into or exchangeable for, any shares of capital stock or other equity interest in the Company or any of its subsidiaries, or any contract, commitment, agreement, understanding or arrangement of any kind relating to the issuance of any capital stock of the Company or any such subsidiary, any such convertible or exchangeable securities or any such rights, warrants or options; the capital stock of the Company conforms in all material respects to the description thereof contained in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus; and all the outstanding shares of capital stock or other equity interests of each subsidiary owned, directly or indirectly, by the Company have been duly and validly authorized and issued, are fully paid and non-assessable except as otherwise disclosed in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package

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and the Prospectus and are owned directly or indirectly by the Company, free and clear of any lien, charge, encumbrance, security interest, restriction on voting or transfer or any other claim of any third party, except (1) as described in the Registration Statement, Pricing Disclosure Package and Prospectus, including, without limitation, liens, charges, encumbrances, security interests, claims or restrictions imposed in connection with, or permitted under, the debt instruments described in "Description of Certain Indebtedness" therein or (2) as would not reasonably be expected, individually or in the aggregate, to have a Material Adverse Effect.

- (i) Stock Options. The Company has not granted any, and there are no outstanding, stock options.
- (j) Due Authorization. The Company has full right, power and authority to execute and deliver this Agreement and to perform its obligations hereunder; and all action required to be taken for the due and proper authorization, execution and delivery by it of this Agreement and the consummation by it of the transactions contemplated hereby has been duly and validly taken.
 - (k) Underwriting Agreement. This Agreement has been duly authorized, executed and delivered by the Company.
- (l) The Shares. The Shares to be issued and sold by the Company hereunder have been duly authorized by the Company and, when issued and delivered and paid for as provided herein, will be duly and validly issued, will be fully paid and nonassessable and will conform to the descriptions thereof in the

Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus; and the issuance of the Shares is not subject to any preemptive or similar rights.

- (m) No Violation or Default. None of the Company or any of the Company's subsidiaries is (i) in violation of its certificate of formation, certificate of incorporation, operating agreement or by-laws, as applicable; (ii) in default in the performance or observance of any material obligation, covenant or condition contained in any indenture, mortgage, deed of trust, loan agreement, lease or other agreement or instrument to which it is a party or by which it or any of its properties may be bound; or (iii) in violation of any law or statue of any judgment, order, rule or regulation of any court or arbitrator or governmental or regulatory authority, other than, in the case of clause (ii) and (iii) above as would not, individually or in the aggregate, result in a Material Adverse Effect.
- (n) No Conflicts. The execution, delivery and performance by the Company of this Agreement, the issuance and sale of the Shares by the Company and the consummation by the Company of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement or the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus will not (i) conflict with or result in a breach or violation of any of the terms or provisions of, or constitute a default under, any indenture, mortgage, deed of trust, loan agreement or other agreement or instrument to which any of the Company or the Company's subsidiaries is a party or by which any of the Company or the Company's subsidiaries is bound or to which any of the property or

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assets of the Company or the Company's subsidiaries is subject, except for such conflicts, breaches or violations as would not, individually or in the aggregate, have a Material Adverse Effect; (ii) result in any violation of the provisions of the certificate of formation, certificate of incorporation, operating agreement or by-laws, each as applicable, of any of the Company or the Company's subsidiaries; (iii) result in the violation of any statute or order, rule or regulation of any court or governmental agency or body having jurisdiction over the Company or any of its subsidiaries or any of their properties, except any such violation as would not, individually or in the aggregate, have a Material Adverse Effect.

- (o) No Consents Required. No consent, approval, authorization, order, registration or qualification of or with any court or arbitrator or governmental or regulatory authority is required for the execution, delivery and performance by the Company of this Agreement, the issuance and sale of the Shares and the consummation of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement, except for (i) the registration of the Shares under the Securities Act and such consents, approvals, authorizations, orders and registrations or qualifications as may be required by the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. ("FINRA") and under applicable state securities laws in connection with the purchase and distribution of the Shares by the Underwriters, and (ii) for any such consent, approval, authorization, order, registration or qualification, the failure of which to obtain would not, individually or in the aggregate, have a Material Adverse Effect.
- (p) Legal Proceedings. Except as described in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus, there are no legal, governmental or regulatory investigations, actions, suits or proceedings pending to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries is a party or to which any property of the Company or any of its subsidiaries is the subject that, individually or in the aggregate, if determined adversely to the Company or any of its subsidiaries, would have a Material Adverse Effect; to the best knowledge of the Company, no such investigations, actions, suits or proceedings are threatened or, contemplated by any governmental or regulatory authority or threatened by others.
- (q) Independent Accountants. KPMG LLP and PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, each of whom has certified certain financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries, is an independent registered public accounting firm with respect to the Company and its subsidiaries within the applicable rules and regulations adopted by the Commission and the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) and as required by the Securities Act.
- (r) Title to Real and Personal Property. The Company and its subsidiaries have good and marketable title in fee simple to all real property and good and marketable title to all personal property currently owned by them, in each case free and clear of all liens, encumbrances, and defects except (i) such as described in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus, including such liens, encumbrances and defects imposed by, or permitted under, the debt instruments described in "Description of Certain Indebtedness" therein, or (ii) such as do not have a Material

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Adverse Effect; and any real property and buildings held under lease by the Company and its subsidiaries are held by them under valid, subsisting and enforceable leases with such exceptions as do not have a Material Adverse Effect.

- (s) Title to Intellectual Property. Except as would not reasonably be expected, individually or in the aggregate, to have a Material Adverse Effect, (i) the Company and its subsidiaries own or possess adequate rights to use all material patents, patent rights and applications, copyrights, trademarks, service marks, trade names, internet domain names, technology, confidential information, trademark registrations, service mark registrations, licenses, software, know-how (including trade secrets and other unpatented and/or unpatentable proprietary or confidential information, systems or procedures) and other intellectual property and proprietary rights necessary to, or used in connection with, the conduct of their businesses as described in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus (collectively, the "Company Intellectual Property"); (ii) to the knowledge of the Company, none of the Company Intellectual Property owned by the Company or its subsidiaries is invalid or unenforceable and neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has received any written challenge (including without limitation, notices of expiration) to the validity or enforceability thereof from any third party or governmental authority and the Company and its subsidiaries have made all filings and paid all fees necessary to maintain any Company Intellectual Property owned by any of them for the conduct of their business as currently conducted and in the manner set forth in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus; and (iii) neither the Company or any of its subsidiaries has received any written notice of any claim of infringement or misappropriation of intellectual property rights of others by the Company or any of its subsidiaries. As of the date hereof, the Company's collection and use of personally identifiable information is in compliance with applicable laws, market standards, the Company's privacy policies and contracts to which the Company is a party pertaining ther
- (t) No Undisclosed Relationships. No relationship, direct or indirect, exists between or among the Company or any of its subsidiaries, on the one hand, and the directors, officers, stockholders, customers or suppliers of the Company or any of its subsidiaries, on the other, that is required by the Securities Act to be described in the Registration Statement and the Prospectus and that is not so described in such documents and in the Pricing Disclosure Package.
- (u) Investment Company Act. The Company is not and, after giving effect to the offering and sale of the Shares and the application of the proceeds thereof received by the Company as described in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus, will not be required to register as an "investment company" or an entity "controlled" by an "investment company" within the meaning of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, and the rules and regulations of the Commission thereunder.

into account valid extensions) and (iii) there is no tax audit, assessment, deficiency or other claim that has been asserted against the Company or any of its subsidiaries or any of their respective properties or assets, except for any such matter, as would not, individually or in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect.

- (w) Licenses and Permits. Except as disclosed in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus, the Company and its subsidiaries each owns, possesses or has obtained all agreements, governmental licenses, permits, certificates, consents, orders, approvals and other authorizations (including, without limitation, all governmental authorizations and agreements with public utilities and microwave transmission companies and pole access and rental agreements) necessary to own or lease, as the case may be, and to operate its properties and to carry on its business as presently conducted, and, except as disclosed in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has received any notice of proceedings relating to revocation or modification of any such licenses, permits, certificates, consents, orders, approvals or authorizations except, in each case, such as would not, individually or in the aggregate, have a Material Adverse Effect.
- (x) No Labor Disputes. To the Company's best knowledge and except as disclosed in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus, no labor dispute, strike, slowdown or work stoppage with the employees of the Company or any of the Company's subsidiaries exists that would, individually or in the aggregate, have a Material Adverse Effect.
- (y) Compliance with and Liability under Environmental Laws. The Company and its subsidiaries (a) are in compliance with any and all applicable federal, state and local laws, rules, regulations, requirements, decisions, judgments, decrees, orders and the common law relating to pollution or the protection of the Environment or human health or safety (as such is affected by exposure to Hazardous Materials, including those relating to the generation, storage, treatment, use, handling, transportation, Release or threat of Release of Hazardous Materials) (collectively, "Environmental Laws"), (b) have received and are in compliance with all permits, licenses, certificates or other authorizations or approvals required of them under applicable Environmental Laws to conduct their respective businesses, and (c) have not received notice of any actual or alleged liability under, or actual or alleged violation of, any Environmental Law, including for the investigation or remediation of any disposal or release of Hazardous Materials, and have no knowledge of any event or condition that would reasonably be expected to result in any such notice, except in each case where such non-compliance with Environmental Laws, failure to

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receive or comply with required permits, licenses or other approvals, liability or violation, would not reasonably be expected to, individually or in the aggregate, have a Material Adverse Effect. For purposes of this Agreement, "Environment" means ambient air, surface water, groundwater, soil, surface and subsurface strata, and natural resources such as wetlands, flora and fauna. "Hazardous Materials" means any substance, material, pollutant, contaminant, chemical, waste, compound, or constituent, in any form, including without limitation, petroleum and petroleum products, subject to regulation or which can give rise to liability under any Environmental Law. "Release" means any release, spill, emission, discharge, deposit, disposal, leaking, pumping, pouring, dumping, emptying, injection or leaching into the Environment, or into, from or through any building, structure or facility.

Compliance with ERISA. (i) Each employee benefit plan, within the meaning of Section 3(3) of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended ("ERISA"), for which the Company or any member of its "Controlled Group" (defined as any organization which is a member of a controlled group of corporations within the meaning of Section 414 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code")) would have any liability (each, a "Plan") has been maintained in compliance with its terms and the requirements of any applicable statutes, orders, rules and regulations, including but not limited to, ERISA and the Code, except for noncompliance that would not, individually or in the aggregate, have a Material Adverse Effect; (ii) no prohibited transaction, within the meaning of Section 406 of ERISA or Section 4975 of the Code, has occurred with respect to any Plan excluding transactions effected pursuant to a statutory or administrative exemption that would not, individually or in the aggregate, have a Material Adverse Effect; (iii) for each Plan that is subject to the funding rules of Section 412 of the Code or Section 302 of ERISA, the minimum funding standard of Section 412 of the Code or Section 302 of ERISA, as applicable, has been satisfied (without taking into account any waiver thereof or extension of any amortization period) and is reasonably expected to be satisfied in the future (without taking into account any waiver thereof or extension of any amortization period), except as would not, individually or in the aggregate, have a Material Adverse Effect; (iv) no "reportable event" (within the meaning of Section 4043(c) of ERISA) has occurred or is reasonably expected to occur that either has had, or would, individually or in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to have, a Material Adverse Effect; (v) neither the Company nor any member of the Controlled Group has incurred, nor reasonably expects to incur, any liability under Title IV of ERISA (other than contributions to the Plan or premiums to the Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation ("PBGC"), in the ordinary course and without default) in respect of a Plan (including a "multiemployer plan", within the meaning of Section 4001(a)(3) of ERISA) that would have a Material Adverse Effect; (vi) to the Company's knowledge, there is no pending audit or investigation by the Internal Revenue Service, the U.S. Department of Labor, the Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation or any other governmental agency or any foreign regulatory agency with respect to any Plan that would, individually or in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect; and (vii) none of the following events has occurred or is reasonably likely to occur, except as would not, individually or in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse

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Effect,: (x) a material increase in the aggregate amount of contributions required to be made to all Plans by the Company or its subsidiaries in the current fiscal year of the Company and its subsidiaries compared to the amount of such contributions made in the Company and its subsidiaries' most recently completed fiscal year; or (y) a material increase in the Company and its subsidiaries' "accumulated post-retirement benefit obligations" (within the meaning of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards 106) compared to the amount of such obligations in the Company and its subsidiaries' most recently completed fiscal year.

- (aa) Disclosure Controls. The Company and its subsidiaries maintain an effective system of "disclosure controls and procedures" (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) of the Exchange Act) that complies with the applicable requirements of the Exchange Act and that has been designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Company in reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Commission's rules and forms, including controls and procedures designed to ensure that such information is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. The Company and its subsidiaries have carried out evaluations of the effectiveness of their disclosure controls and procedures as required by Rule 13a-15 of the Exchange Act.
- (bb) Accounting Controls. The Company and its subsidiaries maintain systems of "internal control over financial reporting" (as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) of the Exchange Act) that comply with the requirements of the Exchange Act and have been designed by, or under the supervision of, their respective principal executive and principal financial officers, or persons performing similar functions, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with GAAP, including, but not limited to, internal accounting controls sufficient to provide reasonable assurance that (i) transactions are executed in accordance with management's general or specific authorizations; (ii) transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP and to maintain asset accountability; (iii) access to assets is permitted only in accordance with management's general or specific authorization; and (iv) the recorded accountability for assets is compared with the existing assets at reasonable intervals and appropriate action is taken with respect to any differences. Except as disclosed in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus, there are no material weaknesses in the Company's internal controls. The Company's auditors and the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors of the Company have been advised of: (i) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal controls over financial reporting which have adversely affected or are reasonably likely to adversely affect the Company's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and (ii) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves

management or other employees who have a significant role in the Company's internal controls over financial reporting.

- (cc) Insurance. The Company and its subsidiaries have insurance covering their respective properties, operations, personnel and businesses, including business interruption insurance, which insurance is in amounts and insures against such losses and risks as are customary for businesses such as the Company's and its subsidiaries'; and neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has (i) received notice from any insurer or agent of such insurer that capital improvements or other expenditures are required or necessary to be made in order to continue such insurance or (ii) any reason to believe that it will not be able to renew its existing insurance coverage as and when such coverage expires or to obtain similar coverage at reasonable cost from similar insurers as may be necessary to continue its business in all material respects.
- (dd) No Unlawful Payments. Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries, nor to the best knowledge of the Company, any director, officer, employee, agent, affiliate or other person acting on behalf of the Company or any of its subsidiaries has: (i) used any corporate funds for any unlawful contribution, gift, entertainment or other unlawful expense relating to political activity; (ii) made or taken an act in furtherance of an offer, promise or authorization of any direct or indirect unlawful payment or benefit to any foreign or domestic government official or employee, including of any government-owned or controlled entity or of a public international organization, or any person acting in an official capacity for or on behalf of any of the foregoing, or any political party or party official or candidate for political office from corporate funds; (iii) violated or is in violation of any provision of the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act of 1977, as amended, or any applicable law or regulation implementing the OECD Convention on Combating Bribery of Foreign Public Officials in International Business Transactions, or committed an offence under the Bribery Act 2010 of the United Kingdom, or any other applicable anti-bribery or anti-corruption law; or (iv) made, offered, agreed, requested or taken an act in furtherance of any unlawful bribe or other unlawful benefit, including, without limitation, any rebate, payoff, influence payment, kickback or other unlawful or improper payment or benefit. The Company and its subsidiaries have instituted, maintain and enforce policies and procedures reasonably designed to promote and ensure compliance with all applicable anti-bribery and anti-corruption laws. Neither the Company nor its subsidiaries will use, directly or indirectly, the proceeds of the offering in furtherance of an offer, payment, promise to pay, or authorization of the payment or giving of money, or anything else of value, to any person in violation of any applicable anti-corruption laws.
- (ee) Compliance with Anti-Money Laundering Laws. The operations of the Company and its subsidiaries are and have been conducted at all times in compliance with applicable financial recordkeeping and reporting requirements relating to anti-money laundering regulations, including those of the Currency and Foreign Transactions Reporting Act of 1970, as amended, the applicable money laundering statutes of all jurisdictions where the Company or any of its subsidiaries conducts business, and the rules and regulations thereunder

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(collectively, the "Anti-Money Laundering Laws"), and no action, suit or proceeding by or before any court or governmental agency, authority or body or any arbitrator involving the Company or any of its subsidiaries with respect to the Anti-Money Laundering Laws is pending or, to the best knowledge of the Company, threatened.

- (ff) No Conflicts with Sanctions Laws. Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries, nor, to the best knowledge of the Company, any director, officer, employee, agent, affiliate or other person acting on behalf of the Company or any of its subsidiaries is, or, to the best knowledge of the Company, is controlled by an individual or entity that is, (i) currently the subject or the target of any sanctions administered or enforced by the U.S. government (including, without limitation, the Office of Foreign Assets Control of the U.S. Department of the Treasury or the U.S. Department of State and including, without limitation, the designation as a "specially designated national" or "blocked person"), the United Nations Security Council, the European Union, Her Majesty's Treasury or other relevant sanctions authority (collectively, "Sanctions"), nor (ii) is the Company or any of its subsidiaries located, organized or resident in a country or territory that is the subject or target of Sanctions, including, without limitation, Crimea, Cuba, Iran, North Korea, Sudan and Syria (each, a "Sanctioned Country"); and the Company will not directly or indirectly use the proceeds of the offering of the Shares hereunder, or lend, contribute or otherwise make available such proceeds to any subsidiary, joint venture partner or other person or entity (i) to fund or facilitate any activities of or business with any person that, at the time of such funding or facilitation, is the subject or target of Sanctions, (ii) to fund or facilitate any activities of or business in any Sanctioned Country or (iii) in any other manner that will result in a violation by any person (including any person participating in the transaction, whether as underwriter, advisor, investor or otherwise) of Sanctions. For the past five years, the Company and its subsidiaries have not knowingly engaged in and are not now knowingly engaged in any dealings or transactions with any person that at the time of the dealing or transaction is or was the subject or the t
- (gg) No Restrictions on Subsidiaries. Except as otherwise disclosed in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus, no subsidiary of the Company is currently prohibited, directly or indirectly, under any agreement or other instrument to which it is a party or is subject, from paying any dividends to the Company, from making any other distribution on such subsidiary's capital stock, from repaying to the Company any loans or advances to such subsidiary from the Company or from transferring any of such subsidiary's properties or assets to the Company or any other subsidiary of the Company.
- (hh) No Broker's Fees. Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries is a party to any contract, agreement or understanding with any person (other than this Agreement) that would give rise to a valid claim against the Company or any of its subsidiaries or any Underwriter for a brokerage commission, finder's fee or like payment in connection with the offering and sale of the Shares.

- (ii) No Registration Rights. Except as disclosed in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus, no person has the right to require the Company or any of its subsidiaries to register any securities for sale under the Securities Act by reason of the filing of the Registration Statement with the Commission, the issuance and sale of the Shares by the Company or, to the knowledge of the Company, the sale of the Shares to be sold by the Selling Stockholders hereunder.
- (jj) No Stabilization. The Company has not taken, directly or indirectly, without giving effect to the activities by the Underwriters, any action designed to or that could reasonably be expected to cause or result in any stabilization or manipulation of the price of the Shares.
- (kk) Margin Rules. The application of the proceeds received by the Company from the issuance, sale and delivery of the Shares as described in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus will not violate Section 7 of the Exchange Act, or any regulation promulgated thereunder, including, Regulation T, U or X of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System or any other regulation of such Board of Governors.
- (II) Forward-Looking Statements. No forward-looking statement (within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act and Section 21E of the Exchange Act) contained in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package or the Prospectus has been made or reaffirmed without a reasonable basis or has been disclosed other than in good faith.

- (mm) Statistical and Market Data. To the Company's knowledge, industry, statistical, market-related and similar data included in each of the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus is based on or derived from sources that the Company or any of the Company's subsidiaries believe, in good faith, to be reliable and accurate in all material respects.
- (nn) Sarbanes-Oxley Act. There is and has been no failure on the part of the Company or, to the knowledge of the Company, any of the Company's directors or officers, in their capacities as such, to comply with any provision of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, as amended and the rules and regulations promulgated in connection therewith applicable as of or prior to the date hereof, including Section 402 related to loans.
- (oo) Status under the Securities Act. At the time of filing the Registration Statement and any post-effective amendment thereto, at the earliest time thereafter that the Company or any offering participant made a bona fide offer (within the meaning of Rule 164(h)(2) under the Securities Act) of the Shares and at the date hereof, the Company was not and is not an "ineligible issuer," as defined in Rule 405 under the Securities Act.
- (pp) Directed Share Program. The Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus, any Preliminary Prospectus and any Issuer Free Writing

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Prospectuses comply, and any further amendments or supplements thereto will comply, with any applicable laws or regulations of foreign jurisdictions in which the Pricing Disclosure Package, the Prospectus, any Preliminary Prospectus and any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus, as amended or supplemented, if applicable, are distributed in connection with the Directed Share Program.

- (qq) Directed Share Program Consent. No consent, approval, authorization or order of, or qualification with, any governmental body or agency, other than those obtained, is required in connection with the offering of the Directed Shares in any jurisdiction where the Directed Shares are being offered.
- (rr) Offers under Directed Share Program. The Company has not offered, or caused Morgan Stanley or any Morgan Stanley Entity as defined in Section 9 to offer, Shares to any person pursuant to the Directed Share Program with the specific intent to unlawfully influence (i) a customer or supplier of the Company to alter the customer's or supplier's level or type of business with the Company, or (ii) a trade journalist or publication to write or publish favorable information about the Company or its products.
- 4. <u>Representations and Warranties of the Selling Stockholders.</u> Each of the Selling Stockholders severally represents and warrants to each Underwriter and the Company that:
 - (a) Required Consents; Authority. All consents, approvals, authorizations and orders necessary for the execution and delivery by such Selling Stockholder of this Agreement and for the sale and delivery of the Shares to be sold by such Selling Stockholder hereunder, have been obtained; and such Selling Stockholder has full right, power and authority to enter into this Agreement and to sell, assign, transfer and deliver the Shares to be sold by such Selling Stockholder hereunder, except in each case for such consents, approvals, authorizations or orders that would not affect the validity of the Shares to be sold by such Selling Stockholder or impair the ability of such Selling Stockholder to consummate the transactions contemplated hereby; this Agreement has been duly authorized, executed and delivered by such Selling Stockholder.
 - (b) No Conflicts. The execution, delivery and performance by such Selling Stockholder of this Agreement, the sale of the Shares to be sold by such Selling Stockholder and the consummation by such Selling Stockholder of the transactions contemplated herein or therein will not (i) conflict with or result in a breach or violation of any of the terms or provisions, or constitute a default under, or result in the creation or imposition of any lien, charge or encumbrance upon any property or assets of such Selling Stockholder pursuant to any indenture, mortgage, deed of trust, loan agreement or other agreement or instrument to which such Selling Stockholder is a party or by which such Selling Stockholder is bound or to which any of the property or assets of such Selling Stockholder is subject, (ii) result in any violation of the provisions of the charter or by-laws or similar organizational documents of such Selling Stockholder or (iii) result in the violation of any law or statute or any judgment, order, rule or regulation of any court or arbitrator or governmental or regulatory agency; other than in the cases of clauses (i) and

- (iii), for such breaches, violations, liens, charges or encumbrances that would not, individually or in the aggregate, affect the validity of the shares to be sold by such Selling Stockholder or the ability of such Selling Stockholder to consummate the transactions contemplated hereby.
- (c) Title to Shares. Upon consummation of the organizational transactions described in the Pricing Disclosure Package under "Summary—Ownership and Organization—Organizational Transactions", such Selling Stockholder will have good and valid title or a valid "security entitlement" (within the meaning Section 8-102(a)(17) of the New York Uniform Commercial Code (the "UCC")) to the Shares to be sold at the Closing Date or the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, by such Selling Stockholder hereunder, free and clear of all liens, encumbrances, equities or adverse claims; upon consummation of the organizational transactions described in the Pricing Disclosure Package under "Summary—Ownership and Organization—Organizational Transactions"), such Selling Stockholder will have, immediately prior to the Closing Date or the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, good and valid title or a valid "security entitlement" (within the meaning Section 8-102(a)(17) of the New York Uniform Commercial Code (the "UCC")) to the Shares to be sold at the Closing Date or the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, by such Selling Stockholder, free and clear of all liens, encumbrances, equities or adverse claims; and, upon consummation of the organizational transactions described in the Pricing Disclosure Package under "Summary—Ownership and Organization—Organizational Transactions"), assuming that each Underwriter and DTC or other securities intermediary acquires its interest in the Shares it has purchased from such Selling Stockholder without notice of any adverse claim (within the meaning of Section 8-105 of the UCC), each Underwriter that has purchased such Shares delivered on the Closing Date or the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, to DTC or other securities intermediary by making payment therefor as provided herein, and that has had such Securities credited to the Date, as the case may be, to DTC or other securities intermediary by making payment therefor as provided herein, and that has had such Securi
- (d) No Stabilization. Such Selling Stockholder has not taken and will not take, directly or indirectly, any action designed to or that could reasonably be expected to cause or result in any stabilization or manipulation of the price of the Shares.
- (e) Pricing Disclosure Package. The Pricing Disclosure Package, at the Applicable Time did not, and as of the Closing Date and as of the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, will not, contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary in order to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading; provided that such representations and warranties set forth in this paragraph (e) apply only to statements or omissions made in reliance upon and in conformity with information relating to such Selling Stockholder

furnished to the Company in writing by or on behalf of such Selling Stockholder expressly for use in such Pricing Disclosure Package, it being understood and agreed that the only such information furnished by any Selling Stockholder consists of (i) the legal name, address and the number of shares owned by such Selling Stockholder and (ii) the other information (excluding percentages) with respect to such Selling Stockholder which appears in the table (and corresponding footnotes) under the caption "Principal and Selling Stockholders" in the Pricing Disclosure Package (the "Selling Stockholder Information").

- (f) Issuer Free Writing Prospectus. Other than the Registration Statement, the Preliminary Prospectus and the Prospectus, such Selling Stockholder (including its agents and representatives, other than the Underwriters in their capacity as such) has not prepared, used, authorized, approved or referred to and will not prepare, use, authorize, approve or refer to any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus, other than (i) any document not constituting a prospectus pursuant to Section 2(a)(10) (a) of the Securities Act or Rule 134 under the Securities Act or (ii) the documents listed on Annex A or Annex B hereto, each electronic road show and any other written communications approved in writing in advance by the Company and the Representatives.
- Registration Statement and Prospectus. As of the applicable effective date of the Registration Statement and any post-effective amendment thereto, the Registration Statement and any such post-effective amendment complied and will comply in all material respects with the Securities Act, and did not and will not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary in order to make the statements therein not misleading; and as of the date of the Prospectus and any amendment or supplement thereto and as of the Closing Date and as of the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, the Prospectus will not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary in order to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading; provided that such representations and warranties set forth in this paragraph (g) apply only to statements or omissions made in reliance upon and in conformity with Selling Stockholder Information.
- (h) Organization and Good Standing. Such Selling Stockholder has been duly organized and is validly existing and in good standing under the laws of its respective jurisdictions of organization, is duly qualified to do business and is in good standing in each jurisdiction in which its respective ownership or lease of property or the conduct of their respective businesses requires such qualification, and have all power and authority necessary to own or hold its respective properties and to conduct the businesses in which it is engaged, except where the failure to be so qualified or in good standing or have such power or authority would not, individually or in the aggregate, have a Material Adverse Effect.
- (i) ERISA. Such Selling Stockholder is not an employee benefit plan subject to Title I of ERISA or an entity that holds, or has held, "plan assets" as such term is defined in 29 CFR 2510.3-101, as modified by Section 3(42) of ERISA.

Each of the Selling Stockholders specifically agrees that the obligations of such Selling Stockholder hereunder shall not be terminated by operation of law, whether by

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the death or incapacity of any individual Selling Stockholder, or, in the case of an estate or trust, by the death or incapacity of any executor or trustee or the termination of such estate or trust, or in the case of a partnership, corporation or similar organization, by the dissolution of such partnership, corporation or organization, or by the occurrence of any other event. If any individual Selling Stockholder or any such executor or trustee should die or become incapacitated, or if any such estate or trust should be terminated, or if any such partnership, corporation or similar organization should be dissolved, or if any other such event should occur, before the delivery of the Shares hereunder, certificates representing such Shares shall be delivered by or on behalf of such Selling Stockholder in accordance with the terms and conditions of this Agreement.

- 5. Further Agreements of the Company. The Company covenants and agrees with each Underwriter that:
- (a) Required Filings. The Company will file the final Prospectus with the Commission within the time periods specified by Rule 424(b) and Rule 430A under the Securities Act, will file any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus to the extent required by Rule 433 under the Securities Act and will furnish copies of the Prospectus and each Issuer Free Writing Prospectus (to the extent not previously delivered) to the Underwriters in New York City prior to 10:00 A.M., New York City time, on the business day next succeeding the date of this Agreement in such quantities as the Representatives may reasonably request.
- (b) Delivery of Copies. The Company will deliver, without charge, (i) to the Representatives, three copies of the Registration Statement as originally filed and each amendment thereto, in each case including all exhibits and consents filed therewith; and (ii) to each Underwriter (A) a conformed copy of the Registration Statement as originally filed and each amendment thereto (without exhibits) and (B) during the Prospectus Delivery Period (as defined below), as many copies of the Prospectus (including all amendments and supplements thereto and each Issuer Free Writing Prospectus) as the Representatives may reasonably request. As used herein, the term "Prospectus Delivery Period" means such period of time after the first date of the public offering of the Shares as in the opinion of counsel for the Underwriters a prospectus relating to the Shares is required by law to be delivered (or required to be delivered but for Rule 172 under the Securities Act) in connection with sales of the Shares by any Underwriter or dealer.
- (c) Amendments or Supplements, Issuer Free Writing Prospectuses. Before using, authorizing, approving, referring to or filing any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus, and before filing any amendment or supplement to the Registration Statement or the Prospectus, the Company will furnish to the Representatives and counsel for the Underwriters a copy of the proposed Issuer Free Writing Prospectus, amendment or supplement for review and will not prepare, use, authorize, approve, refer to or file any such Issuer Free Writing Prospectus or file any such proposed amendment or supplement to which the Representatives reasonably object.

- (d) Notice to the Representatives. The Company will advise the Representatives promptly, and confirm such advice in writing (which may be by electronic mail), (i) when the Registration Statement has become effective; (ii) when any amendment to the Registration Statement has been filed or becomes effective; (iii) when any supplement to the Prospectus, any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus or any amendment to the Prospectus has been filed or distributed; (iv) of any request by the Commission for any amendment to the Prospectus or the receipt of any comments from the Commission relating to the Registration Statement or any amendment or supplement to the Prospectus or the receipt of any comments from the Commission relating to the Registration Statement or preventing or suspending the use of any Preliminary Prospectus, any of the Pricing Disclosure Package or the Prospectus or the initiation or threatening of any proceeding for that purpose or pursuant to Section 8A of the Securities Act; (vi) of the occurrence of any event or development within the Prospectus Delivery Period as a result of which the Prospectus, the Pricing Disclosure Package or any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus as then amended or supplemented would include any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary in order to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances existing when the Prospectus, the Pricing Disclosure Package or any such Issuer Free Writing Prospectus is delivered to a purchaser, not misleading; and (vii) of the receipt by the Company of any notice with respect to any suspension of the qualification of the Shares for offer and sale in any jurisdiction or the initiation or threatening of any proceeding for such purpose; and the Company will use its commercially reasonable efforts to prevent the issuance of any such order suspending the effectiveness of the Registration Statement, preventing or suspending the use of any Preliminary Prospectus, any of the Pricing Disclosure Package or the P
 - (e) Ongoing Compliance. (1) If during the Prospectus Delivery Period (i) any event or development shall occur or condition shall exist as a result of

which the Prospectus as then amended or supplemented would include any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state any material fact necessary in order to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances existing when the Prospectus is delivered to a purchaser, not misleading or (ii) it is necessary to amend or supplement the Prospectus to comply with law, the Company will promptly notify the Underwriters thereof and forthwith prepare and, subject to paragraph (c) above, file with the Commission and furnish to the Underwriters and to such dealers as the Representatives may designate such amendments or supplements to the Prospectus as may be necessary so that the statements in the Prospectus as so amended or supplemented will not, in the light of the circumstances existing when the Prospectus is delivered to a purchaser, be misleading or so that the Prospectus will comply with the Securities Act and (2) if at any time prior to the Closing Date (i) any event or development shall occur or condition shall exist as a result of which the Pricing Disclosure Package as then amended or supplemented would include any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state any material fact necessary in order to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances existing when the Pricing Disclosure

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Package is delivered to a purchaser, not misleading or (ii) it is necessary to amend or supplement the Pricing Disclosure Package to comply with law, the Company will promptly notify the Underwriters thereof and forthwith prepare and, subject to paragraph (c) above, file with the Commission (to the extent required) and furnish to the Underwriters and to such dealers as the Representatives may designate, such amendments or supplements to the Pricing Disclosure Package as may be necessary so that the statements in the Pricing Disclosure Package as so amended or supplemented will not, in the light of the circumstances existing when the Pricing Disclosure Package is delivered to a purchaser, be misleading or so that the Pricing Disclosure Package will comply with the Securities Act.

- (f) Blue Sky Compliance. The Company will qualify the Shares for offer and sale under the securities or Blue Sky laws of such jurisdictions as the Representatives shall reasonably request and will continue such qualifications in effect so long as required for distribution of the Shares; provided that the Company shall not be required to (i) qualify as a foreign corporation or other entity or as a dealer in securities in any such jurisdiction where it would not otherwise be required to so qualify, (ii) file any general consent to service of process in any such jurisdiction or (iii) subject itself to taxation in any such jurisdiction if it is not otherwise so subject.
- (g) Earning Statement. The Company will make generally available to its security holders and the Representatives as soon as practicable an earnings statement that satisfies the provisions of Section 11(a) of the Securities Act and Rule 158 of the Commission promulgated thereunder covering a period of at least twelve months beginning with the first fiscal quarter of the Company occurring after the "effective date" (as defined in Rule 158) of the Registration Statement; provided, that, the Company will be deemed to comply with such requirement by filing such earnings statements on the Commission's Electronic, Data Gathering, Analysis and Retrieval System (or any successor system).
- (h) Clear Market. For a period of 180 days after the date of the Prospectus (the "Restricted Period"), the Company will not (i) offer, pledge, sell, contract to sell, sell any option or contract to purchase, purchase any option or contract to sell, grant any option, right or warrant to purchase, or otherwise transfer or dispose of, directly or indirectly, or file with the Commission a registration statement under the Securities Act relating to, any shares of Stock or any securities convertible into or exercisable or exchangeable for Stock, or publicly disclose the intention to make any offer, sale, pledge, disposition or filing, or (ii) enter into any swap or other agreement that transfers, in whole or in part, any of the economic consequences of ownership of the Stock or any such other securities, whether any such transaction described in clause (i) or (ii) above is to be settled by delivery of Stock or such other securities, in cash or otherwise, without the prior written consent of J.P. Morgan Securities LLC and Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC, other than (1) the Shares to be sold hereunder, (2) any shares of Stock of the Company issued in connection with the organizational transactions described in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus under "Summary—Ownership and Organization—Organizational

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Transactions," (3) the filing by the Company of registration statements on Form S-8 with respect to benefit plans described in the Registration Statement, Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus, (4) the issuance by the Company of any class of common stock of the Company or any securities convertible into or exercisable or exchangeable for any class of common stock of the Company issued under a registration statement or pursuant to an exemption from registration in connection with one or more acquisitions of a company or a business, securities, property or assets of another person or entity, joint venture, commercial relationship or strategic alliance (or the entering into of an agreement or agreements with respect thereto); provided that such issuance does not exceed in an aggregate amount 10% of the Company's Class A Common Stock and Class B Common Stock outstanding immediately following the sale of the Shares contemplated by this Agreement, provided in the case of clause (4), the recipients of the Shares signed a lock-up agreement in the agreed upon form for the balance of the Restricted Period or (5) the filing of a registration statement on Form S-4 or other appropriate form with respect to the issuance by the Company of shares of any class of the common stock of the Company or any securities convertible into or exercisable or exchangeable for shares of any class of the Company's common stock in connection with future business combinations or acquisitions (or the entering into of an acquisition or similar agreement with respect thereto).

- If J.P. Morgan Securities LLC and Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC, in their sole discretion, agree to release or waive the restrictions set forth in Section 6(a) or a lock-up letter described in Section 8(r) hereof for an officer or director of the Company and provides the Company with notice of the impending release or waiver substantially in the form of Exhibit A hereto at least three business days before the effective date of the release or waiver, the Company agrees to announce the impending release or waiver by a press release substantially in the form of Exhibit B hereto through a major news service at least two business days before the effective date of the release or waiver.
- (i) Use of Proceeds. The Company will apply the net proceeds it receives from the sale of the Shares as described in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus under the heading "Use of Proceeds".
- (j) No Stabilization. The Company will not take, directly or indirectly, any action designed to or that could reasonably be expected to cause or result in any stabilization or manipulation of the price of the Stock.
- (k) Exchange Listing. The Company will use its reasonable best efforts to list, subject to notice of issuance, the Shares on the New York Stock Exchange.
- (l) Reports. For a period of five years following the date hereof, so long as the Shares are outstanding, the Company will furnish to the Representatives, promptly after they are available, copies of all reports or other communications (financial or other) furnished to holders of the Shares, and copies of any reports and financial statements furnished to or filed with the Commission or any national securities exchange or automatic

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quotation system; <u>provided</u> the Company will be deemed to have furnished such reports and financial statements to the Representatives to the extent they are filed on the Commission's Electronic Data Gathering, Analysis, and Retrieval system.

(m) Record Retention. The Company will, pursuant to reasonable procedures developed in good faith, retain copies of each Issuer Free Writing

Prospectus that is not filed with the Commission in accordance with Rule 433 under the Securities Act.

- (n) Filings. The Company will file with the Commission such reports as may be required by Rule 463 under the Securities Act.
- (o) Directed Share Program. The Company will comply with all applicable securities and other laws, rules and regulations in each jurisdiction in which the Directed Shares are offered in connection with the Directed Share Program.
- 6. Further Agreements of the Selling Stockholders. Each of the Selling Stockholders covenants and agrees with each Underwriter that:
- (a) Lock-up Agreements. Such Selling Stockholder has duly executed and delivered to the Representatives a lock-up agreement substantially in the form of Exhibit C hereto.
- (b) No Stabilization. Such Selling Stockholder will not take, directly or indirectly, any action designed to or that could reasonably be expected to cause or result in any stabilization or manipulation of the price of the Stock.
- (c) Tax Form. It will deliver to the Representatives prior to or at the Closing Date a properly completed and executed United States Treasury Department Form W-9 or applicable Form W-8 (or other applicable form or statement specified by the Treasury Department regulations in lieu thereof) in order to facilitate the Underwriters' documentation of their compliance with the reporting and withholding provisions of the Tax Equity and Fiscal Responsibility Act of 1982 with respect to the transactions herein contemplated.
- (d) Use of Proceeds. It will not directly or indirectly use the proceeds of the offering of the Shares hereunder, or lend, contribute or otherwise make available such proceeds to a subsidiary, joint venture partner or other person or entity (i) to fund or facilitate any activities of or business with any person that, at the time of such funding or facilitation, is the subject of target of Sanctions, (ii) to fund or facilitate any activities of or business in any Sanctioned Country or (iii) in any other manner that will result in a violation by any person (including any person participating in the transaction, whether as underwriter, advisor, investor or otherwise) of Sanctions. Neither such Selling Stockholder nor their respective subsidiaries will, directly or indirectly, use the proceeds of the offering of the Shares hereunder in furtherance of an offer, payment, promise to pay, or authorization of the payment or giving of money, or anything else of value, to any person in violation of any applicable anti-corruption laws.

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- Certain Agreements of the Underwriters. Each Underwriter hereby represents and agrees that:
- (a) It has not used, authorized use of, referred to or participated in the planning for use of, and will not use, authorize use of, refer to or participate in the planning for use of, any "free writing prospectus", as defined in Rule 405 under the Securities Act (which term includes use of any written information furnished to the Commission by the Company and not incorporated by reference into the Registration Statement and any press release issued by the Company) other than (i) a free writing prospectus that contains no "issuer information" (as defined in Rule 433(h)(2) under the Securities Act) that was not included (including through incorporation by reference) in the Preliminary Prospectus or a previously filed Issuer Free Writing Prospectus, (ii) any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus listed on Annex A or prepared pursuant to Section 3(c) or Section 4(c) above (including any electronic road show approved in advance by the Company) or (iii) any free writing prospectus prepared by such underwriter and approved by the Company in advance in writing (each such free writing prospectus referred to in clauses (i) or (iii), an "Underwriter Free Writing Prospectus").
- (b) It has not and will not, without the prior written consent of the Company, use any free writing prospectus that contains the final terms of the offering of the Shares unless such terms have previously been included in a free writing prospectus filed with the Commission.
- (c) It is not subject to any pending proceeding under Section 8A of the Securities Act with respect to the offering (and will promptly notify the Company and the Selling Stockholders if any such proceeding against it is initiated during the Prospectus Delivery Period).
- 8. <u>Conditions of Underwriters' Obligations.</u> The obligation of each Underwriter to purchase the Underwritten Shares on the Closing Date or the Option Shares on the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, as provided herein is subject to the performance by the Company and each of the Selling Stockholders of their respective covenants and other obligations hereunder and to the following additional conditions:
 - (a) Registration Compliance; No Stop Order. No order suspending the effectiveness of the Registration Statement shall be in effect, and no proceeding for such purpose or pursuant to Section 8A under the Securities Act shall be pending before or, to the knowledge of the Company, threatened by the Commission; the Prospectus and each Issuer Free Writing Prospectus shall have been timely filed with the Commission under the Securities Act (in the case of an Issuer Free Writing Prospectus, to the extent required by Rule 433 under the Securities Act) and in accordance with Section 5(a) hereof; and all requests by the Commission for additional information shall have been complied with to the reasonable satisfaction of the Representatives.
 - (b) Representations and Warranties. The respective representations and warranties of the Company and the Selling Stockholders contained herein shall be true and

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correct on the date hereof and on and as of the Closing Date or the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be; and the statements of the Company and its officers and of each of the Selling Stockholders made in any certificates delivered pursuant to this Agreement shall be true and correct on and as of the Closing Date or the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be.

- (c) No Downgrade. Subsequent to the earlier of (A) the Applicable Time and (B) the execution and delivery of this Agreement, (i) no downgrading shall have occurred in the rating accorded any debt securities or preferred stock issued or guaranteed by the Company or any of its subsidiaries by any "nationally recognized statistical rating organization," as such term is defined under Section 3(a)(62) under the Exchange Act and (ii) no such organization shall have publicly announced that it has under surveillance or review, or has changed its outlook with respect to, its rating of any such debt securities or preferred stock issued or guaranteed by the Company or any of its subsidiaries (other than an announcement with positive implications of a possible upgrading).
- (d) No Material Adverse Change. Neither (i) any material adverse change, or any development that would reasonably be expected to result in a material adverse change, in the condition, financial or otherwise, or in the earnings, business or operations, whether or not arising from transactions in the ordinary course of business, of the Company and the Company's subsidiaries, considered as one entity, or on the performance by the Company of its obligations under this Agreement nor (ii) any event or condition of a type described in Section 3(f)(ii) hereof shall have occurred or shall exist, which event or condition is not described in the Pricing Disclosure Package (excluding any amendment or supplement thereto) and the Prospectus (excluding any amendment or supplement thereto) and the effect of which in the judgment of the Representatives is so material and adverse as to make it impracticable or inadvisable to proceed with the offering, sale or delivery of the Shares on the Closing Date or the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, on the terms and in the manner contemplated by this Agreement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus.

(e) Officers' Certificate. The Representatives shall have received on and as of the Closing Date or the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, (x) a certificate, on behalf of the Company, of the chief financial officer or chief accounting officer of the Company and one additional senior executive officer of the Company who is satisfactory to the Representatives (i) confirming that such officers have carefully reviewed the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus and, to the knowledge of such officers, the representations of the Company set forth in Sections 3(b) and 3(d) hereof are true and correct, (ii) confirming that the other representations and warranties of the Company in this Agreement are true and correct and that the Company has complied in all material respects with all agreements and satisfied all conditions on its part to be performed or satisfied hereunder at or prior to the Closing Date or the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, and (iii) to the effect set forth in paragraphs (a), (c) and (d) above and (y) a certificate of each of the Selling Stockholders, in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to the Representatives, (A) confirming that the representations

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of such Selling Stockholder set forth in Sections 4(e), 4(f) and 4(g) hereof is true and correct and (B) confirming that the other representations and warranties of such Selling Stockholder in this Agreement are true and correct and that such Selling Stockholder has complied in all material respects with all agreements and satisfied all conditions on its part to be performed or satisfied hereunder at or prior to such Closing Date.

- (f) Comfort Letters. (i) On the date of this Agreement and on the Closing Date or the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, KPMG LLP and PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP shall have furnished to the Representatives, at the request of the Company, letters, dated the respective dates of delivery thereof and addressed to the Underwriters, in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to the Representatives, containing statements and information of the type customarily included in accountants' "comfort letters" to underwriters with respect to the financial statements and certain financial information contained in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus; provided, that the letter delivered on the Closing Date or the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, shall use a "cut-off" date no more than three business days prior to such Closing Date or such Additional Closing Date, as the case may be.
 - (ii) On the date of this Agreement and on the Closing Date or the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, the Company shall have furnished to the Representatives a certificate, dated the respective dates of delivery thereof and addressed to the Underwriters, of its chief financial officer with respect to certain financial data contained in the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus, providing "management comfort" with respect to such information, in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to the Representatives.
- (g) Opinion and 10b-5 Statement of Counsel for the Company. Shearman & Sterling LLP, counsel for the Company, shall have furnished to the Representatives, at the request of the Company, their written opinion and 10b-5 statement, dated the Closing Date or the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, and addressed to the Underwriters, in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to the Representatives, to the effect set forth in Annex C-1 hereto.
- (h) Opinion of Counsel for the Selling Stockholders. Latham & Watkins LLP, counsel for the Selling Stockholders, shall have furnished to the Representatives, at the request of the Selling Stockholders, their written opinion, dated the Closing Date or the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, and addressed to the Underwriters, in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to the Representatives, to the effect set forth in Annex C-2 hereto.
- (i) Opinion of Canadian Counsel for the Selling Stockholders. Torys LLP, Canadian counsel for the Selling Stockholders, shall have furnished to the Representatives, at the request of the Selling Stockholders, their written opinion, dated the Closing Date or the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, and addressed to the Underwriters,

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in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to the Representatives, to the effect set forth in Annex C-3 hereto.

- (j) Opinion of Maltese Counsel for the Selling Stockholders. Ganado Advocates, Maltese counsel for the Selling Stockholders, shall have furnished to the Representatives, at the request of the Selling Stockholders, their written opinion, dated the Closing Date or the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, and addressed to the Underwriters, in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to the Representatives, to the effect set forth in Annex C-4 hereto.
- (k) Opinion of Regulatory Counsel for the Company. Jenner & Block LLP, special regulatory counsel for the Company, shall have furnished to the Representatives, at the request of the Company, their written opinion, dated the Closing Date or the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, and addressed to the Underwriters, in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to the Representatives, to the effect set forth in Annex C-5 hereto.
- (l) Opinion of Tax Counsel for the Company. Mayer Brown LLP, special tax counsel for the Company, shall have furnished to the Representatives, at the request of the Company, their written opinion, dated the Closing Date or the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, and addressed to the Underwriters, in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to the Representatives, to the effect set forth in Annex C-6 hereto.
- (m) Opinion of General Counsel of Company. General Counsel for the Company, David Connolly, shall have furnished to the Representatives a written opinion, dated the Closing Date or the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, and addressed to the Underwriters, in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to the Representatives, to the effect set forth in Annex C-7 hereto.
- (n) Opinion and 10b-5 Statement of Counsel for the Underwriters. The Representatives shall have received on and as of the Closing Date or the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, an opinion and 10b-5 statement of Ropes & Gray LLP, counsel for the Underwriters, with respect to such matters as the Representatives may reasonably request, and such counsel shall have received such documents and information as they may reasonably request to enable them to pass upon such matters.
- (o) No Legal Impediment to Issuance and/or Sale. No action shall have been taken and no statute, rule, regulation or order shall have been enacted, adopted or issued by any federal, state or foreign governmental or regulatory authority that would, as of the Closing Date or the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, prevent the issuance or sale of the Shares by the Company or the sale of the Shares by the Selling Stockholders; and no injunction or order of any federal, state or foreign court shall have been issued that would, as of the Closing Date or the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, prevent the issuance or sale of the Shares by the Company or the sale of the Shares by the Selling Stockholders.

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(p) Good Standing. The Representatives shall have received on and as of the Closing Date or the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, satisfactory evidence of the good standing of the Company and its subsidiaries in their respective jurisdictions of organization and their good standing as foreign entities in such other jurisdictions as the Representatives may reasonably request, in each case in writing or any standard form of telecommunication from the appropriate governmental authorities of such jurisdictions.

- (q) Exchange Listing. The Shares to be delivered on the Closing Date or the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, shall have been approved for listing on the Exchange, subject to official notice of issuance.
- (r) Lock-up Agreements. The "lock-up" agreements, each substantially in the form of Exhibit C hereto, between you and certain shareholders, officers and directors of the Company relating to sales and certain other dispositions of shares of Stock or certain other securities, delivered to you on or before the date hereof, shall be in full force and effect on the Closing Date or the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be.
- (s) Additional Documents. On or prior to the Closing Date or the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, the Company and the Selling Stockholders shall have furnished to the Representatives such further certificates and documents as the Representatives may reasonably request.

All opinions, letters, certificates and evidence mentioned above or elsewhere in this Agreement shall be deemed to be in compliance with the provisions hereof only if they are in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to counsel for the Underwriters.

Indemnification and Contribution.

(a) Indemnification of the Underwriters and the Selling Stockholders by the Company and Selling Stockholders. The Company agrees to indemnify, defend, and hold harmless each Underwriter, its affiliates, directors and officers and each person, if any, who controls such Underwriter within the meaning of Section 15 of the Securities Act or Section 20 of the Exchange Act, and each Selling Stockholder, its affiliates, directors and officers and each person, if any, who controls such Selling Stockholder within the meaning of Section 15 of the Securities Act or Section 20 of the Exchange Act from and against any and all losses, claims, damages and liabilities (including, without limitation, legal fees and other expenses incurred in connection with any suit, action or proceeding or any claim asserted, as such fees and expenses are reasonably incurred), joint or several, that arise out of, or are based upon, (i) any untrue statement or alleged untrue statement of a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary in order to make the statements therein, not misleading, or (ii) any untrue statement or alleged untrue statement of a material fact contained in the Prospectus (or any amendment or supplement thereto), any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus, any "issuer information" filed or required to be filed pursuant to Rule 433(d) under the Securities Act, any roadshow as defined in Rule 433(h) under the Securities Act (a "road show"), or any Pricing Disclosure Package, or caused by any omission or alleged omission to state therein a material fact necessary in order to make

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the statements therein, in light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading, in each case except insofar as such losses, claims, damages or liabilities arise out of, or are based upon, any untrue statement or omission or alleged untrue statement or omission made in reliance upon and in conformity with any information relating to any Underwriter furnished to the Company in writing by such Underwriter through the Representatives expressly for use therein, it being understood and agreed that the only such information furnished by any Underwriter consists of the Underwriter Information.

- (b) Indemnification of the Underwriters and the Company by the Selling Stockholders. Each of the Selling Stockholders, severally and not jointly, in proportion to the number of Shares to be sold by such Selling Stockholder hereunder, agrees to indemnify, defend and hold harmless the Company and each Underwriter, and each of their affiliates, directors and officers and each person, if any, who controls the Company or such Underwriter within the meaning of Section 15 of the Securities Act or Section 20 of the Exchange Act to the same extent as the indemnity set forth in paragraph (a) above, insofar as such losses, claims, damages or liabilities arise out of, or are based upon, any untrue statement or omission or alleged untrue statement or omission made in reliance upon and in conformity with any Selling Stockholder Information. The liability of each Selling Stockholder under the indemnity and contribution agreements contained in this Section 9 shall be limited to an amount equal to (i) the number of Shares sold by such Selling Stockholder under this Agreement multiplied by (ii) the Public Offering Price (minus related underwriting discounts and commissions).
- (c) Indemnification of the Company and the Selling Stockholders. Each Underwriter agrees, severally and not jointly, to indemnify and hold harmless the Company, its directors, its officers who signed the Registration Statement and each person, if any, who controls the Company within the meaning of Section 15 of the Securities Act or Section 20 of the Exchange Act and each of the Selling Stockholders to the same extent as the indemnity set forth in paragraph (a) above, but only with respect to any losses, claims, damages or liabilities that arise out of, or are based upon, any untrue statement or omission or alleged untrue statement or omission made in reliance upon and in conformity with any information relating to such Underwriter furnished to the Company in writing by such Underwriter through the Representatives expressly for use in the Registration Statement, the Prospectus (or any amendment or supplement thereto), any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus, any road show or any Pricing Disclosure Package, it being understood and agreed upon that the only such information furnished by any Underwriter consists of the following information in the Prospectus furnished on behalf of each Underwriter: (i) the concession and reallowance figures appearing in the [first and second] paragraph under the caption "Underwriting" and (ii) the information contained in the [eighth, thirteenth, fourteenth and fifteenth] paragraphs under the caption "Underwriting" relating to distributions, price stabilization, short positions and penalty bids (the "Underwriter Information").
- (d) Notice and Procedures. If any suit, action, proceeding (including any governmental or regulatory investigation), claim or demand shall be brought or asserted against any person in respect of which indemnification may be sought pursuant to the preceding paragraphs of this Section 9, such person (the "Indemnified Person") shall promptly notify the person against whom such indemnification may be sought (the "Indemnifying Person") in writing; provided

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that the failure to notify the Indemnifying Person shall not relieve it from any liability that it may have under the preceding paragraphs of this Section 9 except to the extent that it has been materially prejudiced (through the forfeiture of substantive rights or defenses) by such failure; and provided further that the failure to notify the Indemnifying Person shall not relieve it from any liability that it may have to an Indemnified Person otherwise than under the preceding paragraphs of this Section 9. If any such proceeding shall be brought or asserted against an Indemnified Person and it shall have notified the Indemnifying Person thereof, the Indemnifying Person shall retain counsel reasonably satisfactory to the Indemnified Person (who shall not, without the consent of the Indemnified Person, be counsel to the Indemnifying Person) to represent the Indemnified Person in such proceeding and shall pay the fees and expenses of such counsel related to such proceeding, as reasonably incurred. In any such proceeding, any Indemnified Person shall have the right to retain its own counsel, but the fees and expenses of such counsel shall be at the expense of such Indemnified Person unless (i) the Indemnifying Person and the Indemnified Person shall have mutually agreed to the contrary; (ii) the Indemnifying Person has failed within a reasonable time to retain counsel reasonably satisfactory to the Indemnified Person; (iii) the Indemnified Person shall have reasonably concluded based on the advice of counsel that there may be legal defenses available to it that are different from or in addition to those available to the Indemnifying Person; or (iv) the named parties in any such proceeding (including any impleaded parties) include both the Indemnifying Person and the Indemnified Person and it can be reasonably concluded that representation of both parties by the same counsel would be inappropriate due to actual or potential differing interests between them. It is understood and agreed that the Indemnifying Person shall not, in connection with any proceeding or related proceedings in the same jurisdiction, be liable for the fees and expenses of more than one separate firm (in addition to any one local counsel in each applicable jurisdiction) for all Indemnified Persons, and that all such fees and expenses shall be paid or reimbursed promptly as they are reasonably incurred. Any such separate firm for any Underwriter, its affiliates, directors and officers and any control persons of such Underwriter shall be designated in writing by the Representatives, any such separate firm for the Company, its directors, its officers who signed the Registration Statement and any control persons of the Company shall be designated in writing by the Company and any such separate firm for the Selling Stockholders shall be designated in writing by any one of them. The Indemnifying Person shall not be liable for any settlement of any proceeding effected without its written consent (which shall not be unreasonably withheld, delayed or conditioned), but if settled with such consent or if there be a final judgment for the plaintiff, the Indemnifying Person agrees to indemnify each Indemnified Person from and against any loss or liability by reason of such settlement or judgment. No Indemnifying Person shall, without the written consent of the Indemnified Person, effect any settlement of any pending or threatened proceeding in respect of which any Indemnified Person is or could have been a party and indemnification could have been sought hereunder by such Indemnified Person, unless such

settlement (x) includes an unconditional release of such Indemnified Person, in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to such Indemnified Person, from all liability on claims that are the subject matter of such proceeding and (y) does not include any statement as to or any admission of fault, culpability or a failure to act by or on behalf of any Indemnified Person.

(e) Contribution. If the indemnification provided for in paragraphs (a), (b) and (c) above is unavailable to an Indemnified Person or insufficient in respect of any losses, claims,

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damages or liabilities referred to therein, then each Indemnifying Person under such paragraph, in lieu of indemnifying such Indemnified Person thereunder, shall contribute to the amount paid or payable by such Indemnified Person as a result of such losses, claims, damages or liabilities (i) in such proportion as is appropriate to reflect the relative benefits received by the Company and the Selling Stockholders, on the one hand, and the Underwriters on the other, from the offering of the Shares or (ii) if the allocation provided by clause (i) is not permitted by applicable law, in such proportion as is appropriate to reflect not only the relative benefits referred to in clause (i) but also the relative fault of the Company and the Selling Stockholders, on the one hand, and the Underwriters on the other, in connection with the statements or omissions that resulted in such losses, claims, damages or liabilities, as well as any other relevant equitable considerations. The relative benefits received by the Company and the Selling Stockholders, on the one hand, and the Underwriters on the other, shall be deemed to be in the same respective proportions as the net proceeds (before deducting expenses) received by the Company and the Selling Stockholders from the sale of the Shares and the total underwriting discounts and commissions received by the Underwriters in connection therewith, in each case as set forth in the table on the cover of the Prospectus, bear to the aggregate offering price of the Shares. The relative fault of the Company and the Selling Stockholders, on the one hand, and the Underwriters on the other, shall be determined by reference to, among other things, whether the untrue or alleged untrue statement of a material fact or the omission or alleged omission to state a material fact relates to information supplied by the Company and the Selling Stockholders or by the Underwriters and the parties' relative intent, knowledge, access to information and opportunity to correct or prevent such statement or

- (f) Limitation on Liability. The Company, the Selling Stockholders and the Underwriters agree that it would not be just and equitable if contribution pursuant to paragraph (e) above were determined by pro rata allocation (even if the Selling Stockholders or the Underwriters were treated as one entity for such purpose) or by any other method of allocation that does not take account of the equitable considerations referred to in paragraph (e) above. The amount paid or payable by an Indemnified Person as a result of the losses, claims, damages and liabilities referred to in paragraph (e) above shall be deemed to include, subject to the limitations set forth above, any legal or other expenses reasonably incurred by such Indemnified Person in connection with any such action or claim. Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraphs (e) and (f), in no event shall (i) an Underwriter be required to contribute any amount in excess of the amount by which the total underwriting discounts and commissions received by such Underwriter with respect to the offering of the Shares exceeds the amount of any damages that such Underwriter has otherwise been required to pay by reason of such untrue or alleged untrue statement or omission or alleged omission or (ii) the aggregate liability of a Selling Stockholder under Section 9(b) and Section 9(e) exceed the limit set forth in Section 9(b). No person guilty of fraudulent misrepresentation (within the meaning of Section 11(f) of the Securities Act) shall be entitled to contribution from any person who was not guilty of such fraudulent misrepresentation. The Underwriters' obligations to contribute pursuant to paragraphs (e) and (f) are several in proportion to their respective purchase obligations hereunder and not joint.
- (g) Directed Share Program Indemnification. The Company agrees to indemnify, defend and hold harmless Morgan Stanley, each person, if any, who controls Morgan Stanley with-

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in the meaning of either Section 15 of the Securities Act or Section 20 of the Exchange Act and each affiliate of Morgan Stanley within the meaning of Rule 405 of the Securities Act (collectively, the "Morgan Stanley Entities") from and against any and all losses, claims, damages and liabilities (including, without limitation, any legal or other expenses reasonably incurred in connection with defending or investigating any such action or claim) (i) caused by any untrue statement or alleged untrue statement of a material fact contained in any material prepared by or with the consent of the Company for distribution to Participants in connection with the Directed Share Program or caused by any omission or alleged omission to state therein a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements therein not misleading; (ii) caused by the failure of any Participant to pay for and accept delivery of Directed Shares that the Participant agreed to purchase; or (iii) related to, arising out of, or in connection with the Directed Share Program, other than losses, claims, damages or liabilities (or expenses relating thereto) that are finally judicially determined to have resulted from the bad faith or gross negligence of the Morgan Stanley Entities.

In case any proceeding (including any governmental investigation) shall be instituted involving any Morgan Stanley Entity in respect of which indemnity may be sought pursuant to paragraph (g) above, the Morgan Stanley Entity seeking indemnity shall promptly notify the Company in writing and the Company, shall be entitled to participate therein, and to the extent it wishes, jointly with any other indemnifying party similar notified, to assume the defense thereof, with counsel reasonably satisfactory to the Morgan Stanley Entity to represent the Morgan Stanley Entity and any others the Company may designate in such proceeding and shall pay the reasonable fees and expenses of such counsel related to such proceeding promptly and, after notice from the Company to such Morgan Stanley Entity of its election so to assume the defense thereof, the Company shall not be liable to such Morgan Stanley Entity under this Section 9(h) for any legal expenses of other counsel or any other expenses, in each case subsequently incurred by such Morgan Stanley Entity, in connection with the defense thereof other than reasonable costs of investigation. In any such proceeding, any Morgan Stanley Entity shall have the right to retain its own counsel, but the reasonably incurred fees and expenses of such counsel shall be at the expense of such Morgan Stanley Entity unless (i) the Company and such Morgan Stanley Entity shall have mutually agreed to the contrary, (ii) the Company has failed within a reasonable time to retain counsel reasonably satisfactory to such Morgan Stanley Entity, (iii) the Morgan Stanley Entity shall have reasonably concluded based on the advice of counsel that there may be legal defenses available to it that are different from or in addition to those available to the Company or (iv) the named parties to any such proceeding (including any impleaded parties) include both the Company and the Morgan Stanley Entity and representation of both parties by the same counsel would be inappropriate due to actual or potential differing interests between them. The Company shall not, in respect of the legal expenses of the Morgan Stanley Entities in connection with any proceeding or related proceedings in the same jurisdiction, be liable for the fees and expenses of more than one separate firm (in addition to any local counsel) for all Morgan Stanley Entities. Any such separate firm for the Morgan Stanley Entities shall be designated in writing by Morgan Stanley. The Company shall not be liable for any settlement of any proceeding effected without its written consent (which shall not be unreasonably withheld, delayed or conditioned), but if settled with such consent or if there be a final judgment for the plaintiff, the Company agrees to indemnify the Morgan Stanley Entities from and against any loss or liability by reason

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of such settlement or judgment. The Company shall not, without the prior written consent of Morgan Stanley, effect any settlement of any pending or threatened proceeding in respect of which any Morgan Stanley Entity is or could have been a party and indemnity could have been sought hereunder by such Morgan Stanley Entity, unless such settlement (x) includes an unconditional release of the Morgan Stanley Entity, in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to such Morgan Stanley Entity, from all liability on claims that are the subject matter of such proceeding and (y) does not include any statement as to or any admission of fault, culpability or a failure to act by or on behalf of the Morgan Stanley Entity.

(i) To the extent the indemnification provided for in paragraph (g) above is unavailable to a Morgan Stanley Entity or insufficient in respect of any losses, claims, damages or liabilities referred to therein, then the Company in lieu of indemnifying the Morgan Stanley Entity thereunder, shall contribute to the amount paid or payable by the Morgan Stanley Entity as a result of such losses, claims, damages or liabilities (i) in such proportion as is appropriate to reflect the relative benefits received by the Company and the Selling Stockholders on the one hand and the Morgan Stanley Entities on the other hand from the offering of the Directed Shares or (ii) if the allocation

provided by clause (i) above is not permitted by applicable law, in such proportion as is appropriate to reflect not only the relative benefits referred to in clause (i) above but also the relative fault of the Company and the Selling Stockholders on the one hand and of the Morgan Stanley Entities on the other hand in connection with any statements or omissions that resulted in such losses, claims, damages or liabilities, as well as any other relevant equitable considerations. The relative benefits received by the Company and the Selling Stockholders on the one hand and the Morgan Stanley Entities on the other hand in connection with the offering of the Directed Shares shall be deemed to be in the same respective proportions as the net proceeds from the offering of the Directed Shares (before deducting expenses) and the total underwriting discounts and commissions received by the Morgan Stanley Entities for the Directed Shares, bear to the aggregate public offering price of the Directed Shares. The relative fault of the Company and the Selling Stockholders on the one hand and the Morgan Stanley Entities on the other hand shall be determined by reference to, among other things, whether the untrue or alleged untrue statement or the omission or alleged omission relates to information supplied by the Company and the Selling Stockholders or by the Morgan Stanley Entities and the parties' relative intent, knowledge, access to information and opportunity to correct or prevent such statement or omission.

(j) The Company and the Morgan Stanley Entities agree that it would not be just or equitable if contribution pursuant to paragraph (i) above were determined by pro rata allocation (even if the Morgan Stanley Entities were treated as one entity for such purpose) or by any other method of allocation that does not take account of the equitable considerations referred to in paragraph (i) above. The amount paid or payable by the Morgan Stanley Entities as a result of the losses, claims, damages and liabilities referred to in the immediately preceding paragraph shall be deemed to include, subject to the limitations set forth above, any legal or other expenses reasonably incurred by the Morgan Stanley Entities in connection with investigating or defending any such action or claim. Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (i) above, no Morgan Stanley Entity shall be required to contribute any amount in excess of the amount by which the total price at which the Directed Shares distributed to the public were offered to the public exceeds the amount of any damages that such Morgan Stanley Entity has otherwise been required

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to pay. The remedies provided for in paragraphs (h) through (k) are not exclusive and shall not limit any rights or remedies which may otherwise be available to any indemnified party at law or in equity.

- (k) The indemnity and contribution provisions contained in paragraphs (g) through (k) shall remain operative and in full force and effect regardless of (i) any termination of this Agreement, (ii) any investigation made by or on behalf of any Morgan Stanley Entity or the Company, its officers or directors or any person controlling the Company and (iii) acceptance of and payment for any of the Directed Shares.
- (m) External Agreements. The provisions contained in this Section 9 shall not affect any agreement among the Company and the Selling Stockholders with respect to indemnification or contribution.
- (n) Non-Exclusive Remedies. The remedies provided for in this Section 9 paragraphs (a) through (f) are not exclusive and shall not limit any rights or remedies which may otherwise be available to any Indemnified Person at law or in equity.
 - 10. <u>Effectiveness of Agreement</u>. This Agreement shall become effective upon the execution and delivery hereof by the parties hereto.
- 11. Termination. This Agreement may be terminated in the absolute discretion of the Representatives, by notice to the Company and the Selling Stockholders, if after the execution and delivery of this Agreement and on or prior to the Closing Date or, in the case of the Option Shares, on or prior to the Additional Closing Date (i) trading generally shall have been suspended or materially limited on or by any of the New York Stock Exchange or The Nasdaq Stock Market; (ii) trading of any securities issued or guaranteed by the Company shall have been suspended on any exchange or in any over-the-counter market; (iii) a general moratorium on commercial banking activities shall have been declared by federal or New York State authorities; or (iv) there shall have occurred any outbreak or escalation of hostilities or any change in financial markets or any calamity or crisis, either within or outside the United States, that, in the judgment of the Representatives, is material and adverse and makes it impracticable or inadvisable to proceed with the offering, sale or delivery of the Shares on the Closing Date or the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, on the terms and in the manner contemplated by this Agreement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus.

12. <u>Defaulting Underwriter</u>.

(a) If, on the Closing Date or the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, any Underwriter defaults on its obligation to purchase the Shares that it has agreed to purchase hereunder on such date, the non-defaulting Underwriters may in their discretion arrange for the purchase of such Shares by other persons satisfactory to the Company and the Selling Stockholders on the terms contained in this Agreement. If, within 36 hours after any such default by any Underwriter, the non-defaulting Underwriters do not arrange for the purchase of such Shares, then the Company and the Selling Stockholders shall be entitled to a further period of 36 hours within which to procure other persons satisfactory to the non-defaulting Underwriters to purchase such

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Shares on such terms. If other persons become obligated or agree to purchase the Shares of a defaulting Underwriter, either the non-defaulting Underwriters or the Company and the Selling Stockholders may postpone the Closing Date or the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, for up to five full business days in order to effect any changes that in the opinion of counsel for the Company, counsel for the Selling Stockholders or counsel for the Underwriters may be necessary in the Registration Statement and the Prospectus or in any other document or arrangement, and the Company agrees to promptly prepare any amendment or supplement to the Registration Statement and the Prospectus that effects any such changes. As used in this Agreement, the term "Underwriter" includes, for all purposes of this Agreement unless the context otherwise requires, any person not listed in Schedule 1 hereto that, pursuant to this Section 12, purchases Shares that a defaulting Underwriter agreed but failed to purchase.

- (b) If, after giving effect to any arrangements for the purchase of the Shares of a defaulting Underwriter or Underwriters by the non-defaulting Underwriters, the Company and the Selling Stockholders as provided in paragraph (a) above, the aggregate number of Shares that remain unpurchased on the Closing Date or the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, does not exceed one-eleventh of the aggregate number of Shares to be purchased on such date, then the Company and the Selling Stockholders shall have the right to require each non-defaulting Underwriter to purchase the number of Shares that such Underwriter agreed to purchase hereunder on such date plus such Underwriter's pro rata share (based on the number of Shares that such Underwriter agreed to purchase on such date) of the Shares of such defaulting Underwriter or Underwriters for which such arrangements have not been made.
- (c) If, after giving effect to any arrangements for the purchase of the Shares of a defaulting Underwriter or Underwriters by the non-defaulting Underwriters, the Company and the Selling Stockholders as provided in paragraph (a) above, the aggregate number of Shares that remain unpurchased on the Closing Date or the Additional Closing Date, as the case may be, exceeds one-eleventh of the aggregate amount of Shares to be purchased on such date, or if the Company and the Selling Stockholders shall not exercise the right described in paragraph (b) above, then this Agreement or, with respect to any Additional Closing Date, the obligation of the Underwriters to purchase Shares on the Additional Closing Date, shall terminate without liability on the part of the non-defaulting Underwriters. Any termination of this Agreement pursuant to this Section 12 shall be without liability on the part of the Company, except that the Company and the Selling Stockholders will continue to be liable for the payment of expenses as set forth in Section 13 hereof and except that the provisions of Section 9 hereof shall not terminate and shall remain in effect.
- (d) Nothing contained herein shall relieve a defaulting Underwriter of any liability it may have to the Company, the Selling Stockholders or any non-defaulting Underwriter for damages caused by its default.

13. Payment of Expenses.

(a)	Whether or not the transactions contemplated by this Agreement are consummated or this Agreement is terminated, the Company will pay or cause to be
paid all costs and	expenses

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incident to the performance of its obligations hereunder, including without limitation, (i) the costs incident to the authorization, issuance, sale, preparation and delivery of the Shares and any taxes payable in that connection; (ii) the costs incident to the preparation, printing and filing under the Securities Act of the Registration Statement, the Preliminary Prospectus, any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus, any Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus (including all exhibits, amendments and supplements thereto) and the distribution thereof; (iii) the fees and expenses of the Company's counsel and independent accountants; (iv) the fees and expenses incurred in connection with the registration or qualification and determination of eligibility for investment of the Shares under the state or foreign securities or blue sky laws of such jurisdictions as the Representatives may designate and the preparation, printing and distribution of a Blue Sky Memorandum (including the related fees and expenses of counsel for the Underwriters); (v) the cost of preparing stock certificates; (vi) the costs and charges of any transfer agent and any registrar; (vii) all expenses and application fees incurred in connection with any filing with, and clearance of the offering by, FINRA; (viii) all expenses of the Company incurred in connection with any "road show" presentation to potential investors, except that it is understood that 50% of the cost of any chartered aircraft and other transportation chartered in connection with the "road show" shall be the responsibility of the Underwriters; (ix) all expenses and application fees related to the listing of the Shares on the Exchange; and (x) all of the fees and disbursements of counsel incurred by the Underwriters in connection with the Directed Shares Program and stamp duties, similar taxes or duties or other taxes, if any, incurred by the Underwriters in connection with the Directed Share Program; provided, that, except as provided above, the Underwriters shall pay their own costs and expenses, including any fees and disbursements of their counsel and any travel and lodging expenses of the Representatives. If any Selling Stockholder for any reason defaults on its obligation to tender the Shares required to be tendered by it or on its behalf pursuant to this Agreement for delivery to the Underwriters, such Selling Stockholder agrees to reimburse the Underwriters for all out-of-pocket costs and expenses (including the fees and expenses of their counsel) by the Underwriters in making preparations for the purchase, sale and delivery of the Shares not so delivered by such Selling Stockholder.

- (b) If (i) this Agreement is terminated pursuant to Section 11, (ii) the Company or the Selling Stockholders for any reason fail to tender the Shares for delivery to the Underwriters or (iii) the Underwriters decline to purchase the Shares for any reason permitted under this Agreement, the Company and the Selling Stockholders agree to reimburse the Underwriters for all documented out-of-pocket costs and expenses (including the reasonable fees and expenses of their counsel) reasonably incurred by the Underwriters in connection with this Agreement and the offering contemplated hereby. The Company shall not be required to pay or reimburse any costs, fees or expenses incurred by any Underwriter that defaults on its obligations to purchase the Shares.
- 14. <u>Persons Entitled to Benefit of Agreement.</u> This Agreement shall inure to the benefit of and be binding upon the parties hereto and their respective successors and the officers and directors and any controlling persons referred to in Section 9 hereof. Nothing in this Agreement is intended or shall be construed to give any other person any legal or equitable right, remedy or claim under or in respect of this Agreement or any provision contained herein. No purchaser of

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Shares from any Underwriter shall be deemed to be a successor merely by reason of such purchase.

- 15. <u>Survival</u>. The respective indemnities, rights of contribution, representations, warranties and agreements of the Company, the Selling Stockholders and the Underwriters contained in this Agreement or made by or on behalf of the Company, the Selling Stockholders or the Underwriters pursuant to this Agreement or any certificate delivered pursuant hereto shall survive the delivery of and payment for the Shares and shall remain in full force and effect, regardless of any termination of this Agreement or any investigation made by or on behalf of the Company, the Selling Stockholders or the Underwriters.
- 16. <u>Certain Defined Terms</u>. For purposes of this Agreement, (a) except where otherwise expressly provided, the term "affiliate" has the meaning set forth in Rule 405 under the Securities Act; (b) the term "business day" means any day other than a day on which banks are permitted or required to be closed in New York City; and (c) the term "subsidiary" has the meaning set forth in Rule 405 under the Securities Act.

Miscellaneous.

- (a) Notices. All notices and other communications hereunder shall be in writing and shall be deemed to have been duly given if mailed or transmitted and confirmed by any standard form of telecommunication. Notices to the Underwriters shall be given to the Representatives c/o J.P. Morgan Securities LLC, 383 Madison Avenue, New York, New York 10179 (fax: (212) 622-8358); Attention: Equity Syndicate Desk; c/o Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC, 1585 Broadway, New York, New York 10036, Attention: Equity Syndicate Desk, with a copy to the Legal Department; c/o Citigroup Global Markets Inc., 388 Greenwich Street, New York, New York 10013 Attention: General Counsel, facsimile number 1-646-291-1469; c/o Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC, 200 West Street, New York, New York 10282, Attention: Registration Department. Notices to the Company shall be given to it at 1111 Stewart Avenue, Bethpage, New York 11714, (fax: [•]); Attention: General Counsel, with a copy to (which copy shall not constitute notice): Shearman & Sterling LLP, 599 Lexington Avenue, New York, 10022, Attention: Richard B. Alsop. Notices to the Selling Stockholders shall be given to the at , , , , (Fax:); Attention:
- (b) Governing Law. This Agreement and any claim, controversy or dispute arising under or related to this Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of New York applicable to agreements made and to be performed in such state without regard to conflict of laws principles thereof.
- (c) Waiver of Jury Trial. Each of the parties hereto hereby waives any and all right to trial by jury in any suit or proceeding arising out of or relating to this Agreement.
- (d) Counterparts. This Agreement may be signed in counterparts (which may include counterparts delivered by any standard form of telecommunication), each of which shall be an original and all of which together shall constitute one and the same instrument. Delivery of an

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executed counterpart of a signature page to this Agreement by telecopy, facsimile or other electronic transmission (i.e., a "pdf") shall be effective as delivery of a manually executed counterpart thereof.

- (e) Amendments or Waivers. No amendment or waiver of any provision of this Agreement, nor any consent or approval to any departure therefrom, shall in any event be effective unless the same shall be in writing and signed by the parties hereto.
- (f) Headings. The headings herein are included for convenience of reference only and are not intended to be part of, or to affect the meaning or interpretation of, this Agreement.

If the foregoing is in accor	dance with your understand	ding, please indicate your a	accept	tance of this Agreement by signing in the space provided below.
		7	Very t	ruly yours,
		F	ALTIC	CE USA, INC.
		ī	Зу:	
			<i>3</i> ,.	Title:
]	SELL	ING STOCKHOLDERS]
		E	Зу:	
			J	Name: Title:
		E	Зу:	Name:
				Title:
		[Signature Page to Unde	erwriti	ing Agreement]
Accepted: As of the date first writte	n ahaya			
J.P. MORGAN SECURITIES LLC	ii above			
For itself and on behalf of the several Underwriters listed in Schedule 1 hereto.				
Ву:	Andharinal Cianatana			
MODGLANGTANIEW 6 CO. LLC	Authorized Signatory			
MORGAN STANLEY & CO. LLC				
For itself and on behalf of the several Underwriters listed in Schedule 1 hereto.				
Ву:				
	Authorized Signatory			
CITIGROUP GLOBAL MARKETS	S INC.			
For itself and on behalf of the several Underwriters listed in Schedule 1 hereto.				
Ву:				
	Authorized Signatory			
GOLDMAN SACHS & CO. LLC				
For itself and on behalf of the several Underwriters listed in Schedule 1 hereto.				
Ву:	And of C			
	Authorized Signatory	[Clauster- Dec. / II 1	······································	ing A granusanti
		[Signature Page to Unde	:rwriti	nig Agreementj

Schedule 1

nderwriter Number of Shares

Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith				
Incorporated				
Barclays Capital Inc.				
BNP Paribas Securities Corp. Deutsche Bank Securities Inc.				
RBC Capital Markets, LLC				
Credit Agricole Securities (USA) Inc.				
Scotia Capital (USA) Inc.				
SG Americas Securities, LLC TD Securities (USA) LLC				
== 200,0000 (0.000) ==0		Total		
	Sch. 1-1			
	Sem 11			
				Schedule 2
	Number of		Number of	
Selling Stockholders:	Underwritten Shares:		Option Shares:	
	Sch. 2-1			
				Schedule 3
	0			Senedare 5
	Significant Subsidiaries			
Selling Stockholders:	Number of Underwritten Shares:		Number of Option Shares:	
Seming Stockholders.	ender written blides.	<u> </u>	Option Shares.	
	Sch. 3-1			
				Annex A
	Pricing Disclosure Package			
	Annex A-1			
				Annex B
	Issuer Free Writing Prospectus			
	Annex B-1			
				Annex C
	Annex C-1			
	Almox C-1			

Exhibit A

Form of Waiver of Lock-up

J.P. MORGAN SECURITIES LLC MORGAN STANLEY & CO. LLC

Altice USA, Inc.
Public Offering of Class A Common Stock

, 20

[Name and Address of Officer or Director Requesting Waiver]

	USA, Inc. (the "Company") of shares of Class A common stock, \$0.01 par value (the "Lock-up Letter"), executed by you in connection with such offering, and your he Class A Shares (the "Shares").					
J.P. Morgan Securities LLC and Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC hereby agrees to [waive] [release] the transfer restrictions set forth in the Lock-up Letter, but only with respect to the Shares, effective , [2017]; provided, however, that such [waiver] [release] is conditioned on the Company announcing the impending [waiver] [release] by press release through a major news service at least two business days before effectiveness of such [waiver] [release]. This letter will serve as notice to the Company of the impending [waiver] [release].						
Except as expressly [waived] [released] hereby, the Lock-up Letter shall rem	ain in full force and effect.					
[Signature I	Page Follows]					
	Yours very truly,					
	J.P. Morgan Securities LLC					
	By: Name:					
	Title:					
	Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC					
	By: Name:					
	Title:					
cc: Company						
	Exhibit B					
Form of P	ress Release					
Altice USA, Inc.						
[Date]						
Altice USA, Inc. ("Company") announced today that J.P. Morgan Securities LLC and public sale of $[\cdot]$ shares of Class A common stock, is [waiving] [releasing] a lock-up re [certain officers or directors] [an officer or director] of the Company. The [waiver] [re date.						
This press release is not an offer for sale of the securities in the United States or in be offered or sold in the United States absent registration or an exemption from r	n any other jurisdiction where such offer is prohibited, and such securities may not registration under the United States Securities Act of 1933, as amended.					
	Exhibit C					
FORM OF LOCK	L-UP AGREEMENT					
	, 2017					
J.P. Morgan Securities LLC Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC Citigroup Global Markets Inc. Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC						
As Representatives of the several Underwriters listed in Schedule 1 to the Underwriting Agreement referred to below						
c/o J.P. Morgan Securities LLC 383 Madison Avenue New York, NY 10179						
c/o Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC 1585 Broadway New York, NY 10036						

c/o Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC 200 West Street

c/o Citigroup Global Markets Inc. 388 Greenwich Street New York, NY 10013 New York, NY 10282

Re: Altice USA, Inc. — Public Offering

Ladies and Gentlemen:

The undersigned understands that you, as Representatives of the several Underwriters, propose to enter into an underwriting agreement (the "Underwriting Agreement") with Altice USA, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "Company") and the Selling Stockholders listed on Schedule 2 to the Underwriting Agreement, providing for the public offering (the "Public Offering") by the several Underwriters named in Schedule 1 to the Underwriting Agreement (the "Underwriters"), of shares (the "Securities") of Class A common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, of the Company (the "Class A Common Stock"). Capitalized terms used herein and not otherwise defined shall have the meanings set forth in the Underwriting Agreement.

In consideration of the Underwriters' agreement to purchase and make the Public Offering of the Securities, and for other good and valuable consideration receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, the undersigned hereby agrees that, without the prior written consent of J.P. Morgan Securities LLC and Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC (together, the "Lock-up Release Agents") on behalf of the Underwriters, the undersigned will not, during the period from the date hereof and ending 180 days after the date of the final prospectus relating to the Public Offering (the "Prospectus" and such period, the "Lock-up Period"), (1) offer, pledge, sell, contract to sell, sell any option or contract to purchase, purchase any option or contract to sell, grant any option, right or warrant to purchase, or otherwise transfer or dispose of, directly or indirectly, any shares of Class A Common Stock, Class B common stock, par value \$0.01 per share of the Company ("Class B Common Stock") or Class C common stock, par value \$0.01 per shares of the Company ("Class B Common Stock"), and, together with the Class A Common Stock and Class B Common Stock, the "Common Stock") or any securities convertible into or exercisable or exchangeable for shares of Common Stock (including without limitation, Common Stock or such other securities which may be deemed to be beneficially owned by the undersigned in accordance with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and securities which may be issued upon exercise of a stock option or warrant), or publicly disclose the intention to make any offer, sale, pledge or disposition, (2) enter into any swap or other agreement that transfers, in whole or in part, any of the economic consequences of ownership of the Common Stock or such other securities, whether any such transaction described in clause (1) or (2) above is to be settled by delivery of Common Stock or such other securities, in cash or otherwise or (3) make any demand for or exercise any right with respect to the registration of any

- (A) the Securities to be sold by the undersigned pursuant to the Underwriting Agreement;
- (B) transfers, conversions, exchanges, distributions or other transactions involving shares of Common Stock as contemplated in connection with the organizational transactions described in the Pricing Disclosure Package under "Summary—Ownership and Organization—Organizational Transactions";
- (C) transfers of shares of Common Stock (i) as a bona fide gift or gifts, (ii) by will or intestacy, (iii) to any trust for the direct or indirect benefit of the undersigned or the immediate family of the undersigned (for purposes of this Letter Agreement, "immediate family" shall mean any relationship by blood, current or former marriage or adoption, not more remote than first cousin), (iv) to any immediate family member not for value, (v) to a partnership, limited liability company or other entity of which the undersigned and the immediate family of the undersigned are the legal and beneficial owner of all of the outstanding equity securities or similar interests not for value, or (vi) to a nominee or custodian of a person or entity to whom a disposition or transfer would be permissible under clauses (i) through (v) above;
- (D) if the undersigned is a corporation, partnership or other business entity, transfers or distributions of shares of Common Stock or any security convertible into or exercisable or exchangeable for shares of Common Stock to members, partners, stockholders or affiliates of the undersigned (other than the Company and its controlled affiliates), including investment funds or other entities under common control or management with the undersigned;

(E) (i) the purchase of shares of Common Stock by Altice N.V from the undersigned pursuant to a right of first refusal agreement entered into by the undersigned and Altice N.V. providing for such right, (ii) transfers of shares of Common Stock acquired in open market transactions after the completion of the Public Offering, or (iii) tenders, sales or other transfers of shares of Common Stock pursuant to a bona fide third-party takeover bid made to all holders of Common Stock or any other acquisition, merger, consolidation or similar transaction whereby a majority of total voting power of the voting stock of the Company is acquired by a third party (provided that if such transaction is not consummated, the subject Common Stock shall remain subject to the restrictions set forth herein) in one transaction or a series of related transactions that occur after the completion of the Public Offering, in each case, approved by the board of directors of the Company; [or]

(F) pursuant to a domestic order, divorce settlement, divorce decree, or separation agreement; [or]

[For Neptune Holding US LP and Neptune Management LP lock-up only:(G) transfers of shares of Common Stock pursuant to the Neptune Management Limited Partnership Carry Unit Plan;]

provided that in the case of any transfer, donation or distribution pursuant to clause (C), (D) [or][,](E)(i)[or (G)], each donee, trustee, distributee or transferee, as the case may be, shall execute and deliver to the Lock-up Release Agents a lock-up letter in the form of this agreement; provided further, that in the case of any transfer or distribution pursuant to clause (C)(i), C(iii)-(vi) or (D), if the undersigned is required to file a report under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), the undersigned shall include a statement in such report to the effect that the filing relates to the transfer, distribution, bona fide gift or other disposition of shares of Common Stock, as applicable, or any security convertible into Common Stock, to one or more affiliates, trusts, partners, beneficiaries, members, or stockholders of the undersigned or to any investment fund or other entity controlled by or under common control with the undersigned or to an immediate family member or entity for the direct or indirect benefit of the undersigned or any immediate family member, as applicable, or to a nominee or custodian; provided, further, that in the case of any transfer pursuant to (E)(i), if the undersigned is required to file a report under the Exchange Act, the undersigned shall include a statement in such report to the effect that the filing relates to the exercise of the right of first refusal by Altice N.V.; provided further, that in the case of (E)(ii), no filing by any party (donor, donee, transferor or transferee) under the Exchange Act or other public announcement shall be required or shall be made voluntarily in connection with such transfer or distribution (other than a filing on a Form 5 made after the expiration of the Lock-up Period); [provided, further, that in case of any transfer pursuant to (G), if the undersigned is required to file a report under the Exchange Act, the undersigned shall include a statement in such report to the effect that the filing relates to the t

If the undersigned is required to transfer shares of Common Stock by operation of law or pursuant to an order of a court or regulatory agent, the consent of the Lock-up Release Agents pursuant to this agreement shall not be unreasonably withheld, delayed or conditioned.

If the undersigned is an officer or director of the Company, the undersigned further agrees that the foregoing provisions shall be equally applicable to any Company-directed Securities the undersigned may purchase in the Public Offering.

Furthermore, the undersigned may, if permitted by the Company, establish a written trading plan meeting the requirements of Rule 10b5-1 under the Exchange Act; provided that no sales or other transfers occur under such plan and no public disclosure of such plan shall be required or shall be made by any person during the Lock-up Period.

If the undersigned is an officer or director of the Company, (i) the Lock-up Release Agents on behalf of the Underwriters agree that, at least three business days before the effective date of any release or waiver of the foregoing restrictions in connection with a transfer of shares of Common Stock, the Lock-up Release Agents on behalf of the Underwriters will notify the Company of the impending release or waiver, and (ii) the Company will agree in the Underwriting Agreement to announce the impending release or waiver by press release through a major news service at least two business days before the effective date of the release or waiver. Any release or waiver granted by the Lock-up Release Agents on behalf of the Underwriters hereunder to any such officer or director shall only be effective two business days after the publication date of such press release. The provisions of this paragraph will not apply if (a) the release or waiver is effected solely to permit a transfer not for consideration and (b) the transfere has agreed in writing to be bound by the same terms described in this letter to the extent and for the duration that such terms remain in effect at the time of the transfer.

In furtherance of the foregoing, the Company, and any duly appointed transfer agent for the registration or transfer of the securities described herein, are hereby authorized to decline to make any transfer of securities if such transfer would constitute a violation or breach of this Letter Agreement.

The undersigned hereby represents and warrants that the undersigned has full power and authority to enter into this Letter Agreement. All authority herein conferred or agreed to be conferred and any obligations of the undersigned shall be binding upon the successors, assigns, heirs or personal representatives of the undersigned.

The undersigned understands that, (i) if prior to signing the Underwriting Agreement, the Company notifies the Underwriters in writing that it does not intend to proceed with the Public Offering, (ii) if the Underwriting Agreement (other than the provisions thereof which survive termination) shall terminate or be terminated prior to payment for and delivery of the Common Stock to be sold thereunder, (iii) if the Registration Statement is withdrawn by the Company prior to its effectiveness and the completion of the Public Offering or (iv) if the Public Offering is not completed by July 31, 2017, the undersigned shall be released from all obligations under this Letter Agreement. The undersigned understands that the Underwriters are entering into the Underwriting Agreement and proceeding with the Public Offering in reliance upon this Letter Agreement.

This Letter Agreement and any claim, controversy or dispute arising under or related to this Letter Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of New York, without regard to the conflict of laws principles thereof.

[Signature Page Follows]

Very truly yours,

Name:

[NAME OF STOCKHOLDER]

Title:

[Signature Page to Lock-up]

AMENDED AND RESTATED

CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION

OF

ALTICE USA, INC.

* * * * *

The present name of the corporation is Altice USA, Inc. (the "Corporation"). The Corporation was incorporated under the name "Neptune Holding US Corp." by the filing of its original Certificate of Incorporation with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware on September 14, 2015, and was amended by a Certificate of Amendment to the original Certificate of Incorporation filed on March 28, 2017 (as amended, the "Original Certificate of Incorporation"). This Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Corporation, which restates and integrates and also further amends the provisions of the Original Certificate of Incorporation, was duly adopted in accordance with the provisions of Sections 242 and 245 of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware (the "DGCL") and by the written consent of its stockholders in accordance with Section 228 of the DGCL. The Original Certificate of Incorporation is hereby amended and restated to read in its entirety as follows:

ARTICLE I

NAME

The name of the Corporation is Altice USA, Inc.

ARTICLE II

REGISTERED OFFICE AND AGENT

The address of the registered office of the Corporation in the State of Delaware is Corporation Service Company, 2711 Centerville Road, Suite 400, in the City of Wilmington, County of New Castle, Delaware 19808. The name of the registered agent of the Corporation at such address is Corporation Service Company.

ARTICLE III

CORPORATE PURPOSE

The purpose of the Corporation is to engage in any lawful act or activity for which corporations may be organized under the DGCL.

ARTICLE IV

CAPITAL STOCK

- (1) Authorized Shares. This Corporation is authorized to issue capital stock to be designated "Common Stock" and "Preferred Stock." A total of 9,000,000,000 shares of Common Stock are authorized to be issued, \$0.01 par value per share, 4,000,000,000 of which are designated "Class A Common Stock." 1,000,000,000 of which are designated "Class B Common Stock" and 4,000,000,000 of which are designated "Class C Common Stock." A total of 100,000,000 shares of Preferred Stock are authorized to be issued, \$0.01 par value per share. The number of authorized shares of Common Stock or any class of Common Stock may be increased or decreased (but not below the number of shares of Common Stock then outstanding) by the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the voting power of the Class A Common Stock and Class B Common Stock, voting together as a single class.
- Preferred Stock. The Preferred Stock may be issued from time to time in one or more series. The Board of Directors of the Corporation (the Board") is hereby expressly authorized to provide for the issue of all or any of the shares of the Preferred Stock in one or more series, and to fix the number of shares and to determine or alter for each such series, such voting powers, full or limited, or no voting powers, and such designations, preferences, and relative, participating, optional, or other rights and such qualifications, limitations, or restrictions thereof, as shall be stated and expressed in the resolution or resolutions adopted by the Board providing for the issuance of such shares and as may be permitted by the DGCL. The Board is also expressly authorized to increase or decrease the number of shares of any series of Preferred Stock but not below the number of shares of such series of Preferred Stock then outstanding. In case the number of shares of any series of Preferred Stock shall be decreased in accordance with the foregoing sentence, the shares constituting such decrease shall resume the status that they had prior to the adoption of the resolution originally fixing the number of shares of such series of Preferred Stock. The number of authorized shares of Preferred Stock may be increased or decreased (but not below the number of shares thereof then outstanding) by the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the voting power of the Corporation's outstanding capital stock entitled to vote thereon, without a separate vote of the holders of the Preferred Stock, or of any series thereof, unless a vote of any such holders is required pursuant to the terms of any certificate of designation filed with respect to any series of Preferred Stock.
- (3) Voting Rights of Class A Common Stock and Class B Common Stock

 Except as otherwise expressly provided by this Amended and Restated

 Certificate of Incorporation or required by applicable law, the holders of Class A Common Stock are entitled to one vote per share and the holders of Class B Common Stock

 are entitled to twenty-five votes per share on any matter submitted to a vote of the stockholders. Except as otherwise expressly provided by this Amended and Restated

 Certificate of Incorporation or required by applicable law, the holders of shares of Class A Common Stock and Class B Common Stock shall (i) at all times vote together as a

 single class on all matters (including the election of directors) submitted to a vote of the stockholders of the Corporation, (ii) be entitled to notice of any stockholders' meeting
 in accordance with the Corporation's Bylaws and (iii) be entitled to vote upon such matters and in such manner as may be provided by applicable law.

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- (4) No Voting Rights for Class C Common Stock. Except as otherwise expressly provided by this Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation or required by applicable law, the holders of shares of Class C Common Stock are not entitled to vote on any matter submitted to a vote of the stockholders.
- (5) <u>Dividends and Distributions</u>. Subject to preferences that may apply to any shares of Preferred Stock outstanding at the time, the holders of outstanding shares of Class A Common Stock, Class B Common Stock and Class C Common Stock are entitled to share equally, on a per share basis, in any dividend or distribution of funds legally available if the Board, in its discretion, determines to declare and pay dividends and only then at the times and in the amounts that the Board may determine. In the event that a dividend is paid in the form of shares of capital stock of the Corporation or rights to acquire or securities convertible into or exchangeable for shares of capital

stock of the Corporation, then, in the Board's discretion, either (i) the holders of shares of Class A Common Stock, Class B Common Stock and Class C Common Stock shall receive the identical class of securities on an equal per share basis or (ii) (a) the holders of shares of Class A Common Stock shall receive Class A Common Stock, or securities convertible into or exchangeable for shares of Class A Common Stock or rights to acquire such securities, as the case may be; (b) the holders of shares of Class B Common Stock shall receive Class B Common Stock or rights to acquire such securities, as the case may be; and (c) the holders of shares of Class C Common Stock shall receive Class C Common Stock or rights to acquire such securities, as the case may be; and (c) the holders of shares of Class C Common Stock shall receive Class C Common Stock or rights to acquire such securities, as the case may be; in each such case in this clause (ii), in an equal amount per share.

- (6) <u>Distributions of Another Corporation's Securities</u>. Unless otherwise approved by the Board, where the securities of another corporation are distributed, they must only be distributed to holders of Class A Common Stock, Class B Common Stock and Class C Common Stock on the basis that:
 - (a) the holders of Class A Common Stock, Class B Common Stock and Class C Common Stock receive the identical class of securities; or
 - (b) subject to the remainder of this Section (6), the holders of Class A Common Stock, Class B Common Stock and Class C Common Stock each receive different classes of securities; or
 - (c) subject to the remainder of this Section (6), the holders of one or more class of Common Stock receive a different class of securities than the holders of all other classes of Common Stock,

in each case, on an equal per share basis, and, to holders of any shares of Preferred Stock outstanding at the time, on such terms as the Board may determine.

To the extent that a dividend is declared and paid pursuant to paragraph (b) or (c) of thisSection (6) then:

(i) the holders of Class B Common Stock shall receive the securities having the highest number of votes per share (or, in the case of convertible

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securities, the securities convertible into, exchangeable for or evidencing the right to purchase, the securities with the highest number of votes per share) and the holders of each other class of Common Stock shall receive the securities having the lesser number of votes per share (or, in the case of convertible securities, the securities convertible into, exchangeable for or evidencing the right to purchase, the securities with the lesser number of votes per share):

- (A) in each case, without regard to whether such voting rights differ to a greater or lesser extent than the corresponding differences in voting rights (and related differences in designation, conversion and rights to distributions pursuant to this Article IV) between the Class A Common Stock, the Class B Common Stock and the Class C Common Stock; and
- (B) provided that the different classes of securities (and, in the case of securities convertible into, exchangeable for or evidencing the right to purchase securities, the securities resulting from such conversion, exchange or purchase) do not differ in any respect other than with respect to their relative voting rights (and related differences in designation, conversion, redemption and rights to distributions pursuant to this Article IV); and
- (ii) in the event that the holders of Class A Common Stock receive a class of securities having different rights than those received by the holders of Class C Common Stock:
 - (A) the rights of the different classes of securities (and, in the case of securities convertible into, exchangeable for or evidencing the right to purchase securities, the securities resulting from such conversion, exchange or purchase) may not differ in any respect other than with respect to their relative voting rights (and related differences in designation, conversion, redemption and rights to distributions pursuant to this Article IV); and
 - (B) the relevant classes of securities shall be distributed to the holders of Class A Common Stock and Class C Common Stock such that the relative voting rights (and related differences in designation, conversion, redemption, rights to dividends in specie comprising securities and rights to distributions pursuant to this Article IV) of the class of securities (or, in the case of convertible securities, the securities convertible into, exchangeable for or evidencing the right to purchase, the securities resulting from such conversion, exchange or purchase) to be received by the holders of Class A Common Stock on the one hand and Class C Common Stock on the other hand corresponds to the extent practicable to the relative voting rights (and related differences in designation, conversion,

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redemption and rights to distributions pursuant to this Article IV) as the Class A Common Stock compares to the Class C Common Stock.

- (7) <u>Liquidation, Dissolution or Winding Up.</u> Upon dissolution, liquidation or winding up of the Corporation, the assets legally available for distribution to stockholders will be distributable ratably among the holders of Class A Common Stock, Class B Common Stock and Class C Common Stock, subject to prior satisfaction of all outstanding debt and liabilities and the preferential rights and payment of liquidation preferences, if any, on any outstanding shares of preferred stock unless different treatment of such class with respect to distributions upon any such liquidation, dissolution or winding up is approved in advance by the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the voting power of the Class A Common Stock and Class B Common Stock, each voting separately as a class.
- (8) Equal Status. Except as otherwise expressly provided by this Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation or required by applicable law, shares of Class A Common Stock, Class B Common Stock and Class C Common Stock have the same rights and privileges and rank equally, share ratably and are identical in all respects as to all matters. In the event of (i) a consolidation or merger of the Corporation with or into any other entity; (ii) any tender offer or exchange offer by any person or entity pursuant to an agreement to which the Corporation is a party or that the Board recommends; or (iii) a sale by Altice N.V., a Dutch public company with limited liability (naamloze vennootschap) or any successor thereto ("Altice N.V."), or any of its subsidiaries that holds shares of Class B Common Stock or, solely in the event shares of Class B Common Stock have been distributed to Patrick Drahi, his heirs or entities or trusts directly or indirectly under his or their control or formed for his or their benefit or any Affiliate of Patrick Drahi, his heirs or entities or trusts directly under his or their control or formed for his or their benefit (together with Altice N.V. and any of its subsidiaries that hold such shares, the "Altice Holders"), a sale by Patrick Drahi, such heirs or such trusts or entities or such Affiliates, in one or a series of related transactions, whether to a single purchaser or purchasers constituting a "group" as defined in Section 13(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, of shares of Class B Common Stock representing (a) at least 40% of the votes entitled to be cast by all stockholders entitled to vote in an election of directors and (b) a greater number of votes than the Altice Holders collectively are entitled to cast immediately following such sale, the holders of Class A Common Stock, Class B Common Stock and Class C Common Stock shall be entitled to participate proportionately and to receive, or to elect to receive, the same form of consideration and the same amount of considerati

convertible into, exchangeable for or evidencing the right to purchase, the securities with the highest number of votes per share) and the holders of each other class of Common Stock shall receive or have the right to elect to receive the securities having the lesser number of votes per share (or, in the case of convertible securities, the securities convertible into, exchangeable for or evidencing the right to purchase, the securities with the lesser number of votes per share), and any securities that the holder of a share of Class C Common Stock shall receive or have the right to elect to receive shall either have no voting rights or the same voting rights as the securities that a holder of Class A Common Stock shall receive or have the right to elect to receive.

(9) <u>Subdivisions, Combinations or Reclassifications.</u> Shares of Class A Common Stock, Class B Common Stock or Class C Common Stock may not be subdivided, combined or

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reclassified unless the shares of the other classes are concurrently therewith proportionately subdivided, combined or reclassified in a manner that maintains the same proportionate equity ownership between the holders of the outstanding Class A Common Stock, Class B Common Stock and Class C Common Stock on the record date for such subdivision, combination or reclassification.

- (10) No Preemptive or Similar Rights Shares of the Class A Common Stock, Class B Common Stock and Class C Common Stock are not entitled to preemptive rights and are not subject to conversion or redemption provisions, except for the conversion provisions with respect to the Class B Common Stock and Class C Common Stock described in this Article IV. Any one or more series of Preferred Stock will have only such preemptive or similar rights granted to the holders thereof by the Board pursuant to Section (2) of this Article IV.
- Voluntary Conversion of Class B Common Stock Except as otherwise expressly provided by this Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation or required by applicable law, each share of Class B Common Stock shall be convertible into one fully paid and nonassessable share of Class A Common Stock at the option of the holder thereof at any time upon written notice to the Corporation. Before any holder of Class B Common Stock shall be entitled to voluntarily convert any shares of such Class B Common Stock, such holder shall surrender the certificate or certificates therefor (if any), duly endorsed, at the principal corporate office of the Corporation or of any transfer agent for the Class B Common Stock, and shall give written notice to the Corporation at its principal corporate office, of the election to convert the same and shall state therein the name or names (i) in which the certificate or certificates representing the shares of Class A Common Stock into which the shares of Class B Common Stock are so converted are to be issued if such shares are certificated or (ii) in which such shares are to be registered in book entry if such shares are uncertificated. The Corporation Stock, or to the nominee or nominees of such holder, a certificate or certificates representing the number of shares of Class A Common Stock to which such holder shall be entitled as aforesaid (if such shares are certificated) or, if such shares are uncertificated, register such shares in book-entry form. Such conversion shall be deemed to have been made immediately prior to the close of business on the Conversion Date, and the person or persons entitled to receive the shares of Class A Common Stock issuable upon such conversion shall be treated for all purposes as the record holder or holders of such shares of Class A Common Stock as of such Conversion Date. Each share of Class B Common Stock that is converted pursuant to this Section (11) shall be retired by the Corporation and shall not be available for reissuance.

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automatically be converted into one share of Class A Common Stock on a date fixed by the Board, which date shall be no less than 61 days and no more than 180 days following the conversion of all outstanding shares of Class B Common Stock. In the event of such conversion of shares of Class C Common Stock into Class A Common Stock, each outstanding stock certificate that, immediately prior to such conversion, represented one or more shares of Class C Common Stock subject to such conversion shall, upon such conversion, be deemed to represent an equal number of shares of Class A Common Stock, without the need for surrender or exchange thereof. The Corporation shall, upon the request of any holder whose shares of Class C Common Stock have been converted into shares of Class A Common Stock as a result of an automatic conversion and upon surrender by such holder to the Corporation of the outstanding certificate(s) formerly representing such holder's shares of Class C Common Stock (if any), issue and deliver to such holder certificate(s) representing the shares of Class A Common Stock into which such holder's shares of Class C Common Stock were converted as a result of automatic conversion (if such shares are certificated) or, if such shares are uncertificated, register such shares in book-entry form. Each share of Class C Common Stock that is converted pursuant to this Section (12) of this Article IV shall thereupon be retired by the Corporation and shall not be available for reissuance.

- (13) Reservation of Stock. The corporation shall at all times reserve and keep available out of its authorized but unissued shares of Class A Common Stock, solely for the purpose of effecting the conversion of the shares of Class B Common Stock and Class C Common Stock, such number of shares of Class A Common Stock as shall from time to time be sufficient to effect the conversion of all outstanding shares of Class B Common Stock and Class C Common Stock into shares of Class A Common Stock.
- (14) <u>Protective Provision</u>. The Corporation shall not, whether by merger, consolidation or otherwise, amend, alter, repeal or waive Sections (3)-(14) of this Article IV (or adopt any provision inconsistent therewith), without first obtaining the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the voting power of the Class B Common Stock, voting as a separate class, in addition to any other vote required by applicable law, this Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation or the Corporation's Bylaws.

ARTICLE V

CORPORATE OPPORTUNITIES

- (1) In recognition and anticipation that:
- (i) Patrick Drahi and certain directors, principals, officers, employees and/or other representatives of Altice N.V., A4 S.A., a Luxembourg public limited liability company or any successor thereto ("A4"), and their Affiliates (each such director, principal, officer, employee and/or other representative, an "Altice Group Representatives" and collectively, the "Altice Group Representatives" may serve as directors, officers or agents of the Corporation;
- (ii) Patrick Drahi, Altice N.V., A4, the Altice Group Representatives and their respective Affiliates may now engage, may continue to engage and may in the future

engage in the same or similar activities or related lines of business as those in which the Corporation, directly or indirectly, may engage and/or other business activities that overlap with or compete with those in which the Corporation, directly or indirectly, may engage; and

(iii) members of the Board who were or are in the future nominated by Altice N.V. or A4 pursuant to the Stockholders' Agreement (<u>Designated Directors</u>') may now engage, may continue to engage and may in the future engage in the same or similar activities or related lines of business as those in which the Corporation, directly or indirectly, may engage and/or other business activities that overlap with or compete with those in which the Corporation, directly or indirectly, may engage;

the provisions of this Article V are set forth to regulate and define the conduct of certain affairs of the Corporation with respect to certain classes or categories of business opportunities that may involve Patrick Drahi, Altice N.V., A4, the Altice Group Representatives and the Designated Directors, or their respective Affiliates, and the powers, rights, duties and liabilities of the Corporation and its directors, officers and stockholders in connection therewith. As used herein, "Stockholders' Agreement" refers to that certain Stockholders' Agreement to be entered into by and among the Corporation, Altice N.V. and A4 in connection with the Corporation's initial public offering, as amended from time to time.

- For purposes of this Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation, unless otherwise explicitly stated, (i) the term "Affiliate" shall mean (a) in respect of Altice N.V., any Person that, directly or indirectly, is controlled by Altice N.V. or is under common control with Altice N.V. and shall include any principal, member, director, partner, stockholder, officer, employee or other representative of any of the foregoing (other than the Corporation and any entity that is controlled by the Corporation); (b) in respect of A4, any Person that, directly or indirectly, is controlled by A4, controls A4 or is under common control with A4 and shall include any principal, member, director, partner, stockholder, officer, employee or other representative of any of the foregoing (other than the Corporation and any entity that is controlled by the Corporation); (c) in respect of Patrick Drahi, any Person that, directly or indirectly, is controlled by Patrick Drahi (other than the Corporation and any entity that is controlled by the Corporation); (d) in respect of any Altice Group Representative, any Person that, directly or indirectly, is controlled by such Altice Group Representative (other than the Corporation and any entity that is controlled by such Designated Director (other than the Corporation and any entity that is controlled by the Corporation); (e) in respect of any Designated Director, any Person that, directly or indirectly, is controlled by the Corporation, any Person that, directly or indirectly, is controlled by the Corporation, any Person that, directly or indirectly, is controlled by the Corporation, any Person that, directly or indirectly, is controlled by the Corporation, any Person that, directly or indirectly, is controlled by the Corporation, any Person that, directly or indirectly, is controlled by the Corporation, any Person that, directly or indirectly, is controlled by the Corporation, any Person that, directly or indirectly, is controlled by the Corporation, any Person that, directly or indirec
- Unless an opportunity to engage in a business opportunity in the same or similar business activities or lines of business in which the Corporation or any of its Affiliates engages or is reasonably likely to engage arises in or is predominantly related to North America (each such opportunity a "North America Business Opportunity"), to the fullest extent permitted by law, none of (i) Patrick Drahi; (ii) Altice N.V.; (iii) A4; (iv) any Altice Group Representative; (v) any Designated Director (including any Designated Director who serves as an officer of the Corporation); or (vi) any of the foregoing Persons' Affiliates (the Persons identified in (i), (ii),

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- (iii), (iv), (v) and (vi) above being referred to, collectively, as "Identified Persons" and, individually, as an "Identified Person") shall have any duty to refrain from, directly or indirectly, (a) engaging in the same or similar business activities or lines of business in which the Corporation or any of its Affiliates engages or is reasonably likely to engage in or (b) otherwise competing with the Corporation or any of its Affiliates, and, to the fullest extent permitted by law, no Identified Person shall be liable to the Corporation or its stockholders or to any Affiliate of the Corporation for breach of any fiduciary duty solely by reason of the fact that such Identified Person engages in any such activities.
- (4) Except with respect to any North America Business Opportunity, to the fullest extent permitted by law, the Corporation hereby renounces any interest or expectancy in, or right to be offered an opportunity to participate in, any business opportunity which may be a corporate opportunity for an Identified Person and the Corporation or any of its Affiliates.
- (5) In the event that any Identified Person acquires knowledge of a potential transaction or other business opportunity which may be a corporate opportunity for itself, himself or herself and the Corporation or any of its Affiliates, and which is not a North America Business Opportunity, such Identified Person shall, to the fullest extent permitted by law, have no duty to communicate or offer such transaction or other business opportunity to the Corporation or any of its Affiliates and, to the fullest extent permitted by law, shall not be liable to the Corporation or its stockholders or to any Affiliate of the Corporation for breach of any fiduciary duty as a stockholder, director or officer of the Corporation solely by reason of the fact that such Identified Person pursues or acquires such corporate opportunity for itself, himself or herself, or offers or directs such corporate opportunity to another Person.
- (6) To the fullest extent permitted by law, any Person purchasing or otherwise acquiring or holding any interest in any shares of capital stock of the Corporation shall be deemed to have notice of and to have consented to the provisions of this Article V.
- (7) Neither the amendment nor repeal of this Article V, nor the adoption of any provision of, or any other amendment to, this Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation, nor, to the fullest extent permitted by the DGCL, any modification of law, shall eliminate, reduce or otherwise adversely affect any right or protection of a current or former Identified Person in respect of any act or omission occurring prior to the time of such amendment, repeal, adoption or modification.

ARTICLE VI

MATTERS RELATING TO DIRECTORS

- (1) <u>Director Powers</u>. The business and affairs of the Corporation shall be managed by or under the directions of the Board. In addition to the powers and authority expressly conferred upon the Board by statute or by this Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation or the Corporation's Bylaws, the Board is hereby empowered to exercise all such powers and do all such things as may be exercised or done by the Corporation.
- (2) <u>Number of Directors</u>. Prior to the consummation of the Corporation's initial public offering, the number of directors shall be four or such other number as shall from time to

С

time be fixed by the Board. Effective upon the consummation of the Corporation's initial public offering, the authorized number of directors of the Board comprising the entire Board shall be not less than seven nor more than twelve. An increase or decrease in the outer limits of this range of directors requires the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the voting power of the Corporation's outstanding capital stock entitled to vote thereon. Within the foregoing limits, and subject to the rights of the holders of any series of Preferred Stock to elect additional directors under specified circumstances, the number of directors shall be fixed from time to time exclusively by resolution adopted by a majority of the Board. No decrease in the authorized number of directors of the Board shall shorten the term of any incumbent director.

Quorum. A quorum is required for the transaction of business at any meeting of the Board. Prior to the consummation of the Corporation's initial public offering, one-third of the total number of directors then in office is required to constitute a quorum. Effective upon the consummation of the Corporation's initial public offering, a majority of the number of directors then in office (but not less than one third of the then authorized number of directors comprising the entire Board) shall be required to constitute a quorum, and such majority must include (i) the director nominated to the Board pursuant to the Stockholders' Agreement by A4 and (ii) the President of the Altice N.V. Board of Directors nominated to the Board pursuant to the Stockholders' Agreement by Altice N.V.

- (4) <u>Vacancies and Newly Created Directorships</u>. Subject to the rights granted to the holders of any one or more series of Preferred Stock then outstanding or the rights granted pursuant to the Stockholders' Agreement, any newly created directorship on the Board that results from an increase in the number of directors within the range set forth in Section (2) of this Article VI and any vacancy occurring on the Board (whether by death, resignation, retirement, disqualification, removal or other cause) shall be filled by a majority of the directors then in office, although less than a quorum, by a sole remaining director or by the stockholders. Any director elected to fill a vacancy or newly created directorship shall hold office until the next annual meeting of stockholders for the election of directors and until his or her successor shall be elected and qualified, or until his or her earlier death, resignation, retirement, disqualification or removal.
- (5) <u>Term and Removal</u>. Each director shall hold office until such director's successor is elected and qualified, or until such director's earlier death, resignation or removal. Any director may resign at any time upon notice to the Corporation given in writing or by any electronic transmission permitted in the Corporation's Bylaws or in accordance with applicable law. Subject to the rights granted to the holders of any one or more series of Preferred Stock then outstanding or the rights granted pursuant to the Stockholders' Agreement, stockholders holding a majority of the voting power of the Corporation's outstanding capital stock entitled to vote thereon may remove any or all directors with or without cause.
 - (6) <u>Vote by Ballot</u>. Elections of directors of the Corporation need not be by written ballot, except and to the extent provided in the Corporation's Bylaws.

ARTICLE VII

DIRECTOR LIABILITY AND INDEMNIFICATION OF DIRECTORS, OFFICERS AND OTHERS

- (1) To the fullest extent permitted by the DGCL as it now exists and as it may hereafter be amended, no director of the Corporation shall be personally liable to the Corporation or its stockholders for monetary damages for breach of fiduciary duty as a director.
- The Corporation shall indemnify any person who was or is a party or is threatened to be made a party to any threatened, pending or completed action, suit or proceeding, whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative (other than an action by or in the right of the Corporation) by reason of the fact that the person is or was a director or officer of the Corporation, or is or was serving at the request of the Corporation as a director or officer of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise, against expenses (including attorneys' fees), judgments, fines and amounts paid in settlement actually and reasonably incurred by the person in connection with such action, suit or proceeding if the person acted in good faith and in a manner the person reasonably believed to be in, or not opposed to, the best interests of the Corporation, and, with respect to any criminal action or proceeding, had no reasonable cause to believe the person's conduct was unlawful; *provided*, that, except for proceedings to enforce rights to indemnification or advancement of expenses, the Corporation shall not be obligated to indemnify any such director or officer (or his or her heirs, executors or personal or legal representatives) in connection with a proceeding (or part thereof) initiated by such person unless such proceeding (or part thereof) was authorized or consented to by the Board. The termination of any action, suit or proceeding by judgment, order, settlement, conviction, or upon a plea of nolo contendere or its equivalent, shall not, of itself, create a presumption that the person did not act in good faith and in a manner which the person reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the best interests of the Corporation, and, with respect to any criminal action or proceeding, has reasonable cause to believe that the person's conduct was unlawful.
- (3) The Corporation shall indemnify any person who was or is a party or is threatened to be made a party to any threatened, pending or completed action or suit by or in the right of the Corporation to procure a judgment in its favor by reason of the fact that the person is or was a director or officer of the Corporation, or is or was serving at the request of the Corporation as a director or officer of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise against expenses (including attorneys' fees) actually and reasonably incurred by the person in connection with the defense or settlement of such action or suit if the person acted in good faith and in a manner the person reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the best interests of the Corporation and except that no indemnification shall be made in respect of any claim, issue or matter as to which such person shall have been adjudged to be liable to the Corporation unless and only to the extent that the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware or the court in which such action or suit was brought shall determine upon application that, despite the adjudication of liability but in view of all the circumstances of the case, such person is fairly and reasonably entitled to indemnity for such expenses which the Court of Chancery or such other court shall deem proper; provided, that, except for proceedings to enforce rights to indemnification or advancement of expenses, the Corporation shall not be obligated to indemnify any such director or

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officer (or his or her heirs, executors or personal or legal representatives) in connection with a proceeding (or part thereof) initiated by such person unless such proceeding (or part thereof) was authorized or consented to by the Board.

- (4) To the extent that a present or former director or officer of the Corporation has been successful on the merits or otherwise in defense of any action, suit or proceeding referred to in Sections (2) and (3) of this Article VII, or in defense of any claim, issue or matter therein, such person shall be indemnified against expenses (including attorneys' fees) actually and reasonably incurred by such person in connection therewith.
- (5) Any indemnification under Sections (2) and (3) of this Article VII (unless ordered by a court) shall be made by the Corporation only as authorized in the specific case upon a determination that indemnification of the present or former director or officer is proper in the circumstances because the person has met the applicable standard of conduct set forth in such Sections (2) and (3). Such determination shall be made, with respect to a person who is a director or officer of the Corporation at the time of such determination, (a) by a majority vote of the directors who are not parties to such action, suit or proceeding, even though less than a quorum, or (b) by a committee of such directors designated by majority vote of such directors, even though less than a quorum, or (c) if there are no such directors, or if such directors so direct, by independent legal counsel in a written opinion, or (d) by the stockholders of the Corporation.
- Expenses (including attorneys' fees) incurred by a current officer or director of the Corporation in defending any civil, criminal, administrative or investigative action, suit or proceeding shall be paid by the Corporation in advance of the final disposition of such action, suit or proceeding upon receipt of an undertaking by or on behalf of such director or officer to repay such amount if it shall ultimately be determined that such person is not entitled to be indemnified by the Corporation as authorized in this Article VII. Such expenses (including attorneys' fees) incurred by former directors and officers of the Corporation or by persons serving at the request of the Corporation as directors or officers of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise may be so paid upon such terms and conditions, if any, as the Corporation deems appropriate.
- (7) The indemnification and advancement of expenses provided by, or granted pursuant to, the other Sections of this Article VII shall not be deemed exclusive of any other rights to which those seeking indemnification or advancement of expenses may be entitled under any law, bylaw, agreement, vote of stockholders or disinterested directors or otherwise, both as to action in such person's official capacity and as to action in another capacity while holding such office.
- (8) The Corporation may purchase and maintain insurance on behalf of any person who is or was a director or officer of the Corporation, or is or was serving at the request of the Corporation as a director or officer of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise against any liability asserted against such person and incurred by such person in any such capacity, or arising out of such person's status as such, whether or not the Corporation would have the power to indemnify him against such liability under Section 145 of the DGCL.

- (9) For purposes of this Article VII, references to "the Corporation" shall include, in addition to the resulting corporation, any constituent corporation (including any constituent of a constituent) absorbed in a consolidation or merger which, if its separate existence had continued, would have had power and authority to indemnify its directors and officers so that any person who is or was a director or officer of such constituent corporation, or is or was serving at the request of such constituent corporation as a director or officer of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise, shall stand in the same position under this Article VII with respect to the resulting or surviving corporation as such person would have with respect to such constituent corporation if its separate existence had continued.
- (10) For purposes of this Article VII, references to "other enterprises" shall include employee benefit plans; references to "fines" shall include any excise taxes assessed on a person with respect to an employee benefit plan; and references to "serving at the request of the Corporation" shall include any service as a director or officer of the Corporation which imposes duties on, or involves services by, such director or officer with respect to any employee benefit plan, its participants or beneficiaries; and a person who acted in good faith and in a manner such person reasonably believed to be in the interest of the participants and beneficiaries of an employee benefit plan shall be deemed to have acted in a manner "not opposed to the best interests of the Corporation" as referred to in this Article VII.
- (11) The indemnification and advancement of expenses provided by, or granted pursuant to, this Article VII shall, unless otherwise provided when authorized or ratified, continue as to a person who has ceased to be a director or officer and shall inure to the benefit of the heirs, executors and administrators of such a person.
- (12) Any repeal or modification of this Article VII shall only be prospective and shall not affect the rights or protections or increase the liability of any director or officer under this Article VII in effect at the time of the alleged occurrence of any act or omission to act giving rise to liability or indemnification.
- (13) The Corporation may, to the extent authorized from time to time by the Board, provide rights to indemnification and to the advancement of expenses to employees and agents of the Corporation similar to those conferred in this Article VII to directors and officers of the Corporation.
- (14) The Corporation hereby acknowledges that certain of its directors and officers (the 'Specified Persons') may have rights to indemnification and advancement of expenses provided by Altice N.V. or its Affiliates (directly or through insurance obtained by any such entity) (collectively, the "Altice N.V. Indemnitors"). The Corporation hereby agrees and acknowledges that (i) it is the indemnitor of first resort with respect to the Specified Persons to the extent the underlying matter arises from or is related to the Specified Person's service as a director on the Board or as an officer of the Corporation, (ii) it shall be required to advance the full amount of expenses incurred by the Specified Persons, as required by the terms of this Article VII, without regard to any rights the Specified Persons may have against the Altice N.V. Indemnitors and (iii) it irrevocably waives, relinquishes and releases the Altice N.V. Indemnitors from any and all claims against the Altice N.V. Indemnitors for contribution, subrogation or any other recovery of any kind in respect thereof. The Corporation further agrees that no

advancement or payment by the Altice N.V. Indemnitors on behalf of the Corporation with respect to any claim for which the Specified Persons have sought indemnification from the Corporation shall affect the foregoing and the Altice N.V. Indemnitors shall have a right of contribution and/or be subrogated to the extent of such advancement or payment to all of the rights of recovery of the Specified Persons against the Corporation. These rights shall be a contract right.

ARTICLE VIII

MATTERS RELATING TO STOCKHOLDERS

- (1) Annual Meeting of Stockholders. An annual meeting of stockholders for the election of directors to succeed those whose terms expire and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting, shall be held at such place, if any, on such date, and at such time as shall be fixed exclusively by resolution of the Board or a duly authorized committee thereof.
- (2) Special Meeting of Stockholders. Subject to the rights of the holders of any series of Preferred Stock with respect to actions by the holders of shares of such series, special meetings of the stockholders of the Corporation may be called only by the Board, the Chairman of the Board, stockholders holding a majority of the voting power of the Corporation's outstanding capital stock or the director nominated pursuant to the Stockholders' Agreement by A4, and may not be called by any other person or persons. Business transacted at special meetings of stockholders shall be confined to the purpose or purposes stated in the notice of meeting.
- (3) Action by Written Consent of Stockholders. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation or the Corporation's Bylaws, any action required or permitted to be taken at any annual or special meeting of stockholders of the Corporation may be taken without a meeting, without prior notice and without a vote, if a consent or consents in writing, setting forth the action so taken, shall be signed by the holders of outstanding capital stock having not less than the minimum number of votes that would be necessary to authorize or take such action at a meeting at which all shares entitled to vote thereon were present and voted and shall be delivered to the Corporation by delivery to its registered office in the State of Delaware, its principal place of business or an officer or agent of the Corporation having custody of the books in which proceedings of meetings of stockholders are recorded. Delivery made to the Corporation's registered office shall be made by hand, overnight courier or certified or registered mail with return receipt requested.
- (4) Approval and Consent Rights. Until the Expiration Date, notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein or in the governing documents of any of the Subsidiaries of the Corporation, without the prior written approval of Altice N.V., the Corporation shall not (either directly or indirectly through an Affiliate or otherwise or through one or a series of related transactions):
 - (a) effect or consummate a Change of Control or publicly endorse a Change of Control (including by recommending any tender or exchange offer that would result in

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- a Change of Control) or enter into any agreement or arrangement to effect or consummate a Change of Control;
- (b) amend (or approve or recommend amendment of) the Corporation's or any of the Corporation's Subsidiaries' certificates of incorporation or bylaws (or other similar organizational documents), including by merger, consolidation or otherwise; and
- (c) commence any liquidation, dissolution or voluntary bankruptcy, administration, recapitalization or reorganization in any form of transaction, make arrangements with creditors, or consent to the entry of an order for relief in any involuntary case, or take the conversion of an involuntary case to a voluntary case, or consent to the appointment of or take possession by a receiver, trustee or other custodian for all or substantially all of its or its Subsidiaries' property, or otherwise seek the protection of any applicable bankruptcy or insolvency law.

- i. "A4 Group" means A4 and each Person that is an Affiliate of A4;
- ii. "Affiliate" means, as to any Person, any other Person which, directly or indirectly, controls, or is controlled by, or is under common control with, such Person; provided, however, that none of the Corporation and its Subsidiaries shall be considered an Affiliate of a member of the PDR Group for purposes of this Section (4):
 - iii. "Altice N.V. Group" means Altice N.V. and each Person that is an Affiliate of Altice N.V.;
- iv. "beneficially own" means, with respect to the Corporation Common Stock, having "beneficial ownership" of such stock for purposes of Rule 13d-3 or 13d-5 promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder, without giving effect to the limiting phrase "within sixty days" set forth in Rule 13d-3(1)(i);
- v. "Change of Control" means (a) the sale, lease, conveyance, disposition, in one or a series of related transactions (other than a merger or consolidation), of all or substantially all of the assets of the Corporation and its Subsidiaries, taken as a whole, to any Person or group of Persons (other than a member or members of the PDR Group) or (b) a merger, reorganization, recapitalization, combination or consolidation of, or any other transaction (including the purchase of the Corporation Securities) involving, the Corporation with any other Person after which a member or members of the PDR Group cease to beneficially own fifty percent (50%) or more of the voting power of the Corporation or the surviving entity in such transaction, as the case may be;
- vi. "Corporation Common Stock," means, collectively, (i) the Class A Common Stock, (ii) the Class B Common Stock, (iii) the Class C Common Stock, and (iv) any equity interest into which such shares of common stock set forth in clauses (i), (ii) or (iii) shall have been changed, or any equity interest resulting from any reclassification, recapitalization, reorganization, merger, consolidation, conversion, stock or other equity split or dividend or similar transactions with respect to such shares of common stock;
- vii. "Corporation Securities" means (i) the Corporation Common Stock, (ii) any Preferred Stock, (iii) any other common stock issued by the Corporation and (iv) any securities convertible into or exchangeable for, or options, warrants or other rights to acquire, Corporation Common Stock or any other common or Preferred Stock issued by the Corporation;

- viii. "control" (including the terms "controlled by" and "under common control with"), with respect to the relationship between or among two or more Persons, means the possession, directly or indirectly or as trustee, personal representative or executor, of the power to direct or cause the direction of the affairs or management of a Person, whether through the ownership of voting securities, as trustee, personal representative or executor, by contract or otherwise;
- ix. "Expiration Date" means the first date on which the PDR Group, in the aggregate, ceases to beneficially own at least twenty percent (20%) of the voting power of the outstanding Corporation Common Stock;
- x. "Governmental Entity" means any United States federal, state or local, or foreign, international or supranational, government, court or tribunal, or administrative, executive, governmental or regulatory or self-regulatory body, agency or authority thereof;
- xi. "PDR Group" means (i) Altice N.V., (ii) each member of the Altice N.V. Group, (iii) A4, (iv) each member of the A4 Group, (v) Patrick Drahi, his heirs or entities or trusts directly or indirectly under his or their control or formed for his or their benefit, and (vi) any Affiliate of Patrick Drahi, his heirs or entities or trusts directly under his or their control or formed for his or their benefit;
- xii. "Person" means an individual, corporation, partnership, joint venture, association, trust, unincorporated organization, limited liability company, Governmental Entity or other entity; and
- xiii. "Subsidiary" means, with respect to any Person, another Person, an amount of the voting securities or other voting ownership interests sufficient, together with any contractual rights, to elect at least a majority of the board of directors or other governing body (or, if there are no such voting interests, 50% or more of the equity interests of which is owned directly or indirectly by such first Person).

ARTICLE IX

DGCL SECTION 203 AND BUSINESS COMBINATION

The Corporation hereby expressly elects not to be governed by Section 203 of the DGCL.

ARTICLE X

MISCELLANEOUS

If any provision or provisions of this Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation shall be held to be invalid, illegal or unenforceable as applied to any circumstance for any reason whatsoever: (i) the validity, legality and enforceability of such provisions in any other circumstance and of the remaining provisions of this Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation (including, without limitation, each portion of any paragraph of this Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation containing any such provision held to be invalid, illegal or unenforceable that is not itself held to be invalid, illegal or unenforceable) shall not in any way be affected or impaired thereby and (ii) to the fullest extent possible, the provisions of this

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Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation (including, without limitation, each such portion of any paragraph of this Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation containing any such provision held to be invalid, illegal or unenforceable) shall be construed so as to permit the Corporation to protect its directors, officers, employees and agents from personal liability in respect of their good faith service or for the benefit of the Corporation to the fullest extent permitted by law.

ARTICLE XI

AMENDMENT OF CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION AND BYLAWS

Except as otherwise expressly provided by this Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation, the Corporation reserves the right to amend, alter, change or repeal any provision of this Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation in the manner now or hereafter prescribed by law, and all the provisions of this Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation and all rights conferred on stockholders, directors, officers and other persons in this Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation are subject to this reserved power. Except as otherwise expressly provided by this Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation, the Board shall have the power to adopt, amend or

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IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Corporation has caused this Amended and Restated day of , 2017.	Certificate of Incorporation to be executed by its duly authorized officer on this ICE USA, INC.
By:	
	Name: Title:

[Signature Page to Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation]

repeal the Corporation's Bylaws. Any adoption, amendment or repeal of the Corporation's Bylaws by the Board shall require the approval of a majority of the Board.

AMENDED AND RESTATED

BYLAWS

OF

ALTICE USA, INC.

a Delaware corporation

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AMENDED AND RESTATED

BYLAWS

OF

ALTICE USA, INC.

a Delaware corporation

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ARTICLE I

OFFICES

Section 1.01. <u>Registered Office</u>. The registered office of Altice USA, Inc. (the '<u>Corporation</u>") in the State of Delaware shall be at the office of Corporation Service Company, 2711 Centerville Road, Suite 400, in the City of Wilmington, County of New Castle, Delaware 19808. The name of the registered agent of the Corporation at such address is Corporation Service Company.

Section 1.02. Other Offices. The Corporation may also have an office or offices at any other place or places within or without the State of Delaware as the Board of Directors of the Corporation (the "Board") may from time to time determine or the business of the Corporation may from time to time require.

ARTICLE II

MEETINGS OF STOCKHOLDERS

Section 2.01. <u>Annual Meetings</u>. Annual meetings of stockholders may be held at such place, if any, either within or without the State of Delaware, and at such time and date as the Board shall determine and state in the notice of meeting. The Board may, in its sole discretion, determine that meetings of stockholders shall not be held at any place, but may instead be held solely by means of remote communication in accordance with Section 211(a)(2) of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware (the "<u>DGCL</u>"). The Board may postpone, reschedule or cancel any annual meeting of stockholders previously scheduled by the Board.

Section 2.02. Special Meetings. Special meetings of the stockholders may only be called in the manner provided in the Corporation's certificate of incorporation as then in effect (as the same may be amended and/or restated from time to time, the "Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation") and may be held at such place, if any, either within or without the State of Delaware, and at such time and date as the Board or the Chairman of the Board (the "Chairman") shall determine and state in the notice of meeting. The Board may postpone, reschedule or cancel any special meeting of stockholders previously scheduled by the Board or the Chairman; provided, however, that with respect to any special meeting of

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Section 2.03. Notice of Stockholder Business and Nominations.

(A) Annual Meetings of Stockholders.

- (1) Nominations of persons for election to the Board and the proposal of other business to be considered by the stockholders may be made at an annual meeting of stockholders only (a) as provided in the Stockholders' Agreement (with respect to nominations of persons for election to the Board only), (b) pursuant to the Corporation's notice of meeting (or any supplement thereto) delivered pursuant to Section 2.04 of Article II of these Bylaws, (c) by or at the direction of the Board or any authorized committee thereof or (d) by any stockholder of the Corporation who is entitled to vote at the meeting, who, subject to paragraph (C)(7) of this Section 2.03, complied with the notice procedures set forth in paragraphs (A)(2) and (A)(3) of this Section 2.03 and who was a stockholder of record at the time such notice is delivered to the Secretary of the Corporation (the "Secretary").
- (2) For nominations or other business to be properly brought before an annual meeting by a stockholder pursuant to clause (d) of paragraph (A)(1) of this Section 2.03, the stockholder must have given timely notice thereof in writing to the Secretary, and, in the case of business other than nominations of persons for election to the Board, such other business must constitute a proper matter for stockholder action. To be timely, a stockholder's notice shall be delivered to the Secretary at the principal executive offices of the Corporation not less than ninety (90) days nor more than one hundred and twenty (120) days prior to the first anniversary of the preceding year's annual meeting (which date shall, for purposes of the Corporation's first annual meeting of stockholders after its shares of Class A Common Stock are first publicly traded, be deemed to have occurred on May 15, 2017); provided, however, that in the event that the date of the annual meeting is advanced by more than thirty (30) days, or delayed by more than seventy (70) days, from the anniversary date of the previous year's meeting, or if no annual meeting was held in the preceding year, notice by the stockholder to be timely must be so delivered not earlier than one hundred and twenty (120) days prior to such

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annual meeting and not later than the close of business on the later of the ninetieth (90th) day prior to such annual meeting or the tenth (10th) day following the day on which public announcement of the date of such meeting is first made by the Corporation. Public announcement of an adjournment or postponement of an annual meeting shall not commence a new time period (or extend any time period) for the giving of a stockholder's notice. Notwithstanding anything in this Section 2.03(A)(2) to the contrary, if the number of directors to be elected to the Board at an annual meeting is increased and there is no public announcement by the Corporation naming all of the nominees for director or specifying the size of the increased Board at least one hundred (100) calendar days prior to the first anniversary of the prior year's annual meeting of stockholders, then a stockholder's notice required by this Section shall be considered timely, but only with respect to nominees for any new positions created by such increase, if it is received by the Secretary not later than the close of business on the tenth (10th) calendar day following the day on which such public announcement is first made by the Corporation.

(3) Such stockholder's notice shall set forth (a) as to each person whom the stockholder proposes to nominate for election or reelection as a director, all information relating to such person that is required to be disclosed in solicitations of proxies for election of directors in an
election contest, or is otherwise required, in each case pursuant to Section 14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange
Act"), and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder, including such person's written consent to being named in the Corporation's proxy
statement as a nominee and to serving as a director if elected; (b) as to any other business that the stockholder proposes to bring before the meeting, a
brief description of the business desired to be brought before the meeting, the text of the proposal or business (including the text of any resolutions
proposed for consideration and, in the event that such business includes a proposal to amend these Bylaws, the language of the proposed
amendment), the reasons for conducting such business at the meeting and any material interest in such business of such stockholder and the
beneficial owner, if any, on whose behalf the proposal is made; (c) as to the stockholder giving the notice and the beneficial owner, if any, on whose
behalf the nomination or proposal is made (i) the name and address of such stockholder, as they appear on the Corporation's books and records, and
of such beneficial owner, (ii) the class or series and number of shares of capital stock of the Corporation which are owned, directly or indirectly,
beneficially and of record by such stockholder and such beneficial owner, (iii) a representation that the stockholder is a holder of record of the stock
of the Corporation at the time of the giving of the notice, will be entitled to vote at such meeting and will appear in person or by proxy at the meeting
to propose such business or nomination, (iv) a representation whether the stockholder or the beneficial owner, if any, will be or is

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form of proxy to holders of at least the percentage of the voting power of the Corporation's outstanding capital stock required to approve or adopt the proposal or elect the nominee and/or (y) otherwise to solicit proxies or votes from stockholders in support of such proposal or nomination, (v) a certification regarding whether such stockholder and beneficial owner, if any, have complied with all applicable federal, state and other legal requirements in connection with the stockholder's and/or beneficial owner's acquisition of shares of capital stock or other securities of the Corporation and (vi) any other information relating to such stockholder and beneficial owner, if any, required to be disclosed in a proxy statement or other filings required to be made in connection with solicitations of proxies for, as applicable, the proposal and/or for the election of directors in an election contest pursuant to and in accordance with Section 14(a) of the Exchange Act and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder; (d) a description of any agreement, arrangement or understanding with respect to the nomination or proposal and/or the voting of shares of any class or series of stock of the Corporation between or among the stockholder giving the notice, the beneficial owner, if any, on whose behalf the nomination or proposal is made, any of their respective affiliates or associates and/or any others acting in concert with any of the foregoing (collectively, "proponent persons"); and (e) a description of any agreement, arrangement or understanding (including without limitation any contract to purchase or sell, acquisition or grant of any option, right or warrant to purchase or sell, swap or other instrument) to which any proponent person is a party, the intent or effect of which may be (i) to transfer to or from any proponent person, in whole or in part, any of the economic consequences of ownership of any security of the Corporation, (ii) to increase or decrease the voting power of any proponent person with respect to shares of any class or series of stock of the Corporation and/or (iii) to provide any proponent person, directly or indirectly, with the opportunity to profit or share in any profit derived from, or to otherwise benefit economically from, any increase or decrease in the value of any security of the Corporation. A stockholder providing notice of a proposed nomination for election to the Board or other business proposed to be brought before a meeting (whether given pursuant to this paragraph (A)(3) or paragraph (B) of this Section 2.03 of these Bylaws) shall update and supplement such notice from time to time to the extent necessary so that the information provided or required to be provided in such notice shall be true and correct as of the record date for determining the stockholders entitled to notice of the meeting. Any such update and supplement shall be delivered in writing to the Secretary at the principal executive offices of the Corporation not later than five (5) days after the record date for determining the stockholders entitled to notice of the meeting. The Corporation may require any proposed nominee to furnish such other information as it may reasonably require to determine the eligibility of such proposed nominee to serve as a director of the Corporation and to

determine the independence of such director under the Exchange Act and rules and regulations thereunder and applicable stock exchange rules.

(B) Special Meetings of Stockholders. Only such business shall be conducted at a special meeting of stockholders as shall have been brought before the meeting pursuant to the Corporation's notice of meeting. Nominations of persons for election to the Board may be made at a special meeting of stockholders at which directors are to be elected pursuant to the Corporation's notice of meeting (1) as provided in the Stockholders' Agreement, (2) by or at the direction of the Board or any committee thereof (or the stockholders or director pursuant to section (2) of Article VIII of the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation) or (3) provided that the Board (or the stockholders or director pursuant to Section (2) of Article VIII of the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation) has determined that directors shall be elected at such meeting, by any stockholder of the Corporation who is entitled to vote at the meeting, who (subject to paragraph (C)(7) of this Section 2.03) complies with the notice procedures set forth in this Section 2.03 and who is a stockholder of record at the time such notice is delivered to the Secretary. In the event the Corporation calls a special meeting of stockholders for the purpose of electing one or more directors to the Board, any such stockholder entitled to vote in such election of directors may nominate a person or persons (as the case may be) for election to such position(s) as specified in the Corporation's notice of meeting if the stockholder's notice as required by paragraph (A)(2) of this Section 2.03 shall be delivered to the Secretary at the principal executive offices of the Corporation not earlier than the close of business on the 120th day prior to such special meeting on the 10th day following the day on which the Corporation first makes a public announcement of the date of the special meeting at which directors are to be elected. In no event shall the public announcement of an adjournment or postponement of a special meeting commence a new time period (or exte

(C) General.

(1) Except as provided in paragraph (C)(7) of this Section 2.03, only such persons who are nominated in accordance with the procedures set forth in this Section 2.03 or the Stockholders' Agreement shall be eligible to serve as directors and only such business shall be conducted at an annual or special meeting of stockholders as shall have been brought before the meeting in accordance with the procedures set forth in this Section. Except as otherwise provided by law, the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation or these Bylaws, the chairman of the meeting shall, in addition to making any other determination that may be appropriate for the conduct of the meeting, have the power and duty to determine whether a nomination or any business proposed to be brought before the meeting was made or proposed, as the case may be, in accordance with the procedures set forth in these Bylaws and, if any

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proposed nomination or business is not in compliance with these Bylaws, to declare that such defective proposal or nomination shall be disregarded.

- The date and time of the opening and the closing of the polls for each matter upon which the stockholders will vote at a meeting shall be announced at the meeting by the chairman of the meeting. The Board may adopt by resolution such rules and regulations for the conduct of the meeting of stockholders as it shall deem appropriate. Except to the extent inconsistent with such rules and regulations as adopted by the Board, the chairman of the meeting shall have the right and authority to convene and (for any or no reason) to recess and/or adjourn the meeting, to prescribe such rules, regulations and procedures and to do all such acts as, in the judgment of such chairman, are appropriate for the proper conduct of the meeting. Such rules, regulations or procedures, whether adopted by the Board or prescribed by the chairman of the meeting, may include, without limitation, the following: (i) the establishment of an agenda or order of business for the meeting, (ii) rules and procedures for maintaining order at the meeting and the safety of those present; (iii) limitations on attendance at or participation in the meeting to stockholders entitled to vote at the meeting, their duly authorized and constituted proxies or such other persons as the chairman of the meeting shall determine; (iv) restrictions on entry to the meeting after the time fixed for the commencement thereof; and (v) limitations on the time allotted to questions or comments by participants and on shareholder approvals.
- (3) Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this Section 2.03, unless otherwise required by law, if the stockholder (or a qualified representative of the stockholder) does not appear at the annual or special meeting of stockholders of the Corporation to present a nomination or business proposal, such nomination shall be disregarded and such proposed business shall not be transacted, notwithstanding that proxies in respect of such vote may have been received by the Corporation. For purposes of this Section 2.03, to be considered a qualified representative of the stockholder, a person must be a duly authorized officer, manager or partner of such stockholder or must be authorized by a writing executed by such stockholder or an electronic transmission delivered by such stockholder to act for such stockholder as proxy at the meeting of stockholders and such person must produce such writing or electronic transmission, at the meeting of stockholders
- (4) Unless and to the extent determined by the Board or the chairman of the meeting, meetings of stockholders shall not be required to be held in accordance with the rules of parliamentary procedure.
 - (5) Whenever used in these Bylaws, "public announcement" shall mean disclosure (a) in a press released by the Corporation,

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provided such press release is released by the Corporation following its customary procedures, is reported by the Dow Jones News Service, Associated Press or comparable national news service, or is generally available on Internet news sites, or (b) in a document publicly filed by the Corporation with the Securities and Exchange Commission pursuant to Section 13, 14 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.

- Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this Section 2.03, a stockholder shall also comply with all applicable requirements of the Exchange Act and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder with respect to the matters set forth in this Section 2.03; provided, however, that, to the fullest extent permitted by law, any references in these Bylaws to the Exchange Act or the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder are not intended to and shall not limit any requirements applicable to nominations or proposals as to any other business to be considered pursuant to these Bylaws (including paragraphs (A)(1)(d) and (B) hereof), and, subject to Rule 14a-8 under the Exchange Act, compliance with paragraphs (A) (1)(d) and (B) of this Section 2.03 of these Bylaws shall be the exclusive means for a stockholder to make nominations or submit other business. Nothing in these Bylaws shall be deemed to affect any rights of the holders of any class or series of Preferred Stock to elect directors under specified circumstances.
- (7) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Section 2.03, (i) Altice N.V. and A4 and each of their permitted assignees for so long as such Person is a party to the Stockholders' Agreement, and (ii) Patrick Drahi ("Patrick Drahi") shall not be subject to the notice procedures set forth in paragraphs (A)(2), (A)(3), (B), (C)(3) or (C)(6) of this Section 2.03 with respect to any annual or special meeting of

stockholders.

Section 2.04. Notice of Meetings. Whenever stockholders are required or permitted to take any action at a meeting, a timely notice in writing or by electronic transmission, in the manner provided in Section 232 of the DGCL, of the meeting, which shall state the place, if any, date and time of the meeting, the means of remote communications, if any, by which stockholders and proxy holders may be deemed to be present in person and vote at such meeting, the record date for determining the stockholders entitled to vote at the meeting, if such date is different from the record date for determining stockholders entitled to notice of the meeting, and, in the case of a special meeting, the purposes for which the meeting is called, shall be mailed to or transmitted electronically by the Secretary to each stockholder of record entitled to vote thereat as of the record date for determining the stockholders entitled to notice of the meeting. Unless otherwise provided by law, the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation or these Bylaws, the notice of any meeting shall be given not less than ten (10) nor more than sixty (60) days before the date of the meeting to each stockholder entitled to vote at such meeting as of the record date for determining the stockholders entitled to notice of the meeting.

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Section 2.05. Waiver of Notice. Notice of any annual or special meeting of stockholders need not be given to any stockholder who files a written waiver of notice with the Secretary, signed by the person entitled to notice, whether before or after such meeting. Neither the business to be transacted at, nor the purpose of, any meeting of stockholders need be specified in any written waiver of notice thereof. Attendance of a stockholder at a meeting, in person or by proxy, shall constitute a waiver of notice of such meeting, except when such stockholder attends a meeting for the express purpose of objecting, at the beginning of the meeting, to the transaction of any business on the grounds that the notice of such meeting was inadequate or improperly given.

Section 2.06. Quorum. Unless otherwise required by law, the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation or the rules of any stock exchange upon which the Corporation's securities are listed, the holders of record of a majority of the voting power of the issued and outstanding shares of capital stock of the Corporation entitled to vote at the meeting, present in person or represented by proxy, shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business at all meetings of stockholders. Notwithstanding the foregoing, where a separate vote by a class or series or classes or series is required, a majority of the voting power of the outstanding shares of such class or series or classes or series, present in person or represented by proxy, shall constitute a quorum entitled to take action with respect to the vote on that matter. Once a quorum is present to organize a meeting, it shall not be broken by the subsequent withdrawal of any stockholders.

Section 2.07. Voting: Proxies. Except as otherwise expressly provided by the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation or required by applicable law, the holders of Class A Common Stock are entitled to one vote per share and the holders of Class B Common Stock are entitled to twenty-five votes per share on any matter submitted to a vote of the stockholders. Except as otherwise expressly provided by the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation or required by applicable law, the holders of shares of Class C common stock are not entitled to vote on any matter submitted to a vote of the stockholders. Each stockholder entitled to vote at a meeting of stockholders or to express consent to corporate action in writing without a meeting may authorize another person or persons to act for such stockholder by proxy in any manner provided by applicable law, but no such proxy shall be voted or acted upon after three years from its date, unless the proxy provides for a longer period. A proxy shall be irrevocable if it states that it is irrevocable and if, and only as long as, it is coupled with an interest sufficient in law to support an irrevocable power. A stockholder may revoke any proxy which is not irrevocable by attending the meeting and voting in person or by delivering to the Secretary a revocation of the proxy or new proxy bearing a later date. Unless required by the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation or applicable law, or determined by the chairman of the meeting to be advisable, the vote on any question need not be by ballot. On a vote by ballot, each ballot shall be signed by the stockholder voting, or by such stockholder's proxy, if there be such proxy. Other than in respect of the election of directors, when a quorum is present or represented at any meeting, all questions presented to the stockholder's proxy, if there be such proxy. Other than in respect of the election of directors, when a quorum is present or represented at any meeting, all questions presented to the Stockholder

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and Restated Certificate of Incorporation or of these Bylaws, a different vote is required, in which case such express provision shall govern and control the decision of such question. The vote required for the election of directors by stockholders, other than in a contested election of directors, shall be the affirmative vote of a majority of the votes cast with respect to a director nominee. For purposes of this paragraph, a 'majority of the votes cast' shall mean that the number of votes cast 'for' a director must exceed the number of votes cast 'against' that director. In any contested election of directors, the nominees receiving the greatest number of the votes cast for their election, up to the number of directors to be elected in such election, shall be deemed elected. 'Abstentions' and 'broker non-votes' will not count as votes either 'for' or 'against' a nominee. A contested election is one in which the number of persons nominated exceeds the number of directors to be elected as of the date that is ten days prior to the date that the Corporation first mails its notice of meeting for such meeting to the stockholders.

Section 2.08. <u>Chairman of Meetings.</u> The Chairman, or in the absence, or at the direction, of the Chairman, the Chief Executive Officer, or in the absence, or at the direction, of the Chief Executive Officer, a person designated by the Board shall be the chairman of the meeting and, as such, preside at all meetings of the stockholders.

Section 2.09. Secretary of Meetings. The Secretary shall act as secretary at all meetings of the stockholders. In the absence or disability of the Secretary, the Chairman or the Chief Executive Officer shall appoint a person to act as secretary at such meetings.

Section 2.10. Adjournment. At any meeting of stockholders of the Corporation, if less than a quorum be present, the chairman of the meeting or stockholders holding a majority of the voting power of the shares of stock of the Corporation, present in person or by proxy and entitled to vote thereat, shall have the power to adjourn the meeting from time to time until a quorum shall be present without notice other than announcement at the meeting of the time, place (if any) thereof and the means of remote communications (if any) by which stockholders and proxy holders may be determined to be present in person and vote at such adjourned meeting. Any business may be transacted at the adjourned meeting that might have been transacted at the meeting originally noticed. If the adjournment is for more than thirty (30) days, a notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given to each stockholder of record entitled to vote at the meeting. If after the adjournment a new record date for determination of stockholders entitled to vote is fixed for the adjourned meeting, the Board shall fix as the record date for determining stockholders entitled to notice of such adjourned meeting the same or an earlier date as that fixed for determination of stockholders entitled to vote at the adjourned meeting, and shall give notice of the adjourned meeting to each stockholder of record entitled to vote at such adjourned meeting to each stockholder of record entitled to vote at such adjourned meeting to each stockholder of record entitled to vote at such adjourned meeting to each stockholders entitled to vote at such adjourned meeting to each stockholders entitled to vote at such adjourned meeting to each stockholders entitled to vote at such adjourned meeting to each stockholders entitled to vote at such adjourned meeting to each stockholders entitled to vote at the adjourned meeting.

Section 2.11. <u>Inspectors of Election.</u> The Corporation may, and shall if required by law, in advance of any meeting of stockholders, appoint one or more inspectors of election, who may be employees of the Corporation, to act at the meeting or any adjournment thereof and to make a written report thereof. The Corporation may designate one or more persons as alternate inspectors to replace any inspector who fails to act. In the event that no inspector so appointed or designated is able to act at a meeting of stockholders, the chairman of the meeting shall appoint one or more inspectors to act at the meeting. Each inspector, before entering upon the discharge of his or her duties, shall take and sign an oath to execute faithfully the duties of inspector with strict impartiality and according to the best of his or her ability. The inspector or inspectors so appointed or designated shall (i) ascertain the number of shares of capital stock of the Corporation outstanding and the voting power of each such share, (ii) determine the shares of capital stock of the corporation represented at the meeting and the validity of proxies and ballots, (iii) count all votes and ballots, (iv) determine and retain for a reasonable period a record of the disposition of any challenges made to any determination by the inspectors, and (v) certify their determination of the number of shares of capital stock of the Corporation represented at the meeting and such inspectors' count of all votes and ballots. Such certification and report shall specify such other information as may be required by law. In determining the validity and counting of proxies and ballots cast at any meeting of stockholders of the Corporation, the

inspectors may consider such information as is permitted by applicable law. No person who is a candidate for an office at an election may serve as an inspector at such election

ARTICLE III

THE BOARD

Section 3.01. <u>Director Powers</u>. The business and affairs of the Corporation shall be managed by or under the directions of the Board. In addition to the powers and authority expressly conferred upon the Board by statute, the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation or these Bylaws, the Board is hereby empowered to exercise all such powers and do all such things as may be exercised or done by the Corporation.

Section 3.02. <u>Number of Directors.</u> The authorized number of directors of the Board comprising the entire Board shall be not less than seven nor more than twelve. An increase or decrease in the outer limits of this range of directors requires the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the voting power of the then outstanding shares of the Corporation's capital stock entitled to vote thereon. Within the foregoing limits, and subject to the rights of the holders of any series of Preferred Stock to elect additional directors under specified circumstances, the number of directors shall be fixed from time to time exclusively by resolution adopted by a majority of the Board. No decrease in the authorized number of directors of the Board shall shorten the term of any incumbent director. Directors need not be stockholders.

Section 3.03. <u>Resignation</u>. Any director may resign at any time by delivering his written resignation to the Board, the Chairman or the Secretary. Such resignation shall take effect at the time specified in such notice or, if the time be not specified, upon receipt thereof by the Board, the Chairman or the Secretary, as the case may be. Unless otherwise specified therein, acceptance of such resignation shall not be necessary to make it effective.

Section 3.04. <u>Term and Removal</u>. Each director shall hold office until such director's successor is elected and qualified, or until such director's earlier death, resignation or removal. Subject to the rights granted to the holders of any one or more series of Preferred Stock then outstanding or the rights granted pursuant to the Stockholders' Agreement, stockholders holding a majority of the voting power of the outstanding capital stock may remove any or all directors with or without cause.

Section 3.05. <u>Vacancies and Newly Created Directorships.</u> Subject to the rights granted to the holders of any one or more series of Preferred Stock then outstanding or the rights granted pursuant to the Stockholders' Agreement, any newly created directorship on the Board that results from an increase in the number of directors within the range set forth in Section 3.02 of this Article III and any vacancy occurring on the Board (whether by death, resignation, retirement, disqualification, removal or other cause) shall be filled by a majority of the directors then in office, although less than a quorum, by a sole remaining director or by the stockholders. Any director elected to fill a vacancy or newly created directorship shall hold office until the next annual meeting of stockholders for the election of directors and until his or her successor shall be elected and qualified, or until his or her earlier death, resignation, retirement, disqualification or removal.

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Section 3.06. Meetings.

- (A) <u>Annual Meetings.</u> As soon as practicable after each annual election of directors by the stockholders, the Board shall meet for the purpose of organization and the transaction of other business, unless it shall have transacted all such business by written consent pursuant to Section 3.08 hereof.
- (B) Other Meetings. Other meetings of the Board shall be held at such times as the Chairman, the director nominated to the Board pursuant to the Stockholders' Agreement by A4 or two Board members acting jointly shall from time to time determine.
- (C) Notice of Meetings. The Secretary shall give written notice to each director and, pursuant to the Stockholders' Agreement, to the Group Advisory Council of Altice N.V. of each meeting of the Board, which notice shall state the place, date, time and purpose of such meeting. Notice of each such meeting shall be given to each director, if by mail, addressed to him at his residence or usual place of business, at least three days before the day on which such meeting is to be held, or shall be sent to him by telecopy or other form of electronic transmission, or be delivered personally or by an internationally recognized courier service or by telephone, not later than 24 hours before the time at which such meeting is to be held. A written waiver of notice, signed by the director entitled to notice, whether before or after the time of the meeting referred to in such waiver, shall be deemed equivalent to notice. Neither the business to be transacted at, nor the purpose of any meeting of the Board need be specified in any written waiver of notice thereof. Attendance of a director at a meeting of the Board shall constitute a waiver of notice of such meeting, except as provided by law.
- (D) <u>Place of Meetings</u>. The Board may hold its meetings at such place or places within or without the State of Delaware as the Board or the Chairman may from time to time determine, or as shall be designated in the respective notices or waivers of notice of such meetings.
- (E) Quorum and Manner of Acting. A quorum is required for the transaction of business at any meeting of the Board. A majority of the number of directors then in office (but not less than one third of the then authorized number of directors comprising the entire Board) is required to constitute a quorum, and such majority must include (i) the director nominated to the Board pursuant to the Stockholders' Agreement by A4 and (ii) the President of the Altice N.V. Board of Directors nominated to the Board pursuant to the Stockholders' Agreement by Altice N.V. In the absence of a quorum for any such meeting, a majority of the directors present thereat may adjourn such meeting from time to time until a quorum shall be present.
- (F) Organization. At each meeting of the Board, one of the following shall act as chairman of the meeting and preside, in the following order of

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precedence: (1) the Chairman; and (2) any director chosen by a majority of the directors present. The Secretary or, in the case of the Secretary's absence, any person (who shall be an Assistant Secretary, if an Assistant Secretary is present) whom the chairman of the meeting shall appoint shall act as secretary of such meeting and keep the minutes thereof.

(G) Meeting Agenda. The agenda for any meeting of the Board will be determined by the Board member(s) convening the meeting. Board members may submit agenda items to be discussed at the meeting to the Board member(s) convening the meeting. After convocation of a Board meeting, amendments to the agenda can only be made upon the unanimous vote of all Board members. Matters not included on the agenda can only be added thereto if all Board members are present at the meeting and agree to vote on the matter. At the request of a Board member and with the agreement of the majority of the other Board members, urgent matters may be discussed immediately, although voting on such urgent matters shall require an amendment to the agenda which can only be made upon the unanimous vote of all Board members.

Section 3.07. Committees of the Board; Committee Rules. The Board may designate one or more committees, including but not limited to an Audit

Committee and a Compensation Committee, each such committee to consist of one or more of the directors of the Board. The Board may designate one or more directors as alternate members of any committee to replace any absent or disqualified member at any meeting of the committee. Any such committee, to the extent provided in the resolution of the Board establishing such committee, shall have and may exercise all the powers and authority of the Board in the management of the business and affairs of the Corporation, and may authorize the seal of the Corporation to be affixed to all papers which may require it; but no such committee shall have the power or authority in reference to the following matters: (a) approving or adopting, or recommending to the stockholders, any action or matter (other than the election or removal of directors) expressly required by the DGCL to be submitted to stockholders for approval or (b) adopting, amending or repealing any Bylaw of the Corporation. All committees of the Board shall keep minutes of their meetings and shall report their proceedings to the Board when requested or required by the Board. Each committee of the Board may fix its own rules of procedure and shall hold its meetings as provided by such rules, except as may otherwise be provided by a resolution of the Board designating such committee. Unless otherwise provided in such a resolution, the presence of at least a majority of the members of the committee shall be determined by a majority vote of the members present at a meeting of the committee at which a quorum is present.

Section 3.08. <u>Directors' Consent in Lieu of Meeting.</u> Any action required or permitted to be taken at any meeting of the Board or of any committee thereof may be taken without a meeting, without prior notice and without a vote, if a consent in writing or by electronic transmission, setting forth the action so taken, shall be signed by all the members of the Board or such committee and such consent or electronic transmission is filed with the minutes of the proceedings of the Board or such committee. Such filing shall be in paper form if

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the minutes are maintained in paper form and shall be in electronic form if the minutes are maintained in electronic form.

Section 3.09. <u>Action by Means of Telephone or Similar Communications Equipment</u>. Any one or more members of the Board, or of any committee thereof, may participate in a meeting of the Board or such committee by means of conference telephone or other communications equipment by means of which all persons participating in the meeting can hear each other, and participation in a meeting by such means shall constitute presence in person at such meeting.

Section 3.10. <u>Compensation</u>. Unless otherwise restricted by the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation and in all cases subject to the Stockholders' Agreement, the Board may determine the compensation of directors. In addition, as determined by the Board, directors may be reimbursed by the Corporation for their expenses, if any, in the performance of their duties as directors. No such compensation or reimbursement shall preclude any director from serving the Corporation in any other capacity and receiving compensation therefor.

Section 3.11. <u>Reliance on Books and Records.</u> A member of the Board, or a member of any committee designated by the Board, shall, in the performance of such person's duties, be fully protected in relying in good faith upon records of the Corporation and upon such information, opinions, reports or statements presented to the Corporation by any of the Corporation's officers or employees, or committees of the Board, or by any other person as to matters the member reasonably believes are within such other person's professional or expert competence and who has been selected with reasonable care by or on behalf of the Corporation.

ARTICLE IV

OFFICERS

Section 4.01. Officers. The officers of the Corporation will include, if and when designated by the Board: the Chairman; a Chief Executive Officer; two or more Presidents including a Chief Financial Officer and a Chief Operating Officer; a Vice Chairman; a Secretary; and a Treasurer. The Board may also appoint one or more Assistant Secretaries and Assistant Treasurers and such other officers and agents with such powers and duties as it deems necessary (subject to the rights, if any, of an officer under any contract of employment). Any one person may hold any number of offices of the Corporation at any one time unless specifically prohibited therefrom by law. The salaries and other compensation of the officers of the Corporation will be fixed by or in the manner designated by the Board or a committee thereof to which the Board has delegated such responsibility.

Section 4.02. <u>Authority and Duties</u>. All officers shall have such authority and perform such duties in the management of the Corporation as may be provided in these Bylaws or, to the extent not so provided, by resolution of the Board.

Section 4.03. <u>Term of Office, Resignation and Removal.</u> (a) Each officer shall be appointed by the Board and shall hold office for such term as may be determined by the Board. Each officer shall hold office until such officer's successor has been appointed and

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qualified or such officer's earlier death or resignation or removal in the manner hereinafter provided.

- (b) Any officer may resign at any time by giving written notice to the Board, the Chief Executive Officer, any President or the Secretary. Such resignation shall take effect at the time specified in such notice or, if the time be not specified, upon receipt thereof by the Board, the Chief Executive Officer, any President or the Secretary, as the case may be. Unless otherwise specified therein, acceptance of such resignation shall not be necessary to make it effective.
 - (c) All officers and agents appointed by the Board shall be subject to removal, with or without cause, at any time by the Board.

Section 4.04. <u>Vacancies</u>. Any vacancy occurring in any office of the Corporation, for any reason, shall be filled by action of the Board. Unless earlier removed pursuant to Section 4.03 hereof, any officer appointed by the Board to fill any such vacancy shall serve only until such time as the unexpired term of such officer's predecessor expires unless reappointed by the Board.

Section 4.05. The Chairman shall have the power to call special meetings of stockholders, to call special meetings of the Board and, if present, to preside at all meetings of stockholders and all meetings of the Board. The Chairman shall perform all duties incident to the office of Chairman of the Board and all such other duties as may from time to time be assigned to the Chairman by the Board or these Bylaws.

Section 4.06. The Chief Executive Officer. The Chief Executive Officer, who may also be the Chairman, subject to the determination of the Board, shall have general and active management and control of the business and affairs of the Corporation, subject to the control of the Board, and shall see that all orders and resolutions of the Board are carried into effect. The Chief Executive Officer shall perform all duties incident to the office of Chief Executive Officer and all such other duties as may from time to time be assigned to the Chief Executive Officer by the Board or these Bylaws.

Section 4.07. <u>Presidents</u>. Any President, in order of his or her seniority or in any other order determined by the Board, shall generally assist the Chief Executive Officer and perform such other duties as the Board or the Chief Executive Officer shall prescribe, and in the absence or disability of the Chief Executive Officer, shall perform the duties and exercise the powers of the Chief Executive Officer.

Section 4.08. The Vice Chairman. The Vice Chairman shall perform all duties incident to the office of Vice Chairman and all such other duties as may

from time to time be assigned to the Vice Chairman by the Chief Executive Officer or these Bylaws.

Section 4.09. The Secretary shall, to the extent practicable, attend all meetings of the Board and all meetings of stockholders and shall record all votes and the minutes of all proceedings in a book to be kept for that purpose, and shall perform the same duties for any committee of the Board when so requested by such committee. The Secretary shall give or cause to be given notice of all meetings of stockholders and of the Board. The

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Secretary shall keep in safe custody the certificate books and stockholder records and such other books and records of the Corporation as the Board, the Chairman or the Chief Executive Officer may direct and shall perform all other duties incident to the office of Secretary and such other duties as from time to time may be assigned to the Secretary by the Board, the Chairman or the Chief Executive Officer.

- Section 4.10. <u>Assistant Secretaries</u>. Assistant Secretaries of the Corporation ("<u>Assistant Secretaries</u>"), if any, in order of their seniority or in any other order determined by the Board, shall generally assist the Secretary and perform such other duties as the Board or the Secretary shall prescribe, and, in the absence or disability of the Secretary, shall perform the duties and exercise the powers of the Secretary.
- Section 4.11. The Treasurer. The Treasurer of the Corporation (the "Treasurer") shall have the care and custody of all the funds of the Corporation and shall deposit such funds in such banks or other depositories as the Board, or any officer or officers, or any officer and agent jointly, duly authorized by the Board, shall, from time to time, direct or approve. The Treasurer shall disburse the funds of the Corporation under the direction of the Board and the Chief Executive Officer. The Treasurer shall keep a full and accurate account of all moneys received and paid on account of the Corporation and shall render a statement of the Treasurer's accounts whenever the Board, the Chairman or the Chief Executive Officer shall so request. The Treasurer shall perform all other necessary actions and duties in connection with the administration of the financial affairs of the Corporation and shall generally perform all the duties usually appertaining to the office of treasurer of a corporation. When required by the Board, the Treasurer shall give bonds for the faithful discharge of the Treasurer's duties in such sums and with such sureties as the Board shall approve.
- Section 4.12. <u>Assistant Treasurers</u>. Assistant Treasurers of the Corporation ("<u>Assistant Treasurers</u>"), if any, in order of their seniority or in any other order determined by the Board, shall generally assist the Treasurer and perform such other duties as the Board or the Treasurer shall prescribe, and, in the absence or disability of the Treasurer, shall perform the duties and exercise the powers of the Treasurer.
- Section 4.13. <u>Contracts and Other Documents</u>. Subject to such policies as may be adopted by the Board from time to time, the Chief Executive Officer, any President, the Secretary or the Treasurer, or such other officer or officers as may from time to time be authorized by the Board or any other committee given specific authority in the premises by the Board during the intervals between the meetings of the Board, shall have power to sign and execute on behalf of the Corporation deeds, conveyances and contracts, and any and all other documents requiring execution by the Corporation.
- Section 4.14. Ownership of Stock of Another Corporation. Unless otherwise directed by the Board, the Chief Executive Officer, any President, the Secretary or the Treasurer, or such other officer or agent as shall be authorized by the Board, shall have the power and authority, on behalf of the Corporation, to attend and to vote at any meeting of stockholders of any entity in which the Corporation holds securities or equity interests and may exercise, on behalf of the Corporation, any and all of the rights and powers incident to the ownership of such

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securities or equity interests at any such meeting, including the authority to execute and deliver proxies and consents on behalf of the Corporation.

Section 4.15. <u>Delegation of Duties</u>. In the absence, disability or refusal of any officer to exercise and perform his or her duties, the Board may delegate to another officer such powers or duties.

ARTICLE V

CORPORATE FUNDS, CHECKS, DRAFTS, NOTES AND PROXIES

- Section 5.01. <u>Corporate Funds, Checks, Drafts and Notes</u> The funds of the Corporation shall be kept in such depositories as shall from time to time be prescribed by the Board or its designees selected for such purposes. All checks, drafts and other orders for the payment of money, notes and other evidences of indebtedness issued in the name of the Corporation shall be signed by the Chief Executive Officer, any President, the Secretary or the Treasurer, or such other person or agent as may from time to time be authorized and with such countersignature, if any, as may be required by the Board.
- Section 5.02. <u>Execution of Proxies</u>. The Chairman, the Chief Executive Officer or any President may authorize, from time to time, the execution and issuance of proxies to vote shares of stock or other securities of other corporations held of record by the Corporation and the execution of consents to action taken or to be taken by any such corporation. All such proxies and consents, unless otherwise authorized by the Board, shall be signed in the name of the Corporation by the Chief Executive Officer or any President.

ARTICLE VI

SHARES OF STOCK AND TRANSFERS OF SHARES

Section 6.01. Stock Certificates and Uncertificated Shares.

- (A) Unless otherwise required by applicable law or authorized by the Board, from and after June 20, 2017, all shares of the Corporation shall be issued, recorded and transferred exclusively in uncertificated book-entry form in accordance with a direct registration program operated by a clearing agency registered under Section 17A of the Exchange Act. Shares of the Corporation represented by certificates that were issued prior to June 20, 2017 shall continue to be certificated securities of the Corporation until the certificates therefor have been surrendered to the Corporation.
- (B) Certificates for shares of the capital stock of the Corporation shall be issued only to the extent as may be required by applicable law or as otherwise authorized by the Board, and if so issued shall be in such form as shall be approved by the Board. Any such certificates shall be signed by or have engraved thereon a facsimile signature of the Chief Executive Officer and the Secretary or an Assistant Secretary, certifying the number and class of the Corporation's shares held by such stockholder.

Section 6.02. <u>Transfer Agents</u>. The Board may, in its discretion, appoint responsible banks or trust companies or other appropriately qualified institutions to act as Transfer Agents and Registrars of the stock of the Corporation and, upon such appointments being made, no stock certificate shall be valid until countersigned by one of such Transfer Agents and registered by one of such Registrars. Where any such certificate is registered with the manual signature of a Registrar, the countersignature of a Transfer Agent may be a facsimile or engraved, stamped or printed.

Section 6.03. <u>Transfer of Stock.</u> Shares of stock may be transferred by delivery of the certificates therefore, accompanied by an assignment in writing on the back of the certificates or by written power of attorney to sell, assign and transfer the same, signed by the record holder thereof, upon receipt of proper transfer instructions from the owner of uncertificated shares, or upon the escheat of said shares under the laws of any state of the United States. In no event shall a transfer of shares affect the right of the Corporation to pay any dividend upon the stock to the holder of record thereof for all purposes, and no transfer shall be valid, except between the parties thereto, until such transfer shall have been made upon the books of the Corporation.

Section 6.04. <u>Lost Certificates</u>. In case any certificate of stock shall be lost, stolen or destroyed, the Board, in its discretion, may authorize the issue of, or provide for the manner of issuing, uncertificated shares in place of the certificate so lost, stolen or destroyed; provided, that, in each such case, the applicant for such uncertificated shares shall furnish to the Corporation and to such of its Transfer Agents and Registrars as may require the same evidence to their satisfaction, in their discretion, of the loss, theft or destruction of such certificate and of the ownership thereof, and also such security or indemnity as may be required by them.

Section 6.05. <u>Regulations</u>. The Board may make such other rules and regulations as it may deem expedient, not inconsistent with these Bylaws, concerning the issue, transfer and registration of certificates evidencing shares and uncertificated shares.

Section 6.06. Fixing Date for Determination of Stockholders of Record.

- (a) In order that the Corporation may determine the stockholders entitled to notice of any meeting of stockholders or any adjournment thereof, the Board may fix a record date, which record date shall not precede the date upon which the resolution fixing the record date is adopted by the Board, and which record date shall not be more than 60 nor less than 10 days before the date of such meeting. If the Board so fixes a date, such date shall also be the record date for determining the stockholders entitled to vote at such meeting unless the Board determines, at the time it fixes such record date, that a later date on or before the date of the meeting shall be the date for making such determination. If no record date is fixed by the Board, the record date for determining stockholders entitled to notice of and to vote at a meeting of stockholders shall be at the close of business on the day next preceding the day on which notice is given, or, if notice is waived, at the close of business on the day next preceding the day on which hotice of or to vote at a meeting of stockholders shall apply to any adjournment of the meeting; provided, however, that the Board may fix a new record date for determination of stockholders entitled to vote at the adjourned meeting, and in such case shall also fix as the record date for stockholders entitled to notice of such adjourned meeting the same or an earlier date as that fixed for determination of stockholders entitled to vote in accordance with the foregoing provisions of this subsection (a) at the adjourned meeting.
- (b) In order that the Corporation may determine the stockholders entitled to consent to corporate action in writing without a meeting, the Board may fix a record date, which record date shall not precede the date upon which the resolution fixing the record date is adopted by the Board, and which date shall not be more than 10 days after the date upon which the resolution fixing the record date is adopted by the Board. If no record date has been fixed by the Board, the record date for determining stockholders entitled to consent to corporate action in writing without a meeting, when no prior action by the Board is required by applicable law, shall be the first date on which a signed written consent setting forth the action taken or proposed to be taken is delivered to the Corporation by delivery to its registered office in this State, its principal

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place of business or an officer or agent of the Corporation having custody of the book in which proceedings of meetings of stockholders are recorded. Delivery made to a corporation's registered office shall be by hand or by certified or registered mail, return receipt requested. If no record date has been fixed by the Board and prior action by the Board is required by applicable law, the record date for determining stockholders entitled to consent to corporate action in writing without a meeting shall be at the close of business on the day on which the Board adopts the resolution taking such prior action.

(c) In order that the Corporation may determine the stockholders entitled to receive payment of any dividend or other distribution or allotment of any rights or the stockholders entitled to exercise any rights in respect of any change, conversion or exchange of stock, or for the purpose of any other lawful action, the Board may fix a record date, which record date shall not precede the date upon which the resolution fixing the record date is adopted, and which record date shall be not more than 60 days prior to such action. If no record date is fixed, the record date for determining stockholders for any such purpose shall be at the close of business on the day on which the Board adopts the resolution relating thereto.

ARTICLE VII

CHOICE OF FORUM

Section 7.01. Forum for Adjudication of Disputes. To the fullest extent permitted by law, and unless the Board approves the selection of an alternative forum, the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware (or, if the Court of Chancery does not have jurisdiction, another state or federal court located in the State of Delaware), shall be the sole and exclusive forum for: (i) any derivative action or proceeding brought in the name or right of the Corporation or on its behalf, (ii) any action asserting a claim for breach of a fiduciary duty owed by any current or former director, officer or stockholder in such capacity to the Corporation or the Corporation's stakeholders, (iii) any action arising or asserting a claim arising pursuant to any provision of the DGCL or any provision of the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation or these Bylaws or as to which the DGCL confers jurisdiction on the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware or (iv) any action asserting a claim governed by the internal affairs doctrine, including, without limitation, any action to interpret, apply, enforce or determine the validity of the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation or these Bylaws. Any person or entity purchasing or otherwise acquiring or holding any interest in securities of the Corporation shall be deemed to have notice of and consented to the provisions of this Article VII. To the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, if any action the subject matter of which is within the scope of these Bylaws is filed in a court other than as specified above in the name of any stockholder, such stockholder shall be deemed to have consented to (a) the personal jurisdiction of the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware, another court in the State of Delaware or the federal district court in the District of Delaware, as appropriate, in connection with any action brought in any such court to enforce these Bylaws and (b) having service of process made upon such stockholder in any such action by service upon such

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ARTICLE VIII

MISCELLANEOUS

Section 8.01. <u>Seal</u>. The Board may provide for a corporate seal, which may have the name of the Corporation inscribed thereon and shall otherwise be in such form as may be approved from time to time by the Board.

the Board.

Section 8.03. <u>Form of Records</u>. Any records maintained by the Corporation in the regular course of its business, including its stock ledger, books of account and minute books, may be kept on or by means of, or be in the form of, any information storage device or method, provided that the records so kept can be converted into clearly legible paper form within a reasonable time. The Corporation shall so convert any records so kept upon the request of any person entitled to inspect such records pursuant to any provision of the DGCL

Section 8.04. <u>Section Headings</u>. Section headings in these Bylaws are for convenience of reference only and shall not be given any substantive effect in limiting or otherwise construing any provision herein.

Section 8.05. <u>Inconsistent Provisions</u>. In the event that any provision of these Bylaws is or becomes inconsistent with any provision of the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation, the DGCL or any other applicable law, such provision of these Bylaws shall not be given any effect to the extent of such inconsistency but shall otherwise be given full force and effect.

ARTICLE IX

AMENDMENTS

Section 9.01. <u>Amendments</u>. Except as otherwise expressly provided by the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation, any Bylaw (including these Bylaws) may be altered, amended or repealed by the vote of the record holders of a majority of the voting power of the shares then entitled to vote at an election of directors or act by written consent of stockholders, or by vote of the Board or by a written consent of directors pursuant to Section 3.08 hereof.

STOCKHOLDERS AND

REGISTRATION RIGHTS AGREEMENT

by and among

Altice USA, Inc.,

the Stockholders signatories hereto

and

the other parties signatories hereto

Dated as of [], 2017

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SCHEDULE A

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ALTICE USA, INC. STOCKHOLDERS AND REGISTRATION RIGHTS AGREEMENT

This **STOCKHOLDERS AND REGISTRATION RIGHTS AGREEMENT** (as it may be amended or otherwise modified from time to time in accordance with the terms hereof, this "<u>Agreement</u>"), dated as of [], 2017, is entered into by and among Altice USA, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the '<u>Company</u>"), Altice (as defined below), the Stockholders identified in <u>Schedule A</u> hereto (as such schedule may be updated, from time to time, by the Board as the Board deems appropriate to reflect changes thereon), and any other stockholder of the Company who becomes a party to this Agreement from time to time pursuant to the terms hereof.

RECITALS

WHEREAS, the Company is contemplating an offering and sale of shares of Class A common stock, par value \$0.01, of the Company (the 'Class A Shares') in an underwritten initial public offering (the "Initial Public Offering");

WHEREAS, the Company is an indirect subsidiary of CVC 2 B.V., a private limited liability company (besloten vennootschap met beperkte aansprakelijkheid) incorporated and existing under the laws of the Netherlands ("CVC 2");

WHEREAS, prior to the consummation of the Initial Public Offering, the Initial Altice Entity, the Initial BCP Entities and the Initial CPPIB Entity owned all of outstanding common stock of CVC 2 (such holders, the "Initial Stockholders");

WHEREAS, certain organizational transactions shall be consummated in connection with and prior to the closing of the Initial Public Offering pursuant to which the Initial Sponsor Entities will receive shares of common stock of the Company;

WHEREAS, in connection with the Initial Public Offering and the transactions related thereto, the Company has agreed to grant to the Stockholders certain rights with respect to the registration of Registrable Securities and other matters on the terms and conditions set forth herein.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the foregoing and the mutual promises, covenants and agreements of the parties hereto, and for other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged and with the intent to be legally bound, the parties hereto agree as follows:

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ARTICLE I.

DEFINITIONS

Section 1.01 <u>Certain Definitions.</u> As used in this Agreement, the following terms have the following meanings:

"Adverse Disclosure" means public disclosure (a) of material non-public information that, in the Board's good faith judgment, after consultation with an independent outside counsel to the Company, (i) would be required to be made in any Registration Statement or report filed with the SEC by the Company so that such Registration Statement would not be materially misleading, (ii) would not be required to be made at such time but for the filing of such Registration Statement or report, and (iii) the Company has a bona fide business purpose for not disclosing publicly, or (b) that would otherwise be materially adverse to the Company for a Registration Statement to be filed on or before the date such filing would otherwise be required under this Agreement, in the Board's good faith judgment, after consultation with an independent outside counsel to the Company.

"Affiliate" means, with respect to any Person, an "affiliate" as defined in Rule 405 of the regulations promulgated under the Securities Act and, with respect to any Sponsor Entity or any Altice Entity, as the case may be, (i) an "affiliate" as defined in Rule 405 of the regulations promulgated under the Securities Act, (ii) an "affiliate" as defined in Rule 405 of the regulations promulgated under the Securities Act of any Person that is a general partner, manager, managing member, controlling stockholder or discretionary manager or advisor of any Sponsor Entity or any Altice Entity, and (iii) any investment fund, vehicle or holding company that is directly or indirectly managed or advised by any Affiliate of any Person that is a general partner, manager, managing member, controlling stockholder or discretionary manager or advisor of any Sponsor Entity or any Altice Entity; provided, however, that notwithstanding the foregoing, (x) an Affiliate shall not include any "portfolio company" (as such term is customarily used among institutional investors) of any Person and (y) none of the Company and its subsidiaries shall be considered an Affiliate of any Altice Entity.

"Agreement" has the meaning set forth in the Preamble.

"Altice" means Altice N.V., a public company with limited liability (naamloze vennootschap) under Dutch law, together with its successors and permitted assigns.

"Altice Entities" means each of the entities listed on Schedule B hereto and any Permitted Transferee that becomes a party to this Agreement in accordance with the terms hereof.

"BCP" means CIE Management IX Limited and its Permitted Transferees.

"BCP Entities" means each of the entities listed on Schedule C hereto and any Permitted Transferee that becomes a party to this Agreement in accordance with the terms hereof.

- "Business Day" means any day other than a Saturday, a Sunday or a day on which banks in New York, New York, Paris or Amsterdam are authorized or obligated by law or executive order to close.
 - "Class A Shares" has the meaning set forth in the Recitals.
 - "Class B Shares" means shares of Class B common stock, par value \$0.01, of the Company.
 - "Class C Shares" means shares of Class C common stock, par value \$0.01, of the Company.
 - "Code" means the United States Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.
 - "Company" has the meaning set forth in the Preamble, together with its successors and permitted assigns.
 - "Confidential Information" has the meaning set forth in Section 5.12.
 - "CPPIB" means Canada Pension Plan Investment Board and its Permitted Transferees.
- "CPPIB Entities" means each of the entities listed on Schedule D hereto and any Permitted Transferee that becomes a party to this Agreement in accordance with the terms hereof.
 - "CVC 2" has the meaning set forth in the Recitals.
- "CVC 3" means CVC 3 B.V., a private limited liability company (besloten vennootschap met beperkte aansprakelijkheid) incorporated and existing under the laws of the Netherlands, together with its successors and permitted assigns.
 - "Demand Notice" has the meaning set forth in Section 4.01(a).
 - "Demand Period" has the meaning set forth in Section 4.01(d).
 - "Demand Registration" has the meaning set forth in Section 4.01(a).
 - "Demand Registration Notice" has the meaning set forth in Section 4.01(e).
 - "Demand Registration Statement" has the meaning set forth in Section 4.01(a).
 - "Demand Suspension" has the meaning set forth in Section 4.01(f).
 - "Demanding Party" has the meaning set forth in Section 4.01(a).
 - "Director" has the meaning set forth in Section 3.01(a).

- "Effectiveness Date" means the date on which Stockholders are no longer subject to any underwriter's lock-up or other written contractual restriction on the sale of Registrable Securities in connection with the Company's Initial Public Offering.
 - "Exchange Act" means the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and any rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.
 - "FINRA" means the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority.
- "Governmental Entity" means any instrumentality, subdivision, court, administrative agency, commission, legislature, regulator, official or other similar recognized organization body or instrumentality of any country or any state, province, prefect, municipality, locality or other government or political subdivision thereof, or any quasi-governmental or private body exercising any regulatory, taxing, importing or other governmental or quasi-governmental authority.
- "Initial Altice Entity" means CVC 1 B.V., a private limited liability company (besloten vennootschap met beperkte aansprakelijkheid) incorporated and existing under the laws of the Netherlands, together with its successors and permitted assigns
 - "Initial BCP Entities" means SuddenVision Sub-1 S.à.r.l and SuddenVision Sub-2 S.à.r.l.
 - "Initial CPPIB Entity" means CPPIB-Suddenlink LP.
 - "Initial Public Offering" has the meaning set forth in the Recitals.
 - "Initial Sponsor Entities" means the Initial BCP Entities and the Initial CPPIB Entity.
 - "Initial Stockholders" has the meaning set forth in the Recitals.
 - "Joinder Agreement" means a joinder agreement to this Agreement substantially in the form attached hereto as Exhibit A.
 - "Long-Form Registration" has the meaning set forth in Section 4.01(a).
 - "Loss" or "Losses" has the meaning set forth in Section 4.09(a).
- "Material Adverse Change" means (i) any general suspension of trading in or limitation on prices for, securities on any national securities exchange or in the over-the-counter market in the United States, (ii) the declaration of a banking moratorium or any suspension of payments in respect of banks in the United States, (iii) a material outbreak or escalation of armed hostilities or other international or national calamity involving the United States or the declaration by the United States of a national

emergency or war or a change in national or international financial, political or economic conditions, and (iv) any event, change, circumstance or effect that is or is reasonably likely to be materially adverse, to the business, properties, assets, liabilities, condition (financial or otherwise), operations, results of operations or prospects of the Company and its subsidiaries taken as a whole.

"Minimum Amount" means the lowest of (i) \$100,000,000, (ii) one percent (1%) of the value of the Shares that are publicly traded as of the close of business on the most recent Business Day or (iii) such lesser amount as agreed by the Sponsors and Altice.

"NYSE" has the meaning set forth in Section 3.01(b).

"Observer" has the meaning set forth in Section 3.01(a).

"Participating Stockholder" means, with respect to any Registration, any Stockholder of Registrable Securities covered by the applicable Registration Statement.

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"Permitted Transferee" means (i) with respect to a Sponsor Entity, any other Sponsor Entity, and with respect to an Altice Entity, any other Altice Entity, (ii) any Affiliate of a Sponsor or Sponsor Entity or Altice or Altice Entity; (iii) any successor entity of such Sponsor or Sponsor Entity or Altice or such Altice Entity, or any whollyowned and controlled Affiliate or such successor entity, or (iv) any other investment fund or vehicle of which such Sponsor or Altice or an Affiliate thereof serves as a general partner, manager, managing member, controlling stockholder or discretionary manager or advisor.

"Person" means any individual, partnership, corporation, limited liability company, unincorporated organization, trust or joint venture, or a governmental agency or political subdivision thereof.

"Piggyback Registration" has the meaning set forth in Section 4.03(a).

"Pre-IPO Entity" means CVC 2, CVC 3 and Neptune Holding US Limited Partnership.

"Prospectus" means the prospectus included in any Registration Statement, all amendments and supplements to such prospectus, including pre- and post-effective amendments to such Registration Statement, and all other material incorporated by reference in such prospectus.

"Registrable Securities" means any Shares and any securities that may be issued or distributed or be issuable in respect of any Shares by way of conversion, dividend, stock split or other distribution, merger (including a domestic or cross-border legal merger), consolidation, exchange, recapitalization or reclassification or similar transaction; provided, that any such Registrable Securities shall cease to be Registrable Securities to the extent (i) a Registration Statement with respect to the sale of such Registrable Securities has been declared effective under the Securities Act and such Registrable Securities have been disposed of in accordance with the plan of distribution set forth in such Registration Statement, (ii) such Registrable Securities have been sold pursuant to Rule 144 under the Securities Act (or any similar or analogous rule promulgated under the Securities Act), or (iii) such Registrable Securities shall have been otherwise transferred and uncertificated book-entry positions do not have a legend restricting transfer under the Securities Act shall have been delivered by the Company and such securities may be publicly resold without Registration under the Securities Act

"Registration" means a registration with the SEC of the Company's securities for offer and sale to the public under a Registration Statement. The terms Register", "Registered" and "Registering" shall each have a correlative meaning.

"Registration Expenses" has the meaning set forth in Section 4.08(a).

"Registration Statement" means any registration statement of the Company filed with, or to be filed with, the SEC under the rules and regulations promulgated under the Securities Act, including the related Prospectus, amendments and supplements to such registration statement, including pre- and post-effective amendments, and all exhibits and all material incorporated by reference in such registration statement.

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"Representatives" means, with respect to any Person, any of such Person's Affiliates and it and such Affiliates' officers, directors, employees, agents, attorneys, accountants, actuaries and consultants.

"SEC" means the Securities and Exchange Commission.

"Securities Act" means the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, together with the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.

"Shares" means (i) the Class A Shares as of the date hereof and/or (ii) any other equity interest issued in respect thereof or into which such Class A Shares shall have been changed, whether issued or changed in connection with or in furtherance of a purchase, issuance, grant, stock split, stock dividend, reorganization, recapitalization, combination or similar transaction, or in connection with or in furtherance of the acquisition of or investment in another company or business (whether through a purchase of securities, a merger (including a domestic or cross-border merger), consolidation, recapitalization, consolidation, purchase of assets or otherwise).

"Shelf Notice" has the meaning set forth in Section 4.02(c).

"Shelf Period" has the meaning set forth in Section 4.02(b).

"Shelf Registration" means a Registration effected pursuant to Section 4.02.

"Shelf Registration Statement" means a Registration Statement of the Company filed with the SEC on either (i) Form S-3 (or any successor form or other appropriate form under the Securities Act) or (ii) if the Company is not permitted to file a Registration Statement on Form S-3, a Registration Statement on Form S-1 (or any successor form or other appropriate form under the Securities Act), in each case for an offering to be made on a continuous basis pursuant to Rule 415 under the Securities Act (or any similar rule that may be adopted by the SEC) covering the Registrable Securities, as applicable.

"Shelf Suspension" has the meaning set forth in Section 4.02(d).

"Short-Form Registration Statement" has the meaning set forth in Section 4.01(a).

"Sponsor(s)" means, either, BCP or CPPIB, and together, BCP and CPPIB.

"Sponsor Entity" means, either, the BCP Entities or the CPPIB Entities, and together, the BCP Entities or the CPPIB Entities.

"Stockholder" means any of the Altice Entities, the BCP Entities and the CPPIB Entities, together with their respective successors and assigns or any other holder of Shares that becomes a party to this Agreement pursuant to a Joinder Agreement.

"Stockholder Shelf Registration Amount" has the meaning set forth in Section 4.02(a).

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"Underwritten Offering" means a Registration in which Shares are sold to an underwriter or underwriters on a firm commitment basis for reoffering to the public.

Section 1.02 Construction.

- (a) The meanings of defined terms are equally applicable to the singular and plural forms of the defined terms.
- (b) The words "hereof", "herein", "hereunder" and similar words refer to this Agreement as a whole and not to any particular provision of this Agreement and all references to articles and sections refer to articles and sections of this Agreement, and all references to exhibits and schedules are to exhibits and schedules attached hereto, each of which is made a part hereof for all purposes.
 - (c) The term "including" is not limiting and means "including without limitation."
 - (d) The word "or" shall be disjunctive but not exclusive.
- (e) The captions and headings of this Agreement are for convenience of reference only and shall not be deemed to alter or affect the meaning or interpretation of any provisions hereof.
 - (f) Whenever the context requires, any pronouns used herein shall include the corresponding masculine, feminine or neuter forms.
- (g) Except as otherwise specifically provided in this Agreement, where any provision in this Agreement refers to action to be taken by any Person, or which such Person is prohibited from taking, such provision will be applicable whether such action is taken directly or indirectly by such Person, including actions taken by or on behalf of any Affiliate of such Person.
- (h) Except as otherwise specifically provided in this Agreement, any document, agreement, instrument or statute defined or referred to herein means such agreement, instrument or statute as from time to time amended, supplemented or modified, including (in the case of agreements or instruments) by waiver or consent and (in the case of statutes) by succession of comparable successor statutes.
 - (i) "\$" and "dollars" means United States dollars and the term "cash" means dollars in immediately available funds.
- (j) The language used in this Agreement shall be deemed to be the language chosen by the parties hereto to express their mutual intent, and no rule of strict construction shall be applied against any party.

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ARTICLE II.

REPRESENTATIONS; WARRANTIES AND COVENANTS

Section 2.01 <u>Representations and Warranties of the Stockholders.</u> Each Stockholder hereby represents and warrants, severally and not jointly, and solely on its own behalf, to each other Stockholder and to the Company that on the date hereof:

- (a) Existence; Authority; Enforceability. Such Stockholder has the necessary power and authority to enter into and deliver this Agreement, to carry out its obligations hereunder and consummate the transactions contemplated hereby. To the extent such Stockholder is an entity, such Stockholder is duly organized, validly existing and in good standing under the laws of its jurisdiction of organization, and the execution of this Agreement, and the consummation of the transactions contemplated herein, have been authorized by all necessary corporate or other action, and no other act or proceeding, corporate or otherwise, on its part is necessary to authorize the execution of this Agreement or the consummation of any of the transactions contemplated hereby. This Agreement has been duly executed by such Stockholder and, assuming due authorization, execution and delivery by the other parties thereto, constitutes its legal, valid and binding obligation, enforceable against it in accordance with its terms, subject to the effects of bankruptcy, insolvency, fraudulent conveyance, reorganization, moratorium and other similar laws relating to or affecting creditors' rights generally, general equitable principles (whether considered in a proceeding in equity or at law) and any implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing.
- (b) Absence of Conflicts. The execution and delivery by such Stockholder of this Agreement and the performance of its obligations hereunder do not and will not (i) conflict with, or result in the breach of any provision of the constitutive documents of such Stockholder; (ii) result in any violation, breach, conflict, default or event of default (or an event which with notice, lapse of time, or both, would constitute a default or event of default), or give rise to any right of acceleration or termination or any additional payment obligation, under the terms of any material contract, agreement or permit to which such Stockholder is a party or by which such Stockholder's assets or operations are bound or affected; or (iii) violate, in any material respect, any law applicable to such Stockholder.
- (c) <u>Consents.</u> Other than any consents that have already been obtained, no governmental consent, waiver, approval, authorization, exemption, registration, license or declaration or filing is required to be made or obtained by such Stockholder in connection with (i) the execution, delivery or performance of this Agreement or (ii) the consummation of any of the transactions contemplated herein. There are no proceedings pending, or, to the knowledge of such Stockholder, threatened in writing against any such Stockholder that, if adversely determined, would reasonably be expected to impair in any material respect the ability of such Stockholder to perform its obligations or prevent or materially delay the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereunder.

Section 2.02 <u>Representations and Warranties of the Company</u>. The Company hereby represents and warrants to each Stockholder that on the date

hereof:

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(a) <u>Existence</u>; <u>Authority</u>; <u>Enforceability</u>. The Company has the necessary power and authority to enter into and deliver this Agreement, to carry out its obligations hereunder and to consummate the transactions contemplated hereby. The Company is duly organized, incorporated and validly existing as a corporation incorporated under the laws of the State of Delaware, and the execution of this Agreement, and the consummation of the transactions contemplated herein, have been

authorized by all necessary corporate or other action, and no other act or proceeding on its part is necessary to authorize the execution of this Agreement or the consummation of any of the transactions contemplated hereby. This Agreement has been duly executed by the Company and, assuming due authorization, execution and delivery by the other parties thereto, constitutes its legal, valid and binding obligation, enforceable against it in accordance with its terms, subject to the effects of bankruptcy, insolvency, fraudulent conveyance, reorganization, moratorium and other similar laws relating to or affecting creditors' rights generally, general equitable principles (whether considered in a proceeding in equity or at law) and any implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing.

- (b) Absence of Conflicts. The execution and delivery by the Company of this Agreement and the performance of its obligations hereunder do not and will not (i) conflict with, or result in the breach of any provision of the organizational documents of the Company or any of its subsidiaries; (ii) result in any violation, breach, conflict, default or event of default (or an event which with notice, lapse of time, or both, would constitute a default or event of default), or give rise to any right of acceleration or termination or any additional payment obligation, under the terms of any material contract, agreement or permit to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries is a party or by which the Company's or any of its subsidiaries assets or operations are bound or affected; or (iii) violate, in any material respect, any law applicable to the Company or any of its subsidiaries.
- (c) <u>Consents</u>. Other than any consents that have already been obtained, no governmental consent, waiver, approval, authorization, exemption, registration, license or declaration is required to be made or obtained by the Company or any of its subsidiaries in connection with (i) the execution, delivery or performance of this Agreement or (ii) the consummation of any of the transactions contemplated herein. There are no proceedings pending, or, to the knowledge of the Company, threatened in writing against the Company that, if adversely determined, would reasonably be expected to impair in any material respect the ability of the Company to perform its obligations or prevent or materially delay the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereunder.
- Section 2.03 <u>Entitlement of the Company and the Stockholders to Rely on Representations and Warranties.</u> The foregoing representations and warranties may be relied upon by the Company, and by the Stockholders, in connection with the entering into of this Agreement.

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ARTICLE III

GOVERNANCE

Section 3.01 Observer Rights

- (a) For so long as each of the BCP Entities and the CPPIB Entities individually own four percent (4%) or more of the issued and outstanding Class A Shares and Class B Shares (without regard to the voting power of such Class B Shares) and there is no Director who is a designee of such Sponsor Entity on the Board, such Sponsor Entity shall have the right to designate one (1) non-voting observer to the Board (each, an "Observer"). The appointment and removal of any Observer shall be by written notice to the Board. Each Observer shall be a natural person. Each Observer shall be entitled to be present at all meetings of the Board and any committee thereof and shall be notified of any such meeting by reasonable prior notice, including such meeting's time and place, in the same manner as the directors of the Board (the "Directors") and shall receive copies of all written materials distributed to the Directors for purposes of such meetings at the same time as the Directors (except to the extent an Observer has been excluded therefrom pursuant to Section 3.01(b)); provided, however, that the Observer shall have executed a non-disclosure and confidentiality agreement and such other acknowledgments and agreements reasonably satisfactory to the Board and the Sponsor Entity that designated such Observer, which for the avoidance of doubt, shall permit the Observer to share information as provided in Section 5.04; provided, further, that such Observer (x) shall not have voting rights with respect to actions taken or elected not to be taken by the Board or be counted for purposes of determining whether there is a sufficient quorum for the Board to conduct its business and (y) shall be subject to all rules governing the Board and nothing herein shall prevent the Board from acting by written instrument to the extent permitted by applicable law; provided, further, that if at any time (upon written notice to the Company), a Sponsor Entity elects to suspend the receipt of the information provided by the Company under Section 5.04(b
 - (b) Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Company may exclude an Observer from access to any material or meeting or portion thereof if:
 - (i) the Board concludes in good faith, upon advice of the Company's outside legal counsel, (A) that such exclusion is reasonably necessary to preserve the attorney-client privilege between the Company and its counselor or (B) that an Observer has a potential conflict of interest; <u>provided, however</u>, that any such exclusion shall apply only to such portion of the material or such portion of the meeting which would be required to preserve such privilege and not to any other portion thereof; or
 - (ii) such portion of a meeting is an executive session limited solely to independent director members of the Board, independent auditors and/or legal counsel, as the Board may designate, and an Observer (assuming such Observer were a member of the Board) would not meet the then-applicable standards for independence adopted by the New York Stock Exchange (the "NYSE"), or such other exchange on which the Company's securities are then traded.

Section 3.02 <u>Compliance with this Agreement</u>

(a) The Company and each Stockholder shall take all actions that are permitted by law and necessary to implement the provisions of this Article III.

Notwithstanding anything that may be permitted pursuant to the organizational documents of the Company, no Person shall take any action with respect to the Company that would be inconsistent with the provisions of this Agreement.

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- (b) The Company shall use commercially reasonable efforts to have any Observer covered by the Company's existing director and officer indemnity insurance on the same terms and conditions as such director and officer indemnity insurance provides for the coverage of any other persons covered thereby.
- (c) The Company shall indemnify an Observer to the same extent as a director under Article VII of the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Company, and the provisions thereof shall to the fullest extent possible apply *mutatis mutandis* to any Observer.
- Section 3.03 <u>Reimbursement of Expenses</u> The Company shall reimburse each Observer for all reasonable and documented out-of-pocket expenses incurred in connection with such Observer's attendance at meetings of the Board and any committees thereof, including travel, lodging and meal expenses. All reimbursements payable by the Company pursuant to this <u>Section 3.03</u> shall be paid to an Observer in accordance with the Company's policies and practices with respect to director expense reimbursement then in effect.

ARTICLE IV.

REGISTRATION RIGHTS

(a) <u>Demand Rights</u> . At any time following the consummation of the Initial Public Offering, each Sponsor and Altice may, individually or jointly, make a
written request to the Company for Registration (such notice, a "Demand Notice") of all or part of the Registrable Securities held, directly or indirectly, by such Sponsor or
Altice (a "Demanding Party") or their Permitted Transferees (i) on Form S-1 or any similar long-form Registration Statement (a "Long-Form Registration"), or (ii) on
Form S-3 or any similar short-form Registration Statement (a "Short-Form Registration Statement") if the Company is qualified to use such short form (any such requested
Long-Form Registration or Short-Form Registration shall hereinafter be referred to as a "Demand Registration"); provided, however, that (based on the then-current marke
prices) the number of Registrable Securities included in the Demand Registration would, if fully sold, yield gross proceeds (prior to deducting underwriting discounts and
commission and offering expenses) to such Stockholder of at least the Minimum Amount. Each Demand Notice shall specify the kind

and aggregate amount of Registrable Securities to be Registered and the intended methods of disposition thereof. Upon receipt of a request for a Demand Registration from a Demanding Party, within (x) ninety (90) days from the date of delivery of the Demand Notice in the case of a request for a Long-Form Registration, or (y) thirty (30) days from the date of delivery of the Demand Notice in the case of a request for a Short-Form Registration, the Company shall use its reasonable best efforts to file a Registration Statement relating to such Demand Registration (a "Demand Registration Statement").

(b) <u>Demand Registration</u>.

- (i) Altice shall have the right to request pursuant to <u>Section 4.01(a)</u> unlimited Demand Registrations during each twelve (12) month period beginning on the date hereof.
- (ii) Each Sponsor shall have the right (which may be exercised individually or jointly between the Sponsors) to request pursuant to Section 4.01(a) one (1) Demand Registration during each twelve (12) month period beginning on the date hereof; provided, however, that if the managing underwriters of a proposed Underwritten Offering of the Registrable Securities advise the Board not to include all of the securities to be included in a Demand Registration pursuant to Section 4.01(h), each Sponsor that was a Demanding Party shall have one (1) additional Demand Registration during such twelve (12) month period.
- (c) <u>Demand Withdrawal</u>. Each Demanding Party may withdraw its Registrable Securities from a Demand Registration at any time prior to the effectiveness of the applicable Demand Registration Statement. Upon receipt of notices from the applicable Demanding Party to such effect, the Company shall cease all efforts to secure effectiveness of the applicable Demand Registration Statement and if the Demanding Party had previously withdrawn its Registrable Securities from a Demand Registration pursuant to this <u>Section 6.01(c)</u> within the last twelve (12) months, such Registration shall be deemed a Demand Registration with respect to such Demanding Party for purposes of <u>Section 6.01(b)</u>, unless the withdrawal is made following the occurrence of a Material Adverse Change or because the Registration would require the Company to make an Adverse Disclosure.
- (d) Effective Registration. The Company shall be deemed to have effected a Demand Registration if the Demand Registration Statement is declared effective by the SEC and remains effective for not less than one hundred eighty (180) days (or such shorter period as shall terminate when all Registrable Securities covered by such Demand Registration Statement have been sold or withdrawn), or if such Registration Statement relates to an Underwritten Offering, such longer period as, in the opinion of counsel for the underwriter or underwriters, a Prospectus is required by law to be delivered in connection with sales of Registrable Securities by an underwriter or dealer (the applicable period, the "Demand Period"). No Demand Registration shall be deemed to have been effected if (i) during the Demand Period such Registration is interfered with by any stop order, injunction or other order or requirement of the SEC or other governmental agency or court or (ii) the conditions to closing specified in the underwriting agreement, if any, entered into in connection with such Registration are not satisfied or waived other than by reason of a wrongful act, misrepresentation or breach of such applicable underwriting agreement by the Demanding Party. Notwithstanding anything to the foregoing, the Company shall use its reasonable best efforts to keep any Demand Registration Statement filed in response to a Registration Request effective for as long as is necessary for all Registrable Securities covered by such Demand Registration Statement to be sold thereunder.
- (e) <u>Demand Registration Notice</u>. Promptly upon receipt of any request for a Demand Registration pursuant to <u>Section 4.01(a)</u> (but in no event more than five (5) Business Days thereafter), the Company shall deliver a written notice (a "<u>Demand Registration Notice</u>") of any such Registration request to all other Stockholders (including any Sponsor Entity or Altice Entity that is not a Demanding Party), and the Company shall include in such Demand Registration all

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such Registrable Securities with respect to which the Company has received written requests for inclusion therein within ten (10) Business Days after the date that the Demand Registration Notice has been delivered. All requests made to the Company by a Stockholder pursuant to this Section 4.01(e) shall specify the aggregate number of Registrable Securities to be registered and the intended method of distribution of such securities. At any time prior to the effectiveness of the Registration Statement for the Demand Registration, such other Stockholder may revoke such request, without liability to the Demanding Party or the Company, by providing a written notice, no later than one Business Day prior to the scheduled effectiveness of the Registration Statement, to the Company revoking such request.

- (f) Delay in Filing; Suspension of Registration. If the filing, effectiveness or continued use of a Demand Registration Statement at any time would require the Company to make an Adverse Disclosure, the Company may, upon giving prompt written notice of such action to the Stockholders, delay the filing or effectiveness of, or suspend use of, the Demand Registration Statement (a "Demand Suspension"). In the case of a Demand Suspension, the Stockholders agree to suspend use of the applicable Prospectus in connection with any sale or purchase, or offer to sell or purchase, Registrable Securities, upon receipt of the notice referred to above. The Company shall immediately notify the Stockholders upon the termination of any Demand Suspension, amend or supplement the Prospectus, if necessary, so it does not contain any misstatement of or omission of a material fact and furnish to the Stockholders such numbers of copies of the Prospectus as so amended or supplemented as the Stockholders may reasonably request. The Company agrees, if necessary, to supplement or make amendments to the Demand Registration Statement, if required by the registration form used by the Company for the Demand Registration or by the instructions applicable to such registration form or by the Securities Act or the rules or regulations promulgated thereunder or as may reasonably be requested by the Demanding Party.
- (g) <u>Underwritten Offering.</u> If a Demanding Party so requests, an offering of Registrable Securities pursuant to a Demand Registration shall be in the form of an Underwritten Offering. There shall be two (2) managing underwriters, and the Demanding Party shall have the right to select one of the managing underwriters to administer such offering, with the Company selecting the other managing underwriter. Any additional non-managing underwriters shall be agreed upon by the Demanding Party and the Company after consultation with the managing underwriters.
- (h) Priority of Demand Registrations. If the managing underwriters of a proposed Underwritten Offering of the Registrable Securities included in a Demand Registration (or, in the case of a Demand Registration not being underwritten, the Demanding Party), advise the Board, in writing that, in its or their opinion, the number of securities requested to be included in such Demand Registration exceeds the number which can be sold in such offering without being likely to have a significant adverse effect on the price, timing or distribution of the securities offered or the market for the securities offered, the securities to be included in such Demand Registration shall be allocated, (A) first, 100% of the securities proposed to be sold in such Demand Registration by the Company, (B) second, and only if all the securities referred to in clause (A) have been included, *pro rata* among Altice and the Sponsors that have requested the Demand Registration based on the relative number of Registrable Securities then held by Altice or such Sponsor,

and (C) third, and only if all of the Registrable Securities referred to inclause (B) have been included in such Registration, any other securities eligible for inclusion in such Registration.

(i) In the event any Stockholder requests to participate in a Registration pursuant to this <u>Section 4.01</u> in connection with a distribution of Registrable Securities to its partners or members, the registration shall provide for resale by such partners or members, if requested by the Stockholder.

Section 4.02 Shelf Registration.

- Filing. After the Effectiveness Date, as promptly as practicable following a request as may be made from time to time by one or more Stockholders, the (a) Company shall file with the SEC a Shelf Registration Statement relating to the offer and sale by Stockholders from time to time of the number of Registrable Securities specified in the requests of the Participating Stockholder(s) pursuant to this Section 4.02 and the other Stockholders pursuant to Section 4.02(c) in accordance with the methods of distribution elected by the Participating Stockholder(s) and set forth in the Shelf Registration Statement and, as promptly as practicable thereafter, shall use its reasonable best efforts to cause such Shelf Registration Statement to be declared effective under the Securities Act. If a Stockholder makes a request pursuant to this Section 4.02(a) to file a Shelf Registration Statement, the Company shall promptly (and, in any event, within five (5) Business Days) notify the other Stockholders in writing. No later than ten (10) Business Days after the receipt of the initial request to file a Shelf Registration Statement pursuant to this Section 4.02(a), each Stockholder shall notify the Company in writing of the number of its Registrable Securities (if any) that such Stockholder is requesting to be registered on such Shelf Registration Statement. At any time prior to or after the filing of a Shelf Registration Statement, any of the Stockholders may request that the number of its Registrable Securities (if any) previously requested to be registered on such Shelf Registration Statement be increased to a larger number of its Registrable Securities and the Company shall thereafter use its reasonable best efforts to effect such increase for such Shelf Registration Statement as promptly as practicable thereafter. The aggregate number of Registrable Securities that the Stockholders request to be so registered on such Shelf Registration Statement (as increased from time to time at the election of either of the Stockholders pursuant to the immediately foregoing sentence) shall be referred to in this Section 4.02 as the "Stockholder Shelf Registration Amount;" provided, that, the Company shall not be obligated to effect any registration pursuant to this Section 4.02(a), unless the Stockholder Shelf Registration Amount to be registered is reasonably expected to result in aggregate gross proceeds (prior to deducting underwriting discounts and commissions and offering expenses) of at least the Minimum Amount. If, on the date of any such request, the Company does not qualify to file a Shelf Registration Statement under the Securities Act, the provisions of this Section 4.02 shall not apply, and the provisions of Section 4.01 shall apply instead.
- (b) <u>Continued Effectiveness.</u> The Company shall use its reasonable best efforts to keep such Shelf Registration Statement continuously effective under the Securities Act in order to permit the Prospectus forming a part thereof to be usable by Stockholders until the earlier of (i) the date as of which all Registrable Securities have been sold pursuant to the Shelf Registration Statement or another Registration Statement filed under the Securities Act (but in no event prior to the applicable period referred to in Section 4(3) of the Securities Act and Rule 174

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thereunder) and (ii) the date as of which each of the Stockholders is permitted to sell its Registrable Securities without Registration pursuant to Rule 144 under the Securities Act without volume limitation or other restrictions on transfer thereunder (such period of effectiveness, the "Shelf Period"). Subject to Section 4.02(d), the Company shall not be deemed to have used its reasonable best efforts to keep the Shelf Registration Statement effective during the Shelf Period if the Company voluntarily takes any action or omits to take any action that would result in Stockholders of Registrable Securities covered thereby not being able to offer and sell any Registrable Securities pursuant to such Shelf Registration Statement during the Shelf Period, unless such action or omission is required by applicable law.

- (c) Shelf Notice. Promptly upon receipt of any request by a Stockholder to file a Shelf Registration Statement or any request by a Stockholder to increase the number of its Registrable Securities registered on such Shelf Registration Statement pursuant to Section 4.02(a) (but in no event more than five (5) Business Days thereafter), the Company shall deliver a written notice (a "Shelf Notice") of any such request to all other Stockholders specifying the Stockholder Shelf Registration Amount. Each Stockholder shall have the right to include in such registration its Registrable Securities by delivering an irrevocable written notice to the Company specifying the number of Registrable Securities such Stockholder desires to so include no later than ten (10) Business Days of the delivery of the Shelf Notice, and the Company shall include in such registration the number of Registrable Securities for which the Company receives written notice in accordance with this provision.
- (d) Suspension of Registration. If the continued use of such Shelf Registration Statement at any time would require the Company to make an Adverse Disclosure, the Company may, upon giving prompt written notice of such action to the Stockholders, suspend use of the Shelf Registration Statement (a "Shelf Suspension") for up to sixty (60) days for each suspension, with not more than two (2) suspensions in any one hundred and eighty (180) day period. In the case of a Shelf Suspension, the Stockholders agree to suspend use of the applicable Prospectus in connection with any sale or purchase of, or offer to sell or purchase, Registrable Securities, upon receipt of the notice referred to above. The Company shall immediately notify the Stockholders upon the termination of any Shelf Suspension and amend or supplement the Prospectus, if necessary, so it does not contain any untrue statement or omission and furnish to the Stockholders such numbers of copies of the Prospectus as so amended or supplemented as the Stockholders may reasonably request. The Company agrees, if necessary, to supplement or make amendments to the Shelf Registration Statement, if required by the registration form used by the Company for the Shelf Registration or by the instructions applicable to such registration form or by the Securities Act or the rules or regulations promulgated thereunder or as may reasonably be requested by the Sponsors.
- (e) <u>Underwritten Offering</u>. If a Demanding Party elects that an offering of Registrable Securities pursuant to the Shelf Registration Statement shall be in the form of an Underwritten Offering, the Company shall amend or supplement the Shelf Registration Statement for such purpose. There shall be two (2) managing underwriters, and the Demanding Party shall have the right to select one of the managing underwriters to administer such offering, with the Company selecting the other managing underwriter. Any additional non-managing underwriters shall be agreed upon by the Demanding Party and the Company after consultation with the managing underwriters. Each Stockholder shall have the right to include in such

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offering its Registrable Securities in the manner described in Section 4.02(c). The provisions of Section 4.01(h) shall apply to any Underwritten Offering pursuant to this Section 4.02(e).

Section 4.03 <u>Piggyback Registration</u>.

(a) Participation. If, at any time following the Initial Public Offering, the Company proposes to file a Registration Statement under the Securities Act with respect to any offering of its equity securities for its own account or for the account of any other Persons (other than (i) a registration incidental to an issuance of debt securities under Rule 144A, (ii) a Registration on Form S-4 or S-8 or any successor form to such Forms, or (iii) a Registration of securities solely relating to an offering and sale to employees or directors of the Company pursuant to any employee stock plan or other employee benefit plan arrangement or a dividend reinvestment plan), then, as soon as reasonably practicable (but in no event less than thirty (30) days prior to the proposed date of filing of such Registration Statement), the Company shall give written notice of such proposed filing to the Stockholders, and such notice shall offer the Stockholders the opportunity to Register under such Registration Statement such number of Registrable Securities as each such Stockholder may request in writing (a "Pigyback Registration"). Subject to Section 4.03(b), the Company shall include in such Registration Statement all such Registrable Securities that are requested to be included therein within fifteen (15) days after the receipt by such Stockholders of any such

notice (or ten (10) Business Days in the case of a Shelf Notice); provided that if at any time after giving written notice of its intention to Register any securities and prior to the effective date of the Registration Statement filed in connection with such Registration, the Company shall, in its reasonable judgment, determine for any reason not to Register or to delay Registration of such securities, the Company shall give written notice of such determination to each Stockholder and, thereupon, (i) in the case of a determination not to Register, shall be relieved of its obligation to Register any Registrable Securities in connection with such Registration (but not from its obligation to pay the Registration Expenses in connection therewith), without prejudice, however, to the rights of the Sponsors to request that such Registration be effected as a Demand Registration under Section 4.01, and (ii) in the case of a determination to delay Registering, in the absence of a request for a Demand Registration, shall be permitted to delay Registering any Registrable Securities for the same period as the delay in Registering such other securities. Subject to Section 4.03(b), if the offering pursuant to such Registration Statement is to be underwritten, then each Stockholder making a request for a Piggyback Registration pursuant to this Section 4.03(a) must, and the Company shall make such arrangements with the managing underwriter or underwriters so that each such Stockholder may, participate in such Underwritten Offering. If the offering pursuant to such Registration Statement is to be on any other basis, then each Stockholder making a request for a Piggyback Registration pursuant to this Section 4.03(a) must, and the Company shall make such arrangements so that each such Stockholder making a request for a Piggyback Registration pursuant to this Section 4.03(a) must, and the Company shall make such arrangements so that each such Stockholder may, participate in such offering on such basis. Each Stockholder shall be per

(b) <u>Priority of Piggyback Registration</u>. If the managing underwriters of any proposed Underwritten Offering of Registrable Securities included in a Piggyback Registration informs the Company and the Stockholders of Registrable Securities in writing that, in its or their opinion,

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the number of securities which such Stockholders and any other Persons intend to include in such Piggyback Registration exceeds the number which can be sold in such offering without being likely to have a significant adverse effect on the price, timing or distribution of the securities offered or the market for the securities offered, then the securities to be included in such Piggyback Registration shall be (i) first, 100% of the securities proposed to be sold by the Company, and (ii) second, and only if all the securities referred to in clause (i) have been included, the number of Registrable Securities that, in the opinion of such managing underwriter or underwriters, can be sold without having such adverse effect, with such number to be allocated pro rata among the Stockholders that have requested to participate in such Registration based on the relative number of Registrable Securities then held by each such Stockholder (provided that any securities thereby allocated to a Stockholder that exceed such Stockholders's request shall be reallocated among the remaining requesting Stockholders in like manner) and (iii) third, and only if all of the Registrable Securities referred to in clauses (i) and (ii) have been included in such Registration, any other number of Registrable Securities that any other Person exercising a contractual right to demand Registration proposes to sell, that, in the opinion of such managing underwriter(s), can be sold.

(c) No Effect on Demand Registrations. No Registration of Registratile Securities effected pursuant to a request under this Section 4.03 shall be deemed to have been effected pursuant to Section 4.01 and Section 4.02 or shall relieve the Company of its obligations under Section 4.01 or Section 4.02.

Section 4.04 Black-out Period.

- (a) <u>Black-out Periods for Stockholders</u>. In the event of a Registration of Registrable Securities by the Company after the Initial Public Offering in an Underwritten Offering, the Stockholders agree, if requested by the managing underwriter or underwriters in such Underwritten Offering and agreed to by both Sponsors, not to effect any public sale or distribution of any securities (except, in each case, as part of the applicable Registration, if permitted) that are the same as or similar to those being Registered, or any securities convertible into or exchangeable or exercisable for such securities, during the period beginning seven (7) days before and ending ninety (90) days (or such lesser period as may be permitted by the Company or such managing underwriters) after the effective date of the Registration Statement filed in connection with such Registration, to the extent timely notified in writing by the Company or the managing underwriter or underwriters, subject to any exceptions agreed to by such managing underwriter or underwriters.
- (b) <u>Black-out Periods for the Company and Others.</u> In the case of a Registration of Registrable Securities pursuant to <u>Section 4.01</u> or <u>Section 4.02</u> for an Underwritten Offering, the Company agrees, if requested by the participating Sponsors or the managing underwriter or underwriters with respect to such Registration, not to effect any public sale or distribution of any securities that are the same as or similar to those being Registered, or any securities convertible into or exchangeable or exercisable for such securities, during the period beginning seven (7) days before, and ending ninety (90) days (or such lesser period as may be permitted by the participating Sponsors or such managing underwriter or underwriters) after, the effective date of the Registration Statement filed in connection with such Registration (or, in the case of an offering under a Shelf Registration Statement, the date of the underwriting agreement in

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connection therewith), to the extent timely notified in writing by the Sponsors or the managing underwriter or underwriters, subject to any exceptions agreed to by such managing underwriter or underwriters. The Company agrees to use its reasonable best efforts to obtain from each Stockholder of restricted securities of the Company which securities are the same as or similar to the Registrable Securities being Registered, or any restricted securities convertible into or exchangeable or exercisable for any of such securities, an agreement not to effect any public sale or distribution of such securities during any such period referred to in this paragraph, except as part of any such Registration, if permitted. Without limiting the foregoing (but subject to Section 4.07), if after the date hereof the Company grants any Person (other than a Stockholder) any rights to demand or participate in a Registration, the Company agrees that the agreement with respect thereto shall include such Person's agreement to comply with any black-out period required by this Section 4.04 as if it were a Stockholder hereunder.

Section 4.05 <u>Registration Procedures.</u>

- (a) In connection with the Company's Registration obligations under <u>Section 4.01</u>, <u>Section 4.02</u> and <u>Section 4.03</u>, the Company shall use its reasonable best efforts to effect such Registration to permit the sale of such Registrable Securities in accordance with the intended method or methods of distribution thereof as expeditiously as reasonably practicable, and in connection therewith the Company shall:
 - (i) prepare the required Registration Statement including all exhibits and financial statements required under the Securities Act to be filed therewith, and before filing a Registration Statement or Prospectus, or any amendments or supplements thereto, (x) furnish to the underwriters, if any, and to Participating Stockholders, copies of all documents prepared to be filed, which documents shall be subject to the review of such underwriters and such Stockholders and their respective counsel and (y) except in the case of a Registration under Section 4.03, not file any Registration Statement or Prospectus or amendments or supplements thereto to which the Sponsors or the underwriters, if any, shall reasonably object;
 - (ii) subject to the provisions of Section 4.01(e), as soon as reasonably practicable (in the case of a Demand Registration or Shelf Registration, no later than thirty (30) days after a request for a Demand Registration or Shelf Registration on Form S-3 or ninety (90) days after a request for a Demand Registration or Shelf Registration on Form S-1) file with the SEC a Registration Statement relating to the Registrable Securities including all exhibits and financial statements required by the SEC to be filed therewith, and use its reasonable best efforts to cause such Registration Statement to become effective under the Securities Act as soon as practicable;
 - (iii) prepare and file with the SEC such pre- and post-effective amendments to such Registration Statement and supplements to the Prospectus as may be (x) reasonably requested by a Sponsor, (y) reasonably requested by any other Participating Stockholder (to the extent such request relates to information relating to such Stockholder), or (z) necessary to keep such Registration effective for the period of time required by this Agreement, and comply with provisions of the applicable securities laws with respect to the sale or other disposition of all securities covered by such Registration Statement

during such period in accordance with the intended method or methods of disposition by the sellers thereof set forth in such Registration Statement;

- (iv) notify the Participating Stockholders and the managing underwriter or underwriters, if any, and (if requested) confirm such advice in writing and provide copies of the relevant documents, as soon as reasonably practicable after notice thereof is received by the Company (a) when the applicable Registration Statement or any amendment thereto has been submitted confidentially, filed publicly or becomes effective, and when the applicable Prospectus or any amendment or supplement to such Prospectus has been filed, (b) of any written comments by the SEC or any request by the SEC or any other federal or state governmental authority for amendments or supplements to such Registration Statement or such Prospectus or for additional information, (c) of the issuance by the SEC of any stop order suspending the effectiveness of such Registration Statement or any order by the SEC or any other regulatory authority preventing or suspending the use of any preliminary or final Prospectus or the initiation or threatening, of any proceedings for such purposes, (d) if, at any time, the representations and warranties of the Company in any applicable underwriting agreement cease to be true and correct in all material respects, and (e) of the receipt by the Company of any notification with respect to the suspension of the qualification of the Registrable Securities for offering or sale in any jurisdiction or the initiation or threatening of any proceeding for such purpose;
- (v) promptly notify the Participating Stockholders and the managing underwriter or underwriters, if any, when the Company becomes aware of the happening of any event as a result of which the applicable Registration Statement contains any misstatement or omission of a material fact required to be stated therein or the Prospectus included in such Registration Statement (as then in effect) contains any misstatement or omission of a material fact necessary to make the statements therein (in the case of such Prospectus and any preliminary Prospectus) in light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading or, if for any other reason it shall be necessary during, such time period to amend or supplement such Registration Statement or Prospectus in order to comply with the Securities Act and, in either case as promptly as reasonably practicable thereafter, prepare and file with the SEC, and furnish without charge to the Participating Stockholder, and the managing underwriter or underwriters, if any, an amendment or supplement to such Registration Statement or Prospectus which shall correct such misstatement or omission or effect such compliance;
- (vi) use its reasonable best efforts to prevent, or obtain the withdrawal of, any stop order or other order suspending the use of any preliminary or final Prospectus;
- (vii) promptly incorporate in a Prospectus supplement or post-effective amendment such information as the managing underwriter or underwriters and the Sponsors agree should be included therein relating to the plan of distribution with respect to such Registrable Securities, and make all required filings of such Prospectus supplement or post-effective amendment as soon as reasonably practicable after being notified of the matters to be incorporated in such Prospectus supplement or post-effective amendment;

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- (viii) furnish to each Participating Stockholder and each underwriter, if any, without charge, as many conformed copies as such Stockholder or underwriter may reasonably request of the applicable Registration Statement and any amendment or post-effective amendment thereto, including financial statements and schedules, all documents incorporated therein by reference and all exhibits (including those incorporated by reference);
- (ix) deliver to each Participating Stockholder and each underwriter, if any, without charge, as many copies of the applicable Prospectus (including each preliminary prospectus) and any amendment or supplement thereto as such Stockholder or underwriter may reasonably request (it being understood that the Company consents to the use of such Prospectus or any amendment or supplement thereto by such Stockholder and the underwriters, if any, in connection with the offering and sale of the Registrable Securities covered by such Prospectus or any amendment or supplement thereto) and such other documents as such Stockholder or underwriter may reasonably request in order to facilitate the disposition of the Registrable Securities by such Stockholder or underwriter;
- on or prior to the date on which the applicable Registration Statement is declared effective, use its reasonable best efforts to register or qualify, and cooperate with the Participating Stockholders, the managing underwriter or underwriters, if any, and their respective counsel, in connection with the registration or qualification of such Registrable Securities for offer and sale under the securities or "Blue Sky" laws of each state and other jurisdiction of the United States as any Participating Stockholder or managing underwriter or underwriters, if any, or their respective counsel reasonably request in writing and do any and all other acts or things reasonably necessary or advisable to keep such registration or qualification in effect for such period as required by Section 4.01(d) or Section 4.02(b), whichever is applicable;
- (xi) cooperate with the Participating Stockholders and the managing underwriter or underwriters, if any, to facilitate the timely preparation and delivery of Registrable Securities to be sold and, if represented by certificates, the certificate representing such Registrable Securities not bearing any restrictive legends, and enable such Registrable Securities to be in such denominations and registered in such names as the managing underwriters may request at least two (2) Business Days prior to any sale of Registrable Securities to the underwriters;
- (xii) use its reasonable best efforts to cause the Registrable Securities covered by the applicable Registration Statement to be registered with or approved by such other governmental agencies or authorities as may be necessary to enable the seller or sellers thereof or the underwriter or underwriters, if any, to consummate the disposition of such Registrable Securities;
- (xiii) not later than the effective date of the applicable Registration Statement, provide a CUSIP number for all Registrable Securities and provide the applicable transfer agent with printed certificates for the Registrable Securities which are in a form eligible for deposit with The Depository Trust Company;

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- (xiv) make such reasonable representations and warranties to the Participating Stockholders and the underwriters or agents, if any, in form, substance and scope as are customarily made by issuers in secondary underwritten public offerings;
- (xv) enter into such reasonable customary agreements (including underwriting and indemnification agreements in customary form) and take all such other reasonable actions as the Sponsors or the managing underwriter or underwriters, if any, reasonably request in order to expedite or facilitate the registration and disposition of such Registrable Securities;
- (xvi) obtain for delivery to the Participating Stockholders and to the underwriter or underwriters, if any, an opinion or opinions from counsel for the Company dated the effective date of the Registration Statement or, in the event of an Underwritten Offering, the date of the closing under the underwriting agreement and the date of the closing of any over-allotment or similar underwriter option exercise, in customary form, scope and substance, which opinions shall be reasonably satisfactory to such Stockholders or underwriters, as the case may be, and their respective counsel;

- (xvii) in the case of an Underwritten Offering, obtain for delivery to the Company and the managing underwriter or underwriters, with copies to the Participating Stockholders, a cold comfort letter from the Company's independent certified public accountants in customary form and covering such matters of the type customarily covered by cold comfort letters as the managing underwriter or underwriters reasonably request, dated the date of execution of the underwriting agreement and bring-down cold comfort letters dated the closing under the underwriting agreement and the date of the closing of any over-allotment or similar underwriter option exercise;
- (xviii) cooperate with each Participating Stockholder and each underwriter, if any, participating in the disposition of such Registrable Securities and their respective counsel in connection with any filings required to be made with FINRA;
- (xix) use its reasonable best efforts to comply with all applicable securities laws and make available to its Stockholders, as soon as reasonably practicable, an earnings statement satisfying the provisions of Section 11(a) of the Securities Act and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder;
- (xx) provide and cause to be maintained a transfer agent and registrar for all Registrable Securities covered by the applicable Registration Statement from and after a date not later than the effective date of such Registration Statement;
- (xxi) use its best efforts to cause all Registrable Securities covered by the applicable Registration Statement to be listed on the NYSE or each other securities exchange on which any of the Company's securities are then listed or quoted and on each inter-dealer quotation system on which any of the Company's securities are then quoted;
- (xxii) subject to appropriate confidentiality arrangements, make available upon reasonable notice at reasonable times and for reasonable periods for inspection by the Sponsors, by any underwriter participating in any disposition to be effected pursuant to

such Registration Statement and by any attorney, accountant or other agent retained by the Sponsors or any such underwriter, all pertinent financial and other records, pertinent corporate documents and properties of the Company, and cause all of the Company's officers, directors and employees and the independent public accountants who have certified its financial statements to make themselves available to discuss the business of the Company and to supply all information reasonably requested by any such Person in connection with such Registration Statement as shall be necessary to enable them to exercise their due diligence responsibility; and

- (xxiii) in the case of an Underwritten Offering, cause the senior executive officers of the Company to participate in the customary "road show" presentations that may be reasonably requested by the managing underwriter or underwriters in any such Underwritten Offering and otherwise to facilitate, cooperate with, and participate in each proposed offering contemplated herein and customary selling efforts related thereto.
- (b) The Company may require each Participating Stockholder to furnish to the Company such information regarding the distribution of such securities and such other information relating to such Stockholder and its ownership of Registrable Securities as the Company may from time to time reasonably request in writing. Each Participating Stockholder agrees to furnish such information to the Company and to cooperate with the Company as reasonably necessary to enable the Company to comply with the provisions of this Agreement.
- (c) Each Participating Stockholder agrees that, upon receipt of any notice from the Company of the happening of any event of the kind described in Section 4.05(a)(v), such Stockholder will forthwith discontinue disposition of Registrable Securities pursuant to such Registration Statement until such Stockholder's receipt of the copies of the supplemented or amended Prospectus contemplated by Section 4.05(a)(v), or until such Stockholder is advised in writing by the Company that the use of the Prospectus may be resumed, and if so directed by the Company, such Stockholder shall deliver to the Company (at the Company's expense) all copies, other than permanent file copies then in such Stockholder's possession, of the Prospectus covering such Registrable Securities current at the time of receipt of such notice. In the event the Company shall give any such notice, the period during which the applicable Registration Statement is required to be maintained effective shall be extended by the number of days during the period from and including the date of the giving of such notice to and including the date when each seller of Registrable Securities covered by such Registration Statement either receives the copies of the supplemented or amended Prospectus contemplated by Section 4.05(a)(v) or is advised in writing by the Company that the use of the Prospectus may be resumed.

Section 4.06 <u>Underwritten Offerings.</u>

(a) <u>Demand and Shelf Registrations</u>. If requested by the underwriters for any Underwritten Offering requested by the Stockholders or the Sponsors, as applicable, pursuant to a Registration under <u>Section 4.01</u> or <u>Section 4.02</u>, the Company shall enter into an underwriting agreement with such underwriters for such offering, such agreement to be reasonably satisfactory in substance and form to the Company, the Sponsors and the underwriters, and to contain such representations and warranties by the Company and such other terms as are generally prevailing in agreements of that type. The Participating Stockholders shall cooperate with the Company in

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the negotiation of such underwriting agreement and shall give consideration to the reasonable suggestions of the Company regarding the form thereof. Such Stockholders shall be parties to such underwriting agreement, which underwriting agreement shall (i) contain such representations and warranties by, and the other agreements on the part of, the Company to and for the benefit of such Stockholders as are customarily made by issuers to selling holders in secondary underwritten public offerings and (ii) provide that any or all of the conditions precedent to the obligations of such underwriters under such underwriting agreement also shall be conditions precedent to the obligations of such Stockholders. Such Stockholders shall not be required to make any representations or warranties to or agreements with the Company or the underwriters other than representations, warranties or agreements regarding such Stockholders, such Stockholder's title to the Registrable Securities, such Stockholder's intended method of distribution and any other representations required to be made by such Stockholder (provided that any such representation shall be made on a several basis) under applicable law, and the aggregate amount of the liability of such Stockholder shall not exceed such Stockholder's net proceeds from such Underwritten Offering.

(b) Piggyback Registrations. If the Company proposes to register any of its securities under the Securities Act as contemplated by Section 4.03 and such securities are to be distributed in an Underwritten Offering through one or more underwriters, the Company shall, if requested by any Stockholder pursuant to Section 4.03 and subject to the provisions of Section 4.03(b), use its reasonable best efforts to arrange for such underwriters to include on the same terms and conditions that apply to the other sellers in such Registration all the Registrable Securities to be offered and sold by such Stockholder among the securities of the Company to be distributed by such underwriters in such Registration. The Participating Stockholders shall be parties to the underwriting agreement between the Company and such underwriters, which underwriting agreement shall (i) contain such representations and warranties by, and the other agreements on the part of, the Company to and for the benefit of such Stockholders as are customarily made by issuers to selling holders in secondary underwritten public offerings and (ii) provide that any or all of the conditions precedent to the obligations of such underwriters under such underwriting agreement also shall be conditions precedent to the obligations of such Stockholders. Any such Stockholder shall not be required to make any representations or warranties to, or agreements with the Company or the underwriters other than representations, warranties or agreements regarding such Stockholder, such Stockholder's title to the Registrable Securities and such Stockholder's intended method of distribution or any other representations required to be made by such Stockholder under applicable law, and the aggregate amount of the liability of such Stockholder shall not exceed such Stockholder's net proceeds from such Underwritten Offering.

- (c) <u>Participation in Underwritten Registrations.</u> Subject to provisions of <u>Section 4.06(a)</u> and <u>(b)</u> above, no Person may participate in any Underwritten Offering hereunder unless such Person (i) agrees to sell such Person's securities on the basis provided in any underwriting arrangements approved by the Persons entitled to approve such arrangement and (ii) completes and executes all questionnaires, powers of attorney, indemnities, underwriting agreements and other documents required under the terms of such underwriting arrangements.
- (d) <u>Price and Underwriting Discounts.</u> In the case of an Underwritten Offering under <u>Section 4.01</u> or <u>Section 4.02</u>, subject to the provisions of <u>Section 4.03</u>, the price, underwriting discount and other financial terms for the Registrable Securities shall be determined by the

holders of a majority of the Registrable Securities participating in such Registration or Shelf Registration, as the case may be, with the approval of the Board, which approval may not be unreasonably withheld. In addition, subject to the provisions of Section 4.01(c), in the case of any Underwritten Offering, each of the Stockholders that have not delivered a Demand Registration Notice may withdraw their request to participate in the registration pursuant to Section 4.01, Section 4.02 or Section 4.03 after being advised of such price, discount and other terms and shall not be required to enter into any agreements, or documentation that would require otherwise.

Section 4.07 No Inconsistent Agreements; Additional Rights. The Company shall not hereafter enter into, and is not currently a party to, any agreement with respect to its securities that is inconsistent with the rights granted to the Stockholders by this Agreement. Without the consent of the Sponsors (such consent not to be unreasonably withheld, conditioned or delayed), the Company shall not enter into any agreement granting registration or similar rights to any Person.

Section 4.08 <u>Registration Expenses.</u>

- All expenses incident to the Company's performance of or compliance with this Agreement shall be paid by the Company, including (i) all registration and filing fees, and any other fees and expenses associated with filings required to be made with the SEC or FINRA, (ii) all fees and expenses in connection with compliance with any securities or "Blue Sky" laws, (iii) all printing, duplicating, word processing, messenger, telephone, facsimile and delivery expenses (including expenses of printing certificates for the Registrable Securities in a form eligible for deposit with The Depository Trust Company and of printing prospectuses), (iv) all fees and disbursements of counsel for the Company and of all independent certified public accountants of the Company (including the expenses of any special audit and cold comfort letters required by or incident to such performance), (v) Securities Act liability insurance or similar insurance if the Company so desires or the underwriters so require in accordance with then-customary underwriting practice, (vi) all fees and expenses incurred in connection with the listing of the Registrable Securities on any securities exchange or quotation of the Registrable Securities on any inter-dealer quotation system, (vii) all applicable rating agency fees with respect to the Registrable Securities, (viii) all reasonable fees and disbursements of one (1) legal counsel chosen by the holders of a majority of the Registrable Securities participating in such Registration or Shelf Registration, (x) any reasonable fees and disbursements of such local legal counsel as may reasonably be required by any selling stockholder participating in such Registration, (x) any reasonable fees and disbursements of underwriters (excluding discounts and commissions which shall be paid pro rata by holders of Registrable Securities) customarily paid by issuers or sellers of securities, (xi) all fees and expenses of any special experts or other Persons retained by the Company in connection with any Registration, (x
- (b) To the extent Registration Expenses are not required to be paid by the Company under Section 4.08(a), each holder of Registrable Securities included in any Registration hereunder shall pay those Registration Expenses allocable to the Registration of such holder's

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Registrable Securities so included, and any Registration Expenses not so allocable shall be borne by sellers of Registrable Securities included in such Registration in proportion to the aggregate selling price of the Registrable Securities to be so Registered.

Section 4.09 <u>Indemnification</u>.

- Indemnification by the Company. The Company agrees to indemnify and hold harmless, to the full extent permitted by law, each Stockholder, each member, limited partner or general partner thereof, each member, limited partner or general partner of each such member, limited or general partner, each of their respective Affiliates, officers, directors, stockholders, employees, advisors, and agents and each Person who controls (within the meaning of the Securities Act or the Exchange Act) such Persons and each of their respective Representatives from and against any and all losses, penalties, judgments, suits, costs, claims, damages, liabilities and expenses, joint or several (including reasonable costs of investigation and legal expenses) (each, a "Loss", and collectively, "Losses") arising out of or based upon (i) any misstatement or omission or alleged misstatement or omission of a material fact required to be included in any Registration Statement under which such Registrable Securities were Registered under the Securities Act (including any final, preliminary or summary Prospectus contained therein or any amendment thereof, supplement thereto or any documents incorporated by reference therein) or any other disclosure document produced by or on behalf of the Company or any of its subsidiaries including reports and other documents filed under the Exchange Act, (ii) any misstatement or omission or alleged misstatement or omission of a material fact stated in the Prospectus or preliminary prospectus or necessary to make the statements therein, in light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading or (iii) any actions or inactions or proceedings in respect of the foregoing whether or not such indemnified party is a party thereto; provided that the Company shall not be liable to any particular indemnified party to the extent that any such Loss arises out of or is based upon an untrue statement or alleged untrue statement or omission or alleged omission made in any such Registration Statement or other document in reliance upon and in conformity with written information furnished to the Company by such indemnified party expressly for use in the preparation thereof. This indemnity shall be in addition to any liability the Company may otherwise have. Such indemnity shall remain in full force and effect regardless of any investigation made by or on behalf of such Stockholder or any indemnified party and shall survive the transfer of such securities by such Stockholder. The Company shall also indemnify underwriters, selling brokers, dealer managers and similar securities industry professionals participating in the distribution, their officers and directors and each Person who controls such Persons (within the meaning of the Securities Act and the Exchange Act) to the same extent as provided above with respect to the indemnification of the indemnified parties.
- (b) <u>Indemnification by the Participating Stockholders.</u> Each Participating Stockholder agrees (severally and not jointly) to indemnify and hold harmless, to the fullest extent permitted by law, the Company, its directors and officers and each Person who controls the Company (within the meaning of the Securities Act or the Exchange Act) from and against any Losses resulting from (i) any misstatement or omission or alleged misstatement or omission of a material fact required to be included in any Registration Statement under which such Registrable Securities were Registered under the Securities Act (including any final, preliminary or summary Prospectus contained therein or any amendment thereof, supplement thereto or any

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extent, that such misstatement or omission is contained in any information furnished in writing by such Stockholder to the Company specifically for inclusion in such Registration Statement and has not been corrected in a subsequent writing prior to or concurrently with the sale of the Registrable Securities to the Person asserting the claim. In no event shall the liability of such Stockholder hereunder be greater in amount than the dollar amount of the net proceeds received by such Stockholder under the sale of Registrable Securities giving rise to such indemnification obligation. The Company shall be entitled to receive indemnities from underwriters, selling brokers, dealer managers and similar securities industry professionals participating in the distribution, to the same extent as provided above (with appropriate modification) with respect to information furnished in writing by such Persons specifically for inclusion in any Prospectus or Registration Statement.

Conduct of Indemnification Proceedings. Any Person entitled to indemnification hereunder shall (i) give prompt written notice to the indemnifying party of any claim with respect to which it seeks indemnification (provided that any delay or failure to so notify the indemnifying party shall relieve the indemnifying party of its obligations hereunder only to the extent, if at all, that it is actually prejudiced by reason of such delay or failure) and (ii) permit such indemnifying party to assume the defense of such claim with counsel reasonably satisfactory to the indemnified party; provided that any Person entitled to indemnification hereunder shall have the right to select and employ separate counsel and to participate in the defense of such claim, but the fees and expenses of such counsel shall be at the expense of such Person unless (A) the indemnifying party has agreed in writing to pay such fees or expenses, (B) the indemnifying party shall have failed to assume the defense of such claim within a reasonable time after receipt of notice of such claim from the Person entitled to indemnification hereunder and employ counsel reasonably satisfactory to such Person, (C) the indemnified party has reasonably concluded (based upon advice of its counsel) that there may be legal defenses available to it or other indemnified parties that are different from or in addition to those available to the indemnifying party, or (D) in the reasonable judgment of any such Person (based upon advice of its counsel), a conflict of interest may exist between such Person and the indemnifying party with respect to such claims (in which case, if the Person notifies the indemnifying party in writing that such Person elects to employ separate counsel at the expense of the indemnifying party, the indemnifying party shall not have the right to assume the defense of such claim on behalf of such Person) in which case of such clauses (A) through (D), the indemnifying party will pay the reasonable fees, disbursements or other charges of such additional counsel or counsels. If the indemnifying party assumes the defense, the indemnifying party shall not have the right to settle such action without the consent of the indemnified party. No indemnifying party shall consent to entry of any judgment or enter into any settlement which does not include as an unconditional term thereof the giving by the claimant or plaintiff to such indemnified party of an unconditional release from all liability in respect to such claim or litigation without the prior written consent of such indemnified party. If such defense is not assumed by the indemnifying party, the indemnifying party will not be subject to any liability for any settlement made without its prior written consent, but such consent may not be unreasonably withheld.

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Contribution. If for any reason the indemnification provided for in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this Section 4.09 is unavailable to an indemnified party or insufficient in respect of any Losses referred to therein, then the indemnifying party shall contribute to the amount paid or payable by the indemnified party as a result of such Loss (i) in such proportion as is appropriate to reflect the relative fault of the indemnifying party on the one hand and the indemnified party or parties on the other hand in connection with the acts, statements or omissions that resulted in such Losses or (ii) if the allocation provided by clause (i) above is not permitted by applicable law, then such proportion as is appropriate to reflect not only the relevant fault referred to in clause (i) above but also the relative benefit of the indemnifying party on the one hand and of the indemnified party or parties on the other in connection with the statement or omissions which resulted in such Losses, as well as any other relevant equitable considerations. The relative benefits of such parties shall be deemed to be in the same proportion as the total net proceeds from the offering (before deducting expenses). The relative fault of the indemnifying party on the one hand and the indemnified party on the other hand shall be determined by reference to, among other things, whether any untrue or alleged untrue statement of a material fact or the omission or alleged omission to state a material fact relates to information supplied by the indemnifying party or by the indemnified party and the parties' relative intent, knowledge, access to information and opportunity to correct or prevent such statement or omission. The parties hereto agree that it would not be just or equitable if contribution pursuant to this Section 4.09(d) were determined by pro rata allocation or by any other method of allocation that does not take account of the equitable considerations referred to in this Section 4.09(d). No Person guilty of fraudulent misrepresentation (within the meaning of Section 11(f) of the Securities Act) shall be entitled to contribution from any Person who was not guilty of such fraudulent misrepresentation. The amount paid or payable by an indemnified party as a result of the Losses referred to in Section 4.09(a) and Section 4.09(b) shall be deemed to include, subject to the limitations set forth above, any legal or other expenses reasonably incurred by such indemnified party in connection with investigating or defending any such action or claim. Notwithstanding the provisions of this Section 4.09(d), in connection with any Registration Statement filed by the Company, a Participating Stockholder shall not be required to contribute any amount in excess of the dollar amount of the net proceeds received by such Stockholder under the sale of Registrable Securities giving rise to such contribution obligation less any amounts paid by such Stockholder pursuant to Section 4.09(b). If indemnification is available under this Section 4.09, the indemnifying parties shall indemnify each indemnified party to the full extent provided in Section 4.09(a) and (d) hereof without regard to the provisions of this Section 4.09(d). The remedies provided for in this Section 4.09 are not exclusive and shall not limit any rights or remedies which may otherwise be available to any indemnified party at law or in equity.

Section 4.10 Rules 144 and 144A and Regulation S. The Company covenants that it will file the reports required to be filed by it under the Securities Act and the Exchange Act and the rules and regulations adopted by the SEC thereunder (or, if the Company is not required to file such reports, it will, upon the reasonable request of the Sponsors, make publicly available such necessary information for so long as necessary to permit sales pursuant to Rules 144, 144A or Regulation S under the Securities Act), and it will take such further action as the Sponsors may reasonably request, all to the extent required from time to time to enable the Sponsors to sell Registrable Securities without Registration in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement, under the Securities Act within the limitation of the exemptions provided by (i) Rules 144, 144A or Regulation S under the Securities Act, or (ii) any similar rule or regulation

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hereafter adopted by the SEC. Upon the reasonable request of a Stockholder, the Company will deliver to such Stockholder a written statement as to whether it has complied with such requirements and, if not, the specifics thereof.

Section 4.11 Company Cooperation. The Company agrees to cooperate with any of the CPPIB Entities and use reasonable efforts to provide such information or certifications as may reasonably be required by any of the CPPIB Entities in the event a CPPIB Entity makes an application to the Ontario Securities Commission for a discretionary order providing a prospectus exemption from applicable Canadian securities laws to facilitate the resale of the Shares; provided, however, the Company shall only be required to comply with the foregoing if (a) such application to the Ontario Securities Commission would not give rise to the Company having any listing obligations or ongoing reporting obligations in Canada and (b) the application to the Ontario Securities Commission arises in connection with a CPPIB Entity's proposed resale of Shares on the NYSE or such other exchange on which the Shares are then traded.

ARTICLE V.

GENERAL PROVISIONS

Section 5.01 <u>Termination</u>. Except for the provisions of this <u>Article V</u>, this Agreement shall terminate automatically (without any action by any party hereto) as to each Stockholder when such Stockholder ceases to hold any Shares.

Section 5.02 Entire Agreement; Amendment. This Agreement sets forth the entire understanding and agreement between the parties hereto with respect to the transactions contemplated herein and supersedes and replaces any prior or contemporaneous understanding, agreement or statement of intent, in each case written or oral, of any kind and every nature with respect hereto. No provision of this Agreement may be amended, modified or waived in whole or in part at any time without an agreement in writing executed by the Altice Entities, the BCP Entities and the CPPIB Entities. There are no other agreements with respect to the transactions contemplated herein between any Stockholders or any of their Affiliates relating to the Company. Each party hereto to this Agreement shall receive notice of any amendments and copies of any material amendment to this Agreement.

Section 5.03 Waivers. No waiver of any breach of any of the terms of this Agreement shall be effective unless such waiver is made expressly in writing and executed and delivered by the party against whom such waiver is claimed. No waiver of any breach shall be deemed to be a further or continuing waiver of such breach or a waiver of any other or subsequent breach. Except as otherwise expressly provided herein, no failure on the part of any party to exercise, and no delay in exercising, any right, power, or remedy hereunder, or otherwise available in respect hereof at law or in equity, shall operate as a waiver thereof, nor shall any single or partial exercise of such right, power or remedy by such party preclude any other or further exercise thereof, or the exercise of any other right, power or remedy.

Section 5.04 Information Rights. (a) Subject to the terms of Section 5.12, each of the Company and the Stockholders agrees and acknowledges that each Observer may share confidential, non-public information about the Company and its subsidiaries with the Stockholder who designated such Observer and its Affiliates on a confidential basis and solely for the purposes of evaluating such Stockholder's investment in the Company.

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(b) For as long as each of the Sponsor Entities individually own one percent (1%) or more of the issued and outstanding Class A Shares and Class B Shares (without regard to the voting power of such Class B Shares), each of those Stockholders shall be entitled to receive as soon as available and, in any event, no later than thirty (30) days after the end of each calendar month, the un-audited monthly management accounts of the Company and its subsidiaries on a consolidated basis; provided, however, that at any time and from time to time (upon written notice to the Company), each Sponsor Entity may elect to suspend the receipt of the information provided by the Company under this Section 5.04(b).

Tax Matters. Each of Altice, the Company and its subsidiaries shall cooperate with the Stockholders in, and use their reasonable best efforts to provide the Stockholders all requested information, records, and documents related to the Company and its subsidiaries or any Pre-IPO Entity that are reasonably necessary for (i) the completion of tax and information returns of the Stockholders or the Stockholders' compliance with any applicable tax laws, including with respect to withholding tax obligations, (ii) the preparation for and defense of any audits or other disputes with any Governmental Entity regarding any taxes or tax returns to the extent related to the Stockholders' direct or indirect investment in the Company and its subsidiaries or any Pre-IPO Entity, (iii) obtaining any rulings or similar determinations regarding taxes from any Governmental Entity to the extent related to the Stockholders' direct or indirect investment in the Company and its subsidiaries or any Pre-IPO Entity and, in so far as Altice and its group companies will not be materially prejudiced by such cooperation, maintaining the validity of such ruling or determination, (iv) providing such additional information or other documentation as any Stockholder may reasonably request in order to provide information to any of its direct or indirect owners regarding taxes to the extent related to the Stockholders' direct or indirect investment in the Company and its subsidiaries or any Pre-IPO Entity and (v) responding to any inquiry from any Governmental Entity regarding taxes, or obtaining refunds of, or exemptions from any, withholding taxes imposed on any Stockholder or any of its direct or indirect owners as a result of its direct or indirect investment in the Company and its subsidiaries or any Pre-IPO Entity. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, (x) in the event that the Company makes or has made any actual or deemed distribution to its shareholders, the Company shall make commercially reasonable efforts to provide to the Stockholders such information regarding the current and accumulated "earnings and profits" of the Company (including any projections with respect to current earnings and profits) as any Stockholder may reasonably request or order to determine what portion (if any) of any such distribution is a dividend for U.S. federal income tax purposes and (y) the Company shall, and Altice shall cause the Company to, (1) provide to any Stockholder, upon such Stockholder's request and within thirty (30) days following such request, a certification as to the Company's status as a United States real property holding company, in accordance with Treasury Regulations Sections 1.897-2(g)(1)(ii) and 1.897-2(h)(1), and (2) in connection with the provision of any certification pursuant to the preceding clause (1), comply with the notice provisions set forth in Treasury Regulations Section 1.897-2(h)(2).

Section 5.06 <u>Assignment; Benefit; Additional Parties.</u>

(a) Subject to Section 5.06(c), the rights and obligations hereunder shall not be assignable without the prior written consent of the Company, Altice, the Altice Entities and the Sponsor Entities; provided, however, that an Altice Entity may assign its rights and obligations to (i) any other Altice Entity, (ii) any Affiliate of such Altice Entity, (iii) Patrick Drahi, his heirs or entities or trusts directly or indirectly under his or their control or formed for his or their benefit, and (iv) any Affiliate of Patrick Drahi, his heirs or entities or trusts directly or indirectly under his or their control or formed for his or their benefit. Any assignment of rights or obligations in violation of this Section 5.06 shall be null and void.

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(b) This Agreement shall be binding upon and shall inure to the benefit of the parties hereto, and their respective successors and permitted assigns, and there shall be no third-party beneficiaries to this Agreement except as set forth in Section 4.09. Upon the request of any Sponsor Entity or any Altice Entity, the Company shall make any Permitted Transferee of such Sponsor Entity or Altice Entity who acquires Shares or rights to acquire Shares from the Company after the date hereof a party to this Agreement as a Stockholder and a Sponsor Entity or Altice Entity, as the case may be, and to succeed to all of the rights and obligations of a Stockholder and a Sponsor Entity or Altice Entity, as the case may be, under this Agreement by obtaining an executed Joinder Agreement. Upon the execution and delivery of a Joinder Agreement by such Permitted Transferee, the Shares acquired by such Permitted Transferee shall be Registrable Securities to the extent provided herein, such Permitted Transferee shall be a Stockholder and a Sponsor Entity or an Altice Entity, as the case may be, under this Agreement with respect to the acquired Shares.

Section 5.07 <u>Severability</u>. If any provision of this Agreement shall be held to be invalid, illegal or unenforceable, the validity, legality and enforceability of the remaining, provisions shall not in any way be affected or impaired thereby.

Section 5.08 Counterparts. This Agreement may be executed in any number of counterparts, any one of which need not contain the signatures of more than one party, each of which shall be deemed an original, but all of which shall constitute one and the same instrument. Any counterpart may be executed by electronic signature and such electronic signature shall be deemed an original.

Section 5.09 Notices. Unless otherwise specified herein, all notices, consents, approvals, reports, designations, requests, waivers, elections and other communications authorized or required to be given pursuant to this Agreement shall be in writing and shall be given or made (and shall be deemed to have been duly given or made upon receipt) by personal hand-delivery, by electronic mail, by mailing the same in a sealed envelope, registered first-class mail, postage prepaid, return receipt requested, or by air courier guaranteeing overnight delivery, sent to the Stockholders at the following addresses (or such other address as such Stockholders may specify by notice to the Company):

If to the Company:

Altice USA, Inc. 1111 Stewart Avenue Bethpage, NY 11714 Email: David.Connolly@Alticeusa.com

with a copy to (which shall not constitute notice):

Shearman & Sterling LLP 599 Lexington Avenue New York, NY 10022-6069 USA

Attention: Richard Alsop

Email: Richard.Alsop@shearman.com

If to Altice:

c/o Altice, N.V. Prins Bernhardplein 200 1097 JB Amsterdam The Netherlands

Attention: Dexter Goei, Jérémie Bonnin, and Alexandre Marque

Email: dexter.goei@altice.net, jeremie.bonnin@altice.net and alexandre.marque@altice.net

with a copy to (which shall not constitute notice):

Shearman & Sterling LLP 599 Lexington Avenue New York, NY 10022-6069 USA

Attention: Richard Alsop

Email: Richard.Alsop@shearman.com

if to BCP, to:

BC Partners, Inc. 650 Madison Avenue 23rd Floor New York, NY 10065

USA

Attention: Raymond Svider

Email: raymond.svider@bcpartners.com

with a copy (which shall not constitute notice) to:

Latham & Watkins LLP 885 Third Avenue New York NY 10022-4834

USA

Attention: Raymond Lin and John Giouroukakis Email: raymond.lin@lw.com; john.giouroukakis@lw.com

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If to CPPIB, to:

Canada Pension Plan Investment Board One Queen Street East Suite 2600, P.O. Box 101 Toronto, ON M5C 2W5 Canada Attention: Michael Zelenczuk

Email: mzelenczuk@cppib.com

with a copy (which shall not constitute notice) to:

Latham & Watkins LLP 885 Third Avenue New York NY 10022-4834

USA

Attention: Raymond Lin and John Giouroukakis Email: raymond.lin@lw.com; john.giouroukakis@lw.com

GOVERNED AND CONSTRUED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF DELAWARE, WITHOUT REGARD TO THE CONFLICTS OF LAW PRINCIPLES THEREOF THAT WOULD CAUSE THE APPLICATION OF THE LAWS OF ANY OTHER JURISDICTION. ANY ACTION OR PROCEEDING AGAINST THE PARTIES RELATING IN ANY WAY TO THIS AGREEMENT MAY BE BROUGHT AND ENFORCED EXCLUSIVELY IN THE COURTS OF THE STATE OF DELAWARE OR (TO THE EXTENT SUBJECT MATTER JURISDICTION EXISTS THEREFOR) THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE, AND THE PARTIES IRREVOCABLY SUBMIT TO THE JURISDICTION OF BOTH SUCH COURTS IN RESPECT OF ANY SUCH ACTION OR PROCEEDING. EACH PARTY HEREBY IRREVOCABLY AND UNCONDITIONALLY WAIVES ANY OBJECTION TO THE LAYING OF VENUE OF ANY ACTION, SUIT OR PROCEEDING AGAINST THE PARTIES RELATING IN ANY WAY TO THIS AGREEMENT IN SUCH COURTS OR ANY OTHER COURT THAT ANY SUCH ACTION, SUIT OR PROCEEDING BROUGHT IN ANY SUCH COURT HAS BEEN BROUGHT IN AN INCONVENIENT FORUM.

Waiver of Jury Trial BECAUSE DISPUTES ARISING IN CONNECTION WITH COMPLEX FINANCIAL TRANSACTIONS ARE MOST QUICKLY AND ECONOMICALLY RESOLVED BY AN EXPERIENCED AND EXPERT PERSON AND THE PARTIES WISH APPLICABLE STATE AND FEDERAL LAWS TO APPLY (RATHER THAN ARBITRATION RULES), THE PARTIES DESIRE THAT THEIR DISPUTES BE RESOLVED BY A JUDGE,

RIGHT OR REMEDIES UNDER THIS AGREEMENT OR ANY DOCUMENTS ENTERED INTO IN CONNECTION WITH THIS AGREEMENT AND THE TRANSACTIONS CONTEMPLATED HEREIN. The Company or any Stockholder may file an original counterpart or a copy of this Section 5.11 with any court as written evidence of the consent of the Stockholders to the waiver of their rights to trial by jury.

Section 5.12 Confidentiality.

- (a) Without the prior written consent of the Board, except (i) to the extent required by law (including requirements of regulatory authorities), rule, regulation or court order, (ii) for disclosure made in accordance with Section 5.05(a), and (iii) for disclosure to financing sources or Affiliates of a Stockholder that have agreed to treat such information in confidence on customary terms pursuant to a legally binding confidentiality obligation to such Stockholders, no Stockholder shall disclose any trade secrets, customer lists, drawings, designs, information regarding product development, marketing plans, sales plans, management organization information, operating policies or manuals, business plans, financial records or other financial, commercial, business or technical information relating to the Company or any of its subsidiaries or information designated as confidential or proprietary that the Company or any of its subsidiaries (collectively, "Confidential Information") to any third Person unless such Stockholder can demonstrate that such Confidential Information has been previously disclosed to the public by the Company or is in the public domain (other than by reason of such Stockholder's breach of this Section 5.12).
- (b) In the event that a Stockholder or any person to whom such Stockholder has disclosed Confidential Information is required by a Governmental Authority to disclose any Confidential Information for legal or regulatory reasons, prior to making such disclosure, such Stockholder will promptly notify in writing the Company, unless prohibited by law, to permit the Company, at its sole expense, to seek a protective order or to take other appropriate action. Such Stockholder will also, and will direct any person to whom such Stockholder has disclosed Confidential Information to, cooperate as reasonably requested by the Company in connection with the Company's efforts to obtain a protective order or other reasonable assurance that confidential treatment will be accorded such information (at the Company's expense). If, in the absence of a protective order or other remedy or the receipt or waiver by the Company, such Stockholder or any person to whom such Stockholder has disclosed Confidential Information become, based on advice of counsel, legally compelled to disclose Confidential Information to such Governmental Authority or else stand liable for contempt or suffer other censure or penalty, such Stockholder or any person to whom such Stockholder has disclosed Confidential Information, as the case may be, may disclose only the part of the Confidential Information which counsel advises is legally required to be disclosed. It is hereby understood that certain banking regulatory authorities with jurisdiction over such Stockholder or any person to whom such Stockholder has disclosed Confidential Information may conduct ordinary course examinations of books and records of such person, and that disclosure of Confidential Information in such circumstances solely for the purposes of examination may occur without prior written notice or consent of the Company or compliance with the provisions of this Section 5.12(b); provided, that in the event such examination is not in the ordinary course, or is targeted at the Company, its

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person to whom such Stockholder has disclosed Confidential Information shall be required to give the Company notice and otherwise comply with the provisions of this Section 5.12(b).

- (c) Any Stockholder shall be responsible for any breach of this <u>Section 5.12</u> by or any person to whom such Stockholder has disclosed Confidential Information and to undertake commercially reasonably precautions to safeguard and protect the confidentiality of the Confidential Information.
 - (d) Notwithstanding the foregoing, nothing in Section 5.12(a), Section 5.12(b) or Section 5.12(c) shall apply to any Altice Entity.
- Section 5.13 Specific Performance. Each party to this Agreement acknowledges that a remedy at law for any breach or attempted breach of this Agreement will be inadequate, agrees that each other party to this Agreement shall be entitled to specific performance and injunctive and other equitable relief in case of any such breach or attempted breach and further agrees to waive (to the extent legally permissible) any legal conditions required to be met for the obtaining of any such injunctive or other equitable relief (including posting any bond in order to obtain equitable relief).
- Section 5.14 No Third Party Liability. This Agreement may only be enforced against the named parties hereto. All claims or causes of action (whether in contract or tort) that may be based upon, arise out of or relate to this Agreement, or the negotiation, execution or performance of this Agreement (including any representation or warranty made in or in connection with this Agreement or as an inducement to enter into this Agreement), may be made only against the entities that are expressly identified as parties hereto; and no past, present or future director, officer, employee, incorporator, member, partner, stockholder, Affiliate, agent, attorney or Representative of any party hereto (including any Person negotiating or executing this Agreement on behalf of a party hereto), unless party to this Agreement, shall have any liability or obligation with respect to this Agreement or with respect to any claim or cause of action (whether in contract or tort) that may arise out of or relate to this Agreement, or the negotiation, execution or performance of this Agreement (including a representation or warranty made in or in connection with this Agreement or as an inducement to enter into this Agreement).
- Section 5.15 <u>Further Assurances.</u> In connection with this Agreement and the transactions contemplated hereby, the Company and each Stockholder shall execute and deliver any additional documents and instruments and perform any additional acts that the Company or the parties hereto determine to be necessary or appropriate to effectuate and perform the provisions of this Agreement and the transactions contemplated hereby.
- Section 5.16 Splits. If, and as often as, there are any changes in the Shares by way of stock split, stock dividend, combination or reclassification, or through merger (including a domestic or cross-border legal merger), consolidation, reorganization or recapitalization, or by any other means, appropriate adjustment shall be made in the provisions of this Agreement, as may be required, so that the rights, privileges, duties and obligations hereunder shall continue with respect to the Shares as so changed.

[REST OF PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK]

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IN WITNESS HEREOF, the parties hereto have duly executed this Agreement as of the date first above written.

COMPANY:

ALTICE USA, INC.

By:

Name: Title:
ALTICE:
ALTICE N.V.
By:
Name: Title:
STOCKHOLDERS:
SUDDENVISION S.A.R.L.
By: Name:
Title:
Ву:
Name: Title:
BC EUROPEAN CAPITAL IX-1 LP
By: CIE Management IX Limited, its general partner
By:
Name:
Title:
By:
Name: Title:
BC EUROPEAN CAPITAL IX-2 LP
By: CIE Management IX Limited, its general partner
By:
Name:
Title:
Ву:
By:Name:
By:
By: Name: Title: BC EUROPEAN CAPITAL IX-3 LP By: CIE Management IX Limited, its general partner By:
By: Name: Title: BC EUROPEAN CAPITAL IX-3 LP By: CIE Management IX Limited, its general partner By: Name:
By: Name: Title: BC EUROPEAN CAPITAL IX-3 LP By: CIE Management IX Limited, its general partner By: Name: Title:
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By: Name: Title: BC EUROPEAN CAPITAL IX-3 LP By: CIE Management IX Limited, its general partner By: Name: Title: By: Name: Title: Title:
By: Name: Title: BC EUROPEAN CAPITAL IX-3 LP By: CIE Management IX Limited, its general partner By: Name: Title: By: Name: Title: By: Name: Title: BC EUROPEAN CAPITAL IX-4 LP
By: Name: Title: BC EUROPEAN CAPITAL IX-3 LP By: CIE Management IX Limited, its general partner By: Name: Title: By: Name: Title: By: Name: Title: BC EUROPEAN CAPITAL IX-4 LP By: CIE Management IX Limited, its general partner By: Name:
By: Name: Title: BC EUROPEAN CAPITAL IX-3 LP By: CIE Management IX Limited, its general partner By: Name: Title: By: Name: Title: BC EUROPEAN CAPITAL IX-4 LP By: CIE Management IX Limited, its general partner By: Name: Title: By: CIE Management IX Limited, its general partner By: Name: Title:
By: Name: Title: BC EUROPEAN CAPITAL IX-3 LP By: CIE Management IX Limited, its general partner By: Name: Title: By: Name: Title: By: Name: Title: BC EUROPEAN CAPITAL IX-4 LP By: CIE Management IX Limited, its general partner By: Name:

[Signature Page to Stockholders Agreement]

BC EUROPEAN CAPITAL IX-5 LP

	By: CIE Management IX Limited, its general partner
	By:
	Name: Title:
	By: Name:
	Title:
	BC EUROPEAN CAPITAL IX-6 LP
	By: CIE Management IX Limited, its general partner
	Ву:
	Name: Title:
	By:
	Name: Title:
	BC EUROPEAN CAPITAL IX-7 LP
	By: CIE Management IX Limited, its general partner
	By: Name:
	Title:
	By:
	Name:
	Title:
[Signature Page to S	Stockholders Agreement]
	BC EUROPEAN CAPITAL IX-8 LP By: CIE Management IX Limited, its general partner By: Name: Title: By: Name: Title: BC EUROPEAN CAPITAL IX-9 LP By: CIE Management IX Limited, its general partner By: Name: Title:
	By: Name:
	Title:
[Signature Page to S	Stockholders Agreement]
	BC EUROPEAN CAPITAL IX-10 LP
	By: CIE Management IX Limited, its general partner
	By: Name:
	Title:
	By: Name: Title:

BC EUROPEAN CAPITAL IX-11 LP

	Ву:
	Name: Title:
	By:
	Name: Title:
	BC EUROPEAN CAPITAL — SUDDENLINK CO-INVESTMENT-1 LP
	By: CIE Management IX Limited, its general partner
	By:
	Name: Title:
	By:
	Name: Title:
[Signature Page to	o Stockholders Agreement]
	BC EUROPEAN CAPITAL — SUDDENLINK CO-INVESTMENT-2 LP
	By: CIE Management IX Limited, its general partner
	By:
	Name: Title:
	Ву:
	Name: Title:
	BC EUROPEAN CAPITAL — SUDDENLINK CO-INVESTMENT-3 LP
	By: CIE Management IX Limited, its general partner
	Ву:
	Name: Title:
	Ву:
	Name: Title:
	BC EUROPEAN CAPITAL — SUDDENLINK CO-INVESTMENT-4 LP
	By: CIE Management IX Limited, its general partner
	By:
	Name: Title:
	By:
	Name: Title:
[Signature Page 6	o Stockholders Agreement]
[Signature Fage ti	o Stockholders Agreement]
	BC EUROPEAN CAPITAL — SUDDENLINK CO-INVESTMENT-5 LP
	By: CIE Management IX Limited, its general partner
	By:
	Name:
	Title:
	By: Name:
	Title:

 ${\tt BC\ EUROPEAN\ CAPITAL-SUDDENLINK\ CO-INVESTMENT-1\ LP}$

By: CIE Management IX Limited, its general partner

	By: CIE Management IX Limited, its general partner				
	By:				
	Name:				
	Title:				
	Title.				
	By:				
	Name:				
	Title:				
	BC EUROPEAN CAPITAL IX LIMITED				
	By:				
	Name:				
	Title:				
	Title.				
	SUDDENVISION S.A.R.L.				
	By:				
	Name:				
	Title:				
	THE.				
	CANADA PENSION PLAN INVESTMENT BOARD				
	By:				
	Name:				
	Title:				
	By:				
	Name:				
	Title:				
	CVC 3 B.V.				
	By:				
	Name:				
	Title:				
	A4 S.A.				
	Ву:				
	Name:				
	Title:				
	Uppernext S.C.S.P.				
	By:				
	Name:				
	Title:				
[Signature Page to	Stockholders Agreement]				

SCHEDULE A

STOCKHOLDERS

SuddenVision S.a.r.l.

BC European Capital IX-1 LP

BC European Capital IX-2 LP BC European Capital IX-3 LP BC European Capital IX-4 LP

BC European Capital IX-5 LP BC European Capital IX-6 LP

BC European Capital IX-7 LP BC European Capital IX-8 LP

BC European Capital IX-9 LP

BC European Capital IX-10 LP BC European Capital IX-11 LP

BC European Capital – Suddenlink Co-Investment-1 LP BC European Capital – Suddenlink Co-Investment-2 LP BC European Capital – Suddenlink Co-Investment-3 LP

BC European Capital – Suddenlink Co-Investment-4 LP BC European Capital – Suddenlink Co-Investment-5 LP

BC European Capital – Suddenlink Co-Investment-6 LP BC European Capital IX Limited

Canada Pension Plan Investment Board

CVC 3 B.V. A4 S.A. Uppernext S.C.S.p.

SCHEDULE B

ALTICE ENTITIES

CVC 3 B.V. A4 S.A. Uppernext S.C.S.p. Altice N.V. Neptune Holding US LP

SuddenVision S.a.r.l. BC European Capital IX-1 LP 45

SCHEDULE C

BCP ENTITIES

BC European Capital IX-2 LP BC European Capital IX-3 LP BC European Capital IX-4 LP BC European Capital IX-5 LP BC European Capital IX-6 LP BC European Capital IX-7 LP BC European Capital IX-8 LP BC European Capital IX-9 LP BC European Capital IX-10 LP BC European Capital IX-11 LP BC European Capital - Suddenlink Co-Investment-1 LP BC European Capital - Suddenlink Co-Investment-2 LP BC European Capital – Suddenlink Co-Investment-3 LP BC European Capital – Suddenlink Co-Investment-4 LP BC European Capital – Suddenlink Co-Investment-5 LP BC European Capital - Suddenlink Co-Investment-6 LP BC European Capital IX Limited

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SCHEDULE D

CPPIB ENTITIES

Canada Pension Plan Investment Board

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EXHIBIT A

Joinder Agreement

FORM OF JOINDER TO THE STOCKHOLDERS AND REGISTRATION RIGHTS AGREEMENT

THIS JOINDER AGREEMENT (this "Joinder") to the Stockholders Agreement (as defined below) is dated as of [-], by and among [Stockholder], (the "Stockholder") and Altice USA, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "Company"). Reference is made to that certain Stockholders and Registration Rights Agreement, dated as of [-], 2017 (as amended, the "Stockholders Agreement"), by and among the Company and the other parties thereto. All capitalized terms used and not otherwise defined in this Joinder shall have the meaning assigned to such terms in the Stockholders Agreement.

WHEREAS, the Stockholder, as of the date hereof, owns either directly and of record, or indirectly, the number of Shares set forth on Exhibit A attached hereto; and

WHEREAS, pursuant to the Stockholders Agreement, the Stockholder, who prior to the date hereof was not a party to the Stockholders Agreement, desires to become a party to the Stockholders Agreement and a "Stockholder" thereunder by executing this Joinder;

NOW, THEREFORE, for good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, the parties hereto hereby agree, as follows:

1. <u>Joinder.</u> The Stockholder hereby agrees that, as of the date hereof, it is hereby made a party to the Stockholders Agreement and a "Stockholder" under the Stockholders Agreement. The Stockholder hereby agrees that, as of the date hereof, it will be bound by, and subject to, and will comply with all of the representations, warranties, covenants, agreements, obligations, duties, terms and conditions of the Stockholders Agreement that are applicable to a "Stockholder", including without limitation, the representations and warranties made to the Company by each Stockholder, severally and not jointly, in <u>Section 2.01</u> of the Stockholders Agreement and the confidentiality obligations set forth in <u>Section 5.12</u> of the Stockholders Agreement, in each case, as if the Stockholder was an original signatory thereto. Execution and

delivery of this Joinder by the Stockholder shall also constitute execution and delivery by the Stockholder of the Stockholders Agreement, without further action of any party.			
2. <u>Schedules.</u> If necessary and appropriate, the Company will amend the schedules to the Stockholders Agreement and the books and records of the Company or reflect the information set forth by the Stockholder in <u>Exhibit A</u> hereto.			
3. <u>Headings</u> . The headings in this Joinder have been inserted for convenience of reference only and shall in no way restrict or otherwise modify any of the erms or provisions hereof.			
4. <u>Successors and Assigns; Binding Effect</u> . The terms and conditions of this Joinder shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the parties hereto and heir respective successors, heirs and assigns.			
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5. Governing Law. All issues and questions concerning the construction, validity, interpretation and enforceability of this Joinder, and all claims and disputes trising hereunder or thereunder or in connection herewith or therewith, whether purporting to be sound in contract or tort, or at law or in equity, shall be governed by, and construed in accordance with, the laws of the State of Delaware, without giving effect to any choice of law or conflict of law rules or provisions (whether of the State of Delaware or any other jurisdiction) that would cause the application of the laws of any jurisdiction other than the State of Delaware.			
6. <u>Counterparts</u> . This Joinder may be executed in multiple counterparts, any one of which need not contain the signature of more than one party, but all such counterparts taken together shall constitute one and the same instrument. Any counterpart may be executed by facsimile signature and such facsimile signature shall be leemed an original.			
[Signature Page Follows]			
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IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned have caused this Joinder to be signed and delivered as of the day and year first above written.			
[STOCKHOLDER]			
By:			
Name: Title:			
ALTICE USA, INC.			
By: Name:			
Title:			

EXHIBIT A TO JOINDER AGREEMENT

[To Come]

SHEARMAN & STERLINGUP

599 LEXINGTON AVENUE | NEW YORK | NY | 10022-6069

WWW.SHEARMAN.COM | T +1.212.848.4000 | F +1.212.848.7179

June 12, 2017

Altice USA, Inc. 1111 Stewart Avenue Bethpage, NY 11714

Altice USA, Inc.

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We have acted as counsel to Altice USA, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "Company"), in connection with the registration statement on Form S-1 (Registration No. 333-217240) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission") on April 11, 2017, and each amendment thereto (the "Registration Statement"), relating to the registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), of shares of the Company's Class A common stock, par value \$0.01 per share (the "Shares"). The Shares are to be sold by the Company pursuant to the terms of an underwriting agreement to be entered into between the Company and the underwriters named therein (the "Underwriting Agreement"). The offering of the Shares will be as set forth in the prospectus contained in the Registration Statement (the 'Prospectus').

In that connection, we have reviewed originals or copies of the following documents:

- (a) The Registration Statement.
- (b) The Prospectus.
- (c) The Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation, a form of which is included as Exhibit 3.1 to the Registration Statement (the "Amended Certificate").
 - (d) The Amended and Restated Bylaws of the Company, a form of which is included as Exhibit 3.2 to the Registration Statement.
 - (e) The Underwriting Agreement, a form of which is included as Exhibit 1.1 to the Registration Statement.

ABU DHABI | BEIJING | BRUSSELS | DUBAI | FRANKFURT | HONG KONG | LONDON | MENLO PARK | MILAN | NEW YORK

PARIS | ROME | SAN FRANCISCO | SÃO PAULO | SAUDI ARABIA* | SHANGHAI | SINGAPORE | TOKYO | TORONTO | WASHINGTON, DC

SHEARMAN & STERLING LLP IS A LIMITED LIABILITY PARTNERSHIP ORGANIZED IN THE UNITED STATES UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF DELAWARE, WHICH LAWS LIMIT THE PERSONAL LIABILITY OF PARTNERS.

*DR. SULTAN ALMASOUD & PARTNERS IN ASSOCIATION WITH SHEARMAN & STERLING LLP

(f) The originals or copies of such other corporate records of the Company, certificates of public officials and officers of the Company and such other documents and instruments as we have deemed necessary as a basis for the opinions expressed below.

For the purposes of this opinion letter, we have assumed:

- (a) The genuineness of all signatures.
- (b) The authenticity of the originals of the documents submitted to us.
- (c) The conformity to authentic originals of any documents submitted to us as copies.
- (d) As to matters of fact, the truthfulness of the representations made in certificates of public officials and officers of the Company.

We have not independently established the validity of the foregoing assumptions.

Based upon the foregoing and upon such other investigation as we have deemed necessary and subject to the qualifications set forth below, we are of the opinion that when (i) the Amended Certificate has been filed with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware, (ii) the Company's board of directors or the pricing committee of the Company's board of directors has taken the necessary action to set the price for the Shares and (iii) the Shares have been issued, delivered and paid for as contemplated in the Registration Statement and in accordance with the Underwriting Agreement, the Shares will be duly authorized by all necessary corporate action on the part of the Company and will be validly issued, fully paid and non-assessable.

Our opinion set forth above is limited to the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware and we do not express any opinion herein concerning any other law.

This opinion letter is provided solely in connection with the issuance and sale of the Shares pursuant to the Registration Statement and is not to be relied upon for any other purpose.

We hereby consent to the filing of this opinion letter as an exhibit to the Registration Statement and to the use of our name therein and in the Prospectus under the caption "Legal Matters." In giving this consent, we do not hereby admit that we come within the category of persons whose consent is required under Section 7 of the Securities Act, or the rules and regulations of the Commission thereunder.

STOCKHOLDERS' AGREEMENT

dated as of

June [·], 2017

by and among

ALTICE USA, INC.,

ALTICE N.V.

and

A4 S.A.

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STOCKHOLDERS' AGREEMENT

STOCKHOLDERS' AGREEMENT, dated June , 2017 (this "Agreement"), by and among Altice USA, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "Company"), Altice N.V., a Dutch public company with limited liability (naamloze vennootschap) ("Parent"), and A4 S.A., a Luxembourg public limited liability company controlled by the family of Patrick Drahi ("A4"). Each of the Company, Parent and A4 are referred to herein as a "Party" and together as the "Parties".

WITNESSETH:

WHEREAS, Parent owns shares of Class A Common Stock and the issued and outstanding Company Common Stock; and

the IPO.

shares of Class B common stock of the Company, par value \$0.01 ('Class B Common Stock''), and A4 owns shares of Class B Common Stock, which, in the aggregate, represent

% of the voting power of

WHEREAS, the Company, Parent and A4 desire to set forth certain agreements that will govern the relationship between them following the Completion of

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual covenants and agreements contained herein and for other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, and intending to be legally bound, the Parties hereby agree as follows:

ARTICLE I

DEFINITIONS

Section 1.1 Certain Definitions. For purposes of this Agreement, the following terms shall have the meanings specified in this Section 1.1:

"Action" means any demand, action, claim, dispute, suit, countersuit, arbitration, inquiry, proceeding or investigation by or before any Governmental Entity or any arbitration or mediation tribunal.

"Affiliate" means, as to any Person, any other Person which, directly or indirectly, controls, or is controlled by, or is under common control with, such Person; provided, however, that none of the Company and its Subsidiaries shall be considered an Affiliate of a member of the PDR Group for purposes of this Agreement.

"A4 Group" means A4 and each Person that is an Affiliate of A4.

"beneficially own" means, with respect to Company Common Stock, having "beneficial ownership" of such stock for purposes of Rule 13d-3 or 13d-5 promulgated under the Exchange Act, without giving effect to the limiting phrase "within sixty days" set forth in Rule 13d-3(1)(i). The terms "beneficial owner" and "beneficial ownership" shall have correlative meanings.

"Bylaws" means the Amended and Restated Bylaws of the Company, as amended from time to time in accordance with the terms thereof and this Agreement.

"Change of Control" means (a) the sale, lease, conveyance, disposition, in one or a series of related transactions (other than a merger or consolidation), of all or substantially all of the assets of the Company and its Subsidiaries, taken as a whole, to any Person or group of Persons (other than a member or members of the PDR Group) or (b) a merger, reorganization, recapitalization, combination or consolidation of, or any other transaction (including the purchase of the Company Securities) involving, the Company with any other Person after which a member or members of the PDR Group cease to beneficially own fifty percent (50%) or more of the voting power of the Company or the surviving entity in such transaction, as the case may be.

"Charter" means the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Company, as amended from time to time in accordance with the terms thereof and this Agreement.

"Company Board" means the board of directors of the Company.

"Company Common Stock" means, collectively, (i) the Class A Common Stock, (ii) the Class B Common Stock, (iii) the Class C common stock of the Company, par value \$0.01, and (iv) any equity interest into which such shares of common stock set forth in clauses (i), (ii) or (iii) shall have been changed, or any equity interest resulting from any reclassification, recapitalization, reorganization, merger, consolidation, conversion, stock or other equity split or dividend or similar transactions with respect to such shares of common stock.

"Company Securities" means (i) the Company Common Stock, (ii) any preferred stock of the Company, (iii) any other common stock issued by the Company and (iv) any securities convertible into or exchangeable for, or options, warrants or other rights to acquire, Company Common Stock or any other common or preferred stock issued by the Company.

"Completion of the IPO" means the consummation of the IPO upon the settlement of the first sale of Common Stock pursuant to the Registration Statement on Form S-1 (File No. 333-217240) relating to the IPO.

"control" (including the terms "controlled by" and "under common control with"), with respect to the relationship between or among two or more Persons, means the possession, directly or indirectly or as trustee, personal representative or executor, of the power to direct or cause the direction of the affairs or management of a Person,

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whether through the ownership of voting securities, as trustee, personal representative or executor, by contract or otherwise.

"Exchange Act" means the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, together with the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.

"Expiration Date" means the first date on which the PDR Group, in the aggregate, ceases to beneficially own at least twenty percent (20%) of the voting power of the outstanding Company Common Stock.

"Governmental Entity" means any United States federal, state or local, or foreign, international or supranational, government, court or tribunal, or administrative, executive, governmental or regulatory or self-regulatory body, agency or authority thereof.

"Independent Director" means a director who is independent under the New York Stock Exchange listing rules.

"Law" means any federal, state or local law (statutory, common or otherwise), constitution, treaty, convention, ordinance, code, rule, regulation, order, injunction, judgment, decree, ruling or other similar requirement enacted, adopted, promulgated or applied by a Governmental Entity.

"Organization Documents" means the Charter and the Bylaws.

"Parent Group" means Parent and each Person that is an Affiliate of Parent.

"Parent Group Advisory Council" means the group advisory council of Parent.

"PDR Group" means (i) Parent, (ii) each member of the Parent Group, (iii) A4, (iv) each member of the A4 Group, (v) Patrick Drahi, his heirs or entities or trusts directly or indirectly under his or their control or formed for his or their benefit, and (vi) any Affiliate of Patrick Drahi, his heirs or entities or trusts directly or indirectly under his or their control or formed for his or their benefit.

"Person" means an individual, corporation, partnership, joint venture, association, trust, unincorporated organization, limited liability company, Governmental Entity or other entity.

"Stepdown Date" means the first date on which the PDR Group, in the aggregate, ceases to beneficially own at least fifty per cent (50%) of the voting power of the outstanding Company Common Stock.

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"Subsidiary" of any specified Person means any other Person of which such first Person owns (either directly or through one or more other Subsidiaries) voting securities or other voting ownership interests sufficient, together with any contractual rights, to elect at least a majority of the board of directors or other governing body of such Person(or, if there are no such voting interests, 50% or more of the equity interests of which is owned directly or indirectly by such first Person).

Section 1.2 Other Terms. For purposes of this Agreement, the following terms have the meanings set forth in the sections indicated.

Term	Section
Agreement	Preamble
A4	Preamble
A4-Parent Designee	Section 2.2(a)
A4-Parent Director	Section 2.1(b)
CEO	Section 3.1(i)
CFO	Section 3.1(i)
Class A Common Stock	Recitals
Class B Common Stock	Recitals
Company	Preamble
COO	Section 3.1(i)
IPO	Recitals
Observer	Section 2.3(a)
Parent	Preamble
Parent Designee	Section 2.2(a)
Parent Director	Section 2.1(a)
Party	Preamble
Related Party Transactions Policy	Section 4.2
Significant Action	Section 3.1
Significant Action Notice	Section 3.2

ARTICLE II

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE MATTERS

Section 2.1 <u>Board Composition</u>.

(a) As of the Completion of the IPO, the Company Board shall initially consist of seven (7) members comprised of (i) four (4) directors designated by Parent (collectively, with their successors, the "Parent Directors"), (ii) two (2) directors that are Independent Directors designated by the Company and reasonably acceptable to Parent, and (iii) one (1) vacancy that will be filled by an Independent Director designated by the Company and reasonably acceptable to Parent. From and after the date of the Completion of the IPO, the Company shall cause the Company Board to consist of a majority of Parent Directors.

(b) Parent and A4 agree that one Parent Director shall, at all times, be designated by A4 (such Parent Director, the 'A4-Parent Director').

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Section 2.2 <u>Director Nomination Rights.</u>

- Until the Stepdown Date, in connection with any annual or special meeting of the stockholders of the Company at which directors shall be elected, Parent shall have the right to designate a majority of the members for nomination by the Company Board for election to the Company Board (the "Parent Designees"). From the Stepdown Date until the Expiration Date, Parent shall have the right to designate a number of Parent Designees equal to the total number of directors comprising the entire Company Board multiplied by the percentage of the voting power of the outstanding Company Common Stock beneficially owned, in the aggregate, by the PDR Group, rounding up in the case of any resulting fractional number of Parent Designees; provided that, at all times that Parent is entitled to designate at least one Parent Designee, at least one Parent Designee shall be designated by A4 (such Parent Designee the "A4-Parent Designee"). Until the Expiration Date, Parent and A4, as applicable, shall have full authority and ability to nominate, elect and remove the Parent Designees; provided, however, that in no event shall Parent cause the A4-Parent Designee to be removed without the prior written consent of A4. Neither Parent nor A4, as applicable, shall designate any person to be a Parent Designee who it believes does not meet the requirements for director nominees as set forth in the applicable policies of the Company relating to director qualification from time to time. For the avoidance of doubt, current or former employment of any Parent Designee by Parent or any of its Subsidiaries or Affiliates or service by any such Parent Designee on the board of directors (or equivalent body) of Parent or any of its Subsidiaries or Affiliates shall not automatically disqualify such individual from serving on the Company Board as a Parent Designee.
- (b) The Company shall cause each Parent Designee to be included in the slate of nominees recommended by the Company Board to holders of Company Common Stock for election (including at any special meeting of stockholders held for the election of directors) and shall use its best efforts to cause the election of each such Parent Designee.
- (c) Until the Expiration Date, in the event that any Parent Director (including the A4-Parent Director) shall cease to serve as a director for any reason (whether as a result of resignation (other than a resignation in accordance with Section 2.2(d)), removal or incapacity), then (i) in the case of a Parent Director (other than the A4-Parent Director), Parent will designate a substitute Parent Designee to fill such vacancy and (ii) in the case of the A4-Parent Director, A4 will designate a substitute A4-Parent Designee to fill such vacancy.

(d) From the Stepdown Date until the Expiration Date, Parent shall cause such number of Parent Directors then serving on the Company Board to resign from the Company Board (such resigning Parent Director to be replaced by nominees chosen by the Independent Directors) as is necessary so that the remaining number of Parent Directors then serving on the Board is equal to the number of Parent Designees that Parent is then entitled to designate for nomination pursuant to Section 2.2(a); provided, however, that in no event shall Parent cause the A4-Parent Director to resign without the prior written consent of A4. Any resignation of a Parent Designee required to give effect to this Section 2.2(d) will comply with the applicable rules of the New York Stock Exchange; provided that, for the avoidance of doubt, any such resignation need not be effective until the next annual meeting of the stockholders of the Company.

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Section 2.3 <u>Board Observer Rights.</u>

- (a) Until the Expiration Date, the Company shall permit one (1) representative of the Parent Group Advisory Council (the 'Observer''), (i) to attend all (whether in person, telephonic or otherwise) of the meetings of the Company Board in a non-voting, observer capacity and (ii) to attend all meetings (whether in person, telephonic or otherwise) of any committee of the Company Board in a non-voting, observer capacity. In addition, the Company shall provide to the Observer, concurrently with the members of the Company Board or the committees thereof, as applicable, and in the same manner, notice of such meeting and a copy of all materials provided to such members, including all materials provided to such members in connection with any action to be taken by the Company Board or the committees thereof, as applicable, without a meeting.
- (b) The Company shall use commercially reasonable efforts to have the Observer covered by the Company's existing director and officer indemnity insurance on the same terms and conditions as such director and officer indemnity insurance provides for the coverage of any other persons covered thereby.
- (c) The Company shall indemnify the Observer to the same extent as a director under Article VII of the Charter, and the provisions thereof shall to the fullest extent possible apply *mutatis mutandis* to the Observer.
- (d) The Company shall reimburse the Observer for all reasonable and documented out-of-pocket expenses incurred in connection with the Observer's attendance at meetings of the Company Board and any committees thereof, including travel, lodging and meal expenses. All reimbursements payable by the Company pursuant to this Section 2.3 shall be paid to the Observer in accordance with the Company's policies and practices with respect to director expense reimbursement then in effect.

Section 2.4 Parent Agreement to Vote.

- (a) Until the Expiration Date, Parent shall, and shall cause each of its Affiliates to, (i) cause its shares of Company Common Stock to be present for quorum purposes at any meeting of the stockholders of the Company, (ii) vote in favor of the A4-Parent Designee and (iii) not vote in favor of the removal of the A4-Parent Director unless A4 shall have consented to such removal in writing; provided that if A4 shall request in writing the removal, with or without cause, of the A4-Parent Director, Parent shall, and shall cause each of its Affiliates to, vote all of its shares of Company Common Stock that are entitled to vote in favor of such removal as promptly as practicable and take promptly all other actions to effect the foregoing.
- (b) If requested in writing by A4 to remove the A4-Parent Director, Parent shall either (i) promptly cause the Company to call a special meeting of the stockholders of the Company and Parent shall, and shall cause each of its Affiliates to, vote its shares of Company Common Stock in favor of (A) the removal of the A4-Parent Director and (B) the election of A4-Parent Designee identified in such notice or (ii) promptly deliver a written consent to the Company removing the A4-Parent Director and electing the A4-Parent Designee identified in such notice.
- and any designee of A4, and each of them individually, its proxies and attorneys-in-fact, with full power of substitution and resubstitution, to vote the shares of Company Common Stock beneficially owned by Parent at any meeting of stockholders of the Company (or acting by written consent in lieu of a meeting), in accordance with the agreements contained in this Section 2.4. This proxy and power of attorney is given to secure the performance by Parent of the agreements contained in this Section 2.4. Parent shall take such further action or execute such other instruments as may be necessary to effectuate the intent of this proxy. This proxy and power of attorney granted by Parent shall be irrevocable during the term of this Agreement, shall be deemed to be coupled with an interest sufficient in law to support an irrevocable proxy and shall revoke any and all prior proxies granted by Parent with respect to the shares of Company Common Stock beneficially owned by Parent. The power of attorney granted by Parent herein is a durable power of attorney and shall survive the dissolution or bankruptcy of Parent. The proxy and power of attorney granted hereunder shall terminate upon the termination of this Agreement.

ARTICLE III

APPROVAL AND CONSENT RIGHTS

- Section 3.1 <u>Approval and Consent Rights.</u> Until the Expiration Date, notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein or in the Organization Documents or in the governing documents of any of the Subsidiaries of the Company, without the prior written approval of Parent, the Company shall not (either directly or indirectly through an Affiliate or otherwise or through one or a series of related transactions) take, or permit a Subsidiary of the Company to take, any of the following actions (each, a "Significant Action"):
 - (a) effect or consummate a Change of Control or publicly endorse a Change of Control (including by recommending any tender or exchange offer that would result in

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- a Change of Control) or enter into any agreement or arrangement to effect or consummate a Change of Control;
- (b) make any material change in the scope of the Company's or its Subsidiaries' business from the scope of the Company's or its Subsidiaries' business immediately prior to the Completion of the IPO;
- (c) acquire, dispose of or spin off any securities, assets or liabilities other than acquisitions or dispositions of assets or liabilities in the ordinary course of business consistent with past practice;
 - (d) enter into any joint venture, recapitalization, reorganization or other strategic alliance with any other Person;
- (e) issue any Company Securities, except issuances pursuant to a compensation or similar plan approved by the Company Board or a duly authorized committee thereof;
 - (f) incur, guarantee, assume, or refinance any indebtedness for borrowed money having a principal amount greater than \$10 million (including debt

obligations of any other Person existing at the time such other Person merged with or into or became a Subsidiary of, or substantially all of its business and assets were acquired by, the Company or a Subsidiary of the Company, and debt obligations secured by a lien encumbering any asset acquired by the Company or any such Subsidiary and including debt securities) or pledge or grant a security interest in any of the Company's or its Subsidiaries' assets having a value of more than \$10 million (other than debt obligations incurred in the ordinary course of business by the Company and its Subsidiaries), or enter into any derivative transactions involving a notional amount greater than \$10 million;

- (g) redeem, repurchase or otherwise acquire Company Common Stock or any warrants, options, rights or securities convertible into, exchangeable for or exercisable for, Company Common Stock, or redeem, repurchase or otherwise acquire or make any payment with respect to any share appreciation rights or phantom share plans (other than repurchases of Company Common Stock from employees upon termination of employment pursuant to terms of duly approved equity grants or pursuant to a cashless exercise of equity grants) or any re-pricing of duly approved equity awards;
- (h) amend (or approve or recommend amendment of) the Company's or any of the Company's Subsidiaries' certificates of incorporation or bylaws (or other similar organizational documents);
- (i) elect, hire, replace or dismiss, or establish or modify the remuneration of, the Chief Executive Officer of the Company (or the equivalent successor position) (such person, the "CEO"), Chief Financial Officer of the Company (or the equivalent successor position) (such person, the "CFO"), or Chief Operating Officer of the Company (or the equivalent successor position) (such person, the "COO"), in each case, as elected or appointed by the Company Board;

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- (j) elect, hire, replace or dismiss, or establish or modify the remuneration of, any officer of the Company that directly reports to the CEO, CFO or COO;
- (k) establish or modify the remuneration of directors on the Company Board;
- (l) decrease or increase the number of directors serving on the Company Board;
- (m) approve (or adopt) any operating and capital budgets of the Company for each fiscal year commencing with the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018, or any material amendments thereto or deviations therefrom;
- (n) pay, declare or set aside any sums or other property for the payment of dividends on any Company Common Stock or make any other distributions in respect of any Company Common Stock or any warrants, options, rights or securities convertible into, exchangeable for or exercisable for, Company Common Stock:
- (o) other than as required by applicable Law, form, or delegate authority to, any new committee, or subcommittee thereof, of the Company Board, or delegate authority to any existing committee or subcommittee thereof not set forth in the committee's charter or authorized by the Company Board prior to the Completion of the IPO;
- (p) commence any liquidation, dissolution or voluntary bankruptcy, administration, recapitalization or reorganization in any form of transaction, make arrangements with creditors, or consent to the entry of an order for relief in any involuntary case, or take the conversion of an involuntary case to a voluntary case, or consent to the appointment of or take possession by a receiver, trustee or other custodian for all or substantially all of its or its Subsidiaries' property, or otherwise seek the protection of any applicable bankruptcy or insolvency law;
 - (q) amend, modify or supplement (or approve or recommend amendment, modification or supplement of) the Related Party Transactions Policy; and
 - (r) enter into any agreement or arrangement to do any of the foregoing.

Section 3.2 <u>Significant Action Notification.</u> In the event the Company wishes to take, or to cause a Subsidiary of the Company to take, a Significant Action, then the Company shall submit a written request (a "Significant Action Notice") to Parent to approve such Significant Action at least 15 days (or such shorter period as approved in writing (including by email) by the President and Vice President of the board of directors of Parent) prior to the date on which the Company wishes for such Significant Action to be effected. A Significant Action Notice shall set forth in reasonable detail the material terms of the Significant Action to be undertaken and include any other information reasonably necessary in order to enable Parent to make an informed decision with respect to such Significant Action.

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ARTICLE IV

MISCELLANEOUS

Section 4.1 <u>Corporate Power; Fiduciary Duty.</u>

- (a) The Company represents on behalf of itself, Parent represents on behalf of itself and the A4 represents on behalf of itself, as follows:
- (i) each such Person has the requisite corporate or other power and authority and has taken all corporate or other action necessary in order to execute, deliver and perform this Agreement and to consummate the transactions contemplated hereby; and
- (ii) this Agreement has been duly executed and delivered by it and constitutes a valid and binding agreement of it enforceable in accordance with the terms thereof.
- (b) Notwithstanding any provision of this Agreement, none of the Company, Parent or A4 shall be required to take or omit to take any act that would violate its fiduciary duties to any minority stockholders of the Company or any non-wholly-owned Subsidiary of Parent, A4 or the Company, as the case may be (it being understood that directors' qualifying shares or similar interests will be disregarded for purposes of determining whether a Subsidiary is wholly owned).
- Section 4.2 <u>Related Party Transactions.</u> All Related Party Transactions (as defined in the Related Party Transactions Policy) shall be governed by the policy set forth on <u>Schedule 4.2</u> (the "<u>Related Party Transactions Policy</u>"). Any amendments to or modifications or terminations of or material waivers, consents or elections under any Related Party Transactions, shall require the consent of the Audit Committee of the Company Board, subject to and consistent with the Related Party Transactions Policy.
- Section 4.3 <u>Expenses.</u> Except as otherwise specified in this Agreement, all costs and expenses, including fees and disbursements of counsel, financial advisors and accountants, incurred in connection with this Agreement and the transactions contemplated by this Agreement shall be borne by the Party incurring such costs and expenses.

Section 4.4 Governing Law. This Agreement shall be governed by, and construed in accordance with, the laws of the State of Delaware, without giving effect to any applicable principles of conflict of laws that would cause the Laws of another State to otherwise govern this Agreement. The Parties agree that any Action seeking to enforce any provision of, or based on any matter arising out of or in connection with, this Agreement or the transactions contemplated hereby (whether brought by any party or any of its Affiliates) shall be heard and determined exclusively in the Delaware Court of Chancery; provided, however, that if the Delaware Court of Chancery does not have jurisdiction over such Action, such Action shall be heard and determined exclusively in the Superior Court of the State of Delaware (Complex Commercial Division); provided, further, that if subject matter jurisdiction over the matter that is the subject of the Action is vested exclusively in the courts of

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the United States of America, such Action shall be heard in the United States District Court for the District of Delaware. Consistent with the preceding sentence, each of the Parties hereby (i) submits to the exclusive jurisdiction of such courts for the purpose of any Action arising out of or relating to this Agreement brought by any Party; (ii) agrees that service of process will be validly effected by sending notice in accordance with Section 4.6; (iii) irrevocably waives, and agrees not to assert by way of motion, defense, or otherwise, in any such Action, any claim that it is not subject personally to the jurisdiction of the above-named courts, that its property is exempt or immune from attachment or execution, that the Action is brought in an inconvenient forum, that the venue of the Action is improper, or that this Agreement or the transactions contemplated by this Agreement may not be enforced in or by any of the above named courts; and (iv) agrees not to move to transfer any such Action to a court other than any of the above-named courts.

Section 4.5 <u>Waiver of Jury Trial.</u> EACH OF THE PARTIES HEREBY IRREVOCABLY AND UNCONDITIONALLY WAIVES TO THE FULLEST EXTENT PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW ANY RIGHT IT MAY HAVE TO A TRIAL BY JURY WITH RESPECT TO ANY LITIGATION AMONG THE PARTIES DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY ARISING OUT OF, UNDER OR IN CONNECTION WITH THIS AGREEMENT. EACH OF THE PARTIES (A) CERTIFIES THAT NO REPRESENTATIVE, AGENT OR ATTORNEY OF ANY OTHER PARTY HAS REPRESENTED, EXPRESSLY OR OTHERWISE, THAT SUCH OTHER PARTY WOULD NOT, IN THE EVENT OF LITIGATION, SEEK TO ENFORCE THAT FOREGOING WAIVER AND (B) ACKNOWLEDGES THAT IT AND THE OTHER PARTY HAVE BEEN INDUCED TO ENTER INTO THIS AGREEMENT BY, AMONG OTHER THINGS, THE MUTUAL WAIVERS AND CERTIFICATIONS IN THIS SECTION.

Section 4.6 Notices. All notices, requests, claims, demands and other communications hereunder shall be in writing and shall be given (and, in the case of delivery in person or by overnight mail, shall be deemed to have been duly given upon receipt) by delivery in person or overnight mail to the respective parties or delivery by electronic mail transmission (providing confirmation of transmission) to the respective Parties. Any notice sent by electronic mail transmission shall be deemed to have been given and received at the time of confirmation of transmission. Any notice sent by electronic mail transmission shall be followed reasonably promptly with a copy delivered by overnight mail. All notices, requests, claims, demands and other communications hereunder shall be addressed as follows, or to such other address or email address for a Party as shall be specified in a notice given in accordance with this Section 4.6:

If to Parent, to:

Altice N.V. Prins Bernhardplein 200 1097 JB Amsterdam The Netherlands

Attention: Alexandre Marque

Email: alexandre.marque@altice.net

If to A4, to:

A4 S.A. 3, boulevard Royal L-2449 Luxembourg Grand Duchy of Luxembourg

Attention: Jérémie Bonnin

Email: Jeremie.Bonnin@altice.net

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If to the Company, to:

Altice USA, Inc.
1111 Stewart Avenue
Bethpage, NY 11714
Attention: David Connolly
Email: david.connolly@alticeusa.com

invalid, and the rights and obligations of the Parties shall be construed and enforced accordingly.

Section 4.7 Severability. If any provision of this Agreement shall be held to be illegal, invalid or unenforceable under any applicable Law, then such contravention or invalidity shall not invalidate the entire Agreement. Such provision shall be deemed to be modified to the extent necessary to render it legal, valid and enforceable, and if no such modification shall render it legal, valid and enforceable, then this Agreement shall be construed as if not containing the provision held to be

Section 4.8 Entire Agreement. This Agreement constitutes the entire agreement, and supersedes all other prior agreements and understandings (both written and oral), among the Parties with respect to the subject matter hereof and thereof.

Section 4.9 <u>Term and Termination</u>. The covenants, obligations and other agreements contained in this Agreement shall continue until such time as they are fully performed or satisfied in accordance with their terms, or are no longer required to be performed or satisfied, as agreed in writing by the Parties; <u>provided</u> that no covenant, obligation or other agreement shall be considered to be performed or satisfied to the extent of any breach of such covenant, obligation or other agreement.

Section 4.10 <u>Assignment; No Third-Party Beneficiaries.</u> This Agreement may not be assigned by operation of law or otherwise without the express written consent of the Parties, except that Parent or A4 may assign their respective rights and obligations to any member of the PDR Group. This Agreement is for the sole benefit of the Parties to this Agreement and their permitted successors and assigns and nothing in this Agreement, express or implied, is intended to or shall confer upon any other Person or entity any legal or equitable right, benefit or remedy of any nature whatsoever under or by reason of this Agreement. Any purported assignment in breach of this <u>Section 4.10</u> shall be null and void.

Section 4.11 <u>Amendment; Waiver</u> . No provision of this Agreem Parties to such agreement. Each of Parent, A4 and the Company may, in its sole discretely any Party of any provision hereof shall be effective unless explicitly set forth in write provision of this Agreement shall not operate or be construed as a waiver of any other s	tion, waive ing and exe	cuted by the Party so waiving. The waiver by any Party of a breach of any
Section 4.12 <u>Specific Performance</u> . The Parties acknowledge are his Agreement were not performed in accordance with their specific terms or were other.		at irreparable damage would occur in the event that any of the provisions of ched. Each Party
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agrees that, in the event of any breach or threatened breach by any other Party of any oborder of specific performance to enforce the observance and performance of such obligativither agrees that the non-breaching Party shall not be required to obtain, furnish or postemedy referred to in this <u>Section 4.12</u> , and each Party irrevocably waives any right it in instrument.	ation and (bost any bond	an injunction restraining such breach or threatened breach. Each Party or similar instrument in connection with or as a condition to obtaining any
Section 4.13 Interpretations. When a reference is made in this A section or Schedule to this Agreement unless otherwise indicated. The words "include words "without limitation." Any references in this Agreement to "the date hereof" referentianted in this Agreement are for reference purposes only and shall not affect in any other of," "herein," and "hereunder" refer to this Agreement as a whole and not to any prother attachments to this Agreement. The word "or" shall be deemed to mean "and/or." other means of reproducing words (including electronic media) in a visible form. All tentertificate or other document made or delivered pursuant hereto unless otherwise define well as the plural forms of such terms and to the masculine as well as to the feminine are means any such Law as amended, modified, codified or reenacted, in whole or in part, it contract (including this Agreement), document, or instrument, such reference is to such terms thereof and, if applicable, the terms hereof. References to a Person are also to its	" and "inch rs to the da way the me particular pr ' The word rms defined therein. and neuter gr including ru contract, d	te of execution of this Agreement. The table of contents and headings aning or interpretation of this Agreement. References to "this Agreement," ovision of this Agreement and include any schedules, annexes, exhibits or s "writing," "written" and comparable terms refer to printing, typing and I in this Agreement shall have the defined meanings when used in any The definitions contained in this Agreement are applicable to the singular as enders of such term. When a reference is made to Law, such reference also and regulations promulgated thereunder. When reference is made to a ocument or instrument as amended or modified in accordance with the
Section 4.14 <u>Mutual Drafting</u> . The Parties have participated join and other advisors and, in the event an ambiguity or question of intent or interpretation presumption or burden of proof shall arise favoring or disfavoring any party by virtue or	arises, this	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Parties in separate counterparts, and delivered by means of electronic mail transmission original and all of which when taken together shall constitute one and the same agreement	or otherwi	reement may be executed in any number of counterparts and by different se, each of which when so executed and delivered shall be deemed to be an
12	2	
[The remainder of this page has been intentional.		; the next page is the signature page.]
IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Parties have caused this Agreement to officers.	o be execut	ed on the date first written above by their respective duly authorized
	ALTICE	USA, INC.
	Ву:	Name Title:
	ALTICE	N.V.
	Ву:	Name: Title:
	A4 S.A.	
	Ву:	Name: Title:
[Signature Page to Sto	ockholders .	

ALTICE USA 2017 LONG TERM INCENTIVE PLAN

1. Purposes of the Plan

The purposes of the Altice USA 2017 Long Term Incentive Plan (the '*Plan*') are to promote the long-term success of Altice USA, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "*Company*"), and its Affiliates, Altice USA's integration within the Altice Group and to increase shareholder value by providing Eligible Individuals with incentives to contribute to the long-term growth and profitability of the Company and the Altice Group, and to assist the Company in attracting and retaining the best available personnel for positions of substantial responsibility.

The Plan was approved by the Board on June 7, 2017. The Plan shall become effective on the Effective Date.

2. Definitions and Rules of Construction

- (a) <u>Definitions</u>. For purposes of the Plan, the following capitalized words shall have the meanings set forth below:
- "Affiliate" means any Subsidiary and any person that directly or indirectly, through one or more intermediaries, controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with, the Company.
- "Award" means an Option, Restricted Share, Restricted Share Unit, Stock Appreciation Right, Performance Stock, Performance Stock Unit, or Other Award granted by the Committee pursuant to the Plan.
- "Award Document" means an agreement, certificate or other type or form of document or documentation approved by the Committee that sets forth the terms and conditions of an Award. An Award Document may be in written, electronic or other media and, unless the Committee requires otherwise, need not be signed by a representative of the Company or a Participant.
 - "Beneficial Owner" and "Beneficially Owned" have the meaning set forth in Rule 13d-3 under the Exchange Act.
 - "Board" means the Board of Directors of the Company, as constituted from time to time.
 - "Cause" means:
 - (i) If the Participant is a party to an employment agreement with the Company or an Affiliate and such agreement provides for a definition of Cause, the definition contained therein;
 - (ii) If no such agreement exists, or if such agreement does not define Cause:
 - (1) the Participant's substantial failure to perform his or her primary duties as an employee or service provider of the Company or its Affiliates;
 - (2) the Participant's performance of any act or failure to perform any act that is materially injurious or to the detriment of the Company or its Affiliates;
 - (3) the Participant's intentional misconduct or a breach of any material policy of the Company or its Affiliates relating to its or their business, customers, vendors or employees;
 - (4) the Participant's commission of, admission to, conviction of, or entering a plea of *nolo contendere* to, any felony or crime involving moral turpitude, or the commission of any other act involving dishonesty, conflict of interest, breach of trust or physical or emotional harm to any person or property; or
 - (5) the Participant's misappropriation of funds or fraud with respect to the Company or its Affiliates or any person with which the Company or its Affiliates does business.

Whether or not an event giving rise to "Cause" occurs will be determined by the Committee in its good faith reasonable judgment.

"Change in Control" means:

- (i) the following individuals cease for any reason to constitute a majority of the number of directors then serving: individuals who, on the Effective Date, constitute the Board and any new director (other than a director whose initial assumption of office is in connection with an actual or threatened election contest, including, but not limited to, a consent solicitation, relating to the election of directors of the Company) whose appointment or election by the Board or nomination for election by the Company's stockholders was approved or recommended by a vote of at least a majority of the directors then still in office who either were directors on the Effective Date or whose appointment, election or nomination for election was previously so approved or recommended; or
 - (ii) a bona fide negotiated transaction to:
 - (1) transfer, sell, or otherwise dispose of all or substantially all of the assets of the Company and its subsidiaries on a consolidated basis provided, however, that with respect to this clause (1), any such transfer, sale or disposition whereby the stockholders the Company immediately prior to such transaction constitute holders of a majority of the voting

- (2) sell shares of the Company to a third party purchaser constituting all or substantially all of all classes of the then issued and outstanding shares the Company, in a single transaction or series of related transactions (including, a tender offer); or
- (3) cause the Company to engage in a merger, consolidation, recapitalization, reorganization, liquidation or dissolution; provided, however, that with respect to this clause (3), any merger, consolidation, recapitalization or reorganization of the Company whereby the stockholders the Company immediately prior to such transaction constitute holders of a majority of the voting power of all classes of shares of the surviving entity immediately after such transaction shall not constitute a Change in Control for purposes of this Plan.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, with respect to an Award that is subject to Section 409A and for which payment or settlement of the Award will accelerate upon a Change in Control, no event set forth herein will constitute a Change in Control for purposes of the Plan or any Award Document unless such event also constitutes a "change in ownership," "change in effective control," or "change in the ownership of a substantial portion of the Company's assets" as defined under Section 409A.

- "Code" means the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended from time to time, including any regulations or authoritative guidance promulgated thereunder and successor provisions thereto.
- "Committee" means the Board or, if delegated by the Board, the Compensation Committee of the Board, any successor committee thereto, or any other committee appointed from time to time by the Board to administer the Plan. For purposes of the Plan, reference to the Committee shall be deemed to refer to any subcommittees, or other persons or groups of persons to whom the Committee delegates authority pursuant to Section 3(e).
- "Disability" means (i) for Participants covered by the long term disability plan of the Company or an Affiliate, disability as defined in such plan; and (ii) for all other Participants, a physical or mental condition of the Participant resulting from bodily injury, disease or mental disorder which renders the Participant incapable of continuing the Participant's usual or customary employment with the Participant's employer for a period of not less than six consecutive months.

The disability of the Participant shall be determined by the Committee in good faith after reasonable medical inquiry. Notwithstanding the previous two sentences, with respect to an Award that is subject to Section 409A where the payment or settlement of the Award will

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accelerate upon termination of employment as a result of the Participant's Disability, no such termination will constitute a Disability for purposes of the Plan or any Award Document unless such event also constitutes a "disability" as defined under Section 409A.

"Effective Date" means the business day immediately prior to the effective date of the first registration statement that is filed by the Company and declared effective pursuant to Section 12 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, with respect to any class of the Company's equity securities.

- "Eligible Individuals" means the individuals described in Section 4(a) who are eligible for Awards under the Plan.
- "Exchange Act" means the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder, as amended from time to time.
 - "Fair Market Value" with respect to a Share, means, unless the Committee in its discretion approves an alternative valuation methodology:
 - (i) the closing price of a Share on the NYSE at the conclusion of regular trading hours on the relevant date of determination, as reported by the NYSE (or, if not so reported, as reported by a successor reporting service selected by the Company, or if not reported by any successor service, as reported on any domestic stock exchanges on which Shares are then listed); or
 - (ii) if Shares are not listed on any domestic stock exchange, the closing price of a Share as reported in the domestic over-the-counter market on such date or the last previous date reported (or, if not so reported, by the system then regarded as the most reliable source of such quotations) or, if there are no reported sales on such date, the mean of the closing bid and asked prices as so reported; or
 - (iii) if Shares are listed on a domestic exchange or quoted in the domestic over-the-counter market, but there are not reported sales or quotations, as the case may be, on the given date, the value determined pursuant to (i) or (ii) above using the reported closing prices or quotations on the last previous date on which so reported; or
 - (iv) if none of the foregoing clauses applies, the fair market value of a Share as determined in good faith by the Board or the Committee.
 - "Incentive Stock Option" means an Option that is intended to comply with the requirements of Section 422 of the Code or any successor provision thereto.

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- "Nonqualified Stock Option" means an Option that is not intended to comply with the requirements of Section 422 of the Code or any successor provision thereto.
 - "NYSE" means the New York Stock Exchange.
 - "Option" means an Incentive Stock Option or Nonqualified Stock Option granted pursuant to Section 8.
- "Other Award" means any form of Award (other than an Option, Performance Stock, Performance Stock Unit, Restricted Share, Restricted Share Unit or Stock Appreciation Right) granted pursuant to Section 12.
 - "Participant" means an Eligible Individual who has been granted an Award under the Plan.
- "Performance Criteria" means a goal or goals established by the Committee and measured over a Performance Period. To the extent that an Award is intended to constitute qualified performance-based compensation under Section 162(m), the Performance Criteria with respect to such Award shall be related to measures of one or more of the criteria listed below. Such criteria may be determined by reference to the performance of the Company, Altice N.V., an Affiliate or a business unit, product or service thereof or any combination of the foregoing. Such criteria may also be measured on a per customer, subscriber, homes passed, basic or diluted share basis or any combination of the foregoing and may reflect absolute performance, incremental performance or comparative performance to other companies (or their products or services) determined on a gross, net, GAAP or non-GAAP basis, with respect to one or more of the following: net or operating income or other measures of profit; measures of revenue; earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA); cash flow, free cash flow, adjusted operating cash flow and similar measures; return on equity, investment, assets or capital; gross or operating margins or savings; performance relative to budget, forecast or market expectations; market share or penetration, subscriber or customer acquisition or retention, ratings or viewership; operating metrics relating to sales,

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With respect to Awards that are not intended to constitute qualified performance-based compensation under Section 162(m), the Committee may establish Performance Targets based on any Performance Criteria it deems appropriate.

- "Performance Period" means the period established by the Committee and set forth in the applicable Award Document over which Performance Targets are measured.
 - "Performance Stock" means a Target Amount of Shares granted pursuant to Section 11(a).
 - "Performance Stock Unit" means a right to receive a Target Amount of Shares granted pursuant to Section 11(a).
- "Performance Target" means the goals selected by the Committee, in its discretion, from among the Performance Criteria, and set forth in the applicable Award Document. Performance Targets shall be based upon one or more Performance Criteria.
- "Person" means any person, entity or "group" within the meaning of Section 13(d)(3) or Section 14(d)(2) of the Exchange Act, except that such term shall not include (i) the Company or any of its Affiliates, (ii) a trustee or other fiduciary holding securities under an employee benefit plan of the Company or any of its Affiliates, (iii) an underwriter temporarily holding securities pursuant to an offering of such securities, (iv) a corporation owned, directly or indirectly, by the stockholders of the Company in substantially the same proportions as their ownership of stock of the Company, or (v) a person or group as used in Rule 13d-1(b) under the Exchange Act.
 - "Plan Limit" means the maximum aggregate number of Shares that may be issued for all purposes under the Plan as set forth in Section 5(a).
 - "Restricted Share" means a Share granted or sold pursuant to Section 9(a).
 - "Restricted Share Unif" means a right to receive one or more Shares (or cash, if applicable) in the future granted pursuant to Section 9(b).
 - "Section 162(m)" means Section 162(m) of the Code.
- "Section 162(m) Determination Date" means the earlier of: (i) the 90th day of the Performance Period; or (ii) the date on which 25% of the Performance Period has elapsed. The Determination Date shall be a date on which the outcomes of the Performance Targets are substantially uncertain.
- "Section 162(m) Transition Period" means the period beginning on the Effective Date and ending on the earliest to occur of (i) the expiration or termination of the Plan in accordance with Section 15 or 16; (ii) the material modification of the Plan within the meaning of Treas. Reg. §1.162-27(h)(1)(iii) or any successor provision; (iii) the issuance of all Shares authorized for issuance under Section 5; or (iv) the first meeting of the Company's stockholders at which directors are to be elected that occurs after the close of

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the third calendar year following the calendar year in which the Company's initial public offering occurs.

- "Section 409A" means Section 409A of the Code.
- "Share" means a Class A share of the common stock of the Company, par value \$0.01 per share, or such other class of shares or other securities as may be applicable under Section 14, and as may be adjusted pursuant to Section 14(b).
 - "Stock Appreciation Right" means a right to receive all or some portion of the appreciation on Shares granted pursuant to Section 10.
- "Stockholders' Agreement" means between the stockholders' agreement, dated as of , between the Company, Altice N.V., and A4 S.A.
- "Subsidiary" means any foreign or domestic corporation, limited liability company, partnership or other entity of which 50% or more of the outstanding voting equity securities or voting power is Beneficially Owned directly or indirectly by the Company. For purposes of determining eligibility for the grant of Incentive Stock Options under the Plan, the term "Subsidiary" shall be defined in the manner required by Section 424(f) of the Code.
- "Substitute Award" means any Award granted upon assumption of, or in substitution or exchange for, outstanding employee or director equity Awards previously granted by a company or other entity acquired by the Company or with which the Company combines in connection with a corporate transaction pursuant to the terms of an equity compensation plan that was approved by the stockholders of such company or other entity.
- "Target Amount' means the target number of Shares, target number of Options or Stock Appreciation rights, or target cash value established by the Committee and set forth in the applicable Award Document.
- (b) <u>Rules of Construction</u>. The masculine pronoun shall be deemed to include the feminine pronoun, and the singular form of a word shall be deemed to include the plural form, unless the context requires otherwise. Unless the text indicates otherwise, references to sections are to sections of the Plan.

3. Administration

- (a) <u>Committee</u>. The Plan shall be administered by the Committee, which, in addition to the other express powers conferred on the Committee by the Plan, shall have full power and authority, subject to applicable Law, the express provisions hereof and, to the extent required by the Stockholder's Agreement, the prior written approval of Altice N.V., to:
 - (i) select the Participants from the Eligible Individuals;
 - (ii) grant Awards in accordance with the Plan;

- (iii) determine the number of Shares subject to each Award or the cash amount payable in connection with an Award;
- (iv) determine the terms and conditions of each Award, including, without limitation, those related to term, permissible methods of exercise, vesting, cancellation, forfeiture, payment, settlement, exercisability, Performance Periods, Performance Targets, and the effect or occurrence, if any, of a Participant's termination of employment, separation from service or leave of absence with the Company or any of its Affiliates or, subject to Section 6(d), a Change in Control of the Company;
 - (v) subject to Sections 16 and 17(g), amend the terms and conditions of an Award after the granting thereof;
- (vi) specify and approve the provisions of the Award Documents delivered to Participants in connection with their Awards (which may vary among Participants);
 - (vii) make factual determinations in connection with the administration or interpretation of the Plan;
 - (viii) adopt, prescribe, establish, amend, waive and rescind administrative regulations, rules and procedures relating to the Plan;
- (ix) employ such legal counsel, independent auditors and consultants as it deems desirable for the administration of the Plan and to rely upon any advice, opinion or computation received therefrom;
- (x) vary the terms of Awards to take into account tax and securities laws (or changes thereto) and other regulatory requirements or to procure favorable tax treatment for Participants;
 - (xi) correct any defects, supply any omission or reconcile any inconsistency in any Award Document or the Plan;
 - (xii) suspend the right to exercise during any blackout period, and extend the period of exercise by an equal period of time; and
- (xiii) make all other determinations and take any other action desirable or necessary to interpret, construe or implement properly the provisions of the Plan or any Award Document.
- (b) Plan Construction and Interpretation. The Committee shall have full power and authority, subject to the express provisions hereof, to construe and interpret the Plan and any Award Document delivered under the Plan.
- (c) <u>Prohibited Actions.</u> Notwithstanding the authority granted to the Committee pursuant to Section 3(a) and 3(b), the Committee shall not have the authority, without obtaining stockholder approval, to (i) reprice or cancel Options and Stock Appreciation Rights in violation of Section 6(h), (ii) amend Section 5 to increase the Plan Limit or any of the other

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limits listed therein; *provided*, *however*, that stockholder approval shall not be required to increase the limits listed in Section 5(c) prior to the end of the Section 162(m) Transition Period; or (iii) grant Options or Stock Appreciation Rights with an exercise price that is less than 100% of the Fair Market Value of a Share on the date of grant in violation of Section 6(i).

- (d) <u>Determinations of Committee Final and Binding.</u> Subject to the Stockholder's Agreement, all determinations by the Committee in carrying out and administering the Plan and in construing and interpreting the Plan shall be made in the Committee's sole discretion and shall be final, binding and conclusive for all purposes and upon all persons interested herein.
- (e) <u>Delegation of Authority</u>. To the extent not prohibited by applicable laws, rules and regulations, the Committee may, from time to time, delegate some or all of its authority under the Plan to a subcommittee or subcommittees thereof or other persons or groups of persons as it deems necessary, appropriate or advisable under such conditions or limitations as it may set at the time of such delegation or thereafter; *provided*, *however*, that the Committee may not delegate its authority, except to a subcommittee thereof:
 - (i) to make Awards to individuals who are subject on the date of the Award to the reporting rules under Section 16(a) of the Exchange Act; or
 - (ii) to make Awards to individuals whose compensation for such fiscal year may be subject to the limit on deductible compensation pursuant to Section 162(m).

Notwithstanding the foregoing, no Person to whom authority has been delegated pursuant to this Section 3(e) shall make any Award to himself or herself or to any other Person to whom authority to make Awards has been so delegated.

- (f) <u>Liability of Committee and its Delegates.</u> Subject to applicable laws, rules and regulations: (i) no member of the Board or Committee (or its delegates pursuant to Section 3(e)) shall be liable for any good faith action, omission or determination made in connection with the operation, administration or interpretation of the Plan and (ii) the members of the Board or the Committee (and its delegates) shall be entitled to indemnification and reimbursement in accordance with applicable law in the manner provided in the Company's by-laws and any indemnification agreements as they may be amended from time to time. In the performance of its responsibilities with respect to the Plan, the Committee shall be entitled to rely upon information and/or advice furnished by the Company's officers or employees, the Company's accountants, the Company's counsel and any other party the Committee deems necessary, and no member of the Committee shall be liable for any action taken or not taken in reliance upon any such information and/or advice.
- (g) Action by the Board. Anything in the Plan to the contrary notwithstanding, subject to applicable laws, rules and regulations, any authority or responsibility that, under the terms of the Plan, may be exercised by the Committee may alternatively be exercised by the Board.
- (h) <u>Stockholders' Agreement</u>. Anything in the Plan to the contrary notwithstanding, any authority or responsibility that, under the terms of the Plan, may be

exercised by the Committee or the Board is subject, to the extent required by the Stockholder's Agreement, to the prior written approval of Altice N.V.

4. Eligibility

- (a) <u>Eligible Individuals.</u> Awards may be granted to officers, employees, and consultants of the Company or any of its Affiliates. The Committee shall have the authority to select the persons to whom Awards may be granted and to determine the type, number and terms of Awards to be granted to each such Participant.
- (b) <u>Grants to Participants</u>. The Committee shall have no obligation to grant any Eligible Individual an Award or to designate an Eligible Individual as a Participant solely by reason of such Eligible Individual having received a prior Award or having been previously designated as a Participant. The Committee may grant more than one Award to a Participant and may designate an Eligible Individual as a Participant for overlapping periods of time.

5. Shares Subject to the Plan

- (a) Plan Limit. Subject to adjustment in accordance with Section 14, the maximum aggregate number of Shares that may be issued for all purposes under the Plan shall be equal to 4% of the number of Shares outstanding immediately after the closing of the Company's initial public offering. Shares issued pursuant to Awards under the Plan may be either authorized and unissued Shares or Shares held by the Company in its treasury, or a combination thereof. All of the Shares subject to the Plan Limit may be issued as Incentive Stock Options.
- Rules Applicable to Determining Shares Available for Issuance. The number of Shares remaining available for issuance shall be reduced by the number of Shares subject to outstanding Awards and, for Awards that are not denominated by Shares, by the number of Shares actually delivered upon settlement or payment of the Award. For purposes of determining the number of Shares that remain available for issuance under the Plan, the number of Shares corresponding to Awards under the Plan that are forfeited or cancelled or otherwise expire for any reason without having been exercised or settled or that are settled through the issuance of consideration other than Shares (including, without limitation, cash) shall be added back to the Plan Limit and again be available for the grant of Awards; provided, however, that this provision shall not be applicable with respect to (i) the cancellation of a Stock Appreciation Right granted in tandem with an Option upon the exercise of the Option or (ii) the cancellation of an Option granted in tandem with a Stock Appreciation Right upon the exercise of the Stock Appreciation Right. In addition, (i) the number of Shares that are tendered by a Participant or withheld by the Company to pay the exercise price of an Award or to satisfy the Participant's tax withholding obligations in connection with the vesting, exercise or settlement of an Award and (ii) shares subject to an Option or Stock Appreciation Right but not issued or delivered as a result of the net settlement of such Option or Stock Appreciation Right shall be added back to the Plan Limit and again be available for the grant of Awards.

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- (c) <u>Individual Limits.</u> Subject to adjustment under Section 14, the following special limit shall apply to Shares available for Awards under the Plan to Eligible Individuals: no Participant may be granted under the Plan in any fiscal year Awards covering more than a number of Shares equal to 50% of the Plan Limit.
- (d) <u>Substitute Awards</u>. To the extent not prohibited by applicable laws, rules and regulations, any Shares underlying Substitute Awards shall not be counted against the number of Shares remaining for issuance and shall not be subject to Section 5(c).

6. Awards in General

- (a) Types of Awards. Awards under the Plan may consist of Options, Restricted Shares, Restricted Share Units, Stock Appreciation Rights, Performance Stock, Performance Stock Units, and Other Awards. Any Award described in Sections 8 through 12 may be granted singly or in combination or tandem with any other Award, as the Committee may determine. Subject to Section 6(g), Awards under the Plan may be made in combination with, in replacement of, or as alternatives to Awards or rights under any other compensation or benefit plan of the Company, including the plan of any acquired entity.
- (b) <u>Vesting and Exercise</u>. The Committee shall set the vesting criteria applicable to an Award, which, depending on the extent to which the criteria are met, will determine the extent to which the Award becomes exercisable or the number of Shares or the amount of cash that will be distributed or paid out to the Participant with respect to the Award. The Committee may set vesting criteria based upon the achievement of Company-wide, Altice N.V., business unit, or individual goals (including, but not limited to, continued employment or provision of services), or any other basis determined by the Committee in its discretion.
- (c) Terms Set Forth in Award Document. The terms and conditions of each Award shall be set forth in an Award Document in a form approved by the Committee for such Award, which Award Document shall contain terms and conditions not inconsistent with the Plan. Notwithstanding the foregoing, and subject to applicable laws, rules and regulations, the Committee may at any time following grant (i) accelerate the vesting, exercisability, lapse of restrictions, settlement or payment of any Award, (ii) eliminate the restrictions and conditions applicable to an Award or (iii) extend the post-termination exercise period of an outstanding

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Award (subject to the limitations of Section 409A). The terms of Awards may vary among Participants, and the Plan does not impose upon the Committee any requirement to make Awards subject to uniform terms. Accordingly, the terms of individual Award Documents may vary.

- (d) <u>Termination of Employment.</u> The Committee shall specify at or after the time of grant of an Award the provisions governing the disposition of an Award in the event of a Participant's termination of employment (including by reason of retirement) with the Company or any of its Affiliates or the Participant's death or Disability. Subject to applicable laws, rules and regulations, in connection with a Participant's termination of employment, the Committee shall have the discretion to accelerate the vesting, exercisability or settlement of, eliminate the restrictions or conditions applicable to, or extend the post-termination exercise period of an outstanding Award (subject to the limitations of Section 409A). Such provisions may be specified in the applicable Award Document or determined at a subsequent time.
- (e) <u>Dividends and Dividends Equivalents</u> The Committee may provide Participants with the right to receive dividends or payments equivalent to dividends or interest with respect to an outstanding Award, which payments can either be paid currently or deemed to have been reinvested in Shares, and can be made in Shares, cash or a combination thereof, as the Committee shall determine; *provided*, *however*, that (i) no payments of dividends or dividend equivalents may be made unless and until the related Award is earned and vested and (ii) the terms of any reinvestment of dividends must comply with all applicable laws, rules and regulations, including, without limitation, Section 409A. Notwithstanding the foregoing, no dividends or dividend equivalents shall be paid with respect to Options or Stock Appreciation Rights.
- (f) <u>Rights of a Stockholder</u>. A Participant shall have no rights as a stockholder with respect to Shares covered by an Award until the date the Participant or his nominee becomes the holder of record of such Shares. No adjustment shall be made for dividends or other rights for which the record date is prior to such date, except as provided in Section 14.

(g) Performance-Based Awards.

(i) The Committee may determine whether any Award under the Plan is intended to meet the requirements for "qualified performance-based compensation" as that term is used in Section 162(m). The following provisions shall apply to any Awards intended to satisfy such requirements:

- (1) Any such Awards designated to be "qualified performance-based compensation" shall be conditioned on the achievement of one or more Performance Targets to the extent required by Section 162(m) and will be subject to all other conditions and requirements of Section 162(m).
- (2) To the extent applicable, the Performance Targets shall be determined in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (subject to adjustments and modifications for specified types of events or circumstances

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approved by a committee composed solely of directors who qualify as "outside directors" within the meaning of Section 162(m) (a 162(m) Committee") in advance) consistently applied on a business unit, divisional, subsidiary or consolidated basis or any combination thereof.

- (3) The Performance Targets may be described in terms of objectives that are related to the individual Participant or objectives that are Company-wide or related to Altice N.V., a Subsidiary, business unit, or region and may be measured on an absolute or cumulative basis or on the basis of percentage of improvement over time, and may be measured in terms of Company performance (or performance of Altice N.V., the applicable Subsidiary, business unit, or region) or measured relative to selected peer companies or a market index. At the time of grant, a 162(m) Committee may provide for adjustments to the Performance Criteria in accordance with Section 162(m).
- (4) The Participants will be designated, and the applicable Performance Targets will be established, by the Committee no later than the Section 162(m) Determination Date. Any payment of an Award granted with Performance Targets shall be conditioned on the written certification of a 162(m) Committee in each case that the Performance Targets and any other material conditions were satisfied. A 162(m) Committee may determine, at the time of grant, that if performance exceeds the specified Performance Targets, the Award may be settled with payment greater than the Target Amount, but in no event may such payment exceed the maximum payment amount for such Award established by a 162(m) Committee at the time Performance Targets are established or the limits set forth in Section 5(c). A 162(m) Committee may reduce any Award notwithstanding the attainment of the Performance Targets.
- (ii) The Committee may also grant performance-based Awards not intended to qualify as "qualified performance-based compensation" under Section 162(m). With respect to such Awards, the Committee may establish Performance Targets and goals based on any Performance Criteria it deems appropriate and shall not be required to follow the procedures or schedule specified in Section 6(g)(i).
- (h) No Repricing of Options and Stock Appreciation Rights. Except for adjustments pursuant to Section 14, the per Share exercise price of any Option or Stock Appreciation Right may not be decreased after the grant of the Award, and an Option or Stock Appreciation Right whose per share exercise price is greater than the Fair Market Value of a Share on the relevant date of determination may not be surrendered as consideration in exchange for cash (for the sake of clarity, including cash buyouts), the grant of a new Option or Stock Appreciation Right with a lower exercise price per Share or the grant of a stock award, without stockholder approval.
- (i) No Discount Options or Stock Appreciation Rights. In no event shall the exercise price per Share of an Option or the grant price per Share of a Stock Appreciation Right be less than 100% of the Fair Market Value of a Share on the date of grant; provided, however that the exercise price of a Substitute Award granted as an Option shall be determined in accordance with Section 409A and may be less than 100% of the Fair Market Value.

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(j) Term of Options and Stock Appreciation Rightss. An Option or Stock Appreciation Right shall be effective for such term as shall be determined by the Committee and as set forth in the Award Document relating to such Award. The Committee may extend the term of an Option or Stock Appreciation Right after the time of grant; provided, however, that the term of an Option or Stock Appreciation Right may in no event extend beyond the tenth (10) anniversary of the date of grant of such Award.

7. Change in Control

In the event of a Change in Control, the Committee, in its sole discretion, may take such actions, if any, as it deems necessary or desirable with respect to any Award that is outstanding. Such actions may include, without limitation: (a) the acceleration of the vesting, settlement and/or exercisability of an Award; (b) the payment of a cash amount in exchange for the cancellation of an Award; (c) the cancellation of Options and/or Stock Appreciation Rights without the payment of consideration therefor if the exercise price of such Options and/or Stock Appreciation Rights equals or exceeds the price paid for a Share in connection with the Change in Control; and/or (d) the issuance of substitute Awards that substantially preserve the value, rights and benefits of any affected Awards.

8. Terms and Conditions of Options

- (a) <u>General.</u> The Committee, in its discretion, may grant Options to Eligible Individuals and shall determine whether such Options shall be Incentive Stock Options or Nonqualified Stock Options. Each Option shall be evidenced by an Award Document that shall expressly identify the Option as an Incentive Stock Option or Nonqualified Stock Option, and be in such form and contain such provisions as the Committee shall from time to time deem appropriate.
- (b) Payment of Exercise Price. Subject to the provisions of the applicable Award Document and Company policy in effect from time to time, the exercise price of an Option may be paid: (i) in cash or cash equivalents; (ii) by actual delivery or attestation to ownership of freely transferable Shares already owned by the person exercising the Option; (iii) by a combination of cash and Shares equal in value to the exercise price; (iv) through net share settlement or similar procedure involving the withholding of Shares subject to the Option with a value equal to the exercise price; or (v) by such other means as the Committee may authorize. In accordance with the rules and procedures authorized by the Committee for this purpose, the Option may also be exercised through a "cashless exercise" procedure authorized by the Committee from time to time that permits Participants to exercise Options by delivering irrevocable instructions to a broker to deliver promptly to the Company the amount of sale or loan proceeds necessary to pay the exercise price and the amount of any required tax or other withholding obligations or such other procedures determined by the Company from time to time. The Committee may provide that in-the-money Options will be exercised automatically, with no action required on the part of a Participant, using a net share settlement or similar procedure immediately (or shortly) before their scheduled expiration date where Participants are precluded from using other methods of exercise due to legal restrictions or Company policy (including policies on trading in Shares).

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(c) Incentive Stock Options. The exercise price per Share of an Incentive Stock Option shall be fixed by the Committee at the time of grant or shall be determined by a method specified by the Committee at the time of grant, but in no event shall the exercise price of an Option be less than the minimum exercise price specified in Section 6(i). No Incentive Stock Option may be issued to any individual who, at the time the Incentive Stock Option is granted, owns stock possessing more than 10% of the total combined voting power of all classes of stock of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries, unless (i) the exercise price determined as of the date of grant is at least 110% of the Fair Market Value on the date of grant of the Shares subject to such Incentive Stock Option and (ii) the Incentive Stock Option is not exercisable more than five (5) years from the date of grant thereof. No Participant shall be granted any Incentive Stock Option which would result in such Participant receiving a grant of Incentive

Stock Options that would have an aggregate Fair Market Value in excess of \$100,000, determined as of the time of grant, that would be exercisable for the first time by such Participant during any fiscal year. Any grants in excess of this limit shall be treated as Non-Qualified Stock Options. No Incentive Stock Option may be granted under the Plan after the tenth anniversary of the Effective Date. The terms of any Incentive Stock Option granted under the Plan shall comply in all respects with the provisions of Section 422 of the Code, or any successor provision thereto, as amended from time to time.

(d) <u>Early Exercise of Non-qualified Options</u>. The Committee, in its discretion, may grant Non-Qualified Stock Options that contain an "early exercise" feature, which shall provide a Participant with the right (but not the obligation) to immediately exercise such portion of the Option for Shares that shall be subject to the same vesting schedule as the underlying Option.

9. Terms and Conditions of Restricted Shares and Restricted Share Units

- (a) Restricted Shares. The Committee, in its discretion, may grant or sell Restricted Shares to Eligible Individuals. An Award of Restricted Shares shall consist of one or more Shares granted or sold to an Eligible Individual, and shall be subject to the terms, conditions and restrictions set forth in the Plan and established by the Committee in connection with the Award and specified in the applicable Award Document. Restricted Shares may, among other things, be subject to restrictions on transferability, vesting requirements or other specified circumstances under which it may be canceled.
- (b) Restricted Share Units. The Committee, in its discretion, may grant Restricted Share Units to Eligible Individuals. A Restricted Share Unit shall entitle a Participant to receive, subject to the terms, conditions and restrictions set forth in the Plan and the applicable Award Document, one or more Shares. Restricted Share Units may, among other things, be subject to restrictions on transferability, vesting requirements or other specified circumstances under which they may be canceled. If and when the cancellation provisions lapse, the Restricted Share Units shall be settled by the delivery of Shares or, at the sole discretion of the Committee, cash, or a combination of cash and Shares, with a value equal to the Fair Market Value of the Shares at the time of payment.

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10. Stock Appreciation Rights

The Committee, in its discretion, may grant Stock Appreciation Rights to Eligible Individuals. The Committee may grant Stock Appreciation Rights in tandem with Options or as stand-alone Awards. Each Stock Appreciation Right shall be subject to the terms, conditions and restrictions set forth in the Plan and established by the Committee in connection with the Award and specified in the applicable Award Document. A Stock Appreciation Right shall entitle a Participant to receive, upon satisfaction of the conditions to payment specified in the applicable Award Document, an amount equal to the excess, if any, of the Fair Market Value of a Share on the exercise date of the number of Shares for which the Stock Appreciation Right is exercised over the per Share grant price for such Stock Appreciation Right specified in the applicable Award Document. Payments to a Participant upon exercise of a Stock Appreciation Right may be made in cash or Shares, as determined by the Committee on or following the date of grant. The Committee may provide that in-the-money Stock Appreciation Rights will be exercised automatically, with no action required on the part of a Participant, immediately (or shortly) before their scheduled expiration date where Participants are precluded from otherwise exercising such Stock Appreciation Rights due to legal restrictions or Company policy (including policies on trading in Shares).

11. Terms and Conditions of Performance Stock and Performance Stock Units

The Committee may grant Performance Stock or Performance Stock Units to Eligible Individuals. An Award of Performance Stock or Performance Stock Units shall consist of, or represent a right to receive, a Target Amount of Shares granted to an Eligible Individual based on the achievement of Performance Targets over the applicable Performance Period, and shall be subject to the terms, conditions and restrictions set forth in the Plan and established by the Committee in connection with the Award and specified in the applicable Award Document. Payments to a Participant in settlement of an Award of Performance Stock or Performance Stock Units may be made in cash or Shares, as determined by the Committee on or following the date of grant.

12. Other Awards

The Committee shall have the authority to establish the terms and provisions of other forms of Awards (such terms and provisions to be specified in the applicable Award Document) not described above that the Committee determines to be consistent with the purpose of the Plan and the interests of the Company, which Awards may provide for (i) payments in the

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form of cash, Shares, notes or other property as the Committee may determine based in whole or in part on the value or future value of Shares or on any amount that the Company pays as dividends or otherwise distributes with respect to Shares; (ii) the acquisition or future acquisition of Shares; (iii) cash, Shares, notes or other property as the Committee may determine (including payment of dividend equivalents in cash or Shares) based on one or more criteria determined by the Committee unrelated to the value of Shares; or (iv) any combination of the foregoing. Awards pursuant to this Section 12 may, among other things, be made subject to restrictions on transfer, vesting requirements or cancellation under specified circumstances.

13. Certain Restrictions

- (a) Transfers. A Participant's rights and interests under the Plan, including any Award previously made to such Participant or any amounts payable under the Plan may not be assigned, pledged, or transferred, except, in the event of the Participant's death, to a designated beneficiary in accordance with the Plan, or in the absence of such designation, by will or the laws of descent or distribution or, except in the case of an Incentive Stock Option, pursuant to a domestic relations order, as the case may be; provided, however, that the Committee may, subject to applicable laws, rules and regulations and such terms and conditions as it shall specify, permit the transfer of an Award, other than an Incentive Stock Option, for no consideration to a permitted transferee.
- (b) <u>Award Exercisable Only by Participant</u>. During the lifetime of a Participant, an Award shall be exercisable only by the Participant or by a permitted transferee to whom such Award has been transferred in accordance with Section 13(a) above. The grant of an Award shall impose no obligation on a Participant to exercise or settle the Award.
- (c) Section 83(b) Election. If a Participant makes an election under Section 83(b) of the Code to be taxed with respect to any Award as of the date of transfer of the Award rather than as of the date or dates upon which the Participant would otherwise be taxable under Section 83 of the Code, the Participant shall be required to deliver a copy of such election to the Company promptly after filing such election with the Internal Revenue Service.

14. Recapitalization or Reorganization

(a) <u>Authority of the Company and Stockholders</u>. The existence of the Plan, the Award Documents and the Awards granted hereunder shall not affect or restrict in any way the right or power of the Company or the stockholders of the Company to make or authorize any adjustment, recapitalization, reorganization or other change in the Company's capital structure or business, any merger or consolidation of the Company, any issue of stock or of options, warrants or rights to purchase stock or of bonds, debentures, preferred or prior preference stocks whose rights are superior to or affect the Shares or the rights thereof or which are convertible into or exchangeable for

Shares, or the dissolution or liquidation of the Company, or any sale or transfer of all or any part of its assets or business, or any other corporate act or proceeding, whether of a similar character or otherwise.

(b) <u>Change in Capitalization</u>. Notwithstanding any provision of the Plan or any Award Document, the number and kind of Shares authorized for issuance under Section 5,

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including the maximum number of Shares available under the special limits provided for in Section 5(c), shall be equitably adjusted in the manner deemed necessary by the Committee in the event of a stock split, reverse stock split, stock dividend, recapitalization, reorganization, partial or complete liquidation, reclassification, merger, consolidation, separation, extraordinary stock or cash dividend, split-up, spin-off, combination, exchange of Shares, warrants or rights offering to purchase Shares at a price substantially below Fair Market Value, or any other corporate event or distribution of stock or property of the Company affecting the Shares in order to preserve, but not increase, the benefits or potential benefits intended to be made available under the Plan. In addition, upon the occurrence of any of the foregoing events, the number and kind of Shares subject to any outstanding Award and the exercise price per Share (or the grant price per Share, as the case may be), if any, under any outstanding Award shall be equitably adjusted in the manner deemed necessary by the Committee (including by payment of cash to a Participant) in order to preserve the benefits or potential benefits intended to be made available to Participants. Any such determinations made by the Committee may be made on an Award-by-Award basis. Unless otherwise determined by the Committee, such adjusted Awards shall be subject to the same restrictions and vesting or settlement schedule to which the underlying Award is subject (subject to the limitations of Section 409A).

15. Term of the Plan

Unless earlier terminated pursuant to Section 16, the Plan shall terminate on the tenth (10h) anniversary of the Effective Date, except with respect to Awards then outstanding. No Awards may be granted under the Plan after the tenth (10th) anniversary of the Effective Date.

16. Amendment and Termination

Subject to applicable laws, rules and regulations, the Board may at any time terminate or, from time to time, amend, modify or suspend the Plan*provided*, *however*, that no termination, amendment, modification or suspension will be effective without the approval of the stockholders of the Company if such approval is required under applicable laws, rules and regulations, including the rules of the NYSE and such other securities exchanges, if any, as may be designated by the Board from time to time. The Board shall have broad authority to amend the Plan or any Award under the Plan without the consent of a Participant to the extent it deems necessary or desirable, including:

- (a) to comply with, or take into account changes in, or interpretations of, applicable tax laws, securities laws, employment laws, accounting rules and other applicable laws, rules and regulations, including without limitation;
- (b) to avoid, in the reasonable, good faith judgment of the Company, the imposition on any Participant of any tax, interest or penalty under Section 409A; or
 - (c) to take into account unusual or nonrecurring events or market conditions (including, without limitation, the events described in Section 14(b)).

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17. Miscellaneous

- (a) <u>Compliance with Legal Requirements</u>. The Plan and the granting of Awards shall be subject to all applicable federal and state laws, rules and regulations, and to such approvals by any regulatory or governmental agency as may be required.
- (b) Tax Withholding. The Company or an Affiliate, as appropriate, may require any individual entitled to receive a payment of an Award to remit to the Company, prior to payment, an amount sufficient to satisfy any applicable tax required or permitted to be withheld (up to the maximum statutory tax rate in the relevant jurisdiction). In the case of an Award payable in Shares, the Company or an Affiliate, as appropriate, may permit or require a Participant to satisfy, in whole or in part, such obligation to remit taxes by directing the Company to withhold shares that would otherwise be received by such individual or to repurchase shares that were issued to the Participant to satisfy the minimum statutory withholding rates for any applicable tax withholding purposes, in accordance with all applicable laws and pursuant to such rules as the Committee may establish from time to time. The Company or an Affiliate, as appropriate, shall also have the right to deduct from all cash payments made to a Participant (whether or not such payment is made in connection with an Award) any applicable taxes required or permitted to be withheld (up to the maximum statutory tax rate in the relevant jurisdiction) with respect to such payments.
- (c) No Right to Awards or Employment. No person shall have any claim or right to receive Awards under the Plan. Neither the Plan, the grant of Awards under the Plan nor any action taken or omitted to be taken under the Plan shall be deemed to create or confer on any Eligible Individual any right to be retained in the employ of the Company or any of its Affiliates, or to interfere with or to limit in any way the right of the Company or any of its Affiliates to terminate the employment of such Eligible Individual at any time. No Award shall constitute salary, recurrent compensation or contractual compensation for the year of grant, any later year or any other period of time. Payments received by a Participant under any Award made pursuant to the Plan shall not be included in, nor have any effect on, the determination of employment-related rights or benefits under any other employee benefit plan or similar arrangement provided by the Company and its Affiliates, unless otherwise specifically provided for under the terms of such plan or arrangement or by the Committee.
- (d) Securities Law Restrictions. An Award may not be exercised or settled, and no Shares may be issued in connection with an Award, unless the issuance of such shares (i) has been registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, (ii) has qualified under applicable state "blue sky" laws (or the Company has determined that an exemption from registration and from qualification under such state "blue sky" laws is available) and (iii) complies with all applicable securities laws. The Committee may require each Participant purchasing or acquiring Shares pursuant to an Award under the Plan to represent to and agree with the Company in writing that such Eligible Individual is acquiring the Shares for investment purposes and not with a view to the distribution thereof. All certificates for Shares delivered under the Plan shall be subject to such stock-transfer orders and other restrictions as the Committee may deem advisable under the rules, regulations, and other requirements of the Securities and Exchange Commission, any exchange upon which the Shares are then listed, and

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any applicable securities law, and the Committee may cause a legend or legends to be put on any such certificates to make appropriate reference to such restrictions.

consummation of any transaction under the Plan, or the taking of any action by the Committee in connection with a Change in Control of the Company, would result in the possible imposition of liability on a Participant pursuant to Section 16(b) of the Exchange Act, the Committee shall have the right, in its discretion, but shall not be obligated, to defer such transaction or the effectiveness of such action to the extent necessary to avoid such liability, but in no event for a period longer than 180 days.

- (f) Section 162(m). Unless otherwise determined by the Committee, or expressly provided herein, in the case of Awards intended to meet the requirements for qualified performance-based compensation under Section 162(m), the provisions of this Plan shall be administered and interpreted in accordance with Section 162(m) to ensure the maximum deductibility by the Company of the payment of such Awards.
- Occument evidencing such Award shall incorporate the terms and conditions required by Section 409A. To the extent applicable, the Plan and Award Documents shall be interpreted in accordance with Section 409A and interpretive guidance issued thereunder. Notwithstanding any contrary provision in the Plan or an Award Document, if the Committee determines that any provision of the Plan or an Award Document contravenes any regulations or guidance promulgated under Section 409A or would cause an Award to be subject to additional taxes, accelerated taxation, interest and/or penalties under Section 409A, the Committee may modify or amend such provision of the Plan or Award Document without consent of the Participant in any manner the Committee deems reasonable or necessary. In making such modifications the Committee shall attempt, but shall not be obligated, to maintain, to the maximum extent practicable, the original intent of the applicable provision without contravening the provisions of Section 409A. Moreover, any discretionary authority that the Committee may have pursuant to the Plan shall not be applicable to an Award that is subject to Section 409A to the extent such discretionary authority would contravene Section 409A.
- (h) Awards to Individuals Subject to Laws of a Jurisdiction Outside of the United States. To the extent that Awards under the Plan are awarded to Eligible Individuals who are domiciled or resident outside of the United States or to persons who are domiciled or resident in the United States but who are subject to the tax laws of a jurisdiction outside of the United States, the Committee may adjust the terms of the Awards granted hereunder to such person (i) to comply with the laws, rules and regulations of such jurisdiction and (ii) to permit the grant of the Award not to be a taxable event to the Participant. The authority granted under the previous sentence shall include the discretion for the Committee to adopt, on behalf of the Company, one or more sub-plans applicable to separate classes of Eligible Individuals who are subject to the laws of jurisdictions outside of the United States.

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- (i) <u>References to Termination of Employment.</u> References to "termination of employment" shall also mean termination of any other service relationship of the Participant with the Company or any of its Subsidiaries, as applicable.
- (j) No <u>Limitation on Corporate Actions</u>. Nothing contained in the Plan shall be construed to prevent the Company or any Affiliate from taking any corporate action, whether or not such action would have an adverse effect on any Awards made under the Plan. No Participant, beneficiary or other person shall have any claim against the Company or any Affiliate as a result of any such action.
- (k) <u>Unfunded Plan.</u> Nothing contained in the Plan, and no action taken pursuant to its provisions, shall create or be construed to create a trust of any kind or a fiduciary relationship between the Company and any Participant, beneficiary or legal representative or any other person. To the extent that a person acquires a right to receive payments under the Plan, such right shall be no greater than the right of an unsecured general creditor of the Company. All payments to be made hereunder shall be paid from the general funds of the Company and no special or separate fund shall be established and no segregation of assets shall be made to assure payment of such amounts except as expressly set forth in the Plan. The Plan is not intended to be subject to the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended.
- (l) <u>Application of Funds</u>. The proceeds received by the Company from the sale of Shares pursuant to Awards will be used for general corporate purposes.
- (m) <u>Satisfaction of Obligations</u>. Subject to applicable laws, rules and regulations, the Company may apply any cash, Shares, securities or other consideration received upon exercise of settlement of an Award to any obligations a Participant owes to the Company and its Affiliates in connection with the Plan or otherwise.
- (n) <u>Award Document</u>. In the event of any conflict or inconsistency between the Plan and any Award Document, the Plan shall govern and the Award Document shall be interpreted to minimize or eliminate any such conflict or inconsistency.
- (o) <u>Successors.</u> All obligations of the Company under the Plan with respect to Awards granted hereunder shall be binding on any successor to the Company, whether the existence of such successor is the result of a direct or indirect purchase, merger, consolidation, or otherwise, of all or substantially all of the business and/or assets of the Company.
- (p) <u>Headings</u>. The headings of Sections herein are included solely for convenience of reference and shall not affect the meaning of any of the provisions of the Plan.
- (q) <u>Clawback</u>. Notwithstanding anything in the Plan to the contrary, all Awards granted under the Plan, any payments made pursuant to the Plan and any gains realized upon exercise or settlement of an Award shall be subject to clawback or recoupment as permitted or mandated by applicable law, rules, regulations or any Company policy as enacted, adopted or modified from time to time.
- (r) <u>Severability</u>. If any provision of this Plan is held unenforceable, the remainder of the Plan shall continue in full force and effect without regard to such unenforceable

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provision and shall be applied as though the unenforceable provision were not contained in the Plan.

(s) <u>Governing Law.</u> Except as to matters of federal law, the Plan and all actions taken thereunder shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of Delaware.

ALTICE USA SHORT TERM INCENTIVE COMPENSATION PLAN

1. Purposes of the Plan

The purpose of the Altice USA Short Term Incentive Compensation Plan is to motivate and reward eligible employees by making a portion of their cash compensation dependent on the achievement of certain Company, Altice N.V., corporate, business unit and individual performance goals. Certain awards under the Plan may be intended to qualify as performance-based compensation deductible by the Company under the qualified performance-based compensation exception to Section 162(m). The Plan was approved by the Board on June 7, 2017. The Plan shall become effective on the Effective Date and shall remain in effect until it has been terminated pursuant to Section 7(e).

2. Definitions

- (a) <u>Definitions</u>. For purposes of the Plan, the following capitalized words shall have the meanings set forth below:
- "Affiliate" means any subsidiary and any person that directly or indirectly, through one or more intermediaries, controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with, the Company.
- "Award" means an award granted pursuant to the Plan, the payment of which shall be contingent on the attainment of Performance Targets with respect to a Performance Period, as determined by the Committee pursuant to Section 6(a).
- "Base Salary" means the Participant's annualized rate of base salary on the last day of the Performance Period before (i) deductions for taxes or benefits and (ii) deferrals of compensation pursuant to any Company or Affiliate-sponsored plans.
 - "Board" means the Board of Directors of the Company, as constituted from time to time.
 - "Change in Controf" has the meaning set forth in the Altice USA 2017 Long Term Incentive Plan.
- "Code" means the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended from time to time, including any regulations or authoritative guidance promulgated thereunder and successor provisions thereto.
- "Committee" means the Board or, if delegated by the Board, the Compensation Committee of the Board, any successor committee thereto, or any other committee appointed from time to time by the Board to administer the Plan. For purposes of the Plan, reference to the Committee shall be deemed to refer to any subcommittees, or other persons or groups of persons to whom the Committee delegates authority pursuant to Section 3(d).
 - "Company" means Altice USA, Inc., a Delaware corporation, and any successor thereto.
- "Effective Date" means the business day immediately prior to the effective date of the first registration statement that is filed by the Company and declared effective pursuant to Section 12 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, with respect to any class of the Company's equity securities.
 - "Maximum Award" means as to any Participant for any Plan Year, \$3,000,000.
 - "Participant" means those officers of the Company who are selected by the Committee to receive an Award for the Plan Year.
- "Performance Criteria" means a goal or goals established by the Committee and measured over a Performance Period. To the extent that an Award is intended to constitute qualified performance-based compensation under Section 162(m), the Performance Criteria with respect to such Award shall be related to measures of one or more of the criteria listed below. Such criteria may be determined by reference to the performance of the Company, Altice N.V., an Affiliate or a business unit, product or service thereof or any combination of the foregoing. Such criteria may also be measured on a per customer, subscriber, homes passed, basic or diluted share basis or any combination of the foregoing and may reflect absolute performance, incremental performance or comparative performance to other companies (or their products or services) determined on a gross, net, GAAP or non-GAAP basis, with respect to one or more of the following: net or operating income or other measures of profit; measures of revenue; earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA); cash flow, free cash flow, adjusted operating cash flow and similar measures; return on equity, investment, assets or capital; gross or operating margins or savings; performance relative to budget, forecast or market expectations; market share or penetration, subscriber or customer acquisition or retention, ratings or viewership; operating metrics relating to sales, installations or customer service or satisfaction; capital spending management, network upgrades or product or service deployments; a specified increase in the fair market value of the Company's common stock or that of Altice N.V.; a specified increase in the private market value of the Company; the price of the Company's common stock or that of Altice N.V.; earnings per share; and/or total shareholder return. The Performance Criteria shall be subject to adjustment by the Committee to remove the effect of charges for restructurings, discontinued operations and all items of gain, loss or expens

With respect to Awards that are not intended to constitute qualified performance-based compensation under Section 162(m), the Committee may establish Performance Targets based on any Performance Criteria or no Performance Criteria as it deems appropriate.

"Performance Targets" means the goals selected by the Committee, in its discretion, to be applicable to a Participant for any Performance Period.

Performance Targets shall be based upon one or more Performance Criteria. Performance Targets may include a threshold level of performance below which no Award will be paid and levels of performance at which specified percentages of the Target Award will be paid and may

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also include a maximum level of performance above which no additional Award amount will be paid.

- "Performance Period" means the period established by the Committee over which Performance Targets are measured, which, unless otherwise indicated by the Committee, shall be the Plan Year.
 - "Plan" means the Altice USA Short Term Incentive Compensation Plan, as amended from time to time.

- "Plan Year" means the Company's fiscal year.
- "Section 162(m)" means Section 162(m) of the Code.
- "Section 162(m) Determination Date" means the earlier of: (i) the 90th day of the Performance Period; or (ii) the date on which 25% of the Performance Period has elapsed. The Determination Date shall be a date on which the outcomes of the Performance Targets are substantially uncertain.
 - "Section 409A" means Section 409A of the Code.
 - "Stockholders' Agreement' means between the stockholders' agreement, dated as of
- . between the Company, Altice N.V., and A4 S.A.
- "Target Award" means the target award payable under the Plan to a Participant for a particular Performance Period, expressed as a percentage of the Participant's Base Salary. In special circumstances, the target award may be expressed as a fixed amount of cash.
- (b) Rules of Construction. The masculine pronoun shall be deemed to include the feminine pronoun, and the singular form of a word shall be deemed to include the plural form, unless the context requires otherwise. Unless the text indicates otherwise, references to sections are to sections of the Plan.

3. Administration

(a) <u>Committee</u>. The Plan shall be administered by the Committee, which, in addition to the other express powers conferred on the Committee by the Plan, shall have full power and authority, subject to applicable Law, the express provisions hereof and, to the extent required by the Stockholder's Agreement, the prior written approval of Altice N.V., to: (i) select Participants; (ii) grant Awards in accordance with the Plan; (iii) determine the terms and

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conditions of each Award, including, without limitation, Performance Periods, Performance Targets, and the effect or occurrence, if any, of termination of employment or leave of absence with the Company or any of its Affiliates or a Change in Control of the Company; (iv) subject to Sections 5(b), 6(a) and 7(e), amend the terms and conditions of an Award after the granting thereof; (v) make factual determinations in connection with the administration or interpretation of the Plan; (vi) adopt, prescribe, establish, amend, waive and rescind administrative regulations, rules and procedures relating to the Plan; (vii) employ such legal counsel, independent auditors and consultants as it deems desirable for the administration of the Plan and to rely upon any advice, opinion or computation received therefrom; (viii) vary the terms of Awards to take into account tax laws (or changes thereto) and other regulatory requirements or to procure favorable tax treatment for Participants; (ix) correct any defects, supply any omission or reconcile any inconsistency in the Plan; and (x) make all other determinations and take any other action desirable or necessary to interpret, construe or implement properly the provisions of the Plan.

- (b) Plan Construction and Interpretation. The Committee shall have full power and authority, subject to the express provisions hereof, to construe and interpret the Plan and any document delivered under the Plan.
- (c) <u>Determinations of Committee Final and Binding.</u> Subject to the Stockholder's Agreement, all determinations by the Committee in carrying out and administering the Plan and in construing and interpreting the Plan shall be made in the Committee's sole discretion and shall be final, binding and conclusive for all purposes and upon all persons interested herein.
- (d) <u>Delegation of Authority</u>. To the extent not prohibited by applicable laws, rules and regulations, the Committee may, from time to time, delegate some or all of its authority under the Plan to a subcommittee or subcommittees thereof or other persons or groups of persons as it deems necessary, appropriate or advisable under such conditions or limitations as it may set at the time of such delegation or thereafter; *provided*, *however*, that the Committee may not delegate its authority, except to a subcommittee thereof, to make Awards to individuals whose compensation for such fiscal year may be subject to the limit on deductible compensation pursuant to Section 162(m). Notwithstanding the foregoing, no person to whom authority has been delegated pursuant to this Section 3(d) shall make any Award to himself or herself or to any other person to whom authority to make Awards has been so delegated.
- (e) <u>Liability of Committee and its Delegates.</u> Subject to applicable laws, rules and regulations: (i) no member of the Board or Committee (or its delegates pursuant to Section 3(d)) shall be liable for any good faith action, omission or determination made in connection with the operation, administration or interpretation of the Plan and (ii) the members of the Board or the Committee (and its delegates) shall be entitled to indemnification and reimbursement in accordance with applicable law in the manner provided in the Company's by-laws and any indemnification agreements as they may be amended from time to time. In the performance of its responsibilities with respect to the Plan, the Committee shall be entitled to rely upon information and/or advice furnished by the Company's officers or employees, the Company's accountants, the Company's counsel and any other party the Committee deems necessary, and no member of the Committee shall be liable for any action taken or not taken in reliance upon any such information and/or advice.

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- (f) Action by the Board. Anything in the Plan to the contrary notwithstanding, subject to applicable laws, rules and regulations, any authority or responsibility that, under the terms of the Plan, may be exercised by the Committee may alternatively be exercised by the Board.
- (g) Stockholders' Agreement. Anything in the Plan to the contrary notwithstanding, any authority or responsibility that, under the terms of the Plan, may be exercised by the Committee or the Board is subject, to the extent required by the Stockholder's Agreement, to the prior written approval of Altice N.V.

4. Eligibility and Participation

- (a) <u>Eligibility</u>. The individuals entitled to participate in the Plan shall be those officers of the Company who are selected by the Committee to receive an Award for the Plan Year.
- (b) Participation. The Committee, in its discretion, shall select the persons who shall be Participants for the Performance Period. In the case of Awards intended to meet the requirements for qualified performance-based compensation under Section 162(m), such selection shall be made no later than the Section 162(m) Determination Date. Only eligible individuals who are designated by the Committee to participate in the Plan with respect to a particular Performance Period may participate in the Plan for that Performance Period. An individual who is designated as a Participant for a given Performance Period is not guaranteed or assured of being selected for participation in any subsequent Performance Period.

5. Terms of Awards

(a) <u>Determination of Target Awards</u>. Prior to, or reasonably promptly following the commencement of each Performance Period, the Committee, in its sole discretion, shall establish the Target Award for each Participant, the payment of which shall be conditioned on the achievement of the Performance Targets for the Performance Period. In the case of Awards intended to meet the requirements for qualified performance-based compensation under Section 162(m), such determination shall

be made by a committee composed solely of directors who qualify as "outside directors" within the meaning of Section 162(m) (a "162(m) Committee") no later than the Section 162(m) Determination Date.

(b) <u>Determination of Performance Targets and Performance Formula</u> Prior to, or reasonably promptly following the commencement of, each Performance Period, the Committee, in its sole discretion, shall establish the Performance Targets for the Performance Period and shall prescribe a formula for determining the percentage of the Target Award which may be payable based upon the level of attainment of the Performance Targets for the Performance Period. The Performance Targets shall be based on one or more Performance Criteria, each of which may carry a different weight, and which may differ from Participant to Participant. In the case of Awards intended to meet the requirements for qualified performance-based compensation under Section 162(m), all such actions shall be conducted by a 162(m) Committee and shall be completed by no later than the Section 162(m) Determination Date, and, to the extent applicable, the Performance Targets shall be determined in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (subject to adjustments and modifications for specified types of events or circumstances approved by a

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162(m) Committee in advance, provided that no such adjustment shall be made if the effect would be to cause such Awards to fail to qualify as qualified performance-based compensation under Section 162(m)).

6. Payment of Awards

- (a) Determination of Awards; Certification.
- (i) Following the completion of each Performance Period, the Committee shall determine the extent to which the Performance Targets have been achieved or exceeded. If the minimum Performance Targets established by the Committee are not achieved, no payment will be made.
- (ii) To the extent that the Performance Targets are achieved, the Committee shall determine, and in the case of Awards intended to meet the requirements for qualified performance-based compensation under Section 162(m), a 162(m) Committee shall certify in writing, the extent to which the Performance Targets applicable to each Participant have been achieved and shall then determine the amount of each Participant's Award.
- (iii) In determining the amount of each Award, the Committee may reduce or eliminate the amount of an Award by applying negative discretion if, in its sole discretion, such reduction or elimination is appropriate. In the case of Awards other than Awards intended to meet the requirements for qualified performance-based compensation under Section 162(m), the Committee may also exercise its discretion to increase the amount of an Award to the extent that it believes that circumstances so warrant
 - (iv) In no event shall the amount of an Award for any Plan Year exceed the Maximum Award.
- (b) <u>Form and Timing of Payment.</u> Except as otherwise provided herein, as soon as practicable following the Committee's determination or a 162(m) Committee's certification, as applicable, pursuant to Section 6(a) for the applicable Performance Period, each Participant shall receive a cash lump sum payment of his or her Award, less required withholdings. In no event shall such payment be made later than two and one-half months following the date the Committee determines or a 162(m) Committee certifies, as applicable, that the Performance Targets have been achieved.
- (c) <u>Deferral of Awards</u>. The Committee, in its sole discretion, may permit a Participant to defer the payment of an Award that would otherwise be paid under the Plan. Any deferral election shall be subject to such rules and procedures as shall be determined by the Committee in its sole discretion.

7. General Provisions

(a) <u>Compliance with Legal Requirements</u>. The Plan and the granting of Awards shall be subject to all applicable federal and state laws, rules and regulations, and to such approvals by any regulatory or governmental agency as may be required.

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- (b) <u>Tax Withholding</u>. The Company or an Affiliate, as appropriate, shall have the right to deduct from all payments made to a Participant any applicable taxes required or permitted to be withheld (up to the maximum statutory tax rate in the relevant jurisdiction) with respect to such payments.
- (c) Non-Transferability. A Participant's rights and interests under the Plan, including any Award previously made to such Participant or any amounts payable under the Plan may not be assigned, pledged, or transferred, except, in the event of the Participant's death, to a designated beneficiary in accordance with the Plan, or in the absence of such designation, by will or the laws of descent or distribution or pursuant to a domestic relations order.
- (d) No Right to Awards or Employment. No person shall have any claim or right to receive Awards under the Plan. Neither the Plan, the grant of Awards under the Plan nor any action taken or omitted to be taken under the Plan shall be deemed to create or confer on any person any right to be retained in the employ of the Company or any of its Affiliates, or to interfere with or to limit in any way the right of the Company or any of its Affiliates to terminate the employment of such person at any time. No Award shall constitute salary, recurrent compensation or contractual compensation for the year of grant, any later year or any other period of time. Payments received by a Participant under any Award made pursuant to the Plan shall not be included in, nor have any effect on, the determination of employment-related rights or benefits under any other employee benefit plan or similar arrangement provided by the Company and its Affiliates, unless otherwise specifically provided for under the terms of such plan or arrangement or by the Committee.
- (e) <u>Amendment or Termination of the Plan</u> The Board or the Committee may, at any time, amend, suspend or terminate the Plan in whole or in part, *provided* that no amendment that requires stockholder approval in order for the Plan to continue to comply with Section 162(m) shall be effective unless approved by the requisite vote of the stockholders of the Company.
- (f) <u>Unfunded Plan.</u> Nothing contained in the Plan, and no action taken pursuant to its provisions, shall create or be construed to create a trust of any kind or a fiduciary relationship between the Company and any Participant, beneficiary or legal representative or any other person. To the extent that a person acquires a right to receive payments under the Plan, such right shall be no greater than the right of an unsecured general creditor of the Company. All payments to be made hereunder shall be paid from the general funds of the Company and no special or separate fund shall be established and no segregation of assets shall be made to assure payment of such amounts except as expressly set forth in the Plan. The Plan is not intended to be subject to the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended.
- (g) Section 162(m). Unless otherwise determined by the Committee, or expressly provided herein, in the case of Awards intended to meet the requirements for qualified performance-based compensation under Section 162(m) the provisions of this Plan shall be administered and interpreted in accordance with Section 162(m) to ensure the maximum deductibility by the Company of the payment of such Awards.

	(h)	Section 409A.	. It is intended that, except for pay	ments which a Participan	t has elected to defer pu	rsuant to Section 6(c), paymen	ts under the Plan
qualify as short-to	erm defe	rrals exempt fro	m the requirements of Section 409	A. In the event that any	Award does not qualify	for treatment as an exempt sho	rt-term deferral, it
is intended that su	ıch amoı	ant will be paid	in a manner that satisfies the requi	rements of Section 409A.	The Plan shall be inter	preted and construed according	gly.

- (i) <u>Successors.</u> All obligations of the Company under the Plan with respect to Awards granted hereunder shall be binding upon any successor to the Company, whether the existence of such successor is the result of a direct or indirect purchase, merger, consolidation, or otherwise, of all or substantially all of the business and/or assets of the Company.
- (j) <u>Headings</u>. The headings of Sections herein are included solely for convenience of reference and shall not affect the meaning of any of the provisions of the Plan.
- (k) <u>Clawback</u>. Notwithstanding anything in the Plan to the contrary, all Awards granted under the Plan and any payments made pursuant to the Plan shall be subject to clawback or recoupment as permitted or mandated by applicable law, rules, regulations or any Company policy as enacted, adopted or modified from time to time.
- (l) <u>Severability</u>. If any provision of this Plan is held unenforceable, the remainder of the Plan shall continue in full force and effect without regard to such unenforceable provision and shall be applied as though the unenforceable provision were not contained in the Plan.
- (m) Governing Law. The Plan shall be construed, administered and enforced in accordance with the laws of Delaware without regard to conflicts of law.

Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

The Board of Directors

Altice USA, Inc. and Cablevision Systems Corporation:

We consent to the use of our reports dated April 10, 2017, with respect to the consolidated balance sheet of Altice USA, Inc. and subsidiaries (the Company) as of December 31, 2016 and the related consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive loss, stockholders' equity, and cash flows for the year ended December 31, 2016, and the consolidated balance sheet of Cablevision Systems Corporation and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2015 and the related consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss), stockholders' equity (deficiency), and cash flows for the period from January 1, 2016 to June 20, 2016, and the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, included herein, and to the reference to our firm under the heading "Experts" in the Registration Statement on Form S-1 and related Prospectus.

Our report on the consolidated financial statements of the Company contains an emphasis of matter paragraph that states that the Company was incorporated on September 14, 2015 and had no operations of its own other than the issuance of debt prior to the contribution of Cequel Corporation on June 9, 2016 by Altice N.V. The results of operations of Cequel Corporation for the year ended December 31, 2016 have been included in the results of operations of the Company for the same period as Cequel Corporation was under common control with the Company throughout 2016.

/s/ KPMG LLP

New York, New York June 12, 2017 QuickLinks

Exhibit 23.1

CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

We hereby consent to the use in this Registration Statement on Form S-1 of Altice USA, Inc. of our report dated March 30, 2016 relating to the financial statements of Cequel Corporation (Predecessor), which appears in such Registration Statement. We also consent to the reference to us under the heading "Experts" in such Registration Statement.

/s/ PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP St. Louis, Missouri June 12, 2017

CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

We hereby consent to the use in this Registration Statement on Form S-1 of Altice USA, Inc. of our report dated March 30, 2016 relating to the financial statements of Cequel Corporation (Successor), which appears in such Registration Statement. We also consent to the reference to us under the heading "Experts" in such Registration Statement.

/s/ PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP St. Louis, Missouri June 12, 2017